THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12, 1892. NUMBER 146.

POPULISTS WIN IN KANSAS

But Little Will Be Left for the Republicans in That State.

WEAVER'S CLAIM TO THE STATE ADMITTED

Only Two Congressmen Elected by the Republicans—A Little Doubt About the Legislature—Already Figuring on Senator Perkins' Successor.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 11.—The republicans of Kansas are bound to see if they have really saved anything from Tuesday's wreck. One candidate after another, who they thought had survived the general disaster, is found to have gone under, until now, their only consolation is in the election of two congressmen. Today the unofficial returns show that Congressman Funston has been defeated for re-election in the Second district, and that the fusionists have secured a majority of nine on joint ballot in the legislature. The official count was begun all over the state today, but it will not be completed until Monday or Tuesday of next week. The exact complexion of the legislature cannot be known until that time. The count in the Second district, where A. L. Moore, fusion democrat, has, on the face of the unofficial returns, defeated Congressman Funston, has already developed a loss of eighty-nine for Mr. Funston, and the populists expect to uncover further mistakes, which will give Mr. Moore the election by a majority of about 200. Mr. Moore alleges gross election frauds, including illegal registration and voting by the republicans of Kansas City, Kan., in the interest of Funston, and if the latter should be declared to be elected he will contest the seat in the house of representatives.

A populist majority in the legislature, of course, means the retirement of Hon. Bishop W. Perkins from the United States senate, to which he was appointed by Governor Humphrey to serve in the place of the late Senator Plumb until the legislature should choose his successor. The successor to Mr. Plum will be elected at this winter's meeting of the legislature. A populist majority will doubtless have to choose between Jerry Simpson and Judge John Martin. The latter is an old time democrat of Topeka. He was the chief mover in influencing the democrats to fuse with the people's party, and is, for that reason, favorably regarded by many third party men. His chances for election to the senate appear to be good.

Jerry Simpson is generally regarded by the third party people to have secured honor enough in his re-election to the house, and his aspirations to sit in the senate will probably be squelched.

DEPEW EXPLAINS.

He Pays a Little Attention to Remarks Made by Tom Platt.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Chauncey M. Depew was asked this morning what he thought of a statement made last night by ex-Senator Thomas Platt, attributing the defeat of the republican party in New York county to him (Depew). He said: "Brother Platt objected to me taking an active managing part in the campaign. He said: 'Brother Depew, you are a good orator and are good enough to make speeches for the party, but you must not do anything.' Brother Platt thinks I am an amateur when it comes to politics. On the other hand, he believes, and so do I, that he himself is an expert and an experienced politician. It was, therefore, agreed that Brother Platt should manage the campaign. He was allotted the task of running the machine and I was put off at speech-making.

"Now, Brother Platt is a shrewd and competent engineer, and ran the machine as well as it could be run. He did all the work in the city and state, and did it better, perhaps, than any one else could have done it. But then, as he was managing and conducting the machine, I don't think he can lay the blame for the collision upon me. We just ran into a land-slide—but it was plain and simple—Brother Platt was at the throttle, and wide awake, too, but he could not avoid the accident. The engine simply plunged into the obstruction and we all know the result.

"Early in the fight Brother Platt insisted upon my confining myself to orations instead of engaging actively in the machinery department. He preferred to do this himself, as he had had more experience, so I went forth as a speaker. Between us we evolved the end.

"The result could not be attributed to any one person or party of persons. New York alone did not affect the result. It was the whole country. The people wanted a change of policy more than of candidates and they will have it. They want to try free trade, because they think they will get clothing cheaper. They will have every opportunity to try it I hope.

"The Homestead strike also affected the voting. It came on right in the beginning of the campaign and operated against President Harrison. There has been a great deal of talk about Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Frick. Now, we charge Mr. Frick with having voted the democratic ticket. I declare that he did not contribute to the campaign fund, nor did Mr. Carnegie."

WHAT THE DEMOCRATS WILL DO.

In a Speech at Louisville Henry Watterson Outlines the Party's Course.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 11.—The democrats had a monster demonstration here tonight, the governor of the state and half the legislature coming from Frankfort to take part in it. Fully 10,000 men, representing the democratic clubs of Louisville, New Albany and Jeffersonville, took part in the parade. The city was brilliantly illuminated. Fully 25,000 people gathered in court house square. The principal speech was made by Mr. Watterson. Regarding the action of the new congress on the tariff, the speaker said: "We mean to do what the republicans promised to do—reduce the tariff to a peace footing. We mean to proceed with this work like statesmen, not like mountebanks and revolutionists. The democratic party represents at this time not merely the numbers, but the brain and conscience of the people; and is mindful of the responsibilities. It will address itself to the revision and reductions of the tariff upon lines so enlightened and conservative as will conduct us from the high protection scale to the low revenue scale by a process so gradual and just as to make the transition a pleasure to everybody except the unpatriotic and rapacious, who have grown rich on special privileges corruptly obtained."

ELECTION BETS PAID.

Hastings Republicans Surrender Their Campaign Uniforms to the Democrats.

HASTINGS, Neb., Nov. 11.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A very unique "jollification" over the election of Cleveland amused the citizens of Hastings for a few hours this evening. A few days before the election the Hastings republican and democratic umbrella campaign clubs bet uniforms to the number of fifty on the general result, the losers to march with the winners in a parade. The republican boys lost, and according to agreement assembled at their club rooms and marched down to Liberal hall, where the democrats were assembled. Then both clubs joined in a procession, the democrats jeering the republicans who lost, as they frequently marched between the umbrella bearers, who were in open order, finally halting in front of "Tammany hall," when the republicans regretfully delivered over caps, capes and flambeau. After giving a war dance around the pile John C. Stevens, the defeated democratic candidate for county attorney, on behalf of the democrats, gave the republican club back the uniforms and adjourned to watch the big bonfire on Denver avenue.

BEATRICE, Neb., Nov. 11.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The democrats held a grand ratification and jollification meeting here tonight. It consisted of a big torchlight procession, bonfires and the boom of cannon, and was a creditable success.

BRIGHTER IN OHIO.

Republican Prospects in the Buckeye State Look Much Better.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 11.—Both sides claim the election. The republican committee, on returns from seventy-one counties and reliable semi-official reports from the remainder of the state, claims the state ticket by over 1,100 and that the lowest elector has a plurality of 950. The democrats claim a plurality of 1,000 for the Cleveland electors, but give no details by counties. It seems certain that the electoral ticket will be divided.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 11.—At midnight the republican committee completed its table, with all the counties heard from with the exception of four, and these are estimated. Some corrections were received at a late hour from Hamilton and Cuyahoga counties which will raise the reported plurality of Taylor, republican for secretary of state, to 786, and the table shows the Harrison electors to have been elected by 787 plurality. The committee, however, concedes the probable election of Seward, the elector who heads the Cleveland list, owing to the bungling on the part of voters who placed the mark opposite the name of the first elector, and the others were not counted. The democratic committee claim the election of Seward, Curtain, and possibly the whole number.

ELECTED WHILE IN JAIL.

While Imprisoned for Contempt of Court a Judge is Sent to the Legislature.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Nov. 11.—Of all the happy democrats in the land, perhaps none were more pleased at the result of the election than the three Cass county, Missouri, judges confined in the county jail here for contempt of the United States court in refusing to issue a special tax levy to pay a judgment procured against the county by innocent holders of the bonds voted to aid a railway in 1865, which was never built.

Judge Lane, one of the imprisoned judges, was elected to the state legislature by the largest majority ever given a candidate in the county, and the judges regard the fact as an endorsement of their course in the bond case.

The term of Mr. Lane as county judge will expire January 1, and at the same time his term of imprisonment must also expire. He has a fine of $500 hanging over him, however, and if he does not pay it he will be obliged to serve it out in jail. If he be not liberated by January 1, there will be the singular situation of a member of the legislature serving his constituents while in jail.

JAMES E. ISN'T ON THE LIST.

Who of the Faithful Will Be Rewarded—"Judge" Gannon May Succeed Egan.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The Herald says this morning: Will Carter will not succeed himself as commissioner of the land office, it is said. He has carried Montana for the republicans, and he will leave for home as soon as possible in order to make a fight for United States senator. It is thought there will be a number of new officers in the cabinet. Everybody gives Mr. Whitney anything he wants. It is said, however, that Mr. Whitney does not want anything.

Messrs. Harrity and Dickinson are both mentioned for the postmaster generalship. Governor Gray of Indiana is given a portfolio. Governor Francis is made secretary of the interior, and ex-Governor Campbell of Ohio, Governor Boies of Iowa and General Lawton of Georgia are all provided for by gossip.

It is reasonable to suppose that Judge Gannon of Nebraska, Egan's successor as president of the Irish National league, will succeed him as minister to Chili.

Ed Murphy Wants Hiscock's Seat.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Edward Murphy, jr., of Troy, chairman of the democratic state central committee, is candidate for United States senator to succeed Frank Hiscock. The announcement was made last night by Murphy's most intimate friends.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Senator David B. Hill's paper, the Albany Times-Union is out with a double-loaded editorial today favoring the election of Edward Murphy, jr., to the United States senate. It says of Mr. Murphy: "He is a man of collegiate education, refined and agreeable in manners, exemplary in private life, thoroughly acquainted with the commercial, manufacturing and agricultural interests of every part of the state; well versed in political history; sagacious in council, broadly patriotic, a lover of his whole country; free from sectionalism and worthy in every way to represent the state of New York in the United States senate. The legislature cannot propose a better man for the senate than Edward Murphy, jr., of Troy, and none that would give greater satisfaction to the whole democratic party of the state."

At Work on His Message.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 11.—The president has begun the preparation of his annual message to congress on the state of the country. The three weeks left to him for its consideration will undoubtedly prove more than enough time for the purpose. It is extremely improbable that he will devote much space to the questions which have made up the policy of the present administration. The message will therefore be shorter and less significant than usual, and will probably contain nothing beyond a review of the work of the administration during the past year, and a brief recitation of the president's well known views on the political issues of the day.

Taubeneck Talks.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 11.—Chairman Taubeneck of the national populist campaign committee was interviewed today on the result of the election. Among other things, he said the people's party will reorganize immediately and prepare for the next contest. "We are right and will not turn our backs on the principles that we have advocated on money, land and transportation, before which the tariff question sinks into insignificance. The land and transportation planks will not receive the prominence they have in the past; at least we shall center our entire fight on the money question."

Speaker Crisp Says Something.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 11.—Speaker Crisp in an interview today said: "Cleveland's election means that the people want a reduction of taxation. If we have the senate the democratic party will enact such a tariff law as will raise an ample fund for the economical administration of the government and at the same time open to the people all necessaries of life."

Idaho's Delegation Republican.

BOISE, Idaho, Nov. 11.—Less than half the state has been heard from so far. Indications are that the majority of the Weaver electors may reach 3,000. Out of 270 precincts 117 give McConnell, republican, for governor, 5,579; Burke, democrat, 4,856; Crook, populist, 3,295. Sweet, republican for congress, has a plurality of 3,000.

Missouri Maintains Its Status Quo Ante.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 11.—From returns received the democrats will have a majority on joint ballot in the legislature of 64. From this it is safe to say F. M. Cockrell will be re-elected United States senator without opposition.

Still Counting in New Mexico.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 11.—New Mexico is still in doubt. The democrats claim it by at least 500; the republicans do not concede it. Returns are coming in slowly.

Tin Plate Manufacture Will Go On.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 11.—At Atlanta ground was broken yesterday for the largest tin plate factory in the United States. Mr. Enoch Stanford, president of the Indiana Tin Plate Manufacturing company, which will erect the plant, is not frightened at the democratic victory of last Tuesday.

The Indiana Tin Plate Manufacturing company is incorporated under the laws of Indiana and is capitalized at $2,000,000. The editor of the Atlanta Herald is in receipt of a letter from Colonel Conger, in which he says: "It matters not who is elected president of the United States. I do not think the tariff laws on tin plate will be repealed and the quicker new companies get into position for the manufacture of tin plate the more money they will be likely to make in the next ten years. We expect to double the capacity of our works at Elwood at the earliest date possible."

DISCUSSED BY THE CABINET.

Probable Course to Be Followed in Filling Existing Vacancies by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 11.—It is understood that the policy to be pursued by the administration in regard to the filling of existing vacancies in the civil service was the principal subject considered at today's meeting of the cabinet. It is generally conceded that the four judicial vacancies will be filled in a few weeks. The gossips, however, are all at sea in regard to the appointments in the State, Treasury, Postoffice and Interior departments now at the president's disposal. The prevailing impression, however, is that most of these offices will remain vacant until after March 4.

It was recalled today that, just before going out of office in 1889, Mr. Cleveland made some extensions of the classified service which put further limitations upon the patronage turned over to Mr. Harrison. For some months Mr. Harrison has been considering the question of also placing the bureau of engraving and printing and the government printing office within the classified service. It is said he has decided to do this, and that when the democrats come into power they will find the civil service rules extended to several new branches.

Already Making Demands.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 11.—The farmers alliance of Indiana, composing the bulk of the people's party, which cast in the neighborhood of 40,000 votes in this state last Tuesday, adopted a series of resolutions today embodying the demands upon the next legislature of this state. They demand such a revision of the tax law as will transfer to capitalists and corporations their just burden of taxation, the enactment of a law requiring all securities to be stamped by the assessors, and rendering them void otherwise; demanding the abolition of the free pass system on railways; the suppression of the liquor traffic and such legislation as will prevent the wholesale robbery of the state school fund by a system of false enumeration.

Resolutions were also adopted expressing renewed faith in the Farmers Alliance and Industrial Union and endorsing the St. Louis platform.

Texas Still Democratic.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 11.—Fuller returns from the state confirm the estimated election of Hogg by from 50,000 to 75,000 plurality. The next legislature, both house and senate, will be overwhelmingly democratic. The populists will have less than half a dozen senators out of thirty-one, and less than twenty out of a total of 128 in the house. There will be two or three republicans in the lower house, but none in the upper. While complete returns are not in, there is no longer any reasonable doubt that all the Texas democratic congressional candidates are elected.

Michigan is All Right.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 11.—It is now known beyond a doubt that Rich, republican, for governor, has been elected by a plurality of at least 13,000, and the remainder of the state ticket by about the same amount.

The only change in the congressional situation is the doubt thrown upon the claims of Weadock (dem.) to election in the Tenth district. Van Fleck's friends believe he has a small plurality. In the Fifth district Richardson, fusion, has a small plurality on the face of the returns, but it will need the official count to convince Belknap's friends that he is defeated.

Assistant Secretary Spaulding's Opinion.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 11.—Assistant Secretary Spaulding has returned to Washington from a brief visit to Michigan. He derives considerable satisfaction from the fact that the Wolverine state is still republican. When asked what he regarded as the cause of republican disaffection he replied:

"I attribute the heavy democratic vote to the fact that a majority of the people had an imaginary grievance of some kind or other against the republican party."

California Will Give Harrison a Majority.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 11.—Returns from 1,821 precincts in California, including 239 in San Francisco, give Harrison, 104,733; Cleveland, 101,633; Weaver, 20,583. Harrison's plurality of 3,139 is based on figures of four years ago in outside precincts. Harrison will carry the state by a small majority, unless Cleveland's majority in this city exceeds 7,000. Thirty-six precincts in San Francisco have not been counted.

Republican Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 11.—Almost complete returns from seventy-two out of eighty counties give Nelson, republican, for governor, 12,168 plurality. Latest reports make the legislature republican by a small majority. Republicans are sure of four congressmen, the democrats of two, while the seventh is in doubt between the republicans and populists. Electors are still undecided, though the republicans claim a clean sweep.

Republican Electors Chosen in Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 11.—Harrison electors have been elected by about 500 majority. Their names are John H. Barren, John C. Dyer, William K. Kilpatrick. Coffeen, democrat, is elected to congress by a small majority. Osborne, democrat, for governor has about 2,000 majority. The legislature is republican by one majority on joint ballot.

Democratic Discord in Texas.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 11.—There is a probability that the democratic family war in this state will be kept up and hostilities renewed two years hence. The executive committee of the Clark faction, at a meeting today, resolved to perpetuate their organization and the Hogg faction, being victorious, will, of course, be kept up.

Democratic Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 11.—Complete returns from eighty-eight counties show a democratic plurality of 7,952. The remaining five counties will probably increase this 500. The congressional delegation will consist of eleven democrats and two republicans.

Oregon Republicans Triumph

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 11.—Returns from twenty-six counties, eight of them complete, give Harrison 33,838; Cleveland, 11,196; Weaver, 23,488; Pierce, fusion for elector, 29,086. The five counties to hear from will not change the result materially.

Surely Republican.

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 11.—Returns today make the election of the republican state ticket, with the exception of secretary of state, sure. The legislature will be republican on joint ballot by at least twenty.

Overwhelmingly Republican.

HURON, S. D., Nov. 11.—From figures wholly reliable the republicans have elected fifty-three out of sixty-one representatives reported. Of thirty-four senators reported twenty-eight are republicans.

Everything Republican in Washington.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 11.—Harrison has carried the state by 4,000; the republicans elect both congressmen and have a majority of forty-eight on joint ballot in the legislature.

Cleveland's Small Plurality in Delaware.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 11.—The official count gives Cleveland 596 plurality; Causey, democrat, for congress 474.

ONLY ONE RESULT IN DOUBT

Nebraska's Election Outcome Known Except in Young Mr. Bryan's District.

OFFICIAL CANVASS TO DECIDE THERE

Harrison, Crounse, the Republican State Ticket, Mercer, Meiklejohn, Hainer, McKeighan and Kem Elected —The Legislature.

THE BEE has received complete returns from seventy-eight counties on president and from seventy-nine counties on governor. These counties give the following result on president:

Harrison	80,441
Cleveland	24,551
Weaver	75,485
Harrison's plurality	4,956

The result on governor is as follows:

Crounse	72,530
Morton	40,658
Van Wyck	62,211
Crounse's plurality	10,389

The indications are that the plurality for Harrison in the state will be fully 5,500 and Crounse's plurality will reach 12,000.

The vote of the counties heard from complete on president and governor is given below:

Vote on President.

COUNTIES.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Weaver.
Adams	1,673	321	1,425
Blaine	69	24	61
Burt	1,238	165	740
Box Butte	597	220	512
Brown	353	97	353
Banner	197	28	180
Buffalo	1,852	374	2,663
Boone	884	188	933
Cedar	709	221	887
Clay	1,562	205	1,597
Chase	353	84	454
Dakota	403	168	691
Dawson	1,152	316	1,092
Dodge	1,479	325	1,255
Douglas	10,452	2,719	8,003
Dawes	854	280	718
Dixon	658	336	628
Franklin	534	221	853
Furnas	857	197	1,061
Gage	3,570	996	1,884
Garfield	124	19	195
Greely	258	117	559
Grant	49	11	15
Harlan	572	109	791
Hall	1,546	388	1,578
Hayes	345	79	350
Holt	981	236	1,109
Hamilton	1,231	249	1,186
Hooker	11	5	31
Howard	684	256	926
Jefferson	1,392	344	957
Johnson	1,147	238	919
Kearney	862	73	987
Keith	208	98	244
Knox	1,329	353	1,255
Lancaster	5,256	1,406	3,772
Logan	127	25	122
Loup	117	6	119
Madison	1,157	438	1,193
Merrick	845	198	839
Nance	668	78	639
Nuckolls	991	159	1,290
Nemaha	1,110	367	1,158
Otoe	1,583	552	1,585
Pawnee	1,236	221	699
Phelps	741	81	944
Polk	706	97	1,061
Platte	704	668	1,204
Pierce	384	284	531
Rock	359	51	2 2
Richardson	1,925	492	1,569
Saline	1,715	496	1,277
Sioux	138	90	194
Scotts Bluff	243	43	171
Seward	1,341	753	1,154
Sarpy	582	521	349
Stanton	316	241	402
Sherman	474	127	644
Thurston	466	86	183
Thayer	1,279	398	1,031
Valley	579	192	789
Washington	1,980	544	744
Wayne	676	276	576
Webster	1,019	168	1,034
York	1,914	321	1,483
Antelope	819	186	970
Fillmore	1,541	276	1,483
Gosper	276	69	347
Kimball	107	24	81
Cheyenne	505	230	360
Perkins	328	93	491
Keya Paha	202	82	325
Frontier	677	74	871
Saunders	1,448	557	1,931
Butler	1,099	419	1,488
Custer	1,851	224	2,180
Colfax	811	557	595
Deuel	250	105	211
Totals	80,441	23,551	75,485

Vote On Governor.

	Crounse.	Morton.	Van Wyck
Adams	1,597	698	1,085
Blaine	58	48	61
Burt	1,093	395	810
Box Butte	415	230	528
Brown	333	154	381
Boone	810	275	968
Banner	182	31	176
Buffalo	1,759	689	1,593
Cuming	6.7	1,046	658
Clay	1,516	362	1,402
Cedar	628	574	577
Chase	296	166	394
Dakota	393	463	319
Dawson	1,653	309	994
Dodge	1,548	1,682	1,355
Dixon	609	435	583
Dawes	754	280	645
Douglas	10,226	7,373	4,363
Franklin	503	230	706
Furnas	831	241	948
Gage	2,883	1,509	1,499
Garfield	122	21	156
Greeley	234	317	431
Grant	40	27	35
Hamilton	1,232	525	956
Hooker	10	6	31
Howard	480	296	776
Hayes	300	191	237
Holt	1,326	915	884
Hall	814	426	1,048
Harlan	554	114	791
Jefferson	1,218	683	742
Johnson	1,050	456	725
Kearney	774	185	942
Keith	199	109	250
Knox	799	428	670
Lancaster	3,879	1,338	2,353
Logan	120	27	113
Loup	108	9	121
Madison	1,098	800	709
Merrick	745	289	644
Nance	645	93	661
Nemaha	1,063	570	1,075
Nuckolls	911	377	1,116
Otoe	1,099	1,427	1,731
Pawnee	1,146	354	604
Pierce	540	432	568
Phelps	672	182	1,029
Platte	1,207	1,024	1,024
Polk	677	191	1,070
Richardson	1,754	757	1,348
Rock	398	100	191
Saline	1,463	865	1,021
Sioux	121	85	187
Seward	1,227	957	1,055
Scotts Bluff	161	71	168
Sarpy	1,252	830	1,791
Saunders	1,252	830	1,791
Sherman	445	155	640
Stanton	346	405	256
Thurston	420	94	191
Thayer	1,178	642	889
Valley	532	177	765
Washington	985	729	635
Wayne	696	360	557
Webster	885	344	981
York	1,680	431	1,361
Antelope	730	261	943
Fillmore	1,385	247	1,393
Gosper	279	83	198
Kimball	91	26	92
Cheyenne	466	326	318
Perkins	295	128	424
Keya Paha	195	105	348
Frontier	580	166	802
Butler	1,078	489	1,185
Custer	1,569	360	2,145
Colfax	543	670	643
Deuel	223	110	215
Totals	72,530	40,658	62,211

THE LEGISLATURE.

Opposition Has a Small Majority on Joint Ballot.

The returns on the legislature are now complete. The republicans have elected sixteen senators and forty-eight representatives, the democrats four senators and eleven representatives, and the independents thirteen senators and forty-one representatives. The following is the result by districts:

SENATE.

1. Richardson and Pawnee—A. R. Scott, R.
2. Nemaha and Johnson—J. F. Harris, I.
3. Otoe—John Mattes, Jr., D.
4. Cass—Orlando Tefft, R.
5. Saunders and Sarpy—William Saunders, I.
6. Douglas—Charles H. Clark, R.; C. O. Lobeck, R.; W. N. Babcock, D.
7. Cuming and Burt—Fremont Everett, R.
8. Dixon, Dakota, Knox, Cedar and Thurston—B. F. McDonald, R.
9. Antelope, Boone and Greeley—S. Packwood, I.
10. Washington and Dodge—John Thomsen, D.
11. Wayne, Madison and Pierce—J. M. Alden, R.
12. Platte and Colfax—James E. North, D.
13. Holt, Garfield and Wheeler—J. P. Mullen, I.
14. Brown, Keya Paha, Cherry, Sheridan, Dawes, Box Butte and Sioux—H. G. Stewart, I.
15. Custer, Valley, Loup and Blaine—William Gray, I.
16. Buffalo and Sherman—George N. Smith, I.
17. Hall and Howard—T. F. McCarthy, I.
18. Polk, Merrick and Nance—J. N. Campbell, I.
19. Butler and Seward—George W. Lowley, R.
20. Lancaster—Robert E. Moore, R; George W. Eggleston, R.
21. Gage—Alexander Graham, R.
22. Saline—J. D. Pope, R.
23. Jefferson and Thayer—E. M. Correll, R.
24. York and Fillmore—J. P. Miller, R.
25. Clay and Hamilton—L. L. Johnson, I.
26. Nuckolls, Webster and Franklin—William Dyas, I.
27. Adams—Leopold Hahn, R.
28. Kearney, Phelps and Harlan—W. F. Dale, I.
29. Furnas, Red Willow, Hitchcock, Dundy, Gosper, Frontier, Chase and Hayes—Lewis W. Young, I.
30. Dawson, Lincoln, Keith, Perkins, Cheyenne, Lozan, Kimball and Hooker—Henry St. Rayner, R.

HOUSE.

1. Richardson—John M. Brockman, R; Henry Gerdes, D; Jude Smith, I.
2. Pawnee—C. A. Schappal, R.; W. M. Gifford, R.
3. Nemaha—Church Howe, R.; B. J. Johnson, I.
4. Johnson—Jacob S. Dew, R.
5. Nemaha and Johnson—Theodore Smith, R.
6. Otoe—John Sinclair, D.; George W. Leidigh, D.
7. Cass—John A. Davies, R.; A. S. Cooley, R.
8. Cass and Otoe—John C. Watson, R.
9. Sarpy—Clarence Keys, R.
10. Douglas—A. L. Sutton, R.; A. Lockner, R.; C. A. Goss, R.; W. N. Nason, R.; T. D. Crane, R.; M. O. Ricketts, R.; J. H. Kyner, R.; George W. Ames, jr., D.; Charles Withnell, D.
11. Washington—W. D. Ulaier, R.
12. Burt—George F. Kessler, R.
13. Burt and Washington.—E. F. Sissons, R.
14. Dodge—N. P. Nelson, D; John Farrel, D.
15. Cuming—Bennet Goldsmith, R.
16. Cuming, Dakota and Thurston—R. F. Kloke, R.
17. Wayne and Stanton—T. S. Goss, R.
18. Dixon—E. E. Ellis, R.
19. Cedar and Pierce—Arnold Eickoff, D.
20. Knox—J. G. Kruse, I.
21. Antelope—L. H. Suter, I.
22. Boone—William A. McCutcheon, I.
23. Madison—G. A. Linkhart, D.
24. Platte—William Sheip, I.
25. Platte and Nance—W. J. Irwin, I.
26. Colfax—John Nandrasan, D.
27. Saunders—J. Griffin, I.; P. E. Olson, I.
28. Butler—George R. Colton, R; Charles D. Casper, D.
29. Seward—D. J. Brown, R.; R. C. Rhea, R.
30. Lancaster—R. H. Oakley, R.; Joseph Burns, R.; A. J. Cornish, R.; E. R. Spencer, R.; J. C. McKesson, R.
31. Saline—William Raup, R.; John N. Vandyne, R.
32. Gage—C. B. Hinds, R.; P. H. James, R.; H. J. Merrick, R.
33. Gage and Saline—John A. Wardlaw, R.
34. Jefferson—G. L. Carpenter, R.
35. Thayer—E. H. Jenkins, R.
36. Thayer and Jefferson—George Cross, R.
37. Fillmore—J. Jensen, R.; Richard Dobson, I.
38. York—Charles Keckley, R.; Nathan Johnson, R.
39. Polk—George Horst, I.
40. Merrick—W. F. Porter, I.
41. Hamilton—John B. Cain, R.; Fred Newberry, I.
42. Clay—S. M. Elder, I.; E. A. McVay, I.
43. Nuckolls—G. A. Felton, I.
44. Webster—Austin Lilley, I.
45. Adams—Peter Griffith, R.
46. Webster and Adams—F. A. Harmon, I.
47. Hall—J. L. Johnson, I.; Henry Schlotfeldt, I.
48. Howard, Charles Grammar, I.
49. Garfield, Wheeler, Greeley, Loup, Blaine, Thomas, Hooker and Grant—H. Barry, I.
50. Holt—H. R. Henry, I.; G. E. Smith, I.
51. Brown and Rock—Charles Robinson, R.
52. Cherry and Keya Paha—J. B. Farnsworth, I.
53. Sheridan, Dawes, Box Butte and Sioux—J. D. Woods, I.
54. Lincoln, Cheyenne, Keith, Perkins, Kimball, Deuel, Scotts Bluff and Banner—G. C. Linzenfelter, I.
55. Valley—Henry C. Rhodes, I.
56. Custer and Logan—O. W. Beal, I.; W. P. Higgins, I.
57. Sherman—Albert Dickenson, I.
58. Buffalo—John Wilson, R.; A. J. Scott, I.
59. Dawson—J. O. Lynch, I.
60. Kearney—Ed Krick, I.
61. Franklin—James Dimmick, I.
62. Harlan—S. Fulton, I.
63. Phelps—E. Soderman, I.
64. Furnas—John Stevens, I.
65. Red Willow—T. A. Sheridan, I.
66. Frontier and Gosper—Ford, I.
67. Hitchcock, Dundy, Hayes and Chase—L. G. Ruggles, I.

NEBRASKA'S CONGRESSMEN.

Three Republicans and Two Populists Elected and One Doubtful.

It will take the official canvass to decide the result in the First district. The official count of the vote in Lancaster county gives Field a plurality of 310 over Bryan. According to THE BEE's figures this elects Bryan by a plurality of 163 in the district, but the official canvass of the other counties may change the result. Following is the vote by counties:

Counties.	Field, R.	Bryan, D.	Sharp, I.
Cass	1,934	2,201	
Johnson	1,112	914	254
Lancaster	5,049	4,739	659
Nemaha	1,661	1,355	315
Otoe	1,493	1,808	698
Pawnee	1,135	934	197
Richardson	1,811	1,992	154
Total's	13,644	13,784	2,158

Bryan's plurality, 140.

Second District.

The complete returns of the Second district give: Mercer, 10,501; Doane, 9,497; Wheeler, 3,152. Mercer's plurality over Doane is 1,094. The vote by counties is:

Counties.	Mercer, R.	Doane, D.	Wheeler, I.
Douglas	9,993	8,911	2,440
Sarpy	553	647	240
Washington	1,992	849	472
Totals	10,501	9,497	3,152

Mercer's plurality, 1,094.

Third District

With one county to hear from the returns from the Third district show: Meiklejohn, 12,290; Keiper, 8,995; Poynter, 8,773. Meiklejohn's plurality over Keiper is 3,295.

Counties.	Meiklejohn, R.	Keiper, D.	Poynter, I.
Antelope	839	229	916
Boone	957	555	978
Burt	1,229	324	779
Cedar	649	655	474
Colfax			
Cuming		300	
Dakota	414	703	183
Dixon	604	402	488
Dodge	1,454	1,731	525
Knox	839	535	558
Madison	1,093	1,000	647
Merrick	759	407	618
Nance	652	86	730
Pierce	370	496	295
Platte	1,278	940	895
Stanton	347	445	220
Thurston	494	133	86
Wayne	648	467	403
Totals	12,290	8,995	8,773

* plurality.

Fourth District.

In the Fourth district, complete returns give Hainer 15,684, Vifquain 8,942, and Deen 11,524. Hainer's plurality over Deen is 4,160. The following is the vote by counties:

Counties.	Hainer, R.	Vifquain, D.	Deeb, I.
Butler	963	1,022	958
Fillmore	1,391	6.7	1,158
Gage	3,092	1,508	1,246
Hamilton	1,194	469	1,124
Jefferson	1,326	691	783
Polk	697	175	1,121
Saline	1,507	1 142	991
Saunders	1,251	904	1,744
Seward	1,578	894	1,044
Thayer	1,216	884	608
York	1,709	849	1,227
Totals	15,684	8,942	11,524

Fifth District.

There are still three counties to hear from in the Fifth district. The result in the other counties is: Andrews, 12,559; McKeighan, 14,771, a majority for the fusion candidate of 2,221. The result by counties is as follows:

Counties.	Andrews, R.	McKeighan, I.
Adams	1,685	1,691
Chase	394	484
Clay	1,624	1,670
Dundy	365	423
Franklin	597	894
Frontier	682	957
Furnas	877	1,062
Hall	1,545	1,027
Harlan	554	889
Hayes	349	373
Kearney	867	1,026
Nuckolls	959	1,369