1137

000

MIXED.

BEITERS

CALVES

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STOCKERS AND PEEDERS

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CONDITION OF OMAHA'S TRADE

Local Jobbing Circles Barren of Any Especially New or Interesting Features.

WEATHER TOO COLD FOR THE RETAILERS

Bank Clearings Continue to Show a Very Gratifying Increase Produce Markets Not Without Interest the Past Week-The Coal Trade.

Hardly any change can be expected in the jobbing circles until there is some change in the conditions governing trade. weather has continued cold without any noticeable break and the situation in the country is not essentially altered. With a little milder weather farmers might visit the towns more freely, and by so doing stimulate the movement of goods in a retail way to some extent. On the other hand, a too radical change in this direction that would break up the country roads would keep the farmers at home more effectually than the cold weather. As it is, goods are moving in fair volume in a retail way in the country, and no complaints of any consequence are heard from retail dealers outside of Omaha.

Money appears to be fairly easy in the country and collections generally satisfac tory. This was the situation a week ago and, in fact, it has been the situation for some time. The past few weeks have been barren of any very important changes as effecting the retail and jobbing trade of Omaha and Nebraska. In some cases job-bers are looking for a let-up in the volume of business before long, but so far it has not

Merchants, without exception, are anticipating a large spring and early summer business and are taying in heavy stocks accordingly. The amount of grain, live stock and produce of all kinds in the country and the high prices at which they are selling would seem to insure a continuance of the favorable conditions now prevailing

for some time to come.

It is a noticeable fact that under the influence of two very presperous years coming in succession the jobbers of Omaha have gradually increased their stocks and added to their lines. This increase has been gradual and not enough to attract any especial notice at any one time, but the fact remains that Omaha is rapidly improving as a market for all kinds of merchantise. Retail merchants notice the improvement and a great many of them have been heard to remark during the past year that there was no use in a buyer going beyond Omaha to find a market in which to buy goods of all kinds. This im-provement will go on so long as the business of the state is in a prosperous condition, and besides additions to the capital of the houses already in existence there is every promise of new jobbing houses here somer or later.

The retail trade in Omaha during the past week has been fair for this season of the year and, as a general thing, far in advance of what it was a year ago at this time. The business for the coming spring, and unless all signs fail they will realize their anticipations. The excessively cold weather tends to keep buyers at home, and thus works to the detriment of business. Coal Trade.

There is no change in the local coal market. The retail price still continues at \$11 for anthracite. The stocks of hard coal are smaller than usual at this season of the year, showing that the higher prices have not decreased the consumption. Omaha coal dealers will be pretty well cleaned up by the close of the season. At present there is a fair-supply here and dealers are rushed to keep up with orders. Some dealers outside of Omaha who were afraid that they would have too much coal left on hand at the close of the season, and were anxious to find some one to take it off of their hands, are now

running low and will have to order more.

The reason for the activity in the coal market is to be found in the continuance of severe cold weather all over the west and northwest. It has been impossible for consumers to economize on hard coal and they have bought it freely without regard to the price. It is said that the consumption of price. It is said that the consumption of hard coal this season exceeds the consump-tion last year by 1,000,000 tons, whereas most every one predicted a decrease in the

summer the price was \$9.50 and it advanced during the year \$1 per ton. Last summer the price started at \$10.50 and advanced to \$11, so that there has not been as much advance since the opening of the present season as there was during the previous year. Local coal men do not appear to regard the present year as having been especially good for them, as the markin has not been as large for the seller as it was when the price was lower. However, they have sold a good deal more coal which will help make up a good

many disadvantages.
At eastern points the anthracite coal trade continues active, the demand for all sizes being brisk and largely in excess of the im-mediate supply. There is still heard much complaint of tardiness in making deliveries, but the transporting companies are said to be using their utmost endeavors to move the coal in transit to points of destination. It is stated that, owing to the famine in soft coal n the east, the Reading has regained a heavy tonnage of anthracite which was lost to the soft coal trade during the past two or three years. Many of the New England mills and some of the railroads have been compelled to return to anthracite for steam owing to the scarcity of bituminous

As the present demand for coal is in excess of the supply and the coal companies will not place a limit upon the output of the mines. Bank Clearings.

The clearings during the past six days were the smallest of any week since the week closing on January 7. There are doubtless two reasons for this state of affairs. The heavy real estate transfers made in January caused a large increase in the clearings, carrying them considerably above what they would have been had only commercial trans-actions been included. With a falling off in the transfers of real estate there is the nat-ural decrease in the clearings and they have only dropped back to their normal position Another reason that may have entered comewhat into the decrease in the clearings is that the extremely cold weather of the past week has kept people in doors and has retarded business, to some extent, in a retail

While the clearings show a decrease as compared with previous weeks, there has been a satisfactory gain over the correspond-ing week last year. The gain in this direc-tion amounts to 21.5 per cent. It can safely be said that the report of the clearing house is very satisfactory and that it indicates that business generally is very good in

The clearings for each day of the week under review will be found below, together with the total for the week as compared

with previous weeks:	
Monday	
Wednesday	1,115,702.58
Thursday	1,220,854,83
Friday Saturday	1.289,258.01
Baturaky	1,276,856.67
Total	7,436,417.70
Week ending January 28	7.742.531.63
Week ending January 21	8,285,149,07
Week ending January 14	7,689,032,63
Week ending January 7 Week ending December 31	7,234,427.61
Week ending December 24	6.780 174 09
The state of the s	2015年200日本10日·安徽

Among the Manufacturers.

Business among the manufacturers contiques very satisfactory and nearly all of them are about as busy as they care to be with their present forces. The old com-plaint that western people will not buy the oods that are made in the state is seidom eard of late but on the contrary most man-

neard of late but on the contrary most man-ufacturers say that buyers are giving the preference to home made goods. The senti-ment in favor of home patronage is growing rapidly and is spreading all over the state. When the movement was first put on its feet its effects were limited very largely to the consumers of Omaha. The people here were ready to buy anything made in the state and no distinction was made between goods of Omaha manufacture and goods that goods of Omaha manufacture and goods that were made at other points in the state. However, manufacturers out through the state looked upon the movement as largely an Omaha movement and did not take as much interest in it as they might have done Of late the state, outside of Om aha, is be

coming more deeply interested and the result, if the manufacturers can be believed,

promises to do much toward the develop-ment of the resources of the state.

Lincoln especially is taking a good deal more of interest in the work than ever before. Sixteen manufacturing firms located in that city have applied for membership in the Manufacturers association during the past two weeks. The secretary of the association has been spending a few days in that city helping the manufacturers complete arrangements for a manufacturers winter carnival to be held shortly in that city. A large number of manufacturers have already signified their intention of making exhibits of their products. The secretary will spend the coming week in Lincoln and by that time it is believed that the arrangements for a carnival will have been pretty well

L L E Stewart, vice president of the Manufacturers association, resides in Lincoin, and is taking a great deal of interest in the proposed carnival. He is giving almost his entire time to that and to the spreading of the home patronage sentiment in his city. He believes that if the consumers of Lincoln can once be made to realize that there are factories turning out first-class goods in Nebraska that it will be an easy matter to in-

use them to patronize those factories.

There is already considerable talk among manufacturers regarding the coming exposi-tion to be held in Omaha, although the time is still four months or more away interest that is being taken in the subject is a very good indication that the exposition will be even more of a success than the one

AS DUN SEES IT.

Business Continues Good and Money is Easy

-Stock Yards Legislation, Mr. W. H. Roberson, Omaha manager of R. G. Dun & Co., referring to local trade for the past week, says:

"The week has shown nine failures in Ne braska, all small. Locally trade has moved on about as usual. The extreme cold weather has prevented shopping to a large extent and retail dry goods men say that trade has fallen off quite a good deal. In wholesale circles the good reports which have become so common continue. The month of January in every line shows a gain over the corresponding period last year. One of our largest houses claims an increase of 35 per cent. At the banks the demand for money is slight.
"Thus far the disastrous failure of the Cap-

Ital National at Lincoln has carried no firms with it. Fears were entertained at the time of its a currence that some of the financial institutions supposed to be more or less inti-mately connected with the bank might suffer. A year ago the result would probably have been different, but in the last twelve months Nebraska has very largely recovered from the depression caused by crop failures. As a result this largest bank disaster that has over occurred in the state makes scarcely a ripple in the commercial circles outside of the Capital City. Even there, while some individuals must have been greatly embarrassed, no failures are announced as a result

"At South Omaha the week has been com "At South Omata the week has been com-paratively quiet. Hogs continue high. The \$8-hog, so long expected, is a great stranger, by the way. Except twice, hogs have not been so high on the Chicago market for twenty-five years. The stock yards people are anxiously watching the legislature, where several proposed laws have been introduced affecting the business at South Omaha. Without expressing an opinion as Without expressing an opinion as to minor details, it would on general prinis untimely. The backbone of Omana and the greatest single institution in the state, saving the railways, is South Omana. It is to be hoped the legislators will do nothing which will arrest will do nothing which will arrest developments at the third great packing and stock center of the union. It would be bet-ter to suffer some inconveniences, and even endure slight overcharges in some directions, rather than to push remedial legislation to the point where industries of such vast importance may be hampered.

made a week ago has the approval of most of our business men, and these enterprising and generally genial gentlemen should quietly take the hint and hereafter violate no business confidences in their eagerness to cut down insurance losses."

WEEK IN PRODUCE. Some of the Leading Features Developed

During the Past Week. Dullness has been one of the chief characteristics of the local produce market during A year ago hard coal was retailing in the past week. The weather was very cold during the most of the week and the arrivals than at the present time. A year ago last of all kinds of produce were light, while the demand at the same time was small. People have been kept in doors by the cold weather

> compelled to, which always has a decided influence upon the volume of trade. During the last two days of the week there was, as usual, more activity to the market and at the close of the week there was not much left in the produce houses excepting eggs. Reports from the country indicate that shipments are quite likely to be light for some time to come owing to the fact that everything in the way of shipping produce has been brought to a standstill by the cold

> and have only ventured out to the market as

weather. Fluctuations in prices have been light and there have, in fact, been no sudden changes. Eggs were inclined to sell lower on acco the number offered and the fear that a few days of warm weather would break the market all to pieces. The bulk of the sales have without doubt been made during the past week at 25 cents, but there have been some sales at I cent and even 2 cents above that price. Buyers have followed the policy all the week of buying from hand to mouth, not caring to anticipate their wants for fear of a sudden decline in prices that would leave them loaded up with high priced

Butter has not been overly plenty during the week and prices have been fully up to previous quotations. The receipts of sweet country roll have met with quite ready sale

all the week.

Poultry was in light supply, but the demand was so light that there was no scarcity until the last two days of the week. Chickens showed more strength and were

picked up eagerly by the trade.

The cold weather has put a very effective barrier up before the vegetable and fruit trade. The movement of potatoes, apples, etc. has been very small and limited entirely to the sale of small lots from the store. the same time there has been quite a trade in some lines of fruits, as oranges, shipments being made into the country by

PRODUCE POINTERS. Sweet potatoes are lower in Chicago and he demand is diminishing, while receipts

are increasing. Reports from the different sea ports would

seem to indicate that a good many lemons are coming into the country. In California the cabbage market has taken a jump of from 25 to 35 cents per hundred, on good southern stock. A dozen eggs cost about as much as a fair

sized chicken these times, and the supply is not large even at such prices. New York men claim that oleomargarine

is hurting their shipping trade for low grade butter, although they manage to keep it out of the local market. Very little is heard of it in Boston. Fruit dealers are saying that not enough good late keeping apples are grown. There is as a rule a great abundance of summer and fall fruit, but the stocks of good winter

apples are seldom too large. The reports received from Baltimore would seem to indicate that the oyster situation is improving. The most promising feature is that the houses there are filling orders for stock much more promptly than they were a few days ago. The continuance of mild

weather would soon place them in pretty good share again. There is no great quantity of apples in the Omaha market. It would look as if stock that would stand up from this time on ought to command good prices. At present the market here is not very high, but there is nothing doing in apples and the quotations can hardly be considered as anything more than nerely nominal.

than merely nominal. There appeared to be more confidence in the future of the egg market at the close of the week than was the case a few days earior. Some dealers say that the cold wave has extended far chough east to prevent any very sudden drop in prices, and that there is no danger of a very large run of eggs in this state for some days even should the weather moderate.

A party who has just made a thorough

canvass of the fruit shipping districts throughout Texas Informs a writer in the Post-Dispatch of St. Louis that there never Post-Dispatch of St. Louis that there never was such a prospect for fruits, especially peaches. He says hundreds of young orchards, largely fine healthy trees, will, with favorable weather, be bearing this year for the first time, and if no disaster follows later the fruit crop will be enormous. The watermelon crop, it seems, will be by far the largest even produced in the state. the largest ever produced in the state, be-cause last year producers got the largest re-turns for their shipments that most of them ever received. The very profitable figures of last year were due to the small crop, a fact that will not be duly considered by many who will have more than double their former acreage or yield.

Every year, says the New York World

the New York egg wholesalers lay up be-tween 100,000 and 150,000 cases of "fall goods," as dealers term the egg laid in the month of September. These are kept in storage from the 1st of October and are worked off to dealers from about the middle of November and December. By the time Christmas is over the supply is pretty well exhausted, and then the Chicago storage men begin to send in their goods by the car load. Chicago is the depot of America for eggs, nearly half a million cases being packed away there every fall. The duration of the cold snap in New York and the east, as well as in the west, completely knocked the bottom out of the home supply, and within a week's time nearly twenty-five car loads of eggs were shipped in here from the big western metropolls. The wholesaie prices shot up from an average of 20 cents a dozen to 25 cents, and during the last week of very cold weather dealers got 35 and cents for eggs. The amount of money made by the Chicago speculators on this deal was

BUSINESS BRIEFS. M. Albright has discontinued the millinery business at Shelby.

very great.

B. Manuefeld, boot and shoe dealer at West Point, has failed. A. L. Gooden, in the furniture business at

Fullerton, has sold out. Fritz & Good have sold out their photograph gallery at West Point. George W. Faser has sold out his implement business at Hildreth to Jacob Toxel.

Stand Up for Omaha. OMAHA, Feb. 4 .- To the Editor of THE Bee: Considering the recent large sales of Omaha realty made to eastern capitalists, in connection with remarks made about Omaha by Omaha people "between ourselves" as they style it, leads me to think that the time has come when the citizens of this city must wake up, shake themselves thoroughly and go to work, or our peautiful city will die of dry rot, or be so distanced by rival cities for the supremacy of this great west that it wil be impossible for us to regain our lost ad-

The sales mentioned above prove beyond a doubt that eastern investors consider Omaha realty a good, safe investment, with flatterand I know from experience that Omaha to day enjoys a much better reputation in the minds of eastern people than any other western city, as is evidenced by the great demands for our bonds as well as our real estate. So much for the east. Now let any Omahan take a trip through the west or talk on the subject with any of our wholesale merchants or manufacturers, or better still talk with their traveling representatives learn that Omaha's reputation throughout the west is strictly first class, that dealers generally prefer to deal with Omaha men when they can consistently do so, and that they believe that Omaha is destined to become the largest city of the west. Throughout the east and throughout the west one hears nothing but words of praise and commendation for Omaha, but not so at home; our townspeople entertain the most derogatory ideas about Omaha and they talk it "between ourselves," as they say, and semetimes, if not always, "ourselves" include strangers within our gates. Now this is not right, it is not justice, and Omaha does not de-serve it. We, who live here, who do our business here, who expect to make our fortunes here and who have made fortunes here. should speak and think well of this city* or else get out of it. Can any manufacturer, jobber, banker, dealer or publisher expect to do a successful business if he and his employes keep up a continual wall of wor and advertise to best of their personal ability that their business methods and resources have depreci ated! That is just what they are doing with Omaha, and yet they wonder why things do

The pick up.

We are as of a large family, and it is our duty, as well as it should be our honor, to uphold and defend under any and all circumstances the reputation and dignity of our city. We should ostracize its traitorous enemies, who for purely personal gain traduce us on all occasions. Talk with any man, woman or child in any of our rival cities and you will find that they one and all instinctively speak in the most flattering terms of their city. How is it here? The majority of our people blush when Omaha is mentioned. To such I cry aloud, shame, shame; you might just as well blush when your own family name is mentioned, and, in fact more so.

PLAN ELEO. To Ill and unchanged.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 744c; No. 3 spring, 744c; No. 2 white, 329

WHEAT—No. 2 s

Real estate booms do not make cities; they get the price of property so high as to practically exclude actual settlers. Manufacturers and jobbers cannot afford to locate in a town where they are compened to pay double wages to their employes on account of the excessive rates charged for the necessaries of life. We want no real estate boom here, but we do want and must have a healthy, growing city. We have the best location in the west for a large city; town where they are compelled to pay our foundation is a solid and substantial one, our resources are unlimited, our advantages are innumerable, and our prospects bright We only lack the hearty co-operation of the inhabitants of our own city. The east and the west are watching our every move; shall we continue to place obstacles in our own path, or shall we endeavor to help Omaha alc

THE REALTY MARKET.

INSTRUMENTS placed on record Februses:	uary 4,
WARRANTY DEEDS.	
Arthur East to T C Duncan, lot 11,	
blook 4 in subdiv of block 30 Al	
bright's Choice Oscar Quick to H P Hansen, lots 6 and	1,000
7, block 1, lot 11, block 3, Quick's	
	1,000
EA Hongland to Amelia Anderson,	*10000
PARK. E A Houghand to Amelia Anderson, w 1- 101 25, Illekory Place W W Holman and wife to J W ₩n	2,000
maker until 1-7 now sw no sw and	
se sw 1-16-10.	425
maker, undiv 1-7 nw sw, ne sw and se sw 1-16-10. Emily Shumaker and husband to	
SHIPC, SHIPC.	400
Elizabeth Lutz to same, same	425 425
BF DeBoise to G H Payne, lot 11, block 2, Avondale park.	420
block 2. Avondale park.	1
Same to same, lot 22, block 1, same	1
Same to same, lot 22 block I, same Same to same, lot 20, block I, same H B Hedding and wife to Mutual In-	
vestment Co, lots 9 and 10, block 13,	5 455
Central park	1,630
block I. Marsh's add	7,500
Central park N.A. Kuhn and wife to C.Z. Todd, lot 6, block 1, Marsh's add Patrick Foran to W. J. Baker, lot 19, block 1, Bader, 122,	339999
	2,500
William Coffax to B J Kendall, lot 9, Selby's subdiv, in 2d add to South	
Onniha. F L Day to G W Day, lot 6, block 9, Kirkwood	1,000
F L Day to G W Day, lot 6, block 9,	- INCOME
Kirkwood	1
Sime.	2,800
Helen E Falck to J C Wharton, lots 16	W390000
to 23 and 25 to 30. Irene Piace	1,000
Charles Faick to same, same	1,000
block 4. Summet Reserve.	7,250
block 4. Summet Reserve	
Saunders, lot 4, block 121, South	1000
Omaka Resa Sedlak and busband to Fritz	1,500
Sediak, a 20 feet of lot 17. block 10.	
1st add to South Omaha.	600
Same to Ludwig Sedlak, n 30 feet lot	600
17, block 10, same Same to Raymond Sedlak, lot 18, block	50000
10, same	1,000
DEEDS.	
G. A. Bennett, sheriff, to Jane Pickard,	
G. A. Bennett, sheriff, to Jane Pickard, lots 1 and 2, block 21; lot 2, block 20; lots 6 and 7, block 16, West Al-	
bright.	742
Total amount of transfers	
AMERICANDO INCOLUTANO DE L'ACCESSORIO	\$34,501

Witch Hazel salve will cure them.

Chicago papers are busily engaged expos ing hotel schemes designated to pluck ver-dant visitors to the fair. A number of sharks are flooding the country with cirsnarks are hooding the country with cir-culars offering to furnish sleeping accommo-dations at stipulated prices paid in advance. Pictures of gorgeous hotels that have no ex-istence are furnished, together with bogus endorsements of the enterprise. "The Hyde Park hotel" is one of the bursted bubbles.

If you have piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel salve will surely cure you.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Grain Markets Were Firmer and Provisions

for the Most Part Weaker.

NORTHWESTERN RECEIPTS WERE LIGHTER

Prices

Corn Was Dull out Firm, with the Range for the Day Confined to a Fraction -Firm Cables Helped

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 4. The grain markets were firmer and provisions for the most part weaker today. Compared with yesterday, the close of wheat is %c, corn ic, and outs to bigher. Pork and ribs are each 15c lower and lard is 25c higher. The anti-option bill, which may pass the house next Monday, and the vast amount of wheat in the visible supply were the two influences against the wheat market this morning. Everything else was bullish. The cold weather and the icecovered fields caused the wheat market to open strong at about yesterday's closing prices. For May 77%c was bid, and after some sales at that price and 78c, it made a slight further advance to 78 c. At the same time July, which opened at 7714c, rose to 774c. The receipts in the northwest were again light and that was considered an additional reason for firmness, although it was very well known that the falling off in the receipts at Minneapotis and Duluth was in a great measure due to the inclement weather. Minneapolis reported receipts of only 91 cars

and Duiuth got none.

There was light buying on the theory that ice formation is injuring wheat fields. Outside business was not one-tenth what it would be but for the fear of the anti-option legislation. May wheat opened at from 77½ to 78c, sold at 77% and up to 784c, early with another ½c gain to 784c, late in the day. July ruled ½c under the May price. There was some realizing in wheat the last hour and May closed at 78½c and July at from 77½c to 77½c.

The corn market was dull but firm. The range for the day was only ¼c and closing quotations at midway of the extremes of the fluctuations. The strength in wheat helped the and Duluth got none.

quotations at midway of the extremes of the fluctuations. The strength in wheat helped the bulge in corn. The exports were 125,000 hi. for the day and this and firm enables helped prices. An official estimate of Russian crops makes the totals much lighter than the November estimate. This helped the market on the buying side. May corn opened at 475g and gained gradually to 475g. Corn closed at 475g for May and July, with a good market.

Prices ruled firm in oats, May opening at 344g. Rusiness in that option was fairly active at the opening, which was the lowest of the day. Later it sold up to 345, where it was at the close. Outsiders were the principal buyers. The market closed steady at 344g., or ige above Friday's closing.

The provision market worried the scalpers, the fraid to faller it. See above Friday's closing.

The provision market worried the scalpers who tried to follow its many changes. With very light stocks and very light movement of

very light stocks and very light movement of hogs the situation must remain very bullish. It is simply a question of whether the price is too high to make it safe to own the stock or bay the stuff on contracts. Mr. Wright, who has made such big money in products inside of six months, is letting the market alone. Stever and many others are doing the same thing. They fear a drop. Fairbank is, of course, back of fard in a safe way. His brokers give the price a twist whenever they feel like it. Shorts have fared badly in all products of late. The nervy element in the trade is buying pork today. Conservative operators were not buying or selling. May pork sold from \$19.75 to \$19.95 and from \$16.67½ to \$19.75 at 1 o'clock. Lard was at \$11.75 at the opening and sold off to \$11.625, and up to \$11.725. Ribs sold at \$10.25 and off to \$10.00. At the close lard was strong at \$1.70 for May, while pork and ribs were 15c under last night at \$9.55 and \$10.10 respectively. s the situation must remain very

spectively. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 165 cars; corn, 140 cars; oats, 95 cars; hogs

ARTICLES	OPES.	HIGH	Law.	CLUSE.	YSTY
Wheat No 2 February May July Corn No. 2	7,74678 7,74678	74% 78% 78%	7334 7734 773415/4	7814	7416 11160078 11760019
May. July		4454 4754 4754	4716 4716	4756 4756	47 kg 47 kg 47 kg
February.	3134 3434	3134 3434			31 34%
May Lard-	19 70	19 75	19 45	19 57%	19 00
May July Short Ribs	11 70 11 50	11 75 11 50	11 62% 11 40	11 70 11 45	11 70 11 4256
May	10.20	10 25	10 05	10 10	10.25

Sugars—Unchanged; cut loaf 5%25%c; granulated, 5%c; standard "A," 5c. The following were the receipts and shipments for today:

0311311101	Receibts.	Surbment		
Flour, bbls Wheat, bu Corn, bu Oats, bu Rye, bu Barley, bu	29,000 104,000 157,000 181,000 6,000 47,000	13.9 28 0 90. 142, 3.1 29.0		

New York Markets. New York, Feb. 4.—FLOUR—Receipts, 20, 803 pigs.; exports, 3,651 bbls. 2,250 sacks; sales, 6,100 pkgs.; market steady dull; winter wheat, low grades, \$2,10@2,55; fair to fancy, \$2.55@2.75; patents, \$3.85@4.25; Minnesota clear, \$2.50@3.50; straights, \$3.60@4.50; patents, \$4.25@5.00. 4.50; patents, \$4.256:5.00. Rve-Mixtures, \$3.90; rye flour steady and

CORNMEAL—Dull, steady; yellow western, \$2.75@2.80. 2.75@2.80. RYE-Nominal; western, 58@62c. BABLEY-Pull, firm; western, 60@80c; No. 2

BARLEY MALT-Inactive, steady; western, BARLEY MALT—Infective, steady; western, 65@85c.—Beceipts, 11,625 bu.: exports, 86-347 bu.: sales, 275,000 bu. futures; no spot. Spot. market firmer, with options very dull; No. 2 red in store and elevator, 80c; affoat, 814c; f. o. b., 80½685c; No. 1 hard, 90½c; No. 2 northern, 83c; No. 3 spring, 79½c. Options were very dull and ½c higher on armer west and local covering, trading restricted through the anti-option bill; May most active; No. 2 red, March, 79½6, 80½c, closing at 80½c; May, 81 13-16@82½c, closing at 82½c; July, 82½@83c, closing at 83½c.

closing at 824c; July, 82%083c, closing at 83%c.

Cons.—Receipts, 79,000 bu.; exports, 2,900 bu.; sales, 135,000 bu. futures, 51,000 bu. spot. Spots dull but firmer; No. 2,54%655c in elevator, 55%656c affoat; ungraded mixed, 53%c; steamer mixed, 53%53%c; No. 3, 51%65c, 52c. Options were &c higher and closed firm; trading slow and chiefly switching between March and May: March, 53%c; May, 53%g 53%c, closing at 53%c.

OATS—Receipts, 68,250 bu.; exports, 35,000 bu.; sales, 5,000 bu. futures, 40,000 bu. spot. Spots, quiet, firm. Options dull, shade higher; May, 38%c; spot No. 2, white, 41c; No. 2 Chicago, 39c; No. 3, 37%c; No. 3 white, 40c; mixed western, 38%39%c; white western, 39%45%c.

HAY—Fair demand; shipping, 65%70c; good HAY-Fair demand; shipping, 65@70c; good HAY—Fair demand; shipping, 65@70c; good to choice, 75@90c.
Hobs—Quiet, ensy; state, common to choice, 21@35c; Pacific const, 21@24c.
Hobs—Fairly active; firm: wet salted New Orleans selected, 45@and 60 lbs, 44@5c; Texas selected, 50 and 60 lbs, 5@7c.
CUT MEATS—Quiet, steady; pickled bellies, 114c; pickled shoulders, 10c; pickled hams, 14@14%c; middles, dull, steady; short clear, 115c; lard, dull, steady; western steam closed at \$12.07%; sales, 250 therees at \$12.07%; options sales, none; Maych, \$12.00, nominat; May, \$11.95 bid; pork; dull; old mess, \$19.25 @19.75; new mess, \$2\$70.
BUTTER—Moderato demand, firm; western dairy, 20@24c; western creamery, 23@30c; western factory, 18@23%c.
CHEESE—Fair demand, firm; part skins, 4@ 10%c.
Eggs—Fair demand, firm; western fresh, 40

104c.
EGGS-Fair demand, firm; western fresh, 40
@41c; receipts, 1,516 pkgs.
RICE-Active, firm; domestic, fair and extra,
\$1\frac{1}{2}60\text{ (a)} ec; Japan, 4\text{ (c)}
MOLASSES-Nominal; New Orleans, open
kettle, good to choice firm, fairly active at
266.30c.

256.36c.
Sugar-Dull, firm: fair refining, 3 1-16c; centrifugals, 96 test, 3 7-16c; refined firm, quiet; off A, 4%44/sc; mould A, 4 15-16%5/sc; standard A, 4 1-162.4%c; confectioners A, 4 9-16%4%; cut loaf, 5 5-16%5/sc; crushed, 5 5 16%5/sc; powdered, 4 15-16%5/sc; granulated, 4 11-16% 5c. Pig Laox-Quiet, steady; American, \$12.75 @15.50. COPPER Dull, steady; \$12.00.

LEAD Quiet, firm; domestic, \$3.95. Tin-Quiet; Straits, \$20.20. St. Louis Markets. St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 4. - Flouis-Quiet.
Whear-Advanced 140 24c early, but dropped later and closed only 15 24c above yesterday;
cash, 68 24g60c, May, 73 34c 73 3cc July, 74 3cc.
Cohn-Was slow, but the close was 14c above

yesterday; cash, 40%; March, 41c; May, 43%; July, 44%; Oars—Shade better; cash, 32c; May 34%; Oars—Shade better; cash, 32c; May 34%; RYB—No sales; b2% b1d. BABLEY—Quiet and small sales; Minnesota,

BRAN-Firm at 72c. AY Unchanged. AY Unchanged. EAD-Illigher at \$3.70; spelter better at

\$4.10.

FLAX SEED—Higher at \$1.15.
BUTTER—Unchanged.
EGGS—Lower at 27'ye.
CORN MEAL—Firm at \$2.00.
WHISKY—Quiet at \$1.17.
RAMHNQ—Unchanged.
COTTON TIES—Unchanged.
PROVISIONS—E1rm but very quiet, with only a small job trade done at nevious quotations.
RECEIPTS—Flour, 3,000 bbts; wheat, 43,000 bu; corn, 143,000 bu; coats, 15,000 bu; rye, none; barley, none.

Supplies Flour, 9,000 bbls; wleaf, 45,-Supplies Flour, 9,000 bbls; wleaf, 45,-000 bu.; corn, 206,000 bu; cats, 10,0,0 bu; rye, 15,000 bu; barley, 200 bu. Omana Produce Market. The week closed with a stronger poultry market and with a better feeling on eggs. Aside from that there was nothing especially new in the market that would be of interest to

shippers.
Appres-Stocks are held at \$3.5024.00 for fair to choice stock.

RANANAS—Quoted at \$2,00@2.50 per bunch
BERNS—Choice navy, \$2,00@2.25.

BUTTER—Theoretivis of butter are not large
enough to make any very decided change in
the market and prices continue in about the
same groove. Good country roll sells at 1762
20c and fancy at 20%222.

CALIFORNIA CARRAGE—Good stock 2.4%3c.
CELETY PORTOR and

California Carrage—Good stock 2 4:03c, Celery—Per doz., 40c.
Cransusances—Bell and cherry, \$8.50; bell and bugle, \$10.00; Jersey Cape Cod. \$9.50.
Egos—The continued cold weather has given holders a little more confidence and they were not quite so ready to sell. As a general thing eggs are held at about 25c, although it was possible to hear rumors of sales at prices ranging from 25c to 27c.
Game—There were a few rabbits on the market which were being held at \$1.50 for small and \$3.00 for jacks. The arrival of any quantity would make it impossible to obtain any such prices. HAY-The market is about steady at \$6,00%

Int. 6c.
HONEY—Choice to fancy white clover, 1855
0c: fair to good, 16518c.
LEMONS—Choice to fancy, \$3.7534.00.
MALAGA GRAPES—Good shipping stock, \$8.50.
NUTS—Large bickory, \$1.65; black walnuts

Hines-No. 1 salted, 4@44c; No. 2, 3@34c;

OYSTERS-The local market is steady at 20% 42c per can.
Oxions Home grown, \$1.00 per bushel;
Spanish ber crate, \$1.90522.00.
ORANGES - The market is about steady.
Sizes 175 to 226 are quoted at \$2.75 for russetts and \$3.00 for brights. Sizes 250 to 320 are quoted at \$2.75 for brights and \$2.50 for cetts. Tangerines, put up in half boxes POULTRY The receipts were very light and the demand being a little more brisk, as usual on the last of the week, caused a firmer mar-ket. Good chickens sold at 10%11c and tur-keys as high as 15c. Goese and ducks are genkeys as high as 15c. Goese and ducks are generally quoted as 9%11c.
Poravors—Only small lots moving from store. Western Nebraska, stock is quoted at 85c; Utah and Colorado, 90c@\$1.00; choice native, 75580c.

Sweet Poratoes—There are a few in the market which are selling at \$4.50. Veat—Choice and fat small yeals, \$6.10c; large and thin, 3%6c. Oil Market. NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—PETROLEUM—Certificates

on future contracts were entirely neglected at the Stock exchange, while only 8,000 barrels changed hands at the consolidated board at 54%c, closing offered at that price against LONDON CALCUTTA LINSEED-43s per quarter.

LONDON—CALCUTTA LINSEED-43s per quarter, LINSEED OIL—208-6d per cwt. TURPENTINE SPIRITS—23s 3d per cwt. TALLOW—Pull but stronger; city (\$2.00 for pkgs.) 44c bid. Corron Seed Oil—Dull but steady; crude, 57c bid; yellow, 61c. Rosis—Firm; strained, common to good, \$1.40%1.424. FURPENTINE Quiet and firm at 34@34%c. Kansas City Markets.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 4.—WHEAT—Firm; 80. 2 hard 6652654c; No. 2 red, 7014571c. CORN—4c higher; No. 2 mixed, 36c. QATS—Stendy; No. 2 mixed, 32c.

RYE-Firmer at 5.22;653c.
BUTTER-Light demand and dull; creamery, 246:28c; dairy, 165:19c.
EGGS-Firm at 26c.
RECEIPTS-Wheat, 27,000 bu.; corn, 5,000 u.; oats, none. Shipments-Wheat, 57,000 bu.; corn, 29,000

New York, Feb. 4.—Options opened firm, unchanged to 15 points up, closed steady, unchanged to 20 points up; sales, 38,000 bags, including February, \$17.50; March, \$17.40%, 17.60; April, \$17.150,17.20; May, \$16,90%, 16.95; June, \$16.75; July, \$16.70%,16.75; September, \$16.65%,16.70; December, \$16.40%, 16.45, Spot Rio, firm and quiet; No. 7, \$18.12\% @18.25.

Coffee Market.

Securities Showed Increased Narrowness Yesterday, with Industrials Leading. New York, Feb. 4.—The stock market showed increased narrowness yesterday and the industrial stocks again assumed prominence in the market both in activity and the width of the fluctuations. The rail-road list feels the effect of the gold movement, and to add to the strength of this influence advices from other centers show that the movement of currency to New Vork was lacking. While the bank statement. showed a loss in the reserve of probably over \$4,000,000, there was an actual loss in eash of nearly \$3,000,000 accounted for by a further xpansion in loans of nearly \$10,000,000. The list as a-rule was traded in throughout in fractional limits and in no case except that of Lackawanna, which showed exceptional strength, rising I percent, was the final change

for more than a small fraction. On the other hand the industrials were active and aggressively strong. Sugar taking the lead. It rose to 133% net gain of 2% per cent. Distillers was a close second. It rose to 43%, the hignest point yet attained since the dethe highest point yet attained since the decline was checked, and closed at its best figure with a net gain of 2% per cent. Other specialties prominent for strength were Colorado Fuel, which late in the day moved up 1% per cent to 3814, and Edison Electric Illuminating which was sharply advanced from 127 to 131. The Post says: The built cliques in some active specialties again had affairs all their own way today and prices moved up easily in response to the usual skillful manipulations. The unsatisfactory silver situation, the anti-option bill, the large gold shipments, all were apparently ignored by the speculative community, and prices moved upward as though there was not a cloud on the financial horizon. That, too, in the face of the fact that some of the specialties are already at a pretty

Atchison 34%	Northern Pacific 18
Adams Express 157	do preferred 49
Alton, T. H 35	U. P. Den. & Gulf 163
do preferred 150	Northwestern 1155
American Express., 119	do preferred 1454
Haltimore & Oblo 96	N. Y. Central 110)
Canada Pacific 86%	N. Y. & N. E 481
anada Southern 57%	Ontario & Western, 189
Central Pacific 28	Oregon Imp 18
hes & Ohio 27	Oregon Nav 82
hiengo Alton 143	Ore. S. L. & U. N 23
. B. & Q 10136	Pacific Mail 245
blenge Gas 2156	Peoria, Dec. & E 17
onsolidated Gas 13614	Pittsburg 157
L. C. C. & St. Ia 47	Pullman Palace 1975
otton Oil Cert 46%	Heading 501
Del. Hudson 13514	Richmond Terminal 113
0. 1. & W 154%	do preferred 42
). A R. G. pfd 5636	Rio Grande W., 23
). & C. E. Co 43%	do preferred 61
ast Tenn 4%	Rock feland., 875
Srte 2346	St. L. & S. F. lat pfd 75
do preferred 5514	St. Paul 815
ort Wayne lad	do preferred 1245
at. Northern pfd 140	St. Paul & Omaha 575
A E. I pfd 101%	do preferred (2)
docking Valley 83%	Southern Pacific 339
llinois Central 102%	Sugar Refinery 1825
st. Paul & Duluth 4614	Tenn Coal & Iron. 355
Kan A Tex pfd 25%	Texas Pacific 93
ake Erie & West 24	Fol. & O. Cent. 1fd. 79
do preferred 79	Union Pacific 415
.ake Shore 130	U.S. Express 67
and Trust 49	W. St. L. & P 115
outs. & Nash 75%	do preferred 243
outs & New Alb'y. 24%	Wells Fargo Exp 140
danhattan Con 18834	Western Union 9:3
Memphis & C 40	Wheeling & l. E 20
dichigan Central 19514	do prefered 631
dissouri Pacific all's	Minn & St. L
Mobile & Ohio 34	D & B. G
Nashville Chatt 88	General Electric 1115
Nat'l Cordago new. 72%	National Linsced 384
do preferred 11514	C. Fuel & Iron 653
N. J. Contral 129%	do pre erred 106
Norfolk & W. pfd., 37% North American Co 11	Hous. & Tex. Cen 63

shares, including: Chesapease & Ohio, 8,600; Distilling, 60,000; National Cordage (new), 7,500; New England, 8,600; Reading, 13,100; Richmond Terminal, 11,300; Rock Island, 3,300; Sugar, 41,500. New York, Feb. 4.—Money on Call.—With loans at 4½ per cent; closed offered at 2

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—4406 per cent. STERLING EXCHANGE—Quiet but steady, with

uez M.C. (new). New York Mining Quotations. New York, Feb. 4.—The following are the losing mining quotations: rown Point . 70 sterra Nevada 1 tandwood 140 tandard 14 uild and Curry 83 Union Con . 8 10 sad Norcross 15 vellow Jacket 7 tron 81 ver . 30 tron 102 tron 81 ver . 30 tron 125 do preferred 170 touth . 30 Bulwer . 100 tron 81 ver . 30 but . 30 Bulwer . 10 37 1478 3 35 St. Louis Mining Quotations. St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 4. The closing quota-tions of the mining stocks were as follows: | Stocks | Bid. Asked | Stocks | Hid. Asked | Am. Net. | \$25 | \$1... | Hope....... | \$1.00 | \$1.00 | Adams | ... | 8.50 | Adams | ... | 8.50 | Granite M | ... | 4.00 | + Hasbeth | ... | 4.50 | + Hasbeth | ... | 4.50 | 4.50 | Eimetaille | 8.00 | 8.50 | Montrose | ... | 6.5 | ... | Financial Notes. Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 4.-Clearings, \$1.-PARIS, Feb. 4.-Three per cent rentes 98f 80c for the account. 87, LOUIS, Mo. Feb. 4.—Clearings, \$3,969,-030; balances, \$483,402. New York, Feb. 4.—Clearings, \$133,618,-564; balances, \$6,258,423. RALFIMORE, Md., Feb. 4.—Clearings, \$2,358,-874; Balances, \$340,938. Money, 6 per cent.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Amount of builton goine but of the Bank of England on balance today, \$2,000. £9,000. Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 4.—Clearings \$12,453,183; balances, \$1,488,903. Money, 4

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Hogs Slightly Lower.

\$4.00\to \$5.00.

There was nothing new in the stocker and feeder trade. The fresh receipts were light, and as regular dealers already had more on hand than they could satisfactorily dispose of, and the country demand was very light, business was very quiet and prices ruled 20c to 30c lower than a week ago. This has been the dullest week in feeders the market has experienced in months. Representative sales:

DRESSED BEEF.

SHIPPING AND EXPORT.

COWS

.1110

1428

actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.85 for sixty day bills and \$4.87 for demand. GOVERNMENT BONDS—Bull and steady. State bonds dull and neglected. The closing quotations on bonds:

Canada So Inds 72 F. L. G. Tr. Rots 80 Con. Pacific Isis. 1001 J. P. L. G. Tr. Rots 80 Con. Pacific Isis. 1001 Union Pacific Isis. 100 Union Pacific Isis. 100 D. A. R. G. Isis. 118 West Shore. 102 D. A. R. G. S. S. J. H. G. W. Isi. 713 A. G. M. K. A. T. Gon. 68 S. S. J. A. Ch. 48 S. Ciass A. 50 M. K. A. T. Gon. 68 S. S. J. A. Ch. 148 S. A. 68 103 Matual Union 88 110 do 24 58 97 Northern Pac. Isis. 115 H. A. T. C. Cons. 68 104 J. Northern Pac. Inds. 115

Boston Stock Quotations.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 4.—Call loans. 3司-time paper, 4年最5. The following are the clo-ing stock quotations:

| 11354 | N. W. Censols | 11354 | do deben. 5s | 1200 | s. L. & I. M. Gen. 5s | 130 | s. L. & F. Gen. M. STA St. Paul Consols | 1074 | st. P. C. & P. Isis | 101 | F. L. & Tr. Rets. To T. P. R. O. Tr. Rets. To T. P. R. O. Tr. Rets.

right feature of the trade however, has been the extremely hearish attitude of the packers who seem to be determined to beamd prices in spite of the reduced supplies. The feeling is one of uncertainty but not exactly of weakness, and in spite of the recent break the week closes with prices about 10c higher than at the close of last week. Cincinnati O., Feb. 4. Money, 3; 64 per cent. New York exchange, 25c premium, Clearings, \$2,524,650; for the week, \$15,187,-550. the close of last week.

The market today was dull and lower from the start. When the market plened there were less than 3.000 hops on sale, lackers held off and fresh near men bought he good heavy and butcher weight hogs argely at \$7.50 and \$7.90, while packers were light to good heavy hogs. Trade picked up somewhat about the middle of the oremon and prices ruled somewhat stronger, but on the late arrivals the market was the worst of the day. In general prices ruled 50 to \$7.50 for lower than Priday. The bulk of the rading was at from \$7.75 to \$7.85, as against 1.50 to \$7.75 a week ago. Representative sales: Boston, Mass., Feb. 4.—Clearings, \$15,441,-309; balances, \$1,871,345. Money, 24 per cent. Exchange on New York, 10@15c dis-Chicago, Ill., Feb. 4.—[Special Telegram to The Ber.]—New York exchange was quoted as follows: Chicago, par; Boston 10@15c disfollows: Chicago, par; Boston 10@15c discount.

New York, Feb. 4.—The exports of specie from the port of New York during the last week aggregated \$4.456.015. Of this amount \$4.008,665 was gold and \$537,350 was silver. All the silver and \$4.000,000 of the gold was shipped to European ports and Mexico. The imports of specie were \$210,480, of which \$20,804 was gold and \$180,676 silver.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 4.—There is no decided pressure for funds and the ruling rate is 6 per cent, with the exception of favored customers, who have secured a lower rate on sharp calls. New York exchange sold at par. Sterling exchange, stendy, 60-day bills, \$4.854, and \$4.874, for demand. Bank clearings today were \$17,236,931; balances, \$1.147,195. For the week: clearings, \$107,202,300; balances, \$9,572,568. ago. Representative sales:

Cattle Trade Shows Strength at the Close-7 80 120 7 82 120 7 85 360 7 85 120 7 85 120 7 85 120 7 85 40 7 85 40 7 85 40 7 85 40 7 85 50 7 85 40 7 85 80 7 85 80 7 85 80 7 85 80 7 85 80 7 85 7 85 80 7 85 80 7 85 90 80 7 90 80 7 90 OMAHA, Feb. 4.—Receipts of both cattle and sheep continue to improve, but there is no noticeable improvement in the supply of hogs, 242 440 receipts being 5,000 lighter than last week and 13,000 lighter than the corresponding week of

Receipts and Disposition of Stock. Official receipts and disposition of stock as shown by the books of the Union Stock Yards company for the twenty-four hours, ending at 5 o'clock p. m. February 4, 1893;

a good, strong, heatthy undertone to the trade. The ease with which the market recovers from a break like that of Tuesday is a very healthy indication. The trade today was slow and dull throughout. Both local and shipping buyers were beartsh and with rather free offerings the prospect for steady prices was decidedly gloomy. Good to choice beyons brought out a brisk competition and in consequence prices were not	82.25 84.00 Offi show comp	23.75 25.50 Recei clail r	pts ar eccipt the bo	to ch ad Dis s and soks o twent cuary	posit dispo f the y-fou	lon o dtior Union Phous 93:	stock 100 lb. f Stock i of stock i Stock	tambis,	
far from steady on 1,250 to 1,600-lb, beeves, sales being at from \$4.75 up to \$5.50. On the	CATTLE HOGS.		811	BILLERS ID		SAMLS	Ü		
general run of stuff trade was decidedly dull,	Cars.	Head	Cars	Head	Cars.	Hend	Care.	Head	
with prices weak to a dime lower than Friday. Fair to good 1,000 to 1,200-lb, steers sold at	141	3,252	62	4.107	- 1	181	1	1	7
from \$4.00 to \$4.60, and fair to poor stuff was extremely hard to work off at from \$3.90 down.	DISTRICTURE								
It was a dull, mean, unsatisfactory trade	Omaha Packing Co			CAT	TLE.	noos.			
throughout, but as it was Saturday and there was a disposition to clean up the receipts, a very respectable clearance was effected. Cows and mixed stuff made up about 40 per cent of the offerings and trade was slow with prices tending lower. A bunch of prime fat helfers went to a shipper at \$4.00, but fair to good cows and helfers changed hands very largely at from \$2.25 to \$2.75, with					2001	1,319			
old thin cows as low as \$1.75. Rough stock		stal				3.840			
was not particularly active, but about steady, buils, oxen and stags selling at from \$2.00 to \$4.00. The supply of veal calves was limited and prices generally unchanged at around \$4.00 to \$3.00. There was nothing new in the stocker and feeder trade. The fresh receipts were light,	THE boug high	HEE.	i—The at str an at	Feb. 4 few ong 1 the	entil entil rices, begin	ectal e her att alng	rket. Telege toda grades of the	y were selling week	5

Chicago Live Stock Market. Chicago Live Stock Market.
Chicago, Ill., Feb. 4.—[Special Telegram to The Bigs.]—The few cattle here today were bought up at strong prices, atl grades selling higher than at the beginning of the week, Most of the offerings were such sorts as go to local butchers and canners, and the average of prices therefore was low. Cows and bulls were quoted all the way from \$1.50 to \$1.75 for poor stuff to from \$2.75 to \$4.00 for extra, with sales very generally at from \$2.25 to \$8.50. The range of quotations for dressed beef and shipping steers was from \$5.50 to \$4.15, and calves were in demand at \$6.50.

83.50 to \$4.15, and calves were in demand at \$6.50.

Sales of hogs were very slow and prices were weak and unevenly lower. The supply was so small as to make it hardly worth their while for local packers to enter the field, for after shippers and completed their purchases very little remained. Trading was generally at from 5 to 10c off from yesterday's quotations, light selling principally at from \$7.60 to \$7.85, needlam weights largely at from \$7.85 to \$8.15, and heavy mostly at from \$8.00 to \$8.25, though business was done all the way from \$7.25 for culls and pigs to \$8.30 for choice heavy. Very few good heavy lots were received.

The sheep market was as active as the limited supply would admit of and prices were firm. Good to choice grades were quoted at from \$4.75 to \$5.40, and poor to fair at from \$3.25 to \$4.50. Sales of lambs were on a basis of from \$4.25 to \$6.25.

Receipts: Cattle, 10,000; hogs, 8,000; sheep, 1,500.

The Evening Journal reports:

sheen, 1,500.

The Evening Journal reports:
Carriae Receipts, 1,000 head; shipments,
400 head; heavy grades lower; good to prime
export steers, \$5,2595,40; others, \$3,6094,00;
stockers, \$2,0093,25; cows, \$2,0094,00.

Hous Receipts, 8,000 head; shipments,
4,000 head; nurket closed lower; good to
prime heavy butchers, \$8,0098,25; fair to
good heavy, \$7,0097,50; good to choice light
nitsed, \$7,593,900; light, \$7,402,7.80; pigs and
skips, \$5,593,650.

Surker Receipts, 1,500 head; shipments,
2,000 head; heavy sheep lower; lambs firm;
natives, \$4,409,5,60; westerns, \$5,00@5,25;
feeders, \$4,252,4.75; lambs, \$4,5020,15.

Kansas City Live Stock Market. KANSAS CITY Mo., Feb. 4.—CATTLE Re-celpts, 5.460 head; shipments, 1.200 head; dull; 196-15c lower. Sales: Shipping steers, 83.5065,55; stockers and feeders, 43.5023,80. Hous—Receipts, 6.600 head; shipments, 400 head. Opened 56:10c higher, closed weak, with gain lost; all grades, \$6.0028,00; bulk \$7.056;7.80. SHEEP—Receipts, 900 head; shipments, none, Active and strong to 10c higher. Representa-tive sules; Muttons, \$4.00.

St Louis Live Stock Market. St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,600; shipments, 1,400; market steady; fair to good native steers, \$3.25@4.50; choice shipping, \$4.75@5.00; fed Texas steers, \$3.50@4.40; grassers, \$2.26@3.30; grass Texas cows, \$2.15@3.20.

3 20.

Hoss Receipts, 2.900; shipments, 2,600; market closed easier; heavy, \$7.7528.10; packing, \$7.5068.50; light, 7.5027.80.

SHEEP—No receipts, and therefore no market.