CONDITION OF OMAHA'S TRADE

The Weather Continues a Disturbing Factor in Business.

THE JOBBING TRADE SHOWS LITTLE CHANGE

Business in Omaha Moves Along Quietly Without Developing Any Very Interesting Features—Sunshine Wanted Here and Rain in the West.

The jobbing trade of Omaha has failed to develop any very interesting features during the past week. The situation is very much the same as was detailed a week ago. The jobbers are all doing a fair business for the season, and do not indulge in any fault-finding, though they would like to have the weather conditions a little different.

In some parts of the state there is a demand for rain, and the retail merchants are inclined to move a little slow until the uncertainty concerning the coming crop is removed. This keeps down the volume of business with the jobbers and makes trade a little slow in some localities. It is still early in the season, and jobbers are not worrying because it does not happen to rain in some localities just when the farmers are ready for it.

In Omaha there has been too much rain and cold weather and local business enterprises of all kinds have suffered more or less. It is noted that on pleasant days the local retail trade is pretty good, which leads the retailers to anticipate a good demand for spring and summer goods as soon as there is weather that will encourage buyers to be out on the street.

A week ago attention was called to the compiled reports of the last statements of the national banks showing a comparison between the national banks of Omaha and those of the state outside of Omaha. The State Banking board has now made a report of the state banks and it is possible to show the figures for the state banks in comparison with the national banks of the state.

RESOURCES.	National.	State.
Loans and discounts	$36,909,610 26	$30,744,027 54
Overdrafts	482,596 82	692,079 15
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	2,962,500 00	
U. S. bonds to secure deposits	475,000 00	
U. S. bonds on hand		50,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.	665,089 07	947,793 21
Due from approved reserve agents	5,323,913 08	
Due from banks and bankers	2,886,409 36	5,282,329 76
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	2,252,940 23	1,818,907 10
Other real estate and mortgages owned	572,466 76	364,501 64
Current expenses and taxes paid	342,802 91	499,034 88
Premiums on U. S. and other bonds	335,031 83	13,278 40
Checks and other cash items	907,612 70	318,089 83
Exchanges for clearing house	668,478 82	63,425 12
Cash	4,634,461 14	2,053,928 73
All other assets		119,009 68
Five per cent redemption fund	132,811 50	
Due from U. S. treasurer	6,685 00	
Totals	$59,558,409 48	$42,967,005 14

LIABILITIES.	National.	State.
Capital stock paid in	$12,670,000 00	$11,418,994 83
Surplus fund	2,187,941 44	1,001,864 16
Undivided profits	1,018,167 94	1,398,616 00
National bank notes outstanding	2,655,217 50	
Dividends unpaid	14,697 18	6,988 79
Deposits	29,969,766 51	27,896,520 26
United States deposits	173,148 79	
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	227,402 79	
Due to national banks	4,590,589 51	57,522 56
Due to other banks and bankers	4,418,043 68	116,144 72
Notes and bills rediscounted	977,404 82	646,562 19
Bills payable	324,983 93	878,791 63
Liabilities other than those above stated	1,944 43	
Total	$59,558,409 48	$42,967,005 14

AS DUN SEES IT.

Peculiar Features of Omaha's Success Commented Upon.

"Sioux City failure!" said Mr. W. H. Roberson, manager of the Omaha branch of R. G. Dun & Co.'s mercantile agency. "It was so overwhelming in its consequences and so large in the aggregate sums involved that business people have talked of little else. Omaha people can congratulate themselves for two facts suggested by the failures at the up-river city. First, of course, that no such disaster has occurred here, and second that no such a one can in the ordinary course of the city's history occur here.

"Laying aside the advantages of situation and resources which this city possesses and which might prevent a wreck like that in Sioux City, the capital of Omaha is not concentrated in the hands of three or four individuals. The utter destruction of our heaviest financial institution could not carry with it the relative disaster which followed the collapse of Hedges and his associates. The financial men of Omaha are not all interested in the same investments, and one heavy corporation might go to the wall without affecting business in general. Omaha's record in this particular is phenomenal. Even in the early days of her history her financial concerns and heavy mercantile houses were independent of each other to a remarkable extent.

"Trade has not been up to the average generally this week though in groceries and hardware dealers say orders are very heavy. Collections are a little off all along the line. In most of the wholesale houses trade is reported fair only. Among retail dealers trade is quiet, even forced sales and heavy advertising bills fail to attract. The weather is against the retail dealers in almost every line.

"The Manufacturers and Consumers association is just now receiving deserved attention from the business public. No organization in Omaha has done more to stimulate local patriotism and home industries than this. One heavy manufacturer says his business has increased 75 per cent, largely as a result of the active home industry campaigns conducted by the association. The exposition, May 22, promises to be a complete success. I regret to hear, however, that two or three local institutions which have been benefited by the movement are too busy to make exhibits. This is short-sighted in my judgment. Nothing can do more for Omaha and Nebraska than a first-class exhibit of her home products and her home factory machinery.

"The wrangle over the leasing of the top floor of the Board of Trade to the Commercial club should have been avoided by all means. The Board of Trade needs the Commercial club worse than the club needs the Board of Trade, as some of the dissatisfied spirits of the former organization are quite likely to discover."

FACTORY FACTS.

Notes Concerning the Men Who Make the Wheels Go Round.

Three weeks from tomorrow the manufacturers exposition will open in the Coliseum building in Omaha. During the past week great progress has been made in the matter of perfecting the plans for the exposition, and about all that now remains to be done is to place the machinery and arrange the individual exhibits. About three-fourths of the space has been contracted for and a good share of the remaining one-fourth has been spoken for, though no contract has been signed. There is no danger but what the space will all be occupied and a more interesting exhibit of Nebraska industries made. The manufacturers are taking even more interest in the move than last year and are preparing to put in a good deal of machinery and carry on the actual work of manufacture. Some of these live exhibits, as they call those in which the actual work of manufacture is carried on, will be highly interesting and instructive to the public.

The manufacturers are striving to show the people of the state that there has been progress during the past year, and that the factories have grown in size and have improved their methods, thus keeping abreast of the times. For this reason they are trying to make an exhibit that will be different from, and an improvement over, the one given last year. While the majority of the manufacturers are taking hold and doing all they can to make the exposition a success, there are some who hold back and plead a rush of business as an excuse for doing nothing. At the same time these manufacturers are busy because of the home patronage movement, and it is poor encouragement for those who have worked up this movement to have the firms that have been benefited refuse to do anything to keep the movement going. In the long run the firms that do not take up their share of the work will be the losers, as the people will forget the firms that do not show themselves at the annual exposition.

The attendance of country merchants will be large, and they will become acquainted with the firms that make exhibits, while those that are not represented will be lost sight of. Besides, every buyer wishes to do business with the most enterprising firm in each line of business, and the supposition is that the firm that goes to the trouble of making an attractive and interesting exhibit of its goods and method of manufacture must be enterprising.

Produce Pointers.

The first new grass butter of the season came in on Friday.

James A. Clark spent a few days in Sioux City the past week.

While potatoes are growing weaker here they are said to be firming up at the points of supply.

Veal calves have been coming in more freely during the past few days and the market is rather weak.

About a car of strawberries was received and sold in this city, which was a pretty good record for a cold day.

Irvine Mitchell of the Vinton, Ia., Produce company stopped off in Omaha on his way home from Sioux City.

Local fruit houses are in receipt of a good many very beseeching letters from California asking them to buy oranges.

The cabbage growers around New Orleans struck because the commission men and shippers wanted the vegetables trimmed closer and sold by weight.

Advices from Georgia state that the melon crop is in excellent condition, and that unless some unforeseen calamity should occur the crop will be both early and large.

J. C. Farr of the Chicago Produce company at Yankton was in the city the other day and reported that they are getting good country roll butter there at 13 cents.

Williams & Cross are promised a consignment of jessamine buds from Texas. Branch & Co. did the jessamine business last year, but found it too wearing on the nerves.

E. R. Kimball, manager of the Creamery Package company of Kansas City, was in the city and reported that there are quite heavy shipments of new butter being made from southern Kansas to eastern markets.

The Kirschbraun-Haskell Produce company have opened a branch at Lincoln. It is under the management of Henry Teigler, who formerly represented the Fremont Butter and Egg company on the line of the Elkhorn railroad.

S. M. Harris has returned from a trip to Texas and is greatly pleased with the country. Crops of all kinds are good. He visited the great pear farm of H. M. Stringfellow at Hitchcock, about ten miles from Galveston, where there are 12,000 pear trees now loaded with fruit.

A local fruit man observes that no one is very enthusiastic over the profits made in apples the past season. Last fall apples were said to be very scarce, and as usual when there is a scarcity of anything the opportunities for losing money appear to have been unusually good.

The importations of bananas during the month of March were very large, with the striking feature that New Orleans received more bananas than all the other ports of the country put together. The figures are as follows: New Orleans, 489,816 bunches; New York, 284,284 bunches; Philadelphia, 107,557 bunches; Boston, 97,148 bunches; Baltimore, 63,400 bunches; total, 1,142,205 bunches.

R. Purvis received a shipment of butter yesterday that was quite a curiosity. The butter was put up in prints and had the appearance of being something extra good. When the rolls were cut open it was found that the butter only extended in for about half an inch, while the center of the rolls consisted of some unknown white substance. Deception of this kind has been reported in the east, but this is the first instance reported in this city.

The scarcity of butter and the consequent high prices are giving the oleo men a good opportunity to get in their work, and they do not appear to be at all backward about taking advantage of the situation. With butter as scarce as it is one would expect to see an active demand, but the fact that there is nothing of the kind shows very plainly that the people are not consuming the genuine article.

Davenport, Ia., strawberry growers are not altogether happy, according to one of them who has been prominent as a producer of the best berries in the market for several years. The dry weather of last fall killed the young plants that were being rooted to make a new bed for this year. In other places the snow of the past winter drifted off the old beds and left them unprotected, and damage was done there. Some old beds and some new ones look well and promise to fruit well, but a great big bounteous crop, enough to feed all Chicago and Davenport besides, is not expected this summer.

The amount of fruit grown in Georgia is rapidly increasing, and should it continue to increase in the same proportion as of late it will not be long before Georgia will be among the largest, if not the largest, peach states in the union. Fort Valley, Ga., is one of the largest shipping points in the state. The bulk of the crop will be shipped to New York, Philadelphia and New England points, and some fruit will be evaporated, but comparatively little, as the southern growers cannot seem to compete with the California evaporated fruits, and most of the evaporators will probably remain closed.

TOOK THE WAR PATH.

Waterloo Democrats Claim that Their New Postmaster is a Republican.

The old time Jacksonian democrats of the little suburban city of Waterloo are all torn up, while many of them have painted their faces black to indicate that their hearts are bad. Not only have they done this, but they have unsheathed their scalping knives and have declared that one man must come down from his high position, or else the face of the pale moon will be streaked with gore. This trouble has all been brought about by the appointment of J. L. Denton as postmaster of the burg.

Not long ago there was a good staunch republican handling the mail sacks that reached the town. Shortly after Grover Cleveland moved into the presidential chair, the Waterloo democrats commenced to cry out for a change, arguing that they should have a postmaster of their own political faith. There were any number of men who were spoiling for an opportunity to cancel the great Columbian stamps and answer calls at the delivery window, but there was a slight row on hand, and while it was brewing Denton slipped in and picked off the plums. He was duly commissioned before the followers of democracy knew that he was in the field, and as soon as that commission was in his position he took full possession of the equipment of the office.

This act opened the eyes of the democrats, and they commenced to ask each other what had happened. The wisest man of the town could not tell, for all he knew was that Denton was there. Now indignation meetings are being held, while the workers have formulated a petition which they have forwarded to the powers that be, residing, setting up the statement that Denton is a republican, always has been and always will be one. They not only charge this, but they claim that he was one of the workers last fall, going so far as to be a member of the convention which nominated Dave Mercer for congress.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Narrow Fluctuations in Grain Was the Record on 'Change Yesterday.

PORK FEVER SEEMED QUITE ABATED

Lower Figures from Hogs Helped to End the Flurry—Firmer Feeling Prevailed in Wheat Toward the Close.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 29.—Narrow fluctuations in grain, with scant business and prices tending downward as a result of rains in Kansas, was the record on 'change today. The pork fever seemed quite abated. Lower figures for hogs helped to end the flurry.

After a drop of ⅝c in wheat at the opening, the day's fluctuations did not cover over ½c range. The closing quotations left May ⅝c and July ⅝c lower than on Friday afternoon. Corn was easier and closed firm at from ⅛c to ¼c lower.

The business in oats was largely in the way of exchanging. The close showed a net decline of from ¼c to ⅜c.

Provisions acted weak with an apparent absence of any desire to continue the squeeze in pork, which shows a decline of 32½c.

The decline in wheat was due in part to the fact of this being the last day of trading before the sellers of May can exercise their option of delivering the product against sales for that month.

There was a firmer feeling toward the close on Atlantic seaboard clearings. It is supposed the visible supply will show a large reduction Monday, possibly 2,000,000.

Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 200 cars; corn, 140 cars; oats, 255 cars, hogs, 31,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

ARTICLES.	OPEN.	HIGH.	LOW.	CLOSE	YES'Y.
Wheat No. 2—					
May	71	71⅛	70⅞	71⅛	71⅝
July	74⅛@⅜	74⅜	74⅛	74⅛@⅜	74⅝
Sept	76¼	76¼	75⅝	76	76⅝
Corn No. 2—					
April	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	.....
May	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛@⅛	41⅝
July	43¾	43¾@⅞	43⅛@⅜	43⅛	43¾
Sept	.....	.....	.....	.....	44⅛@⅞
Oats No. 2—					
May	29¼	29⅜	28⅞	28⅞	29⅜
June	29⅝	29⅝	29	29⅛	29⅝
July	29⅝	29⅝	28⅞	29	29⅛@⅜
Sept	27⅝	27⅝	26⅞	27⅛⅛	27⅝
Mess Pork—					
May	18 70	18 77½	18 60	18 60	18 90
July	19 25	19 25	19 00	19 12½	19 40
Sept	19 40	19 47½	19 15	19 27½	19 62½
Lard—					
May	9 92½	10 02½	9 92½	10 02½	10 12½
July	10 20	10 30	10 20	10 30	10 35
Sept	10 40	10 50	10 40	10 47½	10 52½
Short Ribs—					
May	9 72½	9 75	9 65	9 65	9 87½
July	9 75	9 80	9 72½	9 77½	9 85
Sept	9 80	9 90	9 80	9 82½	9 95

Cash quotations were as follows:

FLOUR—Unchanged.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 71c; No. 3 spring, 68c; No. 2 red, 71c.

CORN—No. 2, 41½c; No. 3 cash, 42c; No. 2 yellow, 42c; No. 3 yellow, 40½c.

OATS—No. 2, 29¼c; No. 2 white, 34@35c; No. 3 white, 32@33c.

RYE—No. 2, 50c.

BARLEY—No. 2, 62c; No. 3, f. o. b., 45@62c; No. 4, f. o. b., 41c.

FLAX SEED—No. 1, $1.12.

TIMOTHY SEED—Prime, $3.90@4.00.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork, per bbl., $18.00@18.65; lard, per 100 lbs., $10.02½@10.07½; short rib sides (loose), $9.65@9.70; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $9.75@10.00; short clear sides (boxed), $10.25@10.50.

WHISKY—Distillers' finished goods, per gal., $1.13.

SUGARS—Unchanged; cut loaf, 6c; granulated, 5⅞c; standard "A," 5 3-16c.

The following were the receipts and shipments for today:

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	12,000	7,000
Wheat, bu	107,000	27,000
Corn, bu	122,000	113,000
Oats, bu	168,000	157,000
Rye, bu	1,000	5,000
Barley, bu	21,000	9,000

On the Produce exchange today the butter market was weaker; creamery, 23@29c; dairy, 19@27c. Eggs, steady; fresh stock, 14@14½c.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, April 29.—FLOUR—Receipts, 24,600 pkgs.; exports, 900 bbls.; 200,000 sacks; sales, 4,000 pkgs.; market dull, steady.

CORN MEAL—Quiet, steady; yellow western, $2.65@2.75.

RYE—Steady, quiet; western, 68@72c.

BARLEY—Quiet, firm.

BARLEY MALT—Steady.

WHEAT—Receipts, 140,000 bu.; exports, 216,000 bu.; sales, 2,635,000 bu. futures, 64,000 bu. spot. Spot market firm; No. 2 red, in store and elevator, 75⅛@75¾c; afloat, 75½@75¾c; f. o. b., 76¾@77¾c; No. 1 northern, 82c; No. 2 hard, 81½c; No. 2 northern, 77¾c. Options were active, ⅛@½c higher on pressure to sell; May and trading chiefly switching with close firm; No. 2 red, May, closed at 75¼c; June, 68⅞c; July, 78⅝c.

CORN—Receipts, 128,400 bu.; exports, 16,000 bu.; sales, 1,145,000 bu. futures, 46,000 bu. spot. Spots dull; firm; No. 2, 49¼c in elevator, 50¼c afloat; ungraded, 50c. Options were more active and closed steady at ⅛@¼c; trading chiefly local, switching; May closed at 49½c; June, 49⅝c; July, 50⅛c.

OATS—Receipts, 58,000 bu.; exports, none; sales, 120,000 bu. futures, 57,000 bu. spot. Spot, quiet; white, firmer; options dull, firmer; May closed at 34⅞c; June, 34⅝c; July, 34⅝c; No. 2 white, 41½@42c; No. 2 Chicago, 37½; No. 3, 36c; No. 3 white, 41c; mixed western, 37@38½c; white western, 40@47½c.

HAY—Moderate demand, firm; shipping, 70@75c; good to choice, 85@95c.

HOPS—Quiet, firm.

HIDES—Dull, easy; cut meats, quiet, firm.

LARD—Quiet, easier; western steam closed $10.40 asked; July closed $10.60; September closed $10.75.

PORK—Quiet, easy.

BUTTER—Quiet, unchanged; about steady; western dairy, 20@26c; western creamery, 26@32½c; western factory, 20@26c; Elgins, 32@32½c.

CHEESE—Fair demand, steady; part skims, 6@9½c; part skims, new, 2½@7½c.

EGGS—Quiet, steady; receipts, 8,200 pkgs.

TALLOW—Firm, quiet.

COTTONSEED OIL—Firm, quiet.

PETROLEUM—Quiet; United closed at 66½c bid.

ROSIN—Dull, easy.

TURPENTINE—Dull, weak.

RICE—Easy, quiet.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice, dull, steady.

PIG IRON—Quiet, weak, firmer, quiet; centrifugals 96 test, 4c; refined, fairly active, firm.

PIG IRON—Quiet, steady; American, $12.75@15.50.

COPPER—Dull, unchanged; lake, $11.

LEAD—Unchanged; domestic, $4.05.

TIN—Straits, $20.60 bid; plates, quiet.

Business Changes.

The following are reported at Dun's Mercantile agency:

Beatrice, Neb., G. F. Beckley, hotel, sold out.

Beatrice, Neb., Rainey & Ladd, drugs, will be succeeded by J. D. Rainey.

Bothenburg, Neb., Marks & Son, blacksmiths, sold out.

Glenville, Neb., Barney Johnson, hotel, moving to Blue Hill.

Omaha, Dinsmore Remedy company, incorporated, capital stock $100,000.

Snyder, Neb., F. Billerbeck, saloon, will be succeeded by C. Nolte.

Snyder, Neb., G. Walters, blacksmith, will remove.

Birmingham, Neb., Pitkin & Skinner, general store and bank, succeeded by E. A. Skinner & Co.

Derby, Ia., Conner Bros., groceries and furnishing goods, assigned.

Fort Madison, Ia., Marsh & Carper, groceries, reported sold out.

Keswick, Ia., Betz & Perkins, lumber and coal, dissolved.

Sioux City, Ia., R. Kretting, drugs, closed on extension.

Dell Rapids, S. D., Bohmanson & Co., drugs, succeeded by L. E. Collins.

Mound City, S. D., Kipp & Overby, general store, S. O. Overby sold his interest.

Rapid City, S. D., Charles Schuster, meat market, sold out.

Sioux Falls, S. D., M. Kuehner, furniture, etc., closed on attachment, $945.

Sioux Falls, S. D., H. P. Flanagan, saloon, closed on attachment.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Warner Raabe, gave bill of sale and chattel and real estate mortgages aggregating $8,705, receiver appointed.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Arthur Bird, blacksmith, away.

Kansas City Markets.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 29.—Wheat and rye are on a basis of Mississippi river; corn and oats on a basis of Kansas City.

WHEAT—Dull and steady; No. 2 hard, 66@67c; No. 2 red, 70c.

CORN—Firm and unchanged; No. 2 mixed, 35c; No. 2 white, 36½c.

OATS—Weak and hardly salable; No. 2 mixed, 28@28½c; No. 2 white, 31½@31½c.

BUTTER—Dull and weaker; creamery, 25@28c; dairy, 18@22c.

EGGS—Weak, at 12½c.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 19,000 bu.; corn, 1,000 bu.; oats, none.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 46,000 bu.; corn, 11,000 bu.; oats, none.

St. Louis Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 29.—FLOUR—Unchanged.

WHEAT—Opened lower, with now and then a little rally, but continued to decline, the close being ⅜c below yesterday: cash, 65c; May, 65¼c; July, 69⅝@69¾c; August, 70⅝c.

CORN—Closed a shade lower; cash 36¾c; May, 36⅝@36⅞c; July, 39⅝c.

OATS—Cash, steady, at 30½c; May, lower, at 29⅝c.

PORK—Dull; jobbing, $19.50. Lard, nominally lower at $10. Dry salt meats and bacon quiet at previous quotations: loose shoulders, $9.50; longs and ribs, $10; shorts, $10.25; boxed, 15c more. Bacon, shoulders, $10.50; longs and ribs, $11; shorts, $11.37½; sugar cured hams, $13.00@14.00.

BUTTER—Unchanged.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 3,000 bbls.; wheat, 6,000 bu.; corn, 59,000 bu.; oats, 24,000 bu.; rye, none; barley, none.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 7,000 bbls.; wheat, 12,000 bu.; corn, 92,000 bu.; oats, 22,000 bu.; rye, 6,000 bu.; barley, none.

Omaha Produce Market.

The week closed with the produce and fruit market practically unchanged from the quotations of the day before.

FRUITS.

APPLES—Choice shipping stock, $3.75@4.00 per bbl.

STRAWBERRIES—Arkansas, $3.50.

ORANGES—California mountain oranges, $2.50; Western Pacific navels, $4; Newcastle California seedlings, $2.75; Redlands, $2.75; Med. sweets, $2.75; Riverside seedlings, $2.75.

BANANAS—Per bunch, including crates and packing, $2.00@2.75.

LEMONS—Choice, $3.50@4.00; fancy, $4.00@5.00.

VEGETABLES.

PEAS—Per bu.-box, $2.

BEANS—Choice navy, $2.30@2.45; common stock, $1.90@2.00.

CALIFORNIA CABBAGE—Per lb., 2½@3c.

CUCUMBERS—Choice, per doz., $1.75@2.00.

SWEET POTATOES—Per bbl., $5; seed sweet potatoes, $4.50.

ONIONS—Home grown, on orders to country, $4 per bbl. Good stock shipped in from country, $1.15@1.25 per bu.; Bermuda onions, per 50-lb. crate, $2.75.

WAX BEANS—Per ½ bu.-box, $3.50.

SPRING BEANS—Per ½ bu.-box, $2.50@3.00.

SPINACH—Per bbl., $3.

ASPARAGUS—Home grown, per doz., $1.

LETTUCE—Per doz., 35@40c.

RADISHES—Per doz., 35@40c.

PARSLEY—Per doz., 35@40c.

TOP ONIONS—Per doz., 20@25c.

POTATOES—Colorado stock, $1.10; Wisconsin burbanks, 85@95c; western Nebraska, 90@95c; eastern Nebraska stock, 75@85c; early Ohio seed, $1.25.

PIE PLANT—Per 50-lb. boxes, $1.50.

BUTTER, EGGS, GAME, POULTRY.

BUTTER—Packing stock, 15@17c; fair to good country roll, 19@22c; choice to fancy country, 23@25c.

EGGS—General market, 13½c.

GAME—Mixed ducks, $1; teal, $1.25; jack snipes, $1.25.

POULTRY—Choice hens, 11c; mixed coops, 10c; old roosters, 7@8c; geese and ducks, 10@11c; turkeys, 10@12c; pigeons, $1.25@1.50 per doz. live.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY—The market on good upland hay, $6.50 in car lots.

HONEY—Choice to fancy white clover, 18@19c; fair to good, 16@18c.

VEAL—Choice and small fat veals, 7@8c; large and thin, 3@6c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, April 29.—There was scarcely any business in dry goods at first hands today, the demand being restricted to a light mail order trade, but there was a fair Saturday movement at the hands of jobbers. Buyers hult all along the line, in view of the goods bought and the necessity for caution under present uncertainties. Next month, however, may change all this.

Milwaukee Markets.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 29.—WHEAT—Steady; July, 68⅞c; No. 2 spring, 68c.

CORN—Firm; No. 3, 41½c.

OATS—Higher; No. 2 white, 35½@36c; No. 3, 33½@34c.

RYE—65c.

BARLEY—55½c.

PROVISIONS—Firm; pork, May, $19.

Minneapolis Wheat Market.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 29.—Dull; fair demand for cash wheat; No. 1 northern, 64¾@65c; No. 2 northern, 62½@63c. Receipts, 259 cars. Close: April, 63c; May, 63c; July, 67⅝@67¾c; September, 68⅝c. On track: No. 1 hard, 66½c; No. 1 northern, 64½c; No. 2 northern, 62@62½c.

Coffee Market.

NEW YORK, April 29.—Options opened steady at 5@15 points advance, closed steady at 10@20 points advance; sales, 14,000 bags, including: May, $14.40@14.45; June, $14.30; July, $14.25; August, $14.20@14.25; September, $14.25@14.30; December, $14.25@14.30. Spot, Rio, dull, steady; No. 7, $15.37½@15.50.

Cotton Market.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 29.—Quiet; good middling, 7 11-16c; middling, 7 7-16c; low middling, 7⅛c; good ordinary, 6 13-16c; net receipts, 4,300 bales; gross, 4,400 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,200 bales; to the continent, 1,800 bales; channel, 1,700 bales; sales, 2,300 bales; stock, 203,500 bales.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, April 29.—WHEAT—Quiet; holders offer moderately; No. 1, 5s 11d@6s ¼d per cental; No. 2 red, winter, 5s 9d@5s 9½d.

CORN—Steady; demand fair; mixed western, 4s 2¼d per cental.

LARD—Firm; prime western, 51s 6d per cwt.

PEAS—Canadian, 5s 4d per cental.

Philadelphia Grain Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 29.—WHEAT—Weak; No. 2 red, April and May, 74@74½c.

CORN—Options weaker; No. 2 mixed, April, 48⅛@48½c.

OATS—Steady; local trade light; nothing doing in futures; No. 2 white, April, 40@40½c.

Cincinnati Markets.

CINCINNATI, O., April 29.—WHEAT—Steady; No. 2 red, 66@67c.

CORN—Easier; No. 2 mixed, 43½c.

OATS—Easy; No. 2 mixed, 31½c.

WHISKY—Light demand at $1.13.

Financial Notes.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 29.—Clearings, $1,476,656.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 29.—Clearings, $2,076,804.

PARIS, April 29.—Three per cent rentes, 96f 27½c for the account.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 29.—Clearings, $2,317,362; balances, $50,215. Money, 6 per cent.

LONDON, April 29.—Amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balances today, £6,000 sterling.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 29.—New York exchange selling at $1.50. Clearings, $252,852; balances, $70,568.

NEW YORK, April 29.—Clearings, $114,185,819; balances, $6,956,491. For the week, clearings, $589,835,680; balances, $27,581,840.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 29.—Clearings, $9,095,113; balances, $1,549,104. For the week, clearings, $65,270,572; balances, $9,262,533. Money, 4@4½ per cent.

BOSTON, Mass., April 29.—Clearings, $16,000,324; balances, $1,841,618. Money, 6 per cent. Exchange on New York, 25c discount. For the week, clearings, $90,654,582; balances, $9,501,782. For the month, clearings, $427,741,540; balances, $46,522,990.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 29.—Clearings, $17,324,158. For the week, $103,390,528. For the corresponding week last year, $88,663,037. Sterling exchange, strong; sixty-day bills, $4.85¼; demand, $4.88¼. Money closed at 6@7 per cent.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 29.—Clearings, $8,437,764; balances, $452,185. Clearings this week, $32,762,991; balances, $3,683,637. Clearings this month, $107,761,079; balances, $14,278,939. Money quiet, 6@8 per cent, but chiefly 6 to 7 per cent. Exchange on New York, 90c.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The imports of specie at the port of New York for the week were $40,719, of which $19,712 were gold and $21,007 silver. The exports of specie from the port of New York for the week were $4,464,900 of which $3,931,550 was gold and $473,350 silver. Of this amount $3,944,700 gold and $466,200 silver went to Europe, and $46,850 gold and $7,150 silver went to South America.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Considering What Has Been Expected the Bank Statement Was Favorable.

NEW YORK, April 29.—A fair amount of business was done at the Stock exchange for a half holiday. The temper of speculation was decidedly bearish, owing to the reserves and receivership proceedings in the case of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan road. The stock of the latter road broke 3¼ per cent to 10¼, but closed at 12, a decline of 26 points for the week. Richmond Terminal preferred opened ¼ per cent lower than last night at 30, and after breaking to 27, rallied to 28¼; Manhattan dropped 2¼ per cent to 115¼ and recovered to 116; National Cordage common yielded as much as 2¾ per cent, to 57¼; Sugar 2¼, to 100¾; Reading 1¼ per cent to 25¼, and Chicago Gas 1¼ to 84.

Other stocks were freely sold, but the bears found it more difficult to make the same impression on prices as in the cases just alluded to. In a majority of instances the losses were ¼ to 1 per cent. There were several rallies. Some of them, however, were very pronounced. The fact that the loss in the surplus reserve of the banks, $2,677,050, was more than generally expected, led to some covering of short contracts near the close, and prices rallied ½ to ¾ per cent from the lowest, but the tone of the market was weak. Monday will be a holiday in Chicago and London, and this influenced some of the small operators, who had stocks to sell them out. Outstanding short interest is heavy in nearly all the prominent shares.

The Post says: Considering what has been expected the bank statement was really favorable, notwithstanding the drain of nearly $8,000,000 gold by the operations of Saturday and Tuesday, the average specie and legal tender holdings have fallen off only $4,769,500. Currency receipts from Chicago, which were so large a week ago, ceased this week altogether, but the reason for their stoppage was the government deposit of $4,000,000 in currency in the hands of New York banks to pay for the gold delivered at Chicago. The local bank reserves were necessarily increased to that extent and in addition over $2,000,000 came in from Cincinnati and elsewhere, against which less than $1,000,000 was sent along to Boston.

The government, too, has made heavy pension disbursements, clearly reflected by the treasury loss in total balances this week of over $7,000,000. Probably, therefore, the condition of the New York banks today is actually better than the report of the average would seem to warrant. It is time that the attention, so long concentrated on the federal gold reserve alone, should be directed to the total reported surplus. Since the opening of April, the government's surplus on all accounts, including the bank deposits and the disbursing officer's balances, has decreased $11,053,382. A further decrease, three times as large, would leave the government a total balance, outside of funds in disbursing agents hands, less than $100,000,000. It was probably with such a possibility in view that Thursday's contingent bargain with the city banks was made.

The following are the closing quotations of the leading stocks on the New York Stock exchange today:

Atchison	31⅝	Northern Pacific	10¾
Adams Express	150	do preferred	38¾
Alton, T. H.	30	U. P., Den. & Gulf	19
do preferred	150	Northwestern	111⅛
American Express	117	do preferred	140
Baltimore & Ohio	84⅛	N. Y. Central	107
Canada Pacific	82¾	N. Y. N. H. & H.	203½
Canada Southern	58¾	Ontario & Western	16¾
Central Pacific	37	Oregon Imp.	17
Ches. & Ohio	22¾	Oregon Nav.	72
Chicago Alton	140	O. S. L. & U. N.	16
C. B. & Q.	92⅝	Pacific Mail	39
Chicago Gas	84	Peoria, D. & E.	18
Consolidated Gas	124¼	Pittsburg	164
C. C. C. & St. L.	49	Pullman Palace	195
Cotton Oil Cert	43¾	Reading	25⅛
Del. Hudson	127	Richmond Termnl	28¾
D., L. & W.	142¾	do preferred	28
D. & R. G. pf'd	53	Rio Grande W.	21
D. & C. F. Co.	22⅝	do preferred	60
East Tenn.	3	Rock Island	81⅝
Erie	29⅝	St. Paul	71⅝
Erie preferred	45	do preferred	119¾
Fort Wayne	153	St. Paul & Omaha	50⅝
Gt. Northern pf'd	183	do preferred	118
C. & E. I. pf'd	90	Southern Pacific	30¾
Hocking Valley	26	Sugar Refinery	100⅝
Illinois Central	101	Tenn. Coal & Iron	19⅝
L. Paul & Duluth	46½	Texas Pacific	7¾
Kan. & Tex. pf'd	21	Tol. A. & Can. pf'd	27¾
Lake Erie & West	21⅝	Union Pacific	36
do preferred	76¾	U. S. Express	58
Lake Shore	127¾	W. St. L. & P.	9⅝
Lead Trust	35¾	do preferred	19⅝
Louis. & Nash.	72¾	Wells Fargo Exp.	140
Louis. & New Al'ny	21	Western Union	89¾
Manhattan Con.	115	Wheeling & L. E.	15
Memp'ls & Ch'ls'n	140	do preferred	53
Michigan Central	101	Minn. & St. L.	13⅝
Missouri Pacific	47	D. & R. G.	16
Mobile & Ohio	28	General Electric	38¾
Nashville Chat.	88	Nat. Lin.	51
National Cordage	57⅝	Cord & Iron	64
do preferred	101	do preferred	106
N. J. Central	116	Hous. & Tex. Cen.	3
Norfolk & W. pf'd	31¾	Tol. A. A. & N. M.	11¾
North American Co.	9⅝		

The total sales of stocks today were 197,900 shares, including: Atchison, 5,900; Burlington & Quincy, 3,900; Chicago Gas, 6,100; Cotton Oil, 3,200; Distillers, 9,400; Manhattan, 3,600; Missouri Pacific, 3,200; National Cordage, 8,500; New England, 5,000; Northern Pacific preferred, 4,500; Reading, 42,500; Richmond Terminal, 6,500; St. Paul, 7,500; Sugar, 32,200; T. A. A. & N. M., 8,850; Western Union, 7,400.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, April 29.—MONEY ON CALL—Easy at 3 per cent.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—6@8 per cent.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85¼@4.86 for sixty days and $4.88¼@4.88½ for demand.

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