COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Trading Generally Too Small to Attract Any Particular Attention.

JULY DISBURSEMENTS HAVING EFFECT

Afternoon Improvement Due to the Re action in the Money Market but Interest Rates Are Not Expected to Decline Much.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Affairs at the Stock exchange today were extremely dull. The absence of leading operators on the street, as usual on account of the national holiday, induced the traders who are bearishly inelined to hammer the list at the opening and the early quotations from London showed a considerable decline from Saturday's final figures. Maniattan fell off 2% per cent to 122, Northern Pacific preferred 2% per cent to 82%, Union Pacific and Chicago Gas 1% per cent, and the remainder of the list 14 to 114 per cent. As the day advanced the market assumed a firmer tone and prices improved 14 to

134 per cent on comparatively light offerings.

The trading throughout, however, was so small that no special significance could be attached to the fluctuation at any time. The improvement during the afternoon was largely due to the let-up in the stringency on money, que to the let-up in the stringency on money, round amounts laving been offered at from 3 to 6 per cent, as against 15 and 25 per cent quring the morning. The July disbursements are beginning to have their effect, but it is not expected that the rates of interest will settle down to a permanently low basis for some time to come at least. The market closed firm to the come at least.

in tone.

The New York Stock exchange and the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum exchange will

solidated Stock and Petroleum exchange will be closed tomorrow.

The Post says: The course of today's stock market prices reflected faithfully enough that all our financial trouble is not yet passed. The advance in prices on the news of the August session having been abruptly checked, is naturally a source of disappointment, but hardly any other result was to have been expected. There is plenty of willingness to buy stocks on the part of both speculators and investors; to this all commission houses will bear witness, but those who have money in their hands can do better by loaning it than by purchasing stocks, and those who wish to buy with borrowed money are unable to get accommodation.

A natural enough inference from this is that the demand, now for a forinight held in check, the demand, now for a fortnight held in check, will disappear with considerable force when money is once more readily obtainable. But it by no means follows, because call money rates are likely to ease off, that speculators will find loans for their uses in plentiful supply.

will find loans for their uses in plentiful supply.

It must always be remembered that the banks have to care for their commercial customers before they grant a dollar to speculative borrowers, and that even when the general situation is easier they have outstanding nearly \$21,000,000 in clearing house certificates, on which they themselves are paying 6 per cent. It would be not only hazardous, but hinancially very unwise to grant encouragement to speculative movements before these liabilities are canceled. Meanwhile, however, the market has as underlying actors of support the naturatemand for reinvestment of July disbursements and a greatly overexpanded short account. panded short account.

The following are the closing quotations on the leading stocks on the New York Stock ex-

Atchison	2136	Northern Pac. pfd.	3214
	145	U. P. D. & G	834
Alton, Terre Haute	25	Northwestern	104
do pref d	145	do prefd	135
American Express	108	N. Y. Central	1015
Baltimore & Ohio	7114	N. Y. & N. E	20%
Canadian Pacific	7514	Ontario & Western	1414
Canada Southern	50%	Ocegon Imp	10
Central Pacific	2194	Oregon Nav O. S. L. & U. N	55
Ches. & Ohto	1736	O. S. L. & U. N	13
Chicago & Alton	130	Pacific Mail	18%
C. B. & Q	8576	Peorla Dec. & E	HN
Chicago Gas	6814	Pittsburg	145
Consolidated Gas	123	Pullman Palace	164
C. C. C. & St. L	42	Reading Richmond Ter	1434
Cotton Oll Cert Del. & Hudson	3434	Richmond Ter	234
Del. Lack. & West.	145%	do pref'd Rio Grande W'n	17
D. & R. G. prefd	3656	Rio Grande W n	15
Dia. & C. F. Co	2314	do pref'd	53
East Tenn		Rock Island	6734
Erie	16%	do prefd	
do pref'd	3434	St. Paul & Omaha	113% 37
Fort Wayne	145	do pref d	
Great North'n pf'd	108	Southern Pacific	116k
7. & E. I. pfd	91	Sugar Refinery	83
Hocking Valley	736	Tenn. Coal & Iron.	155
Illinois Central	90	Texas Pacific	634
Bt. Paul & Duluth	30	Tol. & O. Cen. pf'd.	80
Kan. & Tex. pfd	19	Union Pacific	243
Lake Erie & West	16%	U. S. Express	50
do pref'd	70	W. S. L. & P	33
Lake Shore	120%	do prefd	16%
Lead Trust	2950	Wells Fargo Ex	130
Louisville & Nash.	64	Western Union	82
Louisville & N. A	1594	Wheeling & L. R	125
Manhattan eon Memphis & Chas Michigan Central	124	do prefd	41
Memphis & Chas.	10	M. & St. L	103
Michigan Central	91	D. & R. G	111
Missouri Pacific Mobile & Ohio	3236	General Electric	711
Mobile & Ohlo	17	National Linseed	21
Nashville Chatt	80	Colo. F. & I	373
National Cordage	10%	do pref'd	853
do pref d	4.1	H. & T. C	- 3
N. J. Central	104%	T. A. A. & N. M	11
Nor. & W. pref'd	2236	T. St. L. & K. C	2
North Amer. Co	886	do pref'd	10
Northern Pacific	12%		

The total sales of stocks today were 77,400 shares, including: Atchison, 4,700; Chicago Gas, 3,800; General Electric, 3,500; Louisville & Nashville, 3,800; Northern Pacific, 4,200; Reading, 3,900; Rock Island, 4,300; St. Paul, 10,500; Sugar, 5,100; Union Picific, 4,400. sales of silver certificates, 50,000 ounces

New York Money Market.

New York, July 3.—Money on Call—Was easier, ranging from 3 to 5 per cent; last loan, 3, closed offered at 8 per cent.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—628 per cent.

SMERLING EXCHANGE—Firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.81½04.82 for sixty-day bills and \$4.83½04.84 for demand.

Silver Chartelcarts — Were steady, with sales at 71½073c, closing at 74½c bid and 76c asked.

GOVERNMENT BONDS—Strong. State bonds duil.

dull.
The closing quotations on bonds:

11 G 4s mar 10	WILL BLY LY 11 C
U. S. 48 reg 10 U. S. 48 coup 11	8t L. & I. M. Gen. 5s. 80%
U. S. 4168 reg 1	
Pacific 6s of 15 10	
Louisianast'ped 4s 1	10 T. P. L. G. Tr. Rets 7014
Missouri 6s 10	10 T. P. R. G. Tr. Reta 18
Tenn, new set 6s 1	7 Union Pacific 1sts, 103
Tenn, new set 5s [6 West Shore 974
Tenn new not 2s f	18 R. G. W. 1sts 70
Tenn. new set 3s t Canada So. 2ds t	191 Atabilian in
Central Pacific 1st. 10	1834 Atchison 48 77
D & D C lette 181. 10	15 Atch. 2568, class A. 4314
D. & R. G. 18th 11	4 G. H. & S. A. 58 99
D. & B. G. 48	5 G. H. & S. A. 2d 5s. 102
Eric 2ds 1	00 H. & T. C. 58 105
M. K. & T. Gen 6s	8 do con. 6s
M. K. & T. Gen. 5s 4	1016 N. Carolina 68 125
Mutual Union 6s 10	06 N. Carolina 48 95
N. J. C. Int. Cert 16	0816 S. C. Browns 100
N. Pac. 1sts 1	13 Tenn. old 6s 65
N. Pac. 2ds 10	Tenn old on 65
N. W. Consols 1	00 Va. 6a 50
N. W. Consols 1:	32 Va. Ex-Mat. coup 35
N. W. Debent'ra5s. 16	03 Va. cons., 2d series 50

Boston Stock Quotations. Boston, July 3 .- Call loans, 7@10 per cent;

Atch., Top. & S. F	2136	Westingh, Electric	23
American Sugar	83	do pref'd	40
do pref d	82%		4.5
Bay State Gas Bell Telephone	107	Atchison 2ds	42
Boston & Albany	101	Atchison 4s New England 6s	76%
Boston & Maine	159	Gen. Electric 5s	103
Cht., Bur. & Q	5614	Win Contral to	84%
Fitchburg		Allonez Mining Co	
General Electric	7136	Atlantie	-6
Ill. Steel	50	Boston & Montana	19
Mexican Central	3036	Butte & Boston	6114
N. Y. & New Eng.	2014	Calumet & Heela	280
Old Colony	180	Centennial	4
Oregon Short Line Rubber		Franklin	936
San Diego	301	Kearsarge	6
Union Pacific		Osceola	25
West End	2572	Quincy Tamarack	105
do pref'd		Tamaraca	138

New York Mining Quotations.

3.—The following are	the
140 Sierra Nevada	120
20 Union Con 700 Yellow Jacket	50
70 Iron Silver	200
100 do prefd	1500
	140 Sierra Nevzda 100 Standard 20 Union Con 700 Yellow Jacket 70 Iron Sliver 700 Quick Sliver

London Financial Review.

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London, July 3.—[New York Horald Cable—Special to The Bre.]—Silver was unchanged at 334d per oz., but there is a strong belief that the reaction is unwarranted and due merely to the manipulation of American operators who are interested in the metal. It is believed it will fall to a lower level. The stock markets were all flat today. American railways opened moderately steady, but soon weakened and closed flat. Lonisville & Nashville, previously an especial favorite here, leading the downward movement with a fall off 2 per cent and closing at 66. Denver preferred, Norfolk preferred and Union Pacific were also decidedly weak. The feature in foreigners was the fall in Spanish, owing to the failure of the new internal loan, which has acted badly upon the Paris course, upon which liquidation has just begun. Mexican railway securities and other securities largely dependent upon silver were weak. The Stock exchange will be closed on Thursday. Business will probably be sluggish all the week.

British tirain Trade Review. LONDON, July 3.—The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review of the British grain trade, says: It is feared that the tropical heat will induce premature ripeness of the grain or

wither the plants. Half of the wheat crop and two-thirds of the barley crop bids fair to be very deficient. Oats are very bad and a half yield will be surprising. With the home crops short along the line, the market for wheat is positively weak. The average price during June was 27s 1d per quarter. Austrian, American red winter, California and Russian were 5d lower. Indian was unsettled.

COTTON MARKET REVIEW.

Amount in sight at Present the Smallest Since 1890.

Amount in sight at Present the Smallest Since 1890.

New Orleans, July 3.—The movement of the cotton crop as given in Secretary Heater's monthly New Orleans totton Exchange statement issued this morning shows that the amount of cotton brought into sight for June was the smallest for that month since 1890. The deficiency which at the close of May was 2,481,552 bales compared with the year before has been increased to 2,507,294 bales under the former and 2,082,142 bales under the former and 2,082,142 bales under the interest of the compared with the year before that been increased to 2,507,294 bales under the former and 2,082,142 bales under the latter. The total number of bales brought into sight during the month of June was 82,085 bales, against 10,377 bales in June 1892, and 108,251 bales in June 1891, a decrease from last year of 25,342 bales, and from the year before of 26,216 bales.

The movement from the first of September to the close of June includes total receipts at all United States delivery ports of 4,981,226 bales, against 7,026,322 bales last year and 6,844,606 bales the year before; net overland movement by railroads across the Mississiph, Ohio and Potomae rivers, 881,792 bales, against 1,234,108 bales and 1,076,666 bales; southern mill tarkings, exclusive of quantity consumed at southern outports, 608,428 bales, against 257,879 bales and 528,831 bales; and interior town stocks in excess of those held at the commencement of the season 9,848 bales, against 120,286 bales and 94,341 bales. These make the total amount of the cotton crop brought into sight during the ten months ending June 30,6,461,301 bales, against 50,334 bales has year and 40,473 bales the year before. This makes their average weekly takings for the season 38,982 bales, against 50,334 bales has year and 40,185 bales the year before. This makes their average weekly takings for the season 38,982 bales, against 50,334 bales has year and 2,005,905 bales the year before. Including port and interior stocks left over from the previous seas

Omaha Produce Market. BUTTER—The market was firm, with the recelpts moderate and the demand active. Fancy
creamery prints, 21c; fancy creameries, solid
packed, 19c; fair to good creameries, solid
packed, 16@18c; choice to fancy country, 15@
16c; fair to good country, 15c; picking stock,
fresh, 14c.
EGGS—The local demand for cggs is light and
as there are not many coming the market is

lbe; fair to good country, lbe; packing stock, fresh, 14c.

EGGS—The local demand for eggs is light and as there are not many coming the market is steady and quiet. The great majority of the sales are reported at 11½c.

Live Poultiny—As usual on the first of the week there was very little doing and the market was not quotably changed. Spring chickens, per doz., \$2.50\(\text{3.50}\); chickens, best hens, per lb., 7\(\text{4.70}\); c; chickens, mixed coops, per lb., 6c; old roosters, per lb., 4\(\text{4.5c}\); turkeys, per lb., 6c; old roosters, per lb., 4\(\text{4.5c}\); turkeys, per lb., 9\(\text{2.10c}\); ducks, per lb., 7\(\text{4.5c}\); curkeys, per lb., 9\(\text{2.10c}\); ducks, per lb., 7\(\text{4.5c}\); curkeys, per lb., 9\(\text{2.10c}\); ducks, per lb., 7\(\text{4.5c}\); or and and the arrivals of desirable stock are meeting with quite ready sale. Some of the cars received were sold as soon as they were unloaded. A few old potatoes are to be found on the market, which are selling at about half what they cost. Old potatoes, 50\(\text{4.6c}\); or mey potatoes, per bl., \$2.75\(\text{2.3.00}\); new potatoes, per bl., \$2.75\(\text{2.3.00}\); new potatoes, per bl., \$2.75\(\text{2.3.00}\); new potatoes, per lb., 2\(\text{2.3.00}\); genenal, feature of general interest. String beans, 75\(\text{4.90}\); or per \(\text{4.-bu}\), box; wax beans, per \(\text{4.-bu}\), box; \$1.00\(\text{2.1.5c}\); lb., cut her; per doz., 50\(\text{4.5c}\); ablage, per doz., 50\(\text{4.5c}\); or substant steady with no special feature of general interest. String beans, 75\(\text{4.90}\); or ew onlons, per lb., 2\(\text{2.90}\); caulidower, per doz., \$1.50\(\text{3.50}\); her onlons, per lb., 2\(\text{2.90}\); caulidower, per doz., \$1.50\(\text{3.50}\). BERRIES—The receipts were about as large assusual on the first day of the week and the market was firm. Strawberries, Oregon, fancy, \$2\(\text{4.50}\); caulidower, per doz., \$4\(\text{5.50}\). BERRIES—The receipts are labout as large as usual on the first day of the week and the marke

TROPICAL FRUITS. PINEAPPLES-Florida, per case of 5 to 7 oz. \$5.50@7.00.
ORANGES—Mountain Mediterranean sweets, \$3; Riverside Mediterranean sweets, \$3.50@ 3.75; mountain oranges, \$2.50@2.75; Riverside seedlings, \$3.00@3.25.
LEMONS—Messinas, extra fancy, \$5.50@6.00; Messinas, per box, choice to fancy, \$5.00@5.50.
BANANAS—Per bunch, large, \$2.26@2.75; per bunch, small to medium, \$2.00@2.25.

HIDES, TALLOW, ETC. HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—No. 1 green hides, 3c; No. 2 green hides, 2c; No. 1 green salted hides, 3½c; No. 2 green salted hides, 25½c; No. 1 green salted hides, 25 lbs. to 40 lbs., 3½c; No. 2 green salted hides, 25 lbs. to 40 lbs., 2½c; No. 1 yeal calf, 8 lbs. to 15 lbs., 6c; No. 2 yeal calf, 8 lbs. to 15 lbs., 6c; No. 1 dry flint hides, 7c; No. 2 dry flint hides, 5c; No. 1 dry salted hides, 5c. Part cured hides ½c per lb. less than fully cured.

Bint hides, 5c; No. 1 dry saited hides, 5c. Part cured hides ½c per ib. less than fully cured.

SHEEP PELTS—Green salted, each 35c@\$1.25; green salted shearlings chort wooled early skins), each 15@25c; dry shearlings (short wooled early skins), No. 1, each 5@10c; dry shearlings (short wooled early skins), No. 2, each 5c; dry flint, Kansas and Nebraska butcher wool pelts, per ib., actual weight, 10@11c; dry flint Kansas and Nebraska Murrain wool pelts, per ib., actual weight, 7@10c; dry flint Colorado butcher wool pelts, per ib., actual weight, 7@9c; dry pieces and bucks, actual weight, 7@9c; dry pieces and bucks, actual weight, 5@7c.

Tallow and Grease—Fallow, No. 1, 44@45c; grease, white A, 445@5c; grease, white B, 4c; grease, veilow, 35;c; grease, dark, 3c; old butter, 2@24c; beeswax, prime, 16@25c; rough tallow, 24
BONES—Car lots weighed and delivered in

GSc.

BONES—Car lots weighed and delivered in Chicago: Dry buffalo, per ton, \$16.00@18.00; dry country, bleached, per ton, \$10.00@13.00; dry country, damp and meaty, \$8.00@10.00.

PRODUCE POINTERS.

PRODUCE POINTERS.

A Georgia paper says: "The Georgia melon—the old-time 'Kattlesnake' of the days when the shipping of melons first began—no longer cuts a figure in shipments to the north. Its place has been usurped by the round, green 'Kolb Gem,' which had its origin on the farm of a gentleman who made such a stir. In Alabama politics a year ago, Georgians do not eat them, but they are the delight of the shipper, for the rind being so thick and the 'meat' so firm, they are carried thousands of miles without apparent injury, and as the shrewd Georgia farmer puts it, 'Them Yankees don't know the difference.' Of all the melons pianted in Georgia this year, it will be safe to estimate that two-thirds of the entire acreage is in this variety, so unfit for consumption and yet so desirable for shipping."

A local house dealing in hides gives the fol-

is in this variety, so untit for consumption and yet so desirable for shipping."

A local house dealing in hides gives the following instructions and information for the benefit of shippers: During warm weather it is necessary to have green hides saited promptly, or they will spoil, but hides can be shipped green in the winter season in a frozen state without saiting. To are a hide properly it is first necessary to trim it by cutting off what does not belong to the hide, such as horns, tail bones, and sinews, then spread the hide on the floor and sprinkle sait evenly and freely over the flesh side. In this way pile one hide on the other, flesh side up, head on head, tail on tail. Stretch out the flanks and legs so as to give the hide; a chance to drain. It will take a week or more to cure hides thoroughly. When hides have lain over a week in sait, they will then do to the up and ship, after having shaken off the surplus sait. For a large heavy hide it will take a bout a pail of sait, and a less quantity for smaller hides or calf skins, in proportion to size, Green butcher hides shrink in saiting from 10 to 15 per cent, consequently saited or cured are worth from 1 to 2 cents more than green.

Liverpool Markets. LIVERPOOL, July 3.—WHEAT—Steady; demand moderate; holders offer moderately; No. 2 red winter, 5s 7½de55 90 per cental. COMS—Firm; demand fair; mixed western, 4s 5d per cental.

PORK—Prime mess, western fine, 48s 9d per bbi.

LABD—Prime western, 47s 6d per cwt. PEAS—Canadian, 5s 7½d per cental.

Wool Market. Wool Market.

Bostos, July 3.—There is no improvement in the demand for wool. Sales are confined to small lots as wanted by manufacturers. Prices remain the same as a week ago. New territory, Texas, California and Oregon has been seiling on a scoured basis of 42245c for fine and fine medium, and 40c for medium. Pulled wools were dull and steady at 30255c

for good supers. Aus ralian wool steady. For-eign carpet wools are selling steadily at prev-lous prices. Havana Markets.

HAVANA, July 3,—Sugar—Quiet. Exchange—Steady. Elgin Butter Market. Elgin, June 26.-Burrer-Active; sales, 81,800 lbs. at 20c.

Financial Notes. NEW OBLEANS, July 8.—Clearings, \$1,066,-New York, July 3.—Clearings, \$113,633,620; balances, \$6,955,364.

Paris, July 8.—Three per cent rentos, 971 PHILADELPHIA, July 8.—Clearings, \$15,278,-634; balances, \$2,218,168. Money 6 per cent.
LONDON, July 8.—Amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance today, £10,000.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—The Commercial exchange was closed today and business generally suspended. MEMPHS, July 8.—New York exchance, selling at \$1.50 premium. Clearings, \$221,580; balances, \$46,755.

Cincinnati, July 3.—Money, 6@8 per cent. New York exchange, 50c discount to par. Clearings, \$2,985,192. Boston, July 3.—Clearings, \$13,110,110; balances, \$2,508,996, Money 7 3 10 per cent. Exchange on New York, 40c to 50c discount. 87. LOUIS, July 8.—Clearings, \$5,868,000; balances, \$775,239. Money quiet at 628 per cent. Exchange on New York, 50275c dis-

CHICAGO, July S.—[Special Telegram to THE BER.]—New York exchange was quoted as fol-lows today: Boston, 40c to 50c discount; St. Louis, 50c to 75c discount.

OMAHA LIVE STOCK MARKETS. Receipts of All Kinds Light, Trade

Fairly Active and Prices Higher. MONDAY, July 3. The week starts out with moderate receipts of all kinds of stock. There were but 77 cars

of cattle received and of that number ten cars were of Kansas City Texans billed direct to Hammond. Conditions were favorable to the selling interests. Limited offerings, a bollday Tuesday, light receipts expected Wednesday and stronger markets east all combined to make business lively and prices firmer. Speculative shippers were ready and willing to take a hand, but the dressed beef men wanted the cattle bad enough to overbid them, so that about everything offered went to local about everything offered went to local slaughterers. Prices averaged 10c to 15c higher than Saturday on almost anything at all useful. Good 1,200 to 1,450-lb, steers sold at from \$4.70 to \$4.85, with rough and old-fashioned heavy grades at from \$4.30 to \$4.50. Fair to choice 1,000 to 1,150-lb, steers sold from \$4.25 up to \$4.75. There was not so much of the poor half fat and grass stock here and trading was rather livelier than usual of late and on the basis of substantially stronger prices, sales being at from \$3.50 up to \$4.10. It was a good, strong, active, healthy market throughout, and was over before the middle of the forenoon. the forenoon.

The few cows here sold freely at good strong prices. Choice stuff sold as high as \$4, and there was nothing of any consequence went at under \$1.75. Offerings were generally rather common and sold largely at from \$2 to \$2.60. Calves at \$4 to \$4.75 were fully steady and the same was true of bulls and stags at \$1.75 to \$3.50.

\$1.75 to \$3.50.

The feeder trade, what there was of it, was lively but prices for desirable stock 10c to 25c better than the first of last week. There was a very fair country demand and regular dealers bought freely. Fair to very good stock left first hands at from \$3.15 to \$3.55. Representative sales.

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COLORADO. 1 feeder....780 2 50 34 feeders...788 3 15 1 feeder....780 2 50 34 feeders....788 3 15
Hoos—Ax is generally the case on Monday
the run of bozy was light. Receipts fell fully
1,700 short of last Monday's. The market was
active and generally 5c to 10c better than
Saturday's. There was a good line of buyers
on hand, although only two local houses were
buying. Outside packers took about half the
receipts. The range of prices was decidedly
narrow, from \$5.40 for rough mixed packers to
\$5.55 for choice butcher weights. The popular
price for good hogs of all weights was \$5.50,
with the common grades at \$5.45. Buying was
active, and by 9 o clock practically everything
was out of first hands. The big buik of the
hogs sold at \$5.45 and \$5.50 against \$5.35 to
\$5.45 Saturday and \$5.60 to \$5.65 on last Monday. Representative sales:
No. Av. Sh. Pr. No. Av. Sh. Pr.

uny, nep	T. COLO. T.		A 8 1/27 a		
No. Av.	Sh.	Pr.	No. Av.	Sh.	Pr.
2365	-	85 25	49316	80	\$5 50
2866	_	5 35	64319	120	5 50
2230	-	5 40	75238	200	5 50
4267	80	5 40	48 230	80	5 50
3266	80	5 40	61246	-	5 50
70 263	240	5 40	71227	-80	5 50
45398	80	5 45	53258	80	5 50
54258	120	5 45	64251	200	5 50
69235	120	5 45	86 244	40	5.50
61296	240	5 45	5290		5 50
64 254	280	5 45	64245	40	5 50
56293	120	5 45	68 246	120	5 50
65233	160	5 45	47226	40	5.50
57223	40	5 45	67233	40	5 50
55216	120	5 45	72270	-	5 50
62205	160	5 45	82203	200	5 50
60259	160	5 4714	64249	80	5 50
63248	200	5 4714	78 222	-	5 50
68237	120	5 4714	65 240	120	5 50
65230	120		72261	160	5 50
76236	80	5 50	61265	120	5 50
62283	- 80	5 50	11243	-	5 50
67251	120	5 50	63 245	160	5 50
60239	80	5 50			

SHEEP—There were no fresh receipts of sheep and the market was quotably unchanged. Fair to good natives, \$4.0024.75; fair to good west-crns, \$3.5024.75; common and stock sheep, \$2.5023.50; good to choice 40 to 100-ib lambs, \$4.2525.75.

Receipts and Disposition of Stock Official receipts and disposition of stock as shown by the books of the Union Stock Yards company for the forty-eight hours ending at 5 o'clock p. m. July 3, 1893; RECEIPTS.

	9 A. Me-	1,8800	1000		eme.	ARMAND E.	0 OF 100
Cars.	Head	Cars.	Head	Cars.	Head	Cars.	Head
68	1,591	142	2,686			7	10
	10.		DISPO	SITIO	N.		
	BU	YERS.		CAT	TLE.	HOGS.	SHEE
The 6 Swift The 6 P. D. Chica	A Co hidahs Armongo P.	Pack	nd Co. ing Co.		20 109 604 364	694 852 652 606	
T	otal				1,254	2.804	

Chleago Live Stock Market.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Chicago, July 3.—¡Special Telegram to This Ber.!—The cattle market was strong for all grades. It was higher for anything possessing merit. The supply was small for a Monday, and as there will be no opportunity temorrow to secure stock, there was an active demand both for local and shipping accounts. Pair to best natives were generally 10c higher than at the close of hist week, and even the off grades could be moved at slightly better prices. The increased firmness arose from the belief that the arrivals for the next few days will be light. The supply was made up of about 7,000 natives and 6,000 Texans. The former changed hands principally at from \$2 to \$3.25 for cows and buils and at from \$4.35 to \$5 for steers. Extra 1,500 to 1,700-1b steers were quoted as high as from \$5.50 to \$5.60, but none good enough to bring these figures was offered. A few scaly old cows were taken by canners at from \$1.50 to \$1.75. There was no demand for stockers and feeders. Vealcalves were wanted at from \$2.55 to \$5.75. There was an active market for Texas cattle and but little variation in price was noted.

At the opening of business this morning the hog market was no better than at the close of Saturday's trading, buyers taking hold in a gingerly way and prices ruling weak. Late in

the forencon there was an improvement both in the demand and prices. The supply fell short of the first-estimates and freer buying resulted in an advance of from 5c to 10c. At the start \$5.00 was an outside quotation for heavy weights. Toward the close hogs of no better quality were salable at \$5. The best assorted light sold 5c higher than heavy hogs of the first quality, sales making at \$6.05. Toward the control of the first quality, sales making at \$6.05. Toward the control of the first quality, sales making at \$6.05. Toward the control of the first quality, sales making at \$6.05. Toward the control of the first sales and the prospects for the remainder of the week are regarded as favorable.

With a supply in the yards of more than 12.

mainder of the week are regarded as favorable.

With a supply in the yards of more than 12,000 head there was a poor show for any improvement in prices for sheep, and there was none. Anything answering to the description of good was satable as full prices, but poor stock was not wanted at former quotations. Fat natives were salable at from \$4.75 to \$5, and choice Texans were quoted at from \$4.25 to \$4.40. From those figures there was trading all along down to from \$1.50 to \$1.75 for salawags. The greater part of the offerings sold at from \$3 to \$4.50. Sales of spring lambs were on a basis of from \$3.50 to spring lambs were on a basis of from \$3.85 to \$6.50, the outside quotation being for fancy.

Receipts: Cattle, 13,000 head; calves, 500 head; hogs, 27,000 head; sheep, 12,000 head.

The Evening Journal reports:

CATILE—Receipts, 13,500 head; shipments, 3,500 head; market active, steady to trifle higher; top steers, \$5,1025.45; others, \$4.652, 4.90; coarse and grassers, \$3.7524.50; Texans, \$2.703.75; native cows, \$3.0025.80; canners, \$1.0022.75.

Hous—Receipts, 25,000 head; shipments, 7,000 head; market active, 10230c higher; mixed, \$5.8025.85; prime heavy and butcher weights, \$5.9026.00; lights, \$6.0026.10.

Sheep — Receipts, 11,000 head; shipments, 4,000 head; market active; good and useful, slightly higher, others steady; stockers, \$2.25 (\$3.10; natives, \$4.0065.50; Texans, \$4.0064.90; lambs, \$3.5026.50.

Kansas City Live Stock Market.

Kansas City Live Stock Market. KANSAS CITY, July 8.—CATTLE—Receipts, 5,500 head; shipments, 4,100 head; market was steady to loc higher; Texas steers, \$2,400, 4.00; shippers, \$4,2565,525; native cows, \$1,40 \$3.75; butchers, \$1,4004.30; stockers and feeders, \$2,5003.75; bulls and mixed, \$1.650, 3.00. 3.00. Ho68-Recelpts, 2,000 head; shipments, 4,000 head; market strong and 10c higher; buik of sales, \$5,40@5,60; heavy, \$5,30@5,60; packers, \$5,20@5,60; mixed, \$5,35@5,60; light, \$5,45@5.75; Yorkers, \$5,65@5.75; pigs, \$5,00

SHEEF-Receipts, 4,900 head; shipments, 1,000 head; market steady. St. Louis Live Stock Market. St. Louis Live Stock Market.

St. Louis, July 3.—Cattle-Receipts, 2,200 head, mostly common and medium Texans; grass Texan steers, \$2.70@3.25.

Hoos-Receipts, 1,400 head; market opened lower, closed strong; top price, \$5.75; bulk of sales, \$5.55@5.76.

Sheer-Receipts, 3,300 head; market steady, unchanged.

A GRAVEYARD TOWN.

That Was What the Drummer Thought of Boston as He Saw It.

Many years ago, at least so the oldest inhabitant says, there was a hotel on Boylston street just opposite the bury-ing ground on the Common, says the Boston Budget.

Now late one evening there arrived in town a drummer with an intense aver-sion for burying grounds. But he had heard of this hotel and so he ordered the hackman to take him straight there. It was so dark that night that he had not noticed what was in front of the hotel; but when he woke up the next morning he was so much annoyed by the sight of the graveyard staring him in the face that he determined to leave the hotel.

He took his grip, went down town and spent the whole day among the offices. When evening came he asked for a good hotel and was told to go to the Parker house. He arrived there about 8 o'clock at night and went directly to the front room assigned to him on the fifth floor.

When he awoke in the morning, behold, there was another graveyard staring him in the face. Again he paid his bill, took his grip and went out to spend the day among the merchants.

Again that evening he asked for a

good hotel. This time he brought up at the Tremont house and was planted in the front right-hand corner. Freed at last, he thought, from the oppressive neighborhood of skeletons and tombstones, he sank to rest. But his slum-bers were uneasy and about 6 o'clock he got up and went to the window. There in front of him was the Park street burying ground.

He was seen that morning about 10

o'clock heading for the rail vay station with a big bag in each hand. When his friend asked him why he was going in such a hurry he ejaculated profanely: "I'm going to some place that isn't so unhealthy that they have to plant a graveyard in front of every hotel in the

A FREE BORN TEXAN.

But He Had Considerable Respect for Certain Federal Judges.

"Don't know as I am so down on federal judges," said a tall, sunburned Texan to the St. Louis Republic re-"I've been sorter followin' Jim Hogg's lead and thinkin' they was nothin' but pizen, till a day or so ago I was in Paris, Tex. You know they've got a federal court there that covers all outdoors; just runs the Indian country, everything from carryin' in a pint of liquor to killing your man, all comes to Paris. Well, I was sittin' there a sizin' up the thing; they had sixty fellers out for sentencin', and was tryin' a little chap for robbin' a postoffice. He was 'bout 9 years old, and got too wild for his old mammy up here in Missouri to handle, and she sent him to her son-inlaw down in the Chectaw country. The kid got tired staying there and con-eluded to pull out. The son-in-law was postmaster, and the kid, a-tninkin' it was all in the family, took 40 cents' worth of stamps outen the drawer, as he said, to buy grub with on the road.

"Well, the kid told his story, and the jury they says guilty. The judge—Dave Bryant's his name—he sorter sits thinkin' a while and then he says: 'Charley' (Charley Beachman's the kid's name), 'I tried to get Mr. Hanney to not prosecute you and get the grand jury to et you out, but I couldn't do it, and jury they couldn't do anything but what they've done; I don't know that I've got any right to do anything but sentence you, but I am not goin' to send you. nor any other 9-year-old boy, to associate with criminals, for 40 cents' worth of stamps. I'm goin' to send you home to your mother,' and then he gave that kid a talkin' to that orter to hold him straight till's he 21, and so I'm kinder changin' my mind about federal judges— though," he added, "of course, Dave Bryant's a free born Texan."

'Current Observations. Kate Field's Washington: The man who is liked by all women is not often loved by any of them.

Never ask a woman for anything. Either take it or wait till she offers it. A certain skill in any fine art is almost always harmful to a man's essential vo-

One of the secrets of successful flirtstion is never doing anything you are expected to. In literature originalities petrify into formulæ, as in politics revolutionists be-

come despots. Experience is a thorough teacher, but she cannot turn the pupil back to the beginning of the book. Nobody loves you so much as he loves

himself; but, then, nobody hates you so much as he loves himself. "All the stories have been told," you say. Love, envy, crime and remorse were worn out tales after Eden, then.

Most of us are of no importance. The ery distinction of some few proves the individual insignificance of the mass. Think of the good or evil which might have been done us by the people whom, through mere chance, we have never

INDIA AND SILVER RUPEES

Finance in the Land of the Mahatma and Its Peculiarities.

EFFECT OF THE LATE ACTION EXPLAINED

History of the Depreciation of the Coin and the Efforts of the Government to Raise Its Value-Good for American Wheat.

CHICAGO, July 3.—Rev. Thomas Craven, who for nearly twenty years has had charge of the Methodist Episcopal Publishing house at Lucknow, India, perhaps the largest mission publishing house in the world, employing 150 hands, and running six printing machines by steam, is in the city taking in the World's fair, Mr. Craven was inter-viewed yesterday on the subject of the silver question, as viewed from the Indian standpoint.

dian standpoint.

"For some years the question of silver has been of absorbing interest to the government of India," he said. "As a proof of the great interest the people there have in this question, it may be stated that Reuter, in his telegraphic communications from America, has given and is giving special prominence to the action of your congress and the opinions of your prominent public men on of your prominent public men on this point. Even such important matters as the election of Cleveland might reasonably have been expected to have been ig-nored in the telegraphic dispatches to India. These dispatches did not even let us know whether Cleveland was elected or not. But, on the other hand, every little motion or resolution and every interview with well known public men on the silver question was at once telegraphed to us. This showed the keenness with which we were observing the action of this country on the silver

"Meetings have been held in all the different sections of India to petition the government to take some action whereby the depreciation of the rupee might be remedied. To one of the largest and most influential delegations presenting these petitions, which ever waited on the governor general, the reply was made that the govern-ment reserved its action until it should be seen what would be recommended by the monetary conference at Brussels. The reply also gave the promise that in the event of nothing being done by the conference, independent action would be taken by the Indian government. This occurred during the past winter, consequently the present action of the Indian government, which has created such absorbing interest throughout the country, was not altogether unexpected.

"It may be fairly taken for granted that the government of India, assisted by England, will do all it possibly can to give its old value to the Indian rupee. The depreciation of the rupee to the extent it has suffered during the last year is fraught with peril on every hand.

"What is the actual price of the rupee in American money-its nominal value? 'Its nominal value up to twenty-two years ago, the par value of the rupee, was 48 cents. The rupee is the standard of the people's money in India as the dol-lar is in America. There are 10 rupees to one pound sterling. At the time I left India \$100 in American currency was worth 340 rupees in Indian currency. According to the latest advices from India Inotice \$100 now would only be worth 305 rupees.'

"Does this stopping of free silver rupee coinage mean a cessation of the coining indefinitely?"

I would not be able to say that. The action taken leaves the matter optional with the government. The point is that the government insists upon the rupees having a value of 1 shilling and 4 pence -that is to say, three rupees shall equal \$1 in value in round numbers at the present, and greater value they will give to it if they can."

"You have no idea as to when the government will resume the coinage of silver?"

"No, sir. I understand that the government's action is tentative-only experimental. The fixed policy of the government is to bring the value of the rupee up. They will do all they can, and whatever they can, to bring up the value of the rupee and keep it up. That policy is fixed. Whatever policy they adopt, if this policy fails, will have this for its object -- the raising of the value of the rupee." "What do you think will be the effect

of this silver policy upon the value of American wheat?" "My opinion as to the action of the

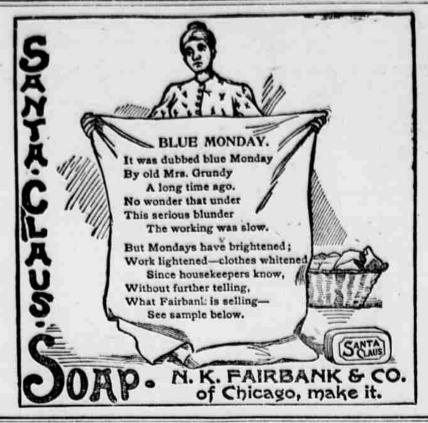
Indian government in regard to its currency upon the exportation of wheat as bearing upon its effect on this country is that it will be favorable. It has been well known for a number of years that England and the continent of Europe has looked to three sources of supply for its cereals—for wheat especially—namely, Russia, India and America, especially the two latter. The depreciation of the rupee in India has favored a large exportation of wheat when the harvest has permitted it. At the present juncture the harvest is a very large one, it being reported that in northern India there will be some 100,000 tons more wheat available than there was last year. Had the rupee not been interfered with and kept at the point of depreciation at which it stood a month ago the exportation of wheat from India would have been abnormally large, and consequently the demand for American would have been so much less. The interference with the coinage of the rupee by the late action of the Indian government means the greater value of the rupee and the raising of the price of wheat for export purposes, and the action of the Indian government will thus largely benefit the American wheat market.'

CAUGHT IN A CALM.

For Three Months a Ship Laid in Midocean Without a Breeze. PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—Held nearly four months in an equatorial doi-

drum, or dead sea calm, until its provi-sions were exhausted and its crew on the verge of starvation, was the terrible experience of the American ship Ed-ward O'Brien, which had long ago been given up for lost. The ship is owned partly in this city, and the news of its safety has just reached its owner. The ship left Vic-toria, B. C., last December, and made a fine run down the Pacific coast and around the Horn, but when near the equator it was caught in one of dreaded calms that prevail in that latitude. For three months it remained within a distance of half a mile from where it first struck the calm, and during that time there was not wind enough to till even the lightest of her sails. Finally a wind came along and carried the ship to safety. But the provisions were exhausted, and the arrival of the O'Brien saved the crew from a terrible

Trial of the Coquitiam Case. VICTORIA, B. C., July 3.—Advices by steamer from Alaska say that the case of the British supply steamer Coquitlam



MAHAManufacturers Jobbers Directory

AWNINGS AND TENTS. Omaha Tent-Awning | Wolf Bros & Co., COMPANY. Manufacturers of Tents Awnings, etc., 703 and 705 S. 16th Street.

HORSE COVERS. BAGS & TWINES

Bemis Omaha Bag COMPANY.
Importers and manufacturers of flour sacks,
buriap, s twine.

BOOTS AND SHOES. Morse-Coe Shoe Company. Salesroom and Office-1107-1109-1111 Howard St. Factory-1119-1121-1123 Howard St

We are the ONLY Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes in the state of Nebraska. A general invigation is extended to all to inspect our new factory. Kirkendall, Jones & Amer, Hand-Sewed Company. Wholesale mfrs., agents Boston Rubber Shoe Co. 1102-1104-1106 Harney Street.

COAL, COKE. tmana Coal, Coke & | Eagle Corniee Works LIME CO., hard and soft coal, S. E. cor. 16th and Douglas Street.

DRY GOODS. M. E. Smith& Co. | Kilpatrick-Koch Dry Dry goods, notions, fur-rishing goods, corner lith and floward Sts.

GOODS CO.
Notions, gents' furnish-ing goods, cor. lith and Harney Streats. FURNITURE.

Omaha Upholstering

Bebee & Runyan COMPANY.
Upholstered furniture, iluz-ilud Nicholas St.
Wholesale only.

and 13th Stree

HARDWARE. Rector & Wilhelmy | Lobeck & Linn. Dealers to hardware and mechanics' tools. 1404 Douglas Street. Corner 19th and Jackson Streets.

HATS, ETC. | IRON WORKS. W. A. L. Gibbon & Co | Omaha Safe and Iron Wholesale Wholesale Hats, caps, straw goods, mittens, 17th WORK4. Safes, vaults, jall woo

tron shutters and fire o capes, Gus. Androen, 14s and Jackson

LUMBER.

John A. Wakefield. Imported Arerican Port-land coment, Milwau-ken coment and Quincy white lime.

LIQUORS. Frick & Herbert,

Wholesale liquor dealer 1001 Farnam St.

PAPER.

Carpenter Paper Co | Standard Oil Co. oils, axle grease etc.

OILS.

PRODUCE COMMISSION.

Branch & Co. Jas. A. Clark & Co. 317 S. 18th Street. kinds, oysters.

STOVE REPAIRS | SASH, DOORS Omaha Stove Repair | M. A. Disbrow & Co works. Stove repairs Manufacturers of sash, and water attachments for any kind of stove made. 1207 Dougras at. Rec 12th and large.

United States district court last week, Senator Allen representing the defense. Union Stock Yards Company, All the evidence available was taken, including that taken here on commis sion. The result was that judgment was reserved, but from the remarks of the presiding judge it is as good as assured that the decision will sustain the legality of the seizure and the con-demning of the vessel, in which case an

appeal to the supreme court of the

KAISER WILLIAM'S SPEECH.

It is Ready to Be Delivered to the Reichstag Tomorrow.

BERLIN, July 3.—The kaiser had another conference with Chancellor von Caprivi and Herr von Boettecher yesterday, at which the manuscript of the speech with which his majesty will open the Reichstag tomorrow was considered and, it is said, in part rewritten. The throne speech will reflect the gov-ernment's views in the matter of the military bill and commercial treaties in such a manner as to forestall all misunderstandings. It will also contain the kaiser's views on a second dissolution of the Reichstag, which may occur in the event of the majority for the govern-ment being undecided. The document will be one of the most important delivered in the last ten years, and from its tone it may be inferred conclusively that

United States will be taken at once.

there will be war or peace between the kaiser and his people.

An investigation is being had at Potsdam to find our which of the royal servants and beneficiares in that district have voted for socialists, All found guilty of this "crime" will be discharged from the kaiser's services. The number of lackeys, grooms, coachmen, personal gardners, everseers and other men em-

ployed in the Neus palais and at the other royal castles is about 500. In all these villages the socialist vote given was astonishingly large, and as the politics of the villagers are pretty well known, it can only be assumed that the royal serv-ants helped the reds along in enthusias-tic fashion. The kaiser is almost ready to believe that the fact of most of then being army men has something to do with this. It is said thousands of soldiers are imbued with socialistic notions.

WAS-TOO CONFIDING. How the Cashier of a San Francisco Bank

Became a Defaulter. SAN FRANCISCO, July 3 .- James W. Flood, cashier of Donohue, & Kelly's bank, who is under conviction for the embezzlement of \$165,000 of the bank's funds, has broken silence for the first time since the discovery of the deficit and cleared apparently the mystery which surrounded the disappearance of the money. Flood says the deficit oc-curred in overdrafts, \$30,000 being paid to James Cogan, a once well known stock broker here, and \$35,000 to Andrew Fox, son-in-law of Senator Stewart. Cogan was a large operator, and such was the confidence of the officers of Donohue & Kelly's bank that he obtained extensive credit. The stock market went strongly against Cogan and his overdraft at the bank reached a very large sum. Flood pressed Cogan for payment. The latter was ready in promises to protect himself, and Flood gave him further credit, thinking operations would be brought to a successful issue and the overdraft properly covered. One night about four years ago Cogan died, having committed suicide, as many

SOUTH OMAHA.

South Omaha. Best Cattle Ho and Sheep market in the west.

COMMISSION HOURES. Wood Brothers. Live Stock Commission Merchants.

Eouth Umaha—Telephone 1157. WALTER E. WOOD. | Managers Market reports by mail and wire cheerfully arnished upon application.

His Watch Stopped. Railroad accidents have happened because



stopped. Would you like to know which watch is most used on America's Greatest Rairroad? If so, write for circular, "A Question of Seconds," THE DURBER WATCH WORKS, Canton, O.

Dueber-Hampden

thought, and he owed the bank \$130,000. Flood alone knew how much the bank

Fox's operations were exactly similar, though separate from Cogan's, and he managed to get \$35,000 from Flood. Flood, realizing he had been deceived by both Fox and Cogan, managed to cover up the deficit for three years by a system of false entries and false drafts In the meantime the cashier had reduced the deficit over \$20,000 from his own resources. A motion for a new trial is now pending and Flood is in jail, bail being denied. It is not known where Fox is, as he has been absent from San Francisco several years.

Provisions of the Drexel Will. PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—The late A. J. Drexel's will, drawn ten years ago, but with numerous codicils since, will not be read until one week after his funeral. The estate will amount to over\$30,000,000 The will directs a reorganization of all three partnerships in the great banking firms on the 1st day of January succeeding Mr. Drexel's death, and establishes amount of interest the estate is to hold in them thereafter. Both the Drexel institute and the Childs-Drexel home for union printers are remembered and a good deal of money is given out-right to charities. The Philadelphia house of Drexel & Co. will continue on much the same lines as before. Pierrepont Morgan will take Drexel's place as absolute head of the

Started for the North Pole. NEW YORK, July 3 .- The lines of the Falcon, the little vessel which is to carry Licutement Peary and his party to the Arctic regions, were cast off last night and amid the blowing of whistles and the applause of the little crowd of visitors on the pier the ship glided into the river. She will touch at Boston and give the people there a chance to inspect her. Then she will go to Portland, Me. Lieutenant Peary's home, where she will be boarded by the lieutenant and