HIS FINAL MESSAGE

[CONTINUED FROM SECOND PAGE.]

introduced. The secretary is of the opinion that this new useful product of corn has already stimulated exportations and that if diligently prosecuted large and important markets can presently be opened for this great American product.

The suggestions of the secretary for an enlargement of the work of the department are recommended to your favorable consideration. It may be, I think, said without challenge that in no corresponding period has so much been done as during the last four years for the benefit of American agriculture.

IMMIGRATION RESTRICTIONS.

Action Taken in the Quarantine Cases Reviewed and Recommendations Made.

The subject of quarantine relations, inspection and control was brought suddenly to my attention by the arrival at our ports in August last of vessels infected with cholera. Quarantine regulations should be uniform at all our ports. Under the constitution they are plainly within the exclusive federal jurisdiction when and so far as congress shall legislate. In my opinion the whole subject should be taken into national control and adequate power given to the executive to protect the people against plague invasions. On the 1st of September last, I approved regulations establishing a twenty-day quarantine for all vessels bringing immigrants from foreign ports. This order will be continued in force. Some loss and suffering have resulted to passengers, but a due care for the homes of our people justifies in such cases the utmost precaution. There is danger that with the coming of spring cholera will again appear, and a liberal appropriation should be made at this session to enable our quarantine and port officials to exclude the deadly plague.

Need for Caution.

But the most careful and stringent quarantine regulations may not be sufficient to absolutely exclude the disease. The progress of medical and sanitary science has been such, however, that if approved precautions are taken now to put all of our cities and towns in the best sanitary condition, and a provision is made for isolating any sporadic cases and for a thorough disinfection, an epidemic can, I am sure, be avoided. This work appertains to the local authorities, and the responsibility and the penalty will be appalling if it is neglected or unduly delayed.

We are peculiarly subject to the spread of infectious diseases by reason of the fact that unrestricted immigration brings to us out of European cities, in the overcrowded steerages of great steamships, a large number of persons whose surroundings make them the easy victims of the plague.

Classes to Be Kept Out.

This consideration, as well as those affecting the political, moral and industrial interests of our country, lead me to renew the suggestion that admission to our country and to the high privileges of its citizenship shall be more restricted and more careful. We have, I think, a right and owe a duty to our own people, and especially to our working people, not only to keep out the vicious, the ignorant, the civil disturber, the pauper and the contract laborer, but to check the too great flow of immigration now coming by further limitations.

OTHER TOPICS DISCUSSED.

Matters Briefly Considered and a Number o Recommendations Made.

The report of the World's Columbian exposition has not been submitted. That of the board of management of the government exhibit has been received and is herewith transmitted. The work of construction and of preparation for the opening of the exposition in May next has progressed most satisfactorily and upon a scale of liberality and magnificence that will worthily sustain the honor of the United States.

Liquor Regulation in Washington.

The District of Columbia is left by a decision of the supreme court of the District without any law regulating the liquor traffic. An old statute of the legislature of the District relating to the licensing of various vocations has hitherto been treated by the commissioners as giving them power to grant or refuse licenses to sell intoxicating liquors and as subjecting those who sold without license to penalties. In May last the supreme court of the District held against this view of the powers of the commissioners. It is of urgent importance, therefore, that congress should supply, either by direct enactment or by conferring discretionary powers upon the commissioners, proper limitations and restraints upon the liquor traffic in the District. The District has suffered in its reputation by many crimes of violence, a large per cent of them resulting from drunkenness and the liquor traffic. The capital of the nation should be freed from this reproach by the enactment of stringent restrictions and limitations upon the traffic.

Protection for Railroad Men.

In renewing the recommendations which I have made in three preceding annual messages that congress should legislate for the protection of railroad employes against the dangers incident to the old and inadequate methods of braking and coupling where still in use upon freight business, I do so with the hope that this congress may take action on the subject. Statistics furnished by the interstate commerce commission show that during the year ending June 30, 1890, there were forty-seven different styles of car couplers reported to be in use, and that during the same period there were 2,660 employes killed and 26,140 injured. Nearly 16 per cent of the deaths occurred in the coupling and uncoupling of cars, and over 36 per cent of the injuries had the same origin.

The Civil Service.

The civil service commission asks for an appropriation for needed clerical assistance, which I think should be given. I extended the classified service March 1, 1892, to include physicians, superintendents, assistant superintendents, school teachers, and teachers in the Indian service and have had under consideration the subject of some further extensions, but have not as yet fully determined the lines upon which the extensions can most properly and usefully be made.

Evils of Election Methods.

I have in each of the three annual messages which it has been my duty to submit to congress called attention to the evils and dangers connected with our election methods and practices as they are related to the choice of officers of the national government. In my last annual message I endeavored to invoke serious attention to the evils of unfair apportionments for congress. I cannot close this message without again calling attention to these grave and threatening evils. I had hoped that it was possible to secure a nonpartisan inquiry by means of a commission into evils the existence of which is known to all, and that out of this might grow legislation from which all thought of partisan advantage should be eliminated and only the higher thought appear of maintaining the freedom and purity of the ballot and the equality of the elector, without the guaranty of which the government could never have been formed, and without the continuance of which it cannot continue to exist in peace and prosperity. It is time that the mutual charges of unfairness and fraud between the great parties should cease, and that the sincerity of those who profess a desire for pure and honest elections should be brought to the test of their willingness to free our legislation and our election methods from everything that tends to impair the public confidence in the announced result. The necessity for an inquiry and for legislation by congress upon this subject is emphasized by the fact that the tendency of the legislation in some states in recent years has in some important particulars been away from and not toward free and fair elections and equal apportionments. Is it not time that we should come together upon the high plane of patriotism while we devise methods that shall secure the right of any man qualified by law to cast a free ballot and give to every such ballot an equal value in choosing our public officers and in directing the policy of the government?

Law Needed to Prevent Lynchings.

Lawlessness is not less such, but more, where its usurps the functions of the peace officer and of the courts. The frequent lynching of colored people accused of crime is without the excuse which has sometimes been urged by mobs for a failure to pursue the appointed methods for the punishment of crime, that the accused have an undue influence over court and juries. Such acts are a reproach to the community where they occur, and so far as they can be made subjects of federal jurisdiction the strongest repressive legislation is demanded. A public sentiment that will sustain the officers of the law in resisting mobs and protecting accused persons in their custody should be promoted by every possible means. The officer who gives his life in the brave discharge of his duty is worthy of special honor. No lesson needs to be so urgently impressed upon our people than this, that no worthy end or cause can be promoted by lawlessness.

Closing Observations.

This exhibit of the work of the executive departments is submitted to congress and to the public in the hope that there will be found in it a due sense of responsibility and an earnest purpose to maintain the national honor and to promote the happiness and prosperity of all our people. And this brief exhibit of the growth and prosperity of the country will give us a level from which to note the increase or decadence that new legislative policies may bring to us. There is no reason why the national influence, power and prosperity should not observe the rates of increase that have characterized the past thirty years. We carry the great impulses and increase of these years into the future. There is no reason why in many lines of production we should not surpass all nations as we have already done in some. There are no near frontiers to our possible development. Retrogression would be a crime. BENJAMIN HARRISON.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, December 6, 1892.

Laid His Body in the Tomb.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The remains of Jay Gould were taken to Woodlawn cemetery this morning and deposited in the family vault. Only the members of the family and a few very intimate friends followed the hearse.

If you have piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel salve will surely cure you.

New York Exchange Quotations.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Exchange as follows: Chicago, 25 cents to 60 cents premium; Boston, 8 cents to 12½ cents discount; St. Louis, 50 cents discount.

It gives immediate relief—we mean Salvation Oil, the great pain remedy. Price 25c.

The Death Roll.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—Dr. C. W. Siemens, the well-known engineer and electrician, died today.

A neglected cold often terminates in consumption. Take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in time and forestall the dreadful disease.

NEWS OF YESTERDAY.

Domestic.

The International Barbers' association is in session at St. Louis, Mo.

The trial of the Actor Curtis case continued until Thursday, owing to illness of one of the jurors.

The steamer La Bretagne was released by treasury officials and proceeded to her wharf at New York.

There was a slight change for the better in Senator Gibson's condition last night. His case is, however, still considered hopeless.

A disasterous cyclone passed three miles east of Atlanta, Tex., sweeping away farm houses and other structures. Several person were killed.

At Concord, Mass., Hon. Sherman Hoar and Miss Mary Butterick were married. The couple left immediately afterwards for Washington.

Forty miles south of Sanford, Fla., a wreck occurred on the Orange Belt railroad, in which six persons were killed. It was not possible to get details last night.

L. & N. Wilcenski, wholesale growers and cotton factors, one of the largest and most prominent firms in Greenville, Miss., failed with liabilities of over $200,000.

General Manager Depew sent up the locomotive engineers who are awaiting for a reply to their demands, a compromise proposition. Both sides refused to accept it as it was.

The directors of the American Sugar Refining company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent on common and 3½ per cent semi-annual on the preferred.

A Burlington freight train broke in two near Corona, Colo. The two parts collided, wrecking the greater portion of the train and killing four carpenters. Their names could not be learned.

An assembly of Kansas populists have passed resolutions denouncing anything in the shape of an inaugural ball or social display when the new state officials take charge of affairs.

John McVicker was thrown from a Rock Island train by a member of its crew as it was passing over a high trestle in Kansas City. In the fall both of his legs were broken and he suffered other injuries.

The legislature of Alabama continues to pursue the paper cigarette. A committee has reported favorably a bill taxing all dealers of cigarettes $300 a year. Yesterday a bill was introduced to prohibit cigarettes in public places.

Near Shamokin, Pa., the fire at Sterling colliery became unmanageable at 1 o'clock. The mine will be flooded by the owners by turning the water of Carlon Run creek into it. It will be at least six months before the collier can be used again.

Enrique Bregaro, an extensive New York produce broker, placed a revolver to his head and sent a bullet through his brain. The motive for the deed, other than spinal trouble with which the deceased was afflicted, could not be ascertained.

With reference to the discussion over the powers said to have been delegated to Mgr. Satoli, papal delegate, it is stated upon the authority of close friends of Cardinal Gibbons that he and Mgr. Satoli have a perfect understanding about the duties to be performed by the latter in this country.

Charles F. Harris, chief of Rev. Dr. Parkhurst's staff of detectives, and who accompanied the doctor on his visits to the evil resorts of New York, was held to the court of general sessions in the sum of $7,500 for extorting money. Not able to secure bond he was remanded to the Tombs prison.

The entire forenoon session of the Cincinnati presbytery was occupied in hearing the reading of Dr. Lowe's argument for the prosecution in Prof. Smith's trial. Dr. Lowe closed his arguments in the afternoon, and Prof. Smith began his last speech in his own defense. The argument will continue today.

At the session of the National rivers congress at Baltimore, Major R. McClaughry, superintendent of police of Chicago read the report of the committee "on police in the city." Dr. Jacobs argued strongly against capital punishment. The congress will next year meet at Chicago at a time before the fair.

There seems to be but little doubt that Ella Butts, better known as Lulu Newton, the 19-year-old girl whose body was found in East Chester creek, near Vernon, N. Y., yesterday afternoon, committed suicide. She had trouble at home, vainly sought employment, and then deliberately tied a stone and her with a cord to her waist and threw herself face downward into the creek.

Foreign.

Tunis has been shaken up by an earthquake, but no great damage was done.

The Norwegian bark Drinnigen, went ashore on the English coast and is a total loss. The crew is thought to have perished.

The Berlin Bundesrath has sanctioned the changes in the taxes on brandy and bourse transactions provided in the army bill.

Violent snow storms are prevailing in Gallica. The roads are blocked in many parts of the country and railway traffic is suspended.

A disastrous gale is reported as prevailing in the province of Catanzaro. Three vessels in the harbor of Santa Neues were wrecked today and ten persons were drowned.

The North German Lloyd steamship Havel arrived at Queenstown and after taking on board the passengers of the disabled steamship Spree, proceeded for New York.

President Carnot presided at yesterday's meeting of the bran new French cabinet. The declaration of policy which the ministry will make on Thursday was discussed.

Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, is discontented with the pope, owing to his holiness having again taken up the old idea of marriage between Don Jaime, his son, and Mercedes, daughter of the queen regent of Spain.

The overheating of a stove caused a fire in Somerset house, London. The flames, which were confined to one room, were extinguished in half an hour. The damage done was trifling.

A few days ago a band of Chilasi tribesmen, numbering 1,000 men, made an attack upon a Cashmere guard under the command of Dr. Robertson, the British agent at Chitral. The tribesmen were repulsed with a loss of fifty killed.

The Russian papers accuse Miss Kate Marsden of the Red Cross society, who is attempting to raise funds for the relief of lepers in Siberia, of exaggeration in her accounts of the ravages of leprosy in that portion of the empire.

Rector Ahlwardt was returned to the Reichstag by a large majority. His triumph is almost the sole topic of conversation. Prince Bismarck said he regarded the strong polling in favor of Ahlwardt as a demonstration of of the popular discontent with the present regime and a proof of the growth of anti-Semitism.

Sir Henry Tichborne, high sheriff of Hants, recently went on a hunting expedition to Africa, leaving the duties of his office to care for themselves. When Sir Henry returned proceedings were taken against him for neglecting his duties, and yesterday Judge Collins at the Winchester assizes, imposed a fine of $2,625 upon the delinquent sheriff.

NEWS FROM COUNCIL BLUFFS

Mr. Howell's Scheme to Make Fairmount Park More Attractive.

WANTS TO PUT IN AN ELEVATOR SYSTEM

To Do Away with the Climb Up the Hill—An Unique Proposition from an Omaha Man—How It Has Been Received.

Mr. Howell, the hydraulic engineer at the Omaha water works, has a scheme on foot in which he wants the co-operation of the park commissioners of Council Bluffs, and the prospects now are that his plan will be adopted in the near future and put into operation next spring. He wants to put in an elevator at Fairmount park for the purpose of transferring passengers from the end of the motor line to the top of the hill near the old band stand at the rate of 5 cents a passenger. The elevator will be something after the style of the old-fashioned two-bucket well. One bucket will be used for carrying passengers and the other filled with water, so as to balance the weight. He wants no bonus, but he simply asks the right to put up such a concern and trust to his patronage for his profits. There is not likely to be any bonanza in it at the outset, but he figures on being able to make it pay for itself and a little more after a while. The park commissioners express themselves as very much pleased with the plan. Heretofore the long climb from the end of the motor line has prevented the hill tops from being used extensively, and thus some of the most beautiful parts of the park have been almost wholly neglected. They claim that an elevator of the kind proposed would add immensely to the attractiveness of the place, and Mr. Howell will probably have his request granted.

Heard in a Fourth Street Flat.

Husband—Maria, have the people on the next floor moved? I don't hear their sewing machine making that infernal noise any more. Wife—Oh, no; they are still there, but they exchanged their machine for a new Standard Rotary; it's silent and speedy. Say, dear, don't you think we ought to take pity on the people on the floor below?

L. P. Judson, civil engineer, 328 B'way.

Day & Hess have a force of men working on the roads through the Klein tract. Buy five or ten acres there while it is cheap.

Brighter than gas, cheaper than electric light and as beautiful as a dream—those new art lamps at Lund Bros.

More About Meat.

The Meschendorf-Tolle damage suit was resumed in the district court yesterday morning with Tolle on the stand, and almost the entire morning session and a part of the afternoon were taken up with a lively cross-examination of the young man, who occupies the positions of chief defendant and chief witness for the plaintiff. Considerable remark was caused by the fact that Tolle had been in the company of the plaintiff and his attorneys during a large share of the time since the adjournment of court Monday afternoon, and for nearly an hour prior to the opening of the trial yesterday morning had been engaged in a close and confidential conversation in a room adjoining the court room.

On the stand Tolle admitted that during his career as a "newspaper man" he had been arrested on the charge of criminal libel four times; Twice in Nebraska City, once in Beatrice, and once here. He had agreed with Pace that the price of the publication of the alleged libelous article should be $15, and he had received that amount from Pace, besides $6 from Scanlan for the same thing. None of this amount had been turned over to the editor of the paper. He admitted that neither Pace, Welker nor Scanlan saw the article he had written prior to its publication, but told him that if he had written up the facts as they had given them to him it was all right. He acknowledged that he had not had an attorney, had never had his appearance in defense entered upon the court record, and had not intended to make any defense. He had not been subpœnaed as a witness, but came of his own free will.

Early in the afternoon session the plaintiffs dismissed their suit so far as Pethybridge and Huber were concerned and demanded a default against Tolle. They then rested and the testimony of the defense was introduced. The witnesses put upon the stand were Scott Wilkins, who had been a delivery clerk for Meschendorf, George Drake, who had been employed in the shop, and Max Troutman and John Stortz, two butchers. All these witnesses testified that they had seen tainted meat in Meschendorf's market and had seen it sold on numerous occasions. Wilkins claimed to have brought meat back to the market three or four times a week because it was unfit for use, while Troutman and Stortz had bought rotten meat there for their own use. More evidence of the same kind will be introduced this morning.

The case is exciting considerable interest, especially among members of the market fraternity, and the number of them who were present yesterday made the audience look like a butcher's convention of some kind.

Enterprise Place

Being frequently urged to sell small portions of my farm, I have at last decided to plat 200 acres of Enterprise Place, familiarly known as the Scott farm, and to begin the sale at once in five and ten acre lots. I have placed the same in the hands of Greenshields, Nicholson & Co., who will act in the matter as my exclusive agents. Fruit growers, gardeners and those who want the conveniences of a city combined with all the advantages of the richest farming land are now given a rare opportunity to do so. M. TOFT.

See those oil heaters at Swaine's, 737 Broadway.

Ten shares capital stock Citizens State bank for sale. E. H. Sheafe.

Special Millinery Sale.

Of trimmed goods at the Louis, Masonic block. Hats not a cent apiece but as near it as possible.

Death of Theodore Lund.

Theodore Lund died yesterday morning at the age of 47 years. He came to this country in 1871, and lived in Council Bluffs until a few years ago, when failing health compelled him to move to Salt Lake City. Upon his return he seemed to be considerably improved, but about two months ago he went to Marquette, Neb., intending to start up in business there. Last Saturday evening he returned to the Bluffs, finding it impossible to attend to his business. At 9 o'clock he had a hemorrhage, and in a few minutes was dead. The deceased was a prominent member of the Danebo society and Humboldt lodge No. 184, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock under the auspices of these two societies, and the remains will be interred in Fairview cemetery.

For warming guest chambers, bath rooms, etc., our gas heaters are just what you want. Look at them. Clean, convenient cheap. C. B. Gas and Electric Light Co.

Coal and wood; best and cheapest Missouri hard wood in the city; prompt delivery. H. A. Cox, No. 4 Main.

Scott house; good board; low rates.

Coal and Wood. Sackett & Preston, 628 Broadway. Telephone 44.

A Question of Jurisdiction.

The park commissioners claim that the members of the city council went off half-cocked last Monday evening, when they refused to order $2,661 transferred from the park fund in the city treasurer's vaults to the pockets of the commissioners. "The council can do what it pleases," said S. B. Wadsworth of the commission yesterday morning. "We have got the money in our inside pockets now, and we are going to keep it until we want to spend it. It's all foolishness for the council to sit back and refuse to order a warrant drawn for the money in the park fund, for they've got no more right to it than you have. But then," he continued musingly, "I don't know as there is any use in stirring up a muss about it, for we have the money, and there's an end of it."

Ignorance of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune. These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache, dyspepsia, bad breath, constipation and biliousness.

Millinery at Absolute Cost.

At Miss Ragsdale's, 337 Broadway, all this week.

Holiday photos, cut prices, $1.50 for cabinets, for 30 days. Cottage gallery, Riley's old stand.

Lived by His Wits.

H. W. Bowshure, a young man who has been working for W. C. Barton of Avoca for some time past, displayed a great deal of skill about two weeks ago in working his friends, but his skill has involved him in trouble which will undoubtedly send him to the penitentiary. At present it is hard to tell whether his chances are better for Fort Madison or Lincoln, Neb. Bowshure was generally supposed to be honest, and as he had a little bank account, his checks were usually accepted for goods bought at Avoca stores. About two weeks ago he drew out all his money from the bank and an hour later went to the store of Grimson & Kasner and bought a suit of clothes, an overcoat, a necktie and a lot of underclothing, the whole amounting to $46. He drew a check in payment and it was accepted. The bank threw it out the next evening, but in the meantime Bowshure had disappeared. Yesterday morning he turned up at the Kiel hotel, where he registered as H. M. Bruce. He was arrested soon after his arrival and taken to the city jail.

He admitted having done as above stated, but said in defense that he was drunk at the time. After leaving Avoca, he said, he went to Chicago, and when he came to himself and found what he had done he turned around and came back to Council Bluffs, intending to pay for the goods he had stolen.

A cloud came over his highly moral appearance, however, for during the afternoon a telephone message was received from the police department in Omaha saying that he had turned the same kind of a trick there. He went to Max Meyer's store on the 21st of last month, dressed like a stockman and in company with a gentleman of that business who was well known at the store, and picked out a diamond ring and diamond stud, valued together at $225, and said he would take them. He then produced a bank book showing that he had a deposit of $4,000, and made out a check for the amount, which was accepted on the strength of the bank book and the man who accompanied Bowshure. This check also turned out to be worthless.

A gentleman connected with the Omaha store called at the city jail yesterday afternoon and had an interview with Bowshure in which the latter admitted that he had bought the jewelry and had pawned it, the ring in Chicago for $30 and the stud in Indianapolis for $20.

Piles of people have piles, but DeWitt's Witch Hazel salve will cure them.

T. D. King & Co.'s Partagas cigar helped to elect Cleveland. It's the record breaker for the year.

Gentlemen, the finest line of fall goods in the city, just received. Reiter, the tailor, 310 Broadway.

Minor Mention.

N. Y. Plumbing Co.

Council Bluffs Lumber Co. Coal.

Articles of adoption were filed in the recorder's office yesterday by which William Downs and wife adopted Thomas L. Downs.

The Ladies Aid society of St. John's English Lutheran church will meet at the parsonage, 217 South Seventh street, tomorrow.

Charles W. Brega of Council Bluffs and Mary M. Stanley of Detroit, Mich., were married yesterday afternoon by Rev. E. J. Babcock.

William H. Lavenburg has commenced a suit in the district court for a divorce from his wife, Lena Lavenburg, who he alleges deserted him in 1889 and is now living in Superior, Neb.

A meeting of the ministerial association was held yesterday morning at the study of Dr. Phelps, at which it was decided that all the pastors should preach on the subject of temperance next Sunday.

All members of the Danebo society are requested to meet at Danebo headquarters, over Ole Rasmussen's paper store, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock to make arrangements for the funeral of the late Theodore Lund. By order of H. Becker, president.

News was received yesterday of the suicide of Frank Booker, engineer at the elevator at Shelby. The body was found hanging in the elevator Monday afternoon. The deceased was well fixed financially, and was about 40 years of age. No cause is assigned for the deed.

At the sacred concert at the Catholic church Sunday evening will appear, besides a chorus of twenty-five voices, the following soloists of Omaha: Misses Creighton, Babcock and Nash, Captain John Kinzie, Messrs. F. J. Barkley, F. J. Lange, E. J. Brett and W. T. Taber.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following parties: C. W. Brega of Council Bluffs and Maggie Stanley of Detroit, Mich.; Claus Hein and Lena Jens of Minden; Hans J. Hallstrom and Nellie Johnson of Omaha. The last two couples were married by Justice Hammer.

Perfect action and perfect health result from the use of DeWitt's Little Early Risers. A perfect little pill.

Genuine Round Oak, Radiant Home P. P. Stewart stoves and ranges, sold exclusively by Cole & Cole, 41 Main.

Davis for drugs and paints

A Bargain.

Lot 3, in block 30, Beers Sub., Council Bluffs, if taken this week. Address Lock Box 612 Missouri Valley, Iowa.

BRINGING THEM IN.

Evangelist Mills Continues to Pluck Brands from the Burning Nightly.

Last night Evangelist Mills found his text in the statement made by the Prophet Isaiah that it would be a good plan for the wicked to forsake his sins. This means to forsake them, said the preacher, not merely to put them aside in the presence of danger and then resume them when the danger has passed. If a man truly put aside his sinning he may be saved. But there is more to laying aside sin than the mere standing up and professing that you have quit your evil ways. Your whole life must be a testimony of the sincerity of your assertion. If a man be religious, truly so, he will not need to carry about a signed certificate to that effect.

Following the discourse came the regular invitation to come to the throne of grace and seek forgiveness, and it was accepted by a great many, who signed cards giving their names and addresses along with the statement that they had decided to lead better lives.

During the afternoon Mr. Mills addressed a large congregation concerning the duty of people in regard to the study of the bible, and the profit that would accrue therefrom. He cited the case of Phillip, as recorded in the Acts of the Apostles.

At 8 o'clock this morning there will be neighborhood prayer meetings, held at various homes all over the city. Following these at 9 o'clock there will be prayer meetings at the churches, and at 10 o'clock there will be a meeting at Exposition hall. The regular prayer meeting for women will be held at the First Baptist church at 2:15, and meetings for men at 3 and 7 p. m.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A new and complete treatment, consisting of Suppositories, Ointment in 4 capsules, also in box and Pills. A positive cure for External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Recent or Hereditary Piles. This remedy has never been known to fail. $1 per box, 6 for $5 sent by mail. Why suffer from this terrible disease when a written guarantee is positively given with 6 boxes or refund the money if not cured? Send stamp for free samples. Guarantee issued by Kuhn & Co., druggists, sole agents, corner 12th and Dodge streets, Omaha, Neb.

The Liebig COMPANY'S

Cattle are reared on their fertile grazing fields in Uruguay, solely to provide prime beef for making the world-famed

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef.

Competent chemists supervise every detail, from the care of the cattle and through the processes of manufacture—scrupulous cleanliness prevails—to the potting of the completed extract. This preserves the quality, flavor and purity of this famous product, which is today, as when first put up by the great chemist, Justus von Liebig.

Incomparably the Best

For Improved and Economic Cookery, or Delicious, Refreshing Beef Tea.

BUY

Hutchinson's Kid Gloves

They last longer and wear better than any other make. They are stylish, and made from selected skins only.

EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED

PERFECT FITTING
LATEST STYLES
MOST DURABLE
AND THEY NEVER RIP

If your dealer does not have them and you want to know something about the BEST GLOVES MADE write to the manufacturer for his illustrated book about gloves.

JOHN C. HUTCHINSON, MANUFACTURER, JOHNSTOWN, N. Y.

W. C. ESTEP
Funeral Director, Embalmer.
114 Main Street,
Council Bluffs.

Ladies and Gentlemen who desire a Lovely, Rich Complexion, USE Dr. Hostler's
FACE CREAM
Beautifies the Complexion; Whitens the Skin when dark; Removes Pimples, Blackheads and Freckles, Tan, Liver Spots and Wrinkles. The only preparation that restores a youthful, fresh appearance. Large box $1.00. Sample Free (enclose 10c. stamps). For sale by DR. S. L. HOSTLER, Columbus, O. Agents wanted.

ORDINANCE NO. 3367.

An ordinance ordering the improving of 17th street from Jackson street to Leavenworth street, in street improvement district No. 490 said improving to consist of paving with vitrified brick, and directing the board of public works to take the necessary steps to cause such work to be done.

Whereas, the mayor and city council of the city of Omaha have ordered the improving of 17th street from Jackson street to Leavenworth street, in street improvement district No. 490, by paving the same and allowed thirty days to property owners in which to designate and determine the material desired to be used for such paving, and

Whereas, the said thirty days have expired and the property owners owning the majority of the frontage in said improvement district have petitioned for the paving of said street in said district with vitrified brick on concrete base, five years' guarantee, and

Whereas, in addition to such designation of material by said owners, the mayor and city council of said city do hereby determine upon the material so specified as the material to be used for such paving, therefore.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section 1. That that part of 17th street from Jackson street to Leavenworth street, in street improvement district No. 490, be and the same is hereby ordered improved, said improvement to consist of paving with vitrified brick on concrete base and 5 years' guarantee, according to the specifications on file in the office of the board of public works.

Section 2. That the board of public works is hereby ordered to cause said work to be done and to enter into contract for the same with the lowest responsible bidder under the specifications on file in the office of said board.

Section 3. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of its passage.

Passed November 22nd, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 25th, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3368.

An ordinance ordering the curbing of the street lying east of the west 26 feet of lot 7 block 236 in street improvement district No. 476, with red Colorado sandstone and directing the board of public works to take the necessary steps to cause said work to be done.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section 1. That that part of 17th street from Jackson street to Leavenworth street, in street improvement district No. 490, be and the same is hereby ordered improved, said improvement to consist of paving with vitrified brick on concrete base and 5 years' guarantee, according to the specifications on file in the office of the board of public works.

Section 2. That the board of public works is hereby directed to cause said work to be done and to enter into contract for the same with the lowest responsible bidder under the specifications on file in the office of said board.

Section 3. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed November 22nd, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 25th, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3364.

An ordinance ordering the grading of Arbor street from 1st street to 13th street, and directing the Board of Public Works to take the necessary steps to cause said work to be done.

Whereas, three disinterested freeholders have been appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the city council to appraise the damages arising by reason of such grading; and,

Whereas, said appraisers after duly qualifying according to law and examining the property affected, have reported no damages, and have made their report to the city council, which has approved the same; therefore,

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section 1. That it is necessary, and it is hereby declared necessary that Arbor street, from 1st street to 13th street, be graded to the present established grade, and the same is hereby ordered done.

Section 2. That the Board of Public Works is hereby directed to take the necessary steps to cause said work to be done.

Section 3. That this ordinance take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed November 22d, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 25th, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3359.

An ordinance locating certain additional water hydrants in the city of Omaha.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

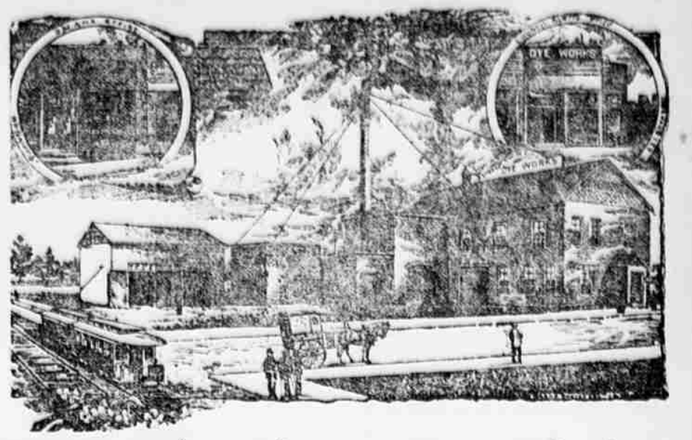
Section 1. That the City Water Works Company be and the same is hereby ordered to place additional water hydrants in the city of Omaha, as follows:

One at the corner of 35th and Davenport streets.

Section 2. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed November 17th, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 22nd, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.



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GRADE ORDINANCE NO. 187.

An ordinance changing the grade of Maple street from 30th avenue to 31st street, and intersecting streets, in the city of Omaha, and repealing so much of Ordinance No 46 and so much of all ordinances in conflict herewith:

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section 1. Whereas, it has been declared necessary to change the grade of Maple street from 30th avenue to 31st street and certain parts of the intersecting streets hereinafter specified;

And whereas, three disinterested freeholders have been appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the city council to appraise the damages arising by reason of the change of grade herein mentioned; and

Whereas, said appraisers after duly qualifying according to law and examining the property affected have reported no damages, and the city council have adopted said report;

Therefore, the grade of said parts of Maple street, and intersecting streets is hereby changed and established so that the elevations shall be as follows, the grade between the points cited being uniform straight lines:

Section 2. Grade of Maple street—

	Elevation of South Curb.	Elevation of North Curb.
East curb of 30th avenue, as established	151.0	151.0
West curb of 33rd street	204.0	204.0
East curb of 33rd street	203.0	203.0
A point 330 feet west of 32nd street	200.0	200.0
West curb of 32nd street	178.0	178.0
East curb of 32nd street	177.0	177.0
West curb of 31st street, as established	136.0	136.0

Section 2. Grade of 33rd street—

	Elevation of West Curb.	Elevation of East Curb.
South curb of Maple street	204.0	204.0
North curb of Corby street	220.0	220.0

Section 4. Grade of 32nd street—

South curb of Maple street	178.0	177.0
North curb of Corby street	206.0	205.0

Section 3. So much of Ordinance No. 46 and so much of all other ordinances dening the grades of the above streets, as conflicts with the provisions of this ordinance, is hereby repealed.

Section 6. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed November 22nd, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 25th, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3362.

An ordinance declaring the necessity of grading Jackson street from 30th street to 34th street, and repealing ordinance No. 3330, and appointing three disinterested appraisers to assess and determine the damages, if any, to the property owners, which may be caused by such grading.

Whereas, property owners representing more than three-fifths of the feet frontage on said part of Jackson street have petitioned the mayor and city council to have said street graded done under the three-fifths clause as provided for in section 67 of the city charter, and the cost thereof to be made payable in ten equal installments; therefore,

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section 1. That 17th street, from Jackson street to Leavenworth street, in street improvement district No. 490, be and the same is hereby ordered curbed with Colorado sandstone, according to specifications on file in the office of the board of public works.

Section 2. That the board of public works is hereby directed to take the necessary steps to cause said work to be done according to specifications on file in the office of said board.

Section 3. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed November 22nd, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 25th, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3358.

An ordinance ordering the curbing of the street lying east of the west 26 feet of lot 7 block 236 in street improvement district No. 476, with red Colorado sandstone and directing the board of public works to take the necessary steps to cause said work to be done.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section 1. That the street lying east of the west 26 feet of lot 7 block 236 in street improvement district No. 476 be and the same is hereby ordered curbed with red Colorado sandstone, according to specifications on file in the office of the board of public works.

Section 2. That the board of public works is hereby directed to take the necessary steps to cause said work to be done according to specifications on file in the office of said board.

Section 3. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed November 17th, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 22d, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3359.

An ordinance locating certain additional water hydrants in the city of Omaha.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section 1. That the City Water Works Company be and the same is hereby ordered to place additional water hydrants in the city of Omaha, as follows:

One at the corner of 35th and Davenport streets.

Section 2. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed November 17th, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 22nd, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3360.

An ordinance vacating the streets and alleys in Grand Park addition and providing that the same revert to the owners of the property opposite the same, and repealing ordinance No. 3257.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Omaha:

Section 1. That the streets and alleys in Grand Park addition to the city of Omaha, comprising the south half of the south half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 32, township 15, range 13, Douglas county, Nebraska, be and the same are hereby vacated, and that the title to said streets and alleys revert to the owners of the several lots in said addition to the center of said streets and alleys as heretofore existing opposite said lots respectively, and the plat of said addition heretofore approved by the mayor and council is hereby cancelled and set aside.

Section 2. Ordinance No. 3257 be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 3. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Passed November 22nd, 1892.

JOHN GROVES, City Clerk.
E. P. DAVIS, President City Council.
Approved November 25th, 1892.
GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

ORDINANCE NO. 3366.

An ordinance ordering the curbing of 17th street, from Jackson street to Leavenworth street, in street improvement district No. 490, with Colorado sandstone, and directing the board of public works to take the necessary steps to cause said work to be done.

Be it ordained by the City