OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1893.

REDITABLE TO NEBRASKA

corations of the State's Building at the World's Fair.

ORK BEING RAPIDLY COMPLETED

hough Details Cannot Be Finished Before the Opening Visitors Will Be Received and Accommodated-At the lows Building.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 28.—[Special Telegram THE BEE |-Commissioner Joseph Garmu, jr., from Omaha, arrived in the city day to personally superintend the work at e Nebraska state World's fair building spent the greater part of the day at the unds in consultation with Mr. Seth P. obley, who has nad charge of the work in fr. Garneau's absence. Mr. F. A. Barton Pawnee county also arrived to take barge of the installation of the educational shibit, and Mr. E. Whitcomb of Friend to uperintend the dairy exhibit.

Mrs. Langworthy of Seward and Mrs. Mc-Donald of North Platte are here to attend to the settling of the ladies reception rooms. A number of exhibits came in today and were being unpacked. Among them was a orn table which the ladies of Webster county sent as a representation of the county. The surface of the top is a repro-duction of the map of the county with its townships and creeks. The legs are supposedly four immense ears of corn, though it is hardly expected that easterners will be so creduious as to accept them as wonders of Nebraska resources. The workmanship is exquisite and does credit to the designer, Mrs. R. A. Barber of Red Cloud.

In Exhibition Hall. In Exhibition hall decorating is going for-

ward rapidly. The southeast corner has been alloted to Frontier county, and panels of grain are already in place.

Laneaster county occupies the southwest corner and its panels of grain and grasses are now on the wall. The decorators have been much delayed by the Electric Light company which has only just finished putting in the system of lighting.

Mr. Mobley said today that he no longer honed to have the work completed by Mon.

hoped to have the work completed by Mon-day, but that the confused state of affairs that now prevailed would be done away with and the rooms cleaned up for the re-ception of visitors even though the men e obliged to return to their work on

Tuesday. Cause of Much Delay.

Mr. Mobley has been seriously delayed in getting the work started by the dilatory transportation of the exhibits. Eight days is required to obtain a car of goods it arrives at the grounds, and, exhibitors not understanding this, perhaps delayed shipping longer than was absolutely necessary. At any rate, the exhibits have only just arrived at the building. The greater part of them consists of grains and grain decorations and wooden cases in which the displays will be made. Dawson county's exhibit in the form of the United States flag wrought in grain arrived a few days ago. grain arrived a few days ago.

The furniture for the pariors has all been

purchased, and will arrive some time during the week. Considerable inconvenience is felt by the absence of any kind of heating apparatus. The rooms are too cold as yet for comfort, and no provision was made for putting in either gas or coal heaters. Mr. Mobley is trying to obtain permission for introduction of stoves, and, in the meantime, exercising to keep warm. He has made so that Nebraskans need have no fear of the waters of Lake Michigan.

Grounds Beautifully Arranged.

The spacious grounds surrounding the building have been graded into sloping lawns and the site on the banks of the lagoon has offered an opportunity of extensive land-scape gardening. The grape vines which grow naturally at the west door are to be entwined over an arbor extending from the porch to the water's edge. Beats will be provided so that the Neoraska people can row fairly into the Esquimaux village, if they so desire. Nebraskans have the ad-vantage of the Esquimaux, masmuch as they can see the whole village from the second-story windows of the state building. That s, provided any of the Esquimaux remain to een. But half the inhabitants are n to be seen in the village, and they are daily

threatening to leave.
At the corner of Fifty seventh street and the boulevard on which the building fronts, a flagstaff 100 feet in height is to be creeted. The flag itself will be 24x36 feet in size and at that height will be visible from a long distance. Rustic scats will be scattered about the grounds and probably through the warm months many lawn parties will be held.

In the agricultural building Nebraska's exhibit is going forward with dispatch. Six or eight ladies are employed in sorting and tieing up the wheat and oat heads pre paratory to working them into the designs which have already begun to take shape The pavilion has been covered with silk and red and blue paper, upon which the designs are wrought. The pillars which support the pavilion are glass cylinders filied with grains d present the appearance of finely polished granite and marble. "The conception is wonderful, the execution faultless," and a most important part is that this exhibit will

be completed by May 1. . As to Iowa's Exhibit.

The Iowa Columbian commission is no longer to be found at the old stand in the Monadnock building. Visitors from the state will now be obliged to go to Jackson park if they wish to transact business with

ecretary Chase. The movement of the office was attended with difficulties. In one of the most drench-ing rains of the season the load of office familiare arrived at the state building and It was some time before the downpour of rain permitted the men to remove the tar-paulin cover and carry in the goods. An our later, however, Secretary Chase and has stenographer were settled in their new quarters and ready for work. A rearing fre gave a cheer to the room that made of The secretary was in the best of spirits, notwithstanding the difficulties with which the change was made. He said to the reporter, who arrived just in time to see the furniture carried in: "You tell the people out there that we are moved and that the lowa state building is now open to visitors. We chose the worst day of the year to come, but we are here and are now ready to welcome any of our and the control of the control of the control of the year. and are now ready to welcome any of

and are now ready to welcome any of our people who come to the fair. And don't for-get to remind them that lows will be ready for the opening on May 1."

Before the office rooms were all settled Mrs. S. B. Maxwell, who has been engaged all winter in collecting the literature of the state, arrived to take charge of the lowa press rooms. She left the city with the in-tention of going immediately to work, but she found the rooms were not quite finished and was oblized to postpone settling them until Saturday. She will personally super-intend the unpacking of the books and manuscript that she collected in the state, as well as the general arrangement of the press rooms. In Mrs. Maxwell the lowa press will find a charming bostess who will aid them in looking after the interests of the state at the fair.

WILL DRIVE THE GOLDEN NAIL.

Mrs. Palmer Wid Put the Finishing Touch

on the Woman's Building. Curcago, 11s., April 28. - It is announced tonight that Mrs. Potter Palmer will drive a iden pail into the woman's building at the World,s fair temerrow afternoon to signify the completion of the building. Since presiding at the meeting of the board of lady managers Mrs. Paimer has become expert with the gavel and her friends think that | advised by their counsel and minister.

the handsome lady president will be able to

the handsome lady president will be able to nit the nail on the head and drive it in the assembly room with exactly three well directed blows of the hammer.

The exercises will be simple. Mrs. Eliza Richards of Montana will deliver the precious nail in its silver casket, and also a gold and silver hammer, presented by the women of Nebraska, and Mrs. Palmer will thereupon proceed with her own fair hands to finish the woman's building herself. As a matter of fact the golden nail will immediately be withdrawn and returned to its place ately be withdrawn and returned to its place in the breastpin, of which it forms a part, and the pin will then be presented to Mrs.

Paimer.
The Massachusetts state building was formally opened this afternoon. Executive Commissioner Hovey, who has had entire charge of the building and arrangements for the opening, issued a number of invitations to Massachuretts people in the city. World's fair officials and others. Then they gathered in the spacious rooms of the antiquated looking structure and enjoyed the hospitality of the Bay state. Massachusetts is the first state to formally open its building. At a meeting of the national commissioners

At a meeting of the national commissioners this afternoon the Sunday closing question was again revived. A resolution was offered by Commissioner Tousiev of Minnesota, caling for the withdrawal from the judiciary committee of the resolution offered April 26 committee of the resolution offered April 20 by Commissioner Eibeeck of Iowa, referring the matter relating to the Sunday opening question to the local directors. Mr. Tousley said the matter of whether or not the gates should be opened had been settled once, and

he saw no reason for bringing it up again.

Mr. Eibœck said that he was opposed to
the withdrawal of his resolution. He believed that the gates should be opened, providing it could be shown that the act of congress was contrary to the laws of the stat of Illinois; by closing the gates thousands of laboring men would be prevented from secing the fair.

After a discussion of considerable length Mr. Tousley asked permission to withdraw his resolution. It was granted and the mo-

on was withdrawn.

The Turkish village on Midway plaisance built in connection with the World's fair, was dedicated today in the presence of 2,000 or more invited guests, including representatives of the sultan, Persians. Bedouins and members of the Arabic order of the Mystic Shrine. A procession was formed and led by Arabian horses and camels, and marched through the streets to the mosque, into which faithful Mussulmen were only allowed to enter, and in which religious services were held. Subsequently there was a feast, in which all the Turkish delicacies were served.

AT ITS JOURNEYS END.

Arrival of the Old Liberty Bell at Chicago

-Enthusiastically Greeted. CHICAGO, Ill., April 28 .- Amid the blaze of ockets and Roman candles and welcomed by the shouts of the crowd of people that had gathered at the Union depot, the westward railroad journey of the old liberty bell came to an end tonight. The reception at the depot proper was informal, the only official delegation on hand to greet it being a squad of ten picked policemen from the Central station. A reception had, however, already been accorded the famous relic and its distinguished escort by special committees and by the city counby special committees and by the city coun-cil. These gentlemen had gone out on a special and met the train bearing the bell at the state line. As the train with the bell came under the depot sheds about 10 p. m., rockets and Roman candles were fired from the special platform car upon which the bell was carried. The throng gathered outside the iron fence which served to keep the pub-lic from the tracks, gave yent to a loud lie from the tracks, gave vent to a loud a cheer and made a wild rush for the gates. When the train pulled to a standstill Al-

derman O'Neill stepped to the front of the platform car and called for three cheers for the old bell. These were given with a will exercising to keep warm. He has made and the alderman called for three cheers for Philadelphia. A hearty response was made, company to supply the building with water, stepped to the front, carrying a small Amer-ican flag, and called for three cheers for old

plory. The yell that went up nearly broke the glass in the roof of the station. When the uproar ceased Mayor Stuart of Philadelphia was called for. He responded with a brief speech, in which he expressed the gratification it afforded Philadelphia to give Chicago and the world a chance to ven-erate the bell which first announced to the

people the freedom of a nation. After this the Philadelphia committee were escorted to the Auditorium hotel. where apartments had been reserved for

The platform car with its precious freight was switched to a siding at one end of the depot, where it will remain until Saturday morning, when it will be removed to a truck specially prepared, and at 2:30 p. m. escorted by a troop of cavalry with mounte police and infantry regiments in front, will be taken through some of the principal streets of the city past the quarters of President Cleveland, who will deliver a brief address, and thence to its resting place at the World's fair grounds.

ENROUTE TO CHICAGO.

Party for the City by the Lake. New York, April 28.—The duke of Veragua and party left for Chicago this morning and will reach there tomorrow in P ing. The duke has not yet decided whether he will go farther west, nor has he fixed a time for

his departure from the country.

Hardsburg, Pa., April 28.—The duke
of Veragua passed through here this afternoon enroute to Chicago. On the way he had an attack of heart failure. He felt better as the train left, but it was thought best to have a physician along, and Dr. Dunott accompanied the party.

NERS FOR THE ARMY.

Changes in the Regular Service as Announced Yesterday. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.-[Special Telegram to Tue Bee. | - The following army orders were issued today:

The leave of absence granted Captain David J. Craigie, Twelfth infantry, is exnded one month, The general court martial appointed to meet at Davids island, New York harbor, in December, 1892, is dissolved and another general court martial is appointed to meet at Davids island at H o'clock a. m. on Monat Davids island at II o'clock a. m. on Monday, May I, for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it. Detail for the court: Captain Theodore F. Forbes, Fifth infantry; Captain J. Rosser Chaggett, Twenty-third infantry; First Lieutenant Elias Chandler, Sixteenth infantry; First Lieutenant William B. Reynolds, Four-teenth infantry; First Lieutenant William B. Reynolds, Four-teenth infantry; First Lieutenant Change Chandler, Chandl

senth infantry; First Lieutenant George L. Patten, Twenty-second infantry; irst Lieutenant Frederick V. Krug, Twentleth infantry; Second Licutenant Charles P. Russ, Eleventh injantry; First Lieutenant Wallis O. Clark, Twelfth infan Judge advocate. se leave of absence granted Captain Car-

Potter, Eighteenth infantry, is extended five months.

Captain M. W. Lyon, ordnance department, will proceed to the works of the Morgan Engineering company, Alliance, O., on official business, and upon completion of the

same will return to his proper station.

Leave of absence for four months on surgeon's certificate of disability is granted Second Lieutenant Edward M Leary, Secoud cavalry.

The leave of absence granted Major Theo dore J. Wint, Tenth cavairy, is extended The leave of granted Captain William Stanton, Sixth cavairy, is extended one

Leave of absence for four months on sur-geon's certificate of disability, to take effect on or about May 15, is granted post captain, Henry H. Hall, U. S. A.

Chinamen Will Not Comply.

Sioux City. Ia., April 28 .- Special Tele gram to Tax Bra !- Revenue Collector Llewellyn today notified all Chinamen in the city of the requirements of the Geary law and gave them blanks to fill out. All refused to do so, saying that they had been so

GOLD IN WESTERN BANKS

It Largely Exceeds the Supply in the East.

OMAHA'S SHARE NOT VERY SMALL

Nebraska Financial Institutions Control Goodly Portion of the Precious Metal -How the Threatened Panic May Be Avoided.

SASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, ;

513 FOURTEE STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28. It has been generally supposed that New York, the city and state combined, possessed nearly all the gold in the country and that it could, if it would, rescue the government from the destructive drain upon its gold reserve. A statement was prepared at the office of the comptroller of the currency today from which it is seen that the west has more gold than the east; that the talk of the New York bankers has been chiefly

New York banks now hold but \$12,438 652, while Chicago banks alone hold \$14,824,

gold now in eastern cities aggregates

\$22,411,774, and in eastern states outside of cities \$16,708,559. Western cities have \$27,694,890 and west-

rn states \$25,540,002. Omaha now holds \$1,638,785 of gold, which is more than San Francisco, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, New Orleans, St. Louis and many other larger cities have. Des Moines has \$101,472 in gold on hand. The state of Nebraska outside of Omaha has \$1,009.608 in gold; Iowa, \$1,002,020; Colorado, \$2,904,910; South Dakota, \$250,712; Idaho, \$266,050 and Wyoming, \$264,435.

New Western Postmasters. H. N. Miller was today appointed post-master at Gibbon, Buffalo county, Neb. vice D. P. Ashburn, resigned.

vice D. P. Ashburn, resigned.

Other postmasters were appointed today as follows: Iowa—Corwith, Hancock county, G. G. Brickley, vice C. H. Payne, resigned; Herndon, Guthrie county, Henry Jones, vice F. C. Jones, resigned; Nira, Washington county, F. M. Evans, vice J. H. Lewis, resigned; Scattley Delegated. county, F. M. Evans, vice J. H. Lewis, resigned; South Dakota—Alpena, Jerould county, G. D. Canon, vice O. G. Woodruff, removed; Wyoming—Glen Rock, Converse county, J. L. Garner, vice C. E. Huffield, removed; Orlin Junction, Converse county, F. L. Fisher, vice C. J. McLaughlin, resigned; Idaho—Warren, Idaho county, F. T. Morris, vice W. L. Brown, resigned.

Personal Mention. Seth V. Peck of Iowa, a \$1,000 clerk in the War department, has been promoted to

Major J. W. Paddock of Omaha is here

Senator and Mrs. Manderson are in New York attending the exercises incidental to the great naval review.

Miscellaneous. The decision of the commissioner in the

timber culture contest of Leanhardt Koetzle against Edward P. Beebe from Mitchell, S. D., in favor of the latter, was today affirmed D., in favor of the latter, was tong, by Assistant Secretary Chandler, P. S. H.

LIBERAL WITH THEIR GOLD.

Offers Received at the Treasury from All Parts of the Country, Except New York. Washington, D. C., April 28.-Offers of gold in exchange for legal tender notes are still being received at the Treasury department, quite a number having come in today. In no single case is the amount large, but the aggregate runs up into the hundreds of thousands. These various offers are now beginning to appear on the books of the treasury. the actual exchange of money for the gold having taken place. During the past week, as now appears, offers have been made and accepted from San Francisco, Roanoke, Va., Pittsburg, St. Louis, Boston, Norfolk, Va., Columbus, Ga., Baltimore, Philadelphia and

New Orleans. Reports from New York indicate that yer little, if any gold will go out tomorrow, and this fact, taken in connection with the low rate of exchange, was accepted by the treas-ury officials as a most encouraging fact, and an indication that if the gold tide has not ctually turned in our favor, it has been

stemmed for the present. There is still considerable talk of an extra session of congress for the consideration of the financial question, but if, as is generally believed, the reserve fund is now regarded by the administration as so much available gold for the meeting of its obligations, it is improbable that there will be so alarming a depletion of this fund as to render necessary an extra session of congress for the con-sideration of ways and means. The concen-sus of opinion seems to be that an extra session will be convened about the 1st of Sep tember, for this session will not be calle any more for the consideration of the finanquestion than for the adjustment of the

SUGAR BOUNTIES.

Plan that Has Been Suggested for Suspending Their Payment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.-A plan for suspending the sugar bounty without waiting for the slow action of congress has been suggested to President Cleveland, and may be adopted. The plan consists in a simple order from the secretary of the treasury to his subordinates to draw no more warrants and make no more payments on account of sugar bounties. Such action in a single test case would be sufficient to carry the matter to the courts and secure a decision from the supreme court of the United States upon the question whether the payment of gratuities to private individuals out of the noney received by taxation upon the people was within the power of congress under the constitution. President Cleveland has not yet considered the subject carefully, but he will probably call upon the attorney general for an opinion as to whether the bounties are constitutional and whether it is within power of the executive to test the question by refusing payment.

WILL SHOW NO FAVORITISM.

New Order Issued by First Auditor of the

Treasury Butdwin. Washington, D. C., April 28.-E. P. Baldwin, first auditor of the treasury, has issued an order which will prevent favoritism in the examination of accounts. It has been the practice to make a class of accounts special at the request of certain attorneys who have been doing business before the department, and thus hurrying them through ahead of their turn. This has worked a great injus-tice, and men who did not employ attorneys or could bring no influence to bear upon the office were compelled to wait many months for the settlement of their accounts. Under this cystem some accounts were settled as soon as they are received, while others had to wait from three months to nearly two years. Under the new order the account must be taken in the order in which it is received. No account is to be made special, except upon the request of the head of the office, and the order is not to be made except in some extraordinary emergency.

Egan's Conduct in Chill. Washington, D. C., April 28.-No informa tion has been received at the State department in regard to the report cabled from Valparaise that the Chilian minister of foreign affairs has refused to hold further official communication with Minister Egan on account of the latter's course in the recent controversy about Chilian refugees. The report says that the Chilian government regards Mr. Egan's conduct as insulting and that it will send him his passport. It is also said that the police guard which has been maintained around the legation building has been withdrawn. The latest advices from

Mr. Egan were to the effect that he would soon return to the United States, without awaiting the arrival of his successor.

Funeral of General Beale. Washington, D. C., April 28.—The funeral of the late General Beale took place today from the family residence in this city, mem from the family residence in this city, members of the diplomatic corps, well known army and navy officials, and men well known in civil life were present. The remains were taken to the Pennsylvania station and conveyed to Baltimere, where they were cremated. The urn containing the ashes will subsequently be interred at Chester, Pa. The honorary pall bearers were Hon. Levil D. Martin Living Florial Santas Shares. P. Morton, Justice Field, Senators Sherman and Lodge, Judge Barcroft Davis, Rep-resentative Hitt, Mr. John A. King, Admiral Ammen, Colonel Harwood, Mr. Bee

Postmasters Appointed. Washington, D. C., April 28. - There were 126 fourth-class postmasters appointed today, of which 110 were to fill vacancies oc-

casioned by death or resignation. LITERARY WOMEN ORGANIZE.

lows Federation of Clubs Formed at Des Moines.

DES MOTNES, Ia., April 28 - [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Iowa Federation of Woman's clubs was formed here today, composed of the following members: Every Thursday club, Council Bluffs; Ladies Reading circle, Jefferson; Gusaulus club, Council Bluffs; Study club, Clarinda; T. V. Reading circle, Conversational club, Tourists club, Monday club, Des Moines, Shakeing circle, Conversational club, Tourists club, Monday club, Des Moines, Shakespeare club, Ottumwa; History club, Review club, Woman's 'club, Des Moines; Women's club, Entre Nous, Marshalitown; Tuesday club, Cedar Falls; Athena Chautauqua circle, Unity club, Frank Russell circle, Des Moines; Thirieen club, Manchester; Ladies Literary circle, Creston; Ladies Reading circle, Clarence; Lowell club, Boone; Ladles Literary club, Cedar Rapids; Tourists, West Union; Isabella club, Nashua; Tuesday club, Oelwein; Wednesday club, Webster City; Friday club, Newton; Clio club, Carroll; N. N. club, Iowa City; Monday club, Indianola and Women's club, Nevada.

The officers elected for the ensuing two years are: President, Mrs. James G. Berryhill, Des Moines; vice president, Mrs. May W. Coggshell, Cedar Rapids; recording secretary, Mrs. Margaret Greig, Clarence; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Anna B. Howe, Marshalltown; treasurer, Miss Eliza Ainsworth, Newton; auditor, Mrs. A. M. Payne, Nevada.

Settling a Church Fight. DES MOINES, Ia., April 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The case of Yerger and others against A. Macher and others, involving the latest phase of the Evangelical church difficulty in this city, was decided by Judge Holmes this morning. He held that no remedial process should issue in favor of the Esher-Bowman party in the new suit until the first case had been finally passed upon by the supreme court. In narmony with this ruling he decided to set aside the restraining order issued by him against the trustees and pastor of Bethel church and refused to issue pastor of bether church and refused to issue a temporary injunction against them, holding that the party adhering to Bishop Dubbs should retain possession of Bethel church and parsonage as they have for the last two or three years, until the supreme court should finally settle the rights of all the parties.

Fort Doige Presbytery Cosed FORT DODGE, Ia., April 28 .- [Special Telegram to Tue Bee. The Fort Dodge presbytery closed its meeting at Carroll today. Rev. S. W. Steele of Estherville was elected moderator, and Drs. Lamb of Boone and Ryder of Jefferson delegates to the general assembly, which meets in Washington in May. The presbytery decided in favor of revision, with but one dissenting voice. Resolutions were passed favo ing the Order of Deaconesses, also local evangelists. Fort Dodge was chosen as the next place of

Sioux City, Ia., April 28.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-From ten inches to a foot of snow fell in northern Iowa counties

last night, being the heaviest fall of the MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., April 28,-A special from Rock Rapids says ten inches of fell in Lyon county last night. All trains

are delayed. HIS WIRE WAS VALUABLE.

Interesting Developments in a Suit Against the Western Union. Sioux Falls, S. D., April 28.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. -A most important

suit in the circuit court came up today before Judge Aikens. It is the suit of Joseph M. Green of Chamberlain against the Western Union Telegraph company for damages in the sum of \$1,000. Mr. Green is chairman of the state republican committee and claims that last fall at the beginning of the campaign he made a contract with the company for a private wire into his private office, to be used by his operator about three weeks before election. Democrats of Chamberlain discovered that this private wire had been strung, not, as is usual, from the main office, but from the main wire outside of the Under these circumstances it was possible for the operator in Mr. Green's office to hear not only every message received in or sent out of Chamberlain, but every message, political, commercial or personal, sent over the wires in all parts of the

outh half of the state.
They immediately made a roar and threat ened to make it interesting for the Western Union. The matter came to the attention of Superintendent McMichael at Minneapelis and he promptly sent the assistant superin-tendent to Chamberlain. After a brief ex-aminatian he cut the wire, and Mr. Green was compelled to get his messages through the office thereafter. He at once brought suit against the company, claiming that during the last days of the campaign the lack of a private wire seri

ously inconvenienced him in directing the political movements. The company sets up has general denial to the charge that it had a contract with Green. The case has attracted much attention among politicians and involves some of the most prominent attorneys in the state.

Serving Their Sentences. Stoux Falls, S. D., April 28.-[Special Telegram to Tue Bee.]-Sheriff Blakely of Fall River county arrived today from Hot Springs with a couple of tough customers. the were ledged in the penitentlary. prisoners were Henry Clark and William Aughery, who caused Sheriff Blakely and is deputy considerable trouble before being captured.

riff Blakely also had with him James

M. Kerby, who was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for incest. Will Test Wyommy's Sheep Law. ORIN JUNCTION, Wyo., April 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE Joseph Gans, one f Montana's largest sheep raisers, is here with 50,000 sheep. Gans is enroute from Colorado to Nebraska with them. At this place the sheep were turned out to rest and feed, and Sheep Inspector Williams caused him to be arrested for bringing sheep into the county without notifying him. Gans will fight the case, as he claims the sheep are in transit. It will be a test case of the sheep law.

Movements of Ocean Steamers April 28. At Kinsale-Passed-Lancastrian and Angloman, from Boston; Ruffie, from New

At Hamburg-Arrived-Augusta Victoria, from New York. At Bremernaven-Arrived-Lahn, from At Lizard-Passed-Friesland, from New

At New York-Arrived-Island, from Copenhagen; Fuerst Bismarck, from Ham-

CONDITION OF PONCA'S BANK

Its Resuscitation Depends on the Skill of President Dorsey.

COMPTROLLER ECKELS ON THE SITUATION

He Speaks of the Nebraska Examinership and Says Few Changes Will Be Made -Showing of the State Banks -Affairs at Sloux City.

Washington, D. C., April 28.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. | In reply to questions propounded by The Ben correspondent today Comptroller of the Currency Eckles stated that the First National Bank of Ponca would be in the hands of the examiner until a report of its condition was received here. when the question of receiver would be determined. Comptroller Eckels said the failure was due to too much connection with Sloux City affairs, and that its future depended upon the ability of its directors to pull out of the Sioux City failures enough to make good its encroachment upon its reserves and capital. He thought the resources and skill of President G. W. E. Dorsey of Fremont would be sufficient to succor the bank. He did not think the failure would affect other banking interests of Mr. Dorsey, as national banks controlled by single individuals seldom had enough connection, one with the other, to destroy one when another failed.

The last statement of the First National Bank of Ponca shows that its loans and discounts amounted to \$147,857, with overdrafts of but \$888. It had about \$30,000 cash and due from other banks. Its capital was \$50,000; surplus and undivided profits, \$81,013; individual deposits, \$101,008. The worst features of its condition was its total rediscounts amounting to \$35,632 and banking house, furniture and fixtures listed at \$14,153. The rediscounts and banking house fixtures are regarded as excessive, taking into consideration the deposits, yet the condition of the bank was reported as healthy.

No Politics in the Banking Business. Comptroller Eckels says there will not ikely be any change made soon in the posithen be any change made soon in the posi-tion of national bank examiners for the Ne-braska districts. He says the incumbent is giving satisfaction and that he is deter-mined not to turn out good examiners simply to give democrats place. He will make changes in bank examinerships very slowly. When he entered over his duties slowly. When he entered upon his duties this week he found that out of forty bank examiners lifteen were democrats who had been returned through the last administra-

"I learn," said Mr. Eckels to The Bre cor-respondent, "that under the Harrison ad-ministration politics did not enter into the office of the comptroller of the currency, and efficient democrats upon the examiners roll were returned. There is all the more necessity now for keeping efficient exepublicans, since there are so many bank failures. I believe in keeping efficient examiners in office, and should have followed that principal, even though it was violated by the last administration. It will be easier to follow the precedent than to have established it. The interests of the people are higher than the spoils of office, especially when it comes to looking after the condition of banks."

In the Examiner's Hands.

Ponca, Neb., April 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE. The state bank examiner arrived here last night, and has taken charge of the First National bank. The directors of the institution assert that there is ample property on hand to meet all obligations in full. The cause of the crisis was the demand made from eastern creditors for currency faster than the bank's customers could respond They also state that the necessary funds could have been obtained from various sources, but it was not deemed advisable to solicit aid from any quarter. Mr. George W. E. Dorsey will arrive tonight to assist in the adjustment of the bank's affairs. other institution is involved in the failure.

CONDITION OF THE STATE BANKS.

showing of Resources and Lieblities a Reported to the State Board. LINCOLN, Neb., April 28.—[Special to The BEE.]-R. H. Townley, chief clerk for the State Banking Board, has tabulated the figures furnished in their reports by the various state banks and reports to the board the following as the general condition of the banks at the close of business on March 6, 1893: RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$30,744,627 54

7/	Overdrafts	692,079	15
y	United States bonds on hand	50,000	00
0	Stocks, securities. judgments,	947,793	
5	Claims, etc		
1	Banking house, furniture and	0,202,020	10
	fixtures	1,818,907	10
k	fixtures. Other real estate	364,501	
1	Current expenses and taxes		
8	paid	499,034	88
8	Premium on United States and		
	other bonds and securities	13,278	
5	Checks and other cash items	318,089	
9	Exchanges for clearing house.	63,425	
t.	Cash on hand	2,053,928	73
	All other assets not enumer-		100
1	ated above	119,009	08
	Total	842,967,005	14
è	LIABILITIES.	ALESTON CONTRACTOR	
1	Capital stock paid in	\$11,418,994	83
f	Surplus fund.	1.001.864	16
8.	Undivided profits.	1,398,616	
	Dividends unpaid	6,988	79
	General deposits		226
1	Due to nutional banks		56
1	Due to other banks and bank-		
	Notes and bills rediscounted.	161,144	72
	Notes and bills radiscounted	646,562	
	Bills payable	878,791	63
-	Total	\$42,967,005	14
	- FORMAN MARKET PROPERTY.		
40	LIENS FILED ON THE	RESERVED AND ADDRESS.	
	LIESS FILED ON THE	BRIDGE	

Contractors Secure Themselves by Atrachio the Sloux City Structure.

Sioux City, Ia., April 28.—[Special Tele gram to The Bee]-Sooysmith & Co. of New ork, subcontractors under the Phoenis Bridge company for the bridge of the Missouri River Bridge company, today filed mechanics' liens for \$13,000, and other liens for \$2,000 were filed. In addition there is a large amount due the Phoenix Bridge company. The officers of the Missouri Bridge ompany claim that there is no occasion for filing these liens, as the company had no connection with the defunct Union Loan and Trust company. They say that the bonds of the bridge company have been sold and that the money is ready for all work. The filing of the liens is said to be due to the financial

The facts as they are being learned in ticate that the assets of the Union Loan and Trust company will be difficult to realize upon and that they will be subject to immense shrinkage below the figures shown in the assignment schedule. The same is true of the assets of the Hedges Trust company. In many cases notes were given for excessive valuations of substitutions property. The notes were endorsed by the Hedges Trust company and sold through the Union Loan and Trust company. In some cases it is alleged that these notes and mortgages do not represent any actual transfer of the real estate, although the form of a transfer was followed and is shown by the records. Other paper negotiated and endorsed by the Union Loan and Trust company will be found to have very little value.

W. C. Hutchins today began a number of suits involving the Sioux City Suburban Im-provement and Investment company, which has deeded its property to its stockholders and is being wound up. The financial flurry is believed to be over.

The failures will have very little effect on the business of the city, and will remove a situation which was a cloud on its credit.

Another Australian Bank Fails. MELBOURNE, April 28.-The Standard bank of Australia has suspended, pending reconstruction. The authorized capital is £1,000, 000; reserve and profits, £125,000. The bank had a high reputation and numerous

branches. The subscribed capital of the bank was £307,550, of which £252,576 is paid. The troubles of the bank were caused by the with-

TELEGR (PHIC BRIEFS,

Domestie. Advices from Washington state that Mrs. Cleveland is not ill.

Warden Brown has been removed from the wardenship of Sing Sing prison by Superintendent of Prisons Lathrop.

At James City, N. C., the negroes have signed the leases and ended the troubles. Yesterday the state troops left for home.

President Cleveland left Philiadelphia vester-

President Cleveland left Philadelphia yester-day morning for Chicago, where he will open the World's fair on Monday next.

The world's congress of bankers and finan-ciers will be held in Chicago June 19 to 25. Lyman J. Gage of Chicago will preside. Jim Smith, a negro convict in the state pententiary at Jefferson City, Mo., stabbed and farally wounded Keeper J. W. Tucker yester-

The duchess of Buckingham arrived in Chithe duchess of Buckingham arrived in Chi-cago yesterday on her way to her English home from a trip around the world. She will remain in Chicago a few days.

Edward R. Runneil, a prominent furmer of Walla Walla county, Oregon, yesterday killed his wife and daugner and then hanged him-self. He was over 50 years of age.

self. He was over 50 years of age.

The national committee of the World's fair has decided that no piano, unless manufactured by a firm making an exoibit, will be allowed in any of the buildings on the grounds.

The settlement of the miners' strike at Pittsburg, Pa., has had a national effect. By the settlement of this difficulty strikes among the miners have been averted in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and other states.

The threatened discussion of the Castral

The threatened disruption of the Central Traffic association has been averted, the Nickle Plate and the Erie agreeing to remain with the association. This will put an end to the talk of a rate war in the east.

Vice President Sievenson and family arrived last evening at Chicago. In a talk with a reporter the vice president expressed the opinion that congress would be convened in special session early in September. The Standard Oil company has gobbled up its only important competitor in the north western Ohio oil field, the Manhattan Oil com-pany. The price paid the latter for its lands, wells, leases, pipe lines and stock is said to be about \$3,000,080.

A meeting of security holders of the Ann Arbor tailroad was held at New York and a proposition adopted to raise \$300,030 to help the road out of its difficulty. An examination of the affairs of the company resulted in a satisfactory show for

satisfactory showing. The Northern Pacific steamship Victoria, arrived vesteriny afternoon from China and Japan, having made the remarkably fast time of tweive days and thirty-one minutes. She brought 3.4 Chinese, 213 of whom are actors enroute to the World's fair.

At Columbia, Team, the doors of the Second National Bank of Columbia were closed and the following notice posted thereon: "Owing to the continued withdrawals of deposits from the bank shace the Nashville failures, it is deemed best to suspend payment temporarily." A temperance conference, attended by Evan gelical ministers from nine Kansas was called to order vesterday at Kansas Chy.
Kan. Among the resolutions passed at yesterday's meeting was one favoring a campaign of
education on the temperance question, both in
the public schools and in the newspapers.

Yesterday afternoon the Young Women's
Ciristian association convention at Tolerlo.

Bristlan association convention at Toledo, J., had a most interesting session. A number of interesting papers were read on various topics. At the evening session Prof. Graham Taylor of the Chicago Theological seminary delivered an address on "Social Ministry of Christian Womanhood,"

Christian Womanhood,"

The liberty bell has reached Indianapol's and has been received there with the greatest enthusiasm. Ex-President Harrison, in a speech brimming over with patriotism, addressed the school children of the city, who will be the complete the school children of the city. turned out in large numbers to see the historic relic. While addressed particularly to the children, the address of the ex-presi-dent was one which appealed to the highest sentiment of patriotism and one to which older people could well give serious considera-

Prince Dondunkoff Kosakoff of Russia is Sir Robert Pinsent, D. C. L., senior judge of the supreme court of Newfoundland, dfed in London.

Queen Victoria, who has passed several weeks in Florence, arrived with her suite at Vindsor castle yesterday. Newspapers of Olessa report a general ex-odus of German colonists from Russia to America, because of official persecution. A heavy storm swept over Prince Edward island yesterday, doing a great deal of dam-age. A number of fishermen were blown out to sea and it is thought that they have been

drowned.

Eight thousand men employed in the Loire navy yard struck at Nates and marched shouting and singing through the streets. Trouble is apprehended and troops have been confined in the barracks. It is reported that Russia seeks to have the frontier of North Persia rectified in such manner us to secure to her a cession of terri-tory in the vicinity of Kusshan and Laekiat-

tory in the vicinity of Kusshan and Laekint-Kadiri. English influence is opposed to it. The shah is believed to be averse, but it is feared will yield to Russian influence.

The province of Sanitago de Cuba has been declared in a state of slege. A telegram from Holguin, in that province announces that five of the bandits concerned in the robberies in that district have surrendered. The board of the conservative party of Havana has resolved to offer the government uncon-ditional support.

The St. Petersburg correspondence of the

The St. Petersburg correspondence of the London Daily Telegram says the recent reports of uprising in southern Russia and consequent stopping of the czar's train are unfounded. The train halted for a few minutes near Charkoff to replace a rail which had been torn from the track, Otherwise the czar's journey was not interrupted.

Allwardt, the notorious dew baiter, has received another blow. A sub-committee of the Reichstag, appointed to examine the documents in support of charges of corruption he made against present and ex-members of the government, submitted its report yesterday. It finds nothing in the documents to prove the grave charges made by Ahlwardt.

WEATHER FORECASTS. Local Showers and North Winds Will Be

Nebraska's Portion Today. Washington, D. C., April 28.—Forecasts for Saturday: For Nebraska—Possibly local showers in southern portion; northerly winds For the Dakotas-Generally fair shifting to southeasterly; warmer in west-

For lowa-Possibly local rains in southern ortion; northeasterly winds; cooler in south

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, April 27.—Omaha record of temperature and ainfall, compared with corresponding day of past four years: 1893, 1892, 1891, 1890 Maximum temperature, 41° 54° 77° 74° Minimum temperature, 38° 46° 47° 51° Average temperature, 40° 38° 62° 62° 62° Precipitation. 13 .00 .00 .00 Statement showing the condition of tem-

perature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March 1, 1893; Normal temperature
Deficiency for the day
Deficiency since March 1
Normal precipitation
Excess for the day
Excess March 1 Reports from Other Points at 8 p. m.

STATIONS.	p. me	Temper-	pitation.	of ther
Omnha	86	41	3	(loudy
North Platte	361	9.7	78	Cloudy.
Chicago	34	82	160	ifain.
St. Louis	26	3/2		Cloudy.
at Paul	4.2	40		Cloudy 1
Davenport	45	5/3		Cloudy.
Kansas City		24	311	Cloudy.
Salt Lake City	46	349	T	Rato.
Sait Lake City	45	50	194	Bain.
Rapid City	92	34	-524	Show.
Helena	94	- 23	- 00	Part cloudy
*St. Vincent	- 30		,00	Part ciousy
Cheyenne	34	40	01	Snow.
Miles ity	36	41	4	Snow
Galveston	7.6	78	_60	Part cloudy

"I" indicates trace. "not reported. GEORGE E. HUNT, Local Forecast Official.

THREATENED INDIAN WAR

Unruly Navajos in New Mexico Causing Much Trouble.

SETTLERS APPEAL FOR ASSISTANCE

Government Troops Have Br n Ordered to the Scene-A Serious Situation Confronts the People of San Juan County.

Washington, D. C., April 28.-Lieutenant Plummer, the acting agent of the Navajo Indian agency in New Mexico, reports to the Indian bureru an uneasy, excited feeling among the Indians, especially along the northern border of the reservation. One white man has been murdered and, in the Spinion of the lieutenant, unless the intention of the government to exert its authority is made known, the vailey will become uninhabitable by white settlers. He asks that four troops of cavatry and two companies of infantry be sent into that section. The telegram has been sent to the

War department for its information. Late this afternoon a telegram was received from Agent Bartholomew at the southern Ute agency in Colorado, stating that serious complications were arising on the San Juan river between Navalos and the San Juan river between Navajos and settlers, and that Indian messengers brought the startling information that the Navajos had surrounded several while families some seventy miles southwest of the southern Ute agency. Agent Bartholomew states that Ute chiefs have offered their friendly offices to restrain the Navajos and asked whether he should take them with him. The complex conference of the chief friendly offices. The commissioner of Indian affairs replied, approving the suggestion to employ the friendly offer of the southern Ute chiefs.

Governor Thornton Asks for Aid. Governor Thornton of New Mexico tele grauhed late this afternoon from Santa Fe to Secretary Hoke Smith as follows:

Last week the Navajo Indians left their reservation and murdered Ultizen Welch in San Juan county. I notified Ageni Plummer and asked his assistance. I have just re-ceived the following telegram signed by prom-inent citizens:

ceived the following telegram signed by prominent citizens:

"The undersigned citizens of Farmington, by request of Lieutenant Piummer, Navajo agent, request that you send military aid at once to help suppress the Navajo outbreak in San Juan county. The lives of all our people are in inmediate danger."

Believing the danger imminent, I ask that the military be immediately sent upon the ground.

Both telegrams, were immediately trans-

Both telegrams were immediately transmitted to the secretary of war by Acting Secretary Chandler with a request that steps be taken to afford military relief.

The War department telegraphed General McCook, Department of Arizona, to send troops immediately to the scene of trouble.

Latest from the Front. DURANGO, Colo., April 28.-John Edmonds DURANGO, Colo., April 28.—John Edmonds arrived here from Aztec this morning. He reports the two Navajo murderers of Welch arrested and in irons. The Indians seemed willing to give up the other seven, but wanted a pow-wow first. At the pow-wow 300 Navajos left the reservation and surrounded, in gangs, the homes of White and Welch at Hogback mission, and other settlers in the locality, threatening to massacre them. Dan Short escaped to Farmington with the news, and Mike Real took the news to LA Plata.

to La Plata.
The Indians can muster 2,000 bucks, and if a war is started the settlers will have no show. Cowboys and settlers are arriving and massing. The slightest indiscretion

will cause disastrous results. The trouble has caused great excitement made on either side yet, an outbreak may be expected at any moment. Yesterday the settlers and Indians held a conference and the latter decided to give up the marderers of Welsh. According ingly two of the Indians were turned over to the settlers, but the whites thought that more red men were implicated in the murder and captured a half-dozen additional savages. The Indians objected to this and demanded the return of the prisoners who were last taken by the whites. This was refused by the settlers, who were reinforced by the cowbeys from the surrounding country. The Indians number 2,000, and the setlers would have little chance in case of a attle. The matter up to this hour (11 p. m.)

is unsettled and may result in a fight at any Arms Sent to Durango.

battle.

Governor Waite has been telegraphed to for nid, but owing to the trouble being situated in New Mexico he can take no direct action. He has, however, ordered the Colorado militia under arms to march at any time. Besides this he has sent 200 stands of arms to Durango by a special Rio Grande train and these will be used by the settlers if war breaks out. Governor Waite has also requested the secretary of war to order the troops from th Fort Logan, near Denver, to go to the scene of the threatened war. The citizens of Durango, the nearest town to the seat of war are prepared for the worst and have ready

most all of the male population to go to the relief of the settlers at Farmington. Santa Fe, N. M., April 28.—In compliance with a request from prominent citizens of San Juan county, New Mexico, Governor Thornton this morning telegraphed the secretary of the interior for troops to suppress the enterior of troops to suppress threatened Navajo Indian outbreaks in that county. Acting Secretary Chandler answered this afternoon that the dispatch had been referred to the War department, with

APPEALING FOR AID. Okiahoma Towns Recently Visited by a

Cyclone in Dire Distress. GUTHRIE, Okl., April 28.—Relief meetings are being held in every town in the territory and money is being subscribed and clothing and provisions gathered and shipped to the destitute victims of the recent cyclone, but not enough can be secured from this part of the country and outside aid has been asked. Governor Seay issued a proclamation today recommending the earnest and sympathetic gathering of aid in all of the towns, and an appeal issued by the citizens of Norman, and

signed by the mayor and other prominent signed by the mayor and other prominent citizens, reads;

No one can describe the scenes that have been witnessed today by hundreds of our citizens. Whole families were killed outright. Twenty-seven are known to be dead and 100 wounded in a district of five miles along its march. Reports are still confing in from points further away telling of the dead and dying. Live stock was killed and buildings blown to atoms. Haip is needed. Our people are doing all they can to relieve suffering, but cannot provide more than temporary relief. A provisions committee has been appointed to solicit aid. It. W. Marquart, postmaster, is treasurer, and all domaitons sent to him will be judiciously distributed. The loss will reach over \$100,000 in this county.

With their houses demolished, their stock gone and their crops and the implements with which to start new ones swept away, the aspect to the homesteaders, who at best had none too much of the world's goods before the storm, is gloomy indeed. citizens, reads:

Didn't Invest His Money at Home. GRAND ISLAND, Neb., April 28. - (Special to THE BEE |-An attachment suit was filed with the clerk of the district court yesterday by H. O. Gifford against W. W. Mitchell both of Wood River. The patition alleges that W. W. Mitchell represented to the plaintiff that he could purchase a section of land in Texas for \$12,800 or \$20 per acre and that for \$8,800 the defendant would deliver to plaintiff a warranty deed for 440 acres. The papers filed charge Mitchell with fraudulently misrepresenting the value of the land and aver that the land at market value was not worth more than \$10 per acre and that the defendant know it. Suit is

therefore brought for \$8,800, with interest

a request for immediate action. Troops will likely be ordered to the scene of the