THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 10, 1892. NUMBER 144.

PROBABLY CLEVELAND

Indications Now Are That President Harrison Has Suffered a Defeat.

NEW YORK AND ILLINOIS RESPONSIBLE

Indiana is Very Much in Doubt and Returns Are Slow.

UNCERTAINTY ALSO ABOUT WISCONSIN

California's Count Greatly Delayed by the Cumbersome Australian Ballot.

OHIO ALSO CLAIMED FOR CLEVELAND

Probability That the Buckeye State Has Gone Democratic for the First Time in a Presidential Contest—Some Further Returns.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—After weeks of campaigning such as the old politicians never saw before, a campaign so quiet and educational, New York state has declared in favor of democracy. Throughout the whole state the old pluralities of which the republican party has boasted in times past are wiped out like figures from a great blackboard. O every hand can be seen proofs of the loyalty of the followers of Senator Hill. If any democrat or republican has of late doubted the fealty of this wing of the democracy these doubts have been finally settled. It was as a united party that the democracy marched to meet the foe in New York state and as a united democracy they have won a great victory. The county of Chemung, Senator Hill's own county, has been recaptured by the republicans, but this result was due, it is said, to the local strife between the factions of the democracy, chiefly in Elmira. The only other notable defection appears to have been in the county of Albany, where the onslaught of the dissatisfied "younger element" of the party machine caused a loss of several hundred votes to Mr. Cleveland But against these single instances there appear as offsets the marked changes in the many counties claimed by the republicans as safe against all invasion. The falling off in the republican pluralities above the Harlem is not more marked than the increased pluralities for the democratic ticket in New York and Brooklyn.

As an example of the desperate fight which Tammany has made for Cleveland may be instanced the fact that Gilroy, the democratic candidate for mayor, will run at least 10,000 votes behind Cleveland in this city. Gilroy was traded for Cleveland right and left. The plurality for Cleveland in New York county is 78,000 at least. This remarkable showing is due to the magnificent organization of Tammany hall, and to the resort to desperate registration and colonization. The result is a verification of the prediction of Mr. Croker. The whole democratic county ticket has been elected by pluralities ranging from 60,000 upward. In many doubtful districts the republican candidates for congress and assembly have been defeated by the same methods that were resorted to in order to roll up the unprecedented vote for Cleveland.

Kings county (Brooklyn) has gone democratic by 30,000 plurality. The organization was in complete charge of the polls and of the entire election machinery. The largest democratic claim was 20,000. The result surprised both parties. The democratic counties of New York, Kings, Queens and Richmond, south of the Harlem, give Cleveland 112,000. Deducting Suffolk's 700 for Harrison, this leaves over 111,000. The most extravagant democratic claim was 10,000. The decrease in republican pluralities above the Harlem from 95,000 in 1888 to 57,000 today completed the rout, leaving Cleveland nearly 55,000 plurality in the state.

There was more or less excitement throughout the city and county towns during the day, but on the whole the election was a quiet one. The democratic threats of resistance to the United States authorities did not materialize. Fifty democrats not entitled to vote were caught at Alexander Lee's hotel in Bay Ridge. They were run down through the clever work of two secret men, who secured rooms there some time ago and gradually wormed from them and Lee the information which led to the arrests. United States marshals brought them to Brooklyn.

The democrats carry every congressional district south of the Harlem, although the republicans gain three in the entire state. The democratic landslide extended to the assembly. The majority in the lower house is so large that a democrat will succeed Frank Hiscock in the United States senate. Thus for the first time in many years New York will have two democratic senators in the higher branch of congress.

Probably the largest financial winner on the election is Mike Dwyer, the well known turfman. It is said on good authority that he will pocket a gain of $80,000. Mr. Dwyer placed his money in every conceivable way. He bet on the general result, the state of New York, New Jersey, the city and county majorities and in Indiana. He has won nearly every bet he has made. Joseph J. O'Donohue is another heavy winner, his figures being placed at $20,000.

The latest Tribune extra says that the election of president may devolve on the house of representatives. Congress is democratic by a clear majority of about fifty. New York is democratic by not less than 30,000 and has elected a democratic assembly. New Jersey is democratic by from 5,000 to 8,000, but Kean, for governor, claims his election. Connecticut is democratic by not less than 1,000 and has chosen a democratic governor and legislature. Massachusetts has chosen Harrison electors and probably a republican state ticket. All the rest of New England is republican.

In republican quarters it is still held to be uncertain whether or not the solid south is broken.

The Sun extra says that Cleveland has carried the solid south, Connecticut by 4,000 or more, New York state by 44,000, New Jersey by 8,000, Delaware by over 1,000, Indiana by 5,000, Illinois by 10,000, Wisconsin by 10,000; that Weaver has carried Colorado, Idaho, Nevada and probably South Dakota. The Sun also claims the house to be more than 100 democratic. The New York legislature is democratic, insuring a democratic successor to Hiscock.

RESULT OF THE COUNT IN ILLINOIS.

Latest Figures From the State Show Democracy's Certain Success.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 9.—In 441 precincts outside of Cook county, or about two-thirds of the country precincts, Harrison received 86,071; Cleveland, 78,040; Harrison's plurality, 8,031. In Cook county, 624 precincts out of 765 give Cleveland 103,513; Harrison, 84,107. Cleveland's plurality 19,346. Cleveland's net plurality in 1,065 precincts, 11,315.

Returns from this state are still incomplete, but indications point to the carrying of the state by Cleveland and Stevenson by from 8,000 to 10,000. The entire democratic state ticket is also elected and the democrats have a majority of the congressional delegation and have apparently gained control of both branches of the state legislature. As the state is to be redistricted this winter, this will enable the democrats to so gerrymander the state as to gain a great permanent advantage in the future elections. Republicans concede a democratic victory on the state and electoral tickets, but claim the possibility of republican supremacy in the lower house of the legislature.

The turning over of the state to the democrats is due to the perfect organization of that party and the desertion of German-Lutherans from the republican party because of the public school question. The tariff question, it seems, worked favorably to the democrats in the country districts.

The democrats have elected John C. Black and A. J. Hunter congressmen-at-large and probably the following district congressmen: Second, McGann; Third, Durborow; Fourth, Goldzier; Eighth, Stewart; Ninth, Snow; Twelfth, McDonald; Thirteenth, Bill Springer; Fourteenth, Scott; Sixteenth, Fithian; Seventeenth, Lane; Eighteenth, Forman; Nineteenth, Williams. The republicans have apparently elected the following: First, Aldrich; Fifth, Hopkins; Sixth, Hitt; Seventh, Henderson; Twentieth, Smith. Both parties claim the Tenth, Eleventh and Fifteenth.

The later returns do not abate in any way from the decisive democratic victory in the state of Illinois both on the state and national tickets. Conservative men of all parties now generally agree that the democratic plurality in the state will be approximately 10,000 and the democrats will have at least thirteen of the twenty-two congressmen with a possibility of one or two more in the districts still in doubt. Incomplete official returns from thirty of the thirty-four wards in the city of Chicago give Cleveland, 55,054; Harrison, 47,282.

Partial returns from the county indicate that the vote in Cook county outside of the city of Chicago will be almost a standoff, so that Cleveland's plurality in Chicago and Cook county may be approximated at 19,000.

Six hundred and thirty-two out of approximately 710 precincts in the state outside of Cook county give Cleveland 112,406; Harrison, 122,284. This is a plurality for Harrison of 9,878. This would make Cleveland's net plurality in the whole state approximately 10,000. The official returns are not likely to show any marked variation from these figures. The vote on Altgeldt, democratic nominee for governor, will show some increase over these figures, while the remainder of the democratic state ticket will receive the same vote as the Cleveland and Stevenson electors. The democrats have also elected their county ticket in Cook county.

In the state senate the democrats will have about seven majority and the indications also are that they will control the lower house by about the same majority, although the returns from several districts are still somewhat indefinite. No senator is to be elected by the next general assembly, but the important advantage of re-districting the state for congressional, legislative and judicial purposes will fall to the democrats.

Fifer, republican, is making a strong race for governor outside of Cook county, and, although the majority of the republicans concede his defeat, others still hold on to the hope of his success.

The Inter Ocean at 9 o'clock announces that fourteen counties outside of Cook gave Fifer 4,000 majority. At this rate the Inter Ocean believes he may yet win the state, although no confidence is felt in such a result. It is conceded that the state goes to Cleveland.

OHIO CLAIMED BY DEMOCRATS.

Both Parties Running a Very Even Race in That State.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 9.—The indications at 10 o'clock are that Ohio has gone democratic for the first time in a presidential year, though it may require the official count to determine the result.

Chairman Farley of the democratic state committee went home early this morning safe in the belief that the republicans had a substantial majority in this state, but his secretary and S. M. Taylor, candidate for secretary of state, remained at headquarters, and at 10 o'clock tonight they had received unofficial returns from all but three counties in the state, in which they claim a plurality for the candidates on the democratic ticket of 800, and that Cleveland electors have been chosen by possibly a slightly reduced majority. The two committees exchanged figures at the above hour and there were no startling variations in the returns received.

Republican Chairman Dick and Candidate S. M. Taylor for secretary of state, stated they had received unofficial returns from all but four counties. The returns to both committees are in response to telegrams sent the county chairman.

They claim a plurality of 116 at the republican headquarters and concede it will require the official count to determine the matter. Mr. Taylor, republican, states that he noted in the returns that he received that he can about over with Harrison electors, hence, it is concluded, if the republican state ticket is defeated that Cleveland electors will be chosen.

DAYTON, O., Nov. 9.—The national soldiers home Gives Harrison 1,931 plurality, and this may elect part of the republican county ticket.

Returns on Ohio's election from the very first until the closing of the Western Union bulletins show Harrison heading well up to McKinley's vote or leading it. Later straggling returns from the northwest and from the mining regions show a drift in favor of Cleveland that may jeopardize Harrison's chances for Ohio.

MCARTHUR, O., Nov. 9.—The unofficial returns from the fifteen precincts of Vinton county give the democratic electoral ticket 1,378; republican electoral ticket, 1,705; N. A. Taylor, 1,741; Samuel M. Taylor, 1,675; C. E. Peebles, 1,736; Grosvenor, 1,698.

A special from Bellaire says that Colonel C. L. Thorman, republican, is defeated for congress in the Sixteenth district by 100 plurality. This gives the democrats ten congressmen, the republicans ten, and the Ninth district in doubt.

At 1:15 a. m. the Commercial-Gazette reports, on the basis of complete returns from fifty-four counties and estimates in the remaining thirty-four counties in Ohio, that the Cleveland electors are chosen by 353 plurality and that Taylor, republican, for secretary of state, has been elected.

It also figures that ten republicans and eleven democratic congressmen are elected.

INDIANA CLOSE.

Republicans Make Heavy Gains—A Few Figures.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 9.—Two hundred and sixty precincts in Indiana give Harrison a plurality of 2,000, a net republican gain of 1,642. This is an average republican gain of six and one-third votes to the precinct. In order to carry the state the gain to the precinct must be six and two-thirds. The state is very close.

Returns have been received from less than one-tenth of the state so that no definite statement can be made. It seems favorable to Cleveland on national ticket, and as the republican electoral ticket ran ahead of the state ticket. There is little doubt of the election of the democratic ticket.

At democratic headquarters the state is claimed by 10,000 on the state ticket and 8,000 on the electoral ticket. At republican headquarters the state is still claimed, but not with so much a show of confidence The best information obtainable indicate that the democrats have elected ten out of thirteen members of congress, a gain of one, and that the legislature is republican in both branches.

Reports from 440 precincts give Harrison 47,421, Cleveland 42,637.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Nov. 9.—Huntington city gives 162 republican majority. Returns coming slow. John L. Bretz, member of congress for the Second congressional district of Indiana, is re-elected by an increased majority.

Seventy-four out of ninety-two counties in Indiana, as reported to Chairman Taggart of the democratic state committee, give net democratic gains over 1888 of 8,743, giving Cleveland a plurality of 8,743 over 1888. The net gain in the other eighteen counties is 3,409, making the democratic plurality in the state 9,743.

CALIFORNIA IN DOUBT.

Claims of Success by the Democrats and the Republicans.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 9.—Owing to the cumbersome ballots returns are coming in slower than ever before. Complete returns from San Francisco, except from eight

[CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.]

STOOD BY THE FLAG

Northwest States Give Good Evidence of the Republican Confidence.

MINNESOTA STAYS IN THE COLUMN

Harrison, Reid and Nelson Carry the State by a Handsome Majority.

IOWA AND THE DAKOTAS REMAIN SOLID

No Wavering in Their Faith Shown by the Latest Returns.

WYOMING, MONTANA AND OREGON

Bright Stars in the Diadem That Fusion and Free Silver Could Not Tarnish—Washington True to the Old Party.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 9.—The count in this city is extraordinarily slow. In some precincts only 350 votes are counted out of 700 up to 9 a. m. These votes and meager returns from the state show that the fusion electors are running behind the regular democratic electors, and that the Weaver vote is not heavy. Nelson, republican, for governor, is estimated to have at least 10,000 plurality. Harrison will probably have all the electors. Eighty-two country precincts show a net republican loss of 474 on electors compared with four years ago. At that rate the plurality at that time will be reduced from 38,000 to about 25,000. On the state ticket there is a slight republican gain over Merriam's 22,671 plurality of two years ago.

Lawler, democrat, has about 3,000 plurality in this, his home county, but in Hennepin county, Nelson, republican, has in the neighborhood of 2,000 plurality on the face of the returns from 100 out of 118 precincts, and if the country precincts continue anything like those thus far received, Nelson will have at least 10,000 plurality.

The democratic committee has not given up on the fusion electors, but the republican committee is firm of the belief that they have carried all of the nine electors, the most of them by a plurality of from 15,000 to 25,000.

On congressmen there is still some uncertainty, the returns being meager, but the First is probably republican, the Third democratic, the Fourth republican, the Fifth republican. The Sixth is claimed by both parties, and the First and Seventh on the fence, although claimed strongly by the republicans.

Three hundred and three precincts, including 100 in Minneapolis and seventy-eight in St. Paul, give Nelson 28,332, Lawler, 27,360; a plurality of 872 for Nelson. The vote for Donnelly, the people's party candidate, in the same precinct is 8,216. Three hundred and thirteen precincts, including ninety-seven in St. Paul and 100 in Minneapolis, give Hrrrison 32,112; Cleveland, 30,428. Harrison's plurality, 1,891.

With the probable exception of the Third district, which is in doubt, the republicans have taken about everything in the congressional fight in the state.

IN THE REPUBLICAN RANKS.

South Dakota Will Stay with the Grand Old Party.

HURON, S. D., Nov. Nov. 9.—Two hundred and seventy-four precincts, including the cities of Sioux Falls, Huron, Aberdeen, Pierre, Deadwood, Lead City and Rapid City give Harrison, 11,122; Cleveland, 2,660; Weaver, 6,624. For governor—Sheldon, republican, 7,130; Couchman, democrat, 2,373; VanOsdell, independent, 3,700. For congress—Pickler, republican, 5,458; Lucas, republican, 5,169; Whitener, democrat, 2,040; Kelley, independent, 2,646; Lardner, independent, 1,998. So far as received, returns show a republican legislature.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Nov. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Thirty-nine out of forty-three election precincts in Lawrence county give: Harrison, 1,433, Cleveland, 368, Weaver, 1,392. For congress—Lucas (rep.), 1,224; Lardner (ind.), 1,392; Wycher (dem.), 693. For governor—Sheldon (rep.), 1,254; Couchman (dem.), 896; VanOsdell (ind.), 983. The republican state, national and congressional tickets carried Fall River, Caster and Pennington counties by a small plurality. The independents carry Mead and Butte counties. Lardner, independent candidate for congress, received two-thirds of the democratic vote, and will leave the Black Hills with 400 plurality. The Pioneer will tomorrow claim his election, and claim the state for Weaver. The Times claims the election of the entire republican national, congressional and electoral tickets by 6,000 plurality.

The chairman of the republican state central committee claims the state for the republican national and congressional ticket by 8,000 plurality. The legislature will probably be republican.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 9.—Chairman Peemiller of the South Dakota democratic committee tonight telegraphed the Associated press from Yankton as follows: State close on electors. Result still in doubt. The republican state ticket elected and both congressmen. No returns in to give corrected count on legislature.

YANKTON, S. D, Nov. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Returns from South Dakota are reaching democratic state headquarters here very slowly. The short acquaintance of election judges with the Australian ballots, the complex political situation and the fact that the democratic attempt to swing the state for Weaver caused thousands of scratched tickets are assigned as reason for the slow returns. Fifteen counties out of of fifty in the state gave Harrison, 4,835; Weaver, 2,629; Cleveland, 941. Mr. Peemiller still claims the state for Weaver, saying that the work of the democrats to influence votes for Weaver was very thorough and will be felt very materially in the most remote country precincts. He is disappointed at not having earlier returns and does not expect a complete report until Friday. The figures in his possession show a wonderful populist gain, a corresponding decrease in democratic votes, but no loss to the republicans. Yankton republicans thing the estimate of 1,500 by Republican Chairman Greene ta be liberal and expect about 8,000 plurality for the republican national and congressional ticket. The legislature will probably be republican.

IOWA'S GOOD SHOWING.

Democrats Concede the State to the Republicans by a Good Majority.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 9.—From the result as far as tabulated from the different counties, with a number yet to hear from, republicans claim a plurality of not less than 20,000. The democrats concede 16,000. Republicans claim the First, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh congressional districts.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Nov. 9.—George D. Perkins, republican, is re-elected to congress in the Eleventh district by a plurality of 1,538.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Nov. 9.—The Second congressional district re-elects Hayes, democrat, by 8,000.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Nov. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Complete unofficial returns show a republican landslide in this county and district. The county is from 100 to 400 republican, a change of over 1,000 votes and Lacey's plurality for congress in the district is nearly 1,500. The vote on president is Harrison, 3,639; Cleveland, 3,380; Weaver, 691. Harrison's plurality, 259, a gain of sixty over four years ago.

REPUBLICANS CLAIM WEST VIRGINIA.

Late Returns Show That Democratic Claims Are Unwarranted.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 9.—Returns have been received from West Virginia, but they are meager and indicate that the republicans have carried the state, though the democrats do not concede it. The southern section of the state has not yet been heard from. The vote in Wheeling is not all reported, but it indicates the election of a portion of the republican ticket. No definite figures can be given on the state ticket before November 10.

It now looks as if it will be some days before the result in West Virginia will be positively known. The returns continue favorable for the republicans, but a few precincts only have been heard from. The republicans have undoubtedly made gains in the legislature. Dovener, republican, for congress from the First Wheeling district, claims he has defeated Pendleton, democrat. There is little more to tell than there was last night. Both sides claim the state. Later reports may show democratic gains.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 9.—Capehart for congress is undoubtedly elected in this district by a small majority. Reports from the mountain counties indicate a heavy falling off of the vote, which will probably defeat Alderson (dem.) for congress in the Third district. Rucker is his opponent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 9.—Commissioner Mason of West Virginia this afternoon received a telegram from Wheeling, W. Va., indicating the election of Davis, the republican candidate for governor, beyond a reasonable doubt, and the probable success of the Harrison electors.

IN WYOMING.

Leaders of the Three Parties Cannot Agree on Estimates.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Tonight Chairman Vandevanter of the state central committee claims the state for Harrison by 800 majority and the legislature on a joint ballot, thus insuring the return of Senator Warren to the United States senate. He concedes the election of Gibson Clark, democrat, to the supreme bench; also that of Osborne, democrat, governor by 300, but states that the congressional race is close between Clark (rep.), and Coffeen (dem.), with the chances favoring the former. The democrats claim the state for Weaver, and the entire state and congressional ticket by majorities ranging from 800 to 2,500. Laramie county went solidly republican.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 9.—A special to the News from Cheyenne says: Vandevanter, republican state committeeman, concedes the election of Osborne for governor, Clark supreme judge, and thinks Clark for congress will pull through with 300 majority. Claims legislature on joint ballot and Harrison electors by 500 majority. Chairman New claims 10 majority in legislature, congressional and state ticket by 500 to 800; electoral vote will require official count and the majority will not be over 100 either way.

REPUBLICAN SUCCESS IN MICHIGAN.

Against Heavy Odds the Party Made a Gallant Fight.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 9.—The republicans elect most all of their state ticket by from 8,000 to 15,000 plurality. The Free Press, democratic, concedes the election of the republican state ticket, except attorney general and associate justice of the supreme court, who were on both the democratic and people's tickets. The democrats claim six electors and republicans claim nine. Republicans elect six congressmen and the democrats three, with three in doubt. Both parties claim the legislature.

OREGON FOR HARRISON.

Failure of the Democratic and Third Party Fusion.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 9.—One hundred and seventy-nine precincts out of 645 in the state give Harrison 17,611, Cleveland 7,200, Weaver 14,064, Bidwell 930. Figures embrace over half the entire vote of the state. If the same ratio is maintained Harrison will carry the state by 7,000.

The democratic central committee concedes the election of three Harrison electors in Oregon by pluralities ranging from 2,000 to 3,000, but they claim the election of one Weaver elector, who was endorsed by the democrats.

North Dakota Safely Republican.

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 9.—National and state republican tickets safe by 2,000 majority. The legislature is in doubt.

One hundred and ninety-two precincts in North Dakota give Harrison 6,681; Weaver, 5,272. For congressman—Johnson, republican, 6,414; O'Brien, democrat, 4,612. For governor—Burke, republican, 6,732; Shortridge, fusion, 5,564.

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 9.—One hundred and forty-three precincts as heard from covering the returns from twenty counties give Burke, republican, 6,020; Shortridge, fusion, 4,684, a republican majority of 1,336. The average, if held throughout the state, would give Burke 8,000 majority, but the fusion strongholds in Walsh and Grand Forks counties will reduce it to about 2,500. Johnson is elected to congress by 3,000, Harrison electors by about 2,500.

Utah Liberals Discouraged.

SALT LAKE, U. T., Nov. 9.—Incomplete returns indicate the election of Joseph R. Rawlins, a democrat, for delegate to congress by a plurality of 2,000, over Frank J. Cannon, republican. The result is said to be the outcome of an agreement made a year ago between the Mormon church and the democratic party. It is the belief that statehood will be inflicted on the territory by the next congress, and in that manner the Mormons will again obtain control. Women will undoubtedly be given the ballot that was taken from them by the Edmunds-Tucker law and the liberals will be in a hopeless minority.

Predictions from Washington.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 9.—Returns so far indicate a plurality of over 7,000 for Harrison. The exact result will not be known however for twenty-four hours. The indications are that Harrison has carried the state by 4,000 at least, and that both the congressmen elected are democrats. The republicans claim the governor.

Two hundred and sixteen precincts give Harrison 12,288; Cleveland, 10,064; Weaver, 5,493. For Governor, McGraw, republican, 8,845; Snively, democrat, 9,025; Young, people's, 7,611. No estimates have been made on the legislature.

Returns from Idaho.

BOISE, Idaho, Nov. 9.—Forty-three precincts reported in Idaho show a net republican loss of 357 on the electoral ticket and a net gain on governor of fourteen. At the same ratio the 250 precincts in the state would show a net loss on the electoral ticket of 1,950. The republican majority two years ago was 4,214.

Massachusetts Results.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 9.—Returns are coming in very slowly, but it is certain that the Harrison electors have been chosen by a good plurality. The democratic state committee claim the election of their governor by from 1,500 to 2,000, but republicans do not concede it.

Montana Solid.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 9.—One hundred and seven precincts give Harrison 9,918, Cleveland 9,704. Republicans claim the entire state ticket.

Discussed Politics With Fatal Results.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 9.—Judge F. C. Randolph, probate judge of this county, shot and mortally wounded William Metcalfe last night. The trouble is said to have been politics. Randolph is one of the leading democrat, of the state.

NEBRASKA REDEEMED

Returns up to Midnight Give the Republican Ticket a Safe Plurality.

CROUNSE WILL BE THE NEXT GOVERNOR

And All the Balance of the State Ticket Safely Elected.

EVEN YOUNG MR. BRYAN IS HARD UP

It Will Take the Official Count to Decide the Result.

FOUR SURE CONGRESSIONAL WINNERS

The Harrison and Reid Electors Will Carry the State by Small Pluralities in Spite of the Democratic Combine.

Nebraska republicans can shout. As the returns begin to come in more rapidly the fact that the grand old party has made a clean sweep of the state becomes apparent. Returns received from over one-half of the state show that the Harrison electors have beaten the democratic-populist combine by 5,000 plurality.

Crounse is elected governor by 10,000 majority over Van Wyck.

There is a possibility that the republicans have elected five of the six congressmen and they surely have elected four. Even Billy Bryan, the democratic pet, if he has escaped defeat, has done so only by the skin of his teeth, and it will take the official count to decide the result. Chairman Cady of the republican state committee yesterday afternoon wired the editor of THE BEE as follows:

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 9.—Field's election assured. Everything indicates the election of the entire state ticket and a republican majority in the legislature. A. E. CADY.

To confirm Chairman Cady's telegram, Chairman Boggs of the republican congressional committee wired that every indication pointed to the election of Field.

In the Second district Mercer's election over Doane is sure.

Reports from the Third district show Meiklejohn has a safe plurality.

Hainer's election in the Fourth is conceded by Vifquain, his democratic opponent.

Returns from the Fifth district show that Andrews has made phenomenal gains, but he cannot overcome the tremendous majority of two years ago.

In the Sixth district Whitehead has made a magnificent race and from the returns received he leads Kem nearly 1,000 votes.

Complete returns have been received by THE BEE from thirty-four counties on president, which show a plurality for Harrison of 5,422, and incomplete returns from ten other counties increase that plurality to nearly 7,000.

Complete returns have been received on governor from thirty-three counties which show: Crounse, 39,180; Morton, 21,527; Van Wyck, 39,242. With incomplete returns from eleven other counties the indications are that Crounse is elected by from 10,000 to 12,000 plurality over Van Wyck. The vote of the counties heard from complete on president and governor is given below:

The Vote on President.

COUNTIES.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Weaver.
Adams	1,623	323	1,425
Burt	1,238	166	749
Chase	340	77	439
Dakota	463	168	601
Dodge	1,479	925	1,575
Douglas	16,148	3,822	7,880
Franklin	541	231	830
Gage	3,359	906	1,884
Garfield	125	49	195
Greely	328	157	559
Hooker	11	5	33
Howard	634	256	926
Jefferson	1,302	344	972
Johnson	1,147	336	919
Kearney	862	73	987
Lancaster	5,256	1,496	3,072
Lozan	157	25	122
Loup	117	6	119
Nance	6 8	78	629
Nuckolls	890	325	1,025
Otoe	1,593	952	1,585
Phelps	741	81	944
Stanton	346	241	402
Thurston	466	86	183
Valley	579	132	789
York	1,014	221	1,483
Brown	393	97	653
Merrick	845	158	839
Sherman	474	127	644
Wayne	676	276	576
Clay	1,562	295	1,307
Webster	1,019	168	1,034
Furnas	857	197	1,061
Box Butte	507	220	512
Total	49,831	12,220	38,411

Vote On Governor.

	Crounse.	Morton.	Van Wyck.
Burt	1,060	505	809
Chase	284	160	576
Dakota	566	463	519
Dodge	1,548	1,682	681
Douglas	9,816	5,228	4,227
Franklin	561	230	706
Gage	2,883	1,590	1,469
Garfield	122	21	156
Greely	231	317	431
Hooker	10	6	31
Howard	480	326	776
Jefferson	1,218	661	742
Johnson	1,050	456	722
Kearney	774	186	912
Lancaster	3,879	1,538	2,353
Logan	120	27	113
Loup	108	9	121
Nance	545	95	661
Nuckolls	860	340	1,040
Otoe	1,660	1,427	1,554
Phelps	780	179	918
Saunders	1,266	788	1,780
Stanton	346	405	296
Thurston	439	94	194
Valley	551	177	775
York	1,689	451	1,461
Brown	323	151	581
Merrick	745	580	654
Sherman	435	455	640
Wayne	626	360	561
Clay	1,316	302	1,402
Webster	885	341	964
Furnas	834	241	918
Box Butte	415	230	528
Total	39,180	21,527	39,242

LANCASTER'S VOTE.

Tabulation of the Returns Shows a Good Republican Plurality.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 9.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Today has been one of both doubt and surprise to the voters of the city of Lincoln. The interest in the congressional election in this, the First district, has overshadowed the national contest. Men who, under ordinary circumstances, are enthusiastic in their interest in national politics seem to have forgotten that a national election was decided yesterday, and the probability that Grover Cleveland will be the next president of the United States has been forgotten in the doubt that surrounds the result of the election in this congressional district.

Lincoln is the home of both republican and democratic congressional nominees and the feeling between the partisans of the two candidates has run high all through the campaign. A large number of republicans has openly espoused the cause of the brilliant Mr. Bryan and still larger numbers gave him the benefit of their ballots in the secrecy of the Australian system.

At 2 o'clock this morning the Bryan marching clubs, with their uniforms of white, and with bands and fireworks, paraded the streets, and the election of Bryan was generally conceded by republicans. At 8 o'clock this morning the republicans suddenly discovered that their man was not, after all, certainly defeated, and at 11 o'clock the Bryan people began to realize that perhaps their exuberant celebration last night had been a trifle premature.

The latest figures from Lincoln and Lancaster county show: Harrison, 5,256; Cleveland, 1,496; Weaver, 3,072; Crounse, 3,879; Morton, 1,538; Van Wyck, 2,353; Field, 5,092; Bryan, 4,850; Shamp, 346.

In addition to giving the national and state ticket a handsome plurality, Lancaster county elects the entire senatorial and representative tickets. The returns are still too incomplete to give exact pluralities, but the following are elected by figures reaching above 1,000: State senators, R. E. Moore and G. W. Eggleston; representatives, Joseph Burns, A. J. Cornish, C. J. F. McKesson, R. H. Oakley and E. H. Spencer; judge of the district court, Jesse B. Strode; county attorney, W. H. Woodward; county commissioner, Fred Beckman. The last two candidates defeated the fusion candidates in spite of the fact that a bitter fight was made upon them. For district judge, ex-Attorney General Leese will be third in the race.

BRYAN'S PLURALITY.

Very Small, but Apparent in the Face of the Unofficial Returns.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Nothing less than the official count will silence the claims of the rival political headquarters as to the real name of the next congressman from the First district. At republican headquarters at 10 o'clock tonight Chairman Boggs said that he had not given up the possibility of republican success, and that he would not give up until the result was officially announced in every county in the district. The figures displayed at republican headquarters give Bryan the advantage of nine votes, and they are as follows:

BRYAN'S PLURALITIES.

Otoe	327
Cass	168
Richardson	75
Nemaha	274
Total	844

FIELD'S PLURALITIES.

Lancaster	496
Pawnee	231
Johnson	198
Total	835
Bryan's net plurality	9

Chairman Boggs says the above figures are complete, with the excention of three precincts in Cass and one in Johnson and one or two in Pawnee. At Mr. Bryan's headquarters the figures told another story. To THE BEE representative Mr. Bryan said: "I have carried the first district by a plurality which my opponents cannot climb over, chisel through or crawl under. My plurality, based upon returns from every voting precinct in the district furnished by county clerks is 235."

Secretary Tom Allen exhibited the following figures:

BRYAN'S PLURALITIES.

Otoe	325
Cass	260
Richardson	125
Nemaha	278
Total	988

FIELD'S PLURALITIES.

Lancaster	278
Pawnee	215
Johnson	240
Total	633
Bryan's net plurality	295.

The three rooms were filled with the young congressman's most ardent admirers, but none of them undertook to explain why Mr. Bryan claimed his election by a net plurality of 235 when official returns from every voting precinct in the district furnished by county clerks gave him a net plurality of 295.

MARSHALS PUT OUT.

Judges in Dakota County Almost Precipitate a Riot at the Polls.

DAKOTA CITY, Neb., Nov. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Advices from Jackson show that a lively skirmish was had there between the election board and Deputy United States Marshal Harris and Special Deputies Reninger and Brewer. THE BEE representative interviewed Deputy Sheriff Joseph Carney, who was in Jackson the entire day. He says:

"Marshal Harris arrived in Jackson about 8 o'clock in the morning and went to the place intended for voting purposes, but the polls were not open and it was close onto 9 o'clock before the election board was sworn in and voting commenced. Immediately after the opening of the polls Marshal Harris and his deputies, followed by about forty citizens who anticipated trouble, went to the polling place, and the marshal and his assistants went behind the railing and were at once ordered out by the election board. The marshal stated by what authority he was there and stated that he intended to remain and follow out his instructions and see that no illegality took place. The judge of the election informed him that they were able to run their own elections and would not tolerate interference by United States marshals, or anybody else. Harris said he would leave only by force, and he was accordingly forced out of the building, as was also everybody else. Harris then deputized me as special deputy, but I would not accept the office and refused to assist him in effecting an entrance by force. I tried to prevail on the board to let him in, but they refused flatly to let him interfere with their election. At one time it looked as though blood would be spilled, but cooler heads prevailed. Harris again made demands for admission, but was refused."

Jackson is a strong democratic precinct and for years illegality has reigned supreme. Harris has taken the names of the election board and the deputy sheriff and will cause warrants to be issued for their arrest.

The presence of Deputy Marshal Harris and assistants in Covington caused illegal voters to keep away from the polls and those who did offer their ballots upon whom suspicion rested were challenged and had to be sworn in. Of all of these a record was kept and an example will be made of them.

FOR ILLEGAL VOTING.

Four Arrests Made at Lincoln by United States Marshals.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Quite a sensation was caused this morning by the arrest of Prof. L. E. Hicks, chairman of the Board of Public Works, on the charge of illegal voting. The arrest was caused by James Malone, who went before United States Commissioner Billingsley this morning and filed complaint charging Prof. Hicks with having fraudulently registered at the Oriental hotel from 1436 L street. The complainant recites that Hicks never resided at that number, and therefore had wrongfully voted. Prof. Hicks was taken before United States Commissioner Billingsley and gave bail for his appearance for preliminary examination on Wednesday, November 16. His friends, however, scout the idea that he is guilty of the charge and claim that the arrest was a grave mistake.

Yesterday evening Deputy United States Marshal L. A. McCandless went out to Yankee Hill precinct and arrested three graders named O. E. Henderson, W. S. Fletcher and S. Leahy for illegal voting. The men were taken before United States Commissioner Billingsley last evening and

[CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.]

IN DOUGLAS COUNTY

Later Figures Show That Omaha Stood Up for Nebraska Nobly.

REPUBLICAN BY A LARGE MAJORITY

Harrison, Crounse and the Rest of the Ticket Given a Heavy Vote.

NINE MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE

Almost Solid Delegation of Republicans Chosen to Go to Lincoln.

FIVE OR SIX COUNCILMEN ELECTED

Mercer Gets a Large Plurality Over Doane and Wheeler—Details of the Vote Cast for the Various Candidates.

Douglas county was a s