

UNION PACIFIC WILL FIGHT

Chartered by the Government, it Will Oppose State Control.

WILL TAKE MAXIMUM RATES INTO COURT

General Manager Holdrege Predicting Disaster, Just as Iowa Managers Did—President Clark Surprised by the New York Meeting.

There were glum and sour visages about the various railroad headquarters yesterday and the only subject heard discussed was the passage of house roll 33, or the maximum rate bill.

Clerks wondered what effect it would have upon their salaries, yard men and track men saw in its passage a reduction not only in working hours, out in wages, while heads of departments generally refused to talk upon the subject because no action had been decided upon to meet the problems growing out of its passage.

Before it is known how seriously the bill will affect the railroads and in what special cases the rates will have to be lowered to conform to the spirit and letter of the law, the rate clerks of the various railroads in Nebraska will have to compile a new rate sheet and this means untold work on the part of the rate workers.

The Union Pacific was not as active as other railroads in opposing the bill, and it will depend on its relations with the government to evade the new law. It is intimated that this corporation will go into the courts at the first opportunity and fight the statute.

General Manager Holdrege of the B. & M. in an interview with a Bee representative yesterday tried to make a case against the bill in the following manner:

"There is no doubt in my mind but that house roll No. 33, if put in effect, will cripple the business and manufacturing interests of Nebraska and would be of no benefit to the farming community, which it is intended to help. The loss to the railroads of Nebraska on incoming freight would amount to a large sum. They would be forced, in order to make a living, to advance the rates on outgoing freights, principally grain; they can in this way earn considerably more than upon the present basis of rates, but the effect would be detrimental to the farming and general interests of the state, as the railroads of the state are not now making a reasonable return upon actual value. If the law should be enforced, they will of course be compelled to advance their rates on these outgoing shipments, and the local rates from factories where the law will permit an advance.

"The bill contains such glaring constitutional defects, however, that it would hardly seem probable that the governor can approve it, or, if he should approve it, that the railroads can ever be compelled to put the rates in effect. The local rates which would be materially advanced include wheat to Nebraska, flour, milled goods from various mills and paper factories, also the product from the important sugar factories that have been established in this state and from the Kearney cotton factory. The product of the latter mill would be advanced from Kearney to the Missouri river from 20 to 41 cents per hundred."

PRESIDENT CLARK SURPRISED.

His Official Fate in the Hands of George Gould.

Owing to Mr. S. H. Clark's hatred of anything that savors of socialism the employees of Union Pacific headquarters gave little thought to the fact that the president of the company put in an appearance yesterday morning and began looking over his mail that had accumulated since his departure for St. Louis some days ago.

Better than he has been for some time past Mr. Clark at once attacked a newspaper correspondence with genuine pleasure, seemingly, and his stenographer was kept as busy as a miller trying to catch up with the work. The president's attention was attracted by being asked about it, it was not long before the heads of the departments called and paid their respects to a man who enjoys the greatest honor ever accorded a railroad magnate, that of being president of over 15,000 miles of trunk line and representing two important systems in the development of the country.

Chatting with a representative of THE BEE, Mr. Clark said: "I don't believe there was ever a more successful man than I was on the day I received Mr. George Gould's telegram announcing that he had withdrawn his resignation from the board of directors of the Union Pacific. I was sitting at my desk in Missouri Pacific headquarters when the wire came, and the shock was so sudden and so great that it took me quite twenty-four hours to recover from it."

"Not a word had been said to me about such a contingency happening. I supposed it was finally arranged and settled, and that you would succeed me, but when George Gould's telegram came it was like a clap of thunder from a clear sky. Of course, knowing the reason for the president's action on Mr. Gould's part and recognizing that something had to be done quickly, I can easily understand how it came about and of course acquiesce as Mr. Gould is today the largest individual holder of Union Pacific stocks. Time was when Mr. Ames was the largest holder, but he has relinquished some of his stock."

"As to the policy of the road, it will remain as now, strengthening the system wherever we regard it as essential and necessary. I shall not let a great haste to move my family to Omaha and will not think of it for several months yet at least. In fact, I shall make haste slowly in that direction."

"Of course, I am glad to be back among my old friends and hope that the transfer to Omaha will be mutually beneficial. Beyond this I have nothing to say that would interest the public."

Floods in Idaho.

For a week past the Union Pacific has been unable to get trains through to Portland on account of terrific floods on the Idaho division of the system in the Snake river country. Bridges have been carried away and landslides have been of almost daily occurrence. Wednesday, however, the road was able to resume business, the tracks being under repair, and the bridges in repair. It had been four days since trains were able to get through to Portland, a series of circumstances largely due to the fact that the passage of trains. When everything seemed clear on the Idaho division and trains had been started toward Portland a washout on the Pacific division again hung up traffic to the general disgust of everybody in the service and out. However, traffic has now been resumed and officials believe all the difficulties are over.

Railway Notes.

Mrs. J. W. Mackay, wife of the "bonanza king," and a party of friends went through Omaha yesterday enroute to San Francisco in the private car "Coronet."

Yesterday a telegram from Mr. E. L. Loman, who is attending the meeting of the Western Passenger association, announced that the Santa Fe had proposed objections to making World's fair rates on the ground that the lines west of the Missouri river had not agreed upon a basis of rates. This objection, it is understood, means that the Santa Fe is determined to enter the transcontinental field and make a big bid for World's fair business. The Santa Fe with its line to Southern California is in a position to make it particularly disagreeable for either the Southern Pacific, Union Pacific or Northern Pacific, and "the dog in the manger" policy pursued at present is causing no end of trouble in passenger circles.

Thomas F. Godfrey, city passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific has gone to Hot Springs, Ark.

Are You With Us?

A special excursion to North Galveston, Tex., will leave Omaha April 11, 1893. Remarkable inducements are offered. For particulars apply to D. D. Smeaton, agent, room 17, Barker block, Omaha, Neb.

Wait for Hayden's hosiery sale. Watch Friday's papers. Sale Saturday.

Take home a box of Balfour's fine candies, 10th and Capitol avenue. Name a letter

Card From N. H. Falconer.

Saturday next we will place on sale a lot of ladies' stockings bought by our New York buyer from a large importer, closing out his entire spring importation. The prices we paid were so low that we will sell hosiery at 10c a pair, in 6 pair lots, that are actually worth from 25c up to 40c a pair; other numbers proportionately low. We will also place on sale 2 cases of ladies' spring weight vests, 50c and 75c quality, at 25c each. 50 pieces of figured China silks, value 50c to 65c, at 22c.

This offer on silks is such a startling one that the rush for these will be so great we will have to limit the quantity sold to each customer to two dress patterns. Remember none of these bargains will be on sale until Saturday.

N. H. FALCONER.

P. S. Our third floor has been a busy place this week. We will advertise another sale on our Japanese novelties for Saturday.

N. H. FALCONER.

Wait for Hayden's hosiery sale. Watch Friday's papers. Sale Saturday.

Low Rate Excursion.

My seventh special excursion to Houston, Tex., via the Santa Fe route, leaves Omaha Monday, April 10, 1893. Address R. C. Patterson, 425 Ramble building, Omaha, Neb.

Big bargain. Elegant new residence, all modern conveniences, large grounds, 120x170 feet, facing south on 32d street, just north of Pacific. Can give immediate possession. Call and get price. Hicks, 305 N. Y. Life.

See the celebrated Schmor piano at Ford & Charlton Music Co., 1508 Dolgo

Wait for Hayden's hosiery sale. Watch Friday's papers. Sale Saturday.

DISTRICT COURT.

Gustave Landmann Awarded \$3,500 for Lost Fingers.

Gustave Landmann worked in the factory owned by Abraham Eosenberry and for a time he was the best of one of the planing machines. One day he slipped his hand over the knives of the machine and the result was that he is now shy several fingers. When he lost the fingers he sued the owner of the mill for \$3,000, alleging the imperfect construction of the machinery. The suit came on before Judge DeLoach yesterday and that night it was given to the jury. Yesterday the twelve men returned a verdict in which they found that Landmann was entitled to just \$3,500 of Eosenberry's money.

Clementina Brown has filed a petition in the probate court, asking that Samuel A. Brown and Melcher Coley, jointly and severally, administrators of the estate of Samuel R. Brown, deceased, be removed from office. The property is scheduled at \$300,000, consisting of personal and real property in Omaha. The three heirs named in the petition are Clementina Brown, the widow of the deceased, Samuel A. Brown, a son, and Almira C. Millard, a daughter.

Jacob Lichtenheimer owns a dairy in Union precinct of Douglas county and among his herd is a bull, John W. Hornick, a neighbor, was crossing the dairyman's field across the ball game chase. The animal overtook him and tossed him about on his horns. Hornick has been a suit for \$20,000 damages.

Tomorrow morning Judge Hopewell will devote his attention to the calling of the dismissal docket. The calling of the docket is an early duty of the clerk, many know what cases go on to the docket for the May term.

Court Calendar.

The call for today is as follows:

LAW ROOM NO. 3—JUDGE DAVIS.

31-336—Ross vs. Dargner.

32-7—Lichtenheimer vs. a dairy in Union precinct of Douglas county and among his herd is a bull, John W. Hornick, a neighbor, was crossing the dairyman's field across the ball game chase. The animal overtook him and tossed him about on his horns. Hornick has been a suit for \$20,000 damages.

31-393—Omaha Coal, Coke and Lumber company vs. Priehard.

32-191—Chicago Sewing Machine company vs. Foster.

32-308—Andrew Roswater et al vs. Patrick Ford et al.

32-229—J. P. McGeath vs. John P. Davis.

32-339—Hattie Kearnes vs. James R. Runnels.

32-354—Everest Grain company vs. Omaha National bank.

LAW ROOM NO. 4—JUDGE HOPWELL.

28-172—American Water Works company vs. Johnson.

24-193—Sweeney vs. Stult.

23-265—Richard Smith vs. F. B. Johnson.

28-342—Higgins vs. city of Omaha.

32-320—Albert Johnson vs. Omaha Basket Manufacturing company.

28-355—Sheehan vs. city of Omaha.

28-392—Hansen vs. John Johnson.

29-33—Hansen vs. Missouri Pacific Railway company.

29-35—Gillespie vs. Callahan.

20-116—Kelley vs. city of Omaha.

LAW ROOM NO. 5—JUDGE SCOTT.

29-363—Bernstine vs. Kline.

30-19—Hough vs. Blanche et al.

30-110—Clements vs. Westerholm.

29-182—Henderson vs. Goff.

25-197—Williams vs. Specht.

27-293—Horbach vs. Shields.

28-185—Haley vs. Hildner.

33-237—A. D. Smith vs. Blue Valley Lumber company.

32-147—John Pray vs. Omaha Street Railway company.

30-73—Northern Assurance company vs. John R. Hamilton et al.

29-29—Ananda C. Leach vs. Omaha Street Railway company.

EQUITY ROOM NO. 6—JUDGE FERGUSON.

32-338—Eugene C. Bates vs. E. A. Tillson.

32-181—Union Trust company vs. Joseph Plain.

33-135—Nelson vs. Anderson.

33-182—Neuraska National bank vs. Maria Heilmann.

33-230—McShane vs. Lee.

33-250—Friedrich Fortthoum Savings bank vs. Brown.

33-252—Chicago University Investment company vs. Brown.

32-265—Loomis vs. Van Closter et al.

32-255—Mutual Investment company vs. Falk et al.

EQUITY ROOM NO. 7—JUDGE WALTON.

19-360—Omaha National bank vs. Freyhan.

31-149—Union Stock Yards National bank vs. Stollman.

31-359—McKell vs. Paul.

32-81—Whitrow vs. Holtslander.

32-109—Missouri Pacific Railway company vs. Wort.

32-117—Traynor vs. Kilburn.

32-120—Haughton vs. Montgomery.

ONE JOB THAT NEVER CAME

South Omaha Man Has a Complaint Against J. B. Smith.

HE APPEALED TO MAYOR BEMIS FOR HELP

Because Prosecutor Cochran Refused to Prosecute—Council Bluffs Partners Quarrel—An Alleged Fremont Hog Thief Arrested—In Police Circles.

Another case is reported against J. B. Smith, the expert accountant who has been accused of obtaining money from young men and girls who were seeking employment under a fictitious representation that he would secure them good positions.

The latest victim is O. C. Page, a young man who lives at 2709 I street, South Omaha. Page went to Smith's office in the Shelsy block on February 24 in response to an advertisement offering a situation as bookkeeper at \$5 a month. Smith then said that he could have the position for him March 20 if he would take instructions from him during the intervening time.

After some conversation Page paid Smith \$10 in advance for his instructions and \$1.50 for material and received a receipt for the money together with a written guaranty that he would procure him the situation at the prescribed time, or pay him back his money. The time elapsed some time ago, but Page is still unable to get any satisfaction in the way of a situation or cash. After he had paid Smith the money the latter said that it was possible that as he had not had any previous experience he would have to give him some assistance during the first month, for which he would charge him \$5 and that the month after Page should pay him another \$10 for the position.

Page says that he has tried in vain to induce Smith to get him the promised situation or to refund his money. Smith promised to give back the money several times, but failed to keep his agreement. When Page asked him to tell him where the position was in order that he might go and see them himself Smith also refused to give him any information.

The case was brought to the notice of City Prosecutor Cochran, who refused to file a complaint although he had some weeks ago issued a warrant for Smith's arrest for an exactly similar offense in which Miss Clara Randall was the complaining witness and Smith settled the matter by paying Randall back her money and the costs of suit. Mr. Page then took his case to Mayor Bemis who sent for the prosecutor and endeavored to convince him to drop some of the duties for which he was appointed.

PARTNERS FALL OUT.

One of Them Arrested for Carrying Off the Goods.

A telephone message from Council Bluffs reached police headquarters yesterday afternoon asking that two men giving the names of Cady and Melcher be arrested at once for carrying away a wagon load of cigars and tobacco. Detectives Savage and Dempsey arrested the men on suspicion shortly afterwards. In an hour or so a man named Deitch showed up at the jail and told his story of how the prisoners had loaded up a lot of cigars and taken the staff to Omaha. All of this time Cady and Melcher were not saying a word.

Captain Mostyn advised Deitch to go back to the Bluffs and swear out a warrant. Instead of doing that Deitch went up to Julius S. Cooley's office on the roof of the New York Life building and gave the "blatant" twenty-five big round dollars to act for him and receive the property which he claimed had been stolen. This was a snap for Cooley and he trotted to the jail a Nancy Hanks' gait. He dashed up to the captain's office and demanded to see "a prisoner named Deitch."

"Are you sure that's the man you want to see?" asked Mostyn. Cooley was sure, but on referring to a memorandum found that it was Cady that he wanted. Cooley was brought up, and Cooley kindly offered to withdraw a complaint if half of the goods were returned. This the prisoner consented to, and the pair went up into the court room.

There Cady changed from a lamb to a lion and recited very loudly that he and Deitch were in partnership and that he had only brought to Omaha what property belonged to him. Of course the judge discharged both Cady and Melcher, and the pair went up into the court room, still clinging tightly to that \$25.

PORK IS HIGH.

Robert McIntire Accused of Taking Advantage of the Market.

Detectives Savage and Dempsey yesterday arrested Robert McIntire, who is wanted at Fremont for grand larceny. McIntire is one of a gang of stock thieves who have stolen thousands of dollars worth of hogs from the Bay State Cattle company during the season.

The ranch of the Bay State company is located near South Bend, Neb., and is owned by Swift & Co. During the season the company has missed large numbers of hogs from its droves, but was unable to locate the thieves until recently. It finally got on the track of the marauders and four of them are under arrest. Two were arrested at Fremont and Colburn, and the other two and last of the gang was run down by the Omaha detectives.

The phenomenally high price of hogs this year has rendered it profitable for the thieves very remunerative and they are supposed to have made a small fortune during the winter. They would manage to separate a drove of hogs from the man who drove them away to some out of the way station, from which they would ship them to South Omaha or Chicago and sell them at a handsome profit, considering the price at which they secured them.

Told in Paragraphs.

Sylvester Harris, an 8-year-old colored boy who has been arrested a dozen times for small offenses, was run in again yesterday and is liable to go to the reform school.

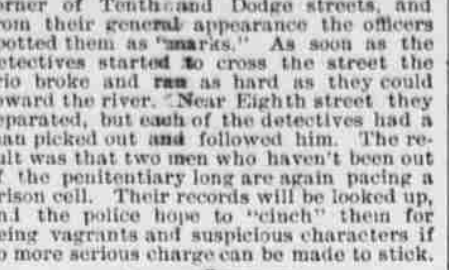
Detective Vizard yesterday recovered a suit of clothes stolen last summer from Joseph Schmitt, 1919 Harney street. A soldier of the Second infantry is suspected of the theft.

The local police were informed yesterday by the Lincoln authorities that they had arrested a couple of thieves with a quantity of plunder, which they were trying to sell. Among the lot was a fine, large, red silk suit, spread with a border of flowers, and fringe, and supposed to have been stolen in Omaha.

The time of the police judge was taken up

Shakespeare's Seven Ages

SIXTH AGE.



The Pantaloons who did not use Johann Hoff's Malt Extract. Into the lean and slipper'd pantaloons, With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side, His youthful hose well saved, a world too wide, For his shrunken shank; and his big manly voice, Turning again toward childish treble, pipes and whistles in his sound.

Dr. Oschitz and Dr. Kaiser, Imperial Hospital Physicians, of Garrison Hospital, Agram, Austria, write:

"We have employed JOHANN HOFF'S EXTRACT OF MALT in convalescence and for catarrh and pulmonary diseases and impaired digestion with very satisfactory results. As a dietetic, nutrient and tonic it is beyond doubt the remedy par excellence."

Purchasers are warned against imposition and disappointment. Insist upon the Genuine, which must have the signature of "JOHANN HOFF" on the neck label.

A book entitled "Shakespeare's Seven Ages of Man," beautifully illustrated, sent free on application.

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, New York.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

BEWARE OF CRUDE COCOAS SOLD AS "SAPOLIO"

Van Houten's Cocoa

BEST AND COGS FARTHEST

Is Manufactured on Scientific Principles. Highly Digestible and Nutritious, known all over the civilized Globe as the Peer of all Cocoas.

Wholesale rooms on 2nd floor 1510 Douglas street, is now open for business. We are retailing all new spring millinery at wholesale prices. We are showing the largest and the nicest line of flowers in the city. American Beauty roses 5c, in all colors. All other flowers equally as low in price. Millinery will be sold regardless of cost to close out this department in a few weeks.

BLISS

Some Other Fellow—

And his unpaid bills are responsible for the high prices you are charged by a credit tailor.

If Nicoll makes your clothing you pay cash for what you get and get what you pay for—so does everybody else. That makes lowest prices. Our stock is all in now—hundreds of styles from which you may choose an

Elegant Spring Suit

At From \$20 to \$50.

—Leave your order before the hurry season begins.

Nicoll

207 South 15th Street.

RAYMOND, THE JEWELL.

DOWN IN OUR BASEMENT we are exhibiting probably the largest and most complete line of Lamp Shades in the city—plain and lace trimmed and in various colorings.

FERDINAND WESTHEIMER & SONS

Distillers, Importers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

"PLANET" Sour Mash "ELEVATION" Pure Rye

ST. JOSEPH, MO.

Write us for prices on Whiskies both in bond and tax paid.

Dr. DOWNS

1316 Douglas Street, Omaha, Neb.

The eminent specialist in nervous, chronic, rheumatism, blood, skin and urinary diseases. A regular and registered graduate in medicine, as diploma was a solid foundation with the greatest success. Dr. Down's medicine is a natural, pure, and safe, and of proven efficacy. No mercury used. New treatment for skin diseases. Consultation free. Correspondence solicited by correspondence. Medicine of 100 pills sent free of all charges. No money to be paid until cured. Book "Mysteries of Life" sent free. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m. post stamp for circular.

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