### WAR BEGUN IN REAL EARNEST

Kansas Populists and Republicans Engage in a Street Row.

WHAT THE TROUBLE ALL STARTED OVER

Attempt of the Republicans to Arrest Clerk Rich of the Populist House Precipitates & Small Riot-Further Trouble is Anticipated.

Torska, Kan., Feb. 14.-War is on in real arnest between the two houses of the legislature and blows have been exchanged. There are now open thre is by the populists of sensational hostilities and at any moment there may be something more than the talk which has been so long indulged in-

An attempt by the deputy sergeant-at-Bims of the republican house to arrest Ben C. Rich, clerk of the populist house, on orders from the republicans, was the cause of the conflict, during which two republicans were knocked down and several en on each side were badly bruised by blows of fists. The encounter occurred in the very center of the city and created great excitement.

What will be the outcome of the trouble no one now attempts to foretell, but it is generally agreed that tomorrow will witness

The trouble all grose out of the aggressive attitude assumed by the republican bouse this morning. E. W. Hoch of Marion said the people were alred of the legislative farce and demanded that the legislature get down to business. He knew of two ways to settle the question-either to knock down or go into the courts. He preferred the latter. and in order to bring the matter before the courts he proposed action set forth in a resolution which he introduced.

### Directed the Arrest of Rich.

This resolution declared that Ben C. Rich, clerk of the populist house, had unlawfully interrupted the proceedings of the legally constituted lower house of the legislature and prevented the transaction of public business, and directed the sergeant-at-arms to prrest him and bring him before the bar of the house to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt.

The republicans promptly adopted the resclution, and the sergeant-at-arms, with two assistants, went in search of Rich. In the meantime the populists had arranged to meet force with force, and if the republican sergeant-at-arms had appeared in the house with the populist clerk there would have doubties ensued a riot of big proportions. It so happened that Rich could not be found, and after waiting until 1 o'clock the

republicans adjourned until tomorrow at 9 a.m. The populists jeered their opponents for 'weakening,' and guyed them unmerci-fully as they marched out of the hall. the sergeant-at-arms had

found Rich at the Dutton hotel and read the warrant to bim, demanding at the same time that he accompany him.

John W. Breidenthal, chairman of the populist central committee. Fred Bailey and others interfered in behalf of Rich and immediately there was a great crowd of people in the hotel. After a brief struggle the

#### growd moved out upon the street and with Rich in custody of both republicans and populists the crowd moved up the avenue. Warlike Scepes Ensue.

At the corner of Ninth and Kansas avenue the republicans tried to run Rich over to the Copeland hotel, and a warlike scene fol-

the struggle Representative Ryan knocked down republican Sergeant at Arms Young, and immediately got astride him, while Mr. Breideathal had to use force to while Mr. Breideathal had to use force to get rid of a republican who was trying to pull him away from Rich. Populist Reading Clerk S. M. Scott struck republican Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms Jordan, inflicting a wound under the eye. Other blows were struck, but no further damage was done.

In the end the populists got their man away and took him to the governor's office, from where a few minutes later he was triumphantly escorted into the hall of the house of representatives, his wife holding one arm

of representatives, his wife holding one arm and Representative Wordsworth of Atchison the other. His appearance in the hall was receted with cheers and clapping of bands. Speaker Dunsmore in calling the house to der referred to the street encounter, laving all the blame upon the republican house and defending the course of the populists. After the roll had been called the following preamble and resolutions were adopted;

## Resolutions of the Populists.

Whereas An attempt has been made to arrest the chief clerk of this house by an organized mob calling themselves the republican house of representatives, but which we believe to be in reality the Santa Fe railroad; therefore, be it.

Resolved, That we, the legally organized and legal house of representatives, proclaim to the state of Kanens that the mob was folled and that "our flag is still here."

Later the republicans swore out warrants before Justice Chesney charging Represen-tative ityan and Reading Clerk Scott with assault and battery. A constable appeared in the hall to arrest them, but they declined o accompany him until they had received Ryan consulted with his friends and an

ounced that he would neither go with the onstable nor give bond for his appearance The constable lingered grim and determined and announced that he would make the ar-rest even if he had to summon a posse.

The constable finning that an attempt to make the arrests while such great excitement prevailed might precipitate serious trouble made to attempt to serve the waract then, unless the situation calms down

## Good Chances for a Riet.

If indications count for anything, tomorrow will witness a stubbern battle between the republicans and populists. The republicans are determined to effect the arrest of Popuulist Clerk Rich, and the populists are deter-mined to defend him against arrest. Speaker Douglas this afternoon issued a

call for volunteers to serve as assistant ser-gean's at arms to aid the screeniat-arms in effecting Rich's arrest. At 10 o'clock tonight 150 men had responded to the call and had taken the oath of office.

Populist Speaker Dunsmore swore twenty assistant sergeants to act as a body guard for Chief Clerk Rich. The guards ac-companied him to his hetel and a detach-ment is tought standing guard at the door of his possessed will all the door of his room and will allow no one to enter.

The duty of this guard tonorrow will be to protect Mr. Rich from arrest. The populist heave does not need until I c'clock in the afternoon, and during the morning the populist members will guther at Rich's hotel and hold themselves in readiness to reinforce the clerk's bedyguard should the latter be in-sufficient in number to withstand the republican attacks. The 100 republican assist ants will support the republican sergeant at-arms when he attempts to arrest Rich, and arms when he attempts to arrest Rich, and it is hard to see how a riot is to be averted. The populists take the stand that the republican house has no legal standing and it is no more than a mob when it attempts the arrest of the clerk of what they claim to be the legal house. If disorder results to-morrow the governor announces his intention of calling out the milital to disperse the republican "mob" and maintain newer

#### republican "mob" and maintain peace. Democrats and Populists Fall Out.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 14 .- A bill was passed by the house this evening allowing \$12,000 for the support of the live stock commission. This board has been charged with causing the flerce coulik, between the large and small stockmen. The fight against it was part of the fusion campaign. On this secount the populist speaker arraigned the | municipal committee.

democrats of the house for treachery to their constituents. He would accept no explana-tion to the effect that the industry was en-titled to protection, and said there had either been misrepresentation last fall or it was a counterfeit position at this time. He said the action placed many men on the fiour on record as hirs and scamps. He had been elected on the stock issue and was against the board.

Several members declared that they had

not been elected on the stock issue, but on the invasion of Johnson country. The dis-cussion was warm and it looked like a divorce between the populists and demo-

#### SOUTH DAKOTA SCHEMES.

### Legislators Not Inclined to Agree on Any

Subjects of Importance.

Prenne, S. D., Feb. 14.—|Special Telegram THE BEE |-A republican caucus was held after the adjournment of the house tonight. The World's fair commission was the chief subject of debate. It was evidently the general opinion that at least six members of the umission should be republicans. Some even thought all should belong to the republican party. An adjournment was nally taken until 7:30 p. m. temorrow.A motion was then pending that it was the sense of the caucus that the governor should

appoint the entire commission. The senate World's fair committee disussed the house World's fair bill and decided to substitute its own with the recommendation that it do pass.

The Black Hills delegation is in the liveliest kind of a scrap and every day serves to widen the breach. The opposing factions acceptances and permission to make the the most exciting scenes known in Kansas | are headed by Senators Star and Thornby, and the other senators and house members are lined more or less actively on one side or

The first open rupture has come up over a bill introduced by Mr. Thornby, extending the boundaries of Custer, Meade and Penthe boundaries of Custer Meade and Pennington counties so as to take in the whole of the unorganized county of Ziebach. The design of the measure was to compel the big cattle men who live in Rapid City to pay a county tax. These men it is said, graze their stock in the older counties throughout the year except during April, when the assessment is being made, and then drive them ever the river into Ziebach, and have them over the river into Ziebach and have them assessed there. That county being unorganized they pay only the state tax of 2 mills, whereas if the bill goes through they will pay from 20 to 30 mills on the dollar.

pay from 20 to 30 mills on the dollar.

Mr. Thornby declares that these men get all the benefit of the schools courts and general civilization of the older communities, and that they should be compelled to stand the cost. On the other hand, the cattlemen enter a vicerous protest on the ground that the three counties have a very large bonded debtedness and it is not just to saddle it onto a new county which has not shared in the benefits. The bill went through the senate in spite of Star's efforts to stop it, and went up to the house with a provision that the annexation should depend upon a vote of the three old counties, this being a constitutional require-

### Cattle Kings in the Lobby,

About this time J. B. Goddard of Rapid City arrived on the scene and at once began to lobby against this measure. He secured the help of Mr. Star and several other in-fluential members from the Hills, and soon began to create considerable sen-timent for the stockmen. About this time a betition came from the citizens of Ziebach, Nowlin, Jackson and Sterling counties asking to be consolidated and organized as a county. The petition was signed by seventy voters and was designed of course to head off the annexation scheme. Messrs. Scanlon and Homes, who were fathering the bill in the house were com-pelled to make some concession. They finally consented to permit the residents of Ziebach. as well as those of Pennington, Custer and Fall River, to vote on the question Mr. Scanlon assented to allow Mr. Holmes to be appointed a committee of one to change the bill in this respect. When the measure was put on its passage Scanlon's attention was di-verted and on reading the engressed bill over after its adoption by the nouse he dis-covered that instead of making the scheme depend upon the consent of the people of Ziebach in addition to the others, as had been agreed upon, the bill gave the voting privi-

ege to Ziebach alone.

When this became known to Mr. Thornby and the other men who had been backing the measure there was a lively stirring up of dry bones. They flatly charged Sol Star with inducing Holmes to perpetrate a gross abuse of trust, and as the Deadwood statesman did very little but grin in a cheerful way they grew continually angrier. Criminations and recriminations have been

flying around for a day or two and the air is Another matter which is agitating them is the appointment of mines inspector. Star has selected Jack Gray of Deadwood and has sworn that he shall get the job. On the other hand the Harney Peak Mining com-pany has backed Titus Corkhill and Senator Ingram is pushing his campaign, while Fer-guson of Lead City is managing the canvass f the Union candidate, Stephen Nichols The other Hills members have each a ma-but these are the chief competitors. Th rivalry has made considerable bag blood and being added to that engendered by the annexation law has destroyed all harmony.

## ANNOUNCED THEIR ULTIMATUM.

Wyoming Populists Will Give the Democrat One More Chance.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 14.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE ]-At 10 o'clock tonight an ultimatum signed by four of the five populists in the house was sent to Schater Kabis. chairman of the democratic caucus. It was in effect that the four populists would cast one more ballot for General John Charies Thompson for United States senator and if that was ineffectual then they would for the future vote only for a populist. Should to-morrow's ballot fait to elect Thompson the democrats will either have to go to Brown the pointist candidate, or there will be no election and the governor will be compelled to appear it in which case A. C. Beckwith of Evansten will likely get the plum. Senator Warren is not out of the race and hopes to get enough democratic votes to secure his election.

## Senatorial Contests.

BISMARCK, N. D., Feb. 14.—Two ballets were cast for United States senator this afternoon withour result. Miller's highest vote was 29; seven other candidates received . remain

the remainder.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 14.—The senatorial vote today was as follows: Clark, 24; Mantie, 27; Dixon, 12; Sanders 1; Couch, 3. Dixon has announced his willingness to withdraw if Clark will do the same thing. PRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 14 — Judge William Lindsay was formally elected United States senator today to succeed John G. Carlisle.

## Aimed at the Pinkertons.

Sphragreno, Ill., Feb. 14.—The senate committee on labor and industrial affairs today voted to report favorably a bill making it unlawful to import an armed force from one county into another for the suppression of riots, excepting the militia.

# said to Have Excavrated Denovan. Albany, N. Y., Feb 14.—The attorney of

Florence Donovan, ex-member of the state board of arbitration, charged with being responsible for the condition of Miss Margoni which led her to submit to maloractice to be rid of her shame, says the girl in an antemortem statement excucrated Donovan and that Donovan will deliver himself to the au-

## The Death Rott.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 14 -- Bruce Carr. ex-ktate auditor, died this morning, ared 45. He was one of the youngest soldiers of the

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Sir Charles Watson, chosen mayor of Bristol six times, dropped dead today while addressing the Bristol

## GRESHAM WILL BE PREMIER

Mr. Cleveland Officially Announces the Fact of His Selection.

THREE OTHER CABINET MEMBERS NAMED

John G. Carlisle for the Treasury Portfolio, Lamont for War and Bissell Postmaster General - Names Mentioned for Other Positions.

Likewoon, N. J., Feb. 14.-Mr. Cleveland officially announced the names of four members of his cabinet through the Associated press this evering. They are: Walter Q. Gresham of Illinois, secretary of

John G. Carlisle of Kentucky, secretary of

Daniel S. Lamont of New York, secretary of war. Wilson S. Bissell of Buffalo, postmaster

general On making the announcements Mr. Cleveand said: "There is no need of any mystery in regard to the cabinet, and it is useless to speculate and indulge in guesswork. I shall make no secret of the matter, but shall announce the names of gentlemen selected to fill the position as fast as I receive the matter public."

Other Names Considered. Mr. Cleveland said in regard to the other ositions that he is considering men who have been mentioned to him. It was evident that Hoke Smith, H. A. Herbert and others who have been mentioned, are still under consideration. A conference which will probably settle Mr. Smith's chances on the subject, will be held at Mr. Cleveland's office in New York some day day this week. Senator Gordon and other southerners will

Mr. Cleveland had a visit from Mr. Cade-waller of Philadelphia. This is Mr. Cade-waller's second visit inside of a week; he is supposed to have an interest in the selection of a Philadelphian whose name he carefully guards from the public.

Senator John Martin of Kansas and Dr. S. J. Neely of the same state had a long talk with Mr. Cleveland today. They put in a strong claim for a series. strong claim for a representation in the cubinet from Kansas. He urged the selection of ex-Governor Glick and left Lakewood in a happy frame of mind as to the chances of his candidate. He said that Mr. Cleveland informed him that Judge Gresham had not been selected to temporarily fill the place of secretary of state until Minister E. J. Phelps finishes with the Bering sea controversy, but has been selected for good.

Hautrono, Conn., Feb. 14.—A Washington special says that the secretaryship of the navy is to go to ex-Congressman Carlos French of Connecticut.

#### DEMOCRATS QUITE ANGRY.

They Are More Than Disappointed at the Selections Made by Cleveland.

New York, Feb. 14.-The Washington correspondent of the Herald says: The democrats are angry. To say that they are, disappointed in the selections made by Pres-

most is Judge Gresham. They all say they have the greatest admiration and respect for Judge Gresham personally, and there is not one member of either house who would not admit that Judge Gresham would make a good secretary of state, but they uttered bitter denunciations of Mr. Cleveland for selecting a man for his premier who only a short time ago went to the trouble of writing out an interview that he was a republican, and only voted with the democrats on the tariff issue. The feeling is very pronounced against Judge Gresham, and it is probable that a strong protest will be made to the president-elect within the con-ing week. I am told there is a movement on foot looking to a combined attack upon Mr Cleveland by the democrats in congress to urge upon him the advisability of reconsid his invitation to Judge Gresham to the cabinet. If what I hear be true a protest will be made each day

All Doubt Removed. CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 14.-Practically all doubt was removed today concerning the cabinet portfolio which had been offered Judge Gresham by Mr. Cleveland, and also that it will be accepted. It became known this noon through one of his friends. that Gresham talked with District Attorney Milchist about the form of his acceptance of the appointment to the position of secretary of state. Gresham still declines to break

#### silence on the subject. Ohio League of Republican Clubs,

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 14.-The annual convention of the Ohio League of Republican clubs was held here today with 700 delegates and 100 clubs represented. John L. gates and 100 clubs represented. John L. Locke of Cambridge was elected president, and W. A. Squires of Toledo and D. D. Woodman of Cincinnati delegates to the na-tional convention at Louisville. Resolutions endorsing the Harrison addinistration and the McKinley tariff were

#### SUED PRESIDENT GREENHUT. One of the Sequels to the Whisky Trust In-

vestigation. Washington, D. C., Feb. 14,- Special Telegram to THE BRE |- Is this President Greenhut of the whisky trust?"

"Yes. What do you want?" "I am a United States deputy marshal and I wish to make service upon you of this summons in a suit for \$50,000 damages for

This was the climax of the whisky trust investigation today. It came when the testimony was closed and as Mr. Greenhut and the other officers of the company were about to leave the committee room. It was a side scene which few observed, and even Mr. Greenhut did not realize what he held in his hand until the marshal had bade him good by and had withdrawn. Then Mr. Green-hat examined the document. It was a sum-mons from the supreme court of the District

of Columbia. Attached was a copy of the declaration in the case. The plaintiff was James M. Venzey of Cincinnati, who has been instrumental in proscuting the investigation. He bases his suit on Mr. Greenhut's assertion some days ago that Veazey was an irresponsible second class drummer who wanted to make som thing out of this investigation. Mr. Green urned the summons over to his attor-Mr Greenhut's secretary. Hobart, and the attorney of the trust consulted for some time over the papers. It was their opinion that this was only snother irritating ruse by those who were making war an the trust.

## Put the Monterey in Commission.

Mann Islamp, Cal., Feb. 14.—The coast defense vessel Monterey was formally put in commission today. She is under command of Captain Louis Kempf. Her complement of 167 men marched aboard and the work of onding stores was immediately commenced.

Colorado Miners in Peril. DENVER. Colo., Feb. 14 .- A special to the News from Crested Butte, Colo., says: Great anxiety is felt here in regard to the twenty miners employed in the Cumberland mine, located on the north side of Butte

mountain, some twelve miles distant. Noth-

ing has been heard from them for more than a month, and it is feared that they may have met with death from snowslides during the recent heavy storm. The snow is five feet deep on the level here and in the mountain districts it is fully fifteen feet in depth. A relief expedition will be sant out in search of the Cumberland miners to morrow, the men being equipped with snow

## STEFENS' ACTION APPROVED.

Part He Took in the Hawalian Affair Com-

mended by Secretary Fester Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.-Secretary Foster this afternoon telegraphed to Minister Stevens at Honoluly approving his action in affirmatively responding to the request of the provisional government of Hawaii for the establishment of a protectorate over the islands pending negotiations for the annexation of the islands to the United States. Instructions for the guidance of his future action were also included in the telegrams. These instructions will leave San Francisco for Honolulu tomorrow by the steamer Australia of the local line between those The steamer China of the Pacific Mail line

left San Francisco today and will stop en-route at Honolulu.

After their interview with Secretary Fos-ter this morning the Hawaiian commis-sioners visited the Washington monument and later went to the navy yard and witnessed the work of assembling the big guns

Treaty of Annexation WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14 -- It is the

going on.

inderstanding tonight that the treaty providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the United States, which has been negotiated by the commissioners now in the city and Secretary of State Fester will be sent to the senate tomorrow.

The treaty, it is said, is not a very long ocument and covers the subject matter only so far as is necessary to secure the object so far as is necessary to secure the object sought with as little delay as possible. A well informed authority says that the treaty contains a provision for its reference to the provisional government at Hawaii after its ratification by the United States senate, to be returned to this country with the approval of the Hawaiian government within two months after its arrival in Hono-

Then if congress should be in session, or as soon thereafter as congress convenes, the legislation necessary to provide a form of government for the new territory and to carry out the financial obligations imposed by the treaty will be initiated. It is further said that the treaty con-tains no reference to the sugar bounty at

It will be transmitted to the senate accom-panied by a message from the president, who it is said, will make a strong argument in favor of annexation.

Lillinokalani's Envoys at Denver. DENVER, Colo., Feb. 14.—The Hawalian ommission, representing the deposed queen, on its way to Washington to present the case for her late majesty, arrived in Denver

at noon today and will leave for the east to-Attempts to interview members of the Attempts to interview members of the commission met with little success, the gentlemen saying that they did not care to talk, as it would defeat their ends. It is understood, however, that Mr. Neuman has in his possession a number of affidavits of residents of Hawaii and Americans who happened to be visiting there at the time of the landing of the men from the Boston, and the subsequent succession. disappointed in the selections made by President-elect Cleveland for his cabinet does not express their feelings.

A number of members of congress this afterneon expressed dissatisfaction with the report of selections for the next cabinet. The choice which annoys them most is duage Gresham. They all any selfish light. selfish light. The party will rest here until tomorrow,

#### when it will resume its journey. GOLD SHIPMENTS.

Secretary Foster's Visit to New York the Subject of Much Comment. New York, Feb. 14.-Financial circles in this city continued to be agitated today in regard to the outcome of the visit of Secretary Foster, and in the Stock exchange there was a disposition to wait for

action by the cabinet at Washington. The bankers whom Secretary Foster conferred with yesterday continued confident that the government would sell bonds. The feeling of bitterness shown by some of

the operators on the street against the houses identified with the export move is reflected in attitude of several houses which have been prominent shippers. Some of these houses restricted their sales of bills to commercial buyers and refused to sell to other bankers who have heretofore bought bills from them and so avoided gold ship-ments. As a result of this the rates for sterling exchange advanced sharply and \$4.88% was bid for sight exchange to a prominent English banking house. The offer was refused, as the house did not desire to draw bills unless it could cover them from this side. All bills drawn new could only be covered by shipments of gold. The Bank of England is now paying 76 shillings 4% pence per onnce for American gold coin, making the gold shipping point to London 84.88 43-100 for sight bills, which would show a small profit on sales made at \$4.88 the English bankers say this profit is not large enough to induce them to ship. An instance showing the feeling created by the comments recently made is the following reply by Baring, Magous & Co. to an inquiry in regard to a reason for the gold shipments.
We have no apology to make for the ship ments. If anyone desires to fight us about i

Many financiers expressed the expectation in the event of an issue of bonds that gold will be held here in order to be available to pay for purchases. If no step is taken to i crease the gold reserve it is understood that a large amount will be sent out on Saturday.

## HANGED HIM ANYWAY.

How a Tennessee Mob Treated a Negro Suspected of Assault.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 14.—This city is in the greatest excitement over a flendish assault committed this morning by a negro upon Mrs. W. A. Moore a highly respected ridow and the mother of seven grown children. A negro named Andy Blount was subsequently arrested on suspicion, but Mrs. Moore is in doubt as to whether he is the man. It is believed the negro is innocent. Nevertheless a hundred headstrong citizens battered down the doors of the county juil and forced their way into the cell where Blount was confined. Despite the protests f the jail officials and many leading citizens that Blount was imposent, they took the negro to the bridge over the Tennessee river and his corpse now dancies from one of the string pieces. Sentiment here is almost evenly divided as to the man's guilt.

## MINNESOTA'S BLIZZARD.

Heavy Fall of Snow and Big Drop in the

Temperature. St. Pass., Minn., Feb. 14.-A blizzard that raged yesterday and last night in northwestern part of this state omewhat moderated this At Crookston the snow drifted badly. All the trains are tied up. The temperature fell from 40 = above to 20 = below at Moorhead. Trains are delayed.

#### Snowing in Texas. Et Paso, Tex., Feb. 14.-A general snow storm has prevailed all day in western Texas

Only a Texas Incident-Palestine Tex., Feb. 14.-A farmer pass ing along the road found the dead bodies of two negroes who had been killed with a shotgun. There is no clew to the murderers.

# QUESTIONED BY MR. BALFOUR

Mr. Gladstone Answers the Leader of the \* Conservative Forces.

ATTACKS UPON THE HOME RULE BILL

Ireland's Ex-Chief Secretary Questions the Patriotism and the Usefulness of the Proposed Measure-His Speech Against it in the donse.

LONDON, Feb. 14.-In the House of Commonds today Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, the conservative leader, asked Mr. Gladstone whether, under the provisions of the home rule bill, the contributions from the Imperial exchequer for total purposes in Ireland would be continued, and if they were not, then he desired to ask what security British taxjayers would have for advances under the land purchase act. Mr. Gindstone replied that contributions

from the imperial exchequer for Irish local purposes would couse, and the bill created a first charge on the Irish consolidated fund in favor of the British exchequer for repayments under the land purchase act. It further provides a summary method to recover from the Irish exchequer, without the direct intervention of Irish authority, any sums due to the British exchequer.

Lord George Hamilton asked Mr. Gladstone when he proposed to introduce a bill calling with the Irish land tenure.

Mr. Gladstone declined to commit the government to any pledge to introduce a land bill. He said the government certainly did not intend to run a land bill alongside of the home rule bill. The administration and laws would meantime follow the usual course in the hands of the local authorities

Balfour's Reply to Gladstone. Mr. Balfour then, amid loud unionist cheers, began his reply to Mr. Gladstone's speech of last evening. He said: The House, first of all, has the right to inquire into why any bill is good or bad. This is the question which the prime minister has tried to answer on two famous occasions -ouce in 1886 and again last evening. The dilemina which the prime minister placed before the house has proued to be no dilemma at all, and we are reduced to the conclusion that it is deemed necessary to shake the founda-tions of the ancient constitution of the country, not because coercion is in active operation in Ireland, but because we have on the statute books a permanent act for co-ercion which may or may not be required.

Hear, hear! The prime minister must see that a bill of this magnitude is bardly justified by any condition of affairs like that from which the necessity of the crimes act arose. By universal admission there are two causes of trouble in Ireland, one the agrarian condi-tion of the country; the other the fact that it is possible, owing to the unhappys his tory of the land question, for persons with a political object to serve to arouse crimin political object to serve to arouse criminal agitation throughout Ireland. I do not care which of these alternatives is chosen. Whichever is chosen, it does not point to the necessity of home rule, but rather to the impossibility of its adoption. It is criminal to attempt to set up in Ireland a legislature practically independent of the practically independent of the imperial Parpractically independent of the imperial Par-liament. By what right were they to pro-ceed to cut off Ireland from the rest of the United Kingdom, because a majority for an arbitary measure were selected and wanted home rule? [Conservative cheers and

laughter]. Protestant Ulster. When Protestant Ulster, with an abso lutely unanimous voice, declared against the measure with aversion and abhorrence, then majorities ought not to count; they become mere local ebulitions of feeling [ Hear!' and laughter]. Ulster at least descreed ex-ceptional treatment, for which no provision

appeared in the bill now placed before the Proceeding to discuss the provisions of the bill in detail Mr. Balfour contended that the outlined plan for dealing with the constabulary and with the civil servants of the gov-ernment would certainly lead to the inflic-tion of great hardships. Every time a judge rendered a decision that did not find favor with the populace he would become a poorer man, until at last he would be paid by the peb, the exact amount of his compensation to be determined by the degree to which his interpretation of the law was brought to

#### form with the views of the Irish administration on the question disputed.

Irish Representation. Mr. Balfour next proceeded to criticize the plan of creating three constituents of differ-ent forms in Ireland, sending members to the Irish assembly, to the imperial Parlia-ment and to an Irish second chamber. The adoption of such a scheme would, he de-clared, plunge affairs into a condition of hopeless entanglement. He criticized verely the establishment of the second chamber for the protection of the minority. If Parliament were asked to provide any thing like a safeguard for minorities they were asked to ignore every lesson of histor that democratic states were capable of af

fording. [Cheers.]

As to the exercise of a veto power by the imperial Parliament Mr. Balfour held that such a provision would lead to a legislative deadlock in either the English or the Irish Parliament. [Cries of 'Hear, hear."] It had been said from the Irish benches that there would be imperial supremacy on the understanding that an honorable bargain was entered into between the imperial gov criment and an Irish Parliament; such a supremacy could never be exercised. [Laughter] No such bargain was possible or would be given. [Cheers] If the supremacy of the British Parlia-

ment were to be preserved, it must be by a form of supremacy which would be operative [Cheers.] As to the financial proposals, "why," asked Mr. Ballour, "ought this country to give to Ireland £17,000,000; The only reason which I can conceive is the confession that we have been beaten and must pay this amount as a sort of war in emnity." [Laughter.]
A federal government, he continued, or

a colonial government might be good, the British constitution as it stands was good, but this bastard combination of the three was ludicrous and impossible.

#### Mr. Brice Replies to Balfour. Mr. Brice, chancellor of the Duchy of Lan-

caster, replying to Mr Balfour, declared that part of the government's justification for bringing the bill forward was the failure of coercion. Mr. Balfour while secretary for Ireland had been obliged to abandon the lines of coercion upon which he had started out. He had failed to reconcile Ire-land either by bludgeons or bribes, [Irish cheers]. In regard to Ulster, the House ought not to judge the situation by the bluster of certain members. There was not and could not be any sever-ance of the interests of Ulster from those of he remainder of Ireland. Within ten years the speaker declared, there had not been a single instance of oppression perpetrated in Ireland ouside of Ulster, on the ground of religion. (Cries of, "Oh, oh," and Irish cheers.) Prof. Brice proceeded to support the provisions of the bill in detail. John Redmond. Parnellite, said that dur-ing the prime registers, around last ing the prime minister's speech last night, ac was impressed not so much with the presence of the prime minister as with the a sence of that great Irishman who drove the prime minister from the path of coercion to that of concession. While in sympathy with the broad principles of the bill, he found in it grave blots and fell it was imperative to press the amendment of many of the content of the and southern New Mexico and northern of many of its provisions. Irishmen had always disputed the validity of the act of union, and if they accepted the bill, and with it the supremacy of the imperial Parliament based upon the act of union, they must have some guaranty that the British Parliament would not everywaits right to legislate one

would not exercise its right to legislate over

# the heads of the Irish Parliament in local matters. T. F. Russell, unionist, said that Ulster would oppose the bill to the last. On the motion of Lord Handolph Churchill the debate was then adjourned.

### IRISHMEN ACCEPT THE BILL. Gladstone's Scheme Approved by the Na-tionalists With Slight Modifications.

Lexpox, Feb. 14.—The Irish parliamentary party has issued an official statement to the effect that at a meeting after Gladstone's speech it was decided to cordially accept the new bill, subject to the endeavors in committee to improve the financial arrangement and have the time shortened wherein the land question is withheld from the purview of the Irish legislature. Dillon and Davitt were authorized to transmit this to the friends of Irish home rule in the United States and Canada.

William O'Brien, member of Parliament for Cork city, said in an interview teday that the main principles of the home rule bill furnished a better basis of settlement than that of 1886. The frish national party's chief reservation on it was on the financial question. It remained to be seen whether Gladstone's great deal of excitement in Santiago and Valparaiso over the report that the United States Minister Patrick Egan is to be appointed one of the arbitrators on the part of the United States to question. It remained to be seen whether Gladstone's surplus of £500,000 was real. The main floos of the full were roble, and a sufficient settlement of national claims, and the party would recommend hearty frish accoptance of the bill. If passed, the program of the nationalists would be sympathetic and patriotic, combining all sensible people in the work of advancing the bosiness interests of work of advancing the business interests of

John Burns, labor member of Parilament, said he would support the bill heartly, though he objected to the veto power reserved to the crown, to the second chamber

tive antagonist. Hon. A. J. Halfour.

and especially to the election by a limited franchise. Gladstone spent an excellent night and rese refreshed. He went to the House of Commons to listen to his leading conserva-

### RUSSIA WILL SEND SHIPS,

Grand Duke Alexis Will Command the World's Fair Squadron.

St. Physicano, Feb. 14.—Russia will send a large squadron of war ships to take part in the naval display in Hampton Roads in connection with the opening of the Columbian exposition. The squadron will be under the command of the Grand Duke Alexis, lord high admiral of Russia. Many high Russian dignitaries will accompany the fleet

Canada Reducing Her Tariff.

Tomoxro, Cot., Feb. 14.—In the House of Commons today Minister of Finance Foster made public his annual report. Three changes in the tariff were announced. The
duty on binder twine is reduced from 25 percent to 123; per cent per pound.
The free admission of mining machinery
was extended for further discussion. Permission is granted foreign shippers to import coal oil in tank cars. This concession
is considered a great clean, for the Stand

ort coal oil in tank cars. This concession considered a great victory for the Standand Oll company.

The secretary's report shows that the export trade with all foreign countries is Increasing with the exception of trade with the United States, which showed a decrease

Wouldn't Help Our Enemies. St. Petersburg, Feb. 14.-The Novoe Vremya quotes a statement published in the United States to the effect that in the recent treaties France and Russia agreed to assist the United States if attacked by any other power and says it does not think the matter went to that extent, but that they doubtless undertook not

#### to assist any opponent of the United States. Used as a Tool by Arton. Paris, Feb. 14.—The trial of Lequay Pre-

vost on the charge of fraud and tion in connection with the Panama canal lottery bill operations is in the court of as-The evidence shows that Prevest was completely in the power of Arton, who com-pelled him to sign and discount bills in order to save himself from financial ruin.

## Ireland's Letters to Rome.

(Copyrighted 1807 by James Gordon Bennett.) BERLIN, Feb. 14.—[New York Herald Cable -Special to The Ber |-I hear that several of the stolen letters of Archbishop Ireland, supposed to have reference to the questions which have lately caused such talk, have been forwarded to Cardinal Ledochowski for

#### Disturbed by Earthquakes. ATHENS, Feb. 14.-The island of Samothraki in the Agean sea was shaken by an

islands were destroyed. Many lives were lost. The ironclad Pharo will take provisions to the island. Several sefelt in Zante last night and this morning. Wales Congratulated Gladstone, London, Feb. 14.—The prince of Wales was the first to congratulate Mr. Gladstone

in a private room at the House of Commons

after his address in regard to the home rule bill. Then the duchess of Teck and the Princesses Louise and Mary of Teck congratulated the premier. Dined by Gladstone. London, Feb. 14.-Mr. Gladstone gave an official dinner in his Downing street resi-

# dence this evening. Among the guests were: John Dillon, William O'Erien, Justin McCarthy and Thomas Sexton.

HUGH O'DONNELL'S TELAL. Newspaper Men Give Testimony Concerning the Homestead Riots. Privincia, Pa., Feb. 14.-The trial of Hugh O'Donnell was continued this morning. Several Pinkerton men testified that they saw him in the crowd at Homestead when the Pinkertons tried to land; that he was walking about giving orders and placing armed strikers. He told the commander of the Pinkertons that every one of them would be killed if they landed. He promised them protestion if they would surrender.

In the afternoon, Gray, upon cross-exam-nation, stated that the Pinkertons were not. leputized by him.

The rest of the session was given up to hearing the testimony of newspaper correspondents who were present when the riots

Frank McQuillon testified that O'Donneil warned the newspaper men not "to see any thing which could be used as evidence." George Campbell, editor of the West Elizabeth Star, said he was s'anding on the when the rioters were pumping the of at the barges and he heard some an him say, "That is no way. Build a raft load it with oil, set fire to it and let it float down against shem." He turned around and saw it was O'Donnell. Harry Goshorn of the Pittsburg Dispatch

was up in the cupola and corroborated the other witnesses. In conversation with O'Donnell about the matter, he said, speaking to several men. "Gentlemen, this is no longer a riot. It is a revolution."

#### Further Tests of the Vesuvius' Guas. PORT ROYAL, S. C., Feb. 14.—Three projec tiles were fired from the Vesuvius' guns today, two loaded with thirty pounds of guarantees cotton each and the third carrying merely a powder primer. In no instance was there a positive explosion. The day's work renders still more problematic the question of efficiency of the Rapieff fuse. The inventor who has heretofore de-

sired nothing further than a test with a gun cotton charged projectile, says that he has no explanation to give of today's failures.

### He continues, however, to express his entire confidence in the fuse. Economites Stand by Duss.

Pirrishting, Pa., Feb. 14.-A meeting of the Economite society last night adopted resolutions of confidence in President Duss and pledging support in defending the action for the appointment of a receiver.

# NOT PLEASED WITH MR. EGAN

Chili Will Protest Against Him Being Appointed an Arbitrator.

SECRET OF THE REPUBLIC'S HOSTILITY

Representatives of the Government Assert That the American Minister's Actions Have Been Offensive and insult-

ing to the Citizens.

(Copprighted 1801 by James Gordon Bennett.) Valpanaiso, Chill. (via Galveston, Tex.) Feb. 14. [By Mexican Cable to the New York tors on the part of the United States to settle the claims of citizens of the United States against the Chilian government. The appointment of Mr. Egan to any position in connection with the settlement of these claims, which have long been pending and which have been rejected on several occasions, would be accepted by the government and people of Chill as an act of hostility, and put the diplomatic relations between this republic and the United States under a se-

vere strain. What gave occasion for the rumor that Mr. Egan was to be given a chance for a onger stay in Chill than Mr. Cleveland would be expected to allow him as minister after he becomes president, was a cable message which Minister of Foreign Affairs Errazuriz received yesterday from Washington intimating that the minister from the United States would be named as one of the

arbitrators on the part of that country. Should Mr. Earan receive such an appointment a strong protest from the Chilian government may be expected. Minister Egan is not persona grata to the Chilian government, and he is also known to have close relations. with Dubois, who holds the leading claims against Chill.

### Secret of Chili's Hostility.

Mr. Egan's relations with Dubois are beleved here to be such as to disqualify him from acting as an arbitrator in the settlement of the claims, but the protest, if one should be officially made against his appointment, would be founded upon the charge that his attitude toward the Chillian government has been offensive and insulting.

Members of the cabinet are awaiting news of the action of the United States government with great anxiety. One member of the cabinet told me today that the New York Herald could add to the great services it has already performed for Chilli by making a vicorous protest against Mr. Egan's appointment by President Harrison. He expressed the hope that this protest might be made by the Herald at such time and in such terms as to influence public opinion in the United States as well as the action of congress.

Minister Exan has already been officially informed that the Chilian government will not take any action in relation to the appointment of arbitrators to represent it until after the return of President Montt from the south where he has gone for a vacation. When President Montt returns it is probable that Albert Biest Gana will be sent to the United States to fill the post of Chilian minister. He was appointed to that position some time ago, but his instructions to proceed to Washington will be withheld until after Mr. Cleveland has been inaugurated and a new

minister to Chili has been named by the Washington government. The Chilian government has ordered the purchase of eight locomotives in the United

States for use on the government rail-Panama Canal Company Affairs. Panama, (via Galveston, Tex.) Feb. 14,-By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE ]-It is reported here that the French stockholders of earthquake today. All the buildings on the the Panama Hallway company have decided that M. Mange, representative of the Panama canal liquidator, shall be appointed gen-

> cood Mr. Rives after the annual meeting in April, when a new board of directors will be chosen. The correspondent of the Paris Figure is mistaken when he alleges that Mr. Tisdel was connected with the State department, He had no position in that branch of the service and brought no canal propositions here, In fact Mr. Tisdel has not been to Bogota.

eral superintendent of the railroad to suc-

His visit here related solely to World's fair matters and to arrange the details for President Nunez's proposed visit to Chicago. News from San Salvador announces the

#### closing by the government of the customs house at Sonsonate. ANOTHER FILLBUSTERING EXPEDITION

Sensational Rumors from the Port of Key West, Fla. New York. Feb. 14.-A local paper will say in the marning that a piratical expedition to one of the Central American states

is being fitted at Key West by Cubans and Americans: Several hundred men armed with Winchesters, repeating rifles and abundant ammonition are ready to embark on the expedition. It is said that a small steamer as been chartered at a northern port and is now enroute to Key West, where it is expected to arrive Wednesday. The boat is ballasted with cannon. Gatling guns and field artiflery sufficiently formidable when in desperate hands to make way against the government of Honduras.

The United States steamer Kearsurge has dropped anchor at Key West, much to the surprise of every one, and it is believed she has been ordered there to prevent the pirales from setting sail.

Take Effect Today. CHICAGO, III., Feb. 14.—New tariffs for freight adopted by the Northern Pacific, Union Pacific and the Great Northern roads a North Pacific coast terminals will become effective tomorrow. From the Missouri river these rates will be on the basis of \$3 for first class; from Mississippi river common points they will be on the basis of \$3.20 for first class, and from Chicago they will be

Class rates from St. Paul and common oints will be on the basis of \$2.60 first class to Spokane. All lines east of St. Paul and the Missouri river will be allowed to exact the established divisions of the new Pacific

#### Two Children Burned to Death. WEST PLAINS, Mo., Feb. 14.-Word comes from the town of Hartville that the house of James Freeman, near that place, was burned, and that his two children, aged &

and 11, perished in the flames. Froeman who was sick, was also severely burned be

fore he could be taken from the house.

const rates.

Movements of Ocean Steamers February 13 At Fastnet-Arrived-Teutonic, from New York for Liverpool. At Liverpool-Arrived-Michigan, from

Boston.
At New York-Arrived Callia, from Lin