MOSHER CHANGES HIS MIND

He Has Concluded He Will Not Go to the Penitentiary this Time.

PROMISES TO PAY OFF HIS DEBTS

If Let Oil with a Pine He Will Make Good His Peculations - Railroaders Feel

Satisfied that They Have Won a Point.

LANCOLN, Neb., March 29 - Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-It is now known for a definite certainty that Bank Wreeker Mosher has given up all idea of going to the penitentiary for his crimes against the state and the people who have trusted him with the use of their funds, and is now just as anxious to escape with a fine as he was to suffer imprisonment two months ago.

S. H. Burnham, cashier of the American Exchange National bank of this city, returned today from Chicago, where he was for the purpose of holding a conference with the indicted bank president. He states that he found Mosher enjoying the best of health and in fine spirits. Mosher stated to Burnham that he had just returned from a visit to his father and father-in-law in the interior part of the state, and that he made all arrangements with them for assistance in retrieving the fortunes of the bank. He said that he was now anxious to compromise with the authorities on the basis of a fine instead of imprisonment, and that he was in a position to pledge that if such an arrrangement was made the depositors in the broken bank wouldn't lose a cent.

Has Made His Bluff Work,

Mr. Burnham says that he believed that Mosher is for the first time in a position where he can pledge the assistance of his relatives in case he is offered immunity from punishment in the shape of imerisonment.

Burnham's interview with Mosher con firms the views of a large majority of the people of Lincoln, who have all along refused to believe that he was anxious to pay the penalty for his crimes. It is safe to say that not one man in a hundred has believed Mosher's intense desire to go to the penitentiary, but that on the other hand he has simply worked the grand bluff on his friends for the sole purpose of compelling his people to come to his assistance and keep him out of a felon's cell.

Railrogues Feel Confident.

The railroad lobby is now feeling so cer tain that the senate will restore the salaries of the three secretaries of the State Board of Transportation to the appropriation bill, and that the house will be compelled to agree to the restoration in the confusion of agree to the restoration in the confusion of the closing days of the session, there has been a renewal of the discussion of the probable make-up of the new board o serretaries after the 1st of May. Ex-Sen-ator Vandemark of Saunders county was in Lincoln today and he quietly but positively asserted that new secretaries had been agreed on and that the new ad-ministration would be directed by W. A. Dilworth of Hastings, Charlie Magoon of Lincoln and himself. Of these three illus-trious worthies it may be said that Dilworth trious worthies it may be said that Dilworth and Magoon have been working for the nces ever since the success of the repub places ever since the success of the republican ticket was assured last fall. Vandemark is a democrat, and has been equally pernicious in his activity in working for the place which he tonight asserts with so much positiveness that he will secure. This program contemplates the dropping of B. W. Johnson and ex-Senator Koontz, who now fill the places, Dilworth being allowed to lodd over because of particularly effects. to hold over because of particularly effec-tive work in behalf of the railroads in the

Hitchcock's Hand Exposed.

It is beginning to anwn on several of the members of the legislature that there is a let of spite work behind house roll No. 232, and that it is sought to use the legislature to gratify the spleen of one man in Omaha. It charged that extertion is being practiced World-Herald will get a portion of the ad vertising that it is now unable to get, and will publish it at greatly reduced rates. Now that some of the members are taking the trouble to examine into the situation they find that there is no extertion; that the rate is the rate fixed by law and is the same as charged everywhere in the state, that the same rates are being paid for public printing as has been charged the liquor dealers and druggists over whom so many tears have been shed under false pretenses. Any one who examines the bill in the city hall at Omaha will find that the extortion charged by Hitchcock is the same as practiced by him every day in the year as practiced by nim every any in the year. The very same question was settled in this city only yesterday in the fight between the State Journal and the News over the publication of liquor applications, the matter resting solely on circulation as to which paper should publish them, and the rates being fixed by law. The bill, in the condition in which it is now released amounted as a set of the paper. which it is now ordered amended, would ap-ply only to Omaha, and would be special leg-islation in the interest of the World-Herald This is one of the reasons why the opposi-tion to the bill is increasing.

Welcomed Their Pastor.

Youk, Neb., March 22.-[Special to The BEE. |- Rev. R. T. Cross, paster of the First Congregational church, was given a formal reception last night by his congregation and the members of the other churches of the y. An interesting program was rendered v. Mr. Cross was welcomed by the pastora the different churches of the city, to which he responded in well chosen words.

The Epworth league of the Methodis
Episcopal church held its regular monthly meeting and social last night at the residence of Dr. J. B. Conway. Osciola, Neb., March 22.—[Special to The

BEE. The first Episcopal church services ever held in Osceola was celebrated at the Presbyterian church Monday night by Archdeacon Sparling of Omaha. There was a large number of persons present and they enjoyed the services very much. The reverend gentleman's sermen was from the text "What Think You of Jesus" and it was

Kearney News Notes,

RESERV. Neb., March 22.- [Special to THE BE. | - Rev. Dr. Martin, chaplain of the industrial school, was called home from Omaha last night on account of the serious

Illness of his wife. Illness of his wife.

A meeting was held at the city hall last night under the name of "Citizens Caucus." There were only about forty out, and two-thirds of them were democrats. Mrs. Phil Brady, wife of Mayor Brady, and Mrs. Charles Collara were nominated for school directors. W. F. Pickering, Waiter Gamble and W. H. Hunt were nominated for counciland in opposition to the rempirican region. men in opposition to the republican nomi-nees. G H Cutting who was nominated in the republican caucus, was endorsed.

Preferred Death to Sickness. Ponca, Neb., March 22 .- | Special Tele-

gram to Tue Hee. | - This morning about 5 a. m. Miss Rosa Dewey committed suicide by taking a dose of strychnine. Her home is near Waterbury, Neb., but since March I the had resided with Mrs. Lyda Clark in Ponea for the purpose of receiving medical

Four Niomana, Neb., March 22. - Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- Private Eli P. West, troop E. Sixth cavalry, who was stabbed by Private Baxter of the same troop Monday, died here this afternoon.

Arrested an Alleged Forger, BEATRICE, Neb., March 22 .- [Special Teleream to THE BEE. |-William A. Waggoner | 5 to fill the vacancy in the supreme court who was recently indicted for forgery by caused by the death of John J. Scholffeid.

the grand jury of this county, was arrested the grand jury of this county, was arrested at Omaha yesterday and brought here last night by Sheriff Kyle and lodged in the county jail for safe keeping. He is wanted for forging an order for a suit of clothes on a tailor in this city.

At the meeting of the citizens city committee this afternoon Daniel Althan was made the nominee for city clerk.

A class of eleven confusatatis for the ora-

A class of eleven contestants for the ora-torical championship of this city will hold forth at the Auditorium tomorrow evening. The contestants are pupils of the High school and the victor will enter the lists for the state championship.

the state championship at the state contest shortly to occur at Ashland. CRUSHED HIS SEC. L.

Quarrel Over a Cow Said to Have Resulted

in Murder, Curtis, Neb., March 22.—[Special Telegram to Tun Ben]-Wenseel Wieden took up a cow belonging to William Stalder yesterday. Stalder and another man named Wahl endeavored to take the cow away, and to make sure of the job struck Wieden a fearful blow upon the head with a club, crushing his skull. They then fled. Wieden is reported as dead, and the sheriff is in hot pursuit of the murderers. Killed While Hunting Ducks.

Alma, Neb., March 22.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—A distressing accident happened near here this afternoon, in which Oscar Liberty, son of R. M. Liberty, a lad of 14, lost his life. He, with a companion about his own age, were duck shooting, and when last seen by his companion Oscar was standing on a log leaning on his gun, which by some means was dis-charged, the entire load of duck shot entering his throat, coming out at the top of his head. Death was instantaneous. His parents are prostated with grief. An inquest was held and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

TARIFF REFORM AT WORK.

E. Ellery Auderson et al Prepare a Substitute for the Mckinley Bill.

New York, March 22.-The special comnittee of the Reform club of this city has comsleted a draft of a bill which, when perfected, will be urged upon congress as a substitute for the present tariff laws, and in fulfillment of the pledges under which democracy has obtained control of the national government. The general principles ipon which the proposed tariff is formed in he main are as follows:

Crude materials in general are made free In taking other articles the general object has been to fix such rates as would produce the largest amount of revenue in a series of years consistent with large importations, for the purpose of obtaining the largest evenue, however, limited by a consideration of the welfare and necessities of the people at large, and especially the poorer

All duties are made strictly ad valorem, except some of those which are levied as compensatory for internal revenue taxes ipon similar articles produced at home.

In order to insure the present administra tion an ad valorem tariff it is essential that

rates of duty upon the great mass of articles should be kept at very moderate figures. Upon many articles experience has shown that duties cannot be raised above 25 per cent without incurring annaerous incentives to fraud; a few articles of luxury may be ex-cepted from the operations of these general

As to liquors and tobacco, the duties upon them should be made with a view to obtaining the greatest possible amount of revenue without any concern as to whether we give or withhold protection to the demestic pro-Yielding in part to popular opinion, that

silk is a luxury, we placed silk manufactures and sewing silk, is placed at 20 per cent, and spun and thrown silk at 15 per cent, leaving

silk free. Il forms of crude metal, not merely in ores, but in pig iron, ingots and bars, with the exception of iron and steel, are made free of duty. The duty upon woolen and wersted manu-

factures of every description is placed at 25 per cent. Leather gloves and all other gloves, except

silk, are placed at 25 per cent schedule.

Tin plate should certainly not be taxed

than 15 per cent. Manufactures of wood in the most finished forms are placed in 29 per cent schedule, as are also buttons, except metal or glass Most provisions are made free of duty; but some, which partake in a mild degree the nature of luxuries, are put in at 20 per cent schedule, while breadstuffs are mostly made free. Potatoes are left subject to a duty of

Domestic books could not be admitted without the consent of the domestic publisher, and foreign books copyrighted here could not be admitted at all. On the other hand, so long as paper, binding materials and machinery were taxed it is not just to make competing books free. The demand for revenue may turn the scale, and 10 per cent will probably be the revenue duty. It would be exceedingly desirable to have no specific free list, but to make everything free which is not made expressly subject to duty. All articles upon which the revenue

collected is too small to pay for collection and upon which it is not probable that any mere reduction of rates would produce substantial evenue are placed on the free list. We are satisfied that the proposed tariff

would produce an immediate revenue of \$120,000,000, if not more. If the existing duty of half a cent per ound on refined sugar should be retained, is suggested that a specific duty of seven sixteenths of Leent per pound might be im-posed on raw sugar, which would produce an additional revenue of possibly \$15,000,000, posities reducing the bounty \$2,000,000. To

liscussion of the propriety of the tax TRIED TO ROB THE GANG.

opposed and three express no opinion. The

mount of revenue which would be produced by such a duty is so large as to make a ful

A Kansas Legislator Tells How He Falled to Steal a Bundle of Boodle.

- Washington, D. C., March 22.—Burgard, a

member of the lower house of the Kansas legislature, now in the city, has given Senator Martin an account of his experience in onnection with the attempts at bribery in the election of United States senator in that state. He says a proposition was made to him to stay away from the populists and get the others to do so for \$7,500, and he was given to understand the money would come from Watson, who was said to have a barrel of money to spend and everybody was trying to get his shovel into the pile. Burgard says he made up his mind that as the gang was trying to rob Watson he would turn in and rob the gang. So he told the man who made the proposition that he (Burgard) and two other men whom he named would not vote at all, though of course he intended to vote for Martin when the time came, as did the other two. They merely wanted to get hold of the money and then let the other fellows whistle, but the lobbyist would not trust him with the money nor would he trust the man whom Burgard arranged to hold the money and bolt as soon as he got it, so the matter fell through.

Movements of Ocean Steamers March 22. At Liverpool-Arrived-Michigan, from Southampton-Arrived-Havel, from

At Lizard-Passed-Rugia, from New York, At Philadelphia—Arrived -Switzerland. from Antwerp.

Ordered a Special Election. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 22 .- Governor Altgeld today ordered a special election on June

BURIAL OF JULES FERRY

Solemn and Imposing Ceremonies Over the Remains of the Great Statesman.

SINCERELY MOURNED BY THE PEOPLE

All France Pays a Tribute of Love and Sorrow at His Bier-Thousands Attend

His Funeral-Ad Iresses by

Prominent People. Panis, March 22.—Thousands of strangers came to the city-day to attend the funeral of Jales Ferry. An immense moctuary chapel with mave and transcots had been erected in the coast yard of Luxembourg. It was draped with black cloth, edged with silver lace and emblazoned with the monogram of the dead statesman. The coffin, covered with a crimson and white pall, remained until I o'clock in the Salle des Gardes, where the body has lain in state, and was then removed to the catafalque. Shortly before the body was borne up the aisle the nave was illuminated by the lighting of the enormous silver candelabra and hundreds of tapers were placed in single lines on each side of the row of flaming cressets, which

naval officers, many of them with wreathes, sheaves and floral crosses, which they laid around the coffin. The municipal authorities came in a body followed by delegates from scientific, military and literary associations. Every department of the national and municipal gov-ernment was represented. Outside the cata-falque were the soldiers drawn up along the approaches and the military bands played dirges as the groat throng filled the chapel

extended to the right and left before the

platform. Already, at 11 o'clock, the per-

sons having invitations had begun to arrive.

There were judges, capinet ministers, gen-

erals, diplomats, senators, deputies, authors,

and grew dense around the entrance. Eulogized the Dead Statesman.

At 1:30 Senator Bardoux ascended the platform. In an eloquent oration he eulo-gized M. Ferry as a statesman of great intelectual power, inflexible character and unwavering patriotism.
Senator Bardoux was followed by M.

Senator Bardoux was followed by M. Casimir-Perriere, president of the Chamber of Deputies; M. Meline, the president of the council, general of the Department of the Vosces, all of whom spoke of M. Ferry's courage, patriotism and sterling integrity.

M. Ribot spoke at the greatest length and with evident emotion. He said of Ferry: "He was a man of mature and unerring judgment. He had a supreme contempt of underhand expedients in public or private life. He had that elevated disdain of malicious attreks from his opponents which made him atticks from his opponents which made him a man worthy and qualified to direct the politics of his country." In closing M. Ribot expressed the expectation that the hope ut-tered by M. Ferry in his inaugural address as president of the Senate of seeing an undivided France rally round the standard of the republic would be realized soon and the nation would march forward on the road of progress the better and more aspiring for having had a leader of such nobility as M.

Ferry.
The coffin, covered with the tricolor, was placed on the funeral car and escorted by infantry, cavalry and artillery was borne from the Luxembourg. It was followed by an althe Laxembourg. It was followed by an almost endless procession through streets which were filled with uncovered crowds. Balconies and windows from the Luxembourg to the railway station were througed with silent men and women. At the station the troops pressed back the crowd and formed double lines between which the coffin was carried to the train for St. Denis.

There was no disorder during the services or on the way to the railway station, although the police had expected and pre-pared for a hostile political demonstration.

COMMENTS ON THE VERDICE.

How the Result of the Panama Trial Sits on the Parisian Public.

(Copyrighted 1893 by James Gord in Bennett.) Paus, March 22.- New York Herald Cable Special to The Bee. |-Public opinion is busy with the verdict in the Panama trial. Of course opinions vary, and to a considerable degree, yet the majority believe firmly that the judge had much to do in bringing about the result. The verdict of the jury condemns M. Baihaut because he was proven guilty of corruption, but it acquits the parliamentary members because there were against them only suspicions. M. Charles de Lesseps was condemned to the minimum penalty solely on account of his connection. with Baihaut. It was not possible to punish the bribery, when bribery was not proven.

Such are some of the opinions freely given. The condemnation of M. Charles de Lesseps is deplored by everybody. With few exceptions his acquittal was hoped for, because of the way he had borne himself on the trial and the intellectual power he had displayed during the ordeal.

But the general opinion above all in parliamentary circles is that the verdict particularly condemns the political course of the government. The deputies express their belief that the ministry is guilty of having stirred up a scandal, and of having pursued the members of the Chamber without having absolute proof against them. Nobody approves of the action of the ministry, which will fall tomorrow upon a vote in the Chamber. Nobody, not even the ministers themselves, doubts the outcome of the ses-

Therefore we shall have after this Panama trial a political crisis caused by the judicial proceeding. When it is over the public will begin to grow weary of the interminable business. We have had crises enough and they are the expression of the public con-JACQUES ST. CERE. science.

ANOTHER BIG CANAL SCHEME.

Plans for a Ship Waterway from Lake Erie to Montreal and New York.

Oftawa.Ont., March 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-A bill is before the Dominion Parliament to incorporate the North American Canal company, backed by American and Canadian capitalists, with a capital stock of \$10,000,000. The object of the company is to build a wide, deep channel with the fewest possible locks between Lake Erie and the seaboard; the canal to be so wide and deep that the largest steam vessels could steam through it at full speed. be but seven locks between Lake Eric and the terminals, and but four between Montreal and New York, and the locks would move two vessels at the same time, one ascending and the other descending. It is proposed to obtain a charter from the state of New York and make the canal from Lake Champlain to tide water in the Hudson river. to tide water in the Hudson river. No United States charter would be required, as it would be entirely within the state of New York. A vessel leaving Lake Eric would descend to the Niagara and Lake Ontario, descend the St. Lawrence and Cornwall canal and Lake St Francis, pass via Chateaugay and St. Louis sections and Lake St. Louis and Lachine canal to Montreal. The time would be sixty-type hours. If destined time would be sixty-two hours. If destined for New York the total time would be sixty hours, and she would continue on a south-erly course via Chateaugay section. Lake Champlain and the Hudson canal and river.

Pleases All Classes.

London, March 22. - The government biil establishing parish councils passed its first reading in the House of Commons today. The bill meets with almost unanimous approval, Even the conservatives were not dis-

posed to quarrel with the principle of the bill, while its democratic character, which was unexpected even by the most ardent parochial reformers, overloyed the radicals. The bill will be immensely popular in the country districts and will bring to Gladstone much agricultural support. The womans' suffrage party is also delighted at the hand-some recognition of its claims.

MOSCOW'S MAYOR.

Contradictory Reports Sent Out as to His

Moscow, March 22.—Owing to the extreme vigilance of the authorities to suppress all information concerning the shooting of Mayor Alexejeff it is impossible to get more light on the case. Even the fact of his life or death is enveloped in mystery. This morning the Novoe Vremya announced that he was dead. This afternoon an official bulletin denied the report and stated that surgeons had extracted the builet, and that the mayor might recover. Two hundred policemen surround the city hall and keep back the crowd, which has decreased but little since the first news of the shooting went out. It is reported this evening that Adrianoff is a half cruzed nibilist who was once arrested in St. Peterscorp for con-spiracy, but adjudged insane and sent to an

Sentenced a Hulgarian Conspirator.

Soria, March 22.—Gheorgieff, one of the most active opponents of the present government in Bulgaria, and who has been accused of conspiring against the life of Prince Ferdinand and of other treasonable crimes, was today convicted and sentenced to death for having been an accom-plice in the assassination of Finance Minister Beltcheff, who, while walking with Stam-buloff, was shot down by the assassin. The court recommended Gheorgieff to mercy and will propose that Prince Ferdinand commute the courtence.

Preparing for Fronble in Ulster.

London, March 22 .- A correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, who is traveling in Ulster, writes that proparations have gone so far that nothing can prevent bloodshed in so far that nothing can prevent thousand in case the home rule bill should be passed. Despite the denials of Mr. Moriey, chief secretary for Ireland, the correspondent says, it is certain the military authorities are seeking barracks accommonations in Belfast for a considerable body of troops.

He Was Not Poisoned. Rome, March 22.—Several newspapers as sert that an autopsy in the case of Dr. Cec-

carelli, the pope's physician, shows that he lied a natural death. The suspicion which led to the autopsy was that Dr. Ceccarelii had been poisoned at the instance of a rela-tive and a Catholic woman of high birth. Two More Planets,

[Copyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.] Kiel Observatory, March 22.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |-Two more planets were discovered by Prof. Charlois of the Nice observatory on March 19.

CASE OF THE LAKE SHORE ENGINEERS.

Witnesses Give Their Testimony Before the United States Circuit Court. Tolebo, O., March 23 .- In the hearing of the Lake Shore strike in the United States circuit court this afternoon during the examination of J. B. Watson, a Lake Shore engineer, one of the members of the brotherhood grievance committee, a pertinent document was produced. Watson had been summoned to bring into court all the rules and laws of the order on the subject of boycotts, but had furnished nothing but a set of by-laws that threw no light on the secret well of the hydrograd.

secret work of the brotherhood. Just after he had stated most emphatically that he knew of no other secret laws governing the strike question. Mr. Hurd remarked that Chier Arthur had furnished a rule which the witness had not mentioned, and which is sust fined by the grand-chief and carried into effect by the Brotherhood of Locomotive En-

gineers it shall be recognized as a violation of obligation for a member of the brother hood who may be employed on a railway running in connection with or adjacent to said railway, to handle property belonging to said railway or system in any way the may benefit said company with which the brotherhood is at Issue, until the grievance or issue of whatever nature or kind has been

amicably settled."
The rending of the rule immediately after Watson's positive statement that he had mentioned all the secret laws of the order, created a sensation and the witness was visibly embarrassed. His only explanation was that he had not properly understood the questions of the attorneys for the

Affidavits were introduced by the defens igned by each of the strikers, in which the affiant swore that he had resigned from the employ of the company before the reading of Judge Rick's order; that he had quit work of his own free will and not at the solicitation of the brotherhood; that he had considered himself no longer an employe the moment he refused to run the trains, and that he had merely exercised the rights of citizenship in not obeying the orders of the company while no longer its servant.

The examination will be continued tomor row morning.

Issued a Restraining Order ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., March 22.-As a re sult of rainroad trouble here, restraining orders were issued out of the federal court here today enjoining the grand officers and a few of the members of the Brotherhood of Railway Employes from interfering in any manner with the operation of the Atlantic & Pacific road. The writ is made returnable April 20. A similar process has been issued in Arizona tonight. It is thought this is the final blow that will break the backbone of the new order. Otherwise the situation is the same, all trains running regularly.

TAKING TIME BY THE FORELOCK. Kansas City Preparing for a Possible Inva-

sion of the Cholera,

Kansas City, Mo., March 22.-For some weeks past, in anticipation of cholera visit-

ing Kansas City, the city officials have been making active preparations for the guest in laying down certain rules to be followed by deansing streets, alleys, etc. Many have cleansing streets, alleys, etc. Many have failed to do their part in the good work and Chief of Police Speers has declared open war on them. He had given warning that he would cause the arrest of all persons who failed to comply with the orders to abate auisar, es and yesterday, in accordance with this order, thirty-seven persons were arthis order, thirty-seven persons were ar-rested. Today about fifteen new warrants were issued. Several of the cases were dis-posed of in police court this morning, and in every case where a nuisance existed and n flicted. Arrests will continue unless the order is complied with, and unless the desired et is thus produced stronger measures will be enforced.

Dropped the Case. CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 22.-Alvin Ben

net, district attorney for Johnson county says that the case against Frank Canton one of the invaders charge! with committing murder near Buffalo fast winter, will be dropped. The principal witness has disappeared. Prosecution was to have been had at Evanston on a change of venue. Kansa | Boodling Cases

TOPEKA, Kan., March 22.-Testimony in the senate investigating committee which is

inquiring into the charges of booding in the legislature today had little bearing on the case. Peter Kline, who it was expected would spring a sensation, failed to appear and testify. Murdered His Wife. Pauls, Tex., March 22,-S. T. Freeman

murdered his wife at Tyretown, twenty

miles from here, today, beating and choking her in a horrible manner. He has surren-

dered and a lynching is expected.

AHLWARDT'S CHARGES FALL

His Promise to Bring Proofs to the Reichstag Without Performance.

SUDDEN END OF AN EXCITING EPISODE

Chamber of the Reichstag Packed with an Impatient Throng of Members and Spectators to Wilness the Down-

fall of the Anti-Semites.

[Copyri] hted 1800 by James Gordon Bennett A BERLIN, March 22 .- New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE |-Since Bismarck made his famous military speech the Reichstag has not presented such an animated scene as today. The lobby before the opening was crowded. Members telegraphed for had come long distances, and many who only arrived just in time appeared in their travel-stained garments. Inside the galleries were crowded. Newspaper men were packed like sardines in the press gallery. The diplomatic gallery was well packed. At a quarter past I the members were in their places on the floor of the house and gave one the impression of a great bee hive. All the members were ex-

with the presage of an exciting debate. Caprivi, in his usual seat at the end of the government bench, looked serious, toying ervously with a blotting pad.

cited, the air was filled with buzzing conver-

sations and the atmosphere was electric

Miguel's entry was a signal for quite a lit tle demonstration. Rickert, who made the motion of adjournment on the previous day, rose from his seat as he mounted the tribune, and warmly shook hands with him, as did many other members.

Ahlwardt's Proofs Missing.

Ahlwardt had on the previous day been alled upon to prove the charges of corruption he brought against the government in connection within the invalid funds. Under the pressure of an excited and irate house he had stated he would bring the proof to-

This morning I had an interview on the ubject with one who knows the workings of the anti-Semitic camp.

"Herr Ahlwardt will not bring any proofs." he said. "He will say he cannot get them; that they have been abstracted by the po-

The proofs to which he referred are the etter press books which were stolen from Miguel, which refer to certain stock transactions. They are in possession of Glaugan, a well known anti-Semite.

Short Session of the House.

After the president had read the minutes Herr Richter rose and said: "I do not see

Ahlwardt present." The house laughed loudly, but Ahlwardt, who is very small, was present. He rose and came down the passage between the seats, bearing under his arm three folios covered with blue paper, and mounted the tribune. amid the silence of the expectant house. He said he had some of the proofs with him, but had not been able to find the most important ones at home. At this the laughter was mingled with derisive cries.

Ahiwardt suggested he should, withdraw the papers he had brought, but the president decided when once they had been placed on the table they became the property of the house, which thereupon, in spite of Ahlwardt's protests, decided to adjourn for an hour in order to give a commission time to examine the papers, also Ahlwardt, His Effort in Vain.

After the adjournment excitement once more ran high, but Ahlwardt's dejected appearance and Richter's smiling face told the tale. The commission had decided to think there was nothing compromising in the

papers. Caprivi touched his head significantly, as though hinting Ahlwardt was a little crazy, while Miguel, with an air of relief, threw up his gray hair with his right hand. Members

cheered vociferously. Ahlwardt mounted the tribune again. What cared he for the house! He was speaking for the crowds outside. He posed as a martyr who had been betrayed by the refusal of the house to give him time to bring his proofs. He was clever and glib, and the house forgave him much, for he made them

laugh incessantly. The Ahlwardt debate lasted five hours When it was over the 1,000,000 marks necessary for the supply were voted in five

minutes. Some Satisfaction Here. What a contrast when Ahlwardt with a smiling face, with his wife on his arm, issued from the doorway of the Reichstag into the open air. A great cheer rose from the thou sands assembled, and who had been waiting there all day. These cheers completely drowned a few hisses that greeted Ahlwardt on the steps. He expressed himself very happy over the results of the day's proceed

He must be easily pleased, for never in the annals of the German Parliament has a man been so unmercifully lashed by the tournes of almost every party; never has a man suffered such crushing defeat. Never has such a total rout been nearer to complete victory. owing to the extraordinary nerve and audae ity of this man, who, for two days, has kept the Reichstag in a state of excitement it has not known for years.

HIS SENSATION PLATTENED.

Reichstag Refuses to Take Stock in Ahlwardt's Stories.

BERLIN, March 22.—There was a large at tendance and much excitement at the open ing of the Reichstag in expectation that Rector Ahlwardt would produce the docu ments which he claimed would show fraudulent practices by Bismarck with Hebrew financiers by which the government had been swindled out of enormous sums limmediately on the opening of the body. Ahlwaldt said he wished to lay a few papers on the table. There were ex-cited cries demanding that he furnish the house with all the documents, eleven in number, which he was yesterday directed to fur He said that after Easter provide the remaining documents. some debate a committee was appointed to examine the papers already submitted and the body took a recess for an hour. Charges Without Foundation.

Count von Ballestrem had been appointed

chairman of the committee. Upon the reas-sembling of the house he stated that the committee had carefully examined the docunents submitted to it, but had found nothing to prove the assertions of Herr Ahlwardt. Ahlwardt again arose and reiterated his promise to produce after Easter the other documents in his possession, among which he said was a letter from the president of the Senate to a foreign court expressing thanks for money sent to the German government. Herr you Levetzow, the president of the Reichstag, here forbade Herr Ahlwardt to

refer to decoments that he had not produced for the inspection of the house. Speeches were made by a number of mempers, all of whom, without regard to party, condemned Ahlwardt for the charges he had made with no apparent proof to support his

declared that all the documents—that would prove his assertions weighed 200 pounds. With the exception of the few papers he

With the exception of the few papers he presented today, the documents were in the possession of friends in the country.

Count von Ballestrem then communicated to the Reichstag the resolution adopted by the committee appointed to examine the alleged incriminating documents. The resolution declared that the documents contained nothing that would east a size ment the nothing that would east a slur upon the present or former members of the Reichstag, the Diets, or the imperial or other German governments.

Ahlwardt Arises to Protest.

When Count von Ballestrem had finished When Count von Ballestrem had inished reading the resolution Ahiwardt protested that the action of the committee deprived him of the chance of proving his case. Herr Richter stated that he greatly rejoiced that the parliamentary system onabled them to make such short work of Ahiwardt and his charges, which proved his want of moral stability. Herr Richter's remarks were several times interrupted by applause.

Baron von Manteuffel said the members of the conservative party agreed that Ahl-wardt's conduct in this matter was unprecedeated in the annals of the Reichstag.
This remark was received with applause.
Dr. Liebeck, on behalf of the centrists, declared that that party concurred in the opinion of the matter entertained by the mservatives.

Ahlwardt attempted to make a defense of his actions, saying: "I have struggled only for the truth," but his voice was drowned or the truth, our his voice was growned by laughter, derisive cries and yells. He remained standing, however, and when a semblance of order was restored, he said: I cannot withstand the violence of the Databatan." Reichstag Dr. Stocker, a noted anti-Semite, said the

blame really rested upon the electors who considered Ahlwardt fit to sit in the Reichstag. His presence in the house was one of the consequences of the infamous sect ballot Great Excitement Prevailed.

Throughout the whole scene the greatest excitement prevailed, and the members showed by their every action after the report of the committee that they placed not the significant confidence in the grave charges made by Ahlwardt.
Thousands gathered before the building

this morning and clamored for information as to the progress of the debate. Ahlwardt was received with such contempt as has not before been shown by one deputy toward un-other in the parliamentary precincts. The Reichstag has adjourned until April

DEATH ROLL.

Darnin Webster died here today.

Erastus Durnin Webster, Founder of the Omaha Republican Passes Away. Washington, D. C., March 22.—Erastus

Washington, D. C., March 22.—Erastus Durnin Webster died here today.

Colonel E. D. Webster was born of Quaker parents on a farm in Erie county. New York, in 1827. He continued to live and work upon the farm until 16 years of age, when he went to build to learn the princer's trade. He secured a place on the Buffalo Express, on which paper he remained until 1849, when he removed to Springville in the same county and founded the Springville Herald, a paper which he devoted to the inti-slavery cause. In April, 1850, he came to Nebraska, settling in Onaha, where he founded with the exception of a paper published by H. D. Hathaway in Plattsmouth's the first remblican paper in the state. There was at that time no organized republican party in Nebraska and Mr. Webster with others, called a mass meeting of citizens who were in Sympathy with the principles advocated by the then young republican party, for the parpose of state organization. The meeting was held in Bellevue, and after an organization had been effected a convention was called for the nomination of a congressional candidate. Daring the summer of 1860 the territorial committee met and appointed six delegates to the republican national convention at Chicago. Colonel Webster was first named and consequently enjoys the distinction of having been the first delegate ever closen to represent Nebraska at a republican national convention. In 1861 Mr. Webster was appointed private secretary to William H. Seward. During the war he remained the confidant of the secretary to William H. Seward. During the war he remained the confidant of the secretary to William H. Seward. During the pointments as deputy surveyor of the port tary. After the assassination of President Lincoln Mr. Webster was appointed consul to Bradford, England. Later he received appointments as deputy surveyor of the port of New York; assessor of internal revenue of the Thirty-second (Wall street district, New York, and superintendent of immigration at Castle Garden, which position he resigned in 1875. In 1877 President Haves, at the reauest of General Garfield, appointed Mr. Webster inspector of internal revenue for nearly all the territory west of the Missouri river except Oregon and California, with headquarters at Omaha. During the interval between the time he was at Castle Garden and that of his return to Onaha Mr. Webster was engaged by Henry J. Raymond as editorial writer on the New York Times, then a republican paper. For the past few years Colonel Webster has been paying close attention to his extensive business in the western part of the state, making his home at Stratton, Hichcock county. He was elected delegate at large to the republican national convention at Maneapolis in 1891.

Richmond, Va., March 22—Dr. J. S. D. Cullen died here tonight in the 6ist year of his age. He served as a medical director of Longstreet's army in 1894.

Kayas Cirx, Mo., March 22—Thomas Own

Longstreet's army in 1864. Kansas City, Mo. March 22.—Thomas Orr, aged 72, and one of Kansas City's most prominent men, died late last night of paralysis. He came to this country from Ireland in the thirties and was one of the Cali fornia pioneers. He came to Kansas City from Davenport, Ia., twenty-five years ago. Wilmington, Del., March 22—Ex-United States Senator Eli Saulsbury died today.

HEAVY RAINS IN 10WA.

isterns and Stock Ponds Filled and Spring Work Advanced. BURLINGTON, Ia., March 22.-Rain has been falling here and all over southeastern lowa off and on for two days, filling cisterns and stock ponds and putting the ground in

excellent condition for spring work. Sensation at Iowa's Capital

DES MOINES, Ia., March 22.-A sensation as been created here by the beginning of a uit for heavy damages by ex-Deputy State Auditor Stewart against J. M. Pierce, prinripal owner of the Iowa Homestead, on account of the publication in the Iowa Capital of a sarcastic letter written by Pierce about

He also began suit for \$25,000 against Lafe Young, publisher of the lowa Capital.

To Handle Oregon Land. Muscatine, Ia., March 22.—The Iowa and bregon Land company, with a capital stock f \$2,000,000, was organized here today by twelve of the principal lumbermen of the Mississippi vailey. The object of the company is to handle a tract of \$50,000 acres of Oregon land, which is richly timbered. Farming and grazing lands in the tract are be leased and lumber mills erected on the

Failure of an Iowa Merchant. CEDAR RAPIDS, 4a., March 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE. | John Stoakes, dealer in hardware and agricultural implements made an assignment this morning at Tracr. Liabilities are about \$20,000. Threatened to Shoot His Wife.

oday bound over to the district court in bonds of \$500 for threatening to shoot his wife and baby.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., March 22.- [Special

felegram to The Bee. |- Joseph Grace was

BOMBARDED WITH HAIL. Terrible Destructiveness of a Storm Which Visited El Reno, Okl. Et Reno, Okl., March 22.-This city and

the surrounding country was visited tonight by a ruinous hailstorm. All the windows in the city were broken and the streets flooded two inches deep with ice and water. Wire screens on windows were of no consequence. Twenty-four plate glass windows in one building are ruined. Roofs are broken, fruit trees ruined and some stock killed. The spectacle was grand. stock killed. The spectacle was grand, but terrifying. The hall came down in perfect sheets, causing people to flee for their very lives. Fortunately, however, none were seriously injured. Nothing like such a Before the Reichstag adjourned Ahlwardt | this part of the country.

SHOCKING IOWA TRAGEDY

Two Women Stabbed to Daath and the Murderer Promptly Lynched.

OFFICERS DEFIED BY THE ANGRY MOB

Hanged to a Convenient Tree After Being Compelled to View His Mutilated Vies tims-Family Quarrel the Cause

of the Affair.

Albra, Ia., March 22 - Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-A most brutal and shocking tragedy occurred at Hiteman, a mining town

near this place, this morning. William Frazier was a brutal drunken niner living with his family, consisting of his wife and babe, at Carboudale. A few days ago, on account of Frazier's drunkenness and abuse, his wife, taking her babe, left him and went to Eliteman to stay with

her sister, Mrs. Smith. Yesterday morning Frazier came to the place and went to Hiteman early this morning. Immediately after arriving there he inquired for the residence of Mes. Smith and being informed, went immediately to the house, walked in and without a word plunged a knife into his wife's heart, killing her al-

ost instantly Mrs. Smith hearing the disturbance in the room, was coming from the kitchen, when Frazier, with a cry of a demon, sprang upon her, driving his knife to the hilt in her breast she dying in a few moments. Not having enough of this flen lish work he then proceeded to torture and mutilate his own babe, a few months old, nearly severing one leg from the body and badly cutting the child otherwise.

Lynched the Fiend.

The neighbors, hearing the disturbance, came in and Frazier immediately made for the woods, with the enraged citizens in hot pursuit. After two hours of an exciting chase he was captured about two miles from here without the least resistance by Joe Fox, Joe Lewis and Mr. Grice. He was turned over to the sheriff and posse who had gone from here to bring him in.

The sheriff put Frazier in a light wagon and was making for Albia with all speed possible when they were overtaken by an infuriated mob of miners, who compelled the sheriff to turn the prisoner over to them.

The officers did all in their power to keep the man, but to no effect. Frazier was taken to Hiteman and made to look upon his loody work and then promptly hanged to the limb of a tree near town. No motive is given for the crime except the anger caused by his wife leaving him. The child's chances of recovery are pronounced by surgeons very

THEIR SKULLS CRUSHED.

Developments in the Mystery Surrounding the Horrible Find Near St. Joe. St. Joseph, Mo., March 22.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]-The five bodies found in a dry goods box in the river a short distance

below this city last night have not been identified, and the mystery remains as deep as ___ ever. The bodies are those of four men and one woman, some of them being only partly dressed. The bodies are mutilated, having gashes cut in many places. ssome of the skulls had been crushed. The

county coroner viewed the bodies today, but

could not find any clue to their identity. The

bodies are badly decomposed and the stench is awful. The features are not recognizable on account of being in the water so long. Pieces of clothing were cut from the bodie; and they were buried. The authorities are at work on the mystery and will clear it up

if possible. The coroner does not believe the bodies came from a medical college.

FOR THE LOVE OF A GIRL.

Will Frye, a Louisville, Ky., Schoolboy, Com. mits Spicide. Louisville, Ky., March 22.-Because of unrequited love, Will Frye, aged 17 years, laid his head on the Louisville Southern track near Shelby ville today and suffered decapitation. He has been in love with a schoolgirl for some months past. She did not encourage his attentions. Today young Frye asked to be excused from school, and walking to the railroad waited for the train, which was soon due. When it approached he laid his head on the track and was ground

to pieces, the engineer falling to see him in time to stop. Killed by a Jilled Lover.

GRIDLEY, Cal., March 22 .- J. J. Ervis, a farm laborer, this morning fatally injured Mrs. Christina Onstall and then shot and killed himself. He secreted himself in a woodshed in the back yard of Mrs. Orstall's house and when she came into the yard fired one shot at her with a pistol. The shot fired one shot at her with a pistol. The shot missed her and the murderer then beat her brains out with a hammer. Her skull was fractured and the brains cozed out from a hole in her head. Ervis then put the muzzle of the pistol in his mouth and fired, dying instantly. Mrs. Onstall cannot recover, though she is still alive. She was engaged to marry Fryis, but filted him. Mrs. Onstall is a divorced woman with five children.

is a divorced woman with five children.

NEW YORK, March 22.- The police of this city are inclined to think they have the clusive "Ripper" in their clutches. A woman was cipped up her side on Sunday night and

Jack the Ripper Redivivus.

a nig knife left sticking in the wound. The knife was traced to one Frank Cestellane, an Italian barber. The police have discovered that until recently he was a fireinan aboard one of the transaclantic steamers. are circumstances connected with the case that incline the police to believe Cestellano is none other than the mysterious "Jack, the Ripper," who kept London in terror for two

WORLD'S TAIR RATES.

it is Still a Mooted Question—Manager Ash. ley's Pian. Cmicago, Ill., March 22. At the meeting

of the Western Passenger association called for March 27, at which time the question of World's fair rates will come up for another discussion and some possible action, the agreement between the members of the Western Passenger association will be revised in several particulars, none of them, however, being of any great importance.

The plan of General Manager Ashley of the Toledo, Ann Arber & North Michigan railroad to govern all dismissals from railroads by certain fixed rules, mutually agreed upon by the company and the men, meets with general approval among the railroad men of Chicago. C. H. Chappell, general manager of the Chicago & Alton, and D. B. Robinson, first vice president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road, both are strongly in favor of the idea. Several other prominent railroad men also expressed them-Western Passenger association will be reprominent railroad men also expressed them-selves as being in favor of it.

Appointed by Missouri's Governor, JEFFERSON CTTY, Mo., March 22.-Governor Stone this afternoon sent to the senate the following appointments, which were confirmed: State railway commissioner, James R. Waddill, Kansas City: state labor com-missioner, Henry Blackmore, St. Lon-