QUESTIONS THEIR AUTHORITY

Rights of Governors of States to Appoint Senators to Fill Vacancies.

MINORITY REPORT ON LEE MANTLE'S CASE

Objections Urged Against Allowing Him to Take His Seat - An Unprecedented Condition of Aflairs-Important Questions Which Have Been Raised.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28 .- The minority report of the committee on privileges and elections in the case of Lee Mantle, appointed senator by the governor of Montana, finding that he is not entitled to his seat, was submitted today by Chairman Vance. It is signed by Vance, Gray, Palmer and Mitchell. The report says that the question is, could the governor of the state appoint a senator at the beginning of a new term, the legislature being in session and failing to elect? It contends that the original terms of senators must begin by being chosen by the legislature. As there is but two ways of constituting senators, there are but two ways of creating vacancies. One by expiration of term, the other by some accidental or unforeseen happening, such as death, resignation, exputsion or disqualification.

Manner of Constituting a Senator.

The report deals at some length with the manner of constituting senators and creating vacancies, touching the contention that the constitution requires the senate to be full by any and all means. The report denies the correctness of that statement, although its purpose was to have the state representation full by the operation of its rovisions for filling regular terms, both at the beginning and as they legally expire, for providing against any accidental or unforeseen casualties by which seats thus filled might become vacant other than by legal expiration of terms. Further than this, no man can say that the constitution makers intended to go. It cannot for a moment be intended to go. It cannot for a moment be supposed that they contemplated or in-tended to provide for a case where either the legislature or the governor of a state should wantonly, or with any other motive, or for any reason, either refuse or fail to perform their duty in the creation of senators. This would have been to express a doubt and want of faith in the perpetuity a dubt and want of rath in the performing of the structure which they were building; on the contrary, it is just and reasonable to suppose that, having invested each state with certain specific rights as to representation in this body and imposed upon them the duty of exercising these rights in a certain specified way, patriotism and self-inter est would combine to secure the enjoyment of these rights more effectually than any provision which they could possibly insert in the constitution

Illogical in the Extreme.

The majority say that the permissive power to appoint controls and is paramount to the mandatory power of the legislature to elect, which is illogical in the extreme. The language clearly is only intended to give ex-ecutives a right to keep the senate full by appointment appointment, and nothing more. Every mention in the constitution of the creation of senators but one-an election-is contem-

It is calculated to excite a smile to suggest that a state is deprived by the action of con-gress in any possible contingent of her equal suffrage in the senate if her legislature refuses to elect a senator and send him here, or if the governor, in the case of a failure of the legislature to elect, shall refuse to appoint a senator and send him here. Both of these things have happened, and nine states at different times have been for one or more years with but one senator in their halls and no harm happened to the state or nation. The danger arising from the failure of a state to have full representation for a short time is not for a moment to e compared with the danger which comes from a departure from the constitution. The idea cannot be tolerated that we are at lib-erty to compel a construction of the instrument in any manner opposed to a clear meaning of particular words and phrases.

Little Short of Scandal.

spirited contest on either side of the propo-sition. Of course this seeming apathy may vanish as the fight progresses, and hard GROVER'S PECULIAR STYLE vanish as the fight progresses, and lated things be said in the course of the debate, and when they talk for publication senators are careful to say that they intend to fight for or against the resolution all summer if necessary, but it is evident that at present the feeling is one of deference on the part of a large number of the senators. Senator Kyle Also Protested Against Eara

Against Its Ratification.

government of the czar and the United

States. It has been severely criticised and

is said by its opponents to be the first stroke

against the liberty of those who fice to

America to escape political persecution. In

the past two or three executive sessions of

the senate there has been quite a debate on

the proposition to release the injunc-

tion of secrecy and permit the people

resolution was introduced yesterday to

reterred to the committee on foreign rela-

tions and that committee has not yet re-

ported. The majority of the senators want

the matter made public, for the reason that

the text of the treaty has been wrongfully

What They Object to.

his escape and punish him, not for the political offense, but the act of forgery. The re-sult, it is claimed, will be the same, for it removes the individual from every right of asylum which he has gained by flight to this

It Surprised Them.

It is certain that this phase of the case was never brought before the senate, for one

senator who made a bitter fight against the

one

ratification of the treaty says that no

favorably reported to the senate.

to

cal

country.

HE WILL BE COMMISSIONED AT ONCE THAT RUSSIAN TREATY.

Some of the Objections That Are Urged Some of the Numerous Caudidates Who Are Playing for Place Under the Pres-WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28 .- No treaty ent Administration-How the that has come before the senate in late years Struggle Progresses. has received more public attention than that which was recently concluded between the

WASHINGTON BURRAU OF THE BER, 513 FOUNTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28,

Miller's Appointment.

Ezra W. Miller of Huron, S. D., who was today nominated to be United States attorney for that state, is in the city. There is a vacancy in the office, District Attorney Sterling having resigned some time ago, and Mr. Miller will qualify as soon as his commisknow exactly what it contains. A sion is issued and at once enter upon hisduties. He will select as his assistant a remove this injunction of secrecy, but it was well known democratic lawyer at Redfield. Mr. Miller was not recommended for the position he today secured by Senator Kyle. On the contrary Senator Kyle protested against Miller's appointment. Miller was register of the land office at Huron four years ago and is a good lawyer.

the text of the treaty has been wrongfully stated by the public prints and the senate has, it claims, been unjustly criticised by reason of this misinformation. The State department is also willing that the text of the treaty should go out, but there is not such a unanimity of sentiment concerning the propriety of publishing the accompany-ing correspondence. The committee on for-eign relations is in communication with the officials of the State denartment and as soon Playing for Place. A. M. McCarty was today appointed post-master at Oelrichs, Fall River county, S. D., The application papers of Charles H. Playter of Cedar Rapids, Ia., for the posi-tion of chief of division under the commis-sioner of internal revenue, were booked at

officials of the State department and as soon as an agreement is reached, the resolution to remove the injunction of secrecy will be stoner of internal revenue, were booked at the Tronsury department today. J. S. Otidger and F. H. Marshall of Ne-braska; L. S. Hanchett and B. F. Allen of Iowa and Bartlett Minot, of South Dakota, special agents of the general land office, have been dismissed. It is said at the de-partment that the dismissals are on ac-The criticism of this treaty is principally directed against the article which is said to make the commission of political offenses excount of a lack of appropriations but in retraditable. The language of this clause is identical with that found in the treaty with ality their places are wanted for democrats. There is a great scramble for the vacant

Beigium. In that treaty it is provided that "the provisions of this convention shall not be applicable to persons guilty of any politipaymastership in the army for which Lieutenant Dapray was nominated, but not con-firmed. There are 672 applications for it on cal offense, or crime, or of one connected with such a crime or offense." file at the War department. It is believed a civilian will get the place. It is worth \$2,500 It also provides that "an attempt against the life of the head of a foreign government or against that of any member of his family annual salary, and the commutation of a John Scott Harrison of Kansas City, Mo or against that of any member of his family shall not be considered a political offense, or an act connected with such an offense." "The treaty makes the forgery of any gov-criment paper or document an offense for which the guilty party may be extradited. It is well known that no political suspect can escape from Russia without the aid of a compared and that has cannot seen by a democratic brother of ex-President Harri-son, was at the white house today seeking

the surveyorship of customs at Kansas City4 Miscellancous. The comprissioners' decision in the timber culture contest of Peter Menth against William Risklin from Mitchell, S. D., was to-day renewed by the assistant secretary of

passport, and that he cannot secure that coveted document. Necessarily, he is com-pelled to resort to the expedient of forgery, the interior, which favors the contestant Ex-Congressman Herman Stump of Bel-laire, Md., who retired to private life on the and the instrument that passes him through the frontier is a forgery—the forgery of a government paper. The treaty contains no explanatory foot notes, but makes extradi-table the offense that has been in every such 4th of this month is to be appointed superin tendent of immigration to succeed Hon. W D. Owen of Logansport, Ind. Messrs. Stump and Owen were members of the house committee on immigration in the Fifty first case committed. By this means it is argued that the Russian government has, by virtue of the treaty ratified by the United States, a congress and are warm personal friends. Mr. Owen has recently been at Omaha and veritable] dragnet, with which it can pull back to its boundary every man who makes Logan, Ia., where he has property interests.

P. S. H. MRS, CLEVELAND'S RECEPTIONS.

Many People Call on the First Lady of the Land-Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28.-Mrs. Cleveland's reception today from 11 to 12 o'clock was twice as large as heretofore. She received as usual in the blue room, the visitors being admitted in groups as they arrived. The day was fine and the event was gayer than any the blue room has witnessed the past year.

ever dreamed that such a clause lay hidden in the text and that had it been discovered, a very material modification of the text would have been made. Senators now say that there is no intention that such a con-struction shall be placed upon it. They ad-The gold exported from New York today amounted to \$500,000 and all of it was taken mit that forgery of passports is a forgery of state documents, which within the interfrom the sub-treasury. The loss of so small an amount does not even cause comment in pretation of the convention, that a demand the treasury circles, as the free gold at the might be made for the extradition of the offender, but this admission is met by a command of the treasurer now aggregates statement that is claimed to neutralize the effect of such an interpretation. The premore than \$7,000,000 and the treasury is gaining gold each day in its ordinary business transactions. There is not the slightest doubt in official circles but that within the next few months the gold balance in the treasury will be increased to \$15,000,000 of free gold for all ordinary purposes.

fused to vacate, and continued to inspect oil by virtue of the fact that he was the in-spector under the Thiyer rogims. There was not enough in the office for two io-spectors, and for this, reason and for the reason that Heimrod thought that he was entitled to the office the observation entitled to the office, he obsought injunction proceedings in the district court of this county. The case was heard before Judge Davis and excludge Dohne and taken under advisement. When the opinion was handed down it was rather agginst Heimrod, for it receited that the proper legal remedy was a que warranto instead of an injunction. Right at that point Garnes turned around and sued Heimrod, alliging that he had been damaged in the sum of \$700 and that he had

been compelled to expend \$500 in feeing at-torneys. It was to collect this amount that instigated the case which is now being heard.

Court House Notes.

The Omaha basket factory, located at Mascott, was closed by the creditors yes-terday and now is in the hands of the sheriff.

Sheriff Bennett went to Lincoln yesterday, taking with him Dick Creole, the would-be murderer, and W. E. Thilo a forger, both of whom have been sentenced to torms in the penitentiary.

Judge Ogden was suddenly taken ill while upon the bench yesterday. While his ill-tess was not considered serious, it was so se] vere that he was compelled to adjourn court and leave the bench for the day.

The coming of the spring weather has resuited in saving the county of D organs many dollars. During the winter months fully 150 families were assisted by being supplied with either coal, groceries or clothing, but since warm weather set in this number has been reduced fully one-hulf. About the only ones who are now fed at the county crib are the cripples, the wilows who have families and those who are too old to work.

settling Two Estates.

The administrator of the estate of Hugh G. Clark, deceased, has asked the probate court to name a commission for the purpose of arriving at the amount that is due the Clark estate from the Clark Woodman estate. The petitioner represents that there are

claims aggregating more than \$100,000 and covering the transactions of a long period of years.

Court Calendar. The call for today is as follows:

EAW ROOM NO. 2-JUDGE SCOTT.

AW ROOM NO. 2-MEDGE SCOTT. 34-271-Greensfelder vs. Zunder. 34-295-Niazara Shor Company vs. Zunder. 28-283-National Life Insurance company vs. North British Insurance company. 30-114-Wheian vs. Omaha Brewing, associa-

30-188-Kinkend vs Jones. 30-188- Kinkend vs. Jones. 30-251- Rose vs. Geotte. 31-223- Talcott vs. Stonehill. 31-250- Black vs. Stonehill. 32-337- Graham Paper company vs. Todd. 32-637- Wilson vs. McFarland. 33-51- Terry vs. Coffman. 33-537- Smith vs. Blue Valley Lumber com-any.

any. 34-61—Franzen vs Martin. 34-347—Pray vs Omaha Street Railway company.

LAW ROOM NO. 3-JUDGE DAVIS.

31-329 – Moyer vs Holson. 31-336 – Ross vs Darner. 31-347 – Clarke vs Omaha Illuminating com-

any. 31-357–Conrades Chair company vs. Spigle. 31-362–Wolf & Kratner Furalture, company

s Spigle. 31-364-Jerome vs Schaeffer. 31-383-Omahn Coal, Coke and Lime com-any vs Pritchard. 32-2-Walker vs Moore. 32-27-Methodist Episcopal church vs

32-42-Beindorff vs Omaha Brewing associaion. 32-55—Deering & Co. vs Steinal. 32-77—Pioneer Savings and Loan company

vs Ballou. 32-101-Union Stock Yards company vs Mfl-32-112-Johnson vs Hammel.

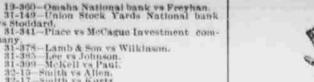
LAW HOOM NO. 4-JUDGE FERGUSON. 25-211-Gast vs Gibbon. _____ 27-63-Midland Guaranty company vs Flan-

gan. 27-304-Western Electric Supply company

-357—Green vs Saulter. 28-149-Ray vs Sackott. 28-172-American Water Works company vs

olmson, 28-215-Worley vs Faux. 28-245-Grantham & Shoemaker vs Me-loud Live Stock Commission company, 28-262-Murray vs Cunningham. 28-276-Banker vs Chicago & Northwestern Railway company. 28-293-McGuire vs Press. 28-305-Heliman vs Omaha. 24-193-Sweesey vs Stuht.

LAW ROOM NO. 5-JUDGE OGDEN.



 Lee vs Johnson.
McKell va Paul.
Smith vs Allen.
Smith vs Kurtz.
Harscom vs Ball.
Withrow vs. Holtstander. 103-Missouri Pacific Railway company 32-103- Alexandri va Kilborn. 32-113-Traynor va Kilborn. 32-120-Hanighen va Montgomery. 32-138-Houghand va Thompson. 31-50-Citizen's Savinga bank va Cowin.

AMUSEMENTS.

John D'Ormond and Agnes Fuller, the new leading people at Wonderland and Bijou theater, are appearing in "The Sea of Ice." They are likely to become great favorites, for their work stamps them as excellent actfor their work stamps them as excenent act-ors. Mr. D'Ormond in the dual characters of Carlos and Marquis Del Monte displays great vigor; his conception of the parts shows careful study. Agnes Fuller, although suffering with a severe cold on the opening night, which materially handleapped her delivery, demonstrated in her enactment of the difficult roles of Louise de Lascours and Oracity the ludian circ that sho is a fin-Ogarity, the Indian girl, that she is a fin-ished actress. W. J. Holton was seen to advantage as Captain de Loscours and the bal-ance of the company are all worthy of com-mendation. "The Sea of Ice" is a beautiful meiodrama, full of action and is ablendidly staged at the Bijou, the scenic effects being staged at the high, the second clack being magnificent. The specialty program intro-duces Charles Taylor in a clever and com-ical magical act; Harry DeLain, late of Cleveland's ministrels, in a number of excellent female impersonations; Charles and Anale Taylor in second sight, which is a program to overchady. Must Daylor's work puzzle to everybody, Miss Taylor's work being phenomenal. The Hollingworths, a team of elever partominists, introduce a comical knock-about and acrobatic act. All in all this week's bill is one of the best pro-grams of the season. The sourcenir this week, a handsome embroidered handkerchief and a silver plated napkin ring, is attracting the ladies.

We sell Parks Cough Syrup on a positive guarantee to cure all throat and lung troubles. It has stood the test for many years and to day is the leading remedy for the cure of colds, consumption and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Alld ruggists.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LUUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

The Original and Genuine

(WORCESTERSHIRE)

LEA & PERRINS

SAUCE

Imparts the most delicious taste and rest

Beware of Imitations;

SOUPS,

FISH,

MEATS.

GAME,

See.

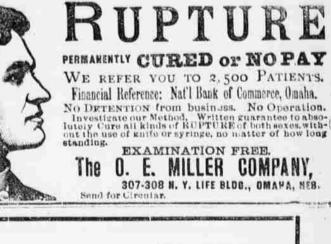
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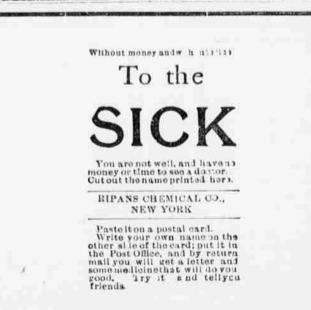
BAREBITS.

GRAVIES,

HOT & COLD







IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.



THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29, 1893.

spectacle here presented of three states, at the same time and in the same manner and by the same, or similar combi-nations, refusing to perform their constitutional duty of electing senators to this body, for the purpose of throwing the appointment into the hands of the executive under the vicious precedents which have lately been established, is a little short of a scanda! upon the constitutional government. It enables us to see with what ease a few ambitious and aspiring men in every legislature. by a combination with the executive, can de-feat the will of the people and the plain pur-pose of the constitution. In the cases of Mantle and Beckwith, the legislatures ad-journed the day before the vacancies occurred, despite their sworn duty to fill them. If legislatures can thus be permitted to tamper with the constitution and laws of their country and be rewarded with success and impunity, we respectfully submit that a great blow has been inflicted upon the good order and the legal government of our coun-2ry and the permanency of its institutions.

The report affirms, as an uncontradicted proposition, that where a governor has exercised his power of appointment until the meeting of the legislature and that the legislature has failed to till the vacancy, the governor cannot again exercise the appointing power. In conclusion, it is said that if the state

neglects or refuses to avail itself of that right, there is no obligation on the part of the senate or of any other authority to fore or compet by forced construction, or any other means, to insure that perpetual representation than simply this plain provision of

We can neither compel a legislature to elect, nor a governor to appoint. In a gov-ernment based upon the consent of the governor something must be necessarily left to the patriotism and common sense of those to whom the government is entrusted.

CHARGES AGAINST SENATOR ROACH.

Probable Action of the Senate in the Case -Democrats Displeased.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28.-Careful inquiry discloses the fact that the resolution introduced in the senate looking to the investigation of the charges against Senator Roach of North Dakota, was presented by Mr. Hoar of his own volition, and not as the result of any caucus action. It is also evident that some republican senators do not look with favor on the resolution. They look with favor on the resolution. They held that the acts of a man before his elec-tion as a senator are not a proper subject of investigation, provided they have no connection with his election. In support of this proposition one republican senator cited the report made to the house by General futter, when he was chairman of the fudicary committee, which was ended the judiciary committee, which was called upon to pass upon a similar question. The democratic members were plainly vexed at Mr. Hoar's move, although they had timely notice of his intention. It is intimated that the democratic steering committee will con sult upon the matter and agree upon the course that shall be pursued on the dispo-sition of the resolution, but if the opinions of the density of the second states of the density of the density of the second states of the density the democratic senators are any indication there does not appear to be any feasible way to stop the investigation

Under the practices of the senate any sen ator can secure an investigation of any matter within reason and any attempt to prevent the present inquiry might be looked upon as an admission of guilt.

Reorganization of Senate Officials,

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28 .- The introduction by Senator Gorman in the senate this morning of the caucus resolution, providing for a reorganization of the force of the senate officers, means a transfer of the struggle from secret session to the open house of the senate. All offers of compromise have failed, and all attempts to promise have failed, and all attempts to adjust the matter amicably in private have come to maught, the fight is now to be waged in the open field. Just what the outcome will be cannot be predicted, but there is reason to believe that both sides are half-hearted in the mat-ter and it is safe to say that a majority of the senators really do not feel sufficient in-terest in the reorganization to make a very terest in the reorganization to make a very president.

tradition of warrant and papers of ex-tradition, is, they say, not sufficient evidence upon which to transport a man cut of the country. The magistrate who sits in the case, and after hum the secretary of state must pass upon the question whether the forgery of such papers constitutes a political offense. If it is such an offense, then, say these senators, extradition would not be allowed. Those who are opposed to the treaty look with alarm upon that matter that vests in the ju-dicial decision of the magistrate, or even the secretary of state, the interpretation of a convention, which, they assert, should bear upon its face just what is intended and leav-ing nothing for future interpretation and magnified dispute

ossible dispute. A prominent senator upon the republican side of the chamber said that this treaty is one of the crudest things of its character he has ever seen, and boldly declares that it is due to the fact that such matters are con-ducted under the veil of secrecy. Relieved of the sense of duty that impresses them in public, the senator states that little at-Januar tention to grave matters like this is given by senators other than those who are members of the foreign relations committee, and that

they go through by reason of a blindness, and sometimes misleading faith in the com-mittee that has them in charge. The committee will probably report back the resolution to remove the injunction of secrecy at the next executive session. What amount of correspondence will be re-leased with it depends upon the wishes of the State department.

PAPERS OF COLUMBUS |

Privaless Documents Loaned by Spain to the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28,-Mr. William E. Curtis, in charge of the Spanish-American exhibit at the World's fair reached Washington this morning from Norfolk, having in his custody the Columbus papers loaned by the Spanish government for exhibition at Chicago. They were brought to this country on the United States steamship Newark, which reached Norfolk Sunday afternoon. Mr. Curtis was accompanied on the trip from Norfolk to this city by a military guard, the obligation assumed by the United States to the Span-ish government requiring that the papers should be constantly under the protection of the military and naval forces of the United States while in transit. The papers have been deposited tempor-arily in the vaults of the Safe Deposit company in Washington. The papers are about lifty in number and comprise the original documents relating to Columbus' voyage of discovery, his report to Ferdinand and Isa-

cila and his will.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28 .- The resoutions for the election of officers of the senate-William R. Cox of North Carolina as secretary, Richard J. Bright of Indiana as sergeant-at-arms and Rev. Mr. Milburn as chaplain-coupled with conditions that they shall not enter the discharge of their duties until the 30th of June next, up to which time the present incumbents are to remain in office, were presented in the senate today aros and went over until tomorrow

The case of Senator Reach of North Dakota was brought before the senate in the shape of a resolution offered by Mr. Hoar, directing the committee on privileges and elections to investigate the allegations of criminal embezdement and also to report the fact, and what is the duty of the senate in regard thereto. This resolution also went over until temorrow.

The senate adjourned, after a session of only thirty-five minutes.

Called on the President. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28 .- The cabinet met at 11 o'clock today and thus shut off many visitors waiting to see the president. Among the callers were John Scott Harrison of Kansas City, a brother of ex-President Harrison, but who is a staunch democrat Mr. Harrison is accused of ogling in a very suggestive manner for the surveyorship of

customs at Kansas City. Miss Edita Day of Portland, Ore., who is racing around the United States and Mexico against Miss Bess Mitchell Doolittle of Chicago, was also among the callers on the

Secretary Gresham has accepted the resig-nation of Dr. St. Clair, chief of the consular division of the State department. The papers which Dr. St. Clair kept from the official files on the ground that they were personal letters had reference to bad conduct on the part of Mr. Johnson, who was United States

consul at Kiel, and afterward removed. The Treasury department is advised that 450 immigrants from Hamburg have arrived at Halifax, destined for points in the United States States. Acting Secretary Spaulding today telegraphed the collectors of customs at points at which they are likely to enter the United States from Canada to keep a close watch on these immigrants and see that treasury quarantine regulations are strictly enforced. This is the first arrival of immi

grants from Hamburg by way of Canada since the suspension of immigration last Mr. Hepburn, comptroller of the currency, today expressed the opinion that there was no danger that other national banks in Nashville, Tenn., would be affected by the failure of the Commercial National bank. According to the information received at the department, he said, the failure of the Commercial bank was not a bad one. The last examination made by a bank examiner showed the bank in good condition. Secretary Carlisle has appointed Dr. J. A.

Senner commissioner of immigration at New York Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Maxwell appointed forty-nive fourth-class postmasters, and of this number thirty-seven vere to fill vacancies caused by the removal

of the incumbents.

Baron de Andreda's Funeral. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28 .- Funeral ervices over the remains of Baron de Augiur de Andreda, the special Brazilian envoy, were held at St. Mathew's church this morning. The honorary pall bearers were the secretary of state, the British ambassador, the Brazilian, Mexican and Peruvian minis ters, the charge d'affairs of the Argentine legation and Senor Cerequirant member of the special Brazilian mission. At the request of the Brazilian minister the secretary of war detailed the United States marine band and two troops of cavalry from Fort Myer, Va., to act as a guard of honor. Diplomatic representatives from every delegation here attended the services and a large number of prominent officials and representatives of social life.

CARNES AGAINST HEIMROD.

Their Oil Inspection Fight Lingering in the District Court.

A case that brings up some of the mem ories of the James E. Boyd administration is on trial in the court presided over by Judge Davis. The title is Edward Carnes against Louis Heimrod, both of whom were state oil inspectors during different periods of their existence, and on account of their having been such oil inspectors the legal differences

When Boyd appointed Heimrod Carnes re-



29-363-Bernstine vs Kline. 30-1-Bagley vs Falke. 0-10-Douglas vs Blanchard. 30-98- Pitts vs. Travis. 30-110- Clements vs. Westerholm. 30-119- Balln vs. Johnson. 29-34- Hansen vs. Missouri Pacific Rallway. substitute. inpany. 25-197-Williams vs Specht. 25-197-Horbach vs. Shields.

27-263-Horback vs. Shields. 29-58-Darby vs. Knight: EOUITY ROOM. NO. 7-JUDGE WALTON. 30-324-Barker vs Whitney.



Relief-Cured by Two Sets Cutionra Remedies.

Reliet-Cured by Two Sets Cutioura Remedies. I wish to express my thanks for the benefit I have derived from using CUTICURA REMEDIES. Nothing like them was over manufactured. For three years have I suffered with a sore head. I would break out all over my head with pimples which would form a water, and I would have to seratch un-til I would bleed. After doctoring with two doc-tors for three years, more or less. I finally made up my mind to try your CUTI-CURA REMEDIES, with re-sult entirely s tisfactory to me. After using two sets of CUTICURA REMEDIES, I am entirely are No. 1. Our druggist is doing a nice hust-ness in CUTICURA REMEDIES, since my cure. I have given him the privilege of using my name as proof of their efficiency. I enclose portrait. Photographer. Mit. Horeb, Wis.

My wife has been troubled with the salt rheum for four years. During this time doc-tors of Wisconsin, Illinois, and the most emi-ment doctors of Chicago, failed to give relief. I bount the CUTICURA EXEMPTIS, and she used only one box of CUTICURA. CUTICURA SOAP, and ha f a bottle of the CUTICURA KE-SOLVENT, and these have oured my wife com-pletely. C. M. STONE, MI State St. Chicago, Ill.

Cuticura Resolvent,

The New Blood and Skin Burifier, internally, and CUTICURA, the great Skin Gure, and CUTICURA, the great Skin Gure, and CUTICURA, can cura Soar, the exquisits of Skin Benutifier, ex-ternally, lustantly relieve and speedily cure every disease and humorof the skin, sealp and blood, with loss of hair, from lefancy to age, from pimples to serofula.

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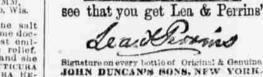
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of a LETTER from

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