HOW THE MEMBERS CAST THEIR VOTES

After a Long Discussion in the Senate That Body Decides Not to Insist on the Sherman Bond Amendment-The Sundry Civil Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 1.-The time of the house was consumed principally in considering a motion made by Mr. Hatch to suspend the rules and pass the anti-option bill. The debate was limited to half an hour and as the time was doled out in two or three minute portions, there was no opportunity to discuss the measure as it deserved to be discussed.

Mr. Hatch moved to suspend the rules and concur in the senate amendments to the anti-option bill. The opponents of the bill then began to filibuster against the motion, and business was at a standstill for some time. The motion to suspend the rules was seconded finally by a vote of 163 to 7. Then, under suspension, a vote was taken on the bill and it was defeated-yeas, 172; nays, 124; not the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative, but equivalent to the defeat of the bill, as it

cannot be reached on the calendar. On the demand for a second to Mr. Hatch's motion the opponents to the measure as a rule declined to vote, and it was more than half an hour before Mr. Hatch was able to muster a quorum. Then followed the debate. Mr. Funston of Kansas spoke in favor of the measure, declaring it was in the interest of every business man, whether farmer, merchant or mechanic. Mr. Henderson of Iowa said the farmers wanted this legislation. He did not claim it would give the farmers the measure of relief they expected, but it would free them of some of their trouble. Mr. Taylor of Illinois said the farmer was an intelligent man and did not need this legislation to protect him. Not 10 per cent of the farmers were in favor of the bill. Mr. Cummings of New York declared that the bill would sweep away all state lines and give the United States power to interfere with individual contracts in states. Mr. Coombs of New York contended that the bill would cut us off from all foreign muster a quorum. Then followed the the bill would cut us off from all foreign markets. Mr. Hatch closed the debate and the vote was taken as above. Vote in Detail:

Yeas—Abbott, Anderson, Allen, Amerman, Arnold, Atkinson, Babbitt, Baker, Bank-head, Bartine, Beltzhoover, Bergen, Bianch-ard, Bland, Blount, Boutelle, Bowers, Branch, Bretz, Broderick, Brookshire, Brosius, Brown (Ind.), Bryan, Buchanan (N. J.), Bullock, Bunn, Bunting, Burrows Busey, Butler. Caminetti, Capehart, Cate. Clover, Cobb (Ala.), Cooper, Cox (Tenn.), Crawford, Crosby, Culberson, Curtis, Daniels, Davis, De Armond, Dingley, Doane, Dockerey, Dolliver, Dungan, Edmunds, Ellis, Enloe, Enochs, Epes, Everrett, Fithian, Flick, Forman, Forney, Fowler, Funston, Fyan, Gantz, Gorman, Grady, Grout, Hallowell, Halvorson, Hamilton, Hare, Hatch, Haughen, Haynes (O.), Heard, Henderson (Ia.), Henderson (N.C.) Hermann, Hilborn, Hitt, Holman, Hooker (N.Y.), Hopkins (Pa.), Hopkins (Il.), Houk (O.), Houk (Tenn.), Huff, Hull, Johnson (Ind.), Johnston (N.D.), Johnstone (S.C.), Jolley, Jones, Kem, Kendall, Krebbs, Kyle, Lane, Lanhann, Lawson (Va.), Lawson (Ga.), Lawton, Lester (Va.), Lewis, Butler, Caminetti, Capehart, Cate Lawson (Ga.), Lawton, Lester (Va.), Lewis, Lind, Livingston, Long, Mansur, Martin, McClellan, McCreary, McKaig, McKeighan, McLaurin, McRae, Meredith, Montgomery, Moore, Moses, O'Donnell, Otis, Owens, Patton, Moore, Moses, O'Donnell, Otis, Owens, Patton, Payne, Paynter, Peterson, Peel, Pendleton, Perkins, Piekler, Pierce, Post, Powers, Quackenbush, Raines, Ray, Reilly, Richardson, Robertson (La.). Sayers, Scott, Scull, Seerley, Shell, Shively, Smith, Stockdale, Charles W. Stone, William A. Stone (Ky.), Sweet, Joseph D. Taylor, Terry, Tillman, Turpin, Van Horn, Watson, Waugh, Mcadock, Weaver, Wheeler (La.), White, Whiting, Williams (N. C.), Williams (Ill.), Wilson (Ky.), Wilson (Wash.), Wilson (Mo.), Winn, Wolverton, Wright, Youmans—172.

Those Who Voted in the Negative. Nays-Andrew, Antony, Bacon, Bailey, Barwig, Belden, Belknap, Bentley, Bing-ham, Boatner, Bowman, Brawley, Breckenham, Boatner, Bowman, Brawley, Brecken-ridge (Ark.), Breckenridge (Ky.), Brown (Md.), Brunner, Buchanan (Va.), Bynum, Cable, Cadmus, Campbell, Caruth, Castle, Catchings, Chipman, Clancey, Clark (Ala.), Cobb (Mo.), Coburn, Cockran, Cogswell, Compton, Coolidge, Coombs, Covert, Cowles, Cox (N. Y.), Crain (Tex.), Cummings, Dal-zell, DeForest, Dickerson, Donovan, Dunphy, Durbows Elliott, English, Follows, Witch Durborow, Elliott, English, Fellows, Fitch Geary, Geissenhainer, Gillespie, Greanleaf, Geary, Geissenhainer, Gillespie, Greanleaf, Griswold, Hall, Harmer, Harter, Hemphill, Herbert, Hoar, Hooker (Mo.). Johnson (O.), Ketchum, Kilgore, Lagan, Lapham, Lester (Ga.), Little, Lockwood, Lodge, Loud, Lynch, Magner, Mallory, McAlles, McGann, McKinney, McMillan, Meyer, Miller, Mitchell, Morse, Mutchler, Newberry, Norton, Oates, Ohliger, O'Neil (Mass.), O'Neill (Pa.), Outhwaite, Page (R. I.), Patterson (Tenn.), Price, Randall, Rayner, Reed, Reyburn, Robinson (Pa.), Rusk, Shonk, Simpson, Snodgrass, Sperry, Springer. Simpson, Snodgrass, Sperry, Springer Stephenson, Stevens, Storer, Stout, Stump Taylor (ill.), Townsend, Tracey, Tucker, Turner, Wadsworth, Walker, Warner, Washington, Wheeler (Mich.), Wike, Wil-cox, Williams (Mass.), Wilson (W. Va.), Wise, 194 Wise-124

The conference report on the District of Columbia appropriation bill was agreed to. The war claim bill for the relief of William Mary college was passed-yeas, 196;

mays, 29.

Mr. Stump moved to suspend the rules and pass the Chandler senate bill to facilitate the enforcement of the immigration and contract labor laws. But there was opposition made to the motion by Mr. Crain and the house adjourned. the house adjourned.

IN THE SENATE.

Quite a Large Amount of Business Disposed Of-Washington, D. C., March 1.-The post office appropriation bill came before the senate today and was discussed to some extent on the question as to the route of the southern fast mail. That question was not disposed of when the conference report on the civil appropriation bill was presented. The report led to a long financial discussion or the Sherman bond amendment, the result being, however, that the amendment was recoded from by the senate.

Outside of these two appropriation bills the senate had before it in the morning the McGarrahan bill, which went over without action, and the Hudson river bridge bill which was taken up by a vote of 26 to 24, but disappeared immediately when the conference report was taken up-a result which rankled in the mind of Mr. Hill, and led that senator to upbraid Mr. Allison for his share in the legislative struggle.

After routine business the senate went into executive session. The doors were reopened in about half an hour and legislative

business was proceeded with. The postoffice appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar.

A conference was ordered on the naval appropriation bill, and Messrs. Allison and man were appointed conferees on the part of the senate.

Mr. Teller asked unanimous consent to take up for consideration the McGarrahan bill, and it was discussed until the expiration of the morning hour, when the bill lost the morning hour, when the bill lost its right of way.

During the argument Senator Morrill men-tioned Senator Wilson of Iowa, among others, as having an interest in the claim.

Mr. Wilson Grows Emphatic.

Mr. Wilson indignantly denied the suggestion that he had now, or ever had, any interest directly or indirectly in the McGarrahan claim. Any one, he said, who asserted that he had, uttered a positive and unqualified falsehood of the worst character.

The Hudson river bill was then taken up, but the postoffice appropriation bill was immediately brought forward (the bridge bill being temporarily laid aside without losing to the senate this morning added something

its right of way.) The first amendment that provoked discussion was the one striking out of the bill the item of \$195,000 for special facilities on trunk lines.

facilities on trunk lines.

Pending the discussion a conference was ordered on the agricultural bill and Senators Allison, Culiom and Call were appointed conferees on the part of the senate.

The discussion was again interrupted in order to have the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill acted upon.

Mr. Allison asked unanimous consent to present the report, and objection was raised by Mr. Hiscock, his object being to have the report taken up "on motion," which would

by Mr. Hiscock, his coject being to have the report taken up "on motion," which would have displaced the Hudson river bridge bill. The occupant of the chair, however, (Mr. Harris) interposed with the remark that a conference report was privileged and required no motion. The report was then The report having been read, Mr. Allison

asked unanimous consent that the senate proceed to its consideration. This gave Mr. Hiscock another opportunity of objecting, and he availed himself of it. This forced Mr. Allison to move that the report be now considered. The motion was agreed to, and this had the effect of depriving the bridge bill of its right of way.

Sherman's Bond Amendment.

Mr. Allison made an explanation of the report, and stated that, in relation to the Sherman bond amendment (in order to test the sense of the senste upon it), he would move to recede from it.

Mr. Sherman explained and advocated the amendment. It had been, he said, submitted to the incoming secretary of the treasury, who had gone before the finance committee and had there stated the reasons committee and had there stated the reasons why, in his judgment, it might become important for him to have the power to issue bonds cheaper than 4 per cent. Mr. Carli sle had then expressed a hope and belief, in which he, Mr. Sherman, was inclined to concur, that it might not be necessary to issue any bonds. Mr. Sherman digressed in order to pay a compliment to Mr. Carlisle, saying that he knew no man in the United States better fitted to hold the office of secretary of the treasury. He went on to say that when he offered the bond amendment he had no expectation that there would to say that when he offered the bond amendment he had no expectation that there would be any opposition to it. The pretension that it repealed any other provision of the resumption law was absolutely unfounded. If congress denied to the secretary the power to sell bonds, it would cripple the government, and those whose fault it was would be responsible to the people. There was now in the vaults of the treasury a great mass of silver bullion. If it were coined it would undoubtedly disturb parity and bring about a panic. He had heard a great deal about bankers and plutocrats and, what is the bankers and plutocrats and, what is the word—gold bugs—but said he knew no greater gold bugs in the world than owners of silver mines. In proof of that he read from a Nevada paper a notice of an assessment of 25 cents per share, "payable immediately in United States gold coin."

Mr. Sherman's speech was replied to by Messrs. Stewart, Wolcott and Teller.

Teller Opposed to a Bond Issue. Mr. Teller expressed his belief that no bonds, whether 4 per cent or 3 per cent, would be issued by the incoming secretary of the

Mr. Gorman stated that he had full authority for saying that the bond amendment had been reported after consultation with the president and with the next secretary of the treasury. But it was possible that the sundry civil appropriation bill would be de-feated if the amendment were insisted upon.

Mr. Sherman—I certainly would not insist upon any amendment, however strongly I favored it, which the other house resolutely opposed, or which, if insisted upon, would result in defeating the appropriation bill.

The vote was taken and the senate, without division, receded from the Sherman amendment. The conference report was agreed to and a further conference was ordered on several

amendments which had not been finally disposed of.
Public business was finally suspended and. after paying tributes to the memory of the late Senator Gibson of Louisiana, the senate

IN HONOR OF MR. AND MRS. STEVENSON.

Vice President and Mrs. Morton Tender Them a Reception—A Brilliant Affair.
Washington, D. C., March 1.—The reception tendered tonight by Vice President and Mrs. Morton to Vice President-elect and Mrs. Stevenson, at their residence on Scott street, marked another deviation by Mr. Morton from the traditions surrounding his position. It was an unprecedented thing for the outgoing vice president to bestow any recognition, official or social, upon his successor. But when the cards were issued giving notification of the vice president's intention to honor his successor, it was felt to be the vice president of the vice president's intention to honor his successor, it was felt to be the vice president of the vice president's intention to honor his successor, it was felt to be the vice president of the vice president's intention to honor his successor, it was felt to be the vice president of the vice president of the vice president of the vice of absence on surgeon's certificate of disability granted Captain Edgar B. Robertson. Ninth infantry. February 7, is still further extended one month on account of sickness.

A board of survey, to consist of Captain Henry G. Sharpe, commissary of subsistence; Captain Charles M. O'Connor, Eighth cavalry, and First Lieutenant Louis Otther Second artillary will assemble at the vice president of the vice presi be a gracious and proper courtesy. But the inspiration of the affair was more than purely official. Mr. Morton had served in the house of representatives of the Fortysixth congress with Mr. Stevenson and ever since there has existed between them a sin-

cere mutual esteem and regard. In anticipation of the event Mr. Morton's elegant mansion had been decorated with paims, forns, feliage, plants and cut flowers.

Mr. and Mrs. Morton received their guests in the doorway separating the parlor from the corridor, out of which rises the grand staircase and which occupies the center of the west end of the house. At their side stood Mr. and Mrs. Stavenson to whom the stood Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson, to whom the parting throng were introduced in turn by

It was a distinguished audience that greeted Mr. Stevenson and his wife. The in-vitations numbered 600, and but few of the recipients failed to respond in person, but there was no crush to interfere with the enjoyment of the evening. There were the members of the senate enmasse, with whom Mr. Stevenson will be associated so closely for the next four years, members of the cabinet, assistant secretaries of the departments, heads of bureaus, the New York and Illinois delegations in the house of representatives; the justices of the supreme court of the United States, of the District of Columbia and of the court of claims; the members of the diplomatic corps in all the brilliancy of the insignia of their several orders and honors; the heads of the army and navy and a good sprinkling of the subordinate officers. In addition to these official guests, the vice president and Mrs. Morton presented to Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson a large number of their parsonal felor.

personal friends. personal friends.

During the evening an admirable musical selection was rendered by the famous Marine band under its new leader, Prof. Fanciulli, and an elegant collation was served in the dining room. Among the guests were the members of Mr. Stevenson's party who accompanied him from Bloomington, including his son and daughter. ton, including his son and daughter

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL.

Omaha's Public Building Suffers in Conference-Other Items of the Measure. Washington, D. C., March I.-After a two days conference the sundry civil bill was reported to the senate this afternoon by the conferees. Agreements were reached upon all but the amendments relating to the World's fair, the Sherman bond issueamendment, the appropriation of \$50,000 for the entertainment of notables at the exposi-tion invited by the government and one or two minor matters. Among the items con-tained in the conference report were the fol-

owing: For continuing the Omaha public building at \$75,000 instead of \$300,000; increasing the limit of cost of the San Francisco public building to \$3,500,000 instead of \$3,000,000; \$35,000 for a public building at Sioux Falls,

Upon the subject of the survey of the pub-Countries subject of the survey of the public lands the conferens agreed to \$200,000, instead of \$100,000 as it passed the house, and \$400,000 as it passed the senate. The reappropriation by the senate of the sum of \$125,000 in the last sundry civil act for the survey of public lands lying within the limit of land grants made to aid in the constitute. of land grants made to aid in the construction of railroads is stricken out.

Two Appropriation Bills. Washington, D. C., March 1.—The Indian appropriation bill was reported to the

senate today. It includes \$8.796,336 for the purchase of the Cherokee outlet, making a purchase of the Cherokee outlet, making a grand total for the bill of \$16,431,490. Among the items added to the bill are, \$56,000 for irrigating the Navajo reservation, \$15,000 for negotiations by the Cherokee commis-sion for the purchases of Indian lands, \$190,000 for the payment of damages to settlers on the Crow Creek and Winnebago reservations, South Dakota; \$216,000 for In-duan industrial schools.

over \$30,000 to the appropriation for the foreign mail service, in accordance with the full estimate of the department.

President Harrison's Last Reception. Washington, D. C., March 1.—President Harrison held his last informal public recep tion at the white house this afternoon. It is estimated that 1,500 people paid their respects to the president and that half of that number failed to get into the East room before the reception ended.

Anticipated Mr. Cleveland. Washington, D. C., March 1.-The secre tary of the interior received the following LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 1.—I am strongly opposed to the use of the pension building for a Sunday concert on the 5th inst and object to regarding such a thing as a feature of the inauguration.

Secretary Noble immediately sent the following reply to Mr. Cleveland:

Washington D. C. March 1.—Hop. Grover

Washington, D. C., March L.—Hon, Grover Cleveland, Lakewood, N. J.: Your telegram received, Orders were issued already forbidding the use of the pension building on Sunday, and I am gratified that this action is

in accordance with your wishes.

JOHN W. NOBLE, Secretary. Washington Notes. Washington, D. C., March 1 .- Senor Romero, Mexican minister to the United States, returned to Washington tonight after an absence of some months, accompanied by a son of President Diaz. The min-

the president today appeared Richard J. Oglesby, Jr., son of ex-Governor Oglesby of Illinois, a cadet-at-large to West Point.

The president has recognized Charles Hutchinson as consul general of Greece at The senate today confirmed James E.

Cochran of Nebraska as consul at San Sal-Senator Higgins today introduced in the senate a bill to give effect to the president's recommendation to congress touching the Canadian railways. It repeals article 20 of the treaty of Washington, and also repeals the statutes which permit goods to be ship-ped in bond between United States ports, which permits consular scaling of cars, and

NATIONAL FINANCES.

which exempt such cars or vehicle from the

There Was a Slight Increase in the Public

Debt During February. Washington, D. C., March I .- A slight increase of the national debt of the United States was the result of the operations in February, as shown by the statement issued this afternoon. The exact amount was Folis, 699, made up as follows:
Increase of interest bearing debt, \$600;
decrease of noninterest bearing debt, \$521,881; decrease of case in the treasury,

Balances of the several classes of debt at the close of business of February 28 were; Interest bearing debt, \$585,034,200; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$2,305,305; dept bearing no interest, \$375,912,

\$3,335,365; dept bearing no interest, \$375,912,187; total, \$963,381,752.

There was in the treasury at the same time a total of \$764,332,266 of cash. The gold was \$217,672,947, against \$238,827,532 at the close of the present month; paper, \$58,507,373, which was \$60,037,800 the month previous, and \$15,681,503 of deposits in national bank depositories, etc., a decrease of \$294,307.

Against this volume of cash there were outstanding \$601,838,346 coin and currency certificates and treasury notes, and \$38,365. certificates and treasury notes, and \$38,365,-832 miscellaneous liabilities, such as national bank note redemption fund, disbursing bank note redemption fund, disbursing officers' balances, etc., leaving a cash balance on hand including the \$100,000,000 gold reserve of \$124,128,087. This was \$1,130,980 than at the close of the previous month. less than at the close of the previous month. The receipts for the month were \$30,009, 992, and the expenses \$31,677,454.

NEWS FOR THE ARMY.

Changes in Station and Detail Noted by the

Gazette at Washington.
Washington, D. C., March I.—[Special Telegram to The Ber.]—Army orders issued today were Major Edward B. Mosely, surgeon, now on duty at Washington, will report in person to the surgeon general of the army for duty in his office as soon as Major Robert M. Orcilly,

surgeon, shall report for duty as attending surgeon in this city. The extension of leave of absence on sur-

Ostheim, Second artillery, will assemble at the clothing depot of the quartermaster's department, St. Louis, on Thursday, March 2, for the purpose of inquiring into, reporting upon and fixing the responsibility for the damaged and unserviceable condition of certain clothing and equipage re-ceived at that depot from various posts, stations and other sources during the period since March, 1862; also on discrepancies in invoices from the Philadelphia depot and from Fort Douglas, Utah. The junior member of the board will act as recorder.

First Lieutenant Charles Dodge, ir. Twenty-fourth infantry, will proceed to Rock Island arsenal for the purpose of assisting in perfecting his invention of a "blanket roll support."

The suspension of special orders October 3, 1892, directing Major Robert M. Oreilly, surgeon, to report for duty as attending surgeon in this city, is removed.

Cantain William B. Davis assistant our

Captain William B. Davis, assistant sur geon, is detailed as a member of the board of officers appointed February 13, to meet at Fert Sam Houston, Tex., March 1, for the mental and physical examination of ap-pointees to the United States Military academy, vice Captain Robert J. Gibson, as-sistant surgeon, who is relieved.

Second Lieutenant George Blakely, Second artillery, is detailed as a member of the board of officers appointed February 13 to meet at Fort Warren, Mass., for the mental and physical examination of appointees to the United States Military academy, vice Captain Asher C. Taylor, Second artillery,

who is relieved.

Lieutenant Colonel Dallas Bache, deputy surgeon general, is detailed as a member of the board of officers appointed February 13 to meet at Fort Omaha, March 1, for the mental and physical examination of ap-pointees to the United States Military cademy, vice Captain William G. Spencer assistant surgeon, who is relieved.

Major Robert M Orcilly, surgeon, having

reported to the major general commanding the army, is assigned to duty as attending surgeon in this city, to date from February

Captain John G. Bourke, Third cavalry, will proceed to Chicago and there await instructions of the secretary of war.

Colonel Sheridan Injured.

Colonel M. V. Sheridan, adjutant general of the Department of the Platte, met with a serious accident last Sunday morning at his home, 2106 Douglas street. He slipped on the porch and fell, striking his shoulder very forcibly on the railing that surrounds the porch. He realized that he had sustained a severe sprain of the shoulder but thought that it was nothing very serious until Tuesday, when the surgeon made a more careful examination and found that there was a slight fracture of the shoulder bone. The nel is resting quite comfortably, however, and hopes to be able to go to his office few days.

His disability comes at an unfortunate time, owing to the absence of General Brooke and the official business of the department being thrown upon the adjutant, but with the able assistance of Chief Clerk Davis he will doubtless get through with the work in good shape. good shape.

TO : PROSECUTE

Breezy Scene Between the Officers of the Lincoln Police Court.

ATTORNEY SELLECK GOT

Testimony He Regarded as Sufficient to Conviet la Any Case Ignored by the Judge to the Delight of the Defendant.

Lincoln, Neb., March 1 .- [Special to THE Bns.]-There was a breezy little time over in police court this morning when the case of the state against John Gran, a saloonkeeper charged with selling liquor on Sunday, was heard. Two police officers testified to having seen men carrying trays of beer into a rear room, and two reporters to having seen the bartender in full regalia, with a man or two facing the bar, glass in hand. The defendant denied the charges, and the court believed his story, discharging him. Assistant City Attorney Selleck, who was prosecuting, grew very angry and demanded that the court discharge the other men charged with similar offenses, as he was convinced that if the evidence he had produced in the case at the bar was not sufficient to convict, he had no more cases to try to this court. The court refused to do so, but as he failed to prosecute they were dismissed. The matter has raised considerable of a stir in police circles, and the entente cordiale between the force and the judge is somewhat strained. Arrested a Loan Broker.

It has just reaked out that G. W. Burtis, formerly a loan broker in this city, but who mysteriously disappeared about a year ago, was arrested the latter part of last week on the charge of obtaining \$600 from some widow, whose name cannot be learned be-cause the justice refuses to allow the reporters access to the complaint. Detective Pinneo secured a warrant some time ago and traced his man to Chicago, only to find that he had just left the city a few days before. On his return, he received information that Burtis was visiting his father in this city, and watching the house finally succeeded in nabbing his man. It is understood that the complaint charges manipula-tion of a note. The accused is out on \$1,000 bail, and the case, originally set for today, was postponed until next week. Burtis is well known in the state, and acquired some fame about the time of his disappearance as a manipulator of chattel mortgages and notes, which he loaded onto the German National bank. An attempt was made to compromise the matter, but it failed.

City in Brief. It was said this morning that United States District Attorney Ben Baker had a States District Attorney Ben Baker had a long conference with Attorney Whedon, representing C. W. Mosher, yesterday afternoon and arrangements had been made whereby Mosher was to receive immunity from punishment by imprisonment and his relatives had paid over the promised \$150,000. It was denied at Mr. Whedon's office that the money had been paid over, but it is here ready for that purpose.

The insurance companies holding risks on the Buckstaff brick works, recently destroyed by fire, refuse to pay the face values of their policies and a long series of litigation is threatened.

A largely attended mass meeting was held

A largely attended mass meeting was held last night in Bohanan's hall to take action on the bill before the legislature conferring the power for levying tax for school purposes in the school board instead of the city

poses in the school board instead of the city council. The debate was at times warm and exciting between the members of the school board and council, but the bill was finally endorsed by a slender majority.

Mart Howe is after Commissioner Joseph McGraw, and this afternoon appealed to the district court from the allowance by the county commissioners of McGraw's salary for February. It is contended that McGraw was elected for only two years, but persists in holding on for three, and the independents propose testing it.

in folding on for three, and the independents propose testing it.

The independent city central committee has issued a call for a city convention on March 15, the day after the republican, and the day before the democratic.

Lewis F. Post, a single tax orator, at one time editor of Henry George's paper, lectured in representative hall tonight on his hobby.

hobby.

A wild rumor was in circulation this mornone mason who had \$950 in the Capital National bank when it went under had gained access to the Mosher mansion and compelled the return of his money at the point of a revolver, but Mosher pro-nounced it, when asked by a BER reporter, a weird fake, and added that he had never received so much as a threatening letter. The State Board of Printing this afternoon

The State Board of Printing this afternoon awarded the contract for printing the fifth volume of the historical reports to the Lincoln Printing company at \$1.15 a page. Other bids were: Newspaper Union of York, \$1.60; Hammond Bros., Fremont, \$1.60; North & Co., Lincoln, \$1.60; Hunter Printing house, Lincoln, \$1.30; State Journal company, \$1.35.

Harriet J. Walter asks the council to pay her \$5.000 damages for a full received as her \$5,000 damages for a fall received on a slippery sidewalk recently, and adds \$1,000 assigned to her by her husband as his share of damages occasioned by her accident.

District Court News.

Judge Tibbetts this morning denied the application of Stockholder McGovern for a receiver for the Alliance Publishing com-pany. The case was submitted on affidavits, with the understanding pany. The case was submitted on amidavits, with the understanding and agreement that the court's decision was final. McGovern accused Messrs. Thornton, Mefford and Murray, who are running the paper, with dishonesty and misconduct of affairs, and wanted H. M. Bushnell to take charge. The court found the charges of dishonesty were not proven, and incidentally pronounced the concern solvent.

John Helser, the young man who fractured Fred Young's skull with a hatchet, and was convicted of assault with intent to kill, was sentenced to one year in the pen this morn-

The jury found Charles L. Wright, accused of forgery, not guilty, and Judge Hall is now engaged in hearing a case where Dr. Thomas O'Connor appeals from the decision of the religious tiple. Thomas O'Connor appeals from the decision of the police court in fining him \$10 for beating Billy Barr over the head with a cane.

Judge Strode and a jury are hearing the case where J. A. Bailey sues the Rapid Transit and Lincoln Street Railway company for \$10,000 damages, which he claims to have sustained by reason of the steam motor on the West Lincoln line frightening his horses, and throwing him over the adjaining

norses, and throwing him over the adjoining quarter section. Grand Island People Must Walk. GRAND ISLAND, Nob., March 1 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-This city finds itself without any street car service today. All but one car were burnt in the rescent fire, and the residents of the outskirts and the suburb of West Lawn, in which is located the Baptist college and Soldiers home, are greatly in-convenienced. It is expected that a motor line will now be built. For the present cars have been loaned from Hastings. Chief of Police Dean, Officer Ryan and Chief of Police Dean, Officer Ryan and Chris Ipaen returned from St. Paul last night, whither they went to identify the four men who were arrested on suspicion of having committed the hurgiaries here Sunday afternoon. Nothing could be found to identify them and they were released.

While going home Saturday afternoon a

While going home Baturday afternoon a farmer, whose name cannot be learned, and his son, lost control of their horses. Both were thrown out of the wagon. The boy fell at the side of the road. The father, in falling, had his leg caught in the back wheel of the spring wagon. He hadd the spring with the spring wagon. He held the spokes with

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.



his hands; his head every few minutes struck the ground; the horses ran over a mile with the man in this condition and mile with the man in this condition and were finally stopped by running through a barb wire fence. Floyd Sprague, a neighber, was near the team when the accident occurred. He whipped up his horse and tried to catch the runaway team, but could not. When the horses were stopped the farmer was still conscious but blood was gushing from his nose and ears. He will recover.

SEVERAL BUILDINGS BURNED.

Avoca, Neb., Given a Scorching at an Early Hour This Morning. Avoca, Neb., March 1.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Fire broke out in the postoffice this morning at 2:30, destroying the en-

tire building and contents and all the house hold furniture of B. Hoch, who resided in the second story. Brockman Bros.' saloon building adjoining, with the entire contents, was destroyed. Loss, \$3,000, insured for was destroyed. Loss, \$3,000, insured for \$2,300; loss on postoffice building and contents about \$2,500, no insurance; B. Hoch's loss on household goods, \$750, no insurance. It was thought that F. W. Ruhges' saloon must go, as the entire roof was afire at one time, but it was saved. If the wind had been in the north the entire business portion of the town would have been interested. of the town would have been wiped out. The origin of the fire is not known.

Broken Bow's School Facilities. BROKEN Bow, Neb., March 1 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-A public meeting was held last night in this city to discuss the question of voting bonds to build another school house. There are nine teachers employed in the city schools that are crowded into seven rooms, all of which are greatly overcrowded. The discussion of the question resulted in a unanimous vote of the meeting instructing in favor of voting bonds to build a school

worth not less than \$10,000. A plan for erecting a building for a pri-ate normal school of which H. M. Sullivan is the projector, was discussed at length and favorable action taken toward making the enterprise a success. The committee appointed to take the matter in charge is: Attorneys W. R. Hutchinson, H. M. Sulli-van and H. H. Wirt.

The plan is to erect the building by a joint stock company and put it in charge of some live, wideawake educator. As Custer county has 250 school districts and over 300 teachers, the county could from its own territory furnish students for a very respectable normal school.

Clay Center News.

CLAY CENTER, Neb., March 1 .- [Special to THE BRE.]-The finance committee of the County Board of Supervisors is now in session checking over the accounts of the county treasurer, preparatory to making the annual settlement with that office The funeral of Fred Fairbanks took place today from the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Fairbanks was quite a popular young man and had been confined to his bed but a few weeks with lung trouble.

The annual meeting of the school directors of Clay county was held yesterday. The most important subject under discussion was the proposition to change the time of holding the county institute. It was finally decided to continue holding it in June.

Addressed the York Students.

YORK, Neb., March 1 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-B. M. Long, A.M., B.D., of the chair of English literature in Western college at Toledo, Ia., delivered his lecture entitled, "Alaska the Land of Totems," on the evening of the 25th before the students of York college. The lecture was intensely interest-ing and instructive throughout. Prof. Long speaks largely from observation and ex-perience, having traveled extensively in the western portions of North America.



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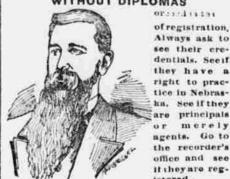
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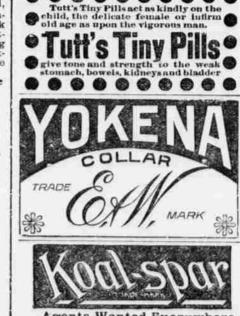
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PROPOSALS FOR FIELD SEEDS—United States Indian Service, Rosebud Agency, S. D., February 20th, 1831—Sealed proposals, endorsed "Proposals for Field Seeds," and adcressed to the undersigned at Rosebud Agency, S. D., will be received at this agency until one o'clock p. m., of Wednesday, March 18th, 1830, for furnishing and delivering at this agency; 1.509 bushels of seed oaus; 1,000 bushels of seed potatoes and 600 bushels of seed potatoes and 600 bushels of seed potatoes and 600 bushels of seed potatoes are requested to state specifically in their bids the proposed price of cach article offered for delivery under a contract. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids or any part of any bid if deemed for he best interest of the service. UERTIFIED CHECKS—Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon United States depositors, or solvent national bank in the vicinity of the residence of the bid ier, made payable to the order of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for at least Five pen centre with case any bidder or bidders receiving an award shall fall to promptly execute a contract with good and sufficient sureties, otherwise to be returned to the bidder. Bids accompanied by cash in lieu of certified check will not be considered. For any further information apply to J. GEORGE WRIGHT, U. S. Indian Agent. Fibidit—m

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