WORK OF THE LEGISLATURE

Another Perfunctory Joint Session Ballot for United States Senator.

MANY CHANGES THAT DIDN'T COUNT

Some of the Members Switch Around a Littie-Time of the Sconte Wasted-Very Little Done in the

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 19 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-There were but 130 votes cast in the joint convention today, Senator Clarke and Representative Farrell being still detained at their homes by sickness, and Senator Thomsen being called from the hall just as the vote was ordered by a telegram announcing the impending death of his mother.

Paddook 31 Andrews Powers 30 Neville Majors 8 Howe Edgerton 6 Martin	The following were the totals:	
Thurston	Powers Majors Edgerton W. L. Greene Thurston McKe'ghan Peese Morton 2004 Keiper Hastinzs Poynter C. L. Greene. C. L. Carpenter	0 Neville 0 Neville 1 Howe 1 Martin 2 Thomsen 3 Crounse 6 Hryan 2 Stark 6 Waison 2 Allen 4 Furnas 2 Halley 2 Lobeck 2 Shrader

The following were the changes shown by the second day's joint ballot: Ames and Withnell, from Boyd to Morton; Barry, from Devine to Powers; Carpenter, from Paddock to Lobeck and Lobeck transferred his vote from Paddock to Carpenter; Beal, from Powers back to Edgerton; Elder, from Stark to McKeighan; Fulton, from Hinfrom Stark to McKeighan; Fulton, from Hinman to Edgerton; Ruggles, from Powers to Howe; Suter, from W. L. Greene to Powers; Irwin, from Poynter to W. L. Greene; Schelp, from Poynter to Powers; Kaup, from Dawes to Howe; Keckley, from Hainer to Reese; Kyner, from Hawes to Morton; Olson, from Dech to Powers; Sherldan, from McKeighan to Powers; Speneer, from Moore to Thurston; Babcock, from Boyd to Morton; Mattes, from Morton to Boyd; Moore, from Wheedon to Majors.

WASTING TIME IN THE SENATE. Nothing Accomplished During the Session

of the Upper House. Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 19.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The senate did not convene until nearly 11 o'clock this forenoon and the entire session was taken up with the discussion of one or two resolutions of

minor importance. The main question was upon the adoption of the report of the committee on employes submitted yesterday. Senator Babcock from that committee offered a substitute to the original report cutting down the number of committee cierks from fifteen to four, but saying nothing about future appointments.
Senator Tefft offered an amendment to the

effect that no clerks be appointed for standig committees until their services were nec Senator Dysart supported the amendment offered by the senator from Cass. He was satisfied in his own mind that the adoption

of the report of the committee on employes would lead to the same extravagance practiced two years ago. The senators should consider the fact that they were elected to legislate in the interests of economy and re Senator Dale criticised Senator Dysart's

the senate, and was himself called down by Senator Tefft, who turned the laugh on him by having his amendment read again. Senator Harris offered an amendment to the amendment, providing that the committee on employes should appoint clerks for standing committees whenever they

action in speaking on something not before

were necessary.

Both amendments were lost, the indepedents, with the exception of Dysart and McCarty, voting with the democrats.

Senator North's resolution directing the secretary of state to place the papers relating to the Douglas county contest cases in the hands of the committee on privileges and elections was called, but on motion of Moore of Lancaster its consideration was made a special order for 2 o'clock Monday The senate then adjourned for the purpose

of forming into convention with the house on the election of a United States senator.

After the joint convention the senate adjourned until tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

IN THE HOUSE.

Ecomony Discussed, Bills Introduced and Members Pay Provided For.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 19.-[Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |- Eighty-three members of the house were present this morning, the chair announcing that eight had been ex-The conference committee reported in

favor of the issuance of 200 tickets to the floor during the joint convention sessions each member of each house to be given one, and the balance to be placed in the hands of the speaker for distribution. This brought on a long discussion, and it was finally decided to throw the gates open to the public on these occasions.

The ticket question was not settled there, however, as admission to the house sessions was taken up at the request of the speaker, who wanted some protection from the hordes that were daily making demands upon him. Stevens wanted the num-ber limited to one for each member per day, and Howe amended making the daily number three. The amendment prevailed.

The speaker appointed the following com

mittee to investigate the death of Convict Powell at the penitentiary: Dimmick Luikkart and Kessler. G. C. Shenhart was appointed proof reader, and Ernest Gifford assistant copy holder.

Woods wanted an attorney and stenog rapher engaged for the committee to in-vestigate the sale of school lands, of which he is chairman. Goss of Douglas, who is also of that committee, showed that there was no reason for incurring the expendi ture by the reform chairman, and Woods withdrew the resolution with the remark that he was merely providing for the time that the services of such em ployes might be needed. Brown introduced a resolution providing

that no employes, with the exception of the journal clerk, receive any pay for days when the house is not in session.

Porter recorded a protest, and told how necessary it was that the postmaster should be on duty every day.

The speaker said that he was keeping only three or four of the necessary employees.

only three or four of the necessary employes on the roll when the house was not in ses-ion, and would continue to see that economy

was practiced in this particular.

On First Reading. The following bills were introduced: By

Barry, providing for the examination of the offices of the county treasurer; by Kloke, exempting cemetery lands from taxation; by Spencer, relating to teacher's certificates; by Merrick, providing for the raising of town charges by levy; by Sisson, providing that school bonds shall draw not to exceed 7 per cent; by Brockman, relating to railway crossings; by Brown, defining burglary so as to include over foreight easter. to include every forcible entry into any build-ing in the night time for criminal intent; by Lockner, providing for the issuance of a certificate by county clerks showing the satisfaction of mortgage; by Wilson, regarding replevin; by Ruggles, making clevators public warehouses for the grading, handling and storing of grain; by Kyner, providing for the taxing of heritance

the taxing of heritance.

The speaker appointed Gifford chairman of the state institution investigating committee, as Reckley had insisted on being excused from the work. Ellis was also appointed on the committee to fill the vacancy.

Appropriation Bill Passed.

The house convened after midday recess ad remained in session long enough to pass the legislative appropriation bill to a third reading. When it came up Howe moved that reading. When it came up flowe moved that it be recommitted to the committee of the whole, and when the house had gone into committee with Casper of Butler in the chair, Howe offered an amendment to the second section, providing that all claims for per diem shall pass that all claims for per diem shall pass through the hands of the committees on ac-

counts and expenditures in the senate and house before being paid. The amendment was agreed to.
Watson moved an amendment to the third section to correct its grammatical construc-tion. The committee arose and reported to the house its recommendation that the bill pass as amended. The report was adopted and the bill ordered to be engressed for third

The house then adjourned until tomorrow at 10 o'clock. TO IMPEACH TISDALE,

Sensation in Wyoming's Legislature—Recent Trouble to Be Investigated. Chevenne, Wyo., Jan. 19.—[Special Tele-

gram to Tue Bee.] - A genuine sensation was felt for a moment today when in the house Representative Snider of Johnson county in troduced a resolution to Impeach State Senator Tisdale for his action regarding the Johnson county invasion. The surprise gave place to amusement when the unconstitutionality of the action dawned upon the members. Afterward Representative Hurd of Uinta county introduced a resolution that a joint committee from the senate and house be appointed to investigate the invasion. It is certain that it will pass the house, which is democratic, and prob-ably the republican senate, whose members are desirous of punishing the offenders against the laws, but only such as are of-

The members of this committee are to have S per day and have power to employ a sten-ographer at \$6. The committee is to com-mence its labors after the adjournment of the legislature, and to make its report to the governor within three months, and 3,000 copies of the report are to be published for distribution. The resolution was referred to the committee of the whole.

The resolution recites that it is a matter of general report that certain federal and state officers high in authority and in the councils of state and nation were indirectly oplicated or participants in the invasion that it has been openly charged that the ex-ecutive authority of the state was used to subvert the interests and objects of the invaders; that a member of the higher branch of the legislature personally participated in the invasion; that the reputation of the people of the state was dragged in the mire of public condemnation by the proclamation of the president of the United States and that the good name of the state demanded that these charges be investigated and their truth or falsity made known to the world.

SOUTH DAKOTA LEGISLATION.

Several Measures of Minor Importance Considered-World's Fair Matters Discussed. PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 19.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The session of the house was uneventful today. The first half hour was taken up in committee reports of varying importance. Among the new bills intro luced the most important was one providing for the organization of life and accident insurance companies. The house then took up the bill forbidding grain buyers charging dockage and though warmly opposed by eertain members it passed by an almost unani-mous vote. Joseph McLeouth, son of the president of Brookings college, was ap pointed custodian of the library.

A bill which was designed to give farm

laborers lien for wages on crops was killed by a vote of 63 to 151. In the senate, Crawford, independent, moved that the attorney general be in-structed to prosecute railroads for violating the provision of the constitution forbidding them to give passes for the purpose of bribes. This called forth a flood of eloquence. Brockway, republican, poured forth denunciation upon the independents and democrats for insulting honorable members. The motion was supported by only two votes, but considerable feeling was aroused.

but considerable feeling was aroused.

Later the republican members held a caucus on the World's fair bill. After clearing the room of all reporters and democrats they called Mr. Brockway to the chair, and Sol Starr made a long and earnest speech for the full appropriation of \$75,000. He denounced the independent legislature of two years ago and counseled the republicans to beware of a similar fate. His words did not seem to a similar fate. His words did not seem to carry the requisite weight, for the proposition to make a donation of \$50,000 was defeated by a dexterous adjournment. The World's fair committees are inclined to be hostile to the commission which they claim has sought to bulldoze them and declare that more than this last sum will not be given.

IN ILLINOIS' LEGISLATURE.

Threatened Split in the Democratic Ranks

Averted. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 19 .- The threatened revolt against the list of the senate caucus committees was averted this morning after a series of conferences between dissatisfied democrats and Governor Altgeld, so when the senate met, the list, as prepared, went through without objection, after one or two

Among the billis introduced was the sena torial apportionment bill. In executive session the senate, by party vote, confirmed lovernor Fifer's nominations of W. C. loudy, democrat, and Charles S. Kirk, re-Governor Fifer's publican, for the Chicago park commis-sioners, but rejected those of Joseph Stockton, S. N. May and Christopher Strassbein. leaving these places to be filled by Governor

Resolutions on the death of ex-President Hayes were adopted in the house by a rising Governor Altgeld sent the following nom

inations to the senate: Canal commissioners A. Gerdes, Peoria; John A. Welch, LaSalle W. A. S. Graham, Chicago.

Among the bills introduced in the house were the following: For the punishment of persons allowing thistles to grow on their memics. apportioning the state into sena torial districts; to regulate the width of wagon and truck tires; to prevent the hunt-

ing of deer; for local option. Speaker Crafts adjourned the standing committees, and after the transaction of some other business, the house adjourned

Hard for Wisconsin Democrats to Agree Madison, Wis., Jan. 19 .- Four more balots were taken for senator at the session of the democratic caucus this afternoon, there being but one change from the vote of 31 for Mifchell, 27 for Bragg, 20 for Knight and 1 for Dodge, cast last night. On the fifth ballot Bragg gained one vote, which has heretofore been cast for Dodge. The cancus then adjourned until 8 o'clock this evening. Upon reassembling four more ballots were taken, Mitchell gaining two votes from Knight, making the eleventh ballot as fol-lows: Mitchell, 33; Bragg, 28; Knight, 18. The Bragg and Knight men supported a resolution to adjourn until Monday, which was stubbornly opposed by Mitchell's fol-lowers, who wanted to adjourn until tomor-The combination succeeded in securing the adjournment over Sunday. The Mitchell leaders, who had their candidate within eight votes of a nomination, fought hard for a continuation of the balloting, but the Bragg and Knight men combined as a unit to procure the delay. The adjournment is looked upon as highly favorable to Bragg, for whom an underlable popular undercur-

Appointed by Governor Walte. DENVER, Colo., Jan. 19. - Governor Waite this afternoon sent to the senate the name of T. J. Tarsney of Rico as adjutant general and W. W. Ferguson of Lake City as inspec-

tor general. The appointment of Dr. Coleman to the position of adjutant general is with this action withdrawn, it being thought advisable not to present his name, as Dr. Coleman was wholly exposition with the coleman was wholly unfamiliar with military affairs.

Repealed the Miner Election Law. Lansing, Mich., Jan. 19.—The republican senate today, by a vote of 20 to 9, passed a bill repealing the Miner election law and providing for the election of presidential electors by a direct vote of the state at large. The house is republican and will probably pass the bill also, and it will be signed by the grayeror. signed by the governor.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 19.—Sixteen ballots were taken in the legislature for United States senator this afternoon. The last ballot resulted: Allen, 48; Turner, 28; Griggs, 27; Teats, 9. This is no change from yester-

Governor Seny's Message. GUTHRIE, Okl., Jan. 19.-Governor Seay read his message today to both branches of the legislature. He referred at length to the

progress that has been made in Oklahoma in agricultural and mechanical pursuits. He urged retrenchment in all public matters, and particularly refers to the Australian ballot system as too expensive. He insists on liberal school laws, and suggests that equal facilities be provided for both white and negro-children, but makes no reference as to the offspring of the red man.

SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

Alleged Discrepancies in the Accounts of the

Ex-Auditor of Illinois. SPHINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 18 .- The first official act of the democratic attorney general has been to draw up a legal document making formal demands upon the republican exauditor of public accounts, Pavey, for the cash books and records of disbursements of the insurance department.

For many years a subject of political discussion has been the disposition of fees received in the insurance department. The law provides that the net amount of all fees over and above \$5,000 and the cost of performing clerical labor shall be paid to the state treasurer. One interpretation is that the state auditor is entitled to \$5,000 per annum in addition to his \$3,500 salary and, in addition to that, which he has the right to de duct as the expense of maintaining the insurance departments. The democrats have never conceded this, and fought it during the recent campaign. It is asserted tonight that between the amounts collected in the that between the amounts collected in the insurance departments and the amounts paid into the state treasury there will be found unaccounted for the startling discrepancy of \$16,000 to \$18,000 per annum, reaching back perhaps to 1870. It is said that the books showing the expenditures of the insurance department of the auditor's office have been taken away and the fact developed that aken away and the fact developed that nilar records extending as far back as 876 are gone.

The Associated press correspondent to-night secured a wire to Mount Vernon and had a talk with ex-Auditor Pavey. Reply-ing to questions he said he had turned over all the public records to his successor. eash and bank books retained he regarded as

private property.

When told about the assertion that a discrepancy of \$15,000 to \$18,000 per annum would be found to exist in the office accounts, Pavey said there was no occasion for any such statement and that he would start for Springfield tonight. The attorney general, when told of Pavey's assertion about the books, said if they were purchased by the insurance fund and used in the insurance department, they are the property of the state, and if so, he would take legal measures to force Pavey to turn

them over. Ousting Republican Members.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 19.—The republican nouse transacted no business and adjourned until afternoon. The populists' election committee submitted a report ousting the republican members from Jackson and Reno unties, holding their election to be illegal, The report went over until tomorrow. The senate elections committee also filed papers against six republican senators.

It is probable that the republicans will in-titute criminal proceedings against Chief Clerk Rich for having made alleged erasures insertions in the official roll over the signa-ture of the secretary of state and great sea, of state. This action is classed as forgery the Kansas statutes.

There were no new developments in the legislative muddle today, unless the unseating policy of the populists, which was clearly

manifest, can be so considered. The populist house was to have taken up the appropriation bill, passed it and allowed the republicans to test the bill in the supreme court. But instead they devoted the day to a consideration of contest cases, in all of which the committee thought the populists clearly entitled to the seats.

The senatorial situation is more sadly mixed tonight than ever before, and none of the numerous combinations which have been the numerous combinations which have been the seatisfactorily.

proposed seem to be working satisfactorily. The refusal of the democrats to consider any proposition which the republicans might advance in regard to state printer until an agreement was reached on the senatorial question has seriously jeopardized the democratic-republican combine, but the leaders on both sides are still working to make it No Change in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 19.-No change has occurred in the senatorial situation. The te today was exactly the same as yester

North Dakota's Scnatorial Fight. BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 19 .- Eight ballots for United States senator were taken in joint session today with no material change.

AMUSEMENTS.

"A Nutmeg Match" at Boyd's. "A Nutmeg Match" is the title of William Haworth's latest play, which he styles a comedy-drama. It was presented to an Omaha audience for the first time last evening at Boyd's new theater. The story of the play is obscure, fragmentary and incoherent. It is written in four acts, but it should be played in three. Nothing more puerile, vulgar and utterly unnecessary than the second act of "A Nutmeg Match" could be con-ceived, and its presentation before an intelliceived, and its presentation before an intelli-gent audience is unpardonable; only two words spoken during the entire wearisome scene have anything to do with the story. With this act cut out, the drama might be passable, but it would still be commonplace. The play was evidently patched together to introduce a working pile-driver, which fills the foreground of a very effective scene in the third act. This very effective scene in the third act. This act has some merit, and the fight of the two principal characters on the dock is realistic principal characters on the dock is realistic-ally managed and does not fall of effect. The first act, too, presents a pretty picture, showing a fine bit of scene painting in a Connecticut landscape. But, all in all, there is nothing in "William Haworth's latest to justify its existence.

Miss Annie Lewis is the bright particular star of the company. She is a clever little lady and in the audaciously impossible part of Cinders she is at times wholly admirable, notably in her first scene. She sings nicely and her dancing is not ungraceful, but try hard as she can she cannot redeem the play from condemnation. Mrs. E. A. Eberle presents a roughly drawn caricature of a Connecticut woman of the hard shell, disagreeable type with considerable success, and as Farmer Lucas Mr. Eberie is fairly good. The players, all around, are better than the play, which where least censurable is flat, stale and unprofitable and utterly without reason for being.

Though by no means a high class comedy, "Pete Peterson" is a farce at which a great many people would laugh and derive some

"Pete Peterson" at the Farnam.

enjoyment. There was a good attendance at its opening performance at the Farnam Street theater last night, but little enthusi-asm was manifested. The company is not a asm was manifested. The company is not a strong one. There is a great deal of singing in the play and a great many very bad voices, All the songs were old ones and they not cleverly sung. Kirk were not cleverly sung. Kirk Armstrong as Pete Peterson made up well as the lubberly Swedish lad. He might have been fairly successful had there been a little fresh humor injected into his part. As it was, "Pete Peterson" seemed to have been made up of old scenes from a dozen comedies with which play-goers are familiar. None of the ladies engaged in its presentation are interesting. There is not a fresh voice, a pretty figure nor a suggestion of talent among them. It is the same with

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

There was a meeting of the Young Men's Christian association chorus last night, at which L. Anderson was elected president, D. H. Brotchie secretary and A. M. Hopkins, Fred S. Able and G. G. Joyce executive committee. The vocal class is being in-structed by 1. A. Torrens. It was decided to enlarge the scope of the chorus so as to take in the laties who sang at the Mills meetings. With both male and female voices the chorus will be greatly strengthened. The male chorus will sing Sunday

"Being a Man," the subject for Sunday af-ternoon, will be handled by T. M. Cramblett and W. W. Slabaugh. The association or-chestra, under John Brown, leader, will furnish music, and there will be selections by the "T. K." quartette. The bible classes as classes are increasing remark-

ably. At the last five class meetings there ninety-nine young men. The daily attendance at the noon meetings averages fifty persons. Robert McClellan is conducting the meetings this week.

M. BARBOUK'S EARNEST PLEA

His Able and Eloquent Defense of the Indicted Canal Officials.

FERDINAND DE LESSEPS EULOGIZED Political Considerations, the Advocate Alleges, Are the Only Reasons for

the Prosecutions His Speech Was

a Masterpiece of Oratory.

Pants, Jan. 19.—Public interest in the Panama trial is evidently increasing as the case draws to a close. Today the defense opened, and the court room was packed with people anxious to hear Maitre Barboux's speech opening his case for his clients. He argued volubly and at much length that it was not alone moral conditions that had led to the arrest and prosecution of the accused. Political considerations, he declared, had much to do with the prosecution, and he emphatically insisted that the men he was defending should not be made scapegoats for the advantage of any party or faction, or to advance the designs of ambitious men. He maintained the probity of his clients was in no wise affected by the indictment upon which they were standing trial. He de-clared that the construction of the Panama canal was far removed from speculative aims. In its inception and progress the scheme had an honorable foundation, the speculation arose from it.

M. Barboux culogized M. Ferdinand de

M. Barooux eulogized M. Ferdinand de Lesseps as a man of the highest character. So keen was his sense of honor that after appearing before Magistrate Prinnet at the opening of the inquiry he was overwhelmed. For two months he had not left his bed and during that time he had not uttered a word. Had the great Frenchman been able to appear in court the whole audience would have

risen to salute the glory of his fame.

Maitre Barboux gave full vent to his ora tory in recounting the many struggles of M. Ferdinand de Lesseps and laid particular stress upon his statement regarding M. de Lesseps' contest with Great Britain over the Suez canal. He then proceeded to examine into the duties and responsibilities of the directors of the company, which, he declared, had been faithfully and correctly carried out. He dealt with the charges against M. de Lesseps and endeavored to show that they were unfounded.

In concluding his speech Maitre Barboux declared that the heavy outlays made on behalf of the company were fully justified, and he proposed to prove that public opinion on this matter had been misled.

When Maitre Barboux had finished, the

court adjourned until Tuesday, M. Barboux's speech was a masterpiece of oratory, and though his eloquence was fervent it never carried him beyond the point where his words could be construed as admitting in the slightest degree anything de rogatory to the characters or methods of the men he was defending. The address made quite an impression. It was listened to by many lawyers prominent at the French bar, and at its conclusion M. Barboux was omplimented by his tegal colleagues.

M. Charles de Lesseps was much overome by the tributes paid him and his father by the advocate shil warmly thanked him for his eloquent defense.

THROUGH MONARCHIAL GLASSES. Dark Pictures of France Drawn by the Foi-

lowers of the Prince of Orleans. Paris, Jan. 19.—The Comte de Husenville. leader of the monarchist party and general representative of the Comte de Paris, has formulated the Orieanist program in a long etter to M. Edouard Hoeve, editor of the

After drawing a dark picture of the corruption revealed by the Panama investiga-tion and the consequent consternation among the true friends of France, he denies the charge that the monarchists have tried o aggravate the scandal.

Nobody could doubt that the time had

come when a strong hand and a strong will were needed for the head of the French people. The attention of the nation at large 'All having anything to lose now in power. were alarmed by the socialist war now waged against capital. The government had no power to stem this movement. The monarchists ought to assume the leadership and direct public opinion in this emergency. The organization of the monarchist movement was complete, and the monarchists should now seek to make all conservative and liberal alliances possible, without distinction. Precise in-structions would be issued before the beginning of the general elections. Meantime it was necessary to prepare for the conflict and for unforeseen emergencies, as a violent crisis was inevitable. When the people of France should tire of the republic the monarchist party would be ready to defend the cause of labor and to drive back the enemies of society and to place the institutions of France upon enduring foundations. That which today seemed chimerical would then become easy. The monarchists were bound by loyalty to France to organize and prepare the way for the prince of Orleans.

REITERATES HIS STATEMENTS.

M. Stephene Contradicts the Testimony of M. Clemenceau. Paris, Jan. 19 .- M. Stephene, the clerk who testified yesterday that he gave a list of compromised deputies to M. Clemenceau, was recalled today by the parliamentary commission of investigation. He reiterated his statements as to the list received by him from Baron de Reinach and its delivery to M. Clemenceau, contradicting in every to M. Clemenceau, contradicting in every par-ticular the denials made yesterday by Clemenceau before the commission. M. Andrieux's list of 104 compromised deputies was shown to M. Stephene, and he recognized it as a copy of the list which Baron de Reinach dictated to him, and which he gave

M. Ascelin, chief bookkeeper for M. Prop-per, testified before the commission that M. Stephene had mentioned the list to him be Stephene had mentioned the list to him be-fore 1889, but had not mentioned any names. M. Hyeronimus, chief accountant of the Panama Canal company, gave the details of the purchase of the Telegraph.

The Liberte says the police have learned where Arton is, and his extradition will be demanded forthwith. It is suggested that he is in London and has been in communica-tion with Cornelius Herz.

The Cocarde publishes a letter signed "Cornelius Herz," in which he acknowledges that he received 727,000 francs from Baron de Reinach. This sum, however, the letter says, was paid on perente account and was in no way connected with Panama affairs. The letter denies that he, Herz, drove Baron de Reinach to death/by blackmailing him. On the contrary, de Reinach had tried to documents which will vindicate him.

Took in Everybody. London, Jan. 19. A dispatch to the Daily News from Paris states that among the Arton checks recently received is one for 40,000 francs, payable to a celebrated theatri-cal beauty. This is the first proof of the connection of a woman with the scandal, but hardly the last, as a batch of checks to be examined next week will undoubtedly com-promise some society people of both sexes. On the counterfoil of the actress' check is a memorandum to the effect that the 40,000 francs was a commission paid in advance on purchase of lottery bonds by a wealthy young duke.

France Tells England to Go Slow. London, Jan. 19.—Under instructions from the French foreign minister the French ambassador today sent a note to the British oreign office, in reference to the affair in Egypt, saying that France could not remain indifferent to any act on the part of Great Britain tending to infringe on the inde-

Bank of Rome Officials Arrested. ROME, Jan. 19 .- The governor and cashier of the Bank of Rome, concerning the stand ing of which grave rumors are afloat, have been arrested, causing great excitement. It is reported that the assets and liabilities will be assumed by the Bank of Italy and will be reorganized by merging the two

In the French Chamber. Pants, Jan. 19 .- in the Chamber of Depu-

tles today the president announced that M. Baibut, now under arrest in connection with the Panama affair, had resigned his seat.

The debate on the budget jwas then taken up. An amendment was offered to abolish

up. An amendment was offered to accuse the embassy to the ratican.

The amendment to the press law passed its first reading in the senate today by a

SHOCKING TRAGEDY

Awful Crime Committed by a Crazy English

Teacher. London, Jan. 19.—Intense excitement was caused today at Hove, a suburb of Brighton, and in Brighton itself, by the discovery of a triple tragedy that had been enacted at the former place. Arthur Black, B.Sc., a teacher of classics and mathematics, his wife and son, aged 2 years, were found dead In their home this morning by some of the neighbors who called at the house.

The child was found lying in a disordered bed. He had been stabbed in the neck and the bedding and the floor were drenched with his black.

The body of Mrs. Black, with the head terribly battered, was lying on the floor of a room next to that in which the body of her son was found. The only garment on the body was a night dress. Trom the appear-ance of the wounds on the head it is thought she was beaten to death with a hammer. On the floor above the body of Black was found. He, too, was attired in only a night shirt. He had bled profusely from the nose and mouth, but there was no wound visible. On a table beside him was a bloody hammer and a table knife also bear ing bloody hammer and a table knile also bearing blood stains. A bottle that had contained poison was standing on a chair beside
the table. It is the general opinion that
Black murdered his wife and child and then
committed suicide by taking poison.

The couple had another child, whose life was undoubtedly saved by the fact that it was away from home on a visit.

STILL CONFUSED.

Situation in Paris Still Mixed—Want to Expel the Thunderer's Thunderer.

Copyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett : Parts, Jan. 19 .- New York Herald Cable Special to THE BEE. |-The situation appears still confused. The note found yesterday was really written by Stephanie, de Reinach's employe, and must have been handed, nobody knows how, to Herz and Clemenceau.

A number of papers demand the expulsion of M. de Blowitz, the Paris correspondent of the London Times, whom they accuse of systematic hostility to Franc.

JACQUES ST. CERE. NEWS FOR THE ARMY.

List of Changes of Importance in the Regular Service Yesterday. Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The following army orders were issued today:

A board of survey, to consist of Lieutenan Colonel Charles G. Sawtelle, Deputy Quarter master General Major John Simpson and Quartermaster Captain Erasmus C. Gilbreath, Eleventh infantry, will assemble at the general depot of the quartermaster's department at Philadelphia from time to time, at the call of the senior member thereof, for the purpose of ascertaining and fixing the responsibility for any deficiencies or damages of property received at the depot or damages of property received at the depot during the remainder of the present calendar

The following officers will repair to Fremont, O., and attend the funeral of the late ex-President R. B. Hayes, and on conclusion of the funeral obsequies will conclusion of the funeral obsequies will return to their respective stations in this return to their respective stations in this city: Brigadier General Joseph C. Brecken-ridge, inspector general U. S. A.; Colonel George D. Ruggles, assistant adjutant general U. S. A.; Lieutenant Colonel Marshal I. Ludington, deputy quartermaster general U. S. A.; Lieutenant Colonel H. O. Corhin, assistant adjutant U. S. A.; Captain Tasker H. Bliss, aide-de-camp to the major general commanding the army.

Colonel Anson Mills, Third cavalry, is relieved from duty at Fort Walla Walla. Wash

lieved from duty at Fort Walla Walla, Wash., and will proceed to join his regiment. Lientenant Colonel Samuel S. Sumner, Sixth cavairy, is relieved from duty as a member of the examining board convened at Fort Meyer, Va., November 3, and will proceed to New York City and report to the superintendent of the recruiting service and thence to Jefferson barracks and relieve Colonel Sam B. M. Young, Fourth cavalry, from the command of the recruiting depot at that place. Upon being thus relieved Lieu-tenant Colonel Young will proceed to join his regiment at Fort Walla Walla, Wash. First Lieutenant Frederick Wooley, Tenth infantry, will proceed to Providence and report in person to the governor of Rhode Island for temporary duty pertaining to the

militia of that state. Leave of absence for four months to take effect February 24 is granted First Lieutenant John H. Shollenberger, Tenth infantry, Captain Edward M. Hayes, Fifth cavalry, will report in person to the superintendent of the recruiting service, New York City, about February 15, to conduct recruits to the

Department of the Missouri. CARLISLE HAS RESIGNED.

His Resignation Mailed to the Governor of

Kentucky Last Wednesday. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 19 .- A special from Washington says: J. in G. Carlisle mailed his resignation to Governor Brown last night as United States senator from Kentucky. The letter containing the resignation should reach Frankfort tonight.

Bishop Ireland's Letter.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 19 .- In addition to the circulation of the torn and patched letter from Archbishop Ireland to Archbishop Riordan in this city, detailed last night, it was learned today that a manuscript copy of the mysterious stolen proof slip of the Ireland educational memorial to Rome has also been circulated here. An authoritative source hinted that it might be traced among the German clergy

A prominent layman acknowledged that a manuscript copy of the famous memorial had been in St. Louis. Pledges of secrecy formed the bodyguard of the precious letter in its journeys to and fro in this city, and when all the inner circle of the anti-Ireland party had perused it, it was returned to the mysterious source from whence it came.

Homeopaths Elect Officers. Officers were elected by the Omaha Home pathic Medical society at a meeting held in the Paxton cafe last night. The new officers are Dr. D. A. Foote, president; Dr. Amelia Burroughs, vice president; Dr. S. M. Campbell, secretary. A paper was read by Dr. Chamberlain of Council Bluffs on the "Com-Chamberlain of Council Bluffs on the "Com-patability of the Homeopathic Law," which

marks were made by Drs. Bruner, Holmes, Hanchett and Worley. Rage of an Elephant. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 19.-The big ele

provoked a general discussion. in which re-

phant, Rajah, owned by Lemon Bros. and confined in winter quarters at Argentine, went on a rampage last night and tried to tear down the building. In some manner his fastenings became loosened and he made a rush for one of the 8x12 inch wooden sup-ports of the building. He smashed this into splinters and tore out the entire inside of the His keepers quieted him before he

Closed with a Banquet. Kearney, Neb., Jan. 19.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The eleventh annual con-

vention of the Nebraska State Volunteer

Firemen's association closed this evening with a magnificent banquent and brilliant toasts. The officers elected for the ensuing year are: George F. Corcoran of York, president; Fred K. Baillie, Grand Island, first vice president; T. V. Golden, O'Neill, account vice president. Golden, O'Neill, second vice president; M. J. Sanders, Kearney, secretary and A. J. Tomlinson, Red Cloud, treasurer.

FLOUR OUTPUT.

What the Minneapolis Mills Have Been Doing for the Past Week, MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 19.—The Northwestern Miller says: The mills last week ground out 169,340 barrels against 165,100 barrels the week before, 173,145 barrels for the corresponding time in 1892. It is doubtful if as good a showing is made for this week The total sales of flour for a week appear to have been greater than the output. Millers however, say that the market has no snap.
When wheat began to go up buyers were auxious to place orders at old prices and a good deal was probably sold on this basis, and more or less even at from 10 to 15 cents and more or less even at from 10 to 15 cents and sance, but since another 10 cents was added business has been rather slow. Foreigners are slow about taking hold at prices now asked. Some fair-stred blocks of baker's have been sold around 17s 6d to London. Export shipments by the mills last week were 52,500 barrels, against 40,150 barrels the preceding week. ceding week.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

It Will Be Fair and Colder, with Westerly Winds in Nebraska Today.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—For Ne-braska, North and South Dakota—Fair, colder; winds shifting to westerly. For Iowa-Snow; warmer in eastern and colder in western portions; westerly winds, Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Jan. 19.—Omaha record of temperature and rainfall compared with corresponding day of

| 1893 | 1892 | 1891 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | 1890 | Statement showing the condition of tem perature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March 1, 1892. Normal temperature.

Excess for the day
Deficiency since March I.
Normal precipitation
Deficiency for the day
Deficiency since March I.

LOCAL BREVILLES,

The February docket of county court cases will be ready in a few days. The Hale water tower will be here today and Chief Gailigan expects to have the ma-chine on wheels by noon.

George E. Hunt, Local Forecast Official.

Bishop Newman lectures tonight at the Young Men's Christian association on "America for Americans." Eighty applicants for civil service examination have sent in their applications. The

examination occurs February 7. Eight saloons were brought to time yesterday and enriched the city to the tune of \$1,000 each. Only a few delinquents remain. A. Dowing was locked up yesterday after-noon for breaking into a Burlington caboose and stealing some clothing from W. A. La Last night Officer Cox arrested "Link"

Smith, who is wanted in South Omaha for stealing \$20 from an inmate of a house of ill The county commissioners will do nothing toward adding any extensions to the court house, putting in elevators or making any

other improvements. Two boys, giving the names of Smith and Harris, were locked up by the police last night for trying to steal a pair of pants from a Tenth street pawnbroker.

Judge Eller yesterday appointed Irvine C. Schriver as administrator of the estate of Lena Aust, to succeed Sidney Smith, who is now serving the state at the penitentiary at An inquest on the body of the Ewing child supposed to have died as the result of poisoning at the hands of Joe Williams will take place this morning.

Williams is still at large. John Heenan, who lives in Omaha, on West Burt street, was killed at Savannah, Mo., yesterday morning by a train. He was employed as a switchman by the Great Western railroad. The news of his death was tele-graphed to Chief Seavey and a policeman carried the information to the man's family.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

J. M. Griffith of Wahoo is at the Millard. George W. Lasey of Madison is at the Del-

L. S. Needham of Winside is at the Ar-

Barrett Scott of O'Neill is at the Mer-George B. Balston is at the Barker from Lincoln

John J. McNulty of Muscatine, Ia., is at the Barker. Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Sanford of Avoca, Ia., are at the Paxton. Judge J. E. Stacy of Anamosa, Ia., is stopping at the Paxton.

Frank P. Ireland, ex-mayor of Nebraska City, is at the Paxton. Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Stevens of Portland, Ore., are at the Paxton. R. J. Kilpatrick, the well known Beatrice business man, is at the Paxton. Messrs. J. E. Doty and James McKellips of David City are at the Merchants.

Thomas Carson, Denver agent of the Car-negic steel works, is at the Murray. Miss Bessie Hulett and Miss Lula Dolan leave in a few days on a visit to Norfolk Messrs. G. R. Kimnal, Fred Kimbail and J. R. Brinker are registered at the Dellone. J. D. McDonald of Fremont is at the Murray, on his way south for a trip through

Texas. Messrs, C. J. O'Connors, Thomas Ashford and J. B. Myers of Homer are stopping at the Paxton. Messrs. J. H. Jones, S. V. Pitcher and J.

H. Harnsberger of Rushville are stopping at the Millard. George W. Vroman, of the Union Pacific grievance committee, is at the Arcade, from North Platte. Mr. Frederick W. White, managing editor

of the Colorado Sun, Denver, called upon The

BEE yesterday. Mrs. Charles E. Ford and children return to the city from Chicago this morning over Hon. Q. E. Browning, ex-congressman and large mine owner at Du Quoin, Il ing the city. He is stopping at the Murray. Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Bell of Laramie, Wyo.

re at the Paxton on their wedding trip east Mr. Bell is a substantial ranchman in Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Fraser and daughter Messrs. E. A. Brizee, F. E. Bone, J. N. Jacobs, L. E. Schultze and A. T. Hopkins of

Watertown, S. D., are at the Millard, on their way to the Pacific coast. At the Mercer: P. Pavesick, Chicago; Josiah Brown, Quincy, Ill.; James Sanford, Sioux City; S. D. McDonald, Pueblo, Colo.; Charles H. Sioan, Geneva; S. O. Forsythe, Benkelman; Henry Ehlers, Lindsay.

New York, Jan. 19.—(Special Telegram to THE BEE.)—Omaha: A. D. Brandeis, buyer for J. L. Brandeis & Son, Broadway Central; G. R. Shafer, Hoffman. Cincago, Ill., Jan. 19.—(Special Telegram to Tug Beg.)—Nebraska arrivals: Brevoort —M. I. Bigelow, Lincoln; M. Friend, Ra-venna, Grand Pacific—John R. Webster, Control Pacific—John R. Webster, Omaha. Great Northern—Dr. E. H. Eddy Lincoln; John N. Baldwin, Council Bluffs.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

claiming to be blood-purifiers. First of all, because the principal ingredient used in it is the extract of genuine Honduras sarsaparilla root, the variety richest in medicinal proper-Cures Catarrh ties. Also, because the yellow dock, being raised expressly for the Company, is always fresh and

of the very best kind. With equal

discrimination and care, each of the

other ingredients are selected and

compounded. It is THE **Superior Medicine**

because it is always the same in appearance, flavor, and effect, and, being highly concentrated, only small doses are needed. It is, therefore, the most economical blood-purifier in existence. It

makes food nour-SCROFULA ishing, work pleasant, sleep refreshing, and life enjoyable. It searches out all impurities in the system and expels them harmlessly by the natural channels. AYER'S Sarsaparilla gives elasticity to the step, and imparts to the aged and infirm, renewed health, strength, and vitality.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Drugglats; Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.

Cures others, will cure you

Fifty Years Settles It CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

If Dr. Schenck's treatment and cure of Con-sumption were something new and untried, people might doubt; but what has proved it-self through a record as old as our grandfath-ers, means just what it is—

A Specific for Consumption and for all diseases of the Lungs. No treatment in the worldcan place so many permanent cures of Consumption to its credit as Dr. Schenck's. Nothing in Nature acts so directly and effectively on the lung membranes and tissues, and so quickly disposes of tubercles, concestion, inflammation, calls, coughs and all the seeds of Consumption as

Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup When all else fails stromes to the rescue. No until it fails, and only after faithful trial should any one despond. It has brought the hopeless to life and health. It has turned the despair of ten thousand homes into joy. It is doing it now. It will continue to do it is doing it now. It will continue to do the throughout the ages. In: Schenck's Practica Treatise on consumption, Lives and Stamuch Diseases in viled free trial applicants.

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