FIGURES THAT CANNOT BE REFUTED

The Bee's Paying Subscription List Compared With That of the World-Herald.

TWO TO ONE IN THE CITY OF OMAHA

Nearly Double in the State at Large Outside of Omaha and South Omaha-A Convincing Exhibit by Towns and Cities,

uno irchard

Burehard Bure Burwell Callaway Cambridge arleton ampbell odar Bluffs Jedur Burfs

edar Rapids entral City eresco hadron

ozad rab Orchard

awford

witt.

uglas.

Imwood. Ik Creek Iwood

ieneva.

Gothenberg Grafton Grand Island

Greeley Center Greenwood Gresham

Grant Gulde Rock

retna.

ndiamola

ewman's Grove

Norfolk. North Bend North Loup North Platte.

maland.

eru Petersburg Phillips

dattsmouth

epublican City

andolph.

tavenna

Ising City.

t. Paul ... alem ... chuyler. cribner.

Scribner
Sward
Sward
Shelton
Shelton
Shickley
Shubert
Sidney
Silver Creek
South Umahn
Springfield
Stanton
Steele City
Stella
Sterling

tockville ration.

On the 10th day of March a challenge was issued by the publisher of THE BEE to the World-Herald to establish its claim to the largest circulation in Omaha and the state of Nebraska by a comparison of the paying subscription lists to the daily edition of each paper. The challenge was accepted and \$5,000 in certified cheeks of the First National Bank of Omaha were deposited with Mr. Henry W. Yates, president of the Nebraska National bank. The following was the memorandum of agreement:

Nebraska National bank. The following was the memorandum of agreement:

OMARA, Neb., March 11, 1893.—Henry W. Yates, Esq., President Nebraska National Bank, Omaha, Neb.: Under an agreement made this, the 11th day of March, 1893, between myself and G. M. Hitchcock, you are hereby made the custodian of five certified checks of one thousand dollars (1,000) to Associated Charites.

One thousand dollars (1,000) to New Epicopal union in the burnt district.

One thousand dollars (1,000) to the Hebrew Benevolent selety.

One thousand dollars (1,000) to the Young May's Christian association.

One thousand dollars (1,000) to the St. Vincent de Paul seciety.

These checks to be delivered by you to the trustees or officers of these respective institutions, after the exhibits of relative circulations of The OMANA BEE and the Omaha World-Herald, under the conditions specified in my open challenge to G. M. Hitchcock, hereto appended, if I fail to make good the said propositions as made by myself and accepted by Mr. Hitchcock.

It is mutually agreed and understood that each of these checks is to be considered as being part of the specific proposition under which it has been accepted and designated to be payable by Mr. Hitchcock.

It is furthermore agreed that if the World-Herald fails to furnish proof of its circulation, under the conditions condition to the form propositions in the open challenge, within thirty days from this date; or, if after complying with the conditions of either of the first four propositions. It is found that I have made good any proposal concerning relative circulation, the heads of the fifth proposition, relating to the relative circulation of the two

circulation, then you are to hand once checks to me.

The check covering the fifth proposition, relating to the relative circulation of the two papers in the state of Nebraska, is to be returned by you to me within forty days unless it is shown that it has been furfelted by me under the conditions of proposition No. 5, or if, at the end of forty days, the World-Herald falls to produce evidence to enable us to make a satisfactory comparison.

E. Rosewater.

Under the conditions embodied in the first two propositions of the challenge the World-Herald was to publish its list of paying sub-scribers in the city of Omaha within ten days from date of deposit of the checks cov-ering city circulation, and The Ber was to match its list with odds of two to one, each party to have twenty days time for verifying the respective lists. The thirty days under which the first four prosositions in the chal-lenge covering city and county expired on April 10. The World-Herald, having failed to publish its list, the checks deposited by Mr. Rosewater for The Bee were withdrawn the 11th of April On the next, Wednesday, April 12, The Bee published in its morning and evening editions the name and address of every paying car-rier delivery subscriber to The Evening Bee and the names and addresses of the evening subscribers of the evening World-Herald in the city of Omaha, for the three months ending March 1, 1893. These lists were rerified by sworr statements of eighty-five carriers who had taken a house to house

The forty days within which the World-Herald was to make a comparison by publication of its bonafide subscription expired on April 20. This profosition included not only the city of Omaha, but the entire state of Nebraska. The cenditions embraced all paying carrier delivery subscribers in the city of Omaha during four consecutive weeks in the three months ending March 1, 1863, and all actual sales by news dealers in the state, together with paying subscribers in the various towns and cities. The World-Herald having failed to make publication of the state list within the time limited by the agreement, the deposit of the last \$1,000 check was withdrawn on April 22.

census of relative circulation.

The forty days within which the World-

April 22 Innsmuch as we have been at much expense and trouble to procure the circulation statistics required for making comparison of circulation we are now in position to place these facts before the public and set at rest for some time to come the preposterous

claims made by our contemporary.

It will be found upon comparison that the carrier delivery paid circulation and sales by newsdealers of The Bee in the city of Omaha during the month ending March 1. 1893, aggregated 9.081 as against 5.415 cred Ited to the World-Herald.

The total paid circulation of The Bes in the state of Nebraska, exclusive of sales to railway news agents and the sales by news boys in the streets of Omaha and exclusive also of sales at the counters of its offices, aggregates 15,287, as against 9,121 circulated by the World-Heraid in the state of Ne-braska, including Omaha under like condi-

tions and for the same period.

The names of subscribers in the towns given in the list which is herewith annexed were in most cases furnished us by postmasters and correspondents under eath. In places where papers are handled by agents. places where papers are handled by agents, we secured a statement from these agents under oath in the majority of cases of the number of papers actually sold by them without reference to the number received. With a tew exceptions, we have been able to secure a statement from all the towns in the state having a population of 200 or over. This of course is only actual paid circula-This, of course, is only actual paid circula-tion in the state of Nebraska, which, inclusive of sales to newsboys in the city of Omaha and sales of railway news agents, would increase sales of railway news agents, would increase the list to over 17,000 daily. The circulation of Tun Ben in Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, South Dakota, Wyoming, Utah and the Rocky Mountain states exceeds 7,000 daily. It goes without saying that the proportions in those states as between Tun Ben and World-Herald are decidedly more favorable to Tun Ben. In some sections of those states Tun Ben is the only Omaha daily known.

Circulation in Nebraska.

In the table following will be found an accurate statement of the number of copies sold in Nebraska towns by The OMARA BEE and the Omaha World-Herald;

Towns.	Popu- lation	Bee.	World- Herald
Adams	250	. 2	- 6
Alnsworth	733	29	В
Albien Mexandria	926 450	22	27
Alma	14550	0	5
Alliance	1200	48	17
Ansley	400	15	- 5
Arapahoe	1000	17	10
readia	3420	15	- 0
rlington	412	15	4.7
Ashland	1,601	36	22
Luburn	1.537	2.1	94
curora	1,862	53	18
xtell	500	-10	3
incroft	344	13	4
HATHOMICH	-28(5(3)	3	- 2
artley	200	. 6	1
Jattle Creek	13,836	163	50
Seaver City	768	15	15
00	200	176	6
Seemer	850	- 5	8
seliwood	413	10	
lelyldere		4	1
Benkelman	8071	14	8

Western Weston Weston West Point Wilber Wilcox Wilcox Wisory Wakefield Wood River Wymore York	397 341 1842 1226 250 300 610 700 481 2430 3405	12 7 49 22 9 9 24 12 23 45 63	
Total	********	15,287	0.

NO CASH TO PAY JURORS' FEES. Heree the May Term of Federal Court

May Be Abandoned.
The failure of the Treasury department to forward money to pay jurors' fees promises to result in the abandonment of the May term of federal court at Omaha this year. Judge Dundy stated several weeks ago that unless the department furnished the eash with which to carry on the May term there would in all probability be no court. The retirement of Marshal Slaughter brought the government face to face with a settletlement which the retiring marshal had been trying to get for some time. Had Marshal Slaughter still been in office it is probable that he would have furnished money with which to run the May term, but as he was going out of office he naturally wanted to square the account and even if there had been money enough in his possession to carry the court through another term he could not have turned it over to his

Several days ago Deputy Marshal Lyon telegraphed the department, at Judge Dundy's request, asking whether or not any money was going to be sent on to pay the expense of running the court for the May term. The department answered after two or three days that money would be sent for witness fees and to bear the expense of the marshal and his deputies but nothing was said about jurors fees. Another telegram was fired at the department asking what about the jury. Yesterday Marshal White received a letter from the department stating that the jury appropriation for the year was exhausted and no money for jurors could be sent. The communication informed could be sent. The communication informed the marshal that he could apply again in

Another telegram was sent informing the department that there were about a dozen department that there were about a dozen prisoners now in jail here at the expense of he government, and that it would be impossible to do anything with them or their cases unless fands were provided for the expense of a grand and petit juries. If there is no May term these prisoners will be held in jail until the November term.

Marshal White said that if the department would authorize him to borrow the money he would do so and the court might move on, but he would not run the risk of borrowing the money without being authorized so to do, for he would have no assurance that he would ever be reimbursed.

Speaking of the peculiar condition of

214 33 46

10,000

300 1,500 1,200 330 633

4,000 1,000

123

ance that he would ever be reimbursed.

Speaking of the peculiar condition of affairs Judge Dundy said yesterday afternoon that such a thing as the entire giving out of funds for the Nebraska court had not happened before since the year 1880. That year the funds ran out and the spring term had to be abandoned, so far as a jury was concerned. The jury funds have been very low several times, and the jury has often been dismissed before the work of the spring term was completed, but not since 1880 has there been an entire deficiency. The judge said he might hear a few equity cases and some motions during May without a jury, out the real work of the term would be impossible without funds for the expenses of a jury.

There is a vertical forms.

There is another financial matter connected with the federal court that is likely to cut a tremendous swath in the revenues of the marshal's office. The last congress passed a bill changing the law so as to provide that all prisoners when they are arrested must be taken to the nearest United States commissioner or to the nearest Justice of the peace. Formerly it was the rule that a deputy could take a prisoner from the furthest end of the state to the marshal's office and get mileage for it all. The recent change knocks the fees into a cocked hat, so to speak, and makes the marshal's office any

change knocks the fees into a cocked hat, so to speak, and makes the marshal'soffice anything but a snap.

It will bear particularly on the deputies who work on commission. A deputy may be sent from Omaha to Valentine, for instance, to arrest a man and when he secures his prisoner he will be obliged to deliver him at the office of the nearest United States commissioner or justice of the nearest. missioner or justice of the peace, which may not be over a mile from the place of arrest. The deputy will, therefore, be entitled to only \$2 for serving the writ and 5 cents a mile for conducting the prisoner to the place of arraignment.

Marshal White is naturally disappointed Marshal White is naturally disappointed by the turn of affairs, but says there is only one thing to do, and that is to obey the law. He thinks that considerable dissatisfaction will spring out of the arrangement for the reason that the deputies will be obliged to take all sorts of criminals before justices who will not know what to do with them and the result will be that the ends of justice will not be reached in many cases.

In the case of the Fort Niobrara soldier who was arrested for murder the justice of the beace before whom the deputy took the prisoner wanted to release him on bail. The deputy would not have it so and brought the prisoner on down to Omaha.

Dr. Presnell treats catarrn. Bee bidg.

NOT AN "ASYLUM."

Prof. Gillespie Takes Exception to the Work of Lincoln Printers, Prof. John A. Gillespie, superintendent of the Nebraska Institute for the Deaf, is not in the best of humor over the printing of the biennial report of the institution over which he exercises jurisdiction. The work was let by the commissioners to a Lincoln firm, and from start to finish it looks like the work of a blacksmith. There are typographical a blacksmith. There are typographical errors, grammatical errors and errors in spelling on nearly every page of the volume, and to cap the climax of blunders the name of the institution is not right on the outside. The legal name of the institution is "The Nebraska Institute for the Deaf." Superintendent Gillespie has recommended that the name be changed to "The Nebraska School for the Deaf," for the reason that he thinks it is detrimental to The Nebraska School for the Deaf," for the reason that he thinks it is detrimental to the work to have words and titles applied to the school that indicate even remotely that it is an asylum. While the word institute does not necessarily mean asylum, yet Prof. Gillespie has favored the use of the word school instead of the word institute. He has always discouraged the use of the word.

asylum in connection with the institute, for the reason that it is not an asylum, but a school.

It is easy, therefore, to imagine his disgust the other day when several hundred printed and bound copies of his biennial report arrived from the printerat Lincoln bearing on the back in great, gilt letters, "The biennial report of the Nebraska Deaf and Dumb Asylum." The superintendent was simply paralyzed. No one, so far as he knew, had given any such instructions, and it was evident that the enterprising printer had believed he had been struck with an inspiration when he did that oungling piece of work.

always discouraged the use of the word

Everybody Paid Taxes.

The employes of the county treasurer's office had a busy Saturday, it being the last day for paying county taxes if property owners wanted to escape the penalty. During the day there were 500 receipts made out, while the money paid in aggregated between \$45,000 and \$50,000, or three times more than during the corresponding day of last year. There was a great rush at the office during every day of last week, the business being double that of the corresponding

week of any previous year. Marriage Licenses. The following marriage licenses were issued by County Judge Eller yesterday: Name and address. James Vondra, South Omaha. Annie Cisar, South Omaha. Alonzo E. Mack, Omaha. Lucinda M. Cole, Omaha. William Burnett, South Omaha.

Daughters of the Revolution. Washington, D. C., April 29 .- A department congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution has been called to meet May 15 in the Art palace in Chicago under the auspices of the woman's branch of the world's congress auxiliary. The president general, Mrs. Stevenson, will preside.

DEPENDS ON THE PEOPLE

Relation of the United States Treasury to

SUFFICIENT TO DISTURB THE OFFICIALS

If Public Confidence in the Institution Shou d Be Shaken the Besult Would Be Exceedingly Disastrons Strengthen-

Washington Burgau of The Bee, 513 Fourteenth Street, Washington, D. C., April 29

ing Ponca's Embarraised Bank.

The average reader of Washington dispatches, and especially the advocates of free coinage of silver, is likely to ask himself as he reads these days about the raid being made upon the gold reserve, what difference it makes to the country it the treasury is depleted of all its gold. And he will say to himself that it makes no difference whether the greenbacks are redeemed in sliver or gold. And again he will say that it doesn't matter whether there are bonds issued. It is difficult for the private citizen who is not in daily contact with the money veins of the country to comprehend the trouble the Treasury department has been experiencing for some months past. He would just as soon see the United States government on a silver as a gold basis. Especially does he ask himself, "What is the difference if gold is listed on the market?"

There is no dispute on any hand that even though the government may redeem the greenbacks or treasury notes in "coin," which is either silver or gold. It must pay out gold whenever gold certificates are presented for redemption. The certificates are pleaged on their face for gold whenever the holder desires the yellow metal. There are many times more gold certificates out than there is of gold to redeem them with. If there should be presentations of gold certificates for redemption when the coin is exhausted the government would simply be compelled the government would simply be compened to buy gold at any cost, and gold would be listed on the exchanges at a premium, so that the government's credit would be below par. Whenever gold is listed all other issues of the government are below face value, otherwise gold would not be at a premium. It is all an effort and pride to pre-ture, the credit of the government. serve the credit of the government.

Depends Upon the People. For four months or more the United States treasury has been in the precise condition of a bank which is suffering a "run" from its depositors. Its paper is being presented, like the checks of depositors in a bank for the cash. The money promised by the cer-tificates is demanded. If the treasury should be emulated in a solution. tificates is demanded. If the treasury should be emptied of its gold it could no longer keep open its doors in the souse that a bank could have credit after its vaults had been drained of its cash resources. The government might present silver certificates, or green-backs, but if the holder had a gold certificate he would no more be satisfied with anything but gold, when that metal was above par, than would a depositor in a failing bank be satisfied with a certificate of denosit or any other kind of promise to pay.

He would want the coid cash, the same as he had deposited for the certificates. After all there is but little difference between the United States treasury and a private bank. Both depend upon the confidence the people have in them. While the Treasury department would not be closed up and go into the hands of a receiver, as would a failed bank, it would lose the confidence of the people,

it would lose the confidence of the people, and confidence would be restored with greater effort than as incumbent upon a bank. The government's credit depends upon the confidence of the people. A bank's credit is largely a matter of dollars.

After all the attributes of the results is

After all the patriotism of the people is what preserves the credit of the nation under all circumstances. That is the thing which is coming to the rescue today. Had it been much more seriously impaired the government's credit would have been lost. New Western Postmasters.

Nebraska failed to get any new fourth-lass postmasters today, although Headsman class postmasters today, aithough Headsman Maxwell turned out a list of seventy-four. Iowa got a number. The Hawkeye ap-pointments were as follows: Amish, John-son county, A. B. Long, vice C. H. Yoder, re-moved; Delaware, Clinton county, T. H. Canty, vice W. W. Wiley, removed; Fair-Canty, vice W. W. Wiley, removed; Fairwill, Palo Alto county, Frederick Gremmels, vice John Chisholm, resigned; Fruitland, Muscatine county, G. F. Jarvis, vice G. W. Webster, removed; Long Grove, Scott county, Colus Kueht, vice G. W. Curtis, removed; Mount Zion, Van Buren county, T. E. Campbell, vice William Ager, dead; North English, Iowa county, O. P. Whitson, vice J. S. Wagner, resigned; Pomeroy, Calhoun county, Jacob Foster, vice G. W. Hamilton, resigned; Rose Hill, Mahaska county, L. M. Bacon, vice D. M. Purdue, resigned; Stockport, Van Duren county, W. R. Day, vice F. M. Harlan, resigned. port, Van Duren coun M. Harlan, resigned.

Ponca's Embarrassed Bank. At the office of the comptroller of currency it was stated today that there were no new developments in the failure of the First National bank of Ponca; that Bank Examiner Diamond was in charge and that his re-port was not expected under a week or ten days. It is believed here that by the time the examiner is through with his examina-tions of the condition of the bank its impair-ment will be made good and a receiver may not be needed.

Personal Mention.

The application of James H. McShane of Omaha for the position of surveyor of that port was booked at the Treasury department

John S. Noble of Offingham, S. D., is at the Randall. Colonel John S. King of Chamberlain, S. D., is acting register of the treasury in the absence of Deputy Henry Smith, who is now in Chicago.

Western Pensions.

The following pensions granted are reported:
Nebraska: Original—John J. Burrill, Francis Easton. Additional—Joseph O. Tuffs. Increase—Jesse Guttery, Alexander Atkinson. Original widows, etc.—Mary C. Benedict. Original—Henry Lewis, Albert Watrous, Greer Hair, Alanson Palmer. Increase—John Weir. Original widows, etc.—Sarah Meeds, minors of George W. Howe, minors of Reuben H. Hurd, Sarah Watts.
Lowa: Original—Joel E. King, David Trotter. Additional—T. M. Bancroft, John Basler. Increase—Levi Fuller, Augustus E. Moore, J. D. Denison, Reissue—William P. Peterman, Milton Graham, Original widows, etc.—Charles C. Hunting (brother), Emeline King, Mary E. Keller, Rosalia Wever, Polly Carlwright, Amy A. T. Silcott, Laura E. Ellsworth, Melvina Randall. Original—William H. Ensmingen/Andrew J. Chalmers, Elias Dunkelberger, Samuel F. Donaldson, John Borchers, Wallaco M. Brackett, Robert N. Kinney, John M. Yost, Increase—David Glassbourner, George V. R. Goddard, Rowlin T. Parkhurst, William Farnum, Reissue—Francis M. Godfrey, Original widows, etc.—Amelia R. Williams, Arabella Crone, Terrace Blakeley, Sarah J. Beatty, Survivors Indian wars—John A. McIntosh. South Dakota: Original—William Wood, Increase—Frederick J. Smith, Reissue—Henry Knor.

Miscellancoas.

In the timber culture case of William J. The following pensions granted are reorted : Nebraska :

Miscellancous. In the timber culture case of William J. Young against George W. Wilkinson from O'Neill. Assistant Secretary Chandler today affirmed the Judgment of the commissioner, which dismisses the contest and leaves the entry in favor of Wilkinson. P. S. H.

Burned by Gasoline. Through an explosion of gasoline Friday Hans Fruhm, residing on Military avenue, near Tietz park, sustained severe injuries to his face and head. The oil had spilled over the stove and he was endeavoring to extinguish the flames by blowing them out when the explosion occurred, with the above result.

above result. A Good Thing for Coughs and Colds, The more Chamberiain's Cough Remedy is used the better it is liked. We know of no osed the cetter it is liked. We know of no other remedy that always gives satisfaction. It is good when you first catch cold. It is good when your cough is seated and when your lungs are sore. We have sold twenty-five dozen of it and every bottle has given satisfaction. Stedman & Friedman, drug-gists, Minnesota Lake, Minn.

Corner Fifteenth and Dodge Streets.

Men's Furnishing Goods'

Men's Silk Front Night Shirts, full size, fine quality, so d everywhere for 75c to \$1.00, our price......

Men's all linen Collars, standing

Men's Unlaundried Shirts, handmade, best muslin, reinforced back and front, and continuous facings, our regular \$1.00 shirt, tomorrow. our regular \$1,00 shirt, tomorrow . .

Men's large Silk Ties, sold by fur-day and all the week to.....

Ladies' Ready Made Wear

Ladies' Eton Suits, in navy and black, periect fitting and well made, \$6,00, \$7.50, 8.50, up to \$15.00.

Ladies' Blazer Suits, all wool, \$7.50 to \$15.00.

CAPES-

All our finest capes, that have sold from \$15.00 to \$40.00, prices cut to about one-half for Monday.

JACKETS-

At \$2.50, worth \$3.50; \$3.50, worth \$5.00. Fine black clay worsteds just received at \$6.75, worth \$10.00. Best values in Omaha.

WAISTS-

Of all kinds. The finest line in the

Beautiful styles in fine white lawns and

Best 50c Summer Corset made. Best \$1,00 Summer Corset made. All the standard makes in stock and at lowest Remnants of black cambric, 3c.

Monday we will sell a full dress pattern of 10 yards, double fold new spring dress 98c

An elegant assortment of dark ground half wool challis, beautiful patterns, equal to 28c the finest French goods,....

25 pies of light ground half wool challis, selected patterns, choice designs, warranted fast 17c colors.....

For traveling dresses we offer an all wool light weight cheviot, 7 yards making a full stylish dress, for Monday and Tuesday only..... \$3.49

We have 400 beautiful silk

Ladies' Lisle Vests.

All our 35c, 50c and 65c Lisle thread vests will be put in one lot Monday. You may take your choice 35c

53-4 6 3-4

This lot of lalies' kid gloves have sold for \$1.25 to \$1.50 when the sizes were complete, but as we are out of 6 1-4 and 6 1-2 we will close wear the above sizes for

11 Pounds of Best Granulated Sugar for

TOMORROW AT

THE BELL.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS

IN BASEMENT.

Octogon bell bottom teapots, 13c. Tin coffee pots, 10c

Pie tins, 1c, 2c, 3c, Tin cups (pints), 2c.

Decorated Japanese screens Screen doors from 93c up-

wards. The largest stock of bas-

kets in the city. Get our prices on harness. We can save you money on every purchase.

Visit our china department and see the rr (Bargains in

Glassware and JU | Chinaware. Apple butter, Sc per 1b. Best Turkish prunes, 9e lb. Best blackberries, 9c per 1b. Good raisins and grapes, 6c. Above All sweet corn, 10c can Choice tomatoes, 10c can, Soda crackers. Bc lb.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' Oxfords that have sold for \$2 to \$2.50, our price Monday and all the week

Ladies' turn shoes that have sold for \$3 to \$4 all go at \$2.48. Don't miss this bar-

Men's \$3 and \$4 shoes, in lace or congress, for \$2.69. This includes fine cordovan Goodyear welt calf vice kid, in all the latest styles.

Men's work shoes from 88c up.

This is your opportunity to get good footwear at a bargain.

DRUG DEPARTMENT.

IN THIS DEPARTMENT

We lead in low prices on all Patents, Toilet Soaps and Druggist Sundries CET OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING

THE BELL.

CORNER FIFTEENTH AND DODGE STREETS.