THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR,

OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1893.

NUMBER 241.

CEPTION TO THE INFANTA

w York's Four Hundred Turn Out to Do Her Honor.

LLIANT AND A VERY SELECT BALL

ham's Society at Its Best - Beautiful omen and Splendid Decorations-Description of Some of the Costumes Worn by the Ladies.

new Yonk, May 26 .- Her royal highness, acess Eulalia, some days ago expressed intention at enjoying everything that ald tend to introduce her to American permit her to witness the beauty of orican scenery, and bring her in closer ch with the people of the United States. was with the utmost reluctance, there-, that, late Thursday night, she decided to go aboard the Dolphin today. This rning, however, after a refreshing night's tand a breakfast that removed every ce of fatigue, she informed Commander is that she would accept the hospitality he Dolphin and in an informal manner e the trip that had been proposed. So at clock this afternoon carriages drove up to Savoy and the princess and her suite re whisked away to the foot of Ninetyath Istreet, off which the Dolphin was chored. It was 2:30 when her royal ghness approached the landing and made "way through the crowd. The president's arge with Lieutenant Buckingham in com-and of the Dolplin, was ready to receive be party which consisted of the infanta and rince Antoine, the duke, the marchioness, mmander Davis and the captain of the Summander Davis and the captain of the conish war ship, the Infanta Isabel. A firt was made directly for the Santa aria, the flagship of the caravels, and as is princess approached, a royal salute of venty-one guns was fired. The yards of is Santa Maria and Nina were manned if the seamen of the Pinta were drawn up lines along the call. The princess should ines along the rail. The princess spent teen minutes on board the Santa Maria d her departure was signaled with other roval salute.

other royal salute. Then the barge of the Dolphin, with the Sal standard flying, cut through the placid aters of the Hudson toward the dispatch bat, bearing its precious burden. At the cad of the rangway stood Lieutenant sher, who assisted her royal highness to pard. Just as her foot touched the deck the val saluta was given. Simultaneously with val salute was given. Simultaneously with he first shot the royal standard was run loft and the Spanish flag and old glory used the breeze together. It was 3:15 then the anchor was raised and the journey the river begun. The ship's capin was ry tastefully decorated, each porthole ing filled with rare cut roses and lines of he valley, the infanta's favorite flower. for highness was dressed in a costume be-tting the trip. Commander Davis was board in full uniform.

Little Accident to the Princess

The Dolphin proceeded up the river at od speed, reaching a point above Yonkers 4:50, when her nose was turned down ream. It was just 6 o'clock when the foot 4:30. of Ninety-sixth street was reached, and the oyal party went ashore, this time in the steam launch.

As the princess passed to the gangway, Commander Buckingham and Lieutenants Usher and Hourigan, Chief Engineer Baird and Surgeon Rixey saluted her. The in-fanta stopped, smiled, and shook hands heartily with each of the officers. A jun-

heartily with each of the officers. A lun-cheon was served on board. The trip was marred by one accident on board the Santa Maria, which pained her highness greatly. Learning that a salute was intended as she left the caravel, the princess urged that it be not given, this being due to the known fact that the guns, nodels of the old-timers, could illy stand the ffect of repeated firing. The Spaniards, owever, loyal to their sovereign, gave the owever, loyal to their sovereign, gave the alute, and one of the lieutenants was in

the diplomatic corps and many others of social prominence. In the assembly room adjoining the con-cert hall all was in readiness for the arrival

Shortly after 10 o'clock the lady patron-esses, who were to be presented to the in-fanta, entered the assembly room and ranged themselves down the south side with the gentlemen opposite, leaving the center of the room clear. In this as-semblage were many of the leading society women in the city. Their gowns appeared to excellent advantage against the back-ground of oriental tapestries. Diamonds and priceless gems shone at their throats and in their hair. There was a general buzz and in their nair. There was a general buzz of conversation as the company stood await-ing the arrival of the princess. Meanwhile a throug of people had assembled at the Savoy to see the infanta depart. She was late in starting, and it was 11 o'clock when she she arrived at Madison Square garden. She was accompanied by Prince Antoine, the Marqueza de Arco Hermosa and General

Entree of the Royal Party.

Varnum

When the entree of the royal party was When the entree of the royal party vas made, the orchestra was playing in the con-cert hall adjoining, but otherwise all sound was hushed in expectation. The princess was radiantly beautiful as she appeared. Her youthful beauty was set off by the snow-white beard and hair of Senor Navarro. The princess stepped upon the platform and stood facing the company. The platform and stood facing the company. The infanta smiled sweetly, but looked some-what tired as the presentation was begun. The princess wore a gown of pale blue brocaded silk, trimmed with old pink, and the low corsage was faced with pale blue the low corsage was faced with pale blue lace. A necktace of diamonds and turquoise enclosed her throat and there were dia-

When the presentation was ended, Senor Navarro escorted the princess to the box which had been arranged for her in the gal lery of the concert hall. The others of the party followed and took seats in the box. The appearance of the princess in the gallery was a signal for the opening of the ball. The first quadrille was formed at once and the ball was begun without ceremony. After two or three numbers had been danced, the princess expressed a desire to go

on the floor, and on the arm of Senor Navarro, she descended from the box and slowly made a tour of the ball room. Members of the Spanish-American colony and others pressed forward and were presented to the princess on the floor. Later in the evening the princess and guests of honor took supper at a table on a raised platform at one side of the banquet hall adjoining the assembly room. Mayor Gilroy sat at the right of the princess.

At her left was the Spanish minister and next to him was the prince. After the sup-per, the royal party retired to the Savoy. Some of the Costumes.

Some of the costumes were as follows: Mrs. Astor was very richly attired in black, lusterless ribbed silk. Her gown was simply made, but the black pearls she wore were priceless.

Mrs. Whitelaw Reid wore a superb Worth gown of white brocaded silk, in Empire style, with a lavender girdle embroidered in steel

steel. Mrs. Paran Stevens, white satin gown, ruffied and flounced with point lace, and her jewels were diamonds and pink pearls. Mrs. Bradley Martin was fairly ablaze with diamonds. She were a girdle of them on her superb pale yellow satin gown and the front of the corsage was literally covered with diamonds. She also were

with diamond ornaments. She also work with diamond ornaments. She also wore bracelets, earrings, a tiara and necklace. Mrs. Abraham S. Hewitt wore a very handsome gown of mauve satin, trimmed with Venetian iace, and many diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Peter Townsend-Barlow wore a very Mrs. Peter Townsend-Barlow wore a very pretty and quite Spanish looking gown. It was of white crepe lisse, with yellow satin stripes and velvet sleeves of the same hue. A red sash went across the front of the low corsage from the shoulder to the girdle, and either side was ablaze with a succes-sion of diamonds. She also wore a neck-lace and tiara of the same jewels. Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes was in white satin brocaded ins ilver and reddish purple. Her

HAVE SUSTAINED THE APPEAL Dr. Briggs Case Will Be Reopened Before

the Prtesbyerian General Assembly. HIS TRIAL WILL BEGIN THIS MORNING

Many of the Members of the Assembly Attack the Doctor in Vigorous Language-Exciting Seenes During the Session of Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26 .- By a vote of 409 to 145, the Presbyterian general assembly this afternoon decided to entertain the appeal in the case of Dr. Briggs, and the assembly will proceed with his trial tomor-

row morning. The roll call on the resolution of the judi cial committee that the appeal be entertained began at 4:15 p. m. It was taken amidst an almost painful silence, during which the defendant watched, with feverish anxiety, the progress of the vote by the tally sheet kept by his friend, Prof. Brown, who sat at his elbow. All over the house and in the gallaries the vote was followed on the call of members by interested ones who could not wait for the official announcement of the result.

While the roll was being called Moderator Craig yielded the chair to ex-Moderator William C. Roberts, D.D., and he himself voted "aye." When the clerk had finished the call of the synod of New York and Prof. Briggs found that his position in favor of sending the appeal to that synod had been approved by a majority of its commissioners outside of his own local presbytery, the commissioners from which did not vote, he seemed relieved and rose from his half leaning position over Prof. Brown to the upright pose he has maintained through out the trying ordeal. Through the long hours of the morning, Dr. Briggs sat almost motionless, following the words of the speakers with the utmost attention, There were many evidences of feeling, and several of the speakers took advantage of the opportunity presented by their position to arraign the defendant to shake their fingers sternly at him and otherwise express their condemnation. As one brother expressed it, They forgot for the time being they were

members of the court of Jesus Christ. It was an interesting spectacle. It was a scene and a gathering never to be forgotten. It was a Retired from the Judicial Committee.

At the request of Rev. Dr. Nic-colls of St. Louis and Elder Pershing, they were retired from the judicial committee in the case and Rev. W. P. Reynoids of Minne-sota and Elder Law of California were ap-pointed in their places. Rev. Mr. Hoyt was added to the committee to visit President Cleveland on the matter of traffic in fire-arms in the Western Pacific. The main question "Shall the anneal by

The main question, "Shall the appeal by the New. York presbytery to the general assembly direct instead of first going to the synod be entertained?" was then taken

up. Dr. Ketchum of New Jersey favored send-ing the case back to the synod and said at the end of the debate he would make a motion to that effect. Elder McDougall of Cincinnati stated that

by arrangement with the chairman of the judiciary committee he was charged with the duty of opening in support of the motion to entertain the appeal and so he took the platform platform.

A storm of protest arose against this, led by Dr. Herrick Johnson of Chicago.

sued, the moderator telling Dr. Briggs that he could not be heard now, and the latter appealing to the moderator and to the house to be permitted to make an explanation Finally Dr. Briggs took his seat and the storm subsided. A passionate address against the plea of Dr. Briggs was made by Rev. William C. Young, D.D., of Danville, Ky., moderator of the last assembly.

the last assembly. After further argument, the debate was deciared closed. Judge Purnell of Baltimore, offered his motion to remand the case to the New York synod. This was defeated by a viva voce vote and again by a rising vote. The question then recurring on the resolu-tion of the judicial committee that the ap-peal be entertained, the ayes and nays were demanded, and the call began. The result of the vote was announced as follows: Yeas, 400; nays, 145.

409; nays, 145. The judicial committee was instructed to prepare a program for procedure in the trial of the appeal and the assembly decided to proceed with the trial tomorrow morning. The assembly then adjourned until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of administrative business.

Night Session,

At the night session the first order of the board of church erection, which was read by Rev. Calvin W. Stewart, D.D., chairman. Among the recommendations of the committee was one to the effect that not less than \$150,000 is necessary for the work of the board this fiscal year and that strenu-

of the board this fiscal year and that strend-ous efforts be made to secure that amount. The recommendations were adopted. James H. Brooks, (D.D., of St. Louis, then read the report of the committee on the board of publication and Sunday school work. The recommendations of the commit-tee winted largedy to changes in the lesson work. The recommendations of the commit-tee related largely to changes in the lesson helps published by the board, \$200,000 being asked for its work, which, after remarks by Rev. E. R. Craven, secretary of the board and a running fire of comment, compliment and questions as to the quality of the publi-cations of the board, were adopted. The present members of the board whose terms are about expired were re-closed for an are about expired were re-elected for an-

other term. The assembly then adjourned at 10 o'clock,

until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. Dr. Craig, moderator, was asked this evening how long, m his opinion, the assembly would be engaged in the trial of the Briggs case. He replied: "I cannot say ex-actly, but I have no idea that I shall be compelled to remain in Washington later than Thursday next."

MISSIONARY WORK.

Baptists Celebrate an Important Event in Their Church's History.

DENVER, Colo., May 26 .- After devotional exercises this afternoon, the delegates of the missionary union convention heard the report of the centennial committee by Dr. Mabie, which was a gratifying surprise. Just 100 years ago the first Baptist missionary was sent out and the society asked that the contributions reach \$1,000,000 in commemoration of that event. Dr. Mabie reported that more than that had been raised. A general conference and a discussion of the report and the outlook for the new year, led by Rev. H. C. Applegarth, followed. He and the others who followed him gave the centennial committee unstinted praise and described the future as most cheering. The committee on Burmah reported, and

Rev. T. W. Cronkhite of Bassein delivered an address on "The Material on Which We Work." He said there were 30,000 native

Christians in churches and there were so,000 native organized schools for the children. Rev. H. H. Tube of Burmah also told of the work he was doing in his adopted land. From 5 to 6 o'clock an informal reception was tendered the missionary union in church parlors.

It is amusing, but nevertheless the truth, that ranchmen fairly poured into the city this afternoon and insisted on shaking hands with every person they coul the white and purple. The Baptists, they insist, have brought the rain, and it is coming down most plentifully now. The features of the evening session of the mission unloss more addresses mission union, were addresses by mission aries. Rev. Dr. Bunker of Burmah opened with an interesting talk on "The Unreached Tribes in Burmah," and many of the dele-gates and the audience which packed the big church almost to sufficient, were startled to hear of their number Rev. Joseph Adams and Rev. W. M. Upcraft, missionaries to China, at home on furlough, talked on the subject, "Advance Work in China." The report of the committee on mission in Assam was encouraging. It showed that during the year many new missions had been established; that the schools were flourishing and that many converts had been made.

no business relations with him for several years, though he was, and is, a very dear friend of mine. I think his business troubles are due only to local causes and doubt if there are any New York complications." Some of the paper of ex-Secretary Foster is held by New York banks. The amount is not large. Since he left the Treasury de-partment he has paid off \$150,000 of his obli-gations, and but for difficulty in making loans, would have been able to carry on his various enterprises. One thing which is understood to have embarrassed him was the large requirements of money by the Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Foster Fails for a Large Amount,

UNFORTUNATE IN BUSINESS

HIS BANK FORCED TO CLOSE ITS DOORS the large requirements of money by the class works established by his father. He inherited 20,000 acres of land in Indiana from his father. He has recently made sales which have reduced his holdings to Causes Given for His Failure-Opinion of Wall Street Operators-His Specula-

tions Were Not of a Paying Kind.

FOSTORIA, O., May 26.-The business world was startled this morning by the news that ex-Secretary of the Treasury Foster had falled and that he had turned his heavy financial interests, in an embarrassed condition, over to an assignee. The assignee is J. B. Gormley, a prominent banker of Bucyrus, and a warm friend of Mr. Foster. The liabilities are given out by Mr. Foster as being \$600,000 and the assets as about the same. He made the assignment during the night and the papers were filed at Tiffin by Mr. Scott, his attorney. At an carly hour this morning the bank of Foster & Co., was closed on an attachment of \$3,200, in favor of the S. A. Harter Milling company, and the wholesale grocery house of Davis & Foster was closed on an attachment for \$1,200, in favor of T. D. Brown. The presence of the sheriff was the first inkling many people had that there was something wrong and it soon leaked out that an assignment had been made. The news spread rapidly and soon the streets were filled with people, eager to learn the extent of the calamity.

Gliss Works Assign.

The assignment of Secretary Foster was the signal for the assignment of a number of concerns in which he was interested. The brass and iron works was one of the concerns to assign. Besides Mr. Foster, Mr. Portz was one of the owners of this concern. The liabilities and assets of this company are included with the personal statement of the secretary. The Malbourg, Calcined and Croker Window Glass company, the three concerns that have been backed by Mr. Foster, also failed.

The loss to business men who were depositors in Foster & Co.'s bank is one of the deplorable features of the crash, but it is confidently believed that none of them will suffor to an extent that will cause them to assign.

A run was made on the Mechanics Savings bank this morning as soon as its doors were opened, but with \$80,000 in currency piled upon the cashier's desk, the demands of all frightened depositors were promptly met and sone turned away.

The loss to Fostoria is a great one, and one that will require considerable time to recover from, but, great as it is, the regret on this account in no waylessens the regret on this account in no waylessens the regret and sympathy expressed for the ex-secretary. It is conceded that his generosity and public spirit has been the indirect cause of his financial downfall, as he was ever ready to lend a helping hand. The assignment of Davis & Foster, the

and notes due it.

wholesale grocers, will probably be the direct cause of the failure of a number of grocery concerns throughout the country. It is said that the firm has \$125,000 of unpaid accounts and rotes due it Deposits at the Bank. The deposits of the bank at the time of its last statement were about \$175,000, but it is impossible to ascertain what they are at present, as the cashier of the company, Mr.

Notwithstanding the agreement of the just been received from Bluefield's, were

rifles, fifty boxes of cartridges and several prisoners were captured. A provisional government has been formed by the revolutionists and they have announced their intention of managing affairs. A cabinet has been formed, with the following members: War, Frederico Solerzano: finance, Octaviano Cæsar; intérior, Miguel

Previous to the organization of the peace mmission United States Minister

GENEROUS SUPPLY OF WIND

How the Aldine Hotel Scheme Was Originated and Conducted.

MONUMENTAL FAITH OF ONE INDIVIDUAL

Without a Dollar the Manipulator Began Work and Handled Thousands of Others' Cash Before His Little Game Was Discovered.

CHICAGO, III., May 26 -| Special Telegram

o THE BEE.]-There are anxious persons in

nearly every state in the union in regard to

the condition of the Aldine Hotel company of

this city. The projector of the enterprise is

Thomas Cadwallader or "Tom" as he has it

printed on the numerous pamphicts and cir-

ulars. He has been in the employ of a com-

mission house here as traveling salesman.

This has been his occupation until he con+

ceived the idea of building a hotel. Capital he had none, but a vast amount of faith in

his ability. The site of the building, it has been dis-

The site of the building, it has been dis-covered by Tur. Ban correspondent, was pur-chased, as has been stated, at Ozlesby ave-nue and Sixty-sixth street, for \$17,750, all on faith and promises. It was owned by Edwin O. Lonphere, a wealthy lawyer and real estate dealer. Morrison & Foster are the architects who drew up the plans of a four-story brick hotel to contain about 350 rooms. The structure is now rapidly approaching

story brick hotel to contain about 350 rooms. The structure is now rapidly approaching completion. A circular was issued with de-signs for contemplative investors, giving an unusually low schedule of board rates and easy payments for stock. Thousands of these pamphlets were sent all over the union, and in a short time money began com-ing in with applications. Material was then purchased and work commenced. Numerous contracts were made by the

Numerous contracts were made by the resident and general manager with solici-

tors and from \$50 to \$100 each was advanced

Something of the Expense.

Something of the Expense. They started out to secure prospective guests, and while a few succeeded others did nothing but use up their expense money. This made a bad drain. Up to March 31 the books show that 3,000 applicants had sub-scribed \$42,949, of which \$28,683 had been paid. Of the total receipts not far from \$26,000 was discursed by Cadwallader. His statement runs thus: Construction, \$16,529; advertising, etc., \$5,027,76; office and clerks, \$1 332,10; salaries, \$1,250; commissions; \$,408; total, \$26,146,86. In March President Cadwallader began to

to each one

Sympathy Expressed in Washington.

sales which 8,000 acres.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26 .- Universal sympathy is expressed here with ex-Secretary Foster in his financial difficulties, especially in the Treasury department, where he is very popular. These intimate with him here knew of the close quarters in which he was. A friend expressed a fear that the result would be severely felt in Obto

One More Australian Failure

MELBOURNE, May 26 .- The mercantile Financial Trust and Agency company has failed. Its nominal capital was \$200,000,000 there were British deposits in it of £1,500, 000

More Gold Going to Europe. NEW YORK, May 26 .- Two and a half mil lions in gold will be shipped tomorrow.

PEACE COMMISSION PROPOSED.

President Socosa Willing to Compound His

Political Difficulties. [Copyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.] SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, (via Galveston, Tex.), May 26.-[By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE.]-After the battle of Masagua a peace commission was suggested. The American minister, Mr. Baker, the Austrian and American consuls and Barker Medina agreed to the same. They met some of the members of the revolutionary party and discussed the terms of peaceful settlement. After consulting nearly all day, the commission returned to Managua and announced that they had agreed on a plan to be submitted. The terms are kept secret, but I have

learned the most important points. President Socosa will resign in favor of some one of the revolutionary leaders connected with the provisional government, to be selected by him, who will immediately assume the office of president of the republic.

81 302.10; salaries 81,250; commissions; 8. 408; total, 826,146.86. In March President Cadwallader began to see both ends would'nt meet and, he asked Lanphere to help him out. Time for the payment was extended two weeks, so that stocks could be sold. Up to March only \$1,600 worth of stock had been actually sold, though the glowing pamphlet said "capital \$100,000 every dollar subscribed." President Cadwallader explains this by saying he gave his individual note for \$90,000 for 900 shares of stock payable to the comp pany, and as president and general manager he held the note himself. The clouds grew darker and on March 31, "Tom" and Ells Cadwallader, Dr. Basset and John W. Pal-mer, four of five directors, resigned. Their places were filled. peace commission there has been no truce declared and the revolutionary forces are marching toward the mountains. Three hundred men armed with rifles, which have

added to the revolutionary forces today. There was another battle yesterday. The insurgents, with 500 well armed men under Generals Alegna and Mendez, took Jenotepe by assault. The government forces' advance line was repulsed at the point of the bayonet and the victorious revolutionists then rushed into the town. In this fight 200.

mer, four of five directors, resigned. Their places were filled. H. C. Gano was elected president and general manager, J. E. Calkins secretary and treasurer. Gano assumed control April 1, and began to reduce expenses heavily. Though a well known financier, Gano was unable to secure any capital. April 12 Lanphere, was induced to furnish money to complete the hotel, and did so until May 18 Finally he got in so deep that he took a quift claim deed of the hotel from the Aldine Hotel company, and is now sole owner. He has 120 men at work and intends to have the hotel ready early in June. It will, he says, cost him \$135,000. Orsono; state Ansilmo H. Rivas.

him \$135,000.

The breech of one of theguns blew out and vas hurled through the upper deck where he officer was standing. A splinter of wood truck him in the eye and caused an ugly wound. Surgeon Rixey of the Dolphin was peedily summoned and rendered the necesary aid. Although a painful wound, it is not thought that the sight of the eye will be ajured. A sailor was also hurt, but not Her royal highness showed deep riously. gret over the accident.

Honored by Soclety.

Society honored the Infanta Eulalia with ball this evening, which for grandeur, imlled by any similar function held in the etropolis. The social success of the affair as due to the participation of people of the ost exclusive circles. The princess was tus the recipient of the highest civic and cial honors which could be bestowed by e greatest city on the continent that Cobus discovered.

The ball was very different from the instrous affair given in the amphitheater Madison square garden last month to the ike of Veragua and the visitors of the untry, and the affair was given under the spices of their excellencies, the ministers Spain, Mexico, Peru and Brazil. Mayor ilroy and Mrs. Gilroy, representing the The assembly rooms and ty, were guests. meert hall of Madison Square garden had een transformed into a dreamland of beauty masses of flowers, plants and evergreens y masses of howers, plants and everygreens a bonor of the occasion. A detail of blue ackets from the Spanish man of war nfanta Isabel acted as guards at the door and a platoon of police kept Twenty-sixth treet clear for guests.

Ball Room Decorations.

Rich and magnificent as have been the dec rations of Madison Square garden in times bast, it is probable that those of tonight have never been equaled; certains, never behave never been equaled; certainty never be-fore in this country have they been sur-passed. All the artistic skill of the florist was called into play to present a scene that will never be forgotten by those fortunate mough to witness it. The ball took place in the assembly room and on this occasion its uppearance was that of one wast flower bower. The roof of the bower consisted of a back ground of green foliage in which innumerable white fruit blos-tom had been worked; the 'sides were which innumerable white fruit blos-soms had been worked; the sides were of hiles and blossoms, columns of sweet peas of lifes and blossoms, columns of sweet peas and pink roses forming the apparent sup-port of the roof. Pendant from the ceiling iverce here and there tassels of Baroness Rothschild roses, clustered together with white satin ribbons. In the ascent to the stairway the walls and ceilings were cov-ored with paim foliage. The place of honor in the assembly hall was of course assigned to the infanta and her suite, and here all that artistic skill could do had been ac-complished. The front of the stage pre-sented a beautiful sight. Nine private boxes were arranged there, behind which there appeared a conservatory effect that there appeared a conservatory effect that was delusive in its naturalness.

was delusive in its naturalness. The decorations, however, reached their greatest magnificence in the room where her royal highness received her guests. This large apartment was furnished in the style of Louis XV., with the costliest of furniture and tapestry. The princess stood on a data draped with elaborate Spanish hangings of the seventeenth century. The banquet hall on the ground floor was arbanquet hall on the ground floor was ar-ranged like a scene in Madrid, with banana, pineapple and orange trees in profusion.

Music Furnished.

Lander's orchestra and the Saragosa band furnished dance and promenade music from opposite galleries in the concert room, which was arranged for dancing.

At 10 o'clock the boxes in the gallery of the concert room were nearly all filled with gorgeously attired women and men, half of whom wore uniforms or decorations of some

Spanish society. Among the occupants of boxes were: Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Paran Stevens. Marquis de Caza Arguin, Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes, Frederick Gebhard, Mrs. Bradley Gartin, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Mrs. Hearst,

brocaded ins ilver and reddish purple. Her diamonds were simply magnificent. Mrs. E. C. Benedict was in pearl brocaded satin, with diamond ornaments. Mrs. John Jacob Astor, in black silk, with white point lace trimmings, and pearl orna-ments which was unusually handsome.

IN A SAD MUDDLE.

Western Roads Still Unable to Agree on World's Fair Rates. CHICAGO, Ill., May 26.-Affairs in the

Western Passenger association are now in a

worse muddle than they have been at any time since the discussion of World's fair rates was begun. This morning President Cable of the Rock Island and Vice President Har-

ris of the Burlington wired President Rein-hart of the Atchison, asking for a delay in putting in the reduced rates from Colorade and the Missouri river, which, it was an-nounced, would go into effect Monday. They proposed that President Newell of the Lake Shore, President Hughitt of the Northwest ern and President Fish of the Illinois Central, or one of the three, be appointed to ar-bitrate the matter. President Reinhart replied that it would be folly to arbitrate the matter, but for the sale of harmony he would agree to let Mr. Hughitt decide it. Mr. Hughitt was out of the city today, and his answer to the proposition could not be obtained. If he agrees to act at once, the reduced rates will be held in abeyance for a short time. It is not expected that Mr. Hughitt will agree to arbitrate the difficulty

until both sides agree to abide unquestion ably by his decision. The meeting of general passenger agents

today made no progress whatever and an adjournment was taken until Monday, when action will depend on President Hughitt's decision to act as arbitrator. A significant vote was taken on the proposition to extend the jurisduction of the Western Passenger association over transmissouri territory. All lines voted in favor of it. If they had voted

this way a month ago their present trouble would not now be upon them.

Just Flew Through Space. POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., May 26.-The "Ex position Flyer," the fast train of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, especially constructed for the first-class passenger traffic between New York and Chicago, made a preliminary run this morning, preparatory to the regular trips, which will

begin on Sunday next. It is the intention of the read to have this train cover the distance between New York and Chicago in twenty hours, cutting off four and Chicago in twenty hours, cutting off four hours from the fastest time yet made be-tween the two cities. This will require an average speed of fifty-one miles per hour, which will be faster than any time made on any road in the country for a long distance. A novel feature of the train is the system of buffers used. These buffers ex-tend almost the entire width of the cars and are driven together, by hydraulic necessary They hold the whole train perfectly rigid and prevent all oscillation. The train pulled out of the Grand Central station at 10:20 a. m. The riding was far easier than it often is on a horse car and, though the speed was ndous, it was not at all noticeable on the train.

Changes in the M., K. & T. SEDALIA, Mo., May 26 .- John W. Allen, general freight agent of the Missouri, Kangeneral freight agent of the Missouri, Kan-sas & Texas railway in Missouri, has been appointed to the same position in Texas, and will have charge of all territory south of Denison. The appointment was made public today and goes into effect Monday, May 29. General Freight Agent Haile of St. Louis will have charge of all the territory north of Denison Denison

General Freight Agent John A. Smith of Texas has been removed General Freight and Passenger Agent C. P. Rector of Parson and General Passenger and Ticket Agent Faulkner of St. Louis are

slated to go.

Reading's Readjustment.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 26 .- Comment is nade that the whole amount made necessary to guarantee the stock of the final Reading adjustment plan has been subscribed. authoritatively stated that the new plan will be made public.

appeal in behalf of his friend, Dr. Briggs, He said that the continued prosecution of the defendant by the assembly would raise rebellion in the hearts of those members who sympathized with the defendant. There was a peaceful way out of the diffi-culty and in the interests of harmony, and

that was to send the case to the synod Briggs had had a constitutional right to be tried by the synod. Attacked Dr. Briggs.

Something of a sensation was created by the next speaker, Elder McDougall of Cin cinnati, who made an attack on Dr. Briggs. He referred to certain remarks which the doctor had made in his speech in his own defense, and said that he had offered, if the case was sent back to the synod, to waive a constitution right.

"No," said Dr. Briggs, interrupting. "Ah'I thought so," said Mr. McDougall. "You will get the case back to the synod and then you will insist upon all the consti-tutional rights that you can think of." The

elder continued in a bitter strain and now and then a murmur of surprise swept over the assembly Dr. Briggs asked for a moment in which to reply to a misrepresentation of himself, which he asserted Mr. McDougall had made There were cries of "No, no;" "Hear him," etc., the negatives being strongly in the malority.

"Dr. Briggs has a right to protection," said Dr. Duffield, the venerable professor of Princeton, "and if his words have been misrepresented he ought to be given an oppor-tunity to explain them."

Even to this appeal there were cries of "No, no," but the moderator finally decided to give Dr. Briggs one minute, when he ex-plained that he had not offered to waive any constitutional rights before the synod, but had said that he would leave the settlement of those rights to the decision of the synod. Aroused Much Feeling.

bitterness of spirit manifested in Mr McDougall's remarks brought to the surface much of that subdued feeling which has been kept under cover for so long. There were half a dozen commissioners on their feet as soon as Dr. Briggs had made this explanation. They wanted to reply to his ac-

cuser. Dr. Fulton of Philadelphia was, however. recognized, and he suggested that the speech which had just been heard would have sounded better on the conviction, rather than upon a simple question as to whether the appeal should be entertained. As for the real question under consideration he was personally sure that, although the assembly might have a majority in favor of trying the

case here, public opinion was overwhelm-ingly against such a course. Elder Thomas Kane of Chicago favored Elder Thomas Kane of Chicago favored sending the case to the synod. He said that, at the outset, he was no Dr. Briggs man; he was no prosecution's man, and that, the least of all, was he a religious pressman, "If you want to put your hand," he said, "upon the sore spot of this business, you will find it in the so-called religious press of the Presbyterian church." For this he was called to order and promised not to offend called to order and promised not to offend

After further discussion the assembly took a recess.

Elder Cutcheon of Detroit was the first speaker of the afternoon. He insisted that the case should be considered on the single

question of appeal. The venerable Dr. Duffield of Princetor The venerative of, formed of Princeton college said he had great personal apprecia-tion of the scholarship and Christian char-acter of Dr. Briggs. "If his logical faculties were equal to his scholarshid, I do not know his equal in the intellectual world of America, at least." As soon as the gavel fell on Dr. Duffield

As soon as the gaver ten on Dr. Dumen, the most sensational scene of the day, and the assembly so far, ensued. In the course of the venerable doctor's remarks, his statement of Prof. Briggs' teachings was questioned by sev eral commissioners and the professor him Sev

eral commissioners and the professor him-self gave utterance to an expression which could not be used by the reports. But as Dr. Duffield stepped down he came almost into direct contact with Prof. Briggs, who, with flashing eyes, had sprung to his feet, demanding to be heard.

A storm of dissent and cries of "Order," immediately broke over the assembly. A scene of great excitement and disorder en-

Lutherans on Sunday Opening.

CANTON, O., May 26 .- The conservative element of the general assembly of the Lutheran church prevailed in the World's fair resolution concerning Sunday opening. The resolutions reported set forth plainly the opposition of the synod to Sunday opening, but

all talk of a boycott or a withdrawal of patronage, etc., was eliminated. Aside from this the day was devoted almost entirely to the subject of home missions, on which several elaborate reports were made.

WILL OPEN SUNDAY.

World's Fair Gates Will Be Unbarred to the Public Continually

CHICAGO, Ill., May 26.-Open to the world will be the gates of the beautiful White City next Sunday. The officials in charge are making extensive preparation to receive immense crowds there on that day, and if the weather is pleasant, they intimate that

the attendance will be greater than that of any day since the opening of the fair. After hearing arguments all day in the Clingman injunction suit against the directors of the Columbian exposition to prevent their closing the gates on Sunday, Judge

Stein took the matter under advisement until Monday morning. Pending his decision no action in the premises will be taken by any court in Cook county. This will leave the Sunday decision of the directory undisturbed by legal proceedings. The federal district actorney will file his bill for an injunction tomorrow, but said tonight that no action would be taken until next week and that a temporary restraining order will

not be asked for nending the arguments on the bill. Chief Justice Fuller will probably occupy a seat on the bench. It is the earnest desire of the government, according to Mr. Milchrist, that the decision shall be made by such au **array** of eminent legal tal-ent that no shadow of doubt will rest on the justness of the judges' conclusions, whatever they may be. A pleasant international incident of the

exposition was the inauguration today of Mrs. Ernest Hart's Donegal village. The Catholic clergy and leading Irish national-ists rallieu to the support of the English woman's village, because Mrs. Hart, with-out patronage or rang of title, has estab-lished factories in the support of the Done lished factories in the poorest parts of Done-gal and taught the people to spin and weave; to make lace and embroidery and tweeds She brought employment and prosperity where idleness, squalor and want prevailed. His Grace Archbishop Feehan, was un-avoidably absent, but sent, with his regrets and as his representative. Very Rev. Father Muldoon, who presided. The chancellor was escorted to the grounds by 150 of the Gaelic Athletic association. Addresses were made by Chancelior Muldoon, Messrs. Finnegan, Higginbotham and Sexton and by Mrs [Hart,

who was received by a perfect ovation. The musical program was under the direction of the organist of the Jesuit church. The national World's fair commissioners adjourned today until July. When the com-mission met today Mr. Woodside called up the Massey matter and morad that the ref. the Massey matter and moved that the res-ignation be accepted. Mr. Myers offered an amendment to ac-company the acceptance with a vote of thanks.

5. E. Wilkinson, is reticent and prefers to have the assignee make a public statement. Mr. Wilkinson is also treasurer of the Fos-toria school district. The board of educa-tion had \$18,000 on hand. The failure is due to the fast the Mr Ford The failure is due

to the fact that Mr. Foster has been a very heavy endorser of three assigned window glass houses, and the brass and iron works, his endorsements of these companies aggre gating over \$300,000. The stringency of the money market caused banks to request pay ment of the notes, which precipitated the failure. As the bank also endorsed much of this paper, it is not thought that the bank can pay depositors in full. The bank had a large line of deposits, but the amount cannot be ascertained tonight. The wholesale grocery of Davis & Foster has bills payable aggregating \$120,000 with bills receivable for about the same amount. Their stock will invoice about \$80,000, so that the greery creditors will lose nothing. The three window glass houses have about \$100,000 worth of glass on hand, with notes out which will more than absorb it. The brass and iron works may pay out dollar for dollar, with a little time to avoid sacrificing assets. The Fostoria Light and Power company, which includes the illumi-nating gas and electric light plants, is thought to have some large obligations out

standing. No other business or manufacturing enterprises are thought to be involved, and no further failures are looked for.

Dragged Down by the Failure.

FINDLAY, O., May 26.—President Lloyd Weisel of the Pcople's bank at North Balti-more, which carried very heavy deposits of the oil producers in the oil country, was here this evening endeavoring to procure aid. Failing to secure this he announced that his bank would close its doors tomorrow morning, having been dragged down by the failure of ex-Secretary Charles Foster of Fostoria. The bank was heavily involved by the failure of the North Baltimore Furniby the impany, and the second blow made a run upon it today, which it would not be able to stand tomorrow. Charles Foster was a stockholder in the bank. Oil oper-ators and producers will lose many thousands. Findlay banks are unaffected by the Foster failure.

How the Failure Was Precipitated.

TIFFIN, O, May 26 .- Shortly after Clock this morning Attorney Scott of Foledo filed deeds of assignment of all of ex-Secretary Foster's property, including the firms of Foster & Co. and Davy & Foster, to J. B. Gormley of Bucyrus. At 2 o'clock this morning two of Foster's Tiffin creditors secured attachments aggregating \$4,400, and the sheriff went to Fostoria and levied on the goods to secure the claim. It is said that many here will lose by the failure.

In Fostoria business is paralized, and the result of the failure will be far reaching, probably involving a majority of the leading industries and business houses of the city. The amount of assets and liabilities is not yet obtainable. In Bradstreets Foster & Co. are put down as having a capital of from \$509,000 to \$1,000,000, but their credit was only rated by the agency as second class.

It Didn't Surprise Wall Street.

NEW YORK, May 26.-The Foster failure caused no estonishment in Wall street. In certain circles it has been known for so time that the firm was in a tight place for money. One banker said that Foster had been caught between seed time and harvest. The trouble with him, he said, was he was interested in too many things.

Mr. Foster was generally considered by Wall street men to have taken an active interest in Wall street affairs and was sup-posed to have been associated with Senator Calvin S. Brice and General Samuel Thomas in some of their deals. The amount of his speculations, however, is said by those in a speculations, however, is said by those in a position to know to have been grossly ex-aggerated. Mr. Foster has been in an easy financial condition for years, even before he accepted the secretaryship of the treasury. The fact that many of his personal friends wers Wall street brokers and financiers and thatteria he way years he consult field. that when in New York he generally visited them has led to the reports of his specula-tions. So far as can be learned Mr. Foster speculated very little; at any rate not through those houses with which his sup-

posed operations were conducted. Senator Calvin S. Brice said: "I know nothing of Mr. Foster's assignment but what I have heard this morning. I have had

Baker held a conference with the revolutionary leaders in the hope of arranging a plan to end the war.

After their defeat near Managua the gov ernment forces retreated to Tipitapa, where the remnant of the army gathered on the plaza.

South American Notes.

VALPARAISO, Chill (via Galveston, Tex.) May 26.- By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE.]-The Herald's correspondent in Rivera telegraphs that the Rio Grande revolutionists are now acting entirely as guerrillas. They have no organization.

From Buenos Ayres the Herald's correspondent telegraphs that Ministers Victorica and Romero have resigned. Senor Quintano will probably be named as minister of the interior and Senor Ezcapante minister of finance.

The British bark Gladys has arrived at Antogasta with part of the crew of the bark Derbyshire. The latter was loaded with wheat and was bound for European ports from Talacahuano. She was wrecked off Cape Horn.

No definite solution of the Chilian financial difficulty has yet been presented. It is believed the bill now before congress will be passed, but this is regarded as a mere make shift. Exchange is rising slightly.

In the Bolivian elections the national party has gained important victories in the lepartments of Potosi and Lucre.

Indians in the outlying districts on the borders of Brazil have again risen in revolt against the authorities. The Bolivian government has sent troops to quell the insur tion. Baron Rivera's party has gone to Mollendo, Peru, to explore a newly discovered rubber field in the Beni district.

CAUSED TWO CHILDREN'S DEATH.

Peculiar Complications Growing Out o Litigation Over a Claim.

Hor SPRINGS, S. D., May 26 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-This morning officers arrested Captain Spearing, an inmate of the Soldiers home, on the charge of having murdered two children on a ranch near the Spokane mine. A Swede family named Blom had taken possession of Spearing's claim duirng his absence, also some property on the claim. One day last summer he drove to the house and stopped to look after his property. In conversation with some of the family he told them the curse of God would fall on them for their conduct.

Soon after this two children of the family died from the effects of poison in some carrots which they had taken out of the cellar and caten. The prosecution claims that Spearing put the poison in the carrots while on the aforesaid visit, but friends who were with him at that time say that it was impossible for him to do so, and he has not been near the place since. The theory is that the poison was placed by some one for the numerous mountain rats and that they had carried it into the cellar. Captain Spearing's many friends in this city claim that it is merely a persecution growing out of an attempt to get hold of his claim, which is quite valuable.

are now being made under oaths. The stru-ation between the acknowledged members of the order and the Catholics is greatly strained and trouble is expected. Business boycotts are being numerously enforced. Quackenbush has disappeared. Movements of Ocean Steamers, May 26. NEW YORK, May 26.-The American line teamer Paris has been sighted south of Fire Island at 12:15 a.m.

At New York-Arrived-Prinz Frederick Wilhelm, from Naples; Fuerst Bismarck, from Hamburg; Zaadam, from Rotterdam. At Hamburg-Arrived-Russia, from New York York

At Kinsale-Passed-Philadelphia, from Boston.

Legaliy Hanged.

AUGUSTA, Ga., May 26.-Henry Ramsey colored, was hanged in Richmond county ail yard this morning for the murder last October of Robert Y. Harris, the marshal at Summerville.

Subscribers May Save Something,

Mr. Lanphere refused to accept outstands ing certificates at their full value, but he has agreed to accept them at half their face value in payment for accommodations at the hotel. The rates fixed until August is are now \$3.50, \$0, \$0 and \$10, where they were respectively \$2.50, \$4, \$0 and \$7 on the American plan, with a corresponding in crease on the European.

crease on the European. May 22, the circular published Thursday in Time Ben, was issued. Many of the cer-tificate holders, who can be found in thirty-four states, have been telegraphing friends to make enquiries concerning the matter, When seen today, Mr. Lamphere stated that When seen today, Mr. Lamphere stated that any holder of a certificate coming to the hotel, who, by reason of financial circum-stances would be unable to stay the length of time intended at the exposition in Con-sequence of the increased rates, he would allow to remain nearly or quite the full allow to remain nearly or quite the full time called for by their certificates without

The character and standing of Mr. Lan-phere are so well known in Chicago, and his liberality so freely manifested in the support of schools and missions, that those who know him do not doubt he will faith-fully perform his promised to the source of the support of schools and missions.

fully perform his promises. Lyman J. Gage said today he considered Cadwallader perfectly reliable and believed that he engaged in the enterprise with a firm conviction as to his ability to conduct in to a successful issue. He thinks that the failure of friends to respond to the appeal of Cadwallader to take stock is the principal cause of the failure. Dispatches from many towns tell of indignation meet-ings of subscribers. Two men from Dela-ware. O., were in the city today in the interest of thirty subscribers who had paid in \$753 and were exceedingly reluctant to accept the propagition of W. Landars to accept the

proposition of Mr. Lanphere to receive certificates at only half value. Mr. their Lanphere, however, promised them that any of the subscribers who were in straightened circumstances he would allow them more than half the face value of their certificates in payment for board.

Doings of Newspaper Men.

CHICAGO, Iil., May 26 .- Two new branches of the World's Press congress were opened

this afternood and night--the trade press

and the religious press. In the general cone

and the religious press. In the general con-gress Editor-an-Chief John A. Sleicher of the New York Mail and Express, made the novel suggestion that newspapers should print both republican and democratic edi-tions, each having a republican and a demo-cratic editor, who should write from princi-ple. A number of papers were read. In the trade press section J. Fred Wag-goner, George W. Hotchkiss, David H. Mason, W. C. Edgar of Minnesota and Dad-iel Williams of New York were the essay-ists.

The press women listened to papers by Margaret Sangster, Kate Field, Kathering

Conway, Annie L. Diggs, Florence Fenwick Miller and Mrs. F. P. Torhune.

Exposed the Secrets.

DAVENDORT, In., May 26.- [Special Tele-gram to THE BER.]-This city has been in a

fever today over an article in the lows

Catholic Messenger signed by one Quacken-

bush, purporting to be a complete expose of

the American Protective association, write ten by way of retailation for this order's ill-treatment of him while he was a mem-ber. Many citizens are named as belonging to the order and numerous denials

are now being made under oaths. The situ-

Garza's Men Sentenced.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., May 26.-Another batch of revolutionists were sentenced to

terms of imprisonment this morning in the

United States court for violation of the neu-

trality laws. Clemente Gutiererres was given

twelve months in the state penitentiary at

Anamosa, Ia. Eighteen others were sentenced to jail for

terms of imprisonment ranging from one to eight months each. This makes a total of fifty-three Garza revolutionists who have

been sentenced to prison during the past three days.

ists