PAYING ELECTION

How Some Democrats Explain Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet Appointments.

SECRET OF JUDGE GRESHAM'S SUCCESS

Said to Owe His Position in the Official Famlly of the President-Elect to the Influence of Wealthy Corporations.

> WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE,) 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.

The announcement of all but two of the members of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet throws some light on the minds of leading democrats in Washington upon the influences which are to be potent during the second Cleveland administration. Most of these influences are capitalistic and had much to do with paying the expenses of Chairman Harrity's successful management of the Cleveland campaign. Anti-Cleveland democrats do not believe that the chief contributors to the Cleveland election fund invested their money for purely unselfish devotion to the abstract cause of tariff revision, but prefer to say more or less openly that their investment was made with the expectation

of a substantial return. The refusal of Mr. Cieveland to appoint Colonel Morrison of Illinois to the secretaryship of the interior has already been attributed by prominent democrats to the opposition of Henry Villard, whose interests in the Northern Pacific relirond and its \$25,-000,000 worth of disputed land grants made it desirable for that corporation to have at the head of the Interior department a man who, if not pliant, would at least not be ag-gressively hostile to Mr. Villard's interest. Such a man, the discontented leaders of the democracy are saying, has been found in the person of Michael Hoke Smith, of Georgia, who has the negative merit of comparative unacquaintance with the relations between the federal government and the transconti-

Explaining Gresham's Appointment.

Democratic criticism of the selection of Judge Gresham for secretary of state has now taken a new form which accords with this same theory of the capitalistic influences which are to control the next administration Which are to control the next diministration.
It is now suggested that Judge Gresham's decisions upon the bench of the United States circuit court have been so uniformly disagreeable to corporate interests and especially to the syndicate which now controls the street railway facilities in Boston. New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York Philadelphia. Database Actions of the control of the street railway franchises of Washington, that Mr. Whitney, Mr. Lamout and their associates thought it advisable to transfer Judge Gresham from the bench to a brilliant and attractive position in the cabinet where he would not have the opportunity to pass upon litication in which these corpor-

to pass upon literation in which these corporations are interested.

Both the Gould and Vanderbilt interests have also been injured, it is said, by decisions rendered by Judge Gresham and critical democrats intimate that these powerful influences have joined with those of Mr. Villard and his associates in favoring the transfer of Judge Gresham to the cabinet. This change, it is to be remembered, is made This change, it is to be remembered, is made by democrats, and however functful it may appear, is of interest as showing the hostilwhich Mr. Cleveland has already stirred up within his own party. A corroborative rumer which the anti-Cleveland democrats do not fail to advance is, that Don M. Dick-inson, who has been Mr. Cleveland's trusted courier in inviting men into his cabinet and in attempting to influence silver legislation in congress, is to become the legal representative of the great street railway syndicate

in Chicago.

President Harrison has concluded to fill the vacancy on the United States circuit court created by the appointment of Judge Jackson of Nashville to the supreme court. president says that if there was any understanding among senators which them to believe that he would not fill the circuit vacancy he is not responsible for it; that he made no promises in that direction, and is free to act if he succeeds in finding a man who is well fitted for the place and so popular personally place and so popular personally as to be reasonably certain of confirmation. It seems that the chairman of the senate judiciary committee is responsible for the report which was circulated among the democratic senators to the effect that after a consultation with the president a nomina-tion to succeed Jackson on the circuit would not be made at this late day even should there be prompt confirmation of Jackson's nomination. Senator Hear probably reached that conclusion by an effort to comprehend the delicate position in which the president was placed when the latter concluded it uld be better to nominate a democrat for supreme court to succeed Lamar of a republican and also the conflicts which would be aroused in naming a man for the

The president believes he can from the list of applicants presented select a man for the circuit whose nomination will be con-firmed, and he will try tomorrow to make that selection . He wants a republican for the place and hopes to take one from Ken

Western Pensions.

The following pensions granted are re ported:
Nebraska: Original—William Montgomery, Alexander H. McKelvey, Lincoln A. Thompson, Original widows, etc.—Minors of Harrison A. Rockafellow, Grenville Server, Almenia Hillock, Elizabeth G. Searles' minors of David O. Shoopman, Lucy Graham, Elvira Phipps, Jemima Curry, Jane A. Horlacker, Helen Barber, Ellen Weikel. Iowa: Original—Abram Hartzler, Thomas W. Cox, William Myers, Claude N. Andrews, Original widows, etc.—Minors of David Original widows, etc.—Minors of David McCormick, Mary C. Stroud, mother, Ella F. Currier, Harriet E. Collins, Barbara Esmer, Christiana Hawley, Margaret Barnes, Margaretha Schordt, Esther F. Pratt, Martha J. Scotthorn, Dorothy Smith, Partheoa White, Celia Brigham, Sarah Clark, mother, Elizabeth Reed, mother of Augustus Johnson, minors of Robert Elliott.

South Dakota: Original-William H. Williams. Original widows, etc.—Isabel A.

No Bond Issue Probable. The president since his return from duck shooting is quoted as saying that he finds the condition of the gold balances in the treasury much better than he anticipated and as believing that there will arise no necessity for the issuance of bonds. The president, it is stated, is firm in the opinion that the demand for export gold is not only artificial, but that it is the effect of an international conspiracy in which London bankers are interested, and that as soon as it becomes known that there will be no bond issue the heavy draft upon our gold will cease. P. S. H.

TO SECURE HOME RULE.

Chicago Irishmen Will Send Funds to Their

Friends at Once. CHICAGO, Ht., Feb. 19. -Two hundred Irishmen, McCarthyites and anti-McCarthyites, Redmondites and anti-Redmondites, held an enthulastic meeting today. Gladstone's home rule measure for Ireland was the cause. Judge Moran addressed the meeting for the purpose of devising means for raising

money to carry on the home rule fight.

It was decided to aid them financially and to send a cablegram stating the fact to the men who signed the appeal. A motion to send the cablegram to William Redmond personally provoked a lively discussion and the cablegram was not sent. The money, however, will be forthcoming.

National Electrical Association. Sr. Louis, Mo., Feb. 19:-A great deal of Interest is manifested in the coming conven- | Rotterdam.

tion of the National Electrical association, which meets here February 28 for three days. Matters of great interest to both the public and the electric world will be con-sidered at the convention and the attendance will probably be larger than at any convention heretofore held.

POPULISTS WILL ADJOURS.

Last Resort of the Opponents of Kansas Republican Legislators.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 19.—When the popu-

list house of the legislature meets tomorrow it will at once enter upon the execution of a plan to fortify their position before the people. They will set their legislative mill to grinding at as fast a rate as possible and will attempt to pass all the important measures before Thursday or Friday so as to reach adjournment before the supreme court can pass upon the legality of its organization. These laws having been passed by the house and senate and signed by Governor Lewelling can be invalidated only by the courts and the onus of the invalidation will be thrown upon the republicans, the only party disputing the populist position in the

The invalidation of the appropriation bilis for the sustenance of the public institutions must necessarily cause them much embarcassment and might even result in their temporary abandonment. The blame for such a calamity the populists hope to shift upon the republicans' shoulders and thus place them in an awkward position before the people at the next election.

The resolution adopted by the republican

house declaring all seats vacant which are not occupied by February 22, goes into ef-fect Wednesday next. Warnings to that ef-fect are being served upon the populist mem-This action cannot cause a renewal of the hostilities of last week, as has been de-clared it might, for the reason that it is not a violation of the agreement by which peace was restored. The populists will ig-nore the warning and go right ahead passing bills as if no such warning had ever been

Little Legislative Talk.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 19.—[Special Telegramto The Bee.]—Few of the members of the legislature went home for the Sunday recess, but there has been little of politics or legislation affoat in the hotel corridors to-day. That little has had principally to do with the appointment of Morton to the cabinet, and arrangements on the part of several of the prominent democrats to attend the reception to the distinguished Nebraskan, to be given by his fellow townsmen at Nebraska City Tuesday evening on his return from the east.

DEATH ROLL.

Herr Bleichroeder, the Berlin Banker, Closes

His Last Transaction. [Copyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.] Berlin, Feb. 19.—[New York Herald Cable Special to THE BEE.]-Baron von Bleichroeder, the well known Berlin financier, died this afternoon at his residence in

His last financial transaction was to give rders for the purchase of Russian government londs, with the idea of helping the much desired German-Russian alliance by showing that Germany was willing to assist Russia financially. Bleichroeder's name in Bismarck's day was all powerful, but latterly he was not so prominent in politics as he was formerly, although to the end, notwithstanding his blindness, he remained the genius of the Berlin bourse, without whose advice no important measure was undertaken. His life long partner, Geheimrath Schwab, will now probably retire, leaving the business in the hands of Bleichroeder's two sons.

Privile Robert Peb. 19.—State Senator John N. Neeb died this morning of dropsy. Neeb was one of the best known journalists in Pennsylvania and was one of the most republican politicians in this section of the

Washington, D. C., Feb. 19.—George E. Spencer, ex-United States senator from Alabama, died at 10 o'clock tonight at his rooms in this city. Although he had been an invalid for a year or more, his death was unexpected. After recovering from a stroke of paralysis sustained in 1891 he came to Washington in December last with his wife, but shortly afterwards began to suffer fr.m dropsy. He had so far recovered from this attach that he yesterday afternoon visited the Treasury department. Returning to room he was seized with hemorrhage of the stomach. This was followed in the night by another stroke of paralysis resulting in death at 10 o'clock tonight. San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 19.—S. C. Hast-

ings, first chief justice of the supreme court of California and founder of the Hastings Law college, a branch of the State university lied here last night, aged 78 years. He was born in Jefferson county, New York.

LANCASTER, Pa., Feb. 19.—Major N. A. Hambright, U. S. A., retired, aged 88, died today from a cancerous affection. Mr. Hambright served through the Mexican war and which he had become brigadier general. then entered the regular army, from which he was retired a few years ago.

QUEENSLAND FLOODED.

iteady Rain for Several Days Threatens to Cause Great Damage. MELBOURNE, Feb, 19. -Steady rain for several days has caused the rivers of Queens land to rise rapidly and to threaten a repetition of the recent floods. Gales have accompanied the rainfall, so that between wind and water most of the railway and telegraph nes have been rendered temporarily uscless Ipswich, Brisbane and several smaller owns are partially under water. In Brisone the water is but ten inches below the ighest mark during the last flood, and ten er twelve lives have been lost. In northern New South Wales the floods have done enormous damage to crops.

WILL ELEVATE ITS TRACKS.

Millions to Be Expended by the Northwest-

CHICAGO, III., Feb. 19.—It is announced that the Chicago & Northwestern railway will elevate all its tracks within the limits of Chicago at an expense of \$24,000,000. The plans provide for the elevation of twentyeven miles of first and second track and 143 miles of side track. Tue company estimates that the interest on the \$24,000,000 will be less than the amount it is compelled to pay annually on account of litigation and property in the pay annual to the state of the state judgements arising from deaths and personal injuries due to the most part to grade cross-

RUSSELL AND JENKS.

Mr. Cleveland Said to Have Completed His Cabinet Appointments.

CHICAGO, III., Feb. 19 .- A dispatch from Washington to the Inter Ocean says that President-elect Cleveland has completed his cabinet by appointing John W. Russell of Massachusetts as secretary of the navy and George W. Jenks of Philadelphia as attorney general.

After Kentucky Bondiers.

CINCINNATI. O., Feb. 19 -- A special grand lury in Newport, Ky., has indicted ex-Mayor A. S. Borry, congressman-elect, and nearly all the members of the council of 1891, for malfensance in office. Mr. Berry and a balf dozen members of the council were also in-dicted for bribery, attempted bribery or reectiving bribes in connection with street rail

Movements of Ocean Steamers, February 19. Queenstown-Arrived-Servia, from Havre-Arrived-La Bretagne, from At Boston Arrived Herman, from Ant-

At Philadelphia—Arrived—Montana, from At New York-Arrived-Werkendam, from

IS NOT A FAIR ESTIMATE

Secretary Rusk Objects to Certain Criticisms of His Department.

NECESSARILY INCREASED EXPENSES

Inspection System Maintained in Great Britain Reduced the Appropriation Considerably-Other Agricultural Interests Discussed.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 19.—Replying to the criticism to the effect that the appropriation for the Department of Agriculture has increased threefold under the present administration, Secretary Rusk says: "I have already called attention in my last annual report to the fact that anyone making a fair estimate of the expenditures of this department will recognize that nearly \$900,000 appropriated to the United States weather bureau is not an increase of expense, having simply been a transfer from one appropriation to another. What has been added to the appropriations to the Department of Agriculture has been so much deducted from the appropriations of the Department of War. "Another part to be considered is that

under the Hatch bill providing for experiment stations in every state in which there was established an agricultural college, there has been a steady increase, provided by law and aggregating for the past year more than \$700,000, over which the head of this department exercises no control what-ever, the same being included under the ap-propriations for the Department of Agri-culture simply as a matter of convenience to the accountants of the treasury. It should consequently be omitted entirely in estimat-ing the comparative expenditures for this department one year with another.
"A deduction from the total appropriations of these these two items brings the ap-

propriations for the current year down to a reasonable basis for comparison.

How the Money is Divided,

"Of the \$1,600,000 thus arrived at \$850,000 are for the bureau of animal industry, an in-crease of \$350,000 over the sum appropriated for the bureau in 1888 and 1889, this large in-crease being rendered necessary by the in-spection laws of August 30, 1890 and March 30, 1891, which necessarily entailed a vast increase of labor upon the bureau, involving, ns they do the inspection during a single year, both ante and post mortem, of more than 5,000,000 animals besides the mainte nance of an inspection system in Great Brit-ain, where more than 368,000 animals were nspected.
"Now as a matter of fact when you deduct

the increased expenditures for this expense. you will find comparatively little increase in the appropriations for the current fiscal year and those for the year 1889, which were estimated for by the previous administra-tion. At the same time I wish to state that, while I believe in proper economy in tion. At the same time I wish to state that, while I believe in proper economy in the administration of every department of the government, I do not believe in carrying economy far enough to impair efficiency, and I wish to further place myself on record as stating that as the time or opportunity is afforded for doing so prudently, it will be desirable to greatly increase the appropriations for this department in order to meet tions for this department in order to meet the legitimate demands which will inevit-ably be made upon it in the agricultural interests of the country.
"The people of the United States must not

forget that the agricultural interests are really very close to all of them, whatever their line of business, the entire business of the country being dependent upon the well-being of our farmers. In spite of this, it is significant that the entire appropriations for the maintenance of this department even en-tailed by the transfer of the weather bereau from the War Department, amount to conappropriations for the national government.

CONGRESSIONAL FORECAST.

some of the Interesting Questions to He Deelded This Week.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 19.-The backward state of the appropriation bills lends serious interest to the remark that Senator Vilas dropped yesterday during the long debate on the Sherman bond amendment, that there might be only a short interval between the adjournment of this congress and the assembling of the next. There are two or three other matters of discussion still to come up in connection with the pending sundry civil bill in the senate whose consideration has al ready consumed the best part of the week.

Included among these is the proposed amendment in regard to the site of a new government printing office, round which many opposing interests seem to have cen-tered and to have enlisted champions on the senate floor. After that bill is disposed of, there is the legislative appropriation bill ready for action, upon which there are half a dozen hot fights imminent.

Other Important Measures.

Then there are the pension and postoffice appropriation bills. Both of these measures have been productive of many columns of eloquence in the house, and it is not fikely that they will be more lightly passed over in the senate. Mr. Allison, chairman of the appropriations committee, yesterday threat ed night sessions of the senate to dispose of these appropriation bills, but experience has shown that it is impossible to hold the senate together in night sessions more than one or two nights, and those are generally mergency nights at the very close of the

The Nicaragua bill, another fruitful topic of talk, is among the unfinished business, and there is the Hawaiian treaty to be disposed of in executive session. The appropriation bills are also in a backward state in the house, owing largely to what threatened to be an interminable debate over the pension appro-priation bill and recourse will be had tomorow to rapid transit in parliamentary procedure by passing the agricultural and naval appropriation bills under the suspension of the rules. It is possible that the New York bridge bilt and the Utah admission bill may come up under suspension of the rules.

Much Time Necessary.

The passage of the agricultural and naval bills will leave before the house the post-office and the Indian appropriation bills. It should not be a tedious task to get action be fore the house on these measures. All the bills heretofore passed have been amended by the senate, however, and considerable time between now and March 4 will have to be spent in acting on conference reports on oppropriations.

Mr. Hatch is getting very restless over the delay in the rules committee on his re-quest for a day for the anti-options bill, and t is almost certain that a move of some sort will be made by him this week. He has not asked for an opportunity to pass the bil under suspension of the rules, and it is as serted by its opponents that he could not so

Two other courses are open to him, first, to get a special order from the rules com mittee, giving him a day for his bill and ther to vote down the previous question as the anti-silver men attempted unsuccessfully to do, and amend the order by making the cloture a part of it; second, a move to go into com-mittee of the whole to consider revenue This latter course would put no curb on the

filibusterers, and therefore Mr. Hatch is not likely to take this course. If he did do so fight would be one of endurance between the friends and opponents of the anti-options Notice has been given that the car couple

bill with senate amendments will be called up next Tuesday. Will Not Be Favored. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.-Representa-

proposition of Senator Sherman would, when it came up Tuesday, be non-concurred in, and then sent to conference. The conferees action, whatever it would be, he thought would be acquiesced in by the house.

OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 20, 1893.

THINKS THE MATTER SETTLED.

ers Talks of the Situation.
Salt Lake, U. T., Feb. 19.—[Special Telegram to Tue Ben |- William A. Kinney of this city returned from Washington today, whither he has been as official legal adviser of the Hawaiian commissioners. In response to an inquiry as to the situation upon this question he said: "The treaty as outlined by the press dispatches was signed on last Saturday and duly transmitted to the senate There is every reason to believe that it will be promptly ratified, especially in view of the fact that the committee on foreign affairs is practically unanimous and only one branch of the national legis-lature is to consider the matter. Its prolature is to consider the matter. Its provisions are satisfactory to the commissioners and will be, I think, to the people of the islands, too. Many details could not be incorporated in the treaty itself, they being very properly left to future legislation by

The commissioners expect to sail for the island on the steamer of March 3, carrying the document with them, and also being ac-companied by a special commission repre-senting the United States. When ratified by the provisional government at Honolulu, everything will be concluded and the Ameri can flag run np to stay. Nothing will then remain to be done except to inventory and turn over the government property and let the provisional government run the affairs of the islands until congress can pass the

of the islands until congress can pass the necessary legislation."

Mr. Kinney was much pleased with the treatment accorded the commission and himself by the State department and the representatives of the press in particular. The end so nearly attained has long been a desire with him, and it was a pleasant duty he discharged to the people of his native isles in aiding their representatives in this undertaking.

How the Commissioners spent the Day. Washington, D. C., Feb. 19.-Messes. Thurston, Castle and Carter of the special ommission of the provisional government of

Hawaii spent the day in New York.

Mr. Paul Neuman, the envoy of the lately deposed queen, was confined to his room today by a severe cold. He hopes to be out again tomorrow. He said tonight that he had no engagement to meet the secretary of state or the president but, that he intended state or the president, but that he intended to call upon Secretary Poster at the earliest possible moment after that official returns to Washington.

To Hear the Other Side.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 19.-Secretary of State Foster arrived here from Washington Saburday to visit his family. He left unexpectedly for Washington tonight to see the queen of Hawaii's representative, of whose arrival at the national capital he had just been apprised. Secretary Foster says he ex-pects to sail from New York Wednesday for Paris.

NORTHERN PACIFIC TROUBLES.

President Oakes Issues a Statement to the Stockholders. New York, Feb. 19 .- An address to the stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railway company, signed by President T. F. Oakes, was issued tonight calling attention

to the circular that accompanied the report of Henry Clews, Brayton Ives, and J. Cooke. jr., the three members of the committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the railway company. This circular in part says: 'The accompanying report has been ready for distribution for several days, but the

for distribution for several days, but the committee has not been able to issue it, ow-ing to the delay of the Northern Pacific company in furnishing a list of stockholders. This list was asked for previous to January and its speedy preparation was promised by the secretary. Later, however, the com-pany attempted to make (as a condition for furnishing the list) the right of its officers to revise the report and to issue a reply simul taneously with this publication. This de mand the committee refused, and delay is

"We believe that a careful reading of the enclosed report will convince stockholders that the report of the present managers is not such as to justify extension, much less

an increase of confidence."

President Oakes' address says, after menconing the investigating committee's circu-

ar:
"The contents of this circular will, I feel sure, defeat its object without any specific refutation or reply from the company. As the circular is made the occasion, however, for the request for proxies in favor of the three signers I deem it my duty as president of this company to recommend to all the stock-holders not to act until they have received a statement of the reasons for offering at this time, to the stockholders, the company's holding of the St. Paul & Northern Pacific railroad's stock, and until the board of directors shall have an opportunity to expose the astonishing mistakes in facts and figures which the committee has made. These mistakes might have been averted if the com-mittee had accepted the board's invitation verify these facts and figures before pub-

lication. THEIR ANNUAL BANQUET.

Members of the Ohio Society of New York at Delmonico's.

New York, Feb. 19.-The annual banquet of the Ohio Society of New York was held at Delmonico's last night. Two hundred members were present. Governor McKinley and Secretary Foster who were expected were unable to attend. At the guests table there were scated Congressman Michael Harter, John W. Noble, secretary of the interior; Frederick Taylor; James L. Campbell, exgovernor of Ohio and President Strong. The latter in his opening address paid tribute to those who had gathered to celebrate the

place of their birth.
The toast to the "President of the United States' was given with cheers and Secretary of the Interior John W. Noble, who responded came in for a liberal amount of the

The president next introduced Congressman Harter, who to the toast, "The Annexation of Territory," said in regard to Hawaii; "There is a serious question whether we should reach out thousands of miles into the ocean to annex this beggardly island

with its alien population.

"When the time comes that the United States has an unchangeable standard of gold. when our commerce is untrameled, bank account of the world will be ke New York. Let us be content with the ter

itory we have." Ex-Governor Campbell of Ohio who in the absence of Governor McKinley said: "I beg to differ with Congressman Harter on the annexation of Hawaii." "I differ," he megan, "with one point in the excellent peech of my friend. I think our children will live to see a time when not only the slands to the west of us, but also those to the east and the islands of the north of us from the isthmus of Panama to the pole, there will be no flag but the United States

LETTER CARRIERS' SUCCESS.

Their Bill for Increased Pay Sure to Bedome

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 .- At a meeting of the etter carriers this afternoon a report from the legislative committee of the National Association of Letter Carriers in America was read showing that everything possible his been done to secure the passage of the bill now pending in congress looking to in-creased salaries for carriers. The report states the passage of the bill is assured.

Fight with Georgia Horse Thieves. Augusta, Ga., Feb. 19.-Hal Halstein and John Dubose, two horse thieves, resisted arrest by a posse yesterday in Aiken county, said that in his opinion the 3 per cent bond | hut were both captured, Dahose being prob-

LEO'S EPISCOPAL JUBILEE

Thousands Crowd St. Peter's to Witness the Ceremonies of the Occasion.

HIS HOLINESS OFFICIATED AT MASS

Remarkable Health of the Pontiff Evidenced by the Manner in Which He Conducted the Special Service-Celebrated in the United States.

ROME, Feb. 19.-The pealing of church bells announced the celebration of the pope's episcopal jubilee. By 4 o'clock the thousands of pilgrams, tourists and citizens were crowded before the doors of St. Peter's. At o'clock two battalions of infantry in uniform were drawn up before the cathedral so as to be ready to help the 200 or more gen darmes in preserving order. The crowds swelled suddenly but remained quiet despite the tremendous pressure caused by about 5,000 ticket holders in their hopeless struggle to get near the doors.

At 6 o'clock the cathedral doors were pened and the foremost of the crowd swept in. Within half an hour the great building was packed to the steps. Three thousand pilgrims and 25,000 or 30,000 Catholics from this city gained admission. Not fewer than 40,000 persons, many of them ticket holders, were turned away by the military, who cleared the spaces around the building so as to prevent disorder when the services closed. Cheered the Pope.

The pope entered the cathedral at 9:45 pale but smiling and apparently in somewhat bet-ter health than usua. The cathedral rang with tumultuous cheering as the pope was borne toward the altar. His holiness offici-ated at the special jubilee mass, intoning the opening words of the Te Deum and giv-ing his blessing in a clear, penetrating voice. The mass lasted until 10:45, but apparently did not fatigue his holiness. He remained in the cathedral forty-five minutes after the celebration and then proceeded to his apart-

The crowds dispersed slowly. At noon The crowds dispersed slowly. At noon most of them had gone and a quarter of an hour later the military withdrew. This afternoon the Irish pilgrims attended service in the church of St. Sylvester and were blessed by Cardinal Logue. The English pilgrims at St. Georges received the blessing from Cardinal Vaughan.

The weather has been magnificent all day.
The air has been mild and dry and the sun
has shone uninterruptedly. This evening has shone uninterruptedly. This evening St. Peters and all the other churches, all the convents and private houses are illuminated. The streets are througed and the square in front of St. Peters is almost impassible Without exception, however, the people have been perfectly orderly. Not an arrest has been reported. King Humbert and Queen Marguerite took their usual drive through the city today and everywhere were saluted

respectfully. The scene at the cathedral was brilliant and impressive. The pope, in full canonicals, was borne on the sedia gestatory to the altar, accompanied by a gorgeous corps of richly clad and beleweled cardinals and

richly clad and beleweled cardinals and officers of the Swiss guards. The vigor of the pope's movements during mass and the energy of voice and gesture as he gave the blessing astonished the people.

A transparency before the Belgian college in Rome attracted a group of liberals, who shouted "Long live Italy!" to which the Catbolics replied "Long live the papacy?"

There was a little excitement and the There was a little excitement and the gendarmes removed the transparency. Otherwise nothing occurred to mar the peace and pleasures of the day.

IN THE UNITED STATES

How the Pope's Golden Jubilee Was Celebrated on This Side. BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 19 .- Cardinal Gibbons, all the priests attached to the cathedral, Rev. Magnine and all the Sulpician fathers and seminarians in the seminary of St. Mary of St. Sulpice, together with an immense congregation, united today in the cathedral on the service of solemn high mass the occasion being to unite with the holy father himself in Rome in the celebration of his elevation to the episcopate, fifty years ago. Cardinal Gibbons preached the

sermon, dwelling principally upon the supremacy of the pope.
"You might as well," said he, "shut out the light of day and the air of heaven from vour daily walk as to exclude the pope from his legitimate sphere in the hierarchy of the church. The history of the United States with the presidents left out would be more intelligible than the history of the church to the exclusion of the vicar of Christ. This supremacy of the pope, it may be objected, has been denied I grant it. And so has every truth of revelation been denied-from the very existence of God even to the resur-rection of the flesh. But notwithstanding these denials, the truths of revelation remain

Hope for Closer Union. The supremacy of the pope has been de nied by men who changed under the salutary discipline of the church and were unwilling to abide by the decision of the holy see. David did not cease to be king after Abso-

om had sought to aethrone him. 'A yearning has gone forth from many noble and earnest hearts for the union of Christendom. That earnest desire has my heartfelt sympathy and 1 would make any sacrifice, even of life itself, for the consum-mation of so great a blessing. The American people with their practical good sense and energetic dispositions, aided by the grace of God, if all united in a common bond of faith and charity good. faith and charity would convert the orld. But there can be only one secure world. basis for this union—that established by Christ himself-the recognition of Peter and his successors as the center of spiritual

authority.
"May the day be hastened when we may all worship at the same altar—having one Lord, one faith, one baptism one God and Father of all. Let us pray for the illustrious contiff who is today celebrating the golden ubilee of his episcopate; a pontiff who has eft the impress of his character upon almost ery nation of the civilized world; who has his finger upon the pulse of the people; and has sympathy with their legitimate aspira-tions—above all a pontiff who loves America and cherishes her civil amd political institu-

POWER OF THE POPE. Interesting Discussion of the Catholic Club of

New York. New York, Feb. 19 .- The fiftieth anniversary of the consecration of Leo XIII, was celebrated by the members of the Catholic club tonight. The restoration of his holiness to temporal power was made the keynote of addresses and embodied in the resolution expressing the concerted views of the club on this rather important question. Archbishop Corrigan, who was the principal speaker of the evening, insisted on that point in his remarks on the characteristics and career of the head of the Roman church. After re viewing the prominent political position occupied by the pope among the world's rulers the archbishop said: "Is It right that he who wields all this

power should be the subject of an earthly sozereign? In the language of the litany may he live to see the triumph of the church and may the Lord spare bim and give him length of days and not yield him up into the hands of his enemics."

hands of his enemics."

The resolution was adopted containing this paragraph: "In union with all the loving chain of your holiness of every nation we desire to express the hope that the work of your long and glorious pontificate may yet be crowned with the restoration of that Temporal independence which belongs to the holy see by right as essential to justice humanity and religion, and which has been earned for it again by the mighty achieve-

ments by your holiness in the cause of the

people."

Judge Daly in speaking of the resolution went on to show how the idea, so repugnant in Italy, of the pope's having government of Italian territory was paralleled in this coun-try in the District of Columbia. There, he explained, is a population governed without try in the District of Columbia. There, he explained, is a population governed without representation; a state within a state. Yet the good of the whole people made this necessary. Why was it not more necessary and equally practical, he continued, where the head of the church was concerned! Every nation, so far as the holy see is concerned, is a state.

Changed the Order of Things. BAYONNE, N. J., Feb. 19.-Father Killen this morning read to his congregation a let ter from Archbishop Satolli directed to Bishop Wigger, who completely reversed the orders issued by the bishop in relation to the parishes of St. Marys, St. Thomas and St Henry, read in the Catholic churches a week ago. By the bishop's letter the two latter parishes were united, and rengious service in St. Thomas church was practically dis-continued. The priest was also directed to preach in English and German as he had lone in the past.

Explain the Pope's Letter on Masonry.

JERSEY CTTY, N. J., Feb. 19.- The pope's

jubilee concert took place at the

Academy of Music in this city this afternoon and was attended by many prominent priests and laymen from all the parishes in the diocese. Bishop Wugger was present and made an address on the

was present and made an address on the stage explaining the pope's letter in regard to Free Masonry and the labor question. He said that the Catholic church was opposed to all secret societies, but the pope had selected Masonry for illustration because it was the most prominent secret order in the world world. Ireland's Excellent Sermon. St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 19.-The jubilee was

properly observed today in the cathedral,

where Archbishop Ireland delivered an elo

quent sermon culogizing Pope Leo and rank

pontiffs. The following was telegraphed to Rome by Archbishon Ireland. To Leo: From the diocese of St. Paul most affectionate regards and most heartfelt wishes for his health and his prosperity. May God accord him yet many years.

Celebrated Throughout Austria. VIENNA, Feb. 19.-The papal jubilee was celebrated in all Austrian cities today. Galimberti, the papal nuncio in this city, re ceived for several hours this afternoon. Ail onspicuous members of the royal family were present except the emperor, who sent his congratulations directly to the pope. Most of the diplomats and hundreds of the obility and deputies expressed their congratulations to the nuncio.

Generally Observed. NEW ORLEANS, La., Feb. 19.-The Episcopal jubilee of Pope Leo was commemorated in every Catholic church in this city with all the pomp, grandeur and majesty which the ritualis susceptible to display. At Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 19,-The episcopal

ubilee of Pope Leo was observed in all the Catholic churches here today. Philadelphia's Celebration. Philadelphia, Pa. Feb. 19.—The pope's golden jubilee was celebrated in all the Catn-

olic churches in the diocese.

GENTLE SPRING IN THE EAST. Furious Blizzard Raging in New York and

Pennsylvania. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 19.-At 9 o'clock tonight a terrific biizzard swept over this city and vicinity, accompanied by peals of thunder and blinding flashes of lightning. It had been snowing all day and in the evening the fury of the storm increased. The wind blew forty miles an hour from the southwest and drove the snow before it in sheets. Pedestrians almost within reach of their own doors became confused by the blinding snow, and had serious difficulty in reaching places of safety. For fully half an hour the blizzard raged, the mercury going down ten degrees The air seemed to be packed with flying snow, the wind nowled frightfully and the lightning played about in a dangerous man-ner. Residents of this city, thinking that a repetition of the terrible tornado of 1890 was coming, fortified themselves as best they could. Fortunately, however, the wind was abated, and all fears of a cyclone were allayed. The wind worked havoc in exposed places about the city, where signs were blown down, window glass shattered and telephone and telegraph wires prostrated. The paralyzed the electric roads and all trains

uning into this city are late Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 19.—The storm struck this city about 10:30 p. m., but beyond the destruction of awnings, the break-ing of window glass, and the interruption of telegraphic service, no serious damage has been reported.

The storm appears to have been general throughout the western section of the state. ELMIRA, N. Y., Feb. 19.—The worst storm of the season has prevailed here this even-ing, the wind attaining almost a cyclonic force, while a blinding snow storm filled the air. The mercury also fell very rapidly and promises to reach the zero mark before daylight. POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Feb. 19 .- One of the most furious blizzards ever known struck this city at 11 o'clock tonight and lasted

three-quarters of an hour. The snow was so heavy that it was impossible to see across the street and the wind blew a hurricane, the mercury dropped ten degrees in half New York, Feb. 19.—The storm which had been brewing all day broke over the city at fifteen minutes past 11 o'clock last night. For a time it made things lively for pedestrians who could not see more than a few feet ahead of them through the snow, which

was whiried along on the wings of a blowing at the rate of forty miles an hour It looked as if the long expected blizzard, the brother of New York's visitor of 1888 had arrived. In the carly hours of the morning the wind was still blowing a gale, driving the snow in blinding sheets before it. The temperature is falling rapid dropped four degrees in an hour. is falling rapidly, having

TO SETTLE THEIR DIFFERENCES. Officials of the Reading and the Drexels Hold

a Conference. Philadelphie, Pa., Feb. 19.-A conference was held between the Reading people and some one representing the Drexels. Where the conference was held, who was present and what was done could not be learned, but that a meeting took place between the Read ing officials and the Drexels was confirmed by a director of the road. Beyond admitting the fact of the meeting the director would say nothing. President McLeod was seen this evening. He was uncommunicative upon he subject as he has been since talk about

the road began. The pattle being waged over the Reading was the absorbing topic here today. The different theories that have been advanced for the drive at the roal were discussed and commented on, but no one could be found who risked advancing any opinion apon the truth of them. By some to whom the facts dis-closed in the conference held today was told, the opinion was expressed that the difficul-ties of the Reading might have been ad-justed at the meeting and the story of the attack upon the Reading might never have been known. The general belief is, how-ever, that tomorrow will be the critical day and the secret of the attack upon the road

will then become known. Passed the Danger Line.

Poursmoura, O., Peb. 19. - The Ohio river ias passed the danger point here, being 55 feet, 8 inches, and is still rising slowly. As yet the business portion of the city has suffered no damage and none is expected falling barometer and stiff wind prevails.

REBELLION IN ECUADOR

Entire Province of Esmeraldas Declared in a State of Siege.

FEW DETAILS OF THE TROUBLE OBTAINED

Decisive Battle Between the Government froops and the Rebels in Rio Grande do Sul is Expected-President Pena is Disgusted.

☐ (Copyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.) Panama (via Galveston, Tex.), Feb. 18.-By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald -Special to THE BEE.]-News has just reached this city of an uprising in Ecuador which resulted in a bloody battle between the revolutionists and the government troops in the city of Esmeraldas, the capital of the maritime province of the same name.

No details have been received, but it is said the fight was a hotly contested one, and that the government forces vere victorious. The entire province has been declared in a state of siege and more trouble is expected. The Herald correspondent at Managua

says the government of Nicaragua is considering a proposition to suspend the payment of interest on the exterior debt for two years. Senna Medina re-enters the ministry n charge of the treasury department. There has been a big strike on the govern-

nent railway, which seriously impedes

traffic News comes from Venezuela to the effect that a contract has been made with Alfredo Promentin to lay a cable between La Guayra and some point in Florida. Dr. Rojas Paul has issued a manifesto formally ing him with the greatest and best of all announcing his candidacy for the presidency for the short term which will expire in February, 1894. He reasserts his loyalty to the legalista cause and bids high for the nomination. The continuista generals, Ferrer and Batalla, with sixty others, have been taken from la Rotunda and imprisoned in San

Carlos. Gustavo Ostega, a Columbian newspaper correspondent, has been expelled from Costa Expect a Battle Soon.

Valparaiso, Chili, (Via Galveston, Tex.,) Feb. 19.- By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE. |-- News of the invasion of Rio Grande do Sul by the federals yesterday has been confirmed. The lines of communication have been cut, but it is confidently expected in Montevideo that a battle will be fought within the next day or two, between the forces of Saraiva and

The Herald's correspondent at Buenos

Ayres telegraphs that President Saenz Pena

is thoroughly disgusted with the condition of unrest throughout the country, and the almost daily recurring conflicts, and he threatens to resign unless there is a cessation of these troubles. A law suit has been commenced between the New York and Equitable Life Insurance

the Castilhistas near Santa Anna.

by the latter company. TO OPPOSE AMERICANS.

companies, arising from the alleged inser-

tion in various papers of prejudicial notices

Madrid Newspapers Call Upon the Govern-Madrid, Feb. 19.-El Globo, commenting upon a report current here that an American syndicate has acquired 500,000 acres of land on Samana bay, San Domingo, urges the government to ask the powers interested to co-operate with Spain to oppose the American annexation of San Domingo. El Tiempo, in an article on the same subject, urges that Spain should join the triple alliance against

be friendly to the United States. Students Arrested in Berlin. Berlin, Feb. 19.-The police arrested on Friday ten Russian Poles, students in the university here, and two women. The charge against one of them is that he has published an exceptionally objectionable anarchistic namphlet. The charges against the others are known only by the police. All the ar-rests are said to have been at the instance of the Russian government.

France, as the latter country is supposed to

Mr. Balfour's Health Improved. London, Feb. 19 .- Arthur James Balfour, the leader of the unionists, who is ill of the grippe, has been better today. Mr. Gladstone and many other statesmen of parties called to inquire of his health.

Edward de Cobain at Liberty. BELFAST, Feb. 19. - Edward de Cobain, the ex-member of Parliament arrested Friday for unnatural crimes, today has been admitted to bail in the sum of £1,000.

LONDON, Feb. 19. - The liberals have gained an important victory at Hexham, Northumberland, where Mr. McInnes, liberal, has been elected by a vote of 4,804 to 4,358.

Anti-Parnellite Success DUBLIN, Feb. 19 .- Jeremiah Jordon, the anti-Parnellite candidate in South Meath,

was elected yesterday by a vote of 2,707 to 2,638 for J. J. Dalton. Parnellite. THE FIRE RECORD.

Costly Blaze in a Pennsylvania Town-In

Other Localities. WEST NEWTON, Pa., Feb. 19. -Fire broke out in Paul's furniture store at 1:30 o'clock this morning and before the flames could be subdued destroyed Paul's store, Deaver's millinery store, Striecher's store, the postoffice, Oley's hardware store, Sander's hardware store and Seigler's stoe factory. The Steinway & Plummer blocks, Methodist Episcopal church and several residences were badly damaged. Families occupied the upper floors of the buildings and there were number of narrow escapes, but no one was injured. For a time it was feared the cutile town of 1,700 inhabitants would be destroyed. and Pittsburg was telegraphed for assistance, but the request was afterward countermanded. The loss was \$40,000.

SAVANNAR, Ga., Feb. 19.—Fire totally destroyed a double four story brick building ore last night. It was one occupied by lindsay & Morgan, furniture dealers. The oss is \$80,000. GARDNER, Mass., Feb. 19.—The Arte-Pubishing company's large frame building was orally destroyed by fire today. The other occupants of the building, mostly societies, suffered but small losses. The company's

ess will be about \$125,000; insurance, \$95, BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 19 .- The Birmingham milis burned today. Two carloads of flour and several thousand bushels of meal were destroyed. The total loss is about \$89,000; no insurance. J. A. Lewis, superintendent, was asleep in the building and was

Thought the Revolver Was Empty. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Feb. 19.-Robert Porterfield was shot and killed this afternoon by Scott Miller at the home of the latter. Miller was arrested. He says the shooting was accidental, that they had been snapping at each other a revolver from which the at each other a revolver from which cylinder had been removed. Porterfield re-placed the cylinder and Miller, not noticing that he had done this, pointed the weapon at Porterfield and pulled the trigger,