

WORK OF THE LEGISLATURE

Senator Darner's Resolution Concerning the Printers' Strike Vigorously Tabled.

SENATE WILL HAVE ITS DAILY PAPERS

Concurrent Resolution Providing for a Revenue Commission Introduced—House Hires a Few More Employees and Revises Another Deluge of Bills.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 17.—[Special to THE BEA.]—It was 10:30 this morning when the senate was called to order. In his opening prayer the chaplain made a few remarks that might be looked upon as personal, inasmuch as he prayed that the senators might have the wisdom of Daniel and the strength of Sampson to withstand the temptations that were likely to crowd their path. The prayer seemed so appropriate that at its conclusion the senators from Cass walked up to the chaplain and congratulated him.

The journal of yesterday's proceedings was approved without correction. Under the head of unfinished business Senator Darner called up his resolution of yesterday providing that the printers' strike in Lincoln be investigated.

Moore offered his substitute and Dale moved the adoption of the original. Eggleston's motion to lay the whole matter on the table shut off all discussion, as it was carried by a large majority.

Senator Young's resolution appointing a committee to confer with the commissioners of Lancaster county in reference to the employment of counsel to assist in the prosecution of the holders came up next. It was followed by a lively discussion, in which Senators Correll, Young, Pope and Darner participated. Teff's amendment to provide that the chair should appoint the committee was then adopted by a vote of 18 to 9.

On the resolution of the following resolution, which upon request of Senator Correll, went over until tomorrow: Whereas, An emergency seems to exist demanding the attention of the legislature to the public revenue laws of Nebraska; therefore be it

Resolved, the house concurring, That a joint committee of three members of the senate and three members of the house be appointed to investigate the public revenue laws of Nebraska; and that the committee be authorized to hold public hearings and to report to the legislature on or before the 15th day of February, 1893.

On motion of Burns the house adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

ILLINOIS LAW MARKERS.

Bills Introduced Yesterday in That State's Legislature. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 17.—The following are among the bills introduced today: Providing that the interest received by county treasurers on the public treasury, provided for the redemption of deposits of state funds and requiring the interest thereon to be turned into the public treasury; repealing the compulsory education law, defining the manner in which township treasurers may hold moneys in their possession; establishing the Illinois eastern hospital for insane, to cost \$400,000; providing for the issue of state liquor licenses; providing for two grades of state teachers certificates; to provide for a state board of education and to provide for the settlement of disputes; extending the time in which liens may be filed against a building.

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The following were among the bills introduced in the senate: Providing rules for the redemption of property sold for taxes; for the abolition of the state board of equalization at the expiration of the present term; and making the governor, auditor and attorney general such board; changing the mode of assessing delinquent tax sales from May to June.

Minnesota's Choice for Senator. ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 17.—Senator C. K. Davis will be re-elected at the joint session of both houses of the legislature tomorrow. The houses voted separately today, the senate resulting being that he received eighty-seven votes, eighty-five being a majority on joint ballot. There were a few scattering republican votes for other candidates, which will be counted for him on joint ballot. (Lawler dem.) received 48 votes altogether; Owen, (populist) 23.

The senate yesterday endorsed the Washington-Hatch anti-option bill, and urged its passage by congress.

California's Senatorial Contest. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 17.—Balloting for a United States senator to succeed Charles N. Felton began this afternoon. The first ballot in the senate resulted: Stephen M. Hays, 17; George W. Perkins, 6; Thomas R. Bard, 5; F. C. Francis, 1; R. M. Widney, 3. The first ballot in the assembly resulted: White, 42; T. V. Cator, 8; E. H. Cator, 8; S. M. M. Cator, 8; B. A. Reed, 3; Widney, 4; F. C. Francis, 1; E. M. Preston, 1; Jacob H. Neff, 1. Total vote, 80; necessary to choose, 41.

Mass Quay Will Represent Pennsylvania. HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 17.—The joint caucus of republican members of the house and senate, called to nominate a candidate for United States senator, met today. Mr. Quay and Mr. Dalzell were the candidates. The vote resulted: Quay, 146; Dalzell, 18. State Senator Robin, J. Quay's nomination was made unanimous.

The democratic legislative caucus nominated State Senator George Ross of Bucks county for United States senator.

One Way to Carry an Election. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—The elections were held here yesterday in Haytland and President Hipple's friends and relatives were elected, but only through a show of arms. Troops were stationed at the polls and compelled the electors to vote for the republican ticket. As a result a riot broke out in several places near Port au Prince. Troops have been sent to the scenes of disturbance.

Triumphantly Tammany. ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Edward Murphy, Tammany candidate for United States senator, against whose election President-elect Cleveland protested, was chosen to that position, notwithstanding the protest, by the legislature today to succeed Frank Hipple. Murphy, 17; Hipple, 12; Whitely, Reid, 1; House—Murphy, 73; Hipple, 32.

Senator Bate Secures Re-Election. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 17.—Both houses of the legislature voted in separate sessions for United States senator. In the senate the vote stood: Bate, democrat, 21; Winston, republican, 6. In the house the vote stood: Bate, 67; Winston, 25; Barrett, 2. Senator Bate will be declared elected tomorrow.

Turpie the Choice of Indiana. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 17.—In separate sessions the house and senate of the legislature today chose a majority for Senator Turpie to succeed himself as United States senator. The formality of his election will be gone through with in joint session tomorrow.

How They Voted in Michigan. LANSING, Mich., Jan. 17.—The republican house for United States senator resulted: Stockbridge, republican, 65; Campau, democrat, 35; Belding, democrat, populist, 4. The senate will ballot this afternoon.

Mr. Hale Returned from Maine. AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 17.—Eugene Hale received a majority of both houses for the position of United States senator and will be ratified in joint session tomorrow.

Choice of Massachusetts Democracy. BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 17.—The democratic caucus today chose Patrick A. Collins as a candidate for United States senator.

No Opposition to Gray in Delaware. DELAWARE, Del., Jan. 17.—Senator George Gray was re-elected to the United States senate without opposition.

New Jersey's Governor Installed. TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 17.—Governor-elect George T. Werts was installed chief executive of the state today.

BELGIUM'S STARVING POOR

Unemployed Workmen Parade Their Misery in Brussels.

BEING MADE DESPERATE BY HUNGER

ominous Mutterings of Suffering Men Bring the Government to a Realization of Their Desperate Straits—From Reports from Officials of Aid.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 17.—The misery of the unemployed Belgian workmen had a forcible illustration in this city today, and at the same time the government received a warning that something must be done to help the starving thousands, who are reaching the stage where revolutions mean bread to them.

Two hundred and fifty men who find it impossible to procure food for themselves and their families arrived here from Ghent this morning. Ghent lies thirty-one miles north-west of Brussels, and they had walked the entire distance. In the phenomenally cold weather now prevailing it is strange how the ill-fed and scantily-clothed men managed to traverse the distance. Hundreds of idle workmen in Brussels greeted the delegation from Ghent. The two crowds joined and paraded the streets, calling the attention of the well-to-do to their miserable clothing and half starved condition.

A significant feature of the parade was the chanting of revolutionary songs, which were sung with a fervor which showed that they would require but little to fan the embers of revolution into a blaze. It was noted that this had not attempted was made by the authorities to stop the parade.

Interviewed the Minister. Finally the crowd brought up at the ministry of public works and eight men, who were appointed a committee, demanded an interview with the minister. Their demands were refused, and they were ushered into the office. They told the minister that they, their wives and children were absolutely starving, though through no fault of their own. They were anxious to work, but no employment could be found. They therefore, in their distress, appealed to the government.

The minister of public works listened attentively. He promised to expedite the execution of work in his department, and thus furnish employment for the unemployed. He was serious as the outlook when the mob took possession of the street, that the whole force of gardains was ordered to the barracks. The horses were kept saddled in readiness for use at any time. During the time of the conference with the minister the procession remained on the outside singing and crying "Give us work, give us work."

When the committee returned the paraders marched to the Chamber of Deputies, and there, in an undignified manner, a petition made for a hearing. The house decided to allow a committee of five to present to the secretaries a petition that the workmen be employed on the public works.

The unemployed workmen were interviewed by the minister. They told the minister that they, their wives and children were absolutely starving, though through no fault of their own. They were anxious to work, but no employment could be found. They therefore, in their distress, appealed to the government.

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MILLIONS GO UP IN SMOKE

Numerous Dismantled Fires Throughout the Country Yesterday.

CHICAGO'S EXPENSIVE AND FATAL BLAZE

Destruction of the Calumet Club House—One of the Attacks of the Building Loses Her Life and Others Seriously Injured.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 17.—The beautiful club house of the Calumet club at Twenty-eighth and Michigan avenue was totally destroyed by fire tonight at 6 o'clock. So rapid was the fire in its progress that scarcely any of the effects of the club were saved. Not one of the beautiful paintings which adorned its walls was taken from the building. The twenty odd members of the club who resided in the house left their personal property, and some of them were forced to leave the building in a hurried manner. The building was erected in 1883 at a cost of \$150,000 and a short time ago the officers of the club refused an offer of \$300,000 for the entire property. It is estimated that the loss, including many valuable pictures and other furniture of the elegant house, will reach \$300,000. The entire insurance is \$200,000.

Messrs. George Field, A. H. Baker and A. A. Bielow, members of the club, Manager Armour and Cashier Munger, managed to get a number of the pictures down and were about to carry them from the building when they were stopped by the firemen, who had then become confined to the upper stories, and that there would be no necessity for carrying them out. They were put into a room on the second floor, and the firemen discovered the flames, immediately went to their room and aroused them and then went to give the alarm to the other servants. The girls attending in the house saved a thing. The heaviest loss is J. B. Goodman, who has resided in the club for several years. He was sleeping in the house when the fire broke out. He was rescued by the firemen, but his library, worth about \$10,000, was lost.

At midnight no trace of Kitty McCabe had been found. Manager Armour insists that she is still alive, but no trace of her has been discovered. R. H. Redford, clerk of the club, died at 11 o'clock from over exertion brought on by the fire. He was subject to heart disease.

Richmond Searched. RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 17.—Allen & Ginter's cigar factory and Valentine's meat juice factory burned last night, \$250,000 insured. The factory of the Richmond Manufacturing Co., whose loss is \$15,000; the Ramsay Printing company, whose loss is \$12,000; and Home Bros., paper box manufacturers, whose loss is \$8,000. The loss on the building is \$30,000, making the total loss \$65,000.

Wauasaw, Jan. 17.—The cotton mill at Wauasaw, Wis., burned last night in the empire, burned, \$50,000 insured.

Big Blaze at Jamestown, N. D. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 17.—A special to the Tribune from Jamestown, N. D., says that city experienced this morning the most disastrous fire in its history. The damage was called out at 2 a. m., and it was not long before the fire was under control. Boyd & Watson's block and a two-story building on Fifth avenue, were completely destroyed. The building was occupied by G. E. Nil, confectioner and restaurateur, and by the firm of Shaw & Co., grocers. G. A. Leiber, boots and shoes, insurance; Shaw & Co., stock, \$30,000; Boyd & Watson, building, \$40,000; W. H. Leiber, stock, \$10,000; Leiber, stock, \$10,000; Nil, stock, \$10,000. The losses will considerably exceed this amount.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 17.—An early hour this morning fire, the origin of which is unknown, was discovered in the machine shops at the Central Railroad power house. The fire spread rapidly and a smoldering heap of ruins. The employees had a narrow escape, two being severely burned and all forced to escape through the windows. The fire destroyed the power house and electric street railway lines, and all street car traffic is suspended. The total loss is something over \$100,000, insurance, \$65,000.

Arson and Croton Oil. Such Were the Poisons Used by the Floods at Homestead, Pa. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 17.—In the Homestead poisoning trial today Chemist Hunt testified that he found croton oil and arsenic in the excrement of one of the sick Homestead workmen, who died subsequently.

In his testimony Captain Hunt said: "My chemical analysis found the stool contained about nine drops of oil, which contained a large portion of croton oil. I also found that it contained about half a grain of arsenic. My analysis of the white powder excrement yielded arsenic powder."

J. O. Handy, chief chemist of Huntspring, was called. He told of the analysis made of the excrement, and the result showed the presence of croton oil and arsenic in the proportions mentioned by Captain Hunt.

At the afternoon session, after some unimportant testimony, the prosecution rested and Thomas Marshall opened for the defense. Two expert witnesses testified to the similarity between symptoms caused by croton oil and arsenic and those brought on by the ordinary causes of disease.

J. T. Little, a member of battery B, of the national guard and nine of his comrades testified that shortly after arriving at Homestead, July 12, they became ill, vomiting and being seized with diarrhoea. Court here adjourned until tomorrow.

Last Night's Fires. About 8:10 last night a burning chimney in J. A. Aillenspaack's residence, 604 North Seventeenth street, called the down town fire fighters to box 54. There was no loss at this place.

While the hose wagons were waiting for orders to go home box 32 was pulled and Chief Galligan hurried away to Twenty-seventh and Burdette streets. Chief Galligan's fire engine cottage at 2715 Burdette street was ablaze and will be a total loss. The firemen tried to get the fire under control, but they were unable to do so and the hose wagons were called after they got there to save the house, but the slippery roads and dark streets made traveling slow. While the residence was being saved the fire spread to the house, which was repaired to be a new house.

Nearly all of the household effects on the first floor were saved. A lamp explosion in an upstairs bedroom was the cause of the loss, about \$500.

Marble Dealers Convene Today. A state convention of marble dealers will be called to order in the city today at the Delleone. Marble men from all over the state will participate in the convention which will be held at the Grand Hotel. James V. Swenney and other local marble dealers have made arrangements for the reception and entertainment of the visitors. Many interesting matters affecting the marble business will be discussed and it is hoped that the meeting

Went to "Concentration"

Sensational Proceedings in the Panama Trial—More Developments Promised.

Paris, Jan. 17.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEA.]—In the course of the Panama trial today the public prosecutor made an important statement, to the effect that the canal had been built under the heading of advertising expenses. The advocate general had not finished his address when the court adjourned.

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The speaker declared that the transaction between M. Eiffel and the liquidator of the Panama company was effected by surprise. The books of the company were kept in an irregular manner, and the receipts manipulated to the disadvantage of the company. M. Rau declares that the payments made on commissions were outrageously high, especially those on the contract given to Eiffel, whom the advocate general blamed severely for accepting a sum of \$1,000,000 francs.

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