# THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE.

### OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1893-SIXTEEN PAGES.

#### METHOD ing to the house itself, was injudicious in MAD WITH the body which is looked upon as the strongest pillar of the monarchy, as the election of Bismarck, it was deemed, would give ! igh offense to the emperor. In consequence the Ahlwardt's Peculiar Actions the Result of a Bismarckian vote was withdrawn. In his place Prince Stollberg Wernigerode was Deep Lying Sinister Motive. elected president. But, and there is a but in the minds of certain members of the court, a rumor, perhaps EMPEROR WILL NOT VISIT THE POPE only one of the thousand and one which float around the big corridors of the palace, which I give merely as such accounts go, is Political Reasons Will Prevent the Call that that the kaiser would be willing if a dignified Had Been Arranged For. and reasonable way were found for him to congratulate Bismark on his 78th birthday. which occurs in April. Will a means be CAPRIVI MAY TRIUMPH IN THE END found! That, as far as I hear, is the question. Would Be a Good Move. Sentiment in the Reichstag is Changing on It will be difficult. There is, first and foremost, the present chancellor. He will the Military Bill. use every effort to prevent any such rapprocemment. Caprivi has shown one strongly TROUBLE IN CENTER AND POLISH PARTIES developed quality during his tenure of office. That is his uncompromising and unforgiving nostility to all who have opposed him. It is Signs of Breaking in the One and Open Re-

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### volt in the Other-Prince Bismarck is Ill-General German Political Gossip.

PART

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

[Copyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.] BERLIN, March 25.-New York Herald Cable -Special to THE BEE. |-It was in the midst of a flery debate on Wednesday when one of the members of the Reichstag had made a scathing speech about Rector Ahlwardt and closed by saying, "You must understand this action of yours is not usual in members of the Reichstag." That remark Ahlwardt lotted down in a small. cheap note book which he always carries open in his hand. In the speech with which he followed he ended up with the words:

"I wish you to understand that my cleetion to the Reichstag was no ordinary event. as yov will find out."

Indeed it tooks as though this small, thickset irrepressible schoolmaster is destined to alter entirely the nature of the sittings of the Reichstag. His tactics remind one of the cariler days of the home rulers, when the House of Commons laughed them to scorn. They brought forward irresponsible charges against irresponsible people, till at last, when some of them turned out to be correct, discontented people from all parts of the country began sending in information to them. So now with Ahl wardt, every anti-Semite who knows any thing detrimental to the Semites will send it to him. Later on he will possibly have some substantial charges to go upon. Mean time he is perfectly content in having totally upset the traditional proprieties of the Reichstag and introduced a system of obstructions which is always causing much apprehension to legislative assembly.

### Will Not Visit the Pope.

It is said that it is an understood thing that the kaiser will not visit Pope Leo, and her majesty is much disappointed thereat. as she had set her heart on a visit to the pontiff. But political reasons have been urged against it.

### Germany's Chicago Exhibit.

Captain Rogers, who came over here to take charge of the government exhibits for Chicago, leaves with those treasures on Tuesday next on board the Havel. He has not seen the exhibits, as they were a lready packed up when he arrived. He visi's Ber-

the idea of those who favor the notion of ongratulations being sent from the kaiser to Bismarck that if the kaiser found means of doing so, he would have completed the cleverest and most important stroke of diplomacy which he has achieved since his accession to the throne. It would bring him desirable popularity with the masses. Next after such a conciliation he would find himself cheered to the echo as he took his usual afternoon ride in Unter den Linden. It would bring him the support of the landed gentry, agriculturists, bankers, merchants and aristocrats. It would indeed be a great coup for him as well as a highly graceful act from a young and vigorous monarch to an old and tried statesman, who, as he pathetically put it himself, is stiff in mind and body Both would be greater men after it. Will the kaiser execute this coup? Piquant Scandals Promised. I have already cabled you that in April vill commence the trial of Harden, the author of an article in a weekly magazine which lately caused a good deal of stir here. The magazine was confiscated long ago for a revolutionary article. The cause of the coming trial is an atrocious article on the education of the sovereign. The kaiser felt aggrieved, and the matter was taken up by the court. Hargents den will conduct his own defense, so you can adge how plquant will be his ventilation of he question, but, unfortunately, he will be icard in camera. It is generally rumored hat Prince Bismarck inspired the article. We are also going to be treated to another rotic scandal, very much on the lines of the Leipsic case, revealing the fact that many married women, whose me character was considered hitherto without more reproach, have been in the habit of meeting overs, consisting of a band of roues. The head of the band is an Italian sculptor living in Wilhelmstrasse. The whole thing was

discovered by chance, being revealed by a servant of the Italian. He asserts that orgies took place similar to those for which Banker Hugo Loewy has been condemned. The wives of editors and the daughters of generals and lawyers are implicated. The case will come up after Easter some time. Singer in an Asylum. I told you that Herr Singer, the rich social

Revolutionists Determined to Overthrow the President of Hayti. fires yesterday. DECISIVE BATTLE ON THE FRONTIER Reinforcements Hurried Forward to Assist the Government Troops. REBELS BELIEVED TO HAVE WON THE DAY Indications that the Struggle Will Be Pro-

longed and Costly. MUCH EXCITEMENT AT PORT-AU-PRINCE Seat of the Administration Fully Aware of the Danger that Threatens the Overthrow of the Republic at Present.

HIPPOLYTE'S POWER

[Copyri , htel 1873 by James Gordon Bennett.] KINGSTON, Jamalca (via Galveston, Tex.,) March 25.- By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE.]-Another long warfare between President Hippolyte's government and the factions opposed to his rules is now threatened. Insurgents have crossed from the dominion frontier into Hayti and a battle has already been fought. This new movement is likely to cause trouble with Santo Domingo and possibly war, should the present insurrection be quelled. A protracted straggle is the present outlook owing to the mountainous and unsettled condition of the country.

The insurgents have been secretly gathering strength in San Domingo for some time. Enough was known of their plans. however, to cause considerable uneasiness in government circles. The all-important point, the place where they intend to cross, was not known to the authorities. The guards at the frontier were doubled, and it is probable that the reported battle occurred between some of these forces and the insur-

The battle is said to have been a decisive one, but the result was not stated. As the news comes from Port-au-Prince, the seat of President Hippolyte's government, the inference desired to be conveyed is that the authorities were victorious. This statement must be taken with considerable allowance because the same dispatch which brings the above news adds that troops are being hurrled to the frontier. Whatever may be the outcome of the present conflict it can only add to the trouble of the unhappy island. If the insurgents win, the load of debt incurred by the war, which would certainly prove a large one in that case, will be a heavy burden for the poor Haytians. If the governernment should prove victorious there will undoubtedly follow a demand for indemnity by San Domingo and in case of refusal

### another bloody and expensive war. Paraguay and Brazil Quarrel.

VALPARAISO, Chili (via Galveston, Tex.), democrat, was affected mentally. This is March 25 .- [By Mexican Cable to the New ] York Herald-Special to THE BEE |-Para-

Somers today issued a proclamation offering a reward of \$2,500 for evidence that will convict any party or parties of incendiarism in the city of Milwaukee within the next thirty days. The firms that have suffered from fires the past ten days offer a reward of How \$1,000. The entire police department is on the lookout for the firebug, a good descrip tion of whom was secured at two of the MESS ABLWARDT'S NERVE.

Infai

### Despite His Exposure in the Reichstag He Reiterates His Charges in Public. BERLIN, March 25.-Scotched, but not killed, Ahlwardtism continues to rear its

ugly head aloft. If Ahlwardt had an atom FRAM of regard for the contempt heaped upon him in the Reichstag or for the universal voice of scorn in the public press, he would vanish Paris from political life, but with a front of brass and sustained by the Jew-baiting mobs, he remains a dangerous factor in public life. Since his exposure in the Reichstag his reception on the streets and at public meet-NEW ings which he attended has been like what might be accorded a great servant of the state. Within a few hours after the collapse in the Reichstag of the charges against Bismarck and other welt known personages, Ahiwardt repeated and enlarged them at a meeting held at Spandau. The meeting was very largely attended by workingmen, many of whom came from the factories. A large number of these men were not of the stamp where ignorance could excuse them, yet they are blind supporters of the vulgar demagogue.

### Crowned by Admirers.

The meeting was presided over by Captain Herter, a retired officer, who crowned Ahlwardt's head with laurels amid the frantic plaudits of the spectators. Every utterance of their hero of the hour was cheered to the echo by the workingmen. Ahlwardt said he had been treated by the Reichstag with the grossest injustice. The members, he declared, obviously want to suppress the evidence he possessed to support his enarges. He had a van full of documents, which he had offered to produce for examination by the Reichstag.

Continuing, Ahlwardt said if he had been given time no unbiased mind would doubt the truth of his proofs. He refrained for the present from disclosing how he procured the documents, but he gave an instance of how one was picked out, of a waste paper basket by a servant of a public official. This paper had been brought to him. It was a receipt for a large sum of money that had been given to the judges of a country court, who subsequently decided a suit by which the briber obtained several millions of marks.

### Relished Storles of Corruption.

The vagueness of these accusations did not affect the enthusiasm of Ahlwardt's hearers, whose relish for stories of corruption in high places was at par with their credulity.

Among the features of the agitation the North German Gazette says that the existence of the Ahlwardt school threatens to hurt the minds and hearts of the people nore than war or pestilence.

The Post views the movement as proof of a profound demoralization, without which such scandaleus exhibitions would be impossible. Both the official and unofficial papers concur in the opinion that it was an error in tactics to link the whole question of anti-Semitism with the question of Ahlwardt's veracity.

bate in the Reichstag the In th

| DONE BY SCANDALS  | THE BEE BULLETIN.<br>Weather for Omaha and Visinity-<br>Generally Fair: Wa<br>Page.   |
|---|---|
| How Europe's Peace is Disturbed by Machi-<br>nations of Disappointed Democrats. | Hyppolite's Republic Revolving,<br>Scandals that Disturb Europe's Pen<br>Crounse, Hastings and the Other.<br>2. Freight Bill Before the Senate, |
| MESSES STIRRED UP ON MERE SUSPICION   | Y. M. C. A. Summer Sport Program<br>Rev. Mr. Clark at the Penitentiary.<br>3. Nebraska at the Public Trough,<br>General Washington News.        |
| Infamous Charges Made for the Purpose of<br>Exciting Popular Prejudice.         | <ol> <li>Last Week Among the Social Folks.<br/>Marriage in the Light of Figures.</li> <li>Lincoln and Nebraska News.</li> </ol>                 |
| FRANCE HAS HAD ENOUGH FOR A TIME  | How a Poetor Treated His Parents<br>6. Council Bluffs Local News,<br>7. Omalis Schuetzenverein's Park.  |
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| different to Politics Generally.  | <ol> <li>Omaha's Trade Reviewed,<br/>Commercial and Financial.</li> <li>Editorial Comment.</li> </ol>   |
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| Some Suggestion that England May Take the                                       | <ol> <li>Exclusively for the Ladies.</li> <li>Roundup of Seasonable Sports.</li> </ol>  |

Kaiser's Coming Visit to Rome Means.

Place Now Held by Italy-What the

Copyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.] PARIS, March 25 .- | New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE |-The dominant note in the European situation is the international character which the Parliamentary scandals are assuming. France, Italy and Germany are attacked. Several politicians ask, very reasonably, whether it is not the result of the definite demoralization of all Europet Suspicion is the trait which characterizes the democrats. We are therefore threatened with periodical scandals by the same stage manager. Everywhere the scandals are produced in a similar manner by the anti-Semites and in their hatred of the Jews. They come to hate money and make accusations without any proof, saying that once the scandal is produced something is ertain to come out of it. Very often nothing comes of them but calumny and lies. For the terrible accusations made by Ablwardt in the Reichstag there appears to be no foundation. Nobody will admit

that Bismarck was aware of the malversation. In the accusions against the French Parliament, made by M. Delahaye and his olleagues, no more seems to have been sustained by proof.

### Campaign Opening to France.

The campaign of scandal in France appears to be terminated, and it is not too soon. We are about to have a double electoral campaign to occupy public attention : firstly, that of the Paris municipal council. and then that of the Chamber of Deputies. The Paris municipal council will be elected on April 16 next. It is composed of eighty members, who have to look after the inter ests of nearly 3,000,000 inhabitants, and has a budget of 70,000,000 francs. It is, therefore, almost a parliament.

The Chamber of Deputies will have to work more than that of 1889, which had to combat Boulangism. We shall, therefore, have to go through a period of excitement, although at present the public has been so sated with the Panama business that nobody will discuss internal policies.

The principal feature of interest in the international situation is that of the journey of the kaiser to Italy and the endeavors that

### and Vicinity-Generally Fair : Warmer n Upsets Germany. tepublic Revolving. Disturb Europe's Peace. Governor Crounse Qualifies the Statement tings and the Other. Before the Senate. mmer Sport Program. WILL NEITHER DENY NOR CONFIRM IT k at the Penitentiary. he Public Trough. lington News. mong the Social Folks. he Light of Figures. (ebraska News. Treated His Parents. Local News,

- tzenverein's Park. of a Strange Man. f-Crucifiers. Vanderings. de Reviewed.
- and Financial. nment.
- the Anti-Room. Gcent Invention. or the Ladles.
- 16. Roundup of Seasonable Sports. found, as the animals can only be killed on

United States territory without danger of extermination. It is also claimed that owing to the long period of gestation, pelagic sealing cannot at any time be otherwise than destructive, dangerous and wasteful, and should, therefore, be prohibited.

What the English Claim. The case of Great Britain, on the other hand, is that the Alaskan seals have not the characteristic of animals that can be made subject property. It is not certain that they land only upon the Pribylof islands, or that they do not intermingle with the Russian. scal herd, that they are pelagic in nature and therefore should be treated as fish rather than land animals, that many of the propositions essential to the position taken by the United States are unproved or are contrary to the facts. As to pelagic scaling it is claimed

that the destructiveness and wastefulness has been greatly exaggerated; that it is the legitimate and proper method of taking seals, and can be prosecuted without danger of extermination to the herd. Much importance is also given by the British govrnment to its jurisdictional claims over Bering sea, but this appears to be treated by the United States as a secondary question. Both nations concede that the seals have decreased, the United States charg-

ing that such decrease is due to the destruction of the producing sex by the open sea scaling, and Great Britain claiming that the present condition has been caused by the excessive number of males killed on the islands, and the injurious effect of the methods there employed.

These are the issues presented to the tribunal for arbitration on which it is asked to give a decision. The question of damages is of minor importance, and cannot be determined until the principal questions are decided.

### PRESIDENCY OF THE FRENCH SENATE. M. Challemel-Lacour Elected to Succeed

Jules Ferry. Pants, March 25.—The senators who be-

ong to the left held a caucus today for the selection of a candidate for the presidency of the Senate in place of the late Jules Ferry. Three ballots were taken, resulting in the

He Says He Does Not Exactly Recall the Language Used During the Talk. ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY REMEMBER Any Statement He Gives Will Be Corroborated by the Executive.

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SLIGHTLY MODIFIED

that He Asked Hastings' Resignation.

IT AROUSED THE GANG'S INDIGNATION

### Members and Followers of the Ring Demanded a Legislative Censure for The Bee, but Failed to Get 11-Yesterday's Developments.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 25 .- [Special to Tun BEE.]-The report published by THE BER yesterday morning that Governor Crounse had demanded Attorney General Hastings' resignation was the sensation of the morning hour at the state capital. Attorney General Hastings denied the story and set up as proof an alibi. He asserted that he had not been in the governor's office for a week, and, therefore, the conversation referred to could not have taken place as represented. The friends of the state ouse ring showed great indignation, and Hon. Captain Murfin, late of Superior, and always of the gang, drew up a resolution of censure against Tun Bee, which he requested Hon, John C. Watson to push through the house in the morning hour. Mr. Watson declined to do so until he received a denial from Governor Crounse. A telegram signed by McKesson, secretary of the republican caucus, was at once wired to the governor at Omaha, but up to the hour of adjournment no response had been re-

ceived. Like a drowning man who grasps at a straw, this incident was worked for all there is in it for pumping up wrath against THE BEE and sympathy for the to-be-impeached officials.

The gentleman who had given the information was found at the Lincoln hotel about 1 p. m. When asked whether the report published in THE BEE was correct, he stated that it was substantially correct. The only material difference was as to the day when he was in the executive office and overheard the interview between the governor and attorney general. Instead of on Thursday, he stated the unpleasantness took place on the day of the last republican caucus, when the proposed impeachment of state officers was up for consideration. When asked whether he might not be mistaken in the man whom he took for the attorney general, he retorted most emphatically "No." and added that he had known the attorney general for a number of years.

What the Governor Savs. During the forenoon yesterday Governor Crounse was seen by a BEE reporter. The

lin for the first time and is much pleased with the city. He was a highly interested spectator in the diplomatic box at the Ahlwardt debate. He attributes the fine display sent by the German government largely to the energetic efforts of Consul General Edwards, who certainly has worked inde fatigably to obtain most of the remarkable and very interesting historical treasures of Germany. Captain Rogers will accompany the exhibit to New York, where a special train under the charge of Commissioner Wermuth will take them on.

### May Yet Pass the Bill.

Desultory comments on the military bill continue in the press. The Germania, the organ of the center, seems to think its passage possible, as also does the Kreuz Zeitung, the organ of Herr Richter. Many deputies have taken to using the word "compromise" freely, while Herr Bennigsen is once more to the front with further conces sions, which I doubt the house will approve. Minister Phelos returned yesterday after a delightful trip to Tangiers, Gibraltar and Naples. He is in excellent health.

### Russia's Awful Scourge. Once again terrible reports are arriving

from Russia respecting the cholera, where thousands of cases exist among the peasants. The epidemic, which is causing a panic, is approaching the frontier and has reached Varsovie.

I am afraid Prince Bismarck is not in the best of health. He has been troubled with swollen veins lately, while the old but not dangerous malady of neuralgia causes him much torture. His birthday next week will be celebrated with more than extra zeal. At Hamburg they are preparing for a papal pilgrimage, and the kaiser is credited with being ready with congratulations.

### Parties Going to Pieces.

The center party, hitherto considered un bendable, is showing signs of oscillation, for their candidate, Boise, has just been defeated by Editor Fussnagel. This is looked upon as a revolt against the discipline of the party, and a severe hit at Lieber, who, while a very able man, lacks the supreme authority which Herr Windthorst wielded. A seism is also three tening the Polish camp. on account of the vote given in favor of the military bill, which was influenced largely by Mme. Koscietski, who is a great favorite at court. Several Polish nowspapers ask that neither Baron Koscietski nor Baron Letocha be re-elected. Further there is a call for the withdrawal of all the Polish members who voted for the bill.

Baron von Marschall, minister of foreign affairs, will be accompanied to Rome by two secretaries, which shows his visit is intended to have a political aspect.

### Caprivi's Startling Admis ion.

A remarkable article has appeared in the Militarische Correspondenz, which is generally credited as representing Caprivi's opinion, saying he would be very content with an appeal to the country, and would resign if the result showed the opinion was unfavorable. This is significant in showing the chancellor is awake to public feeling.

### Bismarck's Personal Paragraphs.

A member of the Herrenhaus tells me what happened in the sitting of that body on Monday last, when a vote was taken for a new president. The Herrenhaus is the equivalent of the House of Lords in England and is a highly important constitutional body. To it belongs all the oberburgomeisters of the largest towns in Prussia. In the first vote taken the name of Bismarck was brought forward and obtained 43 votes out of 85. Then a council wassheld and it was decided that the election of the prince, which would have been very gratify-

contradicted by his friends. 1 now understand that he has retired into a private asylum for mental diseases.

Oue of the latest phases of Ahlwardt's checkered career is that his conservative friends who very largely contributed to his return to the Reichstag, have sent him an intimation of regret at having voted for him. Anlwardt, nothing daunted by all the hard blows he has received, is again resorting to his old tactics, and will shortly publish a pamphlet reiterating his charges against the government, but which may cost him another trial. It is to be called the "Miguel "ase." He still maintains that he will

### bring forward his proofs after Easter. Will Choke Him Off.

I have spoken about Ahlwardt's obstructionary tactics, but maybe he will not have matters entirely his own way, because hear that the kaiser, who keeps thoroughly informed as to the movements of the Reich stag, has spoken concerning the possibility of altering the rules of the house and adopting the cloture, as is applied to overoquacious crators in the English House of Commons, and this will probably be voted mmediately the Reichstag reassembles.

### Some Berlin Gossip.

1 spoke some time ago of the possibility of Prince Henry coming here to assume some burden under the direction of Count von Eulenberg. The trouble is the difficulty of finaing him a palace. The Kaiser Wilhelm palace would be admirable, but when the empress died she left in her will a clause to the effect that the three ladies in waiting should have apartments there during their lives." Two these ladies considerately consented when requested to accept quarters in Charlottenburg. They have died, but the third lives on and refuses to budge.

The cruiser Seeadler started for South ampton from Kiel today. The corvette Kaiserine Augusta follows next week. Both are going to New York to take part in the naval review.

In court circles a story that comes from Rome is told to the effect that the Princess of Wales had a narrow escape from injury She had paid a visit to the famous Cafe Oraguo, when, the minute after she left, a bomb exploded.

## STONED KING HUMBERT.

### Daring Assault on Italy's Ruler Made by a Workingman.

ROME, March 25 .- This city is in a state of great excitement over an assault that was made this evening on King Humbert. The king was returning from the villa Borghes. where he had been spending a portion of the day, when a person having the general appearance of an Italian workingman threw a stone at the king, the missile almost striking the monarch. There was a considerable number of people on the streets at the time, it being about 5 o'clock in the evening. and several rushed upon the assailant and seized him before he had a chance to make another attempt at violence. The assailant was promptly taken in hand by the police and conveyed to prison. Otherwise he

would, in all probability, have been killed by the angry multitude An immense crowd assembled and cheered the king with frantic enthusiasm, an I all the way to the palace the scene was like a triumphal procession. Hing Humbert gracefully acknowledged the ovation, and was evidently deeply moved by the loyalty on the part of his subjects.

### Brought a Rig Sum

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 25 .- Touny the well known hotel, the Maxwell house, was sold at chancery sale for partition. A. H. Robinson became the purchaser for \$200,000 and assumed a debt of \$53,000.

guay has now broken off her diplomatic re lations with Brazil. The pretext for this action, according to a dispatch just received from the Herald's correspondent in Asuncion, was the insolent conduct of a colonel in the Brazilian army, who has been making violent statements against the Paraguay government.

So grave is the offense considered by the government of Paraguay that the minister of the republic in Montevideo has been directed to hasten to Rio Janeiro and demand an explanation from the Brazilian government. His demand upon the Brazilian government will include a request for a disavowal of responsibility for the army officer's

offensive language and redress for his acts in a pecuniary way. 'This incident is regarded in Santiago and Valparaiso as being only another indication of the dislike of Brazil which is frequently shown in the smaller South American republics. The offense seems to be too slight upon its face to cause any serious interruption of friendly relations and the bellicose attitude of Paraguay is regarded as having been worked up more to show her real feeling toward her big sister republic than on account of any insult which the Brazilian

officer may have offered. In Rio Grande do Sul. Meanwhile the war which Brazil has

already on her hands is progressing slowly. Slight advantages have been gained by each side at different points. The Horald's correspondent in Riviera and also the corre spondent in Buenos Ayres confirm the report that General Saraiva, one of the revolutionary generals, has been defeated. The battle took place near Alegrete and not Bage, as was at first reported. Alegrete was captured only a few days ago as I cabled the Herald. It is reported that when General Saraiya was attacked by Colonel Matta and his government troops he made little resistance and took himself and his army away as fast as possible. General Tavarez, the leader of the revolu

tion, is reported to have appeared before Bage and to have attacked that town. More troops are arriving from Rio Janeiro, however, and any success which Tavarez may gain can hardly be more than a temporary advantage. Five hundred soldiers of the general government arrived today in the

city of Rio Grande do Sul. There are nearly 2,000 men belonging to the national army in the country affected by the revolt, and the cause of the revolution is now considered hopeless. General Isidoro has abandoned the pursuit of the revolutionists defeated near Santa Anna a week ago and has returned to that city. The Herald's correspondent in Montevideo telegraphs that the government

of the chief city of the Uruguayan department of Tacuarembo is accused by the Brazillan government of aiding the revolutionists in Rio Grande do Sul. Colonel Ezcobar of the Brazilian army has visited the town and declared that no more sympathy should be given to the rebeis.

The minister from Argentina at Santiago has received a telegram from Commissioner Viraso now in Buenos Ayres, declaring that the treaty relating to the boundary is satisfactory to the government. Notwithstanding this dispatch the Herald's correspondent in Buenos Ayres says there is a wide difference of opinion among the members of the cabinet concerning the treaty and that it will have to be modified

in several particulars. El Diaro, ia an editorial today, demands that the armies of all South American republics shall be disarmed.

Trying to Catch a Firebug. MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 25 .- Mayor

servatives repudiated him, yet they have taken another step toward strengthening the anti-Semitic plank in the party platform. Twenty-six members in the party are back of a bill prohibiting Jewish immigration and the naturalization of foreign Jews. The bill is designed to catch votes in the country districts where the Judenhetze spreads like an epidemic.

### Unseasonable Political Activity.

The three weeks Easter recess of the Reichstag and the Landtag is generally passed in absolute quiet. This year the recess sees the transferences of political activity to political platforms. The mminence of dissolution sends some of the members to face their constituents. The central committees of the socialists and the national liberals have met here and discussed the prospects-the socialists exultantly and the national liberals despondently. Dr. von Beunigsen warned the national liberals that the elections could not be fought by them on a mere platform of the acceptance or rejec tion of the army bill. He deplored the want of unity in the party and complained that the address coming from national liberal districts declaring in support of the bill had assisted to defeat the arrangement of any compromise with the government. Finally the meeting decided to leave the method of conducting the electoral canvass to individual initiative.

### Was Overconfident.

The centrist party which had been reposing in confidence that the result of a general election would be the return of their party nearly unchanged, have been awakened by the return of Johannes Fusxanger, inde pendent-clerical from the Second Amesburg-Meschede-Olpe district. The entire official mechanism of the centrist party was employed to defeat Fusxanger, but the efforts to beat him tailed. Fusxanger, who is the editor of the Bochumer Volks Zeitung, is a rabid Prussian hater. One immediate result of this centrist defeat is that Schorlemer Alst, the centrist chief, will withdraw his candidature in the Dortmund by-election. The element of uncertainty introduced into the centrist ranks may yet influence the leaders to reconsider their attitude toward the army bill

On all sides the Easter recess will be de voted to probing the constituencies.

Will Carry the Emperor's Congratulations. The appointment of Archduke Renier to officially represent Emperor Francis Joseph at the coming silver wedding of King Humbert of Italy is hailed here as a veritable triumph of the Quirinal over the Vatican. The archduke is the uncle of King Humbert and might attend the fetes without his pres ence being considered as a political event. Sent as the representative of the emperor of Austria, his visit may be pregnant with consequences. The Italian government will consider it as a definite Austrian recognition that Rome is the capital of Italy. Italy will now have the right to expect Emperor Francis Joseph to visit the Quirinal. The reasons for this blow to the Vatican are found in the pope's pro-French policy and Cardinal Rampolla's uncompromising attitude on the Hung irian kulturkampf.

### Earnings of Railroads.

NEW YORK, March 25 .- The annual report of the Lake Shore railroad for the year 1893 shows a decrease of \$187,000 in net earnings due chiefly to the increase in the operating expenses. The gross earnings are greater than for the year 1891. The surplus decreased \$203.000. The net carnings of the Michigan Central increased \$52,000 and the surplus decreased \$104,000. The surplus of the St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute decreased \$35, 000

will be made to bring England to join the triple alliance.

England, Italy and Germany. Diplomatists affirm that the veritable character of the present Italian policy is not so much to induce England to join the triple alliance, but to find means for Italy to withdraw from it. This would be possible if England would guarantee Italy's present position in the Mediterranean. Such an arrangement would bring about a complete change in the general political situation, and it is very possible, for Italy is always in need of a protector, but I do not think that just at the moment when the kaiser is giving a fresh proof of how he values Italy's co-operation that King Humbert would attempt such evolutions.

The stay of Queen Victoria in Florence must have a political character, but nothing will be done before the end of April, after the meeting with Emperor William. JACQUES SL. CERE.

POINTS IN THE SEAL CASE.

### Claims of the Governments That Have Beer Submitted to Arbitration.

[Copyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.] PARIS, March 25.- [New York Herald Cable -Special to THE BEE.]-At the meeting on Thursday the Bering sea arbitrators decided that the sitting of the tribunal should. not be held with closed doors. This permits making public the exact points of contention between the United States and Great Britain, which countries have agreed to submit to the international court of arbitration the case of the United States and that of Great Britain. The counter cases of the two parties and the argument of the counse form on each side six large, handsomely printed volumes. Briefly stated the case of the United States is that the Alaskan fur seal is begotten, born and reared only upon the Pribylof or Sea islands in the Bering sea, to which islands they return each spring and spend several months consorting together in accordance with their gregarious nature. That while at these islands the seals are easily controlled : that the discrimination can be and has been made: that while absent from the islands, during their migration, which reaches as far south as the coast of California, they land on no other shore, and mingle with no other fur seals. Because of these habits of the Alaskan herd each individual of it is the sole property of the United States.

### Work of the Poachers.

The methods followed by the open sea sealers is attacked by the American government as destructive, wasteful and exterminating. It is claimed that a large percentage of the scals killed by the open sea hunters are females, the majority of which are about to become or are mothers The destruction of the pregnant females causes the death of the unborn young and the death of the mother seal, killed while in search of food in the waters of Bering sea, has destroyed the offspring on the Pribylof rookeries. It is fur ther claimed that many of the seals are shot in open sea. Some escape mortally wounded or sink before the hunter reaches them. Open sea sealing, it is argued, will result in the destruction of the herd in the near fu-

On the island only a limited number of male seals are killed. As the seal is polygamous, a large number of males can be killed without affecting the birth rate of the and twenty-seven minutes in returning. herd.

On these facts the American government laims that from the nature of the industry established on the Pribylof islands, the United States has the right to protect and today. The robbery occurred while no one

election of M. Challemel-Lacour, senator from Bouches-due-Rhone and newly elected

member of the French Academy, as the eandidate of the left for the presidency. On each ballot M. Chaliemel-Lacour had more votes than either M. Constans, formarly minister of the interior, or M. Magnin, president of the Bank of France. M. Challemel Lacour is said to be preferred by President Carnot and his friends to the othen candido so." dates named.

### Panama Canal Investigation.

PARIS, March 25 .- The committee of in vestigation of the Chamber of Deputies regarding Panama affairs today rejected the motion of M. Maujan, socialist deputy for the Seine, in favor of extending the powers of the commission. Maujan, upon hearing the decision, forthwith resigned his place on the commit tee, on the ground that the rejection of his motion crippled the inquiry.

M. Taillefer testified before the committee that the English police had secured the papers that were once in the possession of Cornelius Herz at the time he was placed under arrest.

### SUFFERED FROM A CYCLONE.

### Further Particulars of the Storm in Richland Parish, Mississippi.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 25 .- The Picayune's Natchez, Miss., special says: Further information relative to Thursday's cy-

clone in Richland parish is received. The storm struck the vicinity of Archibald on the line of the New Orleans & Northcastern railway at 3:30 p.m. It barely missed that town. All the buildings on W. A. Broughton's place were destroyed. Mr. Carlos' place shared the same fate, two men and one child were killed and a number wounded, all colored. All the buildings on the Praitt place were demolished and two negro children killed. The residences of T. A. Archibald and J. A. Architald were totally wrecked with all the out buildings. Other houses badly damaged were those of W. A. McVeigh, T. M. Montgomery, F. S. Archibald, J. J. Archibald and W. K. Spencer. Miles of fencing and thousands of trees were prostrated.

The storm passed from southwest to orthwest, and followed the track of the New Orleans & Northeastern railway for a considerable distance, shutting off traffic over the road beyond Archibald for several hours. Dozens of people were slightly injured and bruised, of which no account was taken.

The above only recounts the damage in the vicinity of Archibald. In remoter places east and west it is thought incalculable destruction was wrought.

### SHE'S A HUMMER.

### Great Speed Developed by the Cruiser New York on Her Trial Frip.

LEWES, Del., March 25 .- While bad weather prevented the cruiser New York from making a test at length of her powers, there is little doubt but that she equaled if nat excelled the government requirement of a maximum speed of twenty knots an hour. Though no protracted and thorough test of her endurance has yet been possible, owing to fogs, she steamed from Philadelphia to the Delaware breakwater, a distance of 103 miles on the outward passage, in less than five hours. This time includes a slow run down to Marcus Hook. On the run from the Five Fathom lightship to the Eastern lightship, nine and three-quarters knots, the cruiser occupied thirty-two minutes in going

### Robbed a Missouri Bank.

MILAN, Mo., March 25. - The Sullivan County bank was robbed of \$2,000 at noon preserve these seals wherever they may be | was in the bank, the cashier being at lunch.

governor said:

"There must be some grave mistake about this matter. I had no conversation with General Hastings vesterday and in fact I have not seen him for several days. I am at a loss to understand what furnished the foundation for the report. I have at no time demanded the resignation of General Hastings. In fact, it is beyond my power to

From other sources it was learned that the governor had been the recipient of many personal congratulations upon his reported action. This indicates that the people would approve radical measures in treating with disgraced state officials.

The governor was seen again last evening about the matter and stated that he had held a conversation with the attorney general, but that it occurred several days ago.

### Doesn't Exactly Remember.

He said that there was some talk of the resignation of the state officers and that impeachment might have been touched upon. He could not remember just what was said, but was certain that he did not demand the resignation of the attorney general. He was asked if he suggested such a course, and replied that he could not say that he did. He was asked if he could say that he did not make such a suggestion, and answered that he could not, as his memory was defective regarding just what was said. He expressed the belief that the attorney general might more fully remember what was said than he could himself, and stated further that if he knew what the attorney gen eral said of the conversation he might be able to corroborate it. He admitted that some of the language used might have given rise to the impression received by the gentleman who had overheard it, as the attorney general had said that he would not retreat under fire and had protested his in nocence.

The governor stated that there had been a great deal of talk as to what was the best course to pursue, and he thought that the conversation with the attorney general might have partaken more of the nature of a conversation upon a common topic than anything else. He was asked if he regarded it as a casual conversation and replied that he did not think that tit could hardly be called casual, as that indicated something very slight and insignificant, but he knew that he had not sent for the attorney general to talk the matter over with him. That official had come in on other business and this had been brought up.

#### May Make a Statement.

He admitted that the attorney general had not been into his office since the conversation occurred. He insisted that there must have been a misapprehension regarding what was said, as there had been neither a demand for a resignation or a formal refusal. He thought it very possible that he had said to the attorney general that the latter must be familiar with the inside of the situation, and must therefore know what his duty was, whatever the situation might be. The governor expressed the belief that if he could talk the matter over with the attorney general a statement of what was said might be prepared that would be satisfactory to the attorney general, and that he would be willing to have it go out to the people of the state.

### INSURANCE BOODLE.

#### George Sternsdord's Testimony Concerning Kruse and Sheridan.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 25 .- [Special to Tax BEE.] -The insurance boodle investigating committee held its second meeting at 9 o'clock this morning in the room of the com-