WHO MURDERED A, J. SNELL

STORY OF A WELL KNOWN DETECTIVE

Whereabouts of the Famous Criminal Known to the Officers of the Law-He Has Been Seen and Talked with Often.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 2 .- "Whether William B. Tascott is in Alaska or not, he did not murder Millionaire A. J. Snell. The man who murdered Snell lives in Chicago and is well known. He does not want to have Tascott caught, and he is furnishing him money all the time to keep away from Chleago."

So says Detective John A. Dier after being shown the dispatch from Spokane, Wash., to the effect that Jules Beauvois, a miner recently returned from Alaska, declared that In Sitka, Juneau and other places he saw and conversed with Tascott. Detective Dier perhaps knows more about the famous Snell tragedy than any other man in Chicago outside the participants in the bloody deed. He passed more than two years making investigations of the mysterious robbery and assassination and in searching for the murderer. He is confident that Tascott was not the slayer of Millionaire Sneli, and is equally positive that the deed was committed by a man still living in this city.

He is Not Wanted Now.

"If Tascott is in Alaska," said Detective Dier, "he went there after March last, for at that date he was in a certain town in Manitoba. But there or elsewhere there is little danger of his apprehension and return to Chicago. As a matter of fact, the offer of a reward is no longer in force, and if any one should arrest and bring Tascott to Chicago he would have his trouble for nothing.

"Julea Beauvois knew Tascott in Chicago, and should therefore be able to recognize him in Alaska, although Tascott is much thinner-faced than he was when the murder was committed."

"You have seen him, then, since the mur der of Snell!" "I did not say so, did I?" laughingly re-plied Mr. Dier. "I have kept pretty close track of him, though, and he could have been arrested a dozen times within the last two years if anybody had wanted him very badly. But as I was saying about Beauvois, he knew Tascott in Chicago. Beauvois was a bartender by profession and an all-round sport in practice. He used to hang around Hannah & Hogg's places a good deal, but has been missing from Chicago for a couple of years. I have no further interest in the Suell-Tascott case than a desire to see the right man brought to justice for that murder. I worked two years on the case and spent \$1,500 of my own money in following up the matter. As a result I am enabled to declare that Tascott never murdered Snell. The man who did the killing lives in Chicago

of the way and in covering up his own Tascott Did Not Fire the Fatal Shot.

and has spent a fortune keeping Tascott out

"There were four men implicated in the robbery and murder—the man who did the killing, two other men and Tascott. Tascott was taken into the scheme under the pre-tense that robbery alone was contemplated. He was placed on watch on the outside of the he was placed on water on the outside of the bouse and the other three men entered. After rifling the safe of valuable papers they made a noise, which brought Mr. Snell into the room and this man, to whom I have alluded, killed him. At the sound of the shots, Tascott, according to his own story and from other evidence I have secured, ran away. Tascott remained in town a day or two, and then went to St. Paul, where he remained three weeks, during which time he received by express a big package of money from Chicago, with instructions to leave the

"The man who did the killing went to a drug store on West Madison street shortly after the killing and had a wound in his leg dressed. The drug clerk who was on duty that night was a great party and the street of that night was a green boy was the store only a few weeks and knew comhad no means and was working for a pit-tance. Three or four weeks after the mur-der and while the police and detectives were searching heaven and earth for clews, drug clerk went to a watering place up north icago and opened a drug store with a \$10,000 stock of goods."

Where has Tascott been all these years?" Where the Accused Man Has Been.

"Oh! at various places; I can tell you some things. He spent a good deal of the time in Manitoba. In March 1890 he was living in London, Canada, under the name of Dennis Maguire. I have known his whereabouts nearly all the time, and so have those who are intrusted in keeping him under cover. At one time I was prepared to bring him to Chicago to turn state's evidence against the real murderer, but the plan was frustrated

by people living in Chicago.

"Tascott was in Chicago several days in Occember, 1891—a little more than a year ago—and while here received a considerable num of money. During his stay in the city he was disguised as a bent old man, with white hair and beard. He returned to the north and remained there until he went to Alaska. One thing is certain, he is not the sinyer of A. J. Snell, but has consented to be the scapegoat for a certain sum of money

the scapegoat for a certain sum of money and a guaranty of safety.

"It is perhaps not generally known that early in the evening of the night of the murder Millionaire Snell and the man who killed him had a fight in Snell's barn over business matters. The man jeft vowing vengeance and securing the aid of Tascott and two men returned in the night for the ostensible purpose of robbery, but it was this man's intention all the time to kill Snell and he fulfilled his threat."

Our Little Agents. We would like to invite the attention of those who have in view a change of climate or a desire to make money, whether in the capacity of small farmers, or as investors, to our handsomely illustrated pamphlet entitled "Nature's Choice;" also a clever little book-let relating to the advantages offered by the

North Galveston association, entitled "A Penny's Worth!" These little pamphlets will give a variety of information as to the opportunities offered for judicious investment, whether in city property or small fruit farms. The North Galveston association is represented in Omaha by Franklin F. Williams who will be happy to furnish any additional information desired. The address of the general office is box 963, Minneapolis, Minn.

MUTTERINGS OF DISCONTENT.

Residents of Northern Mexico Growing Weary of the Rule of General Diaz.

MONTEREY, Mex., Jan. 2.—The Mexican government, through the efforts of General Bernardo Reyes, governor of the state of Nuevo Leon, has secured positive evidence implicating 200 prominent Mexicans in the state of Tamaulinas and the Texas frontier in the present revolutionary movement. This evidence is in the nature of a secret revolutionary pronunciamento distributed among those believed to be in sympathy with the cause.

This document is signed with the names of 20) men. It outlines the plan of revolution and the policy of the proposed new government. The following is a complete translation of the pronunciamento:

Declarations of the Revolutionists. The plan of revolution conceived for the purpose of overcoming the tyranny and despotism of President Diaz and returning the country to its constitutional order:

We, the undersigned Mexican citizens, in all exercise of our rights and making use of We, the undersigned Mexican citizens, in full exercise of our rights and making use of the national laws conceded to us to govern ourselves, and in search of the means for procuring happiness, consider:

First, That the people at all times have the right to revoke the power of their sovereign when the executive converts it into tyranny and uses it to his personal advantage.

Second, that President Diaz and his cabinet exercise an arbitrary power for their

private benefit, taking for law their own volintary caprices, in order to satisfy their own unitary caprices, in order to satisfy their own illegitimate ambitions and personal vengeance, exceeding in cruelty the most terrible beasts. They exercise avarice and other inordinate passions.

other inordinate passions.

Third, In order to arrive at this state of things they have demoralized the nation with their system of terrorism, assassinating some and prostituting others, making them a company with themselves to rob and obstruct the national funds, placing the common people under the most terrible voice, taking away their principle rights, that is, the right of personal security, the right of individual iberty and the right of property. Faults of President Diag.

Fourth, That General Diaz in his ambi-tion to accumulate riches has compromised the future of the nation by robberies, such as the recognition of the English and Spanish debt, the arrangement of the domestic debt, debt, the arrangement of the domestic debt, the contracting of the government German loan and others which he is now arranging:

Fifth, That the integrity of the nation is in such imminent danger that our neighboring country has a deputy appointed by the American congress, with sufficient funds for the purpose of purchasing Lower California. The same would make a proposition to buy a savage island of the ocean adducing as a support of his proposition that in the conception of the United States, Mexico is looked upon as being in the hand of another Santa Anna;

Sixth. That such a shameless situation has all the probabilities of prolonging the life of this autocrat, who calls himself presi-

life of this autocrat, who calls himself president. His audacity and cynicism have been carried to such an extreme as to bring about his indefinite re-election. At one time he was a pronounced anti-re-electionist;

Seventh, That civil obedience has its limits, because the people, after giving over, in part, their will and power, are not obliged to completely sacrifice their rights; that is to say, not absolutely abdicate their will and power, only in so far as the good may require it and to secure the prosperity of their co-associates.

Plan of Revolution.

For all of the above reasons we have hereby agreed to sustain the following plan of revolution to overthrow the power of General Diaz and to re-establish the constitution of 1857 in the country:

Article 1. We disown General Diaz as president of the United States of Mexico, and we pronounce him a traitor to his country and the try and the constitution he swore to guard and the plan of the Tuxtepek that elevated

Art. 2. Equally we denounce the secretar les of state and governors, who will be tried and punished according to the charges which may be placed against thom.

Art. 3. The military chiefs and civil author-

ities of whatever class that take up arms against our plans will be considered as traitors to their country and punished ac-

cordingly.

Art. 4. From the publication or circulation of this plan the Mexican nation is declared in a state of siege, and for the proper execution of this siege the Mexican people are Art. 5. And for the same end the co-opera-tion of the entire independent press is so-

Art. 6. This army is to be called the Constitutional army and its motto shall be: "The Constitution of 1857 and National In-

Garza Will Be Chief. Art. 7. Catarina Garza is to be known as supreme chief, but for the reason of untiring persecutions of the government he will not appear at the head of the vanguard of the revolution for some time.

Art. 8. At the taking possession of the capital of the republic, the supreme chief and director of the war, Catarina Garza, will call a general election of the country for a constitutional convention to meet in the City of Mexico after the end of four months after the capture of the capital.

after the capture of the capital.

Art. 9. This convention will proceed to revise the constitution of 1857, making such re-forms and amendments as they may consider proper, always keeping in mind the liberal

proper, always keeping in mind the liberal system of a federal democracy.

Art. 10. In the revision of the constitution the following constitutional principles will be enacted in the country: Ample liberty to all political parties and the suppression of the odious political assignation known by the name of "Ley Fuga;" to remove all trammels to commerce and industry; to give true sovereignty to the states and independence to the municipalities; to base all addition and reforms on democratic principles.

Art. 11. The revolution being triumphant and the government established, the wild lands shall be surveyed and given to Mexicans who may agree to cultivate them.

Art. 12. The governors and other authorities who will immediately recognize this

Art. 12. The governors and other authorities who will immediately recognize this plan will be retained in their position, provided they have been honorable supporters of the Tuxtepec plan, the constitution of 1857 and national integrity, free sufferer and no receive to. suffrage and no re-election.

On the banks of the Rio Grande, in the

state of Taumalipas, this 28th day of Decem-The document is signed by Prudencio Gonzales, Severiano Zanez, Julian Flores, Etorigo Eumon, Jose Pena, and 195 others.

Ignorance of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune. These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache, dys-pepsia, bad breath, constipation and bilious-

MIGHTY BIG SHOP.

Some of Last Year's Achievements at the Union Pacific Omaha Plant. It is said by some one who makes a subject of computing such intricate things that 300 men will build a locomotive in a day, the Baldwin Locomotive works building in the neighborhood of 1,000 locomotives a year and employing quite 2,000 skilled mechanics to accomplish the work. And it was from computations made at the Baldwin Locomotive works the conclusion was reached that 300

men could build an engine in a day. While the work done in the Union Pacific shops during 1893 was very much smaller than that done in the Baldwin shops still, taking out Sundays and holidays, the records show that one engine has been turned out per day from the local shops, a very gratifying record to Mr. J. H. McConnell, superintendent of motive power and machinery.

Fifteen new locomotives were built during the year, 171 were treated to general repairs, and ninety-six with light repairs. Of the fifteen new engines now in active service built at the Omaha shops, twelve belong to the eight-wheel class, two are ten-wheelers,

the eight-wheel class, two are ten-wheelers, and one consolidation.

It may be somewhat surprising, but it is a fact nevertheless, that more engines were built in this city during 1893 than in the eight years previous on the entire system, which shows that the Omaha built engine is meeting the requirements of the different roads composing the system, and the design of Mr. McCompell superintendent of machiners, to McConnell, superintendent of machinery, to build as many engines as possible here, indicates the class of locomotives being turned out. Engines built for the mar-ket are by no means as acceptable as those erected under the scrutiny of the railroad for which they are designed. Every part of the engine except the bell and smokestack

is made here, and nothing but the best ma-terial enters into the construction of the □ While the work in the machine shops indicates a broad policy on the part of those who direct the fortunes of the Union Pacific the achievements in the car shops are just as notable in their way as in the engine rooms. Two hundred and fifty cars have undergone general repairs, been painted and varnished and designed for the passenger service, coaches, mail and baggage cars. Of this number, eightteen old tourist sleepers which had outlined their usefulness in hauling emigrants across the plains were con-verted into first class coaches equipped with

verted into first class coaches equipped with the Scarritt seat, the interiors finished in mahagony with oak headings making them equal to any first class coach in the country.

But this is not all, 5911 freight cars were repaired in the repair shops and to attempt to tell the num-ber of feet of lumber which were used in the shops would be almost an im-possibility as all the lumber for the system is purchased through the purchasing depffriis purchased through the purchasing depart-

ent here. In the foundry 15,000,000 pounds of iron castings have been made, an average of 45,000 pounds every working day, which have been distributed over the entire system.

It has taken 1,385 men to accomplish this work; at least, that number was employed during the system. during the month of December, against 1.318 a year ago. The wages paid during the year to the employes of the shops alone was \$1.377.295, an average per month of nearly \$115,000. And this money has all been spent in Omaha.

Mr. McConnell, without any flourish

trumpets, has gone along quietly doing as much here as is done by any of the transcontinental systems and wherever possible is introducing labor-saving tools and machinery, the use of compressed air being a feature in both machine and car shops. It is really wonderful what can be done with compressed air. Small engines driven by this force are used for drilling holes, boring out cylinders, facing seats, screwing stapies and cleaning car cushions, one of the latest of railfraid inventions. And the same force is used as a lift to convey heavy machinery about the shops, an elevated railroad being erected for that purpose.

Pose.

The introduction of Pintsch gas and the The introduction of Pintsch gas and the Baker combination motor have been spoken of many times by The Berasshowing the trend of thought in the railroad world, and Mr. McConnell, who is one of the ablest superintendents in the country, shows throughout the system over which he has control, a design to a base shows if the spoken of the sp sire to be abreast of the most advanced condi-tions which will elevate the standing of his men and improve the physical condition of

Try Cook's Extra Dry Imperial Champagne. The is no foreign wine that has its boquet or any that is as pure.

TO THE STOCK YARDS.

East Omaha People Will Have a Line to South Omaha. Not satisfied with a crossing over the Missouri river and large terminal facilities in East Omaha, the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company means to be something more than originally intended, the latest project being to build a line to South Omaha and tap the Magic City along one of the streets in the west part of Omaha. Of course the route is not made known by the company, whether the line will be along Fortieth street, or west of that street, but it is the intention of the men at the head of the enterprise to demonstrate that there is absolute practicability back of the scheme which will win out

Occupying a very advantageous position in Council Bluffs, touching nearly all the rail-roads centering there, the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company's bridge across the Missouri and its recent purchase of 180 acres of land between Locust street on the north and Nicholas street on the south, for terminal purposes, gives this company easy access to South Omaha. As laid off on a blue print recently prepared

for the company's use, the route of the railroad from Nicholas street is south to Burt street, thence west along Burt street to a street which is not indicated on the map, for purposes apparent to everybody who has any land to sell in that portion of the city.

purposes apparent to every body who has any land to sell in that portion of the city.

There are a number of persons in the employ of the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company engaged in securing options along the proposed route and it is said by those who ought to know that they are meeting with pronounced success, but, until the land needed is all purchased, the course of the road will not be made known.

Incidental to this determination of the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company to build to South Omaha, the Council Bluffs & Nebraska Ferry company made one of the largest transfers of property of the year Saturday to Omaha and Detroit parties, Mr. John R. Webster engineering the deal, for purely speculative purposes. The land comprises 180 acres and is situated between East Omaha and the Winspear tract, which has now become historic because of the joint claims made to it by the city of Omaha and the Union Pacific. On the west it is bounded by the Nebraska meaning of 1856 on the course of the point claims. the west it is bounded by the Nebraska meander of 1856, on the north it is bounded by the east and west quarter-section line in the south one-half of sections 20-21. The east boundary line is the north and south quarter-section line in the west half of sections 21-28, while the south boundary is the Missouri river.

tions 21-28, while the south boundary is the Missouri river.

This is the only land available in that portion of the city that could be purchased in a lump and \$297,500 was paid for it in cash, Mr. John R. Webster taking one-tenth, Mr. Samuel T. Potter two-tenths, while Mr. David Whitney, jr., of Detroit, representative of several Detroit people, holds the remaining seven-tenths.

But the transfers did not stop here, for

But the transfers did not stop here, for quite \$670,000 will be paid within the week to the Byron Reed estate, Charles H. Brown, J. J. O'Connor, John A. Horbach, Cunningham & Allison, who own 180 acres of land in the north part of the city and which will be used as the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company's yards. The land in question is bounded on the north by Locust street, extending to Thirteenth Thirteenth street, and extends south to the alley north of Nicholas and the east boundary is the alley west of Eleventh street. This property, for which the greater portion of the money has already been paid, will be recorded in the name of Anthony J. Drexel of Philadelphia to be transferred to the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company. Thus the year begins with nearly a \$1,000,-

Thus the year begins with nearly a \$1,000,000 transfer on the part of one company.

What threatened to be a serious problem
for the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company has been pleasantly
terminated, the Omaha & Council
Bluffs Railway and Bridge company agreeing
to permit the Terminal company to put in
the crossing at avenue A and Tenth
street, Council Bluffs. The agreement between the two companies is virtually the
same as presented by Mr. George J. Paul,
who represented the Union Land and Improvement company, but was refused by the provement company, but was refused by the motor people on the ground that it was un-

reasonable.
Mr. Paul seeing that it was impossible to effect a crossing trans-ferred the interest he had in the crossing to the Omaha Bridge and Terminal company and they attempted to put in the crossing with somewhat disastrous results. However, on Christmas eve an agreement was reached and yesterday morning the Omaha Bridge and Terminal com-

pany put in the crossing which has excited so much bitter controversy.

With the crossing in operation the East Omaha people can reach the bridge site without going over to Chicago to get around the obstructions placed in their way by the Omaha & Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge company.

For rhematism and neuralgia you cannot get a better remedy than Salvation Oil.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

This morning at 9 o'clock the sale of seats for the engagement of Julia Marlowe, the wonderful young actress who made such a favorable impression here two months ago, will commence. It was the great success of the previous engagement that induced the management to apply for a return date, and on next Wednesday evening she comes to Boyd's theater, for one night only, and will present Knowles' great play. "The Hunch-back." The character of Julia in this piece is one of Miss Mariowe's most fortunate conceptions, and one in which the public de-light to honor her most. Her support will be identically the same as it was here in No-

The success of the Farnam Street theater as an amusement institution has been most marked. It is certainly in the lead for popularity, and the excellent list of attractions and the general careful attention to the comfort of the theater-going public has done a deal to establish this condition.

Decidedly one of the very best melodra matic and spectacular productions now on the road is the great drama, "After Dark," now in its fourth successful season, under the management of William A. Brady. This will be the attraction all next week, commencing with Sunday matinee, January 8 with usual matinees Wednesday and Satur

Two of Sarah Bernhardt's greatest roles, "Frou Frou" and "Camille" will be por-trayed at Boyd's theater on Friday and Sat-urday next by the new emotional star, Mad-eline Merti, assisted by a good company.

On Sunday and Monday next James T. Powers is coming, to Boyd's theater in his new play, "A Mad Bargain." He will be assisted by a fine company, including Mr. Pete Daley, who is known as a finished comedian from one end of the country to the other.

James O'Nelli will close his successful engagement at Boyd's theater tonight by giving the fourth performance of his new romantic drama "Fontenelle." Theopinion of the public seems to be that in "Fontenelle" Mr. O'Neill has found a worthy successor to Monte Cristo.

"'Brown's Bronchial Troches' are excellent for the relief of hoarseness or sore throat. They are exceedingly effective."—Christian World, London, Eng.

OMAHA LIVE STOCK MARKET

Light Receipts and Higher Prices Characterized the Year's Opening.

REVIEW OF LAST YEARS BUSINESS

Receipts of All Kinds of Stock Show a Substantial and Realthy Increase Over the Corresponding Twelve Months of '91.

OMANA, Jan. 2.—The ppening day of the week, month and year way one of light receipts and active, stronger markets. The record for 1892 has been made and has passed into history. It was a remarkably satisfactory year from the fact that receipts of all kinds of stock show a substantial and healthy increase over the corresponding twelve months of 1891, this being the only market in the country that can boast of such a showing. Official figures are as follows:

50,021 226,336 10,409 receipts, 755,059 1,613,384 188,588 receipts. 601,002 1,537,387 169,865

Increase..... 154,057 75,997 18,723

The supply of cattle, while not very heavy for a Monday, was nearly double the meager offerings on sale last Monday (Christmas). Recipts included no strictly prime beeves, but there was a very respectable proportion of very good fat steers. Chicago was stronger and with some inquiry from speculative shippers the trade was in a fairly satisfactory condition from the sellers' standpoint. Prices ruled any where from strong to 10c higher than Saturday and trading was brisk at the advance. Good to choice 1,200 to 1,400-lb. steers sold at from \$4.05 up to \$4.75, fair to good 1,000 to 1,300-lb. steers from \$3.50 to \$3.90, with very common light stuff on the feeder order at from \$3.15 to 3.25. About everything at all useful changed hands during the forenoon and after dinner the yards were practically descried.

About two-fifths of the fresh receipts were cows and mixed stock. The demand was good from all sources and the movement free at substantially stronger prices than those prevailing the latter part of the week, Desirable cows and heiters sold largely at from \$2.40, and up to \$2.80. Medium and canning grades sold from \$1.50 to \$2.30. There were scarcely any veal calves on sale, but the demand was good, and they would have sold readily at strong prices. Bulls, oven and stags were freely offered and as freely taken at from 81.25 to \$3.10. A good and endy clearance of everything in this line was affected before noon.

noon.

Business was rather quiet in the stocker and feeder line. There were not over 500 cattle of this description in the yards, counting both fresh receipts and holdovers. The few fresh cattle were taken readily by the yard speculators at good strong prices, mostly from \$2.85 to \$3.25, with odds and ends down to \$2.30, but there was not much inquiry from the country, and the movement in that direction very linited. Representative sales:

ited.	Repres	entative s			
140		DRESSE	D BEEF.		
No.	Av.	Pr.	No. A	v. I	r.
26	945		3911	98 8	90
0.5	010	3 25	20 10	31 3	90
1	1160	3 50	18 15	63 3	90
Milian.	-1270	3 30	18 11	79 4	05
21	1124	3 50	5912	55 4	25
17	1237	3 50	1915	79 4	35
61	1062	3 85	5912 1915 4812	77 4	40
900	SI		ND EXPORT		
17	1194	3 40	17 12	44 8	70
20	1051	3 40			
		co	ws.		
No.	A v.	PE	No. A	v. 1	Pr.
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600000	963	1 75	19 8 23 9 70 10 1 11 20 10	75 0	45
11	878	2 00	23 9	20 2	45 55 55 65 65 70
1	1280	2 00	7010	46 2	55
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1	970	2 00	2010	25 2	65
23		2 10	9 9	38 2	65
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	.1100	1 75	117		75
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9	. 1080	2 15	115	80 2	80
	.1080	2 20	1,18	00 3	10
	100	STÁ	GS.		
1.,,,,	.1400	2 25			
		100			

OXEN. 7.....1407 2 00 STOCKERS AND FEEDERS. 2....1930 2 80 18.....907 3 25

Hogs—The market was 5c to 10c higher than
saturday on the comparatively few hogs
here. Only 19 loads in all were received, less
than a third as many as were here Saturday
but more than five times the number received
one week ago. The general quality of the
offerings was pretty good on an average.
Chicago was reported higher and with only
a few hogs on sale here sellers all started out
asking higher prices. There were not enough
hogs to go around. Only one packer, Omaha,
bought, but the fresh meat houses, Swift and
Hammond, took hold freely and soon cleaned
up the receipts, paying from 5c to 10c more up the receipts, paying from 5c to 10c more than Saturday for the hogs. Heavy and butcher weight hogs sold at from \$6.60 and \$6.70 and common to choice light weights sold at the entire range from \$6.55 to \$6.70. Fair to good horse of all weights.

\$6.60 and	5 to \$6 \$6.35	0.65 a to ±6	gainst .40 one	\$6.50 t week r	0 86.0	Repr	turday esenta-
tive	sales				-	and the same	
No.	Av.	Sh.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Sh.	Pr.
3	340	1	\$6.40	9	252		\$6.60
5	366		6.50	9	.355		6 60
80	219	40	6.55	74	226	80	6 6214
64	210	80	6.55	75	.259	320	6 55
76	221	120	6 60	70	.231	160	6 65
	250	200	6 60	85	.232	40	6 65
73	220	80	6 60	9	.253		6 65
58	299	240	6 60	68	272	160	6 65
15	188	-	6 60	57	297	280	6 65
67	267	200	6 60	55	243	200	6 65
67	. 259	160		54	282	120	6 70
66	235	160	6.60	71	.221		6 70
65.4	920	190	6.60				TO THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH

54...230 120 6 60

Sheep.—There were no fresh receipts of sheep and nothing here to make a market. The demand continues good for both muttons and feeders of the right kind and prices are nominally unchanged. Quotations as follows: Fair to good natives, \$3.50%4.75; fair to good westerns, \$3.25%4.50; common and stock sheep, \$2.25%3.50; good to choice 40 to 100% lambs, \$4.00%6.60.

Packers' Purchases Last Week. CATTLE HOGS. SHEEP. BUYERS. 78 1.508 1.458 8.581 3.643 4.503 2.003 3.277 6.745 3.207 Omaha Hammond Swift Cudaby Others 13,932 16,166 984 Packers' Purchases for December. BUYERS.

CATTLE. HOGS. SHEEP. 341 29,217 4,978 26,897 18,980 31,476 15,920 33,723 32,920 11,014 5,242 1,247 1,268 Total 73,139 132,237 8,307 Receipts and Disposition of Stock.

Receipts at the Union Stock Yards, South Omaha, Neb., for forty-eight hours ending at 5 o'clock p. m. January 2, 1893; MECEIPTS.

CATTLE.		HOUS.		ыникр.		HORSES & MLS	
Cars.	Head	Cars.	Head	Cars.	Head	Cars.	Hend.
68	1,391	19	1,864		177		71 214
			Disp	SITIO			
	nu	YERS.	5	CA	TTI.E.	Hoos.	SHEEP.
The G Swift The C A. He Bento Lee 1 R. He Hami	A Co udahy o & U lothch cker & lton. S	D	nd Co		128 ab0 131 51 20 36 325 27 376	278 467 683	
Te	tal				1,617	1.971	

New York Live Stock Market. NEW YORK, Jan. 2. BEEVES - Receipts for tw

WIFI'S SPECIFIC . . For renovating the entire system, eliminating all Poisons from the Blood, whether of scrofulous or malarial origin, this preparation has no equal. S.S.S. MALL

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.

"For eighteen months I had an eating sore on my tongue. I was treated by best local physicians, but obtained no relief; the sore gradually grew worse. I finally took S. S. S., and was entirely cured after using a few bottles."

C. B. McLemone, Henderson, Tex. Best Cattle Ho and Sheep market in the west. South Omaha-Telephone 1151. Treatise on Blood and Skin Dis-JOHN D. DADISMAN. Managers.

days, 4,655 head, including 55 carloads for sale; market dull and 10c per 100 lbs. lower; mative steers, \$3,8024,25 per 100 lbs.; bulls and cows, \$15523,55. Drossed beef dull at \$205c per 10. Catves—Receipts, for two days, 3,222 head; market dull and a shade easier; voals, steady; grassers, \$2,5023,00; western calves, \$3,125c \$3.80.

5.30.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receibts, for two days, 8,858 head; market very dull, steady; sheep, 43,00625.00 per 1001bs; lambs, 45,0066.624, Hous—Receipts, for two days, 9,622 head, including two carboads for sale; market higher, at \$6,40 \(\pi \),7,00 per 100 lbs. Omaha Produce Market.

There was practically no market, the day being generally observed as a holiday. Prices were nominally the same as at the close of the week. were nominally the same as at the close of the week.

APPLES—Good apples are quoted at \$3.508 4.00; choice to fance, \$4.0094.25.

BANANAS—Quotations—are: Fair to good hipping stock, \$2.002.250 per bunch.

BUTTAR—The market does not show any material change and his not for some time. The majority of the sales of fair to good country butter are made at about 15c. The choice country goes to the retail trade at about 18c. Channermes—Quotations—are: Bell and cherry. \$8.50 per bil.; bell and burle, \$9.50; late Cape Cod, \$10.00. The arrivals on the market are light.

CELERY—Funcy celery is difficult to find. Quotations range all the way from 25c to 40c. Eods—Market steady; bulk of the sales of birght stock. \$2.5242.

GAME—The season for prairie chicken, ventson, etc., closes on the first of the year. Small rabbits 75c; lack rabbits \$1.50.

HAY—The demand is light and the supply large. No 1, \$0.0965.25 and No 2, \$5.75.

HONEY—The market is Brin, good white clover honey being scarree at 17c.

LEMONS—Choice, \$4.50; fancy, \$5.50.

MALAGA GRAPES—Per keg, \$9.00.

OYSTERS—Unchanged at 136.35c per can, Ontons—Homegrown, 80.25c; Spanish, \$1.90 per crate.

ORANGES—Florida, \$3.256/3.50.

ONIONS Homegrown, Sogsoc; Spanish, \$1.50 per crate.
ORLANDES Florida, \$3,25%3,50.
POTATOES Quotations are: Homegrown, 65%75c; Colorado and Utah, 85c;
POULTRY Chickens, choice, 5c; ducks and geess 8%9c; turkeys 10c.
Swerr POTATOES Choice Muscatine and Illinois stock, \$3,75%4,00 per bbl.
VEAL Quotations are: Small and fat, 6½%7c; large and heavy, 3%5c. Financial Notes.

Havana, Jan. 2.—Spanish gold, \$2.544@
2.55; exchange quiet: sugar quiet.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 2.—Clearings, \$20,144,210; balances, \$2,267,684. Money, 6 per
cent. Exchange on New York, par.

London, Jan. 2.—Money, 1½ per cent. Rate
of discount in the open market for both short
and three months bills, 1½@1½ per cent.

British Grain Trade Review. London, Jan. 2.—The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review of the British grain trade, says: Owing to the small deliveries English wheats increased in demand and prices are 6d better. Another weeks frost caused values to increase 6d. The trade shows a fail during a week of 7d per quarter. Foreign wheat is 9d lower and fine white foreign 3d dearer. London Financial Review.

London, Jan. 2. The stock exchange closed as usual on the first working day of the year. In the money market call loans were in fair demand at 14g013, per cent. Quotations for three months' drafts were not better than 13 Liverpool Provision Stock.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 2.—Stocks of provisions: Beef, 3,100 tierces; pork, 2,500 bbls; bacon, 7,900 boxes; hams, 1,300 boxes; shoulders, 400 boxes; lard, 5,000 tierces; cheese, 114,400 boxes; butter, 6,400 pkgs.

Pneumonia.

At no time in the history of the country has pneumonia been so prevalent as during the winter months of the last two years. In times past a common cold was not considered at all serious, but of late years the great tan scrious, but of late years the great tendency of colds to result in pneumo-nia has made people apprehensive. The trouble is that colds are not always properly treated. No preparation containing opium, wild cherry or chloroform should be used, as whit cherry or chloroform should be used, as they have a tendency to dry up a cold, where-as it should be loosened and the lungs re-lieved. It has been observed that when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used the cold never results in pneumonia. The reason is that this remedy stimulates the mucous membrane which lines the throat and lungs to a healthy action, causes a few research to a healthy action, causes a free expectoration, throwing off the poisonous matter, and counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by druggists.

McTague is All Right. OMARA, Jan. 2.—To the Editor of THE BEE: Through a clerical error, and much to my regret, the name of J. H. McTague appears in the list of firms reported as having failed during the year 1892, and published in your issue of yesterday. Yours truly,
W. H. ROBERSON, Manager.

How to Save Doctor Bills.

Many a doctor's bill has been saved by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The name is a household word in many parts of the country. Chamberlain's medicines have an extensive sale in the World's Fair City and many people testify to the merits of



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenca, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Bold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

YOU NEED NOT FEAR that people will know your hair is dyed if you use that perfect imitation of nature,

Tutt's Hair Dye

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Omaha Union Depot company will be held at the office of the Union Bepot company, at the headquarters of the Union Pacific Railway company, in the city of Omaha, on the 9th day of January, 1803, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of directors and transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

T. L. KISMALL, President
Omaha, December 20, 1802. D21020t

Omaha, December 20, 1802. D21d20t

TO THE OWNERS OF ALL LOTS OR PARTS of lots on Seward street, from 25th street to 28th street. You are hereby notified that the undersigned, three disinterested fresholders of the city of Omaha, have been duly appointed by the mayor, with the poroval of thacity council of said city, to assess the damage to the owners respectively of the property affected by the grading of Seward street from 25th street to 28th street, declared necessary Ly ordinance No 382, passed becomber 13th, 1892, approved De ember 19th, 1832.

You are further notified that having accepted said appointment, and duly quantified as required by law, we will, on the 12th day of January, A. D., 1893, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of Geo. J. Paul. 1695. Farman street, within the corporate limits of said city, rect for the purpose of considering and making the assessment of damage to the owners respectively of said property, affected by said grade, taking into constiteration special benefits, if any. You are notified to be present at the time and place afforessid, and make any objections to or statements concerning said assessment of damages as you may consider proper.

GEO. J. PAUL.

JOHN W. ROB BINS.
Omaha, Neb. Dec. 27th, 18-2.

D79-dio t

SOUTH OMAHA. Union Stock Yards Company, South Omaha.

COMMISSION HOUSES. Wood Brothers.

Market Reports by mail and wire cheerfully fur mished upon application

Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco

For over twenty-five years the standard smoking tobacco of the world. To-day More Popular than Ever. To have a good smoke anytime and everytime it is only necessary to get Bull Durham. it is all good and always good. BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO.

DURHAM, N. C.

Dr. SYDNEY RINGER, Professor of Medicine at University College, London, Author of the Standard "Handbook of Therapeutics," actually writes as follows:

"From the careful applyses of Prof. ATTENDAMENTAL PROF. ATTENDAMENT. "From the careful analyses of Frot. ATTPLED and others I am satisfied that VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA is in no way injurious to health, and that it is decidedly more nutritious than other Cocoas.—It is certainly. "Pare" and highly digestible.—The quotations in certain advertisements (from Trace rivals) from my book on Therapeutics are quite misleading, and cannot possibly apply to Van Houten's Cocoa."

The false reflection on Van Houten's Cocoa is thus effectually repelled, and the very authority cited to injure it, is thereby prompted to give it a very handsome testimonial. In

OMAHA Manufacturers' and Jobbers' Directory

AWNINGS AND TENTS Omaha Tent-Awning COMPANY. HORSE COVERS, BAGS AND TWINES- I BIDYCLES. M. O. Daxon.

Bemis Omaha Bag COMPANY.
Importers and manufrs.
flour sacks, burlaps,
twine. Bicycles sold on monthly payments. 120 N. lath. BOOTS AND SHOES.

Morse-Coe Shoe Company,

Howard Street. Factory corner 11th and Douglas Streets. We are making close prices to eash buyers, and are selling a class of goods which is very saleable with merchants.

Kirkendall, Jones & Amer. Hand-Sewed mfrs. agents Beston Rubber shoe Co. 1102-1104-1106 Harney St. SHOE CO., boots, shoe and rubber goods, 1398 1310 Harney St.

COAL, COTE. Omaha Coal, Coke & Eagle Cornice Works LIME CO., hard and soft coal, S E cor. lith and Douglas Sts. Mfrs. galvanized fron cornice, window caps, metallic skylights, etc. 1110-1112 Dodge St.

DRY GOODS. M. E. Smith & Co., | Kilpatrick-Koch Dry Dry goods, notions, furnishing goods, corner lith and Howard Sts.

GO ODS CO., Notions, gents' furnishing goods, corner ling goods, cor. lith and Harnsy Sts.

FURNITURE. Omaha Upholstering | Beeb ee & Runvan CO., upholstered forni- FURNITURE CO., Grace

GROCERIES. DRUGS, ETD. D. M. Steele & Co., Blake, Bruce & Co., 1201-1205 Jones St., 10th and Harney Sts., Omaha. DEFORMITY BRACES

u

Elastic Stocking Trusses, Crutches,

Batteries, Water Bottles, Syringes, Atomizers, Medical Supplies ALOE & PENFOLD,

114 S.15t'13t., Next-to Postoffice.

ORDINANCE NO. 3383.

An ordinance declaring the necessity of grading Cameron street from 24th street to the 40-acre line or center of 27th street produced and appointing three disinterested appraisers to assess and determine the damages, if any, to the property owners, which may be caused by such crading.

Whereas, a petition has been presented to the mayor and city council to have said part of Cameron street graded to the present established grade, one-half the cost of said grading to be paid by the city: therefore,

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section, I. That it is proper and necessary and its hereby declared proper and necessary to grade Cameron street to its present established grade, including necessary approaches therefo, from 24th street to the 30-acre line or the center of 27th street produced.

Section 2. That the mayor, with the approval of the city council, appoint three disinterested appraisers to appraise, assess and determine the damage to property owners which may be caused by such grading, taking into consideration m making such appraisement, the special benefits, if any, to such property by reason of such grading.

Section 2. That the ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed December 13th, 1802.

ORDINANCE NO. 3383.

Passed December 13th, 1892, JOHN GROVES, E. P. DAVIS.
President City Council.
Approved December 19th, 1872.
GEO. P. BEMIS.
Mayor.

To the owners of all lots or parts of lots on alley in Riley's and Rogers' subdivision, between Vinton street and the north line of lot 8, Rogers' sub. and 17th and 18th streets.

You are hereby notified that the undersigned, three disinterested freeholders of the City of Omaha, have been duly appointed by the mayor, with the approval of the city council of said city, to assess the damage to the owners respectively of the property affected by the grading of said alley declared necessary by ordinance 3,390, passed December 20, 1852, approved December 24, 1892.

You are further notified, that having accepted said appointment and duly qualified as required by law, we will on the twelfth day of January, A. D. 1893, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of George J. Paul, 1695. Farman street, within the corporate limits of said city, meet for the purpose of considering and making the assessment of damage to the owners respectively of said property, affected by said grade, taking line consideration special benefits, if any.

You are notified to be present at the time and place aforesaid and make any objections to or statements concerning said assessment of damages, as you may consider proper.

GEO, J. PAL'L.

WM. G. SHRIVER.

JAMES STOCK DALE.

Omaha, December 28, 1892.

D304104

Rector & Wilhelmy Lobeck& Linn. Dealers in hardware and mechanies tools 1404 Douglas St.

HATS, ETO. W. A. L. Gibbon & Co.

Wholesale Hats, caps, straw goods, gloves, mittens, 2th and Harney Sts.

Charles R. Lee.

Hardwood tumber, wood carpets and parquet kee cement and Quincy white lime. LIQUORS. MILLINERY.

John A. Wakefield.

Frick & Herbart, Oberfelder &Co. Importers and jobbe of militarry, notio — Mail orders prompt n 208-212 S. lith St. Wholesale liquor dealers

OILS. Standard Oil Co. Carpenter Paper Co. Carry a full stock of printing, wrapping and writing papers, card paper, etc.

PRODUCE COMMISSION. Branch & Co., Jas. A. Clark & Co.,

Produce, fruits of all Butter, cheese, eggs, poultry and game, 517 S. 15th St. STOVE REPAIRS. | SASH, DIORS.

Omaha Stove Repair | M. A. Disbrow & Co. Wilk to stove regains and water attachments doors, 51 in 1 s an for any kind of stove made, 1237 Douglas St. 100. 1245 and 1227 d S

ORDINANCE NO. 8385. ORDINANCE NO. 5385.

An ordinance declaring the necessity of grading B street from likth street to fith street, and appointing three disinterested appraisers to assess and determine the damages, it any, to the property owners, which may be caused by such grading.

Whereas, property owners representing more than three-lifths of the feet frontage on said part of B street have petitioned the mayor and city council to have said provided for in section 63 of the city cherter, and the cost thereof to be made payable in ten equal installments; therefore.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:
Section 1. That it is proper and necessary and it is hereby declared proper and necessary, to grade B street to its present established grade, including necessary approaches thereto from Eth street to 17th street.
Section 2. That the mayor, with the approval of the city council, appoint three disinterested appraisers to appraise, assess and determine the damage to property owners which may be caused by such grading, taking into consideration in making such appraisment, the special benefits, if any, to such property, by reason of such grading.

Section 3. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passang.

Passed December 13th, 1892 JOHN GROVES, DOIN GROVES,
City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS.
President City Councit.
Approved December 19th, 18-2.
GLO. P. BEMIS.
Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3384.

Anordinance changing the curb lines of Sist street from the alley between Burt and Cuming streets to the alley between Cuming and izerd streets, in the city of Omedia, and repealing so much of all ordinances in conflict therewith. conflict therewith.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:
Section i. That the curb lines of 21st street from the alley between Burt and Coming streets to the alley between Cuming and Izard streets to the alley between Cuming and Izard streets be and the same are hereby changed to a width of 2: feet on each side of the center line of said street.

Section 2: That so much of all ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Section 3: That this ordinance small take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed December 13th, 1892.
JOHN GROVES. Approved December 19th, 1802 GEO. P. BEMIS. Mayor

Mayor

O THE OWNERS OF ALL LOTS OR PARTS of ints on "B" ser cet from 5th steect to 17th street.

You are hereby notified that the undard lend, three disinterested free-honders of the city of Omaha, have been duly appointed by the mayor, with the approval of the city council of said city, to assess the damage to the owners respectively of the property affected by the grading of "B" street from 18th street to 18th street declared necessary by ordinance No. 38, passed December 18th, 182, approved December 18th, 182.

You are forther notified that having accepted said appointment, and duly qualified as required by law we will, on the 18th day of January. A D. 189, at the hour of a o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of ties J. Paul, 1855 Farman street, with n the corporatelimits of said city, meet for the purpose of considering and making the assessment of damage to the owners respectively of said property affected by said grade, taking nio cond deration special benefits. If any, You are notified to be present at the time and place aforesaid and make any objections to or statements con zero a said assessment of damages as you may consider proper.

(F.O. J. P. A.B.).

W. G. Sirkiver,

JAS, STOCKDALE.

Omaha, Neb., Bec. 77th, 1852 a22-dist

Omaha, Neb , Dec. 27th, 1872.