

CASE IS SUBMITTED

500 and the \$300 used both sums of money for philanthropic purposes, with no vicious intention. The expenditures were made to those who were known to be of this noble-hearted gentlemen are met with these charges of impeachment. In the matter of the asylum it is not charged that these respondents acted corruptly, but that they did not carefully compare the vouchers.

ner for Mosher, sold the state convict cell house, while as agent for the state convict cell house, he was paid \$1 per day for each convict laborer. For the state he received it. As agent for the state it was his duty to procure this labor at the lowest price, as the state was to pay for it. It is not to get for it the highest price. Dorgan simply took money out of one hand and put it into the other. There could be no other result. The state was to pay for the worst of it. No servant can serve two masters, for either he will hate the one and love the other, or else he will hold to the one and despise the other. He cannot serve God and mammon. If Dorgan had attempted to be true to both the state and Mosher, he would have found himself between the devil and the deep sea. It is necessary to say where Dorgan would have gone in that event.

per day. The rule, anyhow, ought not to remain as in the state, which pays \$1 per day for each convict laborer. It is necessary to say where Dorgan would have gone in that event. "It appears from the testimony, first of Mr. Hopkins, that at the time he was appointed superintendent of the cell house it had not been decided to take down or rebuild the cell house. It was only the south wall that had been completed and one-third of the east wall at the time Mr. Dorgan resigned as superintendent, so that he had been in charge of the cell house for two-thirds of the east wall and the roof put on after Mr. Hopkins became superintendent.

notice of the frauds committed at the penitentiary and asylum. The act giving the Board of Public Lands and Buildings the vision of the different public institutions of the state makes them responsible for the proper disbursement of the funds appropriated to their maintenance. It also requires them to audit all accounts of the officers of the various public institutions of the state. It is also made the duty of the board to examine the vouchers and to determine whether the same are entitled to be paid out of the moneys appropriated for the purpose of carrying on the institution in which they are charged.

work more than six hours per day, while on Saturday they generally close at 3 p. m. "That Wonderful Vindication. "It is claimed that these matters now before the court were published before the last election, and the respondents were elected by re-election. It is true that they were re-elected by a very narrow plurality. In a total vote of 309,000 they received only 50,000 votes.

W. H. M. D. C. May 24.—United States District Attorney Michrist at Chicago has announced that he has received a copy of a letter from Attorney General Colby today with regard to the action of the general commission in opening the opening of the World's fair, Sunday. In view of the absence of a violation of the law the attorney declines to give Mr. Michrist any definite instructions, and informed him that until a violation has been officially presented, he must use his own discretion. Mr. Michrist left here for Chicago this evening.

W. H. M. D. C. May 24.—The president has appointed J. C. Edwards of Illinois deputy second auditor of the treasury. Samuel Blackwell of Alabama third auditor of the treasury.

AMUSEMENTS. BOYD'S NEW THEATRE. THURSDAY, MAY 25. DIRECT WE ARE AGAIN, AND EVERYBODY GLAD OF IT. PRIMROSE & WEST'S. FAMOUS MINSTRELS. BOYD'S NEW THEATRE. THURSDAY, MAY 25. DIRECT WE ARE AGAIN, AND EVERYBODY GLAD OF IT. PRIMROSE & WEST'S. FAMOUS MINSTRELS. BOYD'S NEW THEATRE. THURSDAY, MAY 25. DIRECT WE ARE AGAIN, AND EVERYBODY GLAD OF IT. PRIMROSE & WEST'S. FAMOUS MINSTRELS.