CONDITION OF OMAHA'S TRADE

Jobbing Business Shows a Falling Off as a Result of Dull Times.

COUNTRY COLLECTIONS NOT IMPROVING

Local Business Enterprises Generally Dull-Closing of the Silver Mines Diminishes the Volume of Trade-Nebraska's Splendid Crop Prospects.

The actual business situation as concerns Omaha has not changed very materially during the past week. Business was dull a week ago and it is still in the same condition with no prospect of any immediate improvement. The jobbing business, which was generally good up to as late as the early part of June, has dropped off rapidly and is now quiet with every prospect of remaining so until late in the fall or perhaps to the end of

The jobbers of Omaha appear to be following the same general policy and are not attempting to make any great flourish in business, but take what comes and strive to keep their customers along in as good shape

keep their customers along in as good shape as possible.

The collapse of silver mining is a severe blow to Omaha jobbers, who have had a very heavy trade in Colorado, Utah, Idaho and Wvoming. They are likely to feet this feature of the financial troubles more directly than any other. Some appear to take a hopeful view of the situation and express the conjugate that the mines will not remain the opinion that the mines will not remain long closed, while others seem to think that

long closed, while others seem to think that it will be a long time before the mining districts of the country will be in shape to buy with anything like their former liberality. Some idea of the effect upon business of the closing of the mines may be gamed from the experience of one house. A representative of the house in question made a trip through the mining camps just before the collapse of silver and came home with his pockets full of large orders. The firm was highly elated with his success but when the mines closed down 50 per cent of the orders mines closed down 50 per cent of the orders were canceled and the situation rendered such that the firm will not care to fill a large

proportion of the remaining orders.

Whatever may be the final outcome the fact remains that the volume of the jobbing business will be materially reduced while

the mines are closed.

In Nebraska trade is quiet as country merchants are buying sparingly and feeling their way along cautiously. Collections which were fair all the spring have during the past two weeks been falling off and are now slow. In view of the fact that Ne-braska raised a large crop last year and that braska raised a large crop last year and that corn and cattle brought good prices, while hogs sold higher than ever before, it sounds a little strange to hear complaints from the country to the effect that the farmers are asking for credit at the stores and are not paying their bills promptly. From the crops raised in Nebraska last year and from the prices obtained for them it would be only reasonable to expect that money would be as

prices obtained for them it would be only reasonable to expect that money would be as plenty as ever among the farmers of the state. There can be only one explanation for the contrary being the case—the farmers are carried to a great extent through the summer by the banks. In ordinary years a farmer with a good crop in sight and with other good collaterar has no trouble in getting a loan at the bank, which he uses to pay up small accounts as they come due. This gives him ready money until his crop is gathered and sold. At the present time country banks are not in condition to loan any money, and the farmer is thrown enany money, and the farmer is thrown en-tirely upon his own resources until he can realize on his crops. If this is the true ex-planation of dull collections in the country, no great change for the better can reason-

ably be expected before fall.

The jobbers of Omaha who have a large part of their trade in Nebraska, are likely to be all right this fall. In the meantime the jobbers are very much in the same position as a farmer who has lost his crop; all they can do is to wait for the coming of another season.

The local retail trade is quiet necessarily but it is to be doubted if the full effects of the dull times have as yet been felt by the retailers of Omaha. The shrinkage in the volumn of business has caused a great many men to be laid off and when their money begins to give out the retailer will be quite apt to experience even slower collections and smaller trade than in the past.

The week has passed with very few local failures and none that have attracted any attention. The failure of a small savings bank was not even commented upon in business circles.

A business man remarked the other day that times like the present are a necessity to the business world. During prosperous years people who have a little money rush into business until everything is overdone. While the total volume of business may be large it is divided up among so many houses that none of them get enough to make the business really profitable. The coming of a financial squeeze wipes out the weak and superfluous concerns and when better times come the business beuses that have sur-ived will have a profitable trade again for few years until the business is again over-

Crop Prospects.

While the present situation is far from satisfactory, the prospect is by us means discouraging. In fact, there never has been a time when the general outlook was any The acreage of corn in the state was never

so large before and the crop is in an almost perfect condition. The color of the plant is good and the fields are generally free from weeds. Everything now indicates that Ne-braska will raise by far the largest crop ever produced within her borders. Sor local grain men predict that Nebraska will rank second or third this year in the list of corn producing states.

The winter wheat si

winter wheat situation is equally as bad as has been reported, and there will not be over 50 per cent of last year's crop in the

The spring wheat acreage has been increased to a considerable extent, and, while there has been some damage through hot, dry weather, the condition is very fair, with a prospect of a larger yield than last year.

Onts in the western portion of the state have been damaged quite seriously, while in the north and eastern portions of the state the crop is in splendid condition. The acreage is larger than last year, and this will probably give us a crop fully up to the average.

The movement of corn during the past month was very light, but there is every indication that shipments will be largely in-creased after the middle of July. There is quite a large amount of corn left back in the hands of farmers, and there are probably 4,000,000 bushels in cribs. The amount of shelled corn in elevators is not very large. With a splendid corn crop in sight there is every reason for confidence in the future of the state, though the present condition of business may not be satisfactory. The loss or partial loss of the winter wheat crop does not cut any figure. The wheat fields that were regarded as a total loss were plowed up and planted to corn. Moreover plowed up and planted to thin abstract it is corn and the products of corn, cattle and hogs, that creates the wealth of the state. Corn is depended upon by the railroads to furnish business and not wheat or cats. Hence the talk of a light crop of

emali grain need occasion no fears. AS DUN SEES IT.

Situation Still Bad, but Showing Signs of Improvement.

Mr. W. H. Roberson, Omaha manager of the mercantile agency of R. G. Dun & Co.,

"Although several banks have closed their doors the past week in this state, the atmosphere is rather clearer than it was a week ego. Pinencial men of acknowledged acumen are willing now to say they see better times shead and one of our ablest bankers ventures to predict that we may expect a marked im provement by September 1. There is great significance in his remarks, for we all know that the unusual conditions of the past two months can targety be attributed to the uneasiness of the leading bankers of the country regarding the financial policy of the country regarding the financial policy of the government. So pronounced is the general thought of the country upon the question that it is very common to hear the attuation described as 'a banker's scare.' Therefore if bankers begin to see daylight it

will not be long until the common people will recognize the approach of dawn.

"A very bright traveling man, who makes this and other large cities in this locality every two months, called upon me yester-day, and he brings the startling information that there is not a single safety deposit box to be rented in Kansas City. Everything is taken, and in these and other receptacles for cash may be found a very large amount of money. In Omaha it is estimated that over \$1,500,000 has been taken out of the banks in the last six weeks to be concealed in some in the last six weeks to be concealed in some way. Almost every day we read in the newspapers of the loss of money by fire which was withdrawn from bank and circulation at the same time. A leading bank in Lincoin collected about \$400,000 in May and June and loaned almost nothing, yet the cash items show no increase and deposits have fallen off in about the same amount.

osits have raised on in about amount.

"There is plenty of money in the country, but it is effectually withdrawn from general circulation. Just as soon as the scare is over we shall see a remarkable increase in the bank deposits of the country. The resumption of two banks in Los Angeles, Cal., and the property of the country of the country of two banks in Los Angeles, Cal. one in Spokane, Wash., and others else-where, is the first straw to show the wind

where, is the first straw to show the wind blowing in a favorable direction.

"The collapse of the American Loan and Trust company and suspension of the American Savings bank caused scarcely a ripple of excitement. Outside of the stockholders there are few Omaha people affected. The trust company is probably a thing of the past. It can scracely hope to resume. The savings bank appears to be solvent, and may recover. Out in the state, as a result of the trubles of the American Loan and Trust company, of the American Loan and Trust company, the National bank of Ashland closed its doors, but the other banks intimately asdoors, but the other banks intimately associated with the Carter interests are
apparently undisturbed. As they are not in
the least impaired by the misfortune of the
parent institution, having become entirely
separate, it is hoped no further excitement
will result.

"Reports from all parts of the state are

encouraging as to crops. The late rains have improved the prospects for small grain and corn never looked better. Country mer-chants are complaining of slow collections, however, and all lines of jobbing trade feel

however, and all lines of jobbing trade feel the close times very keenly.

"The litigation which ties up public works for the season is very generally regretted. It is convenient of course just now for the banks to have large deposits of city money, but the retail trade and the working people are seriously hampered by the lack of imployment and wages.

"Retail trade and local collections could hardly be less satisfactory. The absence of the summer excursionists and the absolute lack of employment for the wage earning classes, coupled with the reduction of forces

classes, coupled with the reduction of forces in all the larger concerns, is very embarrassing to the smaller dealers.'

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS.

Statistics Prove that Nebraska Has Suffered Less Than Other Western States. The assertion that Nebraska has thus far withstood the financial storm much better than many other western states may be looked upon as an idle boast born of state pride. It is an easy matter, however, to prove that the assertion is based on solid facts and not on mere supposition.

The shrinkage in the volume of business and the stringency in the money market has, during the past few months, strewn the shores of the financial world with the wreckage of many promising business enter-prises. In the United States, during the past six months, there have been 6.20 business failures, according to Bradstreet's, with liabilities amounting to the enormous sum of \$170,860,222, being the largest number of failures and the largest liabilities ever re-corded for the first half of the year. To this grand total Nebraska only contributed 122 failures, with liabilities amounting to \$2,988,405. It may be of interest to show the number of failures, for the

show the number of failures for the past six months in the western and northwestern states nearest Nebraska, as compared with the same period in 1892. NUMBER OF FAILURES.

1893. 1892.

| Nebraska. Wisconsin. Minnesota Iowa Missouri. | | 122 130 157 170 262 | 105 | 99 59 65 98 |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| LIAULIT | CIES. | | | |
| STATE. | 1893. | | 1892. | |
| Nebraska | 5,786,800 5,031,910 14,745,383 | | \$ 750 1.782 2,100 440 2,218 | 900 601 553 |
| From the above figure that of the five states shows the smallest in of failures, Wisconsin | mention crease | ned in th | Nebra e num | ska ber |

increase of twenty-eight, while Missour shows the largest increase, the number being ninety-eight.
In the matter of liabilities, the total for

Nebraska for the past six months is the smallest of the states mentioned, but the percentage of increase is larger than some others, as will be noted from the above table. Iowa, however, leads all other states in this respect, having jumped from \$440,553 for the first six months of 1892 to \$14,745,383 during the past six months. The heavy failures at Sioux City are to be charged with the greater portion of this enormous increase.

Of the firms reported insolvent during the

past six months the total assets for the whole United States constitute 61 per cent of the liabilities, while in Nebraska the assets are equal to 73 per cent of the liabilities. In whatever way the comparisons may be carried out it will be found that the statistics bearing on business failures will prove that the financial squeeze thus far has had less disastrous results in Nebraska than in other western states.

It is to be expected that there will be

occasional failures in the state during the summer, there are always more or less, but nothing approaching the disastrous wrecks that some other cities have experienced is looked for here. Business men argue that as the money stringency has been so long in coming on prudent managers have prepared for it and that they can endure a pretty severe squeeze without serious consequences.

THE REALTY MARKET.

INSTRUMENTS placed on record July 8 1893: WARRANTY DEEDS. WARRANTY DEEDS.

and e 15 sw 34-16-11

C F Harrison to John Blake, lot 2
block 3, Eckerman Place.

J H McCulloch and wife to R H McClellan, lot 15, block 6, Kilby Place
lot 6, block 168, Omana: lots 19 and
20, block 24, Walnut Hill; w 16 lots 7
and 8, block 133, Omana.

M Russell and husband to Christ
Koch, lots 14 and 15, block 8, Eckerman Place. 450

Koch, lots 14 and 15, block 8, Eckerman Place.

Horace and Emma Clement to JA
Horbach, n 40 feet, lot 12, block 1,
Horbach's 2d add.
Claus Anderson and wife to A H Anderson w 38 feet of \$ 150 feet lot 8,
e 4 feet of \$ 150 feet lot 9, block 5,
Park Place.

McCague Investment company to J
P Jerpe, lot 10, block 5, Denise's add
M E McCulloch and husband to same,
same. 5,500

M E McCulloch and husband to same, same
R B Bentz to Omaha Security company, lots 14, 17, 18, block 1, M Donovan's subdiv: lot 2, block 6, Kirk-wood; lots 24, 25, 26, block 6, Jerome park; lot 46, Canningham & Brennan's add; lot 14, block 34, Albright's Choice; lot 10, block 2, Boggs & H's 2d add; lot 4, block 3, S E Rogers add;
G W Ames and wife to O M Wallace, lots 16 and 17, block 1, Ames Placo, Mutual Investment company to W E Davis, lot 23, block 7, Orchard Hill, lots 5 and 6, block 17, Central park Same to L M Peight, lot 18, block 7, Kilby Place
Mary Atkinson to M J Robinson, lot 24, block 24, Albright's Choice.

QUIT CLAIM DEEDS.
Ballou Banking company to T B New-

DEEDS. D H Mercer, master in chancery, to Central Loan and Trust company, an irregular tract commencing at a an irregular tract commencing at a point 137% feet n of sw corner nw ne 15-15-13

5,000 Total amount of transfers...... \$ 68,584

1,000

2,600

Washington Star: "Queer thing about the sun," said the summer young man.
"What do you mean?" asked the summer

girl.
"I understand there are spots on it."
"Well," she answered spitefully, "I'm glad
of it. Let the horrid old thing get a few
freckles himself and see how he likes it."

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Wheat Speculators Looking for a Bullish Crop Report Monday.

THAT CEREAL WAS MODERATELY ACTIVE

On the Strength of These Expectations Operators Advanced Wheat One Cent -Corn Declined a Trifle-Stocks and Bonds.

CHICAGO, July 8 .- Wheat speculators are looking for a builtsh government crop report on Monday afternoon and they advanced wheat ic today on the faith on what they expect. Corn on similar grounds of an inverse kind declined a trifle. The government re port is expected to indicate a prospective heavy crop of corn. Provision men did some business in lard and ribs at slightly improved prices.

Wheat was moderately active. The market at the opening was from %c to %c higher than yesterday's closing for September, then advanced ac more, eased off slightly, ruled firmer again, and the closing was about he higher than yesterday. July closed about ic higher and December ic higher. The advance was partially attributed to the Kansas state crop report, which makes the yield 23,900,000 bu. and a smaller quantity than many operators had expected, but why that should put up the price of wheat is difficult to say for this report made the yield about 2,000,000 bu more than the government report indicated a

more than the government report indicated a month ago.

The London Times' July crop report estimates a falling off in percentage of condition as compared with last year of 7 per cent and says the crop is suffering severely and going off rapidly. Belgium reports today say an unbroken drouth of ninety days continues. In addition to these advices were the home reports, which say harvesting is progressing, but the yield is not flattering. Crop reports from the northwest were not encouraging. Offerings were heavy and it is estimated that the visible supply will show a good decrease.

Corn averaged strong, but there were many changes and quick fluctuations over a moderate range, ending with the lowest prices ruling toward the close, which was isc under yesterday. Some of the recently most extensive buyers were heaviest sellers today. They appear to think that they may be able to get a new hold after the government crop report comes out.

Oats was quiet and lower without any im portant change from yesterday.

Hog products were firm on a good demand and prices in live hogs and pork were neglected, but lard and ribs sold higher. Compared with last night lard is up 10c for September and 17½c for October. Ribs advanced

10c. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 46 cars; corn, 380 cars; oats, 160 cars; hogs, 28,000 head. The leading futures ranged as follows:

| Articles. | Open. | High. | Low. | Cause. |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| WHEAT— July Sept Dec | 65% 70@70% 75%@% | 66 70% 76% | 65% 70 75% | 70% (8%) 76% |
| July Aug Sept | 4114 4154 4296 | 4136 4136842 42% | 4116 4116 4236314 | 4156 4156 4254 |
| OATS— July Sept Mess Pork— | 29 26% | 29% 26% | 29 26% | 29 26% |
| July Sept | 20 10 | 20 10 | ≥0 10 | 19 30 20 10 |
| July | 10 02% 10 40 10 00 | 10 02% 10 60 10 20 | 10 0216 10 40 10 00 | 10 0234 10 60 10 1736 |
| July Sept | 9 42% | 9 52% | 9 37% | 9 17% |

Flours ductations were as follows:
Flours—Weak, lower considerably than one week back: spring patents in sacks sold today at \$3.25; bakers, \$2.25.
Whear—No. 2 spring, 66c; No. 3 spring, f. o. b., 62@64c; No. 2 red, 66c.
CORN—No. 2, 41%c; No. 3, 40%c; No. 2 yellow, 42%c.

CORN-No. 2, 41½c; No. 3, 40½c; No. 2 yellow, 42½c.
OATS-No. 2, 29c; No. 2 white, on track, 33½c; No. 3 white, f. o. b., 31@33c.
RYE-No. 2, 50c.
BAHLEY-No. 2, nominal; No. 3, no sales; No. 4, f. o. b., 35c.
FLAX SEED-No. 1, \$1.11.
Timothy SEED-Prime, \$4.
PORK-Mess, per bbl., \$19,30@19.32½; lard, per 100 lbs., \$10.05@10.07½; short ribs, sides (loose), \$9.22½@9.27½; dry salted shoulders (boxed), \$8.75@9.00; short clear sides (boxed), \$9.50@9.75.
Whisky-Distillers' finished goods, per gal. WHISKY-Distillers' finished goods, per gal., \$1.12.

Sugars—Cut loaf, 6%c; granulated, 5.76; standard "A." 5.64. The following were the receipts and ship-ments for today: ARTICLES.

6,264 12,640 329,857 137,920 Corn, bu.... Oats, bu.... Rye, bu.... Barley, bu... On the Produce exchange today the butter market wassteady; creamery, 16@19%c; dairy, 14@17%c. Eggs, firm; strictly fresh, 13%214%c.

New York Markets New York, July 8.—Flours—Receipts, 6,-200 pkgs; exports, 2,500 bbls., 31,000 sacks; sales, 5,500 pkgs; market dull, easy; winter wheat, low grades, \$1.95\(\tilde{Q}\)2.45; winter fair to fancy, \$2.45\(\tilde{Q}\)3.45; winter patents, \$3.40\(\tilde{Q}\)4.00; Minnesota clear, \$2.50\(\tilde{Q}\)3.00; Minnesota straights, \$3.30\(\tilde{Q}\)4.00; Minnesota patents, \$4.00\(\tilde{Q}\)4.5.

\$4.00@4.45. CORN MEAL-Dull, steady; yellow western,

2.60%2.70. Rys—Dull, unchanged; western, 55%58c. Bankey Malx—Steady, quiet; western, 55% DARLET MALT-Steady, quiet; western, 65@ 90c.
WHEAT - Receipts, 159,000 bu.; exports, 170,000 bu.; sales, 410,000 bu. futures. Spot market dull, firmer, with options: No. 2 red, in store and elevator, 72½@75c; affont, 72½@75c; affont, 72½@75c; ngraded red, 68@ 71½c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; No. 1 hard, 78½c; No. 2 northern, 72½c; No. 2 Milwaukee, 72½c; No. 2 northern, 72½c; No. 2 Milwaukee, 72½c; Options very dull, closed firm at ½@3½c advance; No. 2 red. July, 72½c; August, 74@ 74½c, closing at 74½c; September, 76@76½c, closing at 76%c; December, 81½@82½c, closing at 82c.
CORN-Receipts, 17,000 bu.; exports 1,200

74%c, closing at 74%c; September, 76@76%c, closing at 76%c; December, 51%@82%c, closing at 82c.

Corn—Receipts, 17,000 bu.; exports, 1,300 bu.; sales, 150,000 bu. futures, 115,000 bu. spot. Spot market firmer, fairly active; No. 2, 48%@46%c in elevator; 49%@49%c affoat; ungraded mixed, 49%c. Options very dull and %c higher, closing firm; August, 49%@49%c, closing at 49%c; September, 50%@50%c, closing at 50%c.

OATS—Receipts, 58,000 bu.; exports, 45,000 bu.; sales, 5,000 bu. futures, 40,000 bu. spot. Spots moderately active, firmer on mixed. Options very dull, unchanged to %c up; July, 36c; August, 33%c; September, 32%c; spot No. 2 white, 38@38%c; No. 2 Chicago, 37c; No. 3, 34%@35c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 2 Chicago, 37c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 2 Chicago, 37c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 2 Chicago, 37c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 2 Chicago, 37c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 2 Chicago, 37c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 3 white, 34%@35c; No. 2 Chicago, 30%@35c; No. 3 w

TALLOW-Dull, firm; city (\$6 per pkg.), 41/c

Tallow-Dull, firm; city (\$6 per pkg.), 4½c bid.
Cottonseed Oil.—Quiet, unsettled; crude, 36c; yellow prime, 42c.
Petroleum-Steady; crude in barrels, Washington, \$4.85; crude in bulk, \$2.35; refined New York, \$5.35; Philadelphia and Baltimore, \$5.10; refined in bulk, \$2.60@2.65; United, no sales.
Rosis—Quiet, steady; strained, common to good, \$1.17½\$1 20.
TURNENTIES—Dull, steady at 28½\$22c.
Rice—Fairly active, steady; domestic, fair to extra, 2½\$5c; Japan, 4½\$4½c.
Molasses—New Orleans open kettle, good to choice, quiet, steady; 30@38c.
SUGAR—Raw, quiet, firm; fair refining, \$5.16c; cutrifugals, \$6 test, 3½c; refined more active, firm; off A, \$1.16.25 \$5.16c; mould, \$5.16c; confectioners A, \$4\$65.7-16c; cut loaf, \$5.16c; granulated, \$4\$65; powdered, \$13.16c; granulated, \$4\$65; powdered, \$13.16c; granulated, \$4\$65.11-16c; cubes, \$5\$65.13-16c.
Pig Iron—Steady, dull; American, \$12.75\$415.50.
Corleas—Quiet, steady; lake, \$10.40.
Lead—Quiet; Straits, \$18.65; plates, dull, steady.
Syelites—Steady; domestic, \$4.15.

SPEINER-Steady; domestic, \$4.15.

Milwaukee Markets. Milwaukee, July 8. Wheat Stronger; No. 2 spring, 63%c; September, 67%c.
Cors.—Duil; No. 3, 306240.
Oars.—Firm; No. 2 white, 83%c.
Barley.—Nominal; No. 2, 55c.
Rye.—51c.
Provisions.—Firmer; pork, \$19,20.

New York Dry Goods Market New York. July 8.—A better feeling and a better demand were to be noted in the dry goods market today in spite of its half holiday

character. The demand was from jobbers who have been holding back. There was no other change. Exporters and the manufacturing trade were quiet, but drawing freely on any goods in store for them on account of previous orders. Good collections add to the position of trade.

Omaha Prosuce Market.

Butters Butter is really worth just as much as it was at any time thi past week, but the buyers do not appear to be quite as anxious for it as they were and are only bidding what it is worth. Hence the quotation is weaker by Sc on packing stock. The receipts continue moderate and there is a demand for all that is coming. Considerable butter is being shipped to eastern markets. Pagey creameries, solid packed, 186; fair to good creameries, solid packed, 186; fair to good country, 156; packing stock, fresh, 184c.

Eggs The market is steady and devoid of any new features. The receipts continue about on an average with what have been coming of late and prices remain in the same notch. The buik of the sales are reported at 113c.

notch. The bulk of the sates are reported at 115c.

LIVE POULTRY—The demand for chickens and fowls was better at the close of the week and stocks were all cleaned up very readily. At the close the market was bare and it will be in good shape in that respect for the commencement of this week. Spring chickens, per doz. \$1.75@3.50; best hens, per lb., 74%-5c; mixed coops, per lb., 5c; old roosters, per lb., 7 @8c.

mixed coops, per lb., 5c; old roesters, per lb., 7d, 425c; turkeys, per lb., 9d, 10c; ducks, per lb., 7d, 425c; turkeys, per lb., 9d, 10c; ducks, per lb., 7d, 425c; turkeys, per lb., 9d, 10c; ducks, per lb., 7d, 425c; turkeys, per lb., 9d, 10c; ducks, per lb., 7d, 425c; turkeys, per lb., 9d, 10c; ducks, per lb., 7d, 425c; ducks,

TROPICAL PRUITS.

PINEAPPLES—Florida, per case of 5 to 7 doz., \$5.50@7.00.
ORANGES—Riverside Mediterranean sweets, \$3.50@3.75; Riverside seedlings, \$3.25; brights, \$2.50@3.00.
LEMONS—Messinas, extra fancy, \$5.50@6.00; Messinas, per box, chalce to fancy, \$5.50@5.50. Messinas, per box, choice to fancy, \$5.00@5.50. Bananas—Per bunch, large, \$2.25@2.75; per bunch, small to medium, \$2.00@2.25.

bunch, small to medium, \$2.0032.25.

HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—No. 1 green hides, 3c; No. 2 green hides, 2c; No. 1 green salted hides, 34c; No. 2 green salted hides, 25c; No. 1 green salted hides, 25c; No. 1 green salted hides, 25 lbs. to 40 lbs., 34c; No. 2 green salted hides, 25 lbs. to 40 lbs., 24c; No. 1 yeal calf, 8 lbs. to 15 lbs., 6c; No. 2 veal calf, 8 lbs. to 15 lbs., 6c; No. 1 dry slint hides, 7c; No. 2 dry flint hides, 5c; No. 1 dry salted hides, 5c. Part cured hides ¼c per lb. less than fully cured.

SHEEF PELTS-Green salted, each 35c@\$1.25; SHEEF PELTS—Green salted, each 35c@\$1.25; green salted shearlings (short wooled early skins), each 15c25c; dry shearlings (short wooled early skins), each 15c25c; dry shearlings (short wooled early skins). No. 2, each 5c; dry flint, Kansas and Nebraska butcher wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 10c 11c; dry flint Kansas and Nebraska Murrain wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 7c10c; dry flint Colorado butcher wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 7c9c; dry pieces and bucks, actual weight, 7c9c; dry pieces and bucks, actual weight, 7c9c; dry pieces and bucks, actual weight, 7c7c.

Tallow and Grease—Tallow, No. 1, 4kc2 4kc; tallow, No. 2, 3kc34c; grease, white A, 4kc36c; grease, white B, 4c; grease, wellow, 3kc; grease, dark, 3c; old butter, 2c24c; beeswax, prime, 16c25c; rough tallow, 2kc.

Boxes—Car lots weighed and delivered in Chicago: Dry buffalo, per ton, \$16.00218.00; dry country, bleached, per ton, \$10.00218.00; dry country, damp and meaty, \$5.00210.00.

St. Louis Markets.

St. Louis Markets.

St. Louis July 8.—Flour—Held higher, but no advance was established; patents, \$3.102
3.25; extra fancy, \$2.8022.90; fancy \$2.402
2.50; choice, \$2.152.25; family, \$1.9022.00; rye flour, \$3.253.40.

Wheat—Fluctuated somewhat, but closed 1%c above yesterday; cash, 63%c; July, 63%c; August, 65%266c; September, 68c.
Conn—Strong, but trading light, and closed 582%c higher; cash and July, 37%c; August, 63%cy foliaber; cash and July, 37%c; August, 63%de higher; cash and July, 37%c; August, 53%de higher; cash and July, 37%c; August, 53%de higher; cash 30%c; July, 27%c; August, 25c; September, 25%c.
Provisions—Firm, but only a job trade was done at previous prices. Lard, \$9.0029.12%; longs and ribs, \$0.30; shorts, \$9.50; boxed lots, 15c Racon and hams, packed shoulders, \$9.25; longs and ribs, \$10.25; shorts, \$10.50; sugar cured hams, \$13.00214.09.

Butter—Unchanged; creamery, 16@20c; dairy, 13217c.
KEGIFTS—Flour, 3,000 bbls.; wheat, 34,000 bu; rye

GOVERNMENT Bonds—Firm; state bonds

The closing quotations on bonds:

10. 4 st reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 81
U. S. 4s reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 81
U. S. 4s reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 81
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U. S. 4s reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 11
U. S. 4s reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 11
U. S. 4s reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 11
U. S. 4s reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 11
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U. S. 4s reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 11
U. S. 4s reg. 110½ St L & L. M. Gen. 58. 11
U. S. 4s reg. 1 St. Louis Markets BUTTER—Unchanged; creamery, 10@20c; dairy, 13@17c.

KECEIPTS—Flour, 3,000 bbls.; wheat, 34,000 bu.; corn, 47,000 bu.; oats, 17,000 bu.; rye and barley, none.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 2,000 bbls.; wheat, 185,-000 bu.; corn, 137,000 bu.; oats, 2,000 bu.; rye and barley, none.

Kansas City Markets. KANSAS CITY, July 8.-WHEAT-Strong, higher; No. 2 hard, 55%@55%c; No. 2 red, 56%57c. 6@57c.
Cons.—Firm: No. 2 mixed, 33@34c; No. 3 white, 33%@34c.
Oars.—More active and stronger; No. 2 mixed, 16@27c. No. 2 white, 27%@28c.
Burren.—Firm; creamery, 16@19c; dairy.

E008-Fasy; 10c. Receipts-Wheat, 2,000 bu.; corn, 4,000 bu.; SHIPMENTS-Wheat, 17,000 bu.; corn, 1,000

Liverpool Markets. Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, July 8.—Wheat—Quiet; demand moderate; holders offer moderately; red western, 6s 3\\(^4\)\(^6\)\(^6\)\(^6\)\(^4\)\(^6\)\

TURPENTINE-Spirits, 22s per cwt. ROSIN-Common, 3s 71/4d per cwt.

Cotton Market. Cotton Market.

New Orleans, July 8.—Futures quiet; sales, 44,900 bales, including July, \$7,49@7.51; August, \$8,48@8.49; September, \$8,60@8.61; October, \$7,74@7.75; November, \$7,82@7.84; December, \$7.92@7.93; January, \$8.07@8.08; February, \$8,15@8.17.

Good middling, 7%c; middling, 7 7-16c; low middling, 7 13-16c; good ordinary, 6%c. Net receipts, 431 bales; gross, 241 bales; exports coastwise, 345 bales; sales, 350 bales; stock, 100,567 bales.

Coffee Market.

New York July 8.—Outlons opened steady.

New York, July 8.—Options opened steady at 5 to 10 points up; closed firm at 15 to 20 points up; sales, 12,500 bags, including; July, \$16,10; August, \$16,05,205.10; September, \$15,95@16.05; December, \$15.80. Spot Rio, firm but dull; No. 7, \$17.

Philadelphia Grain Market. PHILADELPHIA, July 8.—WREAT—Strong, under good speculative buying; No. 2 red, July, 694@594c.
CORN—Strong; No. 2 mfxed July, 484@49c.
OATS—Strong; No. 2 white July, 374@38c.

Baltimore Grite Market. Baltimore, July 8.—Wireat—Firmer; No. 2 red, spot and July, 69c.
Corn—Quiet and firmer; mixed spot and July, 48c bid.
OATS—Firm; No. 2 willte western, 88c. Cincinnati Markets.

Cincinnati, July 8.— Wheat-Fair demand, steady; No. 2 red, 60c.
Conn-No. 2 mixed, 44c.
Coars-Firmer; No. 2 mixed, 32c.
Whisky-Steady, \$1.220 Minneapolis Wheat Market.

Minneapolis, July 8.—Futures were strong; cash market stronger. Glose: July, 60%c; August, 63%c; September,65%c. On track: No. 1 hard, 63%c; No. 1 morthern, 61%c; No. 2 northern, 58%60c. Toledo Graid Market.

TOLEDO, July S.—WHEAT—Dull, higher; No. 2 cash and July, 66c. 120 CORN—Dull, steady; No. 2 cash, 41%c. OATS—Quiet; cash, 31%c.

STOCKS AND BONDS. Railway and Miscellaneous Securities Were

Quite Dull Yesterday. NEW YORK, July 8.—The market for rallway and miscellaneous securities was a dull one today, less than 37,000 shares having changed hands during the two hours of business. At the start prices ran off % to % per cent, Mis-souri Pacific and General Electric leading The market began to improve soon after the opening and Cordage common developed con-siderable strength, rising 2% per cent to 11% on the statement that the time for paying as-sessments had been extended for a fortnight. General Electric rose % per cent to 71%; Bur-

lington, & per cent to 85; Northwestern, & per cent to 103; Hilmois Central, 2 per cent to 92%; New England, & per cent to 28, and Western Union, % per cent to 81%.

The loss in the bank reserves led to a decline of 1 per cent in Lake Shore and New Jersey

Central. The general list, however, receded only fractionally and closed steady in tone. The banks are now \$5.082,025 below the 25 per cent legal requirements. This is the first time they have been deficient since December 6, 1890, when they were \$2,429,650 below the legal limit. It is proper to add that the banks are in a better position than the statement indicates, the July interest and dividend disbursements being only partly reflected in the exhibit. In other words, according to bank officials, the statement was made upon rising averages for specie and legal tenders.

The Post says: London did nothing in the market, though its early quotations were below our own. But London is hardly likely for the present to do anything but follow such movement as arises in New York. Foreign investors may buy, as indeed will our own, when the silver repeal bill is assured, but speculators have had heavy shocks to weather lately there, as well as here. Money in London has been easy because credit and confidence are generally unimpaired, but the brevalling very low rates for market loans reflect the ease which comes from afterpanic stagnation. Probably in course of time we shall see similar stagnation here.

The following are the closing quotations on

stagnation here.

The following are the closing quotations on the leading stocks on the New York Stock exchange today:

| - | | A Delivery Street, Table 1985 Street, Company of the Street, Company |
|-----|---|--|
| 1 | Atchison 21% | Northern Pathpula Dala |
| 1 | Adams Express 145 | U. P. D. & G 716 |
| 1 | Alton, Terre Haute 23 | Northwestern 10214 |
| 1 | do pref d 145 | do pref d 135 |
| 1 | American Express 100 | |
| 4 | | |
| 1 | Baltimore & Ohio 73 | |
| 3 | Canadian Pacific 74 | Ontario & Western 1436 |
| 1 | Canada Southern 49% | Oregon Imp 10 |
| 4 | Central Pacific 20 | Oregon Nav 55 |
| 1 | Ches. & Ohio 16% | O. S. L. & U. N 11 |
| н | Chicago & Alton 135 | Pacific Mail 17% |
| 1 | C. B. & Q 8416 | Peoria Dec. & E 9 |
| | Chicago Gas 684 | Pittsburg 145 |
| 1 | Consolidated Gas., 123 | Pullman Palace 16116 |
| 1 | C. C. C. & St. L 404 | Reading 1416 |
| н | | Richmond Ter 2% |
| н | | Richmond Ter 24 |
| | Del. & Hudson 120% | do pref'd 15% |
| ۰ | Del. Lack. & West. 144% | Rio Grande W'n 15 |
| | D. & R. G. prof d 83% | do pref'd, 53 |
| | Dis. & C. F. Co 22% | Rock Island 69 |
| 8 | East Tenn 36 | St. Paul 66% |
| | Erle 16 | do prefd 1123 |
| | do pref'd 33 | St. Paul & Omaha. 38% |
| н | Fort Wayne 145 | do prof'd 100% |
| 1 | Great North'n pf'd 110 | Southern Pacific 27 |
| - | Great North'n pf'd 110 C. & E. I. pfd 9134 | Sugar Refinery 8154 |
| | | |
| | | |
| d | Illinois Central 91% | |
| = 1 | St. Paul & Duluth 30 | Tol. & O. C. ptd 75 |
| 3 | Kan. & Tox. pfd 19 | Union Pacific 2416 |
| 9 | Lake Erie & West 1614 | U. S. Express 50 |
| Н | do pref d 6914 | W. S. L. & P 736 |
| ы | Lake Shore 119% | do prefd 66 |
| 5.1 | Load Trust 3016 | Wells Fargo Ex 130 |
| | Louisville & Nash, 63% | |
| | Louisville & N. A., 1516 | Wheeling & L. E 12% |
| 23 | Manhattan con 123 | do pref'd 4434 |
| | Memphis & Chas. 10 | M. & St. L 10% |
| | | |
| | Michigan Central., 93 | D. & R. G 9 |
| | Missouri Pacific 31% | General Electric 1716 |
| ŝ | Mobile & Ohio 17 | National Linseed 20% |
| | Nashville Chatt 80 | Colo. F. & L 37 |
| | National Cordage., 10% | do pref'd 85 |
| | do pref d 38 | H. & T. C |
| | N. J. Central 10234 | T., A. A. & N. M 11 |
| á | No. & W. pref'd 2156 | T. St. L. & K. C 2 |
| | North Amer. Co 8 | do prefd 10 |
| ď | Northern Pacific 1214 | |
| | Tronsition Laction 1234 | 1 |

The total sales of stocks today were \$6,200 shares, including Atchison, 2,800; Burlington, 2,700; Chicago Gas, 1,600; Chesapeake & Ohlo, 1,600; National Cordage, 1,700; New England, 3,000; Rock Island, 2,100; St. Paul, 4,300; Sugar, 2,000.

London Financial Review. ICopyrighted 1833 by James Gordon Bennett.]
London, July 8.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to The Rec.]-There was almost another business holiday today in the city. The principal feature was the fall in silver to 33d, the result being a decline in Denver preferred to 35. The London agents of the company say the gross earnings will probably decrease \$700,000 for the current half of the year, but the expenses are reduced to some extent and fixed charges are sure to be easily met. Other American railways were mostly lower at the close, although rather firmer at the opening. In the foreign market Spanish and Urugnay were better, but the principal feature was the fall in Mexican is to 60 in sympathy with silver. Peruvian issues were lower, owing to reported difficulties over railway matters between the corporation and the government. Home securities were featureless. Copyrighted 1833 by James Gordon Bennett.

New York Money Market. NEW YORK, July 8 .- MONEY ON CALL-Nomi-NEW YORK, July 8.—MONEY ON CALL.—Nominally 4 per cent.
PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—6@8 per cent.
STERLING EXCHANGE—Steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.82\cdot 0.83 for sixty-day bills and \$4.84\cdot 0.84\cdot 0.84 for demand.
SILVER MARKET—Opened weak, closed steadler; certificates sold at 71\cdot 0.72\cdot 0.05-ing at 72\cdot 0.72\cdot 0.05-ing at 72\cdot 0.05-ing at 72\

Boston Stock Onotations. Boston, July 8.—Call loans, 7@10 per cent; time loans, 6 per cent. Closing quotations on stocks, bonds and mining shares: on stocks, bonds and mining shares:

Atch., Top. & S. F. 214 | Westingh, Electric 22 |
American Sugar. 82 | do pref d. 394 |
do pref d. 82 | Wis. Gent. 8 |
Bay State Gas. 654 | Atchison 2ds. 42 |
Bell Telephone 189 | Hoston & Albany 20014 |
Boston & Albany 20014 | New England 6s. 103 |
Chit, Bur. & Q. 844 | Wis. Central 1s. 80 |
Fitchburg. 794 | Allouez Mining Co 40 |
General Electric. 714 | Allouez Mining Co 40 |
Hil. Steel. 50 | Boston & Montana 94 |
N. Y. & New Eng. 224 |
Old Colony. 183 |
Oregon Short Line 114 |
Franklin. 10 |
Kearsarge. 6 |
San Diego. 9 | Oscoola. 6 |
Sun Diego. 9 | Oscoola. 6 |
Union Pacific. 244 | Quincy. 105 |
West End. 13 |
do pref d. 76 |

San Francisco Munior Quotations.

San Francisco Mining Quotations. SAN FRANCISCO, July 8. — The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

 Were as follows:
 15 | Hale & Noveross.

 Alta.
 15 | Maxican.

 Belecher.
 45 | Maxican.

 Best & Belcher.
 75 | Mono.

 Bodie Consolidated.
 15 | Ophir.

 Bullwer.
 5 | Potosi.

 Chollas.
 45 | Savage.

 Consolid'd Cai. & Va.
 135 | Sierra Nevada.

 Crown Point.
 25 | Union Con.

 Gould & Curry.
 40 | Yellow Jacket.
 New York Mining Quotations. NEW YORK, July 8.—The following are the min ng quotations: Crown Point...... Con. Cal. and Va.... Con. Cal and Va. 130 Sierra Nevada.
Deadwood. 90 Standard.
Gould & Curry. 35 Union Con.
Hale & Norcross. 20 Yellow Jacket.
Homestake. 750 Iron Silver.
Mexican. 50 Quick Silver.
Ontarlo. 700 do pref'd.
Ophir. 100 Bulwer.

St. Louis Mining Quotations. Sr. Louis, July 8.—Mining stocks very quiet today, the public seemingly taking no interest in them. Brokers quotations: Adams... \$ 50 A. Nettle... \$ 274 & 35 Bimet'le... \$ 3.75 Elizabeth... 25 @ 35 Leo.... 22 @ .04

*offered. KANSAS CITY, July 8 .- Clearings, \$1,446,-NEW ORLEANS, July 8.—Clearings, \$1,278.-PAMS, July 8.—Three per cent rentes 97f 72\(\frac{1}{2}\) for the account. OMAHA, July 8.—Clearings, \$857,075; total for the week, \$5,170,692. BALTIMORE, July S.—Clearings, \$2,321,372; balances, \$404,170. Money, 6 per cent.

MEMPHIS, July S.—Clearings, \$198,486; balances, \$48,759. New York exchange, \$1.50 New YORK, July 7.—Clearings, \$93,811,089; balances, \$4,270,008. For the week: Clear-ings, \$678,064,395; balances, \$32,232,396. PHILADELPHIA, July 8.—Clearings, \$10,858,-831; balances, \$1,634,142. Money, 6 per cent. Clearings for the week ended today were \$69,-452,651 and balances \$9,172,711.

Clearings for the week ended today were \$69,-452,651 and balances \$9,172,711.

Bosron, July 8.—Clearings, \$16,240,055; balances, \$1,178,5699. Rate for money, 73-10 ner cent. Exchange on New York, 402,50c discount. For the week; Clearings, \$94,410,-572; balances, \$8,569,324.

Chicago, July B.—Clearings, \$11,869,499; for the week, \$85,461,548; same week last year, \$33,974,541. New York exchange, \$1 discount. Sterling exchange dull, unchanged; \$4,6364,85. Money steady, 7 per cent.

St. Louis, July B.—Clearings, \$3,382,904; balances, \$345,578. Clearings this week, \$21,-043,777; balances, \$2,560,738. Clearings for the corresponding week last year, \$23,220,562; balances, \$2,660,738. Clearings last week, \$16,-780,478; balances, \$1,998,680. Money quiet, 628 per cent. Exchange on New York, 50c discount.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Ohicago, July 8.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—There were about 300 native and 700 Texas cattle here today. Buyers were readily found for that small number and at full prices. The offerings of native cattle consisted for the most part of butchers' and canners' stock, which sold principally at from \$3.75 to \$5.65. The few lots of Texas cattle in the yards were ploked up at steady prices. The receipts for this week are about the same as for last, but show a loss of 11,000 as compared with last year. with last year.
The hog market was active and prices were

strong. They averaged a trifle better than for Friday, though quotations range as before. Local packers took most of the stuff, shippers' orders being rather light. From \$5.20 to \$5.35 were the popular prices, weight cutting but little figure. All the hogs were sold early and the close was steady. Receipts for the week show a decrease of 44,000 as compared with the corresponding week last year.

Sales of sheep were on a basis of former quotations, good quantities remaining firm and the off grades selling as mean as at any time. Quotations range from \$1.75 to \$2.50 for this stuff, and to from \$4.85 to \$5 for choice. Sales of iambs were on a basis of from \$3.50 to \$6.30 for poor to extra. The week's receipts are about 7,500 less than for last week, and 19,000 less than for the corresponding week last year.

Receipts: Cattle, 1,000 head; caives, 100 head? hogs, 14,000 head; sheep, 1,500 head.

The Evening Journal reports:

CATTLE—Receipts, 10,000 head; ahipments, \$70 head; market duil; Texans, slower; no choice natives on market; natives, \$3.5005, 25; Texans, \$2.7023, 15; stockers, \$2.2023, 25; cows, \$1.7523, 25.

cows, \$1.75\(\pi\)3.25,
HOGS-Receipts, 14,000 bead; shipments,
600 head; market active, steady to 5c higher;
mixed and packers, \$6.00\(\pi\)6.30; prime
heavy and butchers weights, \$6.30\(\pi\)6.40; light,
\$6.15\(\pi\)6.40.
SHEEP-Receipts, 2,500 head; shipments,
4,500 head; market dull, weak; natives, \$4.00
\(\phi\)5.00; westerns, \$4.00\(\phi\)4.25; Texans, \$3.15\(\phi\)
4.10; lambs, \$3.00\(\phi\)6.10.

OMAHA LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Cattle Market Still Uncertain-Hogs Much Higher Under Light Receipts. SATURDAY, July 8. The low prices prevailing a week ago and the

holiday early this week are responsible for the comparatively light supplies for the past week. The figures are as follows: The figures are as follows:

Cattle. Hogs. Sheep.

Receipts this week.... 8,531 29,241 1,359

Receipts last week... 11,091 51,002 2,667

Same week last year.. 12,174 40,810 1,261

The cattle trade the past week has been practically devoid of new features. Receipts have been moderate, but the demand has not been extraordinarily active, and while there has been some life to the busines, prices have ruled very generally in last week's notches. Perhaps the more desirable grades of dry lot beeves, both heavy and light, have shown some advance, but the ordinary run of cattle some advance, but the ordinary run of cattle are selling the same as a week ago. These remarks also apply to cows. Fat stock is in good demand and all right, but thin and grassy cows find a dull market. Busines in feeders has not been rushing but this has been more on account of limited offerings than any lack of country buyers. Well bred and well fleshed stock is hard to find at this season of the year, and anything of that kind meets with a ready sale at strong prices. Light, common stuff and yearlings are not wanted, except at very low figures.

at strong prices. Light, common stuff and yearlings are not wanted, except at very low figures.

The run of cattle today was rather lighter than dealers were expecting. Only a few over 1,500 head were received and of these nearly 300 were Texas cattle bought by Cudahy at Kansas City and shipped direct to the local plant. At this time of the syear, "betwixt and between" season, I. e., when corned cattle are scarce and western range cattle have not begun to arrive, local canners are compelled to go elsewhere for their supply of canners. Texas cattle fill the bill, and as no southwestern cattle come here direct, on account of unfavorable railroad rates, packers are compelled to buy them where they can. As a result both Cudahy and Hammond, and occasionally swift, buy thousands of cheap Texas cattle at Kansas City and pay the local rate on them from there here. In this way they are unable to keep prices down on the common native grass cattle. The Chicago market was reported steady today, and with a good local and shipping demand the market here was active, and prices ruled a shade higher than Friday, and occasionally from 1,208 to 1,573-lbs. soid at from \$4.75 to \$4.60. Rough heavy cattle at from \$4.25 to \$4.50 were not quotably firmer than Friday, and common and inferior stuff at from \$4.25 to \$4.60. Rough heavy cattle at from \$4.25 to \$4.60. Rough heavy cattle at from \$4.25 to \$4.50 were not quotably firmer than Friday, and common and inferior stuff at from \$4.25 to \$4.60. Rough heavy cattle at from \$4.25 to \$4.50 were not quotably firmer than Friday and common and inferior stuff at from \$4.25 to \$4.50 were not quotably firmer than Friday and common and inferior stuff at from \$4.25 to \$4.50 were listently no stronger. It was a fairly active market throughout and at noon business was practically over.

The cow market was generally steady. Offerings were insignificant and soon changed hand

DRESSED BEEF. No. Av. Pr. 17. 1148 84 85 20. 1178 4 40 51. 1181 4 40 28. 989 4 40 14. 1571 4 50 8. 1802 4 50 968 SHIPPING AND EXPORT. 4 50 4 65 4 70 4 75 4 75 43....1307 54....1408 37....1324 18....1573 .1280 .1272 .1317 20.... .1096 4 10 cows.

.1240 HEIFERS. 450 707 532 CALVES. 8 00 2..... 255 4 50 8..... 190 BULLS. OXEN. 2.....1565 3 00 2.....1715 STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.

COLORADO CATTLE. No. Av. Pr. 44 feeders. 1306 83 26

Hogs—With a falling off in receipts here of nearly 50 per cent and a corresponding decrease at other points prices have materially firmed up several points. For the week ending July 5, the Cincinnats Price Current sums up the situation as follows: "The marketing of hogs in the west continues on a liberal scale for the time of year. Packing returns show a total of 250,000 for the week, compared with 250,000 for the week, compared with 250,000 for the week in comparison with a year ago. From March 1 the total is 3,415,000, against 4,450,000 last year—decrease, 1,035,000 hogs. The quality continues satisfactory as a rule. There is some talk of a disposition to hold hogs back in the country because of the shrinkage in prices, but it is doubtful if this poilcy will prevail to any important extent, for although current prices are lower than had been counted on they still yield a good margin for feeding operations, and it is not clear that any essential recovery in prices is likely to develop.

During the last day or two there has also been a big improvement in the demand from outside slaughterers and the week's shipments amount to about 10,500 head or over 35 per cent of the receipts. Prices took one or two sharp advances, going up fully half a dollar in two days, and the week closes with prices 55c to 50c higher than a year ago and \$1.25 higher than two years ago today.

Receipts today were the heaviest of the No. 44 feeders.....

a year ago and \$1.25 higher than two years ago today.

Roceipts today were the heaviest of the week and about the same as a week ago. All classes of dealers commented favorably on the uniformly good quality of the offerings. They were never better at this time of year. Conditions favored the sellers and they had little difficulty in securing a 5c advance over Friday's prices. Quite a few of the more ordinary loads sold early at \$5.90 and \$6.05 was paid for a load or two of choice butcher weights, but the fair to good logs of all weights sold very largely at \$5.95 and \$5. liusiness was brisk from the start and by the middle of the forencon the peas were cleared the market closing up strong at the high point of the day. Trading was very largely at from \$5.35 to \$5.45 a week ago. Representative sales:

No. Av. Sh. Pr. No. Av. Sh. Pr.

AY. Sh. Pr. 336 120 \$5 80 282 40 5 85 235 160 5 90 230 120 5 90 214 240 5 90 214 240 5 90 271 5 90 271 5 90 225 40 5 90 225 40 5 90 269 160 5 90 804 240 804 240 Av. Sh. 291 120 \$5. 251 206 5 268 40 5 266 160 5 80 5 260 30 6 264 160 6 264

SHEEP—Receipts consisted of a couple of loads of mixed westerns, fed, and a double deck of southern sheep billed direct to a local packer. The demand was by no means urgent and trade was about good at steady prices. Fair to good natives, \$4.00@4.75; fair to good westerns, \$3.50@4.50; common and stock sheep, \$2.50@3.50; good to choice 40 to 100-lb. lambs, \$4.25@5.75. Representative saies:

No. Av. Pr.

Receipts and Disposition of Stock. Official receipts and disposition of stock as shown by the books of the Union Stock Yards company for the twenty-four hours ending at 5 o'clock p. m. July 8, 1893;

RECEIPTS. CATTLE. | HORS. | SHEEP. | HORSES & NLS Cars. | Head Cars. | Head Cars. | Head. 68 1,510 | 152 9,633 | 3 | 615 DISPOSITION.

Omaha Packing Co.
The G. H. Hammond Co.
Swift & Co. ...
The Cudahy Packing Co.
Chicsago P. & P. Co.
Cieveland P. & P.
Parker & W. Co.
Sinclair 2,526 .. 835 .. 142 507 152 1,556 1,095 387 113 531 146 G. B. Wilson..... 251 1,698 Tabor & Co... 100 Total 1.246 9,637 614 Kansas City Live Stock Market.

Kansas City Live Stock Market.

Kansas City, July 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,100 head; shipments, 1,300 head; best cattle were steady, others weak; Texas steers, \$2.20 @3.20; Texas cows,\$2.00@2.75; shipping steers, \$5.25&5.40; native cows, \$1.00@4.00; butchers stock, \$3.60@4.40; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@3.10; bulls and mixed, \$2.20@3.00.

Hoos—Receipts, \$2.000 head; shipments, 43.000 head; light hogs were strong and 50 higher; others strong; bulk, \$5.80@5.95; heavies, \$5.75@5.90; packers, \$5.80@5.95; mixed, \$5.70@5.90; light, \$5.65@6.05; Yorkers, \$5.95@6.05; pigs, \$5.25@6.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 24.700 head; shipments, none; market dull and steady.

St. Louis Live Stock Market. Sr. Louis, July 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,100 head; shipments, 2,300 head; market steady; fair to good native steers, \$3.00@4.50; grassers, Texans, \$2.75@3.50.

Hogs—Strong; top prices, \$6.17%; bulk of sales, \$5.90@6.10. SHEEP-Receipts, none; shipments, 100 head;

ATTRACTION OF THE ABYSS. Why People Long to Throw Themselves

Chevreul's well known experiments with the exploratory pendulum and the divining rod show that if we represent to ourselves a motion in any direction the hand will unconsciously realize it and communicate it to the pendulum. says a writer in the Popular Science Monthly. The tipping table realizes a movement we are anticipating, through the intervention of a real movement of the hands, of which we are not conscious. Mind reading, by those who divine by taking your hand where you have hidden anything, is a reading of imperceptible motions by which your thought is translated without your being conscious of them. In cases of fascination and vertigo, which are more visible among children than among adults, a movement is begun the suspension of which is pre-vented by a paralysis of the will, and it carries us to suffering and death. When a child I was navigating a plank on the river without a thought that I might fall. All at once the idea came like a diverging force, projecting itself across the rectilinear thought which had alone previously directed my action. It was as if an invisible arm seized me and dragged me down. I cried out and continued staggering over the whirling waters till help came to me. The mere thought of vertigo provoked it. The board lying on the ground suggests no thought of a fall when you walk over it, but when it is over a precipice and the eye takes the measure of the distance to the bottom, the representation of a falling motion becomes intense, and the impulse to fall correspondingly so. Even if you are safe, there may still be what is called the attraction of the abyss. The vision of the gulf as a fixed idea. having produced an "inhibition" or all your ideas or forces, nothing is left but the figure of the great hole, with the intoxication of the rapid movement that begins in your brain and tends to turn the scales of the mental balance. Temptation, which is continual in children because everything is new to them, is nothing else than the force of an idea

International Expositions. The first great international exposition was that held at London, in the Crystal Palace, in 1851. The next similar undertaking was the "exhibition of the industry of all nations," held at New York in 1853. This was held in Crystal Palace, which was afterward destroyed by fire. A similar exhibition was also held in Dublin the same year. In 1854 an exhibition was held in Munich. which was at first very successful, but cholera appeared and caused such a fright that the enterprise was abandoned. The first great Paris inter-national exposition was held in 1855. The second English international exhibition was held in London in 1862. Next in order were those held at Constantinople in 1863; Bayonne, 1864; Dublin, 1865; Cologne, Oporto and Stockholm in 1865; Melbourne, 1866; Agra, 1867. Then came the great Paris exposition of 1867. followed by several smaller ones at various places, until 1873, when a very fine one was held in Vienna. The next important display was the Philadelphia Centennial. Again a number of smaller ones, then the great Paris exposition of 1889, and now the World's Columbian exposition in Chicago, the greatest of

and the motive impulse that accompa-

in an effort to cope with the rabbit pest in New South Wales 652 miles of rabbit-proof fencing have lately been erected.