ON THE OTHER HAND

Shifting of the Glove at Lincoln Caused by Vifquain is trying to give Boyd the double Independent Dependence.

DEMO-POPS TO CONTROL THE SENATE

Comewhat Startling Turn Taken by Affairs Among the Coming Lawmakers.

DYSART WITHDRAWS FROM THE CAUCUS

Huckells County's Senator Boldly Proclaims His Independence on the Floor.

ALL AT SIXES AND SEVENS JUST NOW

No One Knows Exactly What Will Happen, but the Probabilities Are Set Forth Very Plainly -- What the Legislature Didn't Do.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 10.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The proof that the four republican wise men in the scente sinned away their day of grace is very likely to be forthcoming tomorrow morning, for the indications now point to an organization of the senate by the independents and democrats when that body next meets. The deal was fixed up this evening during the hour's recess that was ordered on the motion of a republican senator. Immediately after the recess was declared the independents and democrats went into caucus each by themselves, and there it was that the trouble occurred, which resulted in Senator Dysart declaring an end to the truce between himself and his populist brethren.

A motion was made to enter into the new deal with the democrats, and Dysart, as chairman of the caucus, refused to put the question. He was repeatedly called upon to go so, but as often refused, and it was finally put by Senator Darner and carried by the vote of all present, with the exception of the rebellious Dysart.

The five democratic senators were at the same time considering that very proposition, and it was agreed to unanimously. All that prevented the organization of the senate on these times when it reconvened at 4 o'clock was the fact that the basis of the settlement had not been agreed to in detail, and the personnel of committees had not been deter-

How They Will Divide.

These matters were attended to at caucuses held this evening, and the proposed organization contemplates the permanent organization of the senate with H. W. Edwards as secretary, and a democrat, who will probably be Frank Morrissey, as his assistant.

The chairmanship of the committees will probably be about evenly divided between the two parties in the combine, and it is stated that the railroad committee will be made up of four independents, an equal numdemocrats and three republicans.

The republican senators are in session this evening in Tom Majors' room at the Capital hotel, and will strain every nerve to defeat the proposed plan, and it is claimed by some of them that the corporation interests of some of the democratic senators will prevent its consummation.

Criticizing Dysart.

The independents are charging that Dysari has sold out body and soul to the railroads and not one of them can be found about the Lindell hotel tonight that has a good word for the recreant senator. One of his fellow senators stated that they had been suspicious of him for the past three days and that his move did not surprise them in the least. Another gave out the information that Dysart had an appointment to meet Tom Majors at his room this evening. The outward indication doesn't point to what Sam Elder would call the "political virtuality" of

In the explanation of his action in the sen ate this afternoon, Senator Dysart said to The Bee representative after the adjourn

What Dysart Says. "When I came to Lincoln one week ago I

favored the idea of organization along the line of principles which our party represents. I was opposed to sacrificing principles for the sake of getting the offices. If we found that time could not organize ourselves, I was in favor of permitting the republicans and democrats to organize with a protest or a struggle, and then place upon them the responsibility for their action. I was perfectly satisfied with the election of Senator Correll as president pro tem., not because he was my choice, but rather because the responsibility for all illadvised legislation, if any there should be during this session, will not be placed upon the independents. Such was my position when I left for home last Friday. When I returned I found that another plan had been agreed upon. I made my protest to the senatoral caucus during the recess today, and gave notice of my withdrawal. I wish to say to the people of the state that two years ago I was presented with a medal for keep ing in the middle of the road in the twenty second session of the legislature. I don't propose to disgrace the medal in this ses-

Surprised the Railroaders.

Ever since the evidence of the unpopularity of the action of the five democratic senators developed so strongly the railroad erew has been working to bring about a socalled "nonpartisan" deal to relieve these senators of the onerous burden resting upon them. It was the plan to arrange a combination of the vulnerable senators of each party and divide the appointments impartially, so that the five could their enraged constituents that that they had been misjudged and there had been no tie-up immical to the interests of the state. They had no expectations of being able to effect a new deal between the independents and democrats, and they were somewhat surprised at the case with which the combination was brought about.

The five democratic senators caucussed at the Lindell this evening and after the adjournment they repaired to Senator Mattes' room at the Lincoln, where they agreed upon the makeup of so much of the committees as fell to their lot by the terms of the combina-

John A. McSbane, who has been as uneasy man as ever lived for the past three days, haid all care and worry aside as soon as he was assured that the new deal had been brought about, and, drawing a long breath, retired at half past 8 o'clock, leaving instructions with a trusted henchman that he was

to be called if the political kaleidoscope was roughly handled before morning.

A prominent democrat said this evening: You may not have discovered it, but i looks very much to a man up a tree as if cross. He has hired a room at the Lincoln, and it is in his name, although the occupant is none other than J. Sterling Morton. No explanations have been given or asked, but there is only one way for a man of ordinary

intelligence to figure it out." What Independents Say.

Some of the outside independents assert most positively that the proposed combination will not effect the organization of the senate tomorrow, and state that three more of the independent senators have jumped the caucus and gone to the railroads. Mc Shane made the statement this evening that ten of the republican senators were out-and-out railroad men, and that their votes could be depended upon to that end at any hour of the day or night.

An independent senator stated that Frank Wilson would be slated for the second assistant secretaryship, but it was not certain this would go through. It is claimed thatthe new deal means abundance for the railroads, and that any railroad legislation except possibly of the most radical kind would go through that body by a majority of four. It is asserted on the other hand that the railroads have a lead-pipe einch on ten republicans, five democrats and four independents in the senate, in which case there would be little prospect of any very radical legislation against the corporations.

Some Startling Stories.

A rumor is going the rounds to the effect that the new deal contemplates the unseating of all the republicans in the Dougias county delegation, which but further emphasizes the fact that the big four indulged in some wretched jugglery last Thursday when gave the impression that the trial was a they had the world by its caudal appendage and failed to throw the animal and tie its feet. Still more apparent is it that the turning, twisting and couniving of the republican aspirants for senatorial honors has been responsible for the ignoring of everything else on their part unless it could be so shaped as to subservent their ends. It is claimed that the stock yards and all other corporations are to be well cared for under the new arrangement, and that all of the Douglas delegation with the exception of Crane and the colored representative, Dr. Ricketts, will be ousted.

SENATE SETTLED NOTHING.

Dysart's Withdrawal from the Independent

Caucus the Only Feature. Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 10.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—It was 2:25 by the clock when Lieutenant Governor Majors called the senate to order this afternoon. The roll call verified the fact that all the members were in their seats except Dysart of Nuckolis and Clarke of Douglas, who s confined to his home at Omaha by illness. The journal of the third day's session was read and stood approved without objection.

Senator Everett moved that the committee appointed last week to confer with a like committee from the house to fix a time for holding the joint convention to canvass the vote on state officers be continued.

The motion prevailed and the committee, consisting of Senators Moore, Darner and Babcock, will continue its labors.

An attempt was then made to effect a re-cess of one hour. Everett of Burt offered a motion to that effect, but on division but fifteen schators voted in the affirmative and the motion was lost. Darger of Dawson then wanted to proceed to the election of a secretary and moved the senate to that effect. The lieutenant gov-

ernor announced that a motion was unnecessary and stated that nominations were in Senator Darner nominated H. A. Edwards.

Senator Tefft put up the name of Frank Senator Mattes named Frank R. Morrissey.
The vote stood: Edwards, 13; Wilson, 13;

Morrissey, 5. The vote was along strict party lines.

Then Came a Recess.

Senator Tefft then suggested to the senate that the three parties had again tested their strength and had failed to accomplish any result. It might be wise for the senate to usider the fact that it is blocking legisla tion by the course it is pursuing. no constitutional reason why the senate should not proceed to the business of can-vassing the vote. He therefore moved a reess for one hour to allow the senate com in order that a time for canvassing the vote

might be agreed upon.

The motion was received with evident approval and carried with hardly a dissenting

Some Dates Fixed.

The senate reassembled at 3:55 and after roll call Senator Moore, chairman of the committee to confer with a like committee from the house in regard to fixing the time for the joint convention of the two houses to canvass the vote on state officers, reported that the joint committee had agreed to recommend 4 o'clock in the afternoon, January 10, as the time for the joint convention and 2 o'clock of the afternoon of January 11 as the time for the joint convention as the time for the joint convention of the lime for the lime for the joint convention of the lime for the joint convention and 2 o'clock of the afternoon of January 11. as the time for the joint convention of the two houses to assemble and listen to the mes-sage of the retiring governor and the inaugu-Senator Moore moved the adoption of the

Senator Thomson of Dodge moved that the senate adjourn until 10 o'clock tomorrow. The viva voce vote left the chair in doubt and a division was demanded. When Senator Dysart's name was reached he arose and asked unanimous consent to be excused from voting until after the senate find been permanently organized.

Senators Tefft and Correll objected. Dysart's Explanation.

In explanation Senator Dysart said: "Two years ago, as you all remember, I stood in the middle of the road, I believe that the senate journal of two years ago will show every vote I cast. I voted as I thought best and right between myself and my God. I went home last Friday after adjournment believing that we had laid down a certain line of policy. When I re-turned this afternoon I found that a change of action had been made during my absence this change having been made by the as-sistance and advice of men not members of this senate. I claim that our original caucus action was right. I cannot and will not sub-mit to the change that has been made. I will say here that I have withdrawn from the independent caucus and I shall vote in-dependently throughout this session for every good measure and against every bad one. I shall point to my vote as recorded in the senate journal as the best defense of my

Senator Tefft withdrew his objection Senator Moore stated that he wanted the senator from Nuckolls to vote now in order that it might be seen which way he thought was right. He objected to the senator being

Excused from Voting.

The chair stated that there could be no valid objection to the gentleman's request, and that it should be granted.

Senator Johnson of Clay denied that the change in the independent caucus program had been made in Senator Dysart's absence. but the latter reiterated his former state-

The roll call was completed and niveteen senators having voted in the affirmative, the senate stood adjourned until 10 o'clock to-

TALKED OVER ITS RULES.

Time of the House Occupied in a Bootless Discussion. Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 10 .-- [Special Tele-

gram to THE BEE. |-The usual half hour was [CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.]

DE LESSEPS ON THE STAND

He Admits That He Used Money for the Purpose of Securing Favors.

WHERE MILLIONS OF FRANCS WERE PUT

Beginning in Paris of the Most Sensational Trial in the History of the Nation -The Affair has Reached its Critical Point.

[Copyrighted 183) by James Gordon Bennett.] Pants, Jan. 10 .- New York Herald Cable Special to THE BEE.)-The Panama trial will rank among the historical trials of France. The 100 privileged prisoners who assisted at the sitting today will never forget it, for never was there r more moving spectacle given before any tribunal. Everybody present felt that he was witnessing the fall of a portion of the present society, and yet at first the question at issue was only one of commercial mismanagement, of which the directors of the Panama company were accused, but since it has become a trial for the corruption of politicians, which will compromise more people than was believed The general impression is that de Lesseps and his consorts were more guilty than they were at first considered, and their condem nation is regarded as certain.

The court opened at noon. There were few persons present besides baristers and journaliststs, only a score of people behind the magistrates. An attempt had been made to give the sitting an air of solemaity, and it succeeded. The simple sight of the guards placed in the passage of the palace great event. President Perivier is well known as a scrupulous jurist, and directed the proceedings with tact and talent. The public prosecutor resembled a Protestant sectarian in the time of the league, well calculated to demand a pitiless application of the

Appearance of the Accused.

Upon the entrance of the accused a sensa tion was produced in the auditorium. Many of the spectators had known the accused in society and had shaken their hands, believing them to be innocent, but they appeared to have changed their opinions in a day. The accused sat in front of the magistrates on chairs not on benches. The first, Marius Fontaine, a little old savant, seemingly astonished to find himself there, was the only one who appeared to ignore the reason of his arrest. Next to him Charles de Lesseps, a real picture of a business man, a fine speaker for a meeting of shareholders, juggling with figures, yet saying no more than is necessary. He excited but little sympathy.

The third (Baron Cottu) produced a worse impression upon the audience. Dressed in a freek coat, holding a round hat in his hand, with his mustache waxed and his eyes dull. he looked like Bonaparte awaiting the return of the emperor. Cottu is a man of shady business reputation, afraid of noth-

Eiffel alone wore the ribbon of the legion of honor. He was much moved. His complexion was of a yellowish tint, and his cheeks with a nervous movement. He riot were is the cheeks with a nervous movement, the riot were in the cheeks with a nervous movement. tongue kept touching the inside of his the only one to be set at liberty. He had not the pale hands of the co-accused, hands so characteristic of prisoners. His clothes were neat. No shining frock coat like Cottu, formerly so elegant, nor creased trousers, like de Lesseps.

It was sad to see there these men who had jingled millions, who had played such a part in Paris. How they must have suffered when, at the close of the sitting, the usher called their names without the prefix "Mon

The whole sitting was occupied with the examination of de Lesseps. He replied to each question in a short speech, delivered in a tired and monotonous tone, raising his voice only at some important points. Some lapses of memory were remarked.

Firstly he said he had never treated with the contractors, Herseut and Couvereur. whereas a contract exists purporting to insure the construction of the canal for 512,000,000 francs, and was advertised to the public to entice them to subscribe for the first issue of 12,000,000 francs.

Secondly, 20,000,000 francs, shown by the company's books to have been sent to New York for the payment of the Panama railroad had disappeared.

Third, the company canceled contracts for dredging at 6 francs 25 centimes per cubic meter only to makes others at a price of 25 francs.

Fourth, De Lesseps, senior received ninety founders' shares, estimated as worth 5,000 francs, which he sold for 75,000 francs, which prevented him from losing 39,230 francs on the canal.

Finally De Lesseps admitted having bribed ublic functionaries. This was the great effect of the sitting and produced a momentary emotion. The president had interrogated de Lesseps from 2 o'clock. Suddenly he raised his voice and said: "I also have had secret service money."

The whole audience appeared electrified, and expected some grave revelations. There was a moment of silence. It was evident that the public prosecutor did not wish de Lesseps to continue, but de Lesseps, unmoved,

went on: Where the Money Went.

"Yes, gentlemen, I was beset with demands. I gave 375,000 francs to Baihut, the minister of public works, who wanted 1,000,000 francs for authorizing the issue of 1886. I gave 600,000 francs to Cornelius Herz, a man of business and influence, of whose assistance I had need. I gave 7,000,-000 francs to Baron de Reinach, and never asked him to account for it. I gave 5,000,000 francs to a speculator, Hugo Oberndorffer, who could have done us harm on the bourse."

De Lesseps then gave a sigh of relief. The president then asked him: Did you give these sums of your own free De Lesseps replied: "Yes, sir; just as one

gives his watch to brigands who attack him in a corner of a wood." This avowal condemns de Lesseps, who admits the corruption, but causes also the

fall of several persons. Is this what he wanted? The few minutes necessary to pronounce these few phrases will count in history. It is the most terrible blow given to the bourgeoise for 100 years. Tomorrow we shall see whether Cottu will continue the work commenced by de Lesseps. If we have the details of the sums squan-

dered the trial promises to become inter-In a Terrible Mess.

We are today in a terrible mess, even apart from the scandals connected with the Panama trial. The political careers of Floquet, de Freycinet, Burdeau and Loubet are absolutely finished. It is impos-

sible for them to attempt more, as the country does not wish to be ruined. The discussion in the cabinet coun cil this morning was so violent, that the ministers seeing the impossibility of coming to any understanding likely to be durable. handed in their resignations in order to

allow the president of the republic to put an end to the situation. . . M. Carnot, faithful to his principles, entrusted M. Ribot with the mission of forming a new ministry which is tantamount to a distinction without a difference. M. Ribot accepted with the same energy that he has displayed throughout the crisis, and in ac-

cepting he declared that de Freycinet was compromised by public rumors, M. Burdeau by former articles, while M. Loubet did not possess sufficient energy to be included in any fresh combination. Several other ministers have this evening refused to accept office, and the situation is one absolute blank. and so much the worse from the fact that nobody wishes to assume the responsibility of power. M. Ribot is at a deadlock. The portfolio of the navy keeps everything in suspense. The position of M. Burdeau remains doubtful, M. Jamairs refusing to re-

M. Ribot still holds to the ministry of the interior and the presidency of the council. The others proposed are: General Loirillon war; M. Vigier, agriculture; M. Develle, foreign affairs. The other ministers to be the same as in the outgoing cabinet.

Trouble in the Chamber. In the Chamber the sitting was very up

roarous. Three ballots were necessary for the election of a speaker. Finally M. Floquet retired his candidature and M. Casimir Piere was elected president of the Chamber. M. Floquet's political career may be regarded as entirely terminated. He will be regretted, as he was a capital president and an amiable man, but he is too deeply compromised in the Panama business to be able to preside any longer in the Chamber. What will happen next nobody can say, but one thing is certain: If there were any man capable of making coup de ctat, he would succeed, for the people are disgusted with everything that has been JACQUES ST. CERE. and is going on.

SUBDUED BY WINCHESTERS.

Prisoners in the Wyoming Penitentiary

Make a Desperate Fight for Liberty. LARAMTE, Wyo., Jan. 40.- Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-There was a riot in the Wyoming state penitentiary at this point at 6 o'clock this evening. Six desperate characters were being conducted from the broom shop to their cell rooms, when Tom Madden. a seven-year man sent up from Fremont county for grand lareeny, attacked Warden Briggs, who was standing at the doorway, exclaiming: "We are not going to stay here any longer." At the same instant another of the gang named Archer, who-served a term in the Nebraska penitentiary under the name of McCoy, grabbed the warden's toaded cane and dealt him a powerful blow on the side of the head, knocking him pros-

The entire six then started to beat Briggs, when Guard Stewart and Ed Marsh appeared on the scene with Winchesters and began firing on the rioters. Four of them fled to their cells, but Madden was shot through the right side and mortally wounded, while Archer sustained a flesh in the right grein. The other who were implicated in the were Kinch McKinney, sent wound in the ri four who were stealing and the same person who stood off the entire jail in Cheyenne with a loaded revolver for six hours, Jack Conway from Natrona county for twenty-five years for murder, McGuire, twenty-five years from Carbon county for murder and Johnson, five years from Converse county for larceny

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 10.-Already 200 talesmen have been disposed of in the cattlemen's case and the court is apparently as far from securing a jury as ever. It is said that after all the challenges have been used by both sides they will have at this ratio disposed of fully 3,000. There are not more than 2,000 in the county and the case will probably never come to trial.

TO EXTEND THE B. & M.

Contract Signed to Push That Line to Spear fish at Once.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Jan. 10.-[Special Telegram to The Bee.]-A contract was signed today whereby the B. & M. binds itself to extend its line from the present terminus at Portland to Spearfish, a distance of twenty-eight miles. This extension has been contemplated for two years and the citizens of Spearfish have had a standing offer of \$400, 000 bonus to the first railroad to enter that city. Part of the contract includes the erection of a 100-ton chlorination plant for the reduction of ores in the vicinity of Spearcity. fish. The proposed extension passes through the richest mineral region of the Black Hills. Real estate is booming in Spearlish in consequence of the deal. It is said several other reduction plants will be erected there in the near future.

South Dakota's Adjutant General.

Pierre, S. D., Jan. 10.—[Special Telegram to The Bee. |-For some weeks past there has been an exciting hustle among the politicians of South Dakota for the position of adjutant general. The position secures a salary of \$500 and fees amounting to as much more, with nominal duties except for a few days each year. The governor has finally set the matter at rest by offering the position to General George A. Silsby of Mitchell and the latter will probably accord. George and the latter will probably accept. General Silsby is post commander of the state Grand Army of the Republic and present inspector general of the state, one of the most popular politicians in the state and was chosen presidential elector at the recent election.

Intense Cold Weather Reported from Many Places and Deep Snows.
FLOYETTE, Ia., Jan. 10.—The worst storm

for years has been raging since Sunday night. The public roads are blockaded in every direction. All trains are delayed.

St. Paul., Minn., Jan. 10.-The mercury continued to drop rapidly during the night, falling nearly as much as in the previous twenty-four hours. During the night it touched 20° to 30° below in the different parts of the city, with an average of 25°, in one place 36° below was reported. At 7 this morning it was 14° to 18° below.

Determine the state of the city was 14° to 18° below.

Determine the state of the city was 14° to 18° below.

Determine the city with an average of 25°, inc. 1880 bes Michigan experienced such cold weather.

has Michigan experienced such cold weather as prevailed throughout the state last night and today. The thermometer ranged from and loday. The thermometer ranged from 10° below zero, in the southern pertion, to 30° below in the northern peninsular. It eased somewhat in this vicinity today, the mercury hovering around zero, but another drop is predicted for tonight. On account of the heavy snow storms country roads have been blockaded and trains much impeded, many trains being canceled because of their makilty to go through the heavy have been blockaded and trains much impeded, many trains being canceled because of their inability to go through the heavy drifts. The intense cold will, it is expected, tomorrow, and this will let up somewhat tomorrow, and this will enable the railroads to get their lines in somewhat like working order again.

Forfeited His Bond. Madrsos, Wis., Jan. 10.-In the United States court today A. A. Cadwaliter, the defaulting Superior bank president. failed to appear and his bond of \$10,000 was declared

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 10.-Governor Fagle is very low this morning and there is little prospect of his living many hours,

STILL ON THE BORDER LAND

Mr. Blaine Hovers in the Shadow of the Sable Messenger's Wing.

MADE ANOTHER RALLY AT MIDNIGHT

His Wonderful Vitality Asserted Itself and the Danger of Immediate Dissolution Was Passed Itis Faithful Wife dears Her Vigil Well.

Washington, D. C., Jun. II. [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- Mr. Blaine is still on the border land. At midnight tonight his wonderful vitality had reasserted itself so that there seemed to be no immediate danger of dissolution. There was a return of a consciousness of his surroundings, too, but owing to his feebleness he was cautioned against exertion and not to converse with those about him. No one, however, has the slightest hope for the recovery of the sick man, and the most that can now be effected is to make his hours as peaceful and free from pain as possible.

In order to guard against any unnecessary delay in summoning his physicians telephonic connection has been re-established between the Blaine house and the residence of the two doctors. No other calls, however, will be given the slightest attention at the house and the only notification the doctors will receive will be when they are needed in haste.

There have been few signs of activity about the Lafayette square house during the earlier part of the evening, a momentary lifting of the curtain in the sick chamber revealing Mrs. Blaine sitting at the window, evidently at her husband's side. It is rarely that she leaves the sick room for more than a few minutes at a time and yet a hasty glance at her within the last few hours, shows that she is bearing up remarkably well under the mental and physical strain to which she is being

Watching and Waiting.

The absence of the doctors at midnight has only increased the vigilance of the newspaper watchers, who are not inclined to let anyone enter or leave the Blaine house after that hour without subjecting them to questioning. There was little variation in the news which came from the sick chamber during the day. There was the same rally which has almost invariably followed the sinking spells of the night, the same temporary improvement which, if Mr. Blaine's case were not so desperate, might given the grief stricken family hope that the disease ravaging his system had not reached the fatal stage. The patient took his nourishment and at intervals roused up to his surroundings and showed apparent consciousness of his own condition, but most of the time he lay in a state oblivious of his surroundings, though not sleeping. The ability of his system to assimilate nourishment obviated the necessity of resorting so continuously to nitro-glycorene and the other powerful heart stimulants to keep up his vitality, but they were ready at hand for an emergency, and there was not an hour of the day but that Mr. Blaine was more or less under the effects of these

stimulants. BEN BUTLER DEAD.

Massachusetts' Great Lawyer and Patriot Passes Away. Washington, D. C., Jan. 11.—Benjamin F

Butler died at 1:30 this morning.

USED THE REBATE SYSTEM.

Iowa Live Stock Shippers Combine to Fight Railroads. Sioux City, Ia., Jan. 10.-[Special Telegram to The Bee.]-Live stock snippers from points on the line of the Chicago & North western road west of Carroll met here today and organized the Northwestern Live Stock Shippers association. The object of the organization is to syndicate on the expense of bringing a trial suit against the Chicago & Northwestern road to recover damages

for alleged discrimination against them prior to the enactment of the interstate commerce The members have each filed individual suits against the company in the Sac county district court for the amount of their individual suits, but the result in the first suit will determine all and the expense incurred in its trial will be shared by the members proportionately. The first trial will be called January 24. Judge Nourse of Des Moines has been employed to conduct the

trial for the association and will be assisted by other attorneys.
In the petition it is charged that from 1881 to the time of the enactment of the law the defendant company discriminated against the plaintiffs in the matter of charges on freight shipped do Chicago. It is alleged that the company advertised regular tariffs

on live stock, but made rebates to favored

shippers.
Used the Rebate System. Some of the petitions allege that the shipments made from Missouri river points cost less than shipments made from points 150 miles nearer Chicago because of rebates paid. Others allege that the discriminations were between shippers from the same point. The amount of damage claimed by the various members of the association are equal to the difference between the advertised tariff paid by them and the amount actually paid by the favored shipper after deducting his

rebate. There are in the neighborhaod of 125 mem bers of the association, representing every shipping point on the defendant's line west of Carroll, except the Hawarden division. of Carroll, except the Hawarden division. The claims aggregate \$150,000. The largest individual claim made is by Henery Reinhardt of this city, who asks for \$21,000 damages. John Smith, formerly a shipper from Mapleton, Ia., asks for \$20,000. Other claims range in size from a few hundred to \$10,000. The cases are exactly sinilar to those instituted are exactly similar to those instituted three years ago by an association of grain shippers against the same road and which were settled before they came to trial.

Sensational Church Trials.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 10.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The western division of the Methodist judicial court met at the First Methodist Episcopal church this morning to hear appeal cases of three deposed ministers -Rev. Mr. Smedley of the upper Iowa conference, Rev. Mr. Sheiffer of the northwest conference and Dr. Thomas Stevenson of Kansas. These ministers have all been tried and convicted of conduct unbecoming the coclesinstical garments they were and were expelled from the church. The appealed their cases on technical presenting various reasons for having the decision of the lower court reversed. The first case taken up was that against

Rev. Mr. Smedley, who is said to have be trayed the confidence of one who trusted him. The most sensational is that of Dr. Stevenson of Bellividere, Kan. He is accused of indiscreet conduct. It is said he was convicted in Topelra, Kan., of deserting his wife and be-ing intimate with other women. He appealed to the present court. Bishop Fowler of Minneapolis presides. Thirteen divines from the lowa at Des Moines and St. Louis German conferences compose the court

In Grand Army Circles. Missouri Valley, Ia., Jan. 10 .- [Special to THE BEE]-Beiden Post, Grand Army of City, this state.

the Republic, Belden Relief corps and O. L. the Republic, Bellien Relief corps and C. L. French camp, Sons of Veterans, held a joint installation last evening. A large number were present and enjoyed the occasion, Captain J. D. Brown, Mrs. F. L. Davis and R. J. Miller acted as installing officers for the several orders. The officers installed were:

Belden Post—J. H. Crowder, commander; Ethan Cole, senior vice-commander; George Lines, unior vice-commander; A. C. Harder.

Ethan Cole, senior vice-commander; George Jaco, Juior vice-commander; A. C. Harder, chaplain; C. H. Fester, surgeon; S. H. Gray, officer of the day; O. L. French, quartermaster; W. H. Campbell, quartermaster sergeant; officer of the grand lodge, F. L. Davis; adjutant, A. H. Livingston; sergeant major, E. A. Boies,

Kelief Corps—Mrs. Mary Sniff, president; Mrs. M. E. Kendall, senior vice president; Mrs. M. E. Kendall, senior vice president; Mrs. E. A. Boies, junior vice president; Mrs. J. H. Crowder, treasurer; Mrs. E. Cole, chaplain; Miss-Edna Davis, secretary; Mrs. H. Rainbow, conductor; Mrs. W. H. Campbell, assistant conductor; Mrs. W. H. Campbell, assistant conductor; Mrs. W. H. Emery, guard; Mrs. F. W. Oyiatt, assistant guard.

Sons of Veterans—W. O. Reed, captain; L. W. Brown, first lieutenant; R. I. Wisier, second lieutenant; J. B. Lyon, W. E. Wisher, R. J. Miller, camp council; Hoy Jaco, first sergeant; D. T. Jacobs, quartermaster sergeant.

Had a Stormy Session OTTUMWA, Ia., Jan. 10.—[Special Telegram to The Beel-There was a stormy time here today before the railroad commissioners. who heard the dispute between the butter packers of this state and the railroads. It has been the custom for years for country merchants to ship to produce merchants butter in barrels with cloth tops. This is the most convenient and practical manner and until a few weeks ago butter so shipped was rated second class freight. The rail-roads decided to charge the packers double first class freight on butter so shipped, all granting second class rate on butter shipped senled packages. The packers appealed nissioners and the meeting today

A. W. Johnson of this city, and S. Pond of A. W. Johnson of this city, and S. Pond of Koökuk, were the champions of the packers, and Major Lippincott and W. W. Leomis, division freight arents of the Milwaukee and Rock Island roads, represented the rail-roads. Mr. Johnson showed that it was impractical for the country shippers to use closed packages; that the railroads never had a claim presented for damages because of this method of shipment, and if the rule held the business of his firm alone would be diminished \$100,000 during the year.

The railroad chief's argument was that butter so packed was more difficult to handle and more liable to damage. Commissioners Luke and Day suggested that the railroads would be the losers if they adopted the new rule and that they would discourage the large shipment of the past, and intimated that rules governing traffic associations in ther states which rate butter shipped in cloth covered barrels as second-class, ought to be a precedent for lowa. The commis sioners reserved their decision, but from the tenor of their remarks the packers feel that

they have scored a victory.

Iowa Agriculturalists. DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 10.-[Special Telegram to THE BEL.]-Des Moines is just now filled with people interested in agriculture m one capacity or another. The chief executive board of the state agricultural society met today and considered routine business. Tomorrow the annual meeting of the society occurs at which the officers for the next year will be chosen and hie ques-tian of a state fair this year will be decided. The state convention of lowa county fair secretaries was also in session with good at-tendance. The object is to discuss matters

of mutual interest in the management of sixth annual meeting of the Iowa Draft and Coach Horse association held its opening session today with good attendance.

Many interesting papers were read, and President D. P. Stubbs of Fairfield delivered the annual address.

The first annual Des Moines poultry and pet stock show also began today. Over

pet stock show also began to all the show 1,500 entries have been made and the show promises to be a success.

State Tax Commission DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 10.- Special Telegram to The Bee. |-The state tax commission created by the last legislature began a session here today which will continue indefinitely, not to exceed thirty days. The commission is composed of C. E. Whiting of Whiting, August Post of Moulton, E. C. Lane of Guthrie Center and C. A. Clark of Cedar Rapids. W. H. Fleming of Des Moines is

secretary.

The work so far done by the commission was to read over carefully the tax laws of the state and in some cases compare them with similar laws of other states. It is proposed to invite every branch of business in the state, such as the farmers insurance companies, railroad companies, merchants, cte., to prepare briefs of any changes they desire in the revenue laws and submit them to the commission.

Catholic Knights in Session.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 10 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The state council of Catholic Knights of America met here today to elect officers for the ensuing year and select a delegate to the national convention which meets in Chicago in May. The following were elected: President, P. J. Emig. Council Bluffs: vice president, J. G. Tami-sea, Missouri Valley; secretary, William Reinbold, Keokuk; treasurer, C. W. Wieshofer, Creston; delegate, George Kerker,

Davenport.

Jewelry Thieves Captured. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Jan. 10.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.] -In the past month there have been a number of bold robberies at Livermore, Sunday Tillson's jewelry store was broken into and eight watches stolen. Arthur and Frank Collins were arrested suspicion and when their home was searched some other stolen property was found. They confessed to committing all the robberies and were bound over to the district court in

bonds of \$800 each for each offense. High School Building Damaged Missouri Valley, Ia., Jan. 10.-[Special to THE BEE.]-About 7 o'clock this morning the High school building was discovered to be on fire. Prompt service on the part of the

fire department averted a disastrous blaze. The fire probably started from a defective flue and got under neadway between the ceiling and second floor. The damage will not exceed \$1,000 and is covered by insurance. Mild Type of La Grippe. FORT DODGE, Ia., Jan. 10. - Special Telegran to Tur Ber.]-A mild type of la grippe has broken out here and is becoming epidemic Scattered cases have been reported for sever

teachers. The symptoms are the same as during the epidemic two and three years

states that in all parts of the county schools are closed because of the illness of pupils or

County Superintendent Findlay

Union Men Strike. Storx City, Ia., Jan. 10.- Special Tele gram to The Bre.]-Seventy-five union molders employed in the Sioux City stove works went on a strike today because non-union molders are employed. They demand that non union molders join the union or be

discharged. Another Bank Cashier Missing. DENVER, Colo., Jan. 10.-An evening paper

says: Simon Goldman, paying teller of the German National bank, has disappeared and his shortage is thought to be anywhere between \$10,000 and \$30,000. Goldman was between \$10,000 and \$30,000. Goldman was seen last on Friday night, when he was spending money lavishly in a Market street resort and drinking heavily. He was also addicted to gambling. The bank examiner was in the city, and Goldman had agreed to meet him and Cashier Clinton Monday morning and go over the books.

Mr. Clinton declares that he cannot think that his teller has absconded, and will say nothing more except that the books are

PORTER KILLED THE COOK

Tragic Result of a Quarrel Over the Question of Where to Eat.

USED A KNIFE WITH DEADLY EFFECT

Only One Stab, but That Was Enough-Charles Stewart Closes His Fend with James Daugherty by Killing Him at South Omaha.

Shortly after 7 o'clock last evening the Transit house at South Omaha was the scene of a bloody encounter, which resulted in a murder.

The murdered man is James Daugherty and the murderer is Charles Stewart, who escaped immediately after committing the crime.

Both were employed at the Transit house, the former as head cook and the latter as porter. Bad blood existed between the two, and the feud of several menths standing found its culmination in the fatal stabbing of last night. Daugherty and Stewart engaged in an alter ation shortly after the supper hour, and the latter was chased into the

cellar by the cook. The trouble grew out of the cook's objection to the porter cating supper in the dining room. Stewart was determined to exercise his rights, and said so as he ascended the cellar stairs. When he reached the hall above Daugherty was also there, but had thrown aside the murderous looking poker. The two men rushed at each other, and then began a lively exchange of blows. Landlord Franck and several guests were sitting in the office and the scuffle in the nallway attracted their attention. The hall is directly, off

the office and affords ingress to it. When Mr. Franck and the other gentlemen reached the hall door they saw the combatants raining blow after blow upon each other's heads. Stewart's voice rang out with the exclamation:

Stabbed to the Heart. "You had better leave me alone. I've stabbed one man in my time, and I'll give

you the same dose." No sooner were the words uttered than the flash of steel was seen, and the right hand of Stewart bore down upon Daugherty's breast, driving the knife blade clear to the hilt in the neck, a little to the right side and just above the breast bone.

Although endeavoring to separate the men. Mr. Franck could not prevent the stabbing, and a half dozen other witnesses were powerless to prevent the fatal blow being delivered. Although a stream of blood was spurting from the wound, Daugherty apparently did

not realize its fatallity and ran into the office,

picking up a chair with which to renew the

fight. He dropped the chair and possessed himself of a heavy cuspidor, but his strength was not sufficient to hurl it at Stewart, and it dropped from his hand. Life was fast ebbing away and the poor fellow sank to the office floor. By this time the excitement was at the highest

by the noise. She entered the office just as her husband sank to the floor and was at his side in an instant.

nitch and Mrs. Daugherty had been attracted

Daugherty expired almost immediately, his wife supporting his head when life

went out.
Made His Escape Easily. During the excitement Stewart, the murderer, escaped and no effort was made to prevent his going. One of the bystanders took the knife used away from him. Stewart went into a room off the office, put on his overcoat and went into the bar room. Fromthere he passed into the toilet room, out into a hall and gained the street through a front door. He certainly was aided to escape by some one, though all denied knowing just how he managed to leave. The police were immediately informed and a general search was commenced, but the murderer had secured nearly half an hour the start and no trace could be found as to what direction he

had taken. This encounter was not the first that has taken place between the two men. About three months ago the trouble first commenced, and Stewart struck Daugherty such a terrific blow with a poker that it came near resulting fatally. Daugherty recovered in time from the effects of the encounter. After that time the least difficulty was the pretext for a quarrel, and there are those who predicted that the feud would some day be wiped out by a murder. The

hatred increased and last night's stabbing was the sequence. The weapon used was a large pocket knife, the blade of which is about four inches in length and with a point resembling a dagger and the edge as keen as that of a razor. Frank Wyness secured the knife from Stew-

art and delivered it to Officer Thomas. Daugherty was stabbed but one time, but the wound inflicted was as fatal as if there had been a dezen. The subclavian artery was severed and blood fairly poured from wound. Dr. Kirkpatrick was immediately alled, but before he arrived the man was

Victim and Slayer.

Daugherty, the murdered man, is about 26 years of age, and has been head cook at the Transit for a year. He has been married for about the same length of time. He has a brother in El Peno, Okl., who has been telegraphed. Charles Clark, a printer, who resides at Eighteenth and Izard streets, is a brother-in-law, and Henry O. Grady, a porter at the Millard, is also a relation. The murdered man has been in Omaha and South Omaha for a number of years and has worked at different hotels.

Charles Stewart, who did the fatal stabbing, is a young man and has worked at the Transit for a number of months past. He formerly worked at different hotels in Omaha, and his home is in Chicago. He has a brother who is employed as a waiter in the Merchants exchange of this city. In personal appearance he is slender in build, of medium height, with dark hair and eyes, and light complexion. He wore a dark overcoat and vest. In his anxiety to escape he fulled to secure his undercont. His reputation is not the best, and he is given a very bad charac-ter by these who know him. Stowart is

for my these who know him. Showart is a quarrelsome and was generally regarded as a had man who enjoyed a row and was always ready for a light.

Coroner Mani was informed of the affray and notified Undertaker Brewer to take charge of the body, which he did and removed it to the undertaking rooms on Twenty-fifth street. An inquest will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon. held at 3 o'clock this afternoon

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

At Kinsale—Passed—City of Berlin, from New York for Liverpool, At Southampton—Arrived—Saale, from New York forliam burg At Sicily—Passed—Lahn, from New York At Liverpool-Arrived-Philadelphia, from

nothing more, except that the books are badly mixed up, and it is yet impossible to tell at present how matters stand. The missing man is of excellent family of Central At Lewes Del-Passed-Lord Gough, from Liverpool for Philadelphia. At Boston-Arrived-De Ruyter, from