BOTH AS FRESH AS DAISIES

Martin Costello and Aleck Greggains Merrily Milling at Coney Island.

FIERCE FIGHTING AND GOOD JUDGMENT

Each Man Was Eager to Win and Both Were in Prime Condition—Eighty Rounds Fought and a Draw Declared.

CONEY ISLAND ATHLETIC CLUB, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The attendance at the athletic contest of the Coney Island Athletic club tonight was remarkably slim. There was not wanting enthusiasm, even though the crowd was small. The entertainment opened with a ten-round contest between Danny McBride and Con Donovan. McBride knocked his opponent out in the fifth round and won a purse of $400. Time, seventeen minutes.

The event of the evening, the contest between Martin Costello of Buffalo and Alex. Greggains of San Francisco, came next. Early in the day the betting was 5 to 4 on Costello, but toward the evening the odds grew less as it became known that Greggains was in good shape. At the ringside the betting was 100 to 65 and quickly went up to 100 to 80 with lots of money to place at that. Then it went to 100 to 90 and then there were not many takers. This was the status of affairs when the master of ceremonies announced that the bout between Greggains and Costello would be a twenty-round contest, or more.

Greggains' seconds were Martin Murphy of San Francisco, Johnny Murphy of Boston; Howey Hodgkins of Boston and Mike Cooney of Boston, timers. Costello's seconds were Billy Delaney, Cornett's trainer; Joe Choynski and Jimmy Carroll; Jack Sheehan, time keeper and Johnny Everhart, referee.

Were in Excellent Condition.

Both men weighed at the ringside at 158 pounds, and when they stepped into the ring they looked the pictures of manly perfection, and with not an ounce of superfluous flesh on either of them. Immediately upon their appearance there was loud applause from every side of the house. It was 10 o'clock when they entered the ring.

Round One—An apology was offered for the delay in the appearance of the men in the ring. Greggains wore black and Costello green, with nothing on but tights and gloves and stockings. Both men sparred cautiously. Greggains led, landing lightly on the point of the jaw with a light return. Only two blows were exchanged during the round.

Round Two—The men again wasted their time sparring for an opening. Costello made a feint but failed to land. He was more successful, however, on his next attempt, when he landed a left on Greggain's mouth, and a moment later got first blood with a straight left on the nose. They were the only two blows struck, but they were both very effective.

Round Three—This round was something like the other two, both men sparring for an opening. Greggains landed light with the left. Greggains swung his right on Costello's ribs and landed with his left on the stomach. Costello got in lightly with his left on the chest.

Cautious in the Extreme.

Round Four—Both men knew each other well and were very careful about leaving themselves open, as their previous sixty-one round drawn battle was still too fresh in their memories. They sparred for fully half a minute before Costello led, but fell short. He afterwards landed lightly with the left on the body, but got a stiff right in the stomach. Costello landed lightly twice on the body before the round closed.

Round Five—Again the men led off with clever and cautious sparring. Greggains still seeing the open field. Greggains led his left and landed lightly on the body. Costello landed his left on the point of Greggains' jaw and them swung his right on the stomach. Both were hard blows. Sparring followed. Costello landed his right on his opponent's heart. He followed this with a blow on Greggains' jaw and received a blow in return on the stomace. Time was then called.

Round Six—The men still cautious. Costello let go with the left on stomach and got a stiff left-hand jab in the mouth. This woke both men up and they did some good fighting. Costello feinted with the left and landed a stiff uppercut with the right. Greggains rushed him and landed with left and right. From this time to the close of the round both men went in for hard hitting and some very severe blows were struck. The round closed slightly in favor of Greggains.

Aleck Waking Up a Little.

Round seven—Costello's blows did not seem to have much effect on Greggains, who came up smiling. Costello landed on the stomach and Greggains countered on the chin with the right and a hard uppercut. Costello landed with his left on the stomach lightly and Greggains responded with his left on Costello's stomach. Both men were still as fresh as daisies. A straight left hand jab by Greggains on Costello's chin knocked Costello's head back. Honors were even. A left hand swing on Costello's jaw and he he fell in his corner. Greggains next swung his right od Costello's heart and countered with an uppercut. Both men stil fresh.

Round Eight—Costello landed lightly with the left on his opponent's stomach, but got nicely stopped a moment later, when he tried to land with both hands. Costello landed his left lightly on the mouth as Greggains was getting away. Costello became the aggressor and was successful on two occasions, when he followed up his left hand jabs with right hand swings, landing on the face and head at about the same time.

Martin Showing His Mettle.

Round Nine—Fainting was the order of this round for the first minute. Greggains led, not landing and no return. Costello led on Greggains' nose and Greggains countered on the nose. Costello led on the neck and got a heavy one on the stomach. Costello landed successfully twice on Greggains' jaw, then led on the stomach and landed again on the head. Greggains looked rather the worse for the punishment.

Round Ten—Greggians led a terrific left-hander on Costello's jaw and a moment later Costello got in a stomach blow. Both men led with the left at the same time, coming together with a crash, Costello landing on the chest and Greggains on the stomach. Several more good exchanges were made before the close of the round.

Round Eleven—Greggains landed a left-hand jab in the mouth and forced Costello to the ropes. The men cautious, sparring followed. A light exchange and then Costello landed a left-hand swing on the stomach followed by another. Greggains swung and Costello cleverly ducked to avoid and came up under Greggains' arm. They were still sparring when the bell rang and the general verdict was that it was a pretty fight.

Mixing It Up Nicely.

Round Twelve—Costello led and landed lightly and was followed in like manner by Greggains, who rushed and accidentally pushed Costello over. After light sparring for an opening Greggains landed hard on Costello's mouth.

Round Thirteen—Greggains led with the left, landing on the stomach. Costello landed lightly on the neck and Greggains responded with similar blow and a left-handed jab followed on Costello's stomach, but neither man showed any sign of punishment, due to their fine training, undoubtedly. Costello landed on Greggains' stomach and Greggains got his left in Costello's stomach lightly and Greggains landed his left and right and left again on Costello's nose. Costello got his left on Greggains' nose and then Costello missed a nasty left from Greggains' head.

Round Fourteen—Greggains landed lightly on Costello's mouth. Greggains landed a a hard stomach blow. Costello forced the fighting and landed well with his left on Greggains' jaw and followed it up with a righthander on the side of the head. Both men avoided much punishment by their shifty maneuvering.

Round Fifteen—The round opened cautiously, Costello landed lightly on Greggains' stomach with no return and round and round they waltzed. Again Costello led on Greggains' stomach and Greggains got in one on Costello's nose and a left-hand swing on Costello's jaw landed heavily. Costello landed heavily on Greggains' jaw and Greggains landed lightly, following it up with a heavy blow on Costello's stomach. Greggains landed his left on Costello's ribs, countered on Greggains' eye with a heavy swing.

Maneuvering to Save Themselves.

Round Sixteen—There was a great deal of generalship shown by the men, as they were apparently afraid of each other's right hands, and the bulk of the work was light left-handed jabs. There was really only one good blow struck during the round, and that was a lefthander which Greggains landed on Costello's stomach.

Round Seventeen—There was considerable discussion over the fact that but one blow was struck in the last round. Costello landed lightly on Greggains' stomach, who in turn landed on Costello's mouth with a lefthander, followed by two more on the stomach. Costello then swung and missed, both men dancing around the ring a la Corbett. At this point Choynski came in just as the bell rang and was warmly greeted.

Round Eighteen—Costello landed three good left-hand stomach blows in rapid succession, but a moment later got a lefthander on the mouth from Greggains that sent him spinning across the stage against the ropes. Just before the close of the round Greggains got in a hard stomach blow which made Costello grunt.

This Was a "Cawker."

Round Nineteen—Costello led and landed lightly on the stomach as soon as they faced each other, and, after a little sparring, Greggains did like honors. Again Costello led, but was short. Costello lands a heavy one on Greggains' stomach, followed by another blow in the same quarter, and Greggains landed on Costello's ear and followed with a slight punch in the stomach of Costello, who, however, showed no ill effects from it. Greggains landed on the point of the ear. There was a rattling exchange and Greggains landed his left on the jaw and drove Costello against the ropes. A terrific punch, and there was a yell went up from the crowd and Costello's ear was bleeding, but he did not seem to mind it a little bit. At the conclusion of the round both men seemed to be without a blur on them, although both had received a fearful punishment.

Round Twenty-Costello made for Greggains' stomach, his favorite spot, and planted his left in his opponent's stomach the moment they stepped to the center of the ring. Several light exchanges were made without either feeling it very much. Just before the close of the round Greggains made a fierce rush, swinging both right and left. He landed lightly with both as Costello was running backwards very rapidly, but there was sufficient force to put Costello on his back. He was not hurt in the least, however.

Neither Showed Punishment.

Round Twenty one—Both men were as fresh as daisies, despite the heavy blows delivered, but it is remarkable that they showed little signs of punishment. Round and round they danced, but not a blow was struck beyond a few feints. It looks as if it were anybody's fight; neither man shows any punishment, but a chance blow might win it. It was a most remarkable fight, considering the weight of the men.

Round Twenty-two—Greggains started in to force the fight and drove Costello to the ropes, landing a left on his jaw and a right on his damaged ear. Costello was in close quarters and went down to avoid punishment. Not another blow was struck during the round. Both men seemed to have respect for each other, but they spent their time in sparring and running away.

Down to Endurance.

Round Twenty-three—It was apparent in this round that it was a question of endurance. The men stood each other off on light exchanges. A jab from Greggains' left joggled Costello's head, and a few light blows were exchanged. Twice Costello essayed to knock out his opponent and each time Greggains cleverly ducked to save himself from what he knew must be a knock-out blow.

Round Twenty-four—After suffring for an opening, Greggains started the ball rolling by planting a wicked left-hand blow on Costello's face and getting away without return. Both men fought like wild cats in this round, and it was only the superb condition they were in from their faithful training that enabled them to hold out under the punishment they received. Greggains was the aggressor and he had decidedly the best of the round, landing several blows that would have finished an ordinary man.

Round Twenty-five—Costello led with a left-hand smash on Greggains' neck and got a fibrouster in return. Neither man showed any ill effect from the previous rounds and Costello got in a stomach blow. Again Costello led with his left on the stomach of Greggains.

Taking It Easy.

In round twenty-six there was little fighting. In the twenty-seventh Greggains led the fighting, landing right and left on Costello, who, slipping, fell heavily and Greggains fell over him.

In round twenty-nine Costello started blood from Greggains' nose again, and the round ended with honors in Costello's favor. In the next four rounds there was little punishment.

At the end of the thirty-seventh it was still anybody's fight. The next three rounds were tame but in round forty Costello forced the fighting and hammered Greggains' nose till the blood covered his face. The round ended by Greggains scoring the first clear knockdown of the fight. There was some hard fighting in the next five rounds but honors were even and both men appeared strong at the close of each.

From round forty-five to round fifty-one the fight was exceedingly weary to the spectators, who, at intervals, called for more fighting. In round fifty-one, spurred by the yells of the crowd, the men came together for a few exchanges, and Costello went down but Greggains did not follow up his advantage. The round ended with both sparring. It was rumored here that Costello had broken his right hand and could not force the fighting. The two following rounds were tame.

Doing Very Little.

The fighters did a little work in rounds fifty-four to sixty-nine, but it was tame sport at best, and the crowd began to thin out. Once, however, Greggains in a mixup showed his ability, and there was every indication that the round would be a windup, but the bell rang and the men separated at the opportune moment.

There was no life in the fight from this on. Blows were occasionally exchanged, but they lacked vim. Time was devoted largely to walking about the ring in a very uninteresting manner. The spectators continued to leave until nearly one-third of them had gone out. At the end of the seventy-fifth round it was announced that if the fight was not over by the eightieth round it would be declared a draw.

The eightieth round ended without incident. The fight was declared a draw.

NORTH DAKOTA'S ELECTION.

Complications Which Have Arisen Since the Vote Was Cast.

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 28.—Official returns have been received at the office of secretary of state from all counties in the state, except Billings, Botineau, Emmons, McIntosh, Pierce and Taylor. The figures on the counties heard from give the Weaver electors 259 majority. Private advices from the counties not yet officially reported show the Harrison electors to have a majority of fifteen. Emmons and Boutineau counties have both been held back on account of contests. In Botineau county Michaels is contesting Haverold's seat to the legislature, owing to the fact that 129 Indians voted. These contests will figure materially in determining the complexion of the electoral vote of this state. If the Emmons county board is sustained, and it is decided that the Indians had a right to vote, the electoral vote of the state will go for Harrison. Otherwise it will go for Weaver.

The announcement that the courts would be called upon to determine the right of a woman to hold the office of superintendent of public instruction has created considerable excitement. With the selection, sale and leasing of something more than 1,000,000 acres of land, the office of superintendent of public instruction is the busiest and most heavily laden with work of any in the state. According to the terms of the constitution none of these can be sold for less than $10 per acre, thus involving the handling of more than $10,000,000. It is understood that the contest as to Mrs. Eisenhuth's eligibility is not brought to rob the lady of her just rights, but to place beyond any question, thus early in the history of the state, the validity of title to lands disposed of by this department. Mrs. Eisenhuth has engaged counsel and announced her intention to prosecute her claim.

UNTOLD WEALTH IN BEER

Propositions Looking to the Control of the World's Market.

AMERICAN BREWERS WHO ARE INTERESTED

Four of the Largest Concerns in the Country to Consolidate—The Rothschilds are Said to Be Back of the Scheme.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 28.—The consolidation of the four mammoth export breweries of the United States, the Anheuser-Busch and William J. Lemp of this city, and the Schlitz and Pabst, the latter with its four auxiliaries, with a capital stock of $40,000,000, and bonds to the amount of about $200,000,000, to supply the world with beer is the gigantic enterprise which is being fathered by the Rothschilds of England, and the consummation of which is among the possibilities. That it will be ultimately accomplished, Mr. Adolphus Busch, president of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing company, states there is reason to believe, and when seen by a reporter last night the millionaire brewer seemed enthused over the proposition. The fact that the Rothschilds are at the bottom of it makes possible the carrying out of such a mammoth scheme, but it does not mean that is to be an English enterprise. In the words of Mr. Busch it is to be an institution of the world, and interests in it are to be held wherever the bonds can be placed.

Will Control the World's Trade.

With the four breweries mentioned consolidated in one enormous interest the world's market will be controlled from America even more effectually than it is at present. The combined output will be something enormous, as the scheme involves an increase of the capacity of each brewery concerned, and it is claimed that the combined interests of the world outside of the new enterprise will not reach the latter's capacity. For several months past rumors have been rife of a tremendous brewery deal. None, however, have even hinted at the true state of affairs, and, although a representative of the Rothschilds has visited the offices of each of the breweries involved in the proposed scheme and has returned again to Europe, the matter has been kept profoundly secret until now. It is impossible now to give the details of the scheme which were negotiated by M. de Fries of London, representing the Rothschilds.

Regarding the negotiations, Mr. Busch says: "When I was in Europe last summer I had conferences in London at which M. de Fries urged upon me the value of such an enterprise and went into details concerning it. He pressed me for an answer, but the time is not yet ripe. In fact, the matter has hardly progressed beyond the stage of a proposition. That has been made, and is now awaiting definite action on the part of the American interests. Now, I don't say that the scheme is an assured fact. It is merely a proposition. I have not seen and talked to any of the people interested in the matter on this side and will say that it has not yet reached any definite stage."

Do an Export Trade Exclusively.

As stated, the breweries involved are engaged in filling the export trade almost exclusively, and are the four principal export breweries of the country and, indeed, of the world. It will be seen, therefore, that the breweries which manufacture for home consumption are not involved. This accordingly excludes the English syndicate breweries of St. Louis, as well as all the local independent breweries, with the exception of the William J. Lemp, they manufacturing, according to Mr. Busch, for home consumption only. The combined output of the four concerns mentioned is now nearly 4,000,000 barrels annually.

Say it is a Falsehood.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 28.—The brewers of Milwaukee indignantly deny the statements coming from St. Louis regarding the consolidation of breweries. They characterize the whole affair as an advertisement, sent out for a certain St. Louis brewing company, tending to show that this brewing company manufactures more beer than any other in the United States. To substantiate this statement the brewers refer to the attempt to lay great stress on the comparative output of the three large breweries, which would have but little to do with a bona fide statement. In a report from St. Louis the capacity of the Pabst company is placed at 1,000,000 barrels of beer annually, when in reality the capacity is 2,000,000 barrels, without the addition of the Falk-Jung and Borchert plant, which was burned down and not rebuilt. The actual output of the Pabst brewery from December 1, 1891, to November 28, 1892, was 1,070,000 barrels. During the year 1791 the Anheuser-Busch company turned out 602,000 barrels and the Schlitz company 551,000 barrels. Captain Pabst said that the St. Louis report was a silly attempt to advertise a brewery.

SOUTH DAKOTA'S HARVEST.

Railroad Companies Find it Difficult to Move the Crop.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 28.—A special to the Pioneer Press from Huron, S. D., says: Chairman Rice of the state railway commission went to the southern part of the state today to secure, if possible, a break in the wheat blockade.

He estimates that over 1,000,000 bushels of wheat are stored in warehouses and elevators on various lines of railroads in South Dakota. The commission is deluged with complaints of insufficiency of cars to give relief. The Chicago & Northwestern added ten locomotives to the Dakota Central division in the past week, and is doing its utmost to relieve the overburdened elevators and warehouses. Over 200 carloads have been sent from this immediate vicinity the past twenty-four hours. On this division alone over 1,000,000 bushels of wheat were shipped to eastern markets last month. The present blockade is worse than that experienced last November, and it is likely to continue until the middle of February. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul line has added largely to its rolling stock, but it is unable to meet the demands of shippers at many points on that line. Buyers have given notice to farmers not to haul grain to market, as it could not be received.

TWO WERE KILLED.

Fatal Accident on a Steamer at Duluth, Minnesota.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 28.—At 8:20 o'clock this morning as the well-known steamer Hiram Dixon was lying at her dock at the foot of Sixth avenue west, the main steampipe burst with a terific report, instantly killing two people and slightly injuring a number of other. The dead are:

WILY BROOKS, an 18 year old boy.
WILLIAM MCNULTY, the fireman, both of this city.

The damage to the boat is but light.

Almost Ready for Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 28.—The new coast defense vessel Monterey will go into commission January 10, though it is not probable she will be ready for sea until three weeks thereafter. The vessel is completed, with the exception of plates for the revolving turrets, which are expected from Homestead, Pa., about January 1. Captain Louis Kempf will command the Monterey.

After a cruise up the coast it is understood the vessel will proceed to New York to take part in the naval review on April 1, 1893.

California's Great Storm.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 28.—The rain storm, accompanied by a high wind, which prevailed for the past two days, ceased early this morning and the sun came out brightly, with an accompanying temperature of 70 degrees.

The rainfall ranged from one and one-half to two and a half inches for the forty-eight hours. Apart from the temporary stoppage of telegraphic service in the mountains and the damage in the bay reported last night, no damage occurred. This is the first general rain of the season and will permit early plowing and seeding.

SPARKS OF SPORT.

Frederick Really Wants to Shoot.

OMAHA, Nov. 28.—To the Sporting Editor of THE BEE: As Mr. Petty failed to respond to the challenge I issued through the columns of THE BEE for a rifle match for $100 a side with me, for last Sunday, I have thought that perhaps I was a trifle too previous as to the time. If that is the case I now extend the offer. I will shoot him for said money one week from next Sunday, December 11, at any place he may designate.

Mr. Petty and myself have both many friends who would like to be present at a shoot between us, and for that reason I extend the time two weeks in order that they may all be aprised of the match. In conclusion I will add that I will not shoot Mr. Petty on an hour's notice over the telephone. Now, Spoonbill, where art thou?

FRED A. FULLER.

Opening of the Winter Contests.

The Omaha Athletic club will inaugurate its series of boxing contests on Saturday evening next in an exhibition between Billy Lewis, the Australian middleweight, and Aaron Sherroy, the clever local pug. For this event the club hangs up a purse of $300, $250 to the winner and $50 to the loser. The contest is to be with big gloves to a conclusion, and the management feels assured that it has secured a good attraction for the opening. As this will be the first contest of a series to be given this winter, it is to be hoped a good house will assemble to see the sport, for on the success of this depends greatly the superior attractiveness of the exhibitions to come. Both Lewis and Sherrov are actively training, and as both are confident of their superior prowess, a rattling go is a sure go.

Tommy Says It Isn't Enough.

Tommy Ryan, whom the Olympic club of New Orleans wants to meet Tom Williams, the Australian welter who conquered George Dawson, for a $3,000 purse, has very properly informed the club that $3,000 is about half the size of the purse he wants. If Jack Skelly and George Dixon were worth $7,500, and Jack McAuliffe and Farmer Billy Meyer $10,000, Tommy considers that he and Williams are worth $6,000, and he is eminently correct. It would be hard to match two men more equally than the champion Chicagoan and the Antepodean.

Dick Wants Another Go.

Dick Moore, recently defeated in fifteen rounds by Henry Baker at Chicago, will arrive in Omaha Wednesday. Dick was much crestfallen over his downfall at the hands of the big Dutchman, and while here will challenge Baker to a finish, with the view of having the event come off before the Omaha club.

NEWS FOR THE ARMY.

Complete List of Changes in the Regular Service.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Leave of absence for seven days is granted First Lieutenant John L. Barber, Seventh infantry, recruiting office. Cadet Jose Andrus Urtecho, second class, United States military academy, is granted leave of absence from 1 p. m. December 31 until 9 o'clock January 7, 1893. Leave of absence for two months, with permission to apply for an extension of two months, to take effect when his services can be spared, is granted Second Lieutenant George T. Langhorn, Third cavalry. By direction of the secretary of war Second Lieutenant Michael J. Lenihan, Twentieth infantry, will be relieved from temporary duty at David's island, New York harbor, by the superintendent of the recruiting service and will then repair to this city and revert to the status of leave of absence. Leave of absence for four months on surgeon's certificate of disability, with permission to leave the Department of the Platte, is granted Post Chaplain William Scott. William H. Hardner, surgeon, is relieved from duty at Angel Island, Cal., and will report in person to the commanding officer at Fort Keogh, Mont., for duty at that post.

Dr. Scott in a Precarious Condition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28.—Dr. Scott, the president's father-in-law, is in a precarious condition tonight, and it is very doubtful if he lives until morning. A turn for the worse took place yesterday and the fever disappeared, and since then there has been a gradual, but steady decline, until now the vitality of the patient is low. The extreme exhaustion which he is suffering, owing to his age, it is believed, will result fatally.

Our Relations with Salvador.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28.—The transitory commercial arrangement between the United States and the Republic of Salvador, which went into effect December 21, 1891, has been superceded by a definitive arrangement. It is believed at the Department of State that the arrangement will tend to greatly promote trade between the two countries.

Appropriations Committee Meets.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28.—The house appropriations committee began work today and hopes to have the District of Columbia's appropriation bill ready for report to the house soon after it assembles. The attendance today was very full. There was no discussion of the general policy to be pursued by the committee at this session.

Preparing His Message to Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28.—The president was busy today in the preparation of his message to congress and denied himself to callers.

For the Winter Campaign.

The literary exercises of the Creighton Debating society will be resumed on Wednesday, when the question will be debated "Resolved, That taxes should be levied on income, not on capital." An introductory address by Francis Furay, chairman, will be followed by the discussion, the affirmative being taken by John Danihy and Patrick McKillip and the negative by Martin Murray and William Barry. A declamation and songs will be interspersed.

NEWS OF YESTERDAY.

Domestic.

Bills & Koch of Toledo, O., lumber dealers, have failed. Liabilities $130,000, assets $150,000.

James Stave and William Blankenship of Anniston, Ala., have been arrested for counterfeiting.

Colonel E. E. Ritter of Indianapolis, Ind., has brought a suit for libel against Leonard Hinkle of the same city for $10,000.

William Crowley, his wife and child of Liberty, Ind., have been made ill by drinking from a well which had been poisoned.

Hugh Ross and ex-Burgess McLuckie of Homestead, Pa., wanted on the charges of murder and treason, have surrendered to the authorities.

The suit brought against the Kentucky Union Railway company by its second mortgage bondholders has been decided in favor of the company.

Cecilio Solinas, one of Garza's lieutenants, has been arrested at San Antonio, Tex., and will probably be turned over to the Mexican authorities, who want him on the charge of murder.

While hunting yesterday on the beach at Brookwater, President-elect Cleveland met with a slight accident. His thumb was badly bruised by getting caught by the hammer of his gun when it fell.

If the Louisville-Chicago passenger rate war keeps up the public will soon be able to go to Chicago for nothing. The Mackey lines have announced a rate of $15 via Princeton, Ky., being $2 less than the rate via other lines.

The supreme court of Mexico has decided that the crime of Montgomery H. Lewis, the embezzler, who was formerly employed by the Lombard Investment company of Kansas City, is extraditable, and he will be turned over to the United States authorities.

Eighty machinists employed in the gunshop at the Watervliet arsenal in West Troy, N. Y., have struck. The men say the authorities at the arsenal insist that one man shall attend two lathes. The shop is running, but only a small force is at work, eighty men going out.

The opposition to the Hatch-Washburne anti-option bill is apparently being forced daily in the south. The secretary of the Savannah Cotton exchange has sent a memorial to United States Senators Gordon and Colquitt requesting them to work for the defeat of the measure.

Three children of a farmer named Landis, living twenty miles from Guthrie, went berry hunting Sunday. They ate all the berries they found regardless of their wholesomeness. Some of them were undoubtedly poisonous, for two of the children died and the third is still in a dangerous condition.

AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

H. M. Cornell's Trial for Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses.

HIS FEMALE ACCOMPLCE IN DURANCE

What the Examination of Witnesses Disclosed—The Meeting of the City Council Devoid of Sensational Features—Notes of Magic City Life.

In the case of H. M. Cornell, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, Judge Fowler, after hearing the testimony, bound the prisoner over in the sum of $1,200 and he went to jail. Before the close of the hearing Chief Beckett walked into police court with Mrs. Gusta Elwood on his arm. The testimony tended to show that Mrs. Elwood was the real culprit in the case, and that Cornell was her tool, carrying out her bidding for a reward of $1,000, which was promised him for the work of disposing of the cattle.

George Burke testified to the receipt of the cattle and the payment to Cornell, or Patrick Mulcahy, as he called himself, two checks, one for $300 and one for $200.

J. H. Hastings, teller of the South Omaha National bank, identified the checks as those he had cashed, but could not identify the man who presented them for payment.

A. Greenameyer of Council Bluffs testified that he sold the cattle, 662 head, to Mrs. Elwood, acting as agent for Thomas Gates of Lime Springs, Ia., and that the purchaser gave a note and mortgage for $10,964.

Thomas Gates swore that he did not give Mrs. Elwood permission to sell the cattle, except on condition that she made the transfer through the bank, where he would send the papers.

Colonel E. P. Savage was sworn and testified to a conversation had with Cornell in which the latter admitted that he was to dispose of the cattle in the name of Patrick Mulcahy, for which service he was to receive $1,000.

The evidence was rather damaging to Mrs. Elwood, and, as stated above, the lady was taken into custody. In default of $1,000 bonds she went to jail and next Friday at 1 o'clock was set for the hearing. There is where the promised sensation will come in. The testimony elicited in Mrs. Elwood's hearing will necessarily implicate other parties and open up an unsavory mess of crooked cattle deals running through a series of years.

CITY COUNCIL.

Last Evening's Meeting of Purely a Routine Character.

The city council met last evening with all the members present, Mayor Walters in the chair. There was present also a good share of the population of the city, expecting something interesting might happen, but they were disappointed, the session proving to be very tame and more brief than common.

The application of John Swanson for a transfer of saloon license from Germania hall to Twenty-fourth street, between N and O, was granted.

Ordinance No. 445, repealing ordinance 430, providing for grading bonds in districts seventeen and eighteen, was favorably reported.

Ordinances 438 and 444, relating to water hydrants, were passed to the third reading.

A communication from the water works company was read, informing the council that hydrants are set and ready for use at Thirtieth and S, Thirtieth and Shelby, Thirtieth and Brennan and Thirtieth and Hoffman streets.

Mr. Hansen made application for appointment to the police force. Referred.

A bill of $1,000 from Cowin & McHugh for services rendered in the Twenty-fourth street paving litigation was presented and referred to the finance committee.

Bids for moving jail cells to the new quarters in the Pivonka block were opened, as follows: Dan Egan, $100; Frank Maurmier, $100 and $75 extra for iron grates and windows; Schamblin & Scott, $150 for cells, grates, windows, etc. Referred to committee on public buildings.

Treasurer Hector reported $746 interest due on grading bonds in district No. 6 and no money to pay the same with. The finance committee was authorized to negotiate a loan to meet the accrued interest.

Councilman Wyman offered a resolution that on and after December 1, 1892, the clerk be not allowed $40 per month for an assistant, and the same was adopted.

Councilman Bruce followed it up with a motion that on and after December 1 the treasurer be allowed but $50 per month for a deputy, instead of $60, as heretofore. Carried.

It was moved by Wyman that the city engineer be authorized to expend $200 in the cleaning up of Railroad avenue, beginning at A street and working north while the money lasts. The same was ordered.

Councilman Woods recommended that sidewalks be laid as follows: On the east side of Twenty-second street from M to N; west side of Twenty-third from K to L; east side of Twenty-third from M to N; south side of L street from Twenty-fourth to Twenty-seventh; east side of Thirty-third from K to L; west side of Thirty-third from J to K.

Bruce wanted the ordinance enforced forbidding the spreading of hair on the field west of Cudahy's.

Wyman reported the new city offices about ready for occupancy and asked that $100 be appropriated for buying or building tables and counters for offices not properly provided for in that regard. The committee on public buildings was authorized to carry out the plan.

An executive session was called and adjourned.

Censured the Railroad Company.

Coroner Maul held an inquest on the body of George Guthrie yesterday. J. A. May was the first witness called and testified that he was conductor of Missouri Pacific train No 8, which struck and killed Guthrie last Saturday. He heard the engineer whistle for the crossing and a moment later heard the whistle repeated and the air brakes put on suddenly. Ran back, saw the man was dead or nearly so, saw a policeman and told him to telephone for the coroner. The train was on time and was running at from twenty-two to twenty-five miles an hour, the usual rate at that point. Did all he could and pulled out with his train twenty minutes late. Always stop at South Omaha and registers. Had no instructions as to how fast trains are allowed to run through South Omaha and did not even know where the limits are.

F. Cavanaugh, engineer of train No. 8, testified that there was another man and team on the east side of the track; that the man was muffled up and did not turn his head when the whistle blew. "He was the man I was afraid would undertake to cross, but had no fears for the man who actually did undertake it. Threw on brakes hard, but the distance was too short. Run about two train lengths after we struck the wagon. We were running about twenty-five miles an hour, our usual rate; have no instructions as to speed allowed by state laws or city ordinances."

Several other witnesses were examined, all corroborative of the above.

The jury called for the ordinance regulating speed of trains, and the same was produced. Ten miles per hour was the rate of speed named.

The jury then returned a verdict as follows:

"The said George Guthrie came to his death by being struck by a Missouri Pacific train, and the jury censure the said railroad company for causing their employes to run trains at a rate of twenty miles an hour when the city ordinance provides that trains shall not run to exceed ten miles an hour in the city limits. Signed, C. D. Layton, foreman; D. S. Curtis, O. E. Walker, L. Carpenter, W. S. Anderson, C. E. Foote."

Magic City Notes.

Ex-Mayor Sloane is at Colfax, Ia., doctoring a bad case of rheumatism.

A drunken man raised a disturbance on a South Omaha motor train last evening, and was turned over to the police by the conductor.

Sam King, a carpenter, fell from a building yesterday evening at Twenty-first and I streets. His ankle was dislocated and he was otherwise hurt, but not seriously.

A. R. Widemer filed a complaint last evening and procured a warrant for the arrest of some shanty dwellers on the Belt line in the northwestern part of the city, charging them with stealing snow fence lumber from the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley road.

R. C. Young, residing at Twenty-sixth and E streets, was thrown from a buggy yesterday and received severe, though not serious injuries. Mr. Young is timekeeper at Swift's, and started to drive home to dinner when his horse, frightened by a passing train, upset the buggy.

IT COST HIM HIS LIFE.

Martis Kluckner Drives His Team Into a Ditch and is Killed.

Yesterday afternoon about 6 o'clock, Martis Kluckner, a driver of one of W. L. Irish's coal wagons met with an accident which resulted in his death. Kluckner was delivering a load of coal near Twenty-seventh and Manderson streets and accidently drove his team into a ditch. He was thrown to the ground and had his head and shoulders hurt besides breaking several ribs.

The injured man was taken into a residence near by and a physician sent for.

Just after the wounds had been dressed and a moment after the young man's parents, who live at Twenty-seventh and Blondo streets, arrived, he died.

Arrested a Suspicious Character.

Joseph Gusok, a resident of the east bottoms, was locked up at police headquarters last night, charged with insanity. Gusok had smashed all of the windows and most of the furniture in his shanty before the police arrived.

Last night Officer Rouzer arrested George Anderson, a big stout looking young man. For a week past the prisoner has been hanging around low class saloons in the burnt district and did not seem to have any visible means of support. He was charged with vagrancy.

Captured a Young Tramp.

Little 12-year-old Charley Hendricks, who ran away from his home at Creston, Ia., a day or so ago and started west, was captured at the depot last night and will be sent home today. The youngster beat his way here on a stock train.

A colored boy named Ed Green, who was recently released from the reform school, was taken in by the police last night for stealing some clothing.

Injured by a Motor.

George Backus, who lives on Twenty-sixth avenue near Nicholas street, was knocked down by a motor car at the corner of Twenty-fourth and Cuming streets about 9 o'clock last evening and had his hands and face slightly bruised. Backus was trying to jump onto a moving car at the time.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

There will not be a meeting of the Board of Health until next Monday afternoon.

The Current Topics club has decided to postpone its meetings until after the holidays.

Coroner Maul will hold an inquest on the remains of Patrick Cronin at 10 o'clock this morning.

The residence of John Avondet, 1315 California street, was burglarized Sunday night and $50 worth of clothing stolen.

Judge Scott returned to Papillion yesterday morning, where he will finish up the business of the October term of the Sarpy county court.

The funeral of Robert Mason took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, under the auspices of the Old Settlers association from Maul's undertaking rooms to Forest Lawn cemetery.

The Mills meeting choir rehearsal, with Mr. Hills, at Kountze Memorial church, will be at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening instead of in the afternoon, as has been announced.

The next meeting of the military order of the Loyal Legion will be held at the Mercer on the evening of December 7 and a banquet of that organization will be given at the same place about the 23th of the month.

While Louis Pixley, the commission man, was driving along West Leavenworth street a few nights ago, one wheel of his buggy sank in one of the many excavations on that thoroughfare. Mr. Pixley is now nursing a number of severe contusions and blaming the authorities for not having red lights at the hole into which he fell.

The entertainment at the Young Men's Christian association hall this evening in aid of the Old Ladies home should be most enjoyable. All the people engaged in it are first class in their several spheres. Hans Albert, Winfield Blake, the brilliant bass, Miss Pennock, Thomas J. Kelly, pianist, Mr. Philip Ray, a reader of some note who will recite "The Uncle" and Will Carleton's "Death Room."

In response to a request from Frances Willard, president of the World's Woman's Temperance union, the Omaha union of temperance workers held a very interesting memorial service last week as a special token of regard for the poet Whittier, and appropriate papers were read by Mrs. E. N. Covell and Mrs. Mary Garard Andrews. The meeting was especially interesting and the papers were very much enjoyed by those present. The deceased poet was a life-long friend of the temperance work and he and Miss Willard were warm personal friends.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

J. K. Ives of Creté is at the Millard.

E. Bignell of Lincoln is at the Paxton.

S. H. Beebe of Misner is at the Paxton.

A. S. McKillup of Tobias is at the Millard.

G. E. Haskell of Fremont is at the Mercer.

W. M. Wright of Wayne is at the Dellone.

V. C. Ken of Craig is a guest at the Arcade.

L. R. Cobb of Pender is a guest at the Dellone.

M. F. King of Lincoln is a guest at the Mercer.

B. B. Davis of McCook is registered at the Murray.

J. G. Tate of Hastings is a guest at the Millard.

A. E. Magee of Friend was at the Mercer yesterday.

J. B. Sheldon of Chadron is registered at the Arcade.

F. E. Burnham of Madison is registered at the Mercer.

F. H. Gilchrist of Kearney is a guest at the Paxton.

S. H. Overbin of Norfolk is registered at the Millard.

J. V. Chandler of Lincoln was at the Murray yesterday.

P. R. Bender of Humphrey is registered at the Paxton.

H. R. Spencer of Beatrice is a guest at the Brunswick.

F. J. Benedict of Hastings is among the guests at the Mercer.

W. A. Cotton of Nebraska City is registered at the Dellone.

Watson Pickrell of Beatrice is among the guests at the Murray.

C. P. R. Williams of Grand Island was at the Paxton yesterday.

Frank P. Ireland of Nebraska City was in the city today on business in the federal court.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Watson of Nebraska City, are among the guests at the Dellone.

Billy Pinkerton, of detective fame, was in the city yesterday. He went back to Chicago last night.

Judge Osborne of Blair is in the city transacting legal business before the members of the district courts.

John C. Sprecher, editor of the Schuyler Quill and an ardent supporter of W. A.