MUCH PROPERTY DESTROYED

Many Buildings and Several Valuable Horses Burned at Lincoln.

ENTIRE FIRE DEPARTMENT CALLED OUT

Star Livery Barn and Adjacent Structures Consumed with the Greater Portion of Their Contents - List of the Losses.

LANCOLN. Neb., April 11 .- Special to THE BEE. |- Last night's fice in this city was unquestionably the most disastrous that has occurred in Lincoln since the destruction of the big plant of the Lincoln Paint and Color company a year and a half ago. It occurred in the block bounded by Eighth and Ninth and R and S streets, and the buildings covering nearly one-half of the block were consumed. The fire originated in the roof of the Star livery barn at 325 North Ninth street and although the alarm was quickly given the flames spread so rapidly that all the efforts of the entire fire department of the city were unavailing to prevent the loss which was entailed within an hour and a

The Star barn was filled with horses and the flames spread so rapidly that the peo e first on the ground were unable to get the animals from the burning building. In opite of the most strenuous efforts of the firemen the flames quickly spread to Bohanan's back barn just across the alley to the south. The barn was filled with fifty head of horses and a large number of men entered the blazing building and excrted themselves to the utmost to bring the thoroughly frightened animals to a place of safety. They only

succeded in liberating a few while the rest were left to their fate. In this barn were also a large num-ber of cattle, but most of them per-ished before help could arrive. Fifty-two horses and cattle were consumed in the flames of Bohanan's barn, while in the Star barn twelve more were burned to death, making the total loss of live stock sixty-four head. *

North of the Star barn, where the fire originated, were located a grocery store conducted by a Mrs. Schlass, a blacksmith shop belonging to Charles Archer, another blacksmith shop run by Adrain Swansen. All of the buildings were one-story structures and all were housed to the start of the s tures, and all were burned to the ground ex-cept a part of Swansen's shop. A small bullding occupied by a Chinese laundry was burned on the south side of Bohanan's barn, but at this point the flames were checked. The Peoria hotel had a narrow escape, as it very nearly joined the laundry building. Walter Bohanan says that his two build

ings were worth \$5,000. The barn was 55x150 and two stories high. It was insured for \$2,000 with Clark & Leonard, but he did not know in what company. He says he had twelve head of horses burned, among them a fine trotting gelding worth \$500, named Tu. avere. The total value of the horses he had burned he figures at \$1,650. There were also three horses belonging to Hargreaves, one to Ed Friend, two to Tom Carr, one to C. M. Keefer and one belonging to L. K. Holmes was kept in the barn by Dr. Cosford. These eight horses were worth perhaps \$1,000. Bohanan also lost buggies, sleighs, harness, saddles, and other appur-tenances of the business of the value of \$1,000. Bohanan's total loss will reach \$6,900 if all of the borses were lost that he claims. He also had three head of blooded

cattle that he valued at \$250.

There were also in the rear of his barn thirty-eight head of cattle, nearly all Galloways, that had just arrived from Peoria, ill., for sale at public auction. They were the property of Woolner & Son, wealthy distillers of that city, and were worth about \$3,500. It is not known whether or not they All of the buildings in the north half of the block belonged to N. C. Brock and are

valued at \$1,200. There was no insurance. The Star barn was occupied by S. B. Lif-lard, who loses nothing but about \$30 worth of hay. There were twelve head of stock in the barn, one of them being a very young ceit. Five of them belonged to Dr. Queen and were worth about \$400. A horse and buggy belonging to Weyant, the grocer, worth \$150, a pony belonging to Jack Eastwood worth about \$30, a horse, cart and harness belonging to Pat O'Hara worth \$125, a worth \$100, and a horse and cart belonging to a stranger worth, \$75 were consumed in this barn.

Mrs. Schass thinks that her grocery stock

was worth \$1,000, and it was not insured Charles Polsky figures nis loss at \$600 on his junk shop. Probably \$400 would cover the losses not herein mentioned. The total loss figures up about \$16,600.

Died of His Injuries.

Thomas Moore, the man shot by a fellow tramp during a fracas in the Rock Island railroad yards late yesterday afternoon, died of his wound at St. Elizabeth hospital at 1:40 o'clock this morning. The doctors did everything in their power to save the unfortunate man's life, but their efforts were unavailing. Late last evening after probing unsuccessfully for the bullet, they performed an operation upon him. Cutting open the abdomen they found that the bul-let had penetrated the intestine in five places and had penetrated the spicen. The intestines had bled freely. The operation is said to have been most skillfully performed and the man's life considerably prolonged thereby. One of the physicians present says that Moore made a statement before died exonerating O'Brien from blame, saving that he didn't intend to shoot him

Dr. Crim summoned a jury at 2 o'clock this afternoon to hold an inquest upon the remains, which are at O. W. Heaton's morgue. O'Brien claims that he had had trouble with the men in the morning, had been se-verely beaten, had armed himself and returned to the place and had only shot when someone hit him with a coupling pin. Johnson denies that anyone hit O'Brien, but says that the latter acted like a crazy man. O'Brien claimed that Moore was the

man who hit him. The dead man came from Wilmington, Del. O'Brien is held for sheeting with intent to kill, but Chief Otto will file a warrant before a justice of the peace charging him with murder. Johnson is held as a witness. All of the others escaped. 1

No Scramble for the Places.

The legislature provided in the closing days of its session for two traveling auditors, whose duty it should be to inspect the books of the county treasurers in the state, investigate their system of bookkeeping and other details of their office work, with a view to providing a uniform system of bookkeeping for all these officials. The committee on ways and means appropriated \$1,500 apiece for the salaries of these two officials, but utterly failed to make any provision for the payment of their traveling expenses. Auditor Moore has therefore informed all the applicants for the places that if they accept the appointment they will be expected to pay all their own traveling expenses, including railroad fare and hotel bills. This announcement has dampened the arder of a number of the men who have been working for what they believed would be nice, easy berths. There ways and means appropriated \$1,500 apiece lieved would be nice, easy berths. There have been but few applicants so far, and one of these has withdrawn his application since he has learned that his expenses will have to come out of his salary. Among the men who had applied for the positions were Na than Fourea of Cedar Rapids, and Captain Phelps Paine of this city.

What the Attorneys Ask.

It is given out today that the three eminent attorneys who have been engaged to assist the managers of impeachment, Judges Doane and Pound and W. L. Greene, have set the price of their services at \$6,000. Inasmuch as the legislature only appropriated \$15,000 for the entire expenses of the im-\$15,000 for the entire expenses of the impeachment trial many people who visit the state house are wondering just where the witness fees are to come from. The supreme court will, it is alleged, fix the salary of the three attorneys and they will be compelled to be satisfied with what the court decides is a reasonable amount.

Gossip at the State House

Governor Crounse has attached his official signature to the anti-Pinkerton bill. The secretary of the senate and a force of clerks have already commenced the work of compiling the senate journal and getting the copy ready for the printer. The law requires the journal to be printed within four months after the legislature adjourns. Acting Attorney General Summers is in

Michigan on a business trip, but expects to return tomorrow.

Handsomely framed crayon portraits of all the governors of Nebraska from Butler down to Boyd were hung up in the reception room of the governor's suite this afternoon. But two portraits are missing, those of Governors Nance and Dawes, and the artist is at work upon those. This is the first effort ever made to preserve correct portraits of Nebraska's chief executives. The portraits were all reproduced from photographs taken during the incumbency of the several governors. Governor Crounse will add his own portrait to the group at the close of his term of office. It has been suggested that it would be proper for other state offices to be similarly supplied with the portraits of all the men who have occupied the several departments and the idea has been partially carried into effect in the office of the secretary of state, commissioner Michigan on a business trip, but expects to

office of the secretary of state, commissioner of public lands and buildings, superintend-

ent of public instruction. There is also in

the office of the cierk of the supreme court a partial collection of the pictures of the sev-

tomorrow. The meeting this afternoon was held behind closed doors.

Ed Butler's Disclaimer.

Lincoln, Neb., April 10.—To the Editor of THE Beg: In your write-up of Lincoln Light Infantry minstrels held at Boyd's theater

Saturday evening the 1st inst., you make the statement that Ed Butler used language of questionable taste, etc. I beg to inform you that, although a member of the Lincoln Light Infantry, I was not in the city of

Omaha during the day or evening of April t, 1893, and could not therefore appear in a minstrel performance on that date. Kindly

publish this statement through the columns of your paper. ED R. BUTLER,

Prof. Hirschberg has concluded to re-

LARGEST CIRCULATION.

The Bee Endorsed and the Fake-Factory

Claim Repudiated.

The South Omaha council at its regular

meeting, April 10, endorsed The Bee's claim

"Councilman Haley moved that as THE BEE

had come in with a sworn statement of cir-

culation and the World-Herald had declined

to make good its boast of the largest circula-

tion, THE BEE be declared the proper paper in which to publish notice of applica-

tion for saloon licenses, and it was so

"Acting Mayor Walters then announced

that The Bee having shown by sworn state-

ments the largest circulation of any paper in

Douglas county, he declared it to be the

proper paper in which to publish notices of

application for saloon licenses and gave

notice to saloon keepers to govern themselves

accordingly and publish their notices in

Filling Up the Springs.

OMAHA, April 10 .- To the Editor of THE

BEE: Yesterday I visited Sulphur springs,

and the probability is that they will soon be

destroyed. The Missouri Pacific, or some

one of the roads running out that way, are fill-

ing in and building a new track, which if con-tinued another hundred yards, will cover the springs to the extent of four or five feet.

The water of these springs is too valuable to be so put without the reach of the people.

A summary of its ingredients, I think, may be had of Dr. Mercer, and also of Mr. Pop-pleton, who once owned the place, Many

people are not aware of the existence of such water in this neighborhood.

A basin of stone or brick, arched or bridged over, capable of holding a number of barrels, and with a proper outlet, etc., and

hardly likely that the railroad would object.

if this is done before its track is put to

Murder and Arson.

morning Mr. Barnett, near South Vineland,

was discovered on fire by neighbors and

when they arrived at the place they found

Mr. Barnett lying on the ground near the

burning building with his skull crushed in.

Mr. Barnett was one of the witnesses in the case of J. P. Traynor, who was found dead

Saturday. A murderous assault had evi-

dentily been made on Barnett and his house set on fire. Barnett regained consciousness

long enough to tell his story to the officials, who refuse to divulge it. Excitement pre-

vails and sensational developments are ex-

Germans Are Entertained.

Wohlgemuth at Germania hall last night,

though not large, was an appreciative one.

To Omaha's German population has perhaps

very rarely been accorded an opportunity to

hear an elocutionist of such renown. She

took her hearers with her to view the deep-est anguish of human souls as conjured by

she strove to interpret. The reader is a native of Austria and will return to her home in

Vienna in May after an absence of about

German Bank Election.

officers of the German Savings bank and for

the transaction of other business was held

last night. Since its organization the bank

has added to its surplus till now \$25,000 re-

main in this fund; \$15,000 having been added

last year, which shows a very prosperous

condition. The old officers and board of directors, consisting of Fretz Metz, presi-dent; Charles J. Karbach, vice president; L.

Stepniak's Appeal.

New York, April 11.-Stepniak, the

famous Russian exile, has issued an appeal

to the American people against the ratifica-

tion of the extradition treaty with Russia. He makes a plea in behalf of the nihilists,

who, he says, ask only for a representative form of government, and will stop terrorism as soon as it is granted. He points out that

England refused to extradite the Paris com-munists and that the United States declined

Conduct Unbecoming an Officer.

Boise, Idaho, April 11.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Captain Edward L. Dailey.

company C, Fourth infantry, bas been

placed under arrest by the commander of

this post on the charge of drunkenness and

gambling with the men of his command in reserts of the city. An investigation is now

Lynched a Wife Murderer.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 11 .- News has been

received of a wife murder and lynching

near Pickens, Miss. James Jeffcote killed

his wife with an ax. A mob took Jeffcote

Auction-Furniture-Auction.

April 13, 10 a. m. The contents of II rooms, consisting of all kinds of house-

hold goods. R. Wells, Auctioneer.

No. 1712 Capitol avenue, Thursday

to give up Irish dynamiters.

in progress.

and strung him up.

were re-elected by unanimous vote

The annual meeting to elect directors and

eight months.

The audience which greeted Eugenie

MILLVILLE, N. J., April 11.-Early this

worth too much to waste.

main in Omaha this week.

of largest circulation as follows:

spector Thompson resigned.

Democratic Senators Insist on Doing Public Business in Private.

REPUBLICANS MAKE FUTILE OBJECTIONS

Senator Roach's Case Was the Cause of Some Rather Plain Talk-Ady's Contest for Martin's Seat Also the Cause of Argument.

Washington, D. C., April 11.-The demoeratic majority in the senate decided early in today's session that whatever business was to be discussed or acted on it should not be done in public, but behind closed doors, eral chief justices who have occupied the bench since Nebraska became a state. Governor Crounse this afternoon appointed and so at the very moment that a motion could be made, Mr. Gorman, as the parlia-W. C. Gordon of Colon, Saunders county, to be chief grain inspector at Omaha, vice Inmentary leader of the majority, moved to proceed to the consideration of executive A delegation of about twenty prominent citizens of Lancoln appeared before Governor business. Senators Hoar and Chandler, with a solid array of republican senators Crounse this afternoon to argue against the obnexious street railway bill, generally known to the public as senate file No. 210. Another delegation from Omaha is expected behind him, resisted the motion in vain. The journal of yesterday having been read, Vice President Stevenson stated that before the senate was the resolution for the admission held behind closed doors.

The maximum freight bill still hangs on the hook in the governor's office. Unless the governor opposes a veto the bill will become a law tomorrow afternoon at 4:45 o'clock by virtue of the constitutional provision. of three senators appointed by the governors

of Montana, Washington and Wyoming. Mr. Gorman thereupon moved to proceed o the consideration of executive business. Mr. Chandler demanded the yeas and nays. "We join in the request," said Mr. Cock-

The vote was taken, and although there were three or four pairs announced the result showed that there were fifty-five senators voting, twelve more than a quorum. The vote, which was a strict party one, Peffer populist, voting with the democrats, stood: Yeas, 39; nays, 16. So the senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business, and after a three hours session adjourned.

Senator Roach's Case. The Roach case came prominently to the

front in the executive session and was the cause of some rather plain talk on both sides of the chamber. The republicans propounded an inquiry as to what the other side meant by refusing to permit the committee on privileges and elections to report a resolution relative to the contest of Mr. Martin's seat by Mr. Ady, a resolution that had been agreed upon in the meeting Saturday, and, further, why they had exhibited what appeared to be bad

faith in the Roach decision, a resolution which, republicans contended, had been agreed to by democrats on the floor of the enate.

This at once precipitated a discussion in which it was developed that the democrats were opposed to the taking up of the Roach case at this time and wanted to postpone any further action until the next session of congress. It was declared by democratic

leaders, as had been stated by them before, that if the Roach case was to be gone into, there were others that should be taken up The republicans retorted that they were afraid of no investigation concerning any other members, but they insisted that some positive action should be taken in this particular case. The democrats said that they were willing the resolution should be modi-fied so as to instruct the committee whether or not it had the authority to make the in-vestigation concerning the previous acts of a senator, but the republicans urger that this did not go far enough and insisted that the committee should be still further authorized to go ahead and make the investigation if it found it had such authority. It was this counter proposition that the democrats opposed, and after a long discussion of the two views, so vehemently adhered to by the respective sides, the question was laid aside

without any definite action being taken. In the Martin Case.

The Martin case was given its share of the debate, the republicans contending that the committee on privileges and elections should report the resolution as adopted at its meeting and the work contemplated under the resolution should be prosecuted during the recess of the senate.

From the debate that ensued republicans assert that they draw the conclusion that the democrats do not intend to do anything in this case, and will, if possible, refuse to look into the question of the legality of the seat now occupied by Mr. Martin.

The nomination of Mr. Eckels to be computable of the computation of the comp

with means of drawing the water to a convenient place for the consumer could be made. In this way the railroad neel not destroy the spring nor the existence of the spring hurt the road. It is but a question of troller of the currency was reported favorably, but confirmation did not follow, it going over for a day under the rules, there being expense, and a comparative slight one, which the city council might appropriate if its attention were drawn in that direction. It is an objection to its present consideration. This objection found expression in some very caustic remarks by republican senators in regard to what they called the lack of wiscom. Manifested in the selection for so important an office for a man who, by his own Dr. Mercer, while at Potash Sulphur Springs, Ark., said that these Omaha springs were much like those. If so they are admission, knew absolutely nothing of the business of banking.

A communication was received from the president concerning the Bering sea case, which set out in narrative form the proceedings that had been taken up to date before

WILL PUT THEM ON RECORD.

court of arbitration.

Republican Senators Will Attempt to Force Action in the Roach Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 11.-There will be a special meeting of the committee on privileges and elections tomorrow, at which the Roach case will be again taken up and an effort made to reach some conclusion as to what will be satisfactory alike to democrats and republicans. It is improbable that the resolutions outlined in the executive seswill be reported during the morning. Mr. Hoar will call up his modified resolution, which was not reached today and will insist upon a vote being taken. The democrats will offer their substitute, as indicated above, and the question will be then

The republicans believe, according to the judgment of one of the leaders today, that the democrats intend to adjourn without taking any action on either of these two Ibsen, and to lofty heights and the merriest scenes of old country life. Her voice and ges-tures were in perfect accord with the emotions questions and state that if they are willing to go to the country on such a record, con-victed, as they claim, of couniving at the misdeeds of one of their number, the repub-licans will cheerfully meet them on that issue. At all events the republicans will put them on record, if it is possible for them to farce a vote.

CALLERS ON THE PRESIDENT.

Senator Gorman and Governor McKinley of Ohio Granted Interviews. Washington, D. C., April 11.-Senator Gorman called upon the president today to discuss with him the question of the adjournment of the present extraordinary session of the senate and to ascertain what the president's views of the matter were. He D. Fowler, cashier, and William Krug, Fred Metz, sr., Charles J. Karbach, Henry Bolin, George Heimrod and Henry Meyer, directors, had fifteen minutes conversation with Mr. Cleveland, who told him that he had several nominations which he desired to have con sidered by the senate and that he hoped to be able to get them all in by the end of this

week or early next week.
"Good morning, Mr. President," remarked one of the office seekers who was among the crowd of callers at the white house this "I suppose you recogniz 'Yes, I recognize ou," replied Mr. Cleveland, "but I cannot place you

The president met out of the greatest of his political enemies this morning and the champions of high tariff and low tariff ex-changed courtesies. His caller was none other than Governor McKinley. A pleasant and somewhat touching incident to the gov-ernor was when Mr. Cleveland offered him sympathy upon the business afflictions which have recently befallen him.

WEATHER CROP BULLETIN.

Good Reports Received from Western States that Have Reported. Washington, D. C., April 11.-The weather crop bulletin for the week issued today says: The week was slightly cooler than usual in

the spring wheat region, including the greater portion of Minnesota and the Daotas. It was cooler than usual throughout the Pacific coast and plateau regions. Re-ports indicate that there is a deficiency of moisture throughout the cotton region and the east portion of the winter wheat regen, while there is an excess of moisture in the spring wheat region. The weather has been espe-cially favorable for farm work and corn cotton planting is progressing onditions in the western states are given lowa-Season opens two weeks earlier

than last year; small/grain nearly all sown; condition of winter wheat variable. South Dakota—Wheat and oats sowing be-WENT BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

gan in the north and general south; season from ten to fifteen days late; seeding and general crop prospecta excellent.

Kansas—Week favorable to spring work and all crops, except in the west, where much wheat and some pats and barley are

not sprouted; corn planting begun in eastern Wyoming-Weather beneficial to rangers wyduling rains.
Colorado—Season early, fruits, grasses and grain well advanced; farm crops being planted rapidly.

Arizona-Ranges suffering from drouth, irrigated crops doing well.
Utah—Six inches of snow have fallen in the northern valley during the last three days; season late in the north; very little spring work done in the fall. Washington-But little seeding done ye

and farm work almost suspended; fruit out-

look very good. Oregon—Season four weeks late; winter wheat doing well; spring seeding slowly progressing; acreage increased.

California—Bariey heading and hay being cut; strawberries marketing, prospects of other fruits and grains as good or better than other seasons for several years past; the state is covered with blooming fruits and flowers.

ENGLAND'S AMBASSADOR.

Sir Julian Pauncefote Presents His Creden-

tials to President Cleveland. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.-Sir Julian Pauncefote became dean of the diplomatic corps in Washington this afternoon by virtue of his reception by the president as ambassador from Great Britain. As Sir Julian is the first ambassador from any country to the United States the presentation of hispapers to Mr. Cleveland was made a function of more than usual ceremony. Sir Julian with Hon. Michael Herbert and other attaches of the British embassy met Secretary Gresham at the State department shortly before 3 o'clock. All the British representa-tives were in court uniform. At 3 o'clock the party proceeded to the white house and at once went to the Blue room. When the president entered the room Sir Julian stepped forward and presented his credentials to him and made the following brief remarks:

Sir Julian Pauncefote's Remarks.

Sir Julian Pauncefote's Remarks.

Mr. President: I have the honor to place in your hands a letter from the queen, my august sovereign, accrediting me as her ambassador to the United States of America. In raising her representative at Washington to the rank of an ambassador, an act which has been met at your hands with gracious and friendly reciprocity, her majesty has manifested her constant desire to draw more closely together the bonds which happily unite the two countries. It has been my privilege to serve her majesty for several years as minister plenipotentiary to the United States and to venture to tender my grateful acknowledgements for the courteons consideration and kindness which, during the whole of the period, have been extended to me in the discharge of my important functions. In the higher office of ambassador I hope that the same influence may be accorded to me, and I beg to assure you that my best efforts will be devoted, as in the past, to the maintenance and improvement of the relations of friendship and good will which I trust will never cease to subsist between the two countries.

On the auspicious occasion of your being called upon once more to fill the exalted office

On the auspicious occasion of your being called upon once more to fill the exalted office of president of the United States, permit me, respectfully, to offer you my sincere wishes for your personal welfare and for the continued prosperity of the great nation whose mighty interests have been committed to your charge.

President Cleveland's Reply.

In reply the president said:

Mr. Ambassador: it affords me sincere pleasure to receive from your hand the letter of her Brittanic majesty accepting you as her ambassador to the United States of America. On behalf of our government and people I destre to express the satisfaction with which we interpret the action of her majesty in conferring upon her representative at our capitol the highest rank known to the diplomatic intercourse of nations as a marked proof of the friendly consideration that tends to draw into the closest amity two peoples having common ties of blood, of speech and of history.

That we fully appreciate and cordially reciprocate this action of her majesty is already demonstrated by the prompt cievation of the mission of the United States in England to the same dignity to which yours is invested.

The esteem you have so deservedly won during your residence here as minister plenipotentiary, and the agreeable associations it has been the privilege of the officers of this government to cultivate with you, furnish a pledge that in your new capacity you will in the future no less than you have in the past. In reply the president said:

government to cultivate with you, furnish a pledge that in your new capacity you will in the future, no less than you have in the past, efficiently promote the important interests of the two countries; and I beg to assure you that at all times you will be met with our coperation toward strengthening and perpetuating the mutual national friendship now happily existing, desiring you to convey to her majesty, the queen, in my name, and in nor majesty, the queen, in my name, and in behalf of the people of the United States, our heartfelt wishes for her majesty's welfare and for the continued prosperity and peace of the British people, I offer to you, Mr. Ambassador, my heartfelt personal congratulations.

MORE LUCKY DEMOCRATS.

Another Batch of Important Nominations Sent to the Senate by the President. Washington, D. C., April 11.—The presi dent sent the senate the following nomina-

E. H. Strobel of New York, third assistant secretary of state.

H. V. Johnson of Colorado, United States attorney for Colorado. C. E. Bellinger of Oregon, United States district judge for Oregon.
W. K. Reid of Utah, probate judge of San ete count;; Utah. D. M. Browning of Illinois, commissioner

of Indian affairs. F. C. Armstrong of Washington, D. C. assistant commissioner of Indian affairs. Daniel N. Morgan of Connecticut, treasurer

the United States, and Conrad L. Jordan United States. New York, assistant treasurer of the

The senate has confirmed the following ominations: Eben Alexander of North Caro lina, minister to Greece, Roumania and Ser-James A. Broadhead of Missouri, minister

to Switzerland. William T. Towne of Virginia, consul general at Rio de Janeiro.

James L. Neai of Ohio, consul at Liverpool.
Q. O. Eckford of Missouri, consul at

Kingston, Jamaica. James M. Dobbs of Georgia, consul at Val-William T. Thornton of Santa Fe, governor

of New Mexico.

Charles Ingersoll of Pennsylvania, appraiser of merchandise, district of Philadel-William M. Maize of Ohio, surveyor of cus-

Daniel M. Morgan of Connecticut, nomi-nated for treasurer of the United States, is a leading banker of Bridgeport. Conrad N. Jordan, nominated for assistant treasurer at New York, is well known to the ountry as United States treasurer in Cleve land's first administration.

RUSSIAN TREATY MADE PUBLIC. Text of the Objectional Paragraph-What

it Provides. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.-The alleged test extradition taeaty between the United States and Russin, signed in 1887, but which failed of ratification by the senate because of the strong opposition to article 3, is published here this morning. It is believed to be accurate and was made public for the purpose of testing public opin-ion so as to form a basis for action in regard to the treaty ratified by the senate at the last session. Article 3 of the 1887 treaty is

as follows: If it be made to appear that extradition is sught with a view to try or punish the person emanded for an offense of a political char-eter, surrender shall not take place. noter, surrender shall not take place, nor shall any porson surrendered be tried or purished for any political offense committed proviously to extradition, nor for any offense other than that for which the extradition is granted; nor shall the extradition of any person be demanded for an offense committed prior to the date at which this convention shall take effect. Murder or manslaughter, comprising negligence or the willful killing of the sovereign or chief magistrate, or any member of his family, as well as an attempt to commit or participate in these crimes, shall not be considered an offense of a political character.

The modification of article iii in the The modification of article iii in the reaty now awaiting exchange of ratifica ions, is as follows:

An attempt upon the life of the head of either government, or against that of any member of his family, when such attempt comprises an act of either murder or assassination or poisoning, shall not constitute a political offense or an act connected with such offense.

It is claimed that article ii in wording allows the issue of false passports, or passports under assumed names, said to be almost necessary for those desiring to escape from Russia, to be a political offense.

BOYD IS READY FOR WORK

He Offers Some Information to Guide Nebraska Office Seekers.

HOW POSTMASTERS MAY BE APPOINTED

In the Smaller Towns Citizens Will Be Per mitted to Indicate Their Preference by Petition - No Changes of Importance Contemplated.

WASHINGTON BURRAU OF THE BEE,) 513 FOURTHENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11. Ex-Governor James E. Boyd returned from Boston Heights today and is again at the Ebbitt, where he will remain all of this

"There has been nothing new in Nebraska affairs so far as I know since I left here, said the governor to The Ben correspondent, "although there may be news in some of this correspondence," and the democratic leader from Nebraska pointed to a pile of letters a foot high upon his table. "Tomorrow 1 will visit the Postoffice department and make some indorsements of applications for the appointment of fourth-class postmasters, but so far as I know now there will be no appointments for the state of consequence under some weeks.

"There will no doubt be changes almost daily in our small postoffices, for we have over 1,100 of them in Nebraska. In the appointment of postmasters, at the small offices especially. I think the patrons of the office should be consulted and the wishes of the people followed as closely as possible. It will be well for the patrons themselves to express their preferences by letters or peti-tions. These offices affect the large major-ity of our citizens, and the character of the postmasters is very important to the pa

The governor will be occupied with his mail for a day or two, after which he will no doubt give considerable attention to the requests that have been made of him by Ne-braska democrats. He is recognized in official circles here as not only a potent omical circles here as not only a potent factor in Nebraska politics but as a most influential power in the distribution of patronage. It is evident that Governor Boyd is not moving here without intelligence and that his signature carries weight

"Messiah" Hopkins Heard From.

Albert H. Hopkins of Iowa, who, during the last session of congress, created some thing of a stir and considerable notoriety by asking for the adoption of a bill making the pansy the national flower, is creating considerable uneasiness at the Interior department. Hopkins recently wrote to the deportment asking permission to go out among the Indians as the Messiah foretold by Sitting Bull and other eniefs. Permission was declined, but today the department re-ceived word from him in North Dakota, saying he intended making a tour-of-all the western reservations whether the govern-ment allowed him to do so or not. Some effort will be made to stop him in his mad career. He is heading for Pine Ridge. Gorman is Uneasy.

Judge Lamoune of North Dakota has ar rived and threatens to make trouble for Senator Hansbrough of that state if the lat-ter does not stop the threatened investigation into the private character of Senator Roach of North Dakota. It is stated that Senator Gorman, in trying to defeat an investigation into the charges of Roach's defalcations, is only shielding himself; that Gorman secured Roach's election as a senator, knowing of the dishonesty of the transaction of the North Dakotan here, and now hedges not want exsed the part he (Gorman) took in Roach's

Nebraska and Iowa Postmasters. Nebraska got a couple more new post-masters today. D. Z. Kochendorfer was ap-pointed at Exeter, Fillmore county, vice A. T. Hager, removed, and P. H. Pursel at Lushton, York county, vice Annetta Watt, resigned.

lowa was more fortunate. Appointments of postmasters for that state were made as follows: Bevington, Madison county, Mrs. S. Barnes, vice C. M. Reading, removed; Grand River, Decatur county, J. H. Creese, vice P. C. Jenniags, resigned; Horrnick, Woodbury county, Kate Conlan, vice nick, Woodbury county, Kate Conlan, vice M. D. Turner, resigned; Lowell, Henry county, C. B. Jackman, vice B. F. Leto, resigned; Maxwell, Story county, T. B. Schmeltzer, vice C. Laughery, removed; Moravia, Apponoose county, J. E. Sharp, vice W. D. Kinzer, resigned; Saint Charles, Madison county, S. Switzer, vice A. L. Wood, removed; Whittemore, Kossuth county, A. H. Dorweller, vice H. P. Hatch, removed.

Miscellaneous. Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Kiser and son of Red-field, S. D., are at the Howard, and J. C. Crawford of West Point, Neb., is at the Ebbitt. P. S. H.

ROBERT L. BLAINE'S REMOVAL.

Secretary Morton Gives Reasons for His Action in the Matter. Washington, D. C., April 11.—Secretary

Morton's attention was called today to cer tain criticisms for his removal of Robert L. Blaine from the position of chief of the quarantine division of the Bureau of Animal Industry. The secretary says when he took charge of the Department of Agriculture he found Mr. Blaine occupying a position with practically no duties to perform, and drawing a salary of \$2,000 per annum. It was one of the most evident sinecures in the department and he could not, consistently, allow it to remain, although the incumbent happened to be the brother of the late James G. Blaine. If he had been the brother of President Cleveland the result would have been the same. The only posi-tion which could be taken in the interest of economy and good government was to abol-ish this division, which consisted of one man, and assign the clerical force connected with the stations to the divisions of field investigation and miscellaneous work at the bureau of animal industry, which it had really done during Mr. Blaine's incumbency. The quarantine stations, he said, will be maintained and conducted as they have been heretofore under the direction of the chief of the bureau of animal industry, without the least detriment to the public service.

Inestimable Value

The discovery by Dr. Price

of a new process for extract-

ing from the true fruits their natural flavor will be of inestimable value and benefit to the consumers of flavoring extracts. By this process the flavoring principle of the fruit employed is brought out so perfectly that when used to flavor cakes, creams, etc., it imparts the delicate and delicious taste of the fruit itself. Thousands of pounds of the costly Mexican Vanilla Bean are annually consumed in the manufacture of Dr. Price's Delicious Extract of Vanilla. Ladies, try Dr. Price's flavors if you wish nice desserts. You will nevet be disappointed in their use.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

If Your Cistern Is Out of Order

or Soft Water is scarce, don't worry yourself for a momentgo right ahead and use hard water with

and you'll never know the difference.

The clothes will be just as white, clean and sweet-smelling, because the "White Russian" is specially adapted for use in hard water. JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago

Dusky Diamond Tar Seap, Best Sone Co. A.



is an arbitrary word used to designate the only bow (ring) which cannot be pulled off the watch,



The bow has a groove on each end. A collar runs down inside the runs down inside the pendant (stem) and fits into the grooves, firmly locking the bow to the pendant, so that it cannot be

It positively prevents the loss of the watch by theft, and avoids injury to it from dropping.

IT CAN ONLY BE HAD with Jas. Boss Filled or other watch cases bearing this trade mark—

All watch dealers sell them without extra cost.

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet, or send to the manufacturers. KeystoneWatch Case Co.,

PHILADELPHIA.

"LIEBIG COMPANY'S"

These two words are known in every well ordered household throughout the world as designating the oldest, purest, best and always-to-be-depended-

EXTRACT OF BEEF

A Full SET OF TEETH,



16th and Farnam Streets.

The Original and Genuine (WORCESTERSHIRE) LEA & PERRINS

SAUCE EXTRACT
of a LETTER from
a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTEP. FISH. HOT & COLD

May, 1861.

"Tell SAUCI
LEA & PERRINS'
that their sauce is highly esteemed in MEATS, that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most whole some sauce that is made." GAME, WELSH-RAREBITS.

Beware of Imitations; see that you get Lea & Perrins' Leaderins

Signature on every bottle of Original & Genuina JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.

SYRUP FIGS THE BELL

Dodge and 15th Sts.

BARGAINS WOMEN'S EAR

Received this morning, on sale tomor-50 black and tan capes, made of all wool cloth, \$1.98, worth \$3.00. 50 tan and navy blazers, all wool, handsomely embroidered collars, only \$4.50, worth \$6.00. 50 tan, black and navy jackets with capes, all wool, \$66.98, worth \$10.00,

15 new navy cape jackets, only \$10.98, worth \$15.00.

Lots of other new things.

Dress Goods.

50 pieces picked from our All at forward stock—this season's goods—plaids, stripes, plain, 49c mixtures, 75c and \$1.00 grades, Per yard.

Another lot, 50c and 60c O qualities, 38 to 40 inches, medium weight goods,

00C

8c

Per pair.

Millinery

The drawing cards in this depart-

Low Proces Exclusive Styles Latest Novelties,

Pattern mats less by a half than any

100 dozen fast stainless clack hose, all sizes, limit Spairs to each customer,

Men's Furnishings. Linen collars, 124c; were 20c. Fast black socks, 25c; were 35c. Silk end suspenders, 25c; were 50c. Medium weight underwear, fine qual-

ity, shirts and drawers, 50c each.

See our assortment of boys' hats, from 25c to \$1.50.

An elegant black stiff hat for 980 We can sell you a good glove for workingmen at 39c; a better one at 50c. and the best street glove in the city for \$1.00 per pair.

50 pieces choice, selected patterns, light and dark effects,

10c Per yard.

Another lot printed muslin, new weave, handsome celors, light and dark Per yard,

Just Received, Jewelry.

Solid gold baby rings, 25c. Solid gold ladies' rings, 75c. Sterling silver lace pins, 15c

Misses' gold and silver hair bands, Chain bracelets, 35c each. Rolled plate ear drops, 25c and 35c a

The latest style in hair ornaments, all All goods warranted.

Another Shoe Wonder for Monday.

Men's fine dress shoes, \$1.00. Men's veal calf, congress or lace, Mon's calf shoes, lace or congress, \$2.00. Boys' grain school shoes, 2 to 5, \$1.00. Men's fine dress shoes, 12 to 2, 90c. Our ladies' \$1.50 dongola is hard to

Ladies' fine dress shoes, cloth top,

\$2.00 to \$4.00.

ent.

Granite ware, wooden ware, hardware, cheapest and best in the west, Garden tools, hose, etc.

Croceries Down Stairs.

8 bars good soap for 25c. 6 pounds of rice for 25c. Good flour, 75c. Uncolored Japan tens, 32c, 38c and

Try Flickinger's canned fruits.

THE BELL

Dodge and 15th Sts.