# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

## ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

## OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1893.

states that warrants will soon be issued for

## SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

TACKLED THE WRONG CROWD

Train Robbers Attempt to Hold Up a Train

on the Arausas Pass.

COLD BLOODED MURDER OF THE FIREMAN

There Were Only Twelve Passengers on

the Train, but They Were All Armed

and Used Their Gans-Bravery

of the Conductor.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 28.-The boldest

attempt at train robbery that ever occurred

in Texas or the whole country occurred this

afternoon about 2 o'clock near the village of

Breckinridge, in Wilson county, thirty miles

south of chis city. The train held up was

the San Antonio & Aransas Pass passenger

No. 4, leaving here at 1:20 p. m. The affair

resulted in the killing of F. A. Martin, the

fireman and the capture of one of the rob-

bers, who gives his name as J. D. May, a

The train was in charge of Conductor Ed

Steele, Engineer Mike Tierney and Fireman

Martin, all of San Antonio. It consisted of

New York Bankers Growing More Hopeful Over the Situation.

EASIER CONDITIONS PREVAIL

SILVER IS NOW THE ABSORBING TOPIC

Its Probable Effects Upon the Business World-Prominent Financiers Give Their Views-What Congress Will Be

Likely to Do.

NEW YORK, Jung 28.—Bankers reported an easier condition in the money market this morning. There were no extraordinary shipments of currency reported up to noon; no telegraphic transfers of money had been made to San Francisco-the demand from that section was believed to be over-and the only thing noticed out of the ordinary was a large number of demands for rediscounts from all over the country. The silver question was the chief topic of discussion on Wall street. Later in the day, however. the clearing house issued \$1,110,000 of clearing house loan certificates, making the total issued \$6,360,000.

The subtreasury transferred \$115,000 to San Francisco by telegraph in return for gold deposited. It also received \$200,000 in gold and greenbacks in exchange for currency of small denominations. The free gold in the treasury Loday is just \$96,000,000. No extraordinary shipment of currency was made to the country, either west or south, by the banks or the subtreasury.

There was much talk in Wall street as to the reasons which prevented the president calling congress together immediately. One calling congress together immediately. One of the reports was to the effect that the president, in conversation with a leading member of the house, had said that while there was no reasonable doubt about there being a majority in the house favorable to the repeal of the Sherman law, it was by no means certain that a like result would fol-low in the senate, and that this uncertainty of the senate was the principal factor against the calling of an extra session car-lier than Soptember 4.

#### lier than September 4. How Congress Stands.

An intimate friend of the secretary of the An intimate irread of the secretary of the treasury, in conversation with a reporter today, said that according to Mr. Carlisle a canvass of the members of congress had been made two months ago in behalf of Mr. Cleveland with the result that it was learned Cleveland with the result that it was learned that there was a majority of the house in favor of the repeal of the Sherman law, but that in the senate there was a majority of twenty the other way. It was believed, however, that enough senators (eleven at least) would be converted before Septem-her to erable a remeal measure to be merced ber to enable a repeal measure to be passed

in the upper house. An ex-treasury official was asked about the influence of the stoppage of free sliver coinage by the Indian mints and said: "This know just exactly what the Indian British government's intentions are, it is impossible respects, it may possibly be a good thing for this country. Heretofore an English mer-chant has been able to buy, say, a dollar's worth of silver for 65 cents and have it coined into \$1 (Indian money), which would buy a dollar's worth of wheat and that gave him a decided advantage over the American. The British government will no doubt try to avoid interfering as far as possible with commercial interests, not only in its own dominions, but with the rest of the world. It is always very conservative, silver com is still legal tender in India, but the government is going to try to put the country gradually on a gold basis, and, as a first step, has made the value of the rupces should stop the purchase of silver in September. I think it is very doubtful whether the British government would be able to carry out its plans to raise the price of e above the arbitrary value it has given to it. There is another ques-too, as to which we are uninformed. and which makes it difficult to discuss the silver question at this time, that is the uncertainty as to the British government's nction in relation to council bills. How many of them will it continue to sell ?

In order to find out whether recent events had brought about a change in public sentiment the News yes, erday sent to the editors of the leading newspapers in cleven southern states the following telegram: Please wire us tonight whether the senti-ment in your section now favors the repeal of the Sherman act and whether congress should be assembled at once for that purpose. should be assembled at once for that purpose. The replies show a remarkable change in the southern sentiment. One Mississippi editor thinks the Sherman law has not had a fair trial; every other addressed declares that the sentiment is decidedly in favor of repealing the law and alarge majority favors very prompt action. ASSISTANCE FROM OMAHA BUSINESS MEN Sufficient Cish Must Be Back of the Insti-

direction of enacting free silver legislation.

MAY SHUT DOWN.

#### Silver Depression Liable 10 Effect the Omaha Smelting Works.

Mr. E. W. Nash, treasurer of the Omaha & Grant Smelting company, was seen yester-Messrs. McCague and Atkinson, representday by a BEE reporter with regard to the ing the American National bank of Omaba, silver situation. Mr. Nash said: "I came had a conference with Comptroller Eckels in in from Denver last Monday, and while there reference to the resumption of their bank. I had a conference of course with Mr. Grant. The compareller informed them that he president of the company that owns this would consent to the reopening of the bank smelter. I see that you have something from him on the subject of the silver market in THE BEE this morning. I think that what you have there about covers the ground. We have quit buying and shall buy upon certain conditions. The first condition set forth by Mr. Eckels is that the bank must have 75 per cent of the liability of deposits in cash in its vaults or on deposit with no more silver until matters take a different reserve agents; the impairment of the capperhaps more than all the smelters in Denital of the bank must be made good and the comptroller thoroughly satisfied that the ver combined. It will take us some time to work off the stock we now have on hand even if we should buy no more, but it will be bank will be enabled to continue business on a firm and sound basis, then he will agree to

only a few weeks if we do not buy more until we shall have to make preparations to close up the business." up the business." "Could you not turn the smelter to the working up of other kinds of ore and still continue with your present force" "Not very well. The business would soon become so small that it would not pay to run at all. Not if would not pay

to run at all. No, if we cannot afford to work silver we shall have to shut up shop, that is the sum and substance of the matter.

Just at this point one of the clorks came in Just at this point one of the clorks came in with a telegram from New York which Mr. Nash read and then said: "Here is a mes-sage from our broker saving that he has just sold 50,000 cunces of silver at 68% cents. That is enough to make a man sick. One week ago to lay it sold at 83%. There is a drop of 15 cents in one week." Speaking of the amount of silver on hand Mr. Nash said: "We have been anticipating this drop for some time and have reduced our stock nearly one half. We have on hand at present about 1.000.000 ounces. We had

of postmasters' salaries for Nebraska based upon the gross revenue of the respective offiour stock nearly one half. We have on hand at present about 1,000,000 ounces. We had but one contract on hand, and that is al-most expired, but we have to take the over-flow from the Denver mills, and, of course, it will take a number of weeks to run that off." "What is your opifion as to the future?" "My opinion would only be a guess. We have done what we could to hold this thing back, but it seems that it could not be done back, but it seems that it could not be done. There is one thing sure. If something is not done and that right soon the west has not begun to know anything like the hard times that are going to come upon us. If the silver min's are closed it will fall leavily upon every man who owns property n the west. If the mines are closed the

west will become a cattle-grazing country again and everything will be adjusted along that line in due time."

"Do you see any way out of it?" "Oh, I still have hope that something will c done to relieve the situation, but I cannot give you any reason for thinking so. It is natural, I suppose, for people to indulge in hope as long as life lasts."

## SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT.

#### What a Prominent Denverite Thinks of the Present Silver Crisis.

and the commission has been held upon charges that Mr. Crocker had procured, by purchase, the resignation of the republican DESVER, June 28.- A prominent member of he Clearing House association today in postmaster before the expiration of his term, and that he was objectionable to the speaking of the silver situation said: "The closing of the mints of silver coinage in patrons of the office. The protests filed by Juan Boyle and some Catholic citizens of Kearney against the ap-India will precipitate the settlement of the silver question, and, viewed from this stand pointment of Mr. Crocker were very vigorous. The contest has aroused a good deal of feeling between Mr. Morton's adpoint, it is not to be regretted. It will not weaken the cause of silver, nor will it shake the confidence of the friends of free herents and those belonging to the opposing faction in the democratic party. While the incident has been closed in Washington, it oinage in ultimate success. The money changers have but one more point to gain and that is to secure the repeal of the Sher-man silver act; with that accomplished every impediment that they have declared threatens to cause further trouble in Ne braska. obstructed the paths of prosperity will be swept away and general relief to the people of the whole world will be the prompt and The following pensions granted are reoorted: Nebraska: Original-Horatio N. Leach, unmediate result. Instead of this, however, universal ruin and backruptcy will follow, Charles W. Bates. lowa: Original—Peres C. Blackmer. In crease—James F. Wishard, Willet O. Worden and the people will take the remedy into heir own hands and that remedy will be of "It may well be doubted if it would be good policy to oppose the repeal of the Sher-man act any further. The friends of free

controversy. There being no money other than gold and it being controlled by a com-

parative few, it will only be employed to ex-

tort usurious interests for its use from those who must submit or be ruined. It does not require the wisdom of a prophet to foretell

the result of such a condition. Ninety-five per cent of the people of the earth will then be

made to thoroughly appreciate their rela-tions to the remaining 5 per cent and

what course they will pursue remains to be seen. It will probably not be a pathway of

of the masses is no longer possible. Repeal the Sherman act and not only the people of the United States, but of the whole carth,

will demand a return to the free and unlin

ited coinage of silver, and they will obtain what they demand. It is more than possi-

brough the fiery furnace of ruin, certain to

LINCOLN BANKERS RESOLVE.

the Sherman Law.

Will Make an Emphatic Protest

speaking tonight in regard to the silver

question, said: "In order to emphasize the

ruin that imminently threatens the trans-missouri country, and especially the silver section, because of the ruthless policy out-

ined by the money power of the east and Europe, the Rocky Mountain News will in

the morning call for a mass convention in Denver of a character that in numbers and

ufluence will arrest the attention of the

crime that is contemplated. It also calls for free transportation to and from the conven-

tion from all Colorado lines the railroads being as deeply involved in the results as

Not the Misfit Kand.

any other interest."

country to its protest against the monstr

le that the shortest way to bimetallis

against silver.3

Just

they will proceed to coualize things.

AMERICAN NATIONAL MAYOPEN Comptroller Eckels Agrees with Mr. Mc-Cague on the Conditions.

tution to Meet All Demands-Sataries

of Nebraska Postmasters as

Readjusted.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, JUNE 28.

the reopening of its doors for business. Mr. Eckels agreed to allow the officials and

shareholders a reasonable time to comply

shareholders a reasonable time to comply with his conditions before he would appoint a receiver. Messrs, McCague and Atkinson stated to the comptroller that a number of substantial business men of Omaha had proffered assistance and they felt assured that through their aid the bank could be again placed upon its feet. The comptroller will not permit the reopening of this bank unless be is certain that sufficient cash is

with not permit the reopening of this balast unless he is certain that sufficient cash is back of it to meet all demands. Messrs, Mc-Cague and Atkinson left this afternoon for New York to consult with bankers in that city regarding the affairs of the embarrassed

bank and will probably leave for Omaha the

Salaries of Nebraska Postmasters.

Following is the result of the readjustment

latter part of the week.

\*Wisner reduced to fourth class.

Kearney's Postoffice Muddle.

has taken place under the present admini-stration, and one which has given much

trouble to the powers that be, was closed at this end of the line today. The postmaster general directed that an official commission

be issued to John F. Crocker as postmaster at Kearney, Neb. More than a month ago the appointment of Mr. Crocker was announced,

One of the bitterest fights for office that

ment:

states that warrants will soon be issued for the arrest of a number of customs officers and certain individuals who have been con-nected with the smuggling ring. It is stated that Secretary Carlisle has announced his intention of making a vigorous prosecution and will be actively seconded by Attorney General Olney. The steamship Haytien Republic was seized today, presumably by order of Spe-cial Treasury Agent Wood. Nothing is known of the arrest at the United States marshai's office, but complaint will probably be filed with the clerk of the United States court today or tomorrow. The ground for the seizure is not known, but it is said to be the old charge of smuggling opium and Chi-nese.

## DROPPED FROM THE ROLLS.

Action Taken in the Cases of People Drawing Pensions Fraudulently.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—They are after the fraudulent pensioners. A list comprising the names of a number of pensioners recommended by Commissioner Lochren to be dropped from the pension rolls has been handed to Secretary Smith and he has approved the recommendation.

It has been found upon investigation by the pension bureau that the persons named in the list arc not entitled to draw pensions. Among them are the names of eleven men now drawing pensions, while the records of the War department show conclusively that they were deserters from the army and are still deserters at large. One pensioner, it has been discovered, was never in the mili-tary service at all, but has been drawing his the same. A number are dropped from the rolls for not having served ninety days, as the law requires; others dropped because the disability for which they are drawing pen-sions is the result of their own vicious habits. Several women who drew pensions as sol-diers' widows are dropped because they have remarried, and one woman will cease to draw a pension because she is living in "open and notorious adultery." The work of examining the rolls with a

view to the detection of fraud will be prose-cuted with vigor, and, at the same time, the current issues will be carefully scrutinized with the same object. Secretary Smith and Commissioner Lochren, while prosecuting this work, renew the assurances previously given that just as much care will be exercised to secure pensions for those who are entitled to them under the laws as will be used to prevent fraud.

#### Yellow Fever in Georgia.

ces as given out by the Postoffice depart- 
 ment:
 To
 Office.
 From
 To.

 Office.
 From
 To
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 From
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 Arapahee...\$1.000
 1200

 Buce Hill.
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 Buce Hill.
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 Cd r R p ds 1.000 \$1.000
 Cawbridge.
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 1.200

 Cozad.
 1.000 \$1.200
 Crawford.
 1.000
 1.200

 Caraffield.
 1.200
 Cawbridge.
 1.000
 1.200

 Fails City.
 1.600 \$1.200
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 Fails City.
 1.600 \$1.200
 Dewitt.
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 Fails City.
 1.600 \$1.700
 Hartington.
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 Holderege.
 1.700 \$1.800
 Hurnbold..
 1.400
 1.300

 Nelson.
 1.100 \$1.200
 Nelson.
 1.200
 1.400
 2.200

 Nelson.
 1.100 \$1.200
 Read....
 1.200 \$1.100
 WASHINGTON, June 28 .- Surgeon General Wyman has been notified of the death from yellow fever of the captain of the bark Anita Berwynd, lying in the Satilla river. Georgia. The bark has been sent to the Georgia. The bark has been soul to the United States quarantine at Blackburn islands, off the coast of Georgia, and placed in charge of the marine hospital. It is not known how many persons are aboard the vessel, but the only other person of the crew who is reported to be sick is the cook. and it is not certain that he is afflicted with the fever.

## "Naval Changes.

WASHINGTON, June 28 .- It is understood that Commodore Kirkland will assume command of the Mare Island navy yard, reliev-

mand of the Mare Isinga navy yard, renev-ing Captain Howison. Saling orders have been sent to the United States ship Concord at Norfolk, Va., and next week she will sail for the China station station.

#### Will Vote for Its Repeal.

WASHINGTON, June 28 .- Representatives Boatner of Louisiana, Oates of Alabama, Algerson of West Virginia and Meredith of Virginia, all of whom voted for free coinage in the last congress, now declare that the Sherman law must be repealed at the carliest possible moment,

Carlisle and Cleveland Confer.

WASHINGTON, June 28 .- The president and

FOR A TEN-STATE RAILROAD	take some action independent of them. The need of the west has been a deep water outlet on the Texas coast for this great sur-
Delegates to the North and South Trunk Line Convention Meet.	plus producing section and transportation to that outlet. The outlet has been secured. Private capital has solved the deep water problem at Velasco, the mouth of the Brazes river, and the government millions are still at work at Galveston twing to secure the
CLOSE OF KANSAS MADE CHAIRMAN	same depth. What we now lack and need is transportation to this deep water outlet or as many more as we can secure in future on our coast, and that. I take it, is what we are

Permanent Organization Easily Effected-Some Individual Opinions Freely Expressed -- Much Enchusiasm Shown by Those in Attendance.

LINCOLN, June 28 .- [Special to THE BEE.] The north and south railroad convention assembled in Representative hall at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. Some thirty-odd delegates only were present. The gallery was well filled with spectators, a large number of them being ladies. The Nebraska State band interspersed the proceedings with music. It is expected that other delegates will arrive by later trains. As it is now each of the ten states named in the concurrent resolution adopted by the legislature last winter, which were requested to send delegates to the convention, is represented by one or more, excepting Arkansas, Missouri and South Dakota. All the delegates present are deeply interested in the object

for which the convention is assembled, and considerable enthusiasm is manifested. Governor Crounse called the convention to order in a brief address of welcome and encouragement. He alluded to to the fact that the states for which the delegates appear include an empire of territory which for its fertility and productions stands without parallel on the face of the globe. When thoroughly developed it would produce a variety of commodities sufficient to support a nation. By what method these products are to be distributed to the people is one of the questions this convention is assembled to consider. The proposition is to build a trunk line from the northern boundary of the country to the gulf, which, if consum-mated, will redound to the credit of those mated, will redound to the credit of those who devised it. The proposition is to build a road honestly and free from watered stocks. The enterprise is an important one and worthy of all consideration. Though this convention may not be great in num-bers, he had no doubt the ability and en-ergy of its members would give an impetus to the work. He warmly welcomed the con-vention to the capital of the state of Ne-braska.

Mayor Weir then formally welcomed the convention to the hospitality walcomed the convention to the hospitality of the city. He spoke of the importance of the object the convention had in view, and assured the members that the city of Lincoln would aid the project in every way in their power.

#### Temporarily Organized.

Hon. J. N. Gaffin, speaker of the late house, was chosen to preside temporarily over the convention, and Hon. Milton Parks

of Texas as temporary secretary. On motion of Max Meyer of Omaha a On motion of s.ax Meyer of Omana a committee on credentials was appointed, consisting of one delegate from each state. The following was the committee named: F. J. Close, Kansas; Max Meyer, Nebraska; W. S. Dungan, Iowa; A. Wardell, North Da-kota; Charles E. Edwards, Texas; J. A. Dunsmore Minnesota

Dunsmore, Minnesota. The following named gentlemen were ap-The following named gentlemen wdre ap-pointed a committee on permanent organiza-tion: Hon. W. F. Dale, Neoraska; B. J. Sullivan, Iowa; Ben Henderson, Kansas; R. McReynolds, Oklahoma; Alonzo Wardell, North Dakota; Charles E. Edwards, Texas; J. A. Dunsmore, Minnesota. Hon. Max Meyer, chairman of the commit-tee on credentials, reported the following list of names as members of the convention: Nebraska-Joel Hull, Willis L. Hand, E. Staddand, J. N. Cadin, D. J. Daires H. T.

the west has been a deep water to Texas coast for this great sur-ing section and transportation to The outlet has been secured, pital has solved the deep water Yelasco, the mouth of the Brazes the government millions are still to Galveston trying to secure the h. What we now lack and need is then to this deep water outlet or ore as we can secure in future on and that, I take it, is what we are here for So far as Texas is concerned in the mat ter relative to building and equipping he part of this road, I think it can be done with part of this road, I think it can be done with-out any complication. Our constitution would probably prohibit the issuance of bonds or the taxing of realty for such a purpose, but would not prohibit the use of convict labor to build it. Our state has already estab-lished such a precedent. It now owns and operates six and one-half miles of ratiroad built by convict labor from the the Huntsville penitentiary into the pincries and the road has paid for itself several times and the road has paid for itself several times already. Then the state could easily borrow money to equip our part of this great road from its a valiable school fund and add an ad-ditional income to this splendid fund.

"Texas is in carnest in this matter, and i the other states of the west are equally so, the indifference and arrogance with which every request we have hitherto made of the north and south lines of the west has been treated will become simply an unpleasant reminiscence."

## COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.

Large Classes Graduated from Harvard Yale and Amnerst Yesterday. New Haven, June 28 .- The closing com-

mencement exercises took place at Yale today. W. R. Begg of North Carolina was valedictorian. The class from all departments of the uni-

versity which received diplomas this year is the largest which ever left Yale. It num-

the largest which ever left Yale. It num-bered 434. At 2 o'clock the annual alumni dinner took place on the Yale commons. President Dwight presided. The following honorary degrees were con-ferred: L.L.D., Hon. Wilson S. Bissell, class of '69, United States postmaster gen-eral, and William H. Taft, class of '79, judge of United States court. M. A., Daniel H. Burnham, director general of the World's fair at Chicago; General Alexander C. Me<sup>2</sup> Clarg and George C. Manierre of Chicago. Bosrox, June 28.—The weather was all that could be desired for the commencement exercises at Harvard today. The graduatthat could be desired for the commencement exercises at Harvard today. The graduat-ing class numbered 350. The overseers con-ferred the honorary degree of L.L.D. on Winfield Scott, chaplain, Robert Todd Lin-coln and Richard Olney: that of A. M. on George Alonzo Bartlett, Frank Bolles and Daniel Hudson Burnham. AMIRAST, Mass., June 28.—Today was com-mencement day at Amherst college De-

mencement day at Amherst college. De-grees were conferred upon seventy-seven graduates. The honorary degree of L.L.D. was conferred upon Prof. William F. Slocum. Colorado Springs.

## DROPPED TWELVE FEET.

Many People Injured in an Accident at the World's Fair Grounds.

CHICAGO, June 28 .- The employes in the decorating department of the World's fair were presenting a silver tea service to F. D. Millet, director of the decorations, and Assistant Director Edward Allen late this afternoon, when the floor on which they arcident occurred in the notion of which they accident occurred in the color building, which is a small structure, erected for working purposes only, and is not one of the build-ings containing exhibits. Two hundred per-sons fell to the ground floor, twelve feet be-law. Nineteen persons were hurt. The low. Nineteen persons were hurt. The most seriously injured are: RUDOLPH LANDER, back sprained and in-

strain. It is supposed that the applause during the exercises loosened the slight

frame work and the sudden jar caused by

the assemblage in rising tore the nails from

BRUTAL DEED OF A FARMER.

He Insults and Almost Kills a Little Boy

and Narrowly Escapes Lynching.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 28.-Hubert Diesch.

Leechburg farmer, narrowly escaped

lynching in the streets of Pittsburg this

afternoon for brutally assaulting a small

bootblack. Diesch had just arrived in the

city and was standing on Liberty street near the union station, when Willie Scott, a 12-year-old lad, importuned him to have his boots blacked. He refused, but the

little fellow was persistent. Finally Diesch became angry and after kicking the boy he

picked him up and threw him over his head. The little fellow fell insensible to the pave-

ment. In an instant 100 or more angry men

was about to carry the threat into execution

central station. The boy is still unconscious

HEAVY RAIN IN NEBRASKA.

Valentine and Vicinity Report Excellent

Crop Prospects at Present.

VALENTINE, June 28 .- [Special Telegram to

THE BEE.]-Rain commenced to fall here

about 6 this morning and has kept up pretty

much all day, the weather bureau register-

ing nearly two inches. It extended west as

far as Cody and east into Keya Paha county

This is very encouraging to farmers, as it practically insures small grain, and corn never looken better at this time of the year.

GRAND ISLAND, June 28 .- Special to THE

BEE [-A light rain fell here this morning, but did not last long enough to be of much

Mysterious Stabbing Affray.

be married today. Another man, whose connection with the affair cannot be deter-

issallant. As yet no arrests have been

Rumars tram Mexico.

the free coinage of silver, but said that it

Michigan Village Burned,

AUGUSTA, Mich., June 28 .- This village of

600 inhabitants burned this morning. Loss,

was a very serious matter.

\$50,000. Many are homeless.

improves crops very materially

surrounded the farmer and cries of him!" were heard on all sides. Th

and, it is feared, will die.

him!

benefit.

made.

their places and allowed the floor to drop.

jured internally. W. WINDER ARTHUR.

JAMES NEEDHAM. THOMAS HUNT.

not make any headway, and with a parting shot at the engineer the robber jumped from the engine and started up the track on a run. Conductor Steele rushed up to the engine with six-shooters in his hands. He jumped into the cab and cutting loose from

threw her wide open, but the train would

three day coaches, express car and combination baggage and mail car. At Breckinridge the train stopped to take water and as she pulled out three men boarded the blind baggage, but were so guarded that they were not seen by the train crew. The engineer pulled out at a speed of about fifteen miles per hour and had just entered a sharp curve a few hundred yards from the tank, when a robber climbed upon the tender and with a 45-caliber pistol in each hand threw the guns down upon the engineer and fireman.

cowboy.

Killed the Firem n.

"Throw up your hands, - - you," said the robber to the men. This remark was the first intimation that they had of being held up. Tierney threw up his hands, but Martin made a movement as though he was about to secure a pistol from a box under his seat. The robber then began pouring lead into Martin and emptied one six-shooter into his body, keeping Tierney covered all the time with the other pistol. Martin fell dead and his body rolled out of the cab of the engine on the track where it was run over by the wheels and mutilated.

The other two train robbers, when they saw the dead body fall from the cab, jumped from their position on the baggage car to the car platform and made for the brush. There were but twelve passengers on the train and each was armed with a six-shooter. When they heard the firing they rushed upon the platforms and as the two robbers rushed into the brush a volley was fired after them. The robber, May, who killed the fireman, seeing that he had been deserted, made a last desperate effort at capturing the train single handed. He jumped into the cab and ordered Engineer Tierney to run the train across Indian river bridge. The engineer, instead of complying, put on the air brakes and the train came to a standstill.

Flight of the Murderer. The robber then grasped the throttle and

#### Will Not Affect Business.

Henry W. Cannon, president of the Chase National bank, and one of the representa-tives of the United States international monetary conference, said today: "The closing of the Indian mints to the free ceinage of silver will not, in my opinion have any in mediate distressing effect upon our trade or commerce, although it must, of course, depreciate the price of the white Our merchants, as a rule, can adjust themselves to prices occurring in the cast without any serious loss, and the United States is in better position to stand a depreciation in silver than any other country. Although the annual production of silver in this country is large, India and the east, France and the Latin union are the ingest holders of silver money, and Eng-ind's attempt to place India upon a gold basis may not be successful, as it appears from the dispatches that the rupee's relation to the sovereign will be similar to the relation of the (so-called) Bland 37134 similar to ain dollar to the gold dollar, other words England is endeavoring to establish a fixed ratio between gold and silver for the transaction of business be-tween herself and her dependency-India. This will be a very difficult matter to ar-range to the satisfaction of the people of India and the manufacturers of Great Britain."

#### From a Silver Authority.

William P. St. John, president of the Mer-cantile National bank of this city, and an authority on silver, said today: "Until we authority on silver, said today: "Until we know exactly what has been adopted for India it will be presumptious to predict the effect upon the United States or even to venture an opinion as to what ought to be our legislation.

"Had India made gold a legal tender, con tinuing her miuts open to its coinage with-out limit, while closing them of the power to any coinage whatever of silver the result would have been to substitute gold for silver in India's trade settlements. That would mean an annual absorption of gold by India greater than the sum of gold annually available from the world's gold production for use as money. The effect on nations having a single basis for their currency would have been disastrous.

Later accounts seem to report merely the closing of the mints to coinage on pri-vate account. The promise, therefore, seems to be that trade settlements with India will hereafter be made by a purchase of council bills on London issue to meet de mands at a minimum rate of exchange, the council covering its overdrafts by shipments of sliver, which will be colned on arrival for government account. This method will likely require a full average import of slive into India and may even increase that im portation, owing to the new steadiness of her rate of exchange on London. If this proves to be the whole alteration in India's methods under the decree, the only effect on the United States that we do not ourselves provide by foolish legislation will be that London may continue to dictate the price of sil-ver instead of the United States, although we produce 40 per cent of the world's sup-ply."

## SOUTHERN SENTIMENT.

Editors of Leading Papers Favor the Re-

BALTIMORE, June 28.-The News today presents the result of a telegraphic canvass of the leading newspapers of the south, showing that public sentiment in that section is now overwhelmingly in favor of the repeal of the Sherman law.

Miller's tailor establishment last night and carried away \$140 worth of goods, including full suits, pants and an overcoat. Some were clothes left for repairs. Entrance was made through a window at the rear It was ovident that they tried on the clothes and took no missite. Up to a few months ago the south had been considered a free aliver section and the votes of the majority of the congressmen were relied upon to oppose the repeal of the were relied upon to oppose the repeat of the took no misfits.

Reissue-Joshua Minnick, John Wagner Daniel B. Scott, Daniel Q. K. Smith. Origi-nal widows, etc.-Edward Perkins (father) minor of Lorenzo Conway, minor of William Rae, Mary A. Moore. South Dakota: Reissue-Charles T. coinage will gain rather than lose by acced-ing to the last demand of the monometailists, Campbell. for there will then no longer be any room for

## Miscellancous.

Jacob R. Christie of Marion, Ia., wants to be appointed a special agent of the Treasury department, and today filed an application for the position. Attorney Harvey of Lincoln called upon

Western Pensions.

the attorney general today to endeavor to obtain the consent of that official to the imprisonment of Bank Wrecker Mosher at Lincoln, instead of Sioux Falls. The attorney general refused Attorney Harvey's request, and Mosher will be jailed at Siou Falls. P. S. H.

# HE SUDDENLY LOST HIS JOB.

#### roses for the currency contractors, but they have courted the storm and may as well pre-pare for the cyclone. We have long passed Collector Lotan of Portland, Ore., Removed the era of the dark age. The world has grown in intelligence and the enslavement from Office.

WASHINGTON, June 28. - The president this morning summarily removed Collector of Customs Lotan of Portland, Ore., on telegraphic advices that the smuggling in of Chinese is being continued and that a large number are about to come in from British Columbia. One June 15 Collector Lotan, in disregard

the completion of the conspiracy of official instructions from the Treasury department, landed from the steamer Danube about 250 Chinese, claiming to be merchants, but who were described in an Cleveland Requested to Urge the Repeat of official report to the department as a "scaly LINCOLN, June 28 .- Special Telegram to and uncouth appearing lot of coolies." The THE BEE. |- The stringency in the money Chinese coolies now expected are on board market, which has caused alarm in many the steamer Haytien Republic, enroute to sections of the country, has given rise to Portland, and it was thought by the Treasthe following telegram sent to Mr. Cleve-land today by the officials of four of Lincoln's prominent banks: "The immediate repeal of the Sherman silver law seems ury department that if Collector Lotan had been left in office, he would land the Chinese from the Haytien Republic without regard to law, as was done in the case of the Danube

to us absolutely essential to the restoration of public confidence, and a session of con-gress at the earliest practicable date for the As far back as March 3 Collector Lotan was instructed by Assistant Secretary Spalding as follows: "It is ascertained that onsideration of the financial situation au irgent necessity." When addressed by THE BEE correspond-Chinese enter the United States upon fraudulent papers, certifying them to ent upon the subject one of the signers said: "This should not be taken to indicate any be returning merchants. You will hereafter disregard such papers and refuse particular distress in financial circles here unless it is proven to your satisfaction that It is intended merely as an indication of the necessity generally experienced in the west. persons presenting them have the right to land." Since that time many hundreds of Chinese have been landed at Portland upon

#### bogus affidavits and certificates. DENVER, June 28.-Hon. Thomas M. Patterson, editor of the Rocky Mountain News, COLLECTOR LOTAN'S STORY

## He Says His Removal Was Made

Trumped Up Charges. PORTLAND, Ore., June 28 .- The news was eccived from Washington this afternoon that the president had summarily dismissed the collector of customs, James Lotan, and placed Deputy Collector Pike in charge of the office. When seen this afternoon regarding his removal. Collector Lotan said: "I just received a dispatch from the de-partment at Washington instructing me to turn over the collector's office to Deputy Pike, I have done so and he is now in charge. I think this whole affair is at the instigation of the special agent of the treas-

ury who was sent to this coast to work up trouble for this office. "Mr. Cleveland has stated he would re-SCHUTLER, Neb., June 28.- [Special to The BEE.] - Thieves made entrance into F. E. nove no republican except for cause. The fact of the matter is they had no cause. Con-sequently they had to find a cause. In view of the fact that on July I, I will step out, it seems as if I might have been allowed to re-tice to means from "

tire in moner form Private information from Washington debtedness.

Secretary Carilisle will spend the night to gether at Woodley, the president's country seat, considering treasury appointments and financial matters. A large batch of papers were taken out there this afternoon.

Cleveland Will Take a Part WASHINGTON, June 28 .- President Cleve

land signified his intention of taking part in the ceremonics connected with the centennial celebration of the laying of the corner stone of the capitol. He will be introduced as the orator of the day.

## RETURNS ALL IN.

#### How the Next German Reichstag Will Stand on the Army Bill.

BERLIN, June 28.-Reports received today from Kissingen, Schweinfurth and Lohr complete the returns from all the 397 electoral constituencies of the empire. The exact numerical relations of the parties in favor of the army bill is nevertheless somewhat in doubt, as several candidates, who acknowledge allegiance to the larger parties or groups in other matters, have not reached a decision concerning the military demands of the government. The attitude of the Guelphs and independent clericals to ward the clerical party, of the anti-Semites and some agrarians toward the conservative party, and of the radical unionists toward the Richterists and national liberal parties must remain more or less in doubt for sev eral days. The editor of the Reichs Anzeige

and officials at the chancellory gave the as surance this afternoon that until the correct tion of the returns and the opening of the Reichstag the relative strength of the parties could of the parties could not be exactly determined. The situation has been complicated by the rejection of the returns

in five constituencies, where irregularities vitiated the elections. One of these con-stituencies is in Jerichow, in which Count Herbert Bismarck was supposed to have been elected. If these constituencies be allowed to be counted for the parties entitled to them, according to the face of the re-turns, the list of 307 deputies is divided generally, thus, among the parties: Cleri-cals, 52; social democrats, 45; conservatives, 77; free conservatives, 35; national liberals, Guelphs, 8; Alsatians, 12; anti-Semites ; Richter radicals, 23 radical unionists, 12 Poles, 19; independent clericals, 11; Bavarian peasants league, 2; south German democrats, 11; Danes, 1. Of these 307 depu-ties 109 are counted for the army bill asd 185 against it. Thirteen are classed as doubtful.

The three constituencies from which the returns were received today are: Kissingen-Mayor Eck, clerical, elected

ver Herr Roeder, agrarian, to succeed a clerical. Schweinfurth - Herr Burger, clerical

lected over Wilhelm Goorg, national liberal to succeed a clerical. in the following districts the election has been annulled on abcount of irregular-

Bechum, where Eduard Fachs, clerical, who was reported as elected over Dr. Har-man, national liberal.

Elberfeld, where Frederick Harm, social

emocrat, was reported as elected over Ernst Darm, government cartel Jerichow, where Count Herbert Bismarck, agrarian, was reported as elected over City

Councillor Voelher, Richterist. Cologne City, where Herr Greis, clerical, was reported as elected over Herr Lureck,

social democrat, Lennop, where Karl Meist, social demo crat, was reported as elected over Reinhardt Schmidt, Richterist.

## Platform of Ohio Prohibitionists.

CLEVELAND, June 28 .- After routine business this morning the prohibition state convention adopted a platform demanding absolute prohibition, woman suffrage, the issuance of money by the government only, the readjustment of taxes, government control of railroads and telegraphs, prohibition of speculation in food products, protection of the day of rest, liberal pensions, revision of the immigra-tion laws, the election of president and sen-ators by the people. It declares against the use of public money for sectarian schools use of public money for sectarian schools and deplores the increase of local in-

Stoddard, J. N. Gaffin, D. L. W. NOLAN. Clark, A. J. Sawyer, W. F. Dale, B. F. Pratt, H. G. Stewart, Lawson Sheldon, Ezra E. Howard, Jay Burrows, Fred G. Shaeffer, PHILIP WIMGER

 William Dysart, Max Meyer, Kansas-N. B. Nicholson, J. B. Higgins,
W. S. Giass, D. E. Ballard, C. P. Carston-None of the injured are fatally hurt. The floor on which the exercises were held was constructed of thin boards and light scantlings. It was nailed together loosely sen, L. F. Dirk, Ben Henderson, D. H. Hef-felbauer, P. B. Maxon, F. C. Johnson, S. S. and was not intended to stand any great

Reynolds, Frank Dawster, Fred J. Close Texas—Miltor Park, Charles A. Edwards, Iowa—James A. Thropp, H. D. Crawford, Will D. Barger, Ben J. Salinger, J. F. Holliday, Warren S. Dungan. Minnesota -J. A. Dunsmore.

Oklahoma-Robert McReynolds North Dakota-Alonzo Wardell.

Discussed it Informally,

While the convention was waiting for the report of the committee on permanent or-ganization. Hon. Joel Hull of Minden, one of the earliest advocates of the project of building a trunk road from the north line to the gulf through the states lying in the preat interior basin, addressed the assem-bly. Mr. Hull has driven over the entire length of the proposed route two or three different times, and he spoke enthusiastically of its feasibility and the cheapness with which it might be constructed.

He was followed by ex-Senator H. G. Stew-art of Crawford, who carnestly denounced the arrogance and injustice of the railroad corporations of this state in dealing with the producers, and predicted that these wrongs would not be endured much longer y the people.

Judge Frank Dawster of Kansas and Hor when the police arrived, and after consider able trouble he was rescued and taken to the Milton Park of Texas also addressed the convention. The latter, who was a rebel soluler, paid a glowing culogy to the mem-ory of President Lincoln, who knew no north, no south, no east, no west, and was the best friend the south ever awakened demonstrative applause from the audience.

#### Hegan Its Business

The committee on permanent organization ecommended for permanent chairman Fred Close of Kansas; vice chairman, Benjamin Salinger of Iowa; secretary, Milton Park of Texas; assistant secretary, Jay Burrows

the chair wir. Close stated he thought that be-fore the convention adjourned means would be devised for building a trunk line from the

nittee on resolutions was appointed, consisting of E. Stoddard of Omaha, Frank Daws-ter of Kansas, W. B. Banger of Iowa, C. A. Edwards of Texas, Robert McReynolds of Okiahoma. Alonzo Wardeli of North Dakota, and J. A. Dunsmore of Minnesota.

ALLIANCE, Neb., June 28.—[Special Tele-gram to Tug Bgg.] —A dreaching rain com-menced to fail here this afternoon and lasted over three hours. So far as reported it was general over the county. This, with a good rain last Sunday, brightens prospects and improves crops very materially. convention on a proxy from North Dakota, Governor Sheldon of South Dakota declining o name him as a delegate. The latter stat

LINCOLN, June 28 - [Special Telegram to eet at 9 a. m., 1:30 and 8 p. m., excepting is evening. The members wished to hear THE BEE |- A mysterious stabbing affray occurred on O street yesterday evening Senator Allen speak tonight and at 6 o'clock about 7 o'clock. From reports obtainable it djourned. appears that a certain Fred Osborn was to

The convention will probably finish its work by Friday.

#### What They Are Aiming At.

mined, objected, and when the parties met on the corner of Twelfth and O, statbed Os-The project of the convention is being generally discussed in the lobbies of the hotels. Its main purpose was named in the concur-rent resolution that the ten states of North born, seriously wounding him. He was at once removed to his room and has lain all day unconscious. Realizing his serious conand South Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, Mis-souri, Arkansas, Texas and the Territory of dition, his friends this evening notified the police. Osborn was at once removed to the Tabitha hospital and a search begun for his Oklahoma should immediately take meas-ures for a co-operative effort to build a road from the north line of North Dakota to the Gulf of Mexico with its necessary branches and feeders.

Charles A. Edwards of Velasco, for many WASHINGTON, June 28.-A rumor was cur years past connected with the press of Texas, a Cleveland democrat, discussing the rent in the treasury today that Mexico contemplated the stoppage of the free coinage project, said: "We have no doubt that the road can be built and have no hesitancy in saying that it of silver. Minister Romero, when advised

ought to be built. We have been for years endeavoring to get the north and south trunk lines of the west to give us rates to the guif coast that would enable the west-ern farmer to ship his surplus products to the markets of the world from 500 to 1.000 miles nearer the point of production, but we have labored in vain. It was useless to try to get something from a north and south road in the west owned and controlled in the cast, and it is now time to cast, and it is now time to

the train started with Messenger Butler They are all of Chicago. The injuries of the others consist of bruises and sprains

Lyneb

The mo and Engineer Tierney in pursuit of the train robbers. The throttle was pulled wide open and the light engine leaped along the track. gaining every moment on the robber, who would turn and fire at his pursuers as he ran.

Finding that he could not reach the bridge over the river where his Winchester and three pals awaited him, the robber left the track as the engine was almost upon him. The engine was brought to a standstill and Conductor Steele started after the robber single-handed. He chased him into the brush, firing at him as he went. The three robbers at the bridge with Winchesters commenced firing at the conductor, and their volleys were returned by the engineer and messenger. Conductor Steele overhauled the robber he was after in the brush and disarmed him of two pistols. The robbers at the bridge then disappeared, leaving their Winchesters bohind. The United States marshai and a posse of deputies went down from here on a special train and are in pursuit of the robbers.

#### Refuses to Talk.

J. D. May, the man who was captured, refuses to make any statement further than to say that it was the intention of the bandits to rob the express and the passengers. He was taken to Breckenridge for safe keeping, as threats were made by railroad men that he would be lynched if brought here.

Martin, the fireman who was killed, was unmarried. Conductor Steele will receive \$1,000, the standing reward of the state for the capture of a train robber.

## ALTGELD'S RIGHT TO OFFICE.

His Title Said to Be in Doubt-Another Boyd-Thayer Contest Probable,

CHICAGO, June 28 .- A sensational sequel omes tonight to Governor Altgeld's release of the Haymarket asarchists. The Journal raises the question of whether he is legally governor of the state of Illinois or a citizen of the United States. The Journal asks are his acts legal as governor, particularly in the pardon of the anarchists. The opinion is expressed that the famous Governor Boyd case of Nebraska may be re-enacted in Illinois with Altgeld as the principal actor. The Journal says Governor Altgeld bases his claim to citizenship on a simple statement that his father was naturalized while his son was a minor child. The governor was born in Prussia in 1848 and came to this country with his parents when a boy, settling near Mansfield, O. If his father has made a citizen while the governor was under 21 there is zen while the governor while to citizenship, but if the elder Altgeld waited until his son was over 21 before taking out his papers, then the title of the governor to citizenship is badly clouded. Many leading attorneys

badiy clouded. Many leading attorneys think an explanation is in order from the governor at this time. The fact developed today that friends of Fielden, Schwab and Neebe knew before the election that the governor was in sympathy with the cause of the Amresty association from the fact that he as one of the star

from the fact that he was one of the signers of the unsuccessful petition presented to Governor Fifer for the release of the an-archists. It is said that the Amnesty association will continue its labors with a view to now securing the pardon of the Bohemian anarchist Hroneck, who was sentenced to

Joliet for fourteen years some time after the conviction of the Haymarket rioters. Representatives of fifty socialistic sections of the rumor tonight, said he had no infor-mation to that effect and did not believe in the United States will open their annual conference here July 1. Prominent members of the Chicago organization said today that that Mexico could afford to stop the free coinage of silver. He declined to forecast the effect of the action of India is stopping resolutions thanking Governor Altgeld will be adopted unanimously.

Movements of Ocean Steamers June 28. At London - Sighted --Illinois, from Phila-delphia; Suevia, from New York; Michigaa, from Baltimore; St.ttgart, from Baltimore, At New York-Arrived-Rhynland, from Antwerp; Havel, from Bremen.

is therefore unrepresented. A rule was adopted that the convention this evening.

It transpires that Wardell is present in the onvention on a proxy from North Dakota,

Thereport was adopted, and on assuming

British possessions to the guif. On motion of Max Meyer of Omaha a com