2,000 people at Monticello this afternoon, among which was a large representation of democrats. The attorney general's address was a strong and complete showing of the achievements of the Harrison administration.

MARSHALS AT THE POLLS.

Democratic Bosses in New York Greatly Put Out at the Prospect.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Members of the democratic national committee fear trouble at the polls if the United States marshals carry out the United States law this year as they have in the past. The national committee approves the action of the state committee in advising the citizens to arrest the marshals who attempt to enforce those parts of the federal statutes which conflict with the state laws. It is stated that Chairman Harrity of the democratic national committee will issue a manifesto on the subject.

At the republican, national and state headquarters it was said today that the marshals would certainly go within the rails at the polls and that no authority of the state or city had any right to prevent them. At democratic headquarters it was said Lieutenant Governor Sheehan's instructions would certainly be carried out and the marshals arrested if they went within the rails. Sheriff Gorman has begun swearing in special deputies for service in case of emergency.

Chairman Carter Not Worrying.

Chairman Carter of the republican national committee was asked his opinion of the situation as it stands with regard to Chairman Sheehan's instructions to his local subordinates, concerning the relations of federal and state officers at the polls. Mr. Carter replied that he had nothing to say, other than that he understood the controversy to be between Mr. Sheehan and the United States government, and he apprehended the government was abundantly able to take care of itself and to perform its obligations to the people in full.

Charles W. Hackett, chairman of the state executive committee, said: "If policemen attempt to interefere with United States marshals, whose duty is clearly defined, and are to see to the voting, there will be trouble."

The special deputies, who will be paid $2.50 a day, are composed principally of men who are recommended by their respective ward associations.

Edward Mitchell, attorney for the southern district of New York, has written a letter to the United States marshal and inspector of elections, anent Mr. Sheehan's instructions, in which he cites the law as contained in the revised statutes, and continues: "Will you kindly instruct each supervisor of election and deputy that whenever there is any conflict between the law of the United States and the law of the state, the law of the United States is paramount. You will also please inform all such supervisors of election and deputy marshals that the United States intends to carry out the provisions of section 2019 of the United States revised statutes, and to see that every supervisor of election and every deputy marshal, if requested to support him by such supervisor of election, shall be allowed to take any position behind the guard rail he sees fit on election day, and that any person interfering with him in any way while in the performance of his duty behind the guard rail in any polling place on election day will at once be arrested without process under section 5522 of the United States revised statutes."

Maintaining Vigilance.

Chairman Carter and all the other members of the republican national executive committee were at headquarters early this morning, and with their staff of assistants at once plunged into work. They expressed determination to let no lack of vigilance at the eleventh hour place their prospects in jeopardy. Necessarily the work in which they were engaged was one mainly of detail, but important detail.

The field on which the contest with the democratic forces is to be made on Tuesday next is a broad one, and from all quarters of it reports were constantly arriving. To many of these reports it was necessary to give reply instantly and decisively, as many lieutenants awaited the order of their chiefs. Vigilance, the keenest, is maintained, and will be maintained until the campaign that is now nearing its close by hourly steps has ended.

The work by the democratic national committee during the remaining three days of the campaign will be chiefly in the states of Connecticut, West Virginia, Indiana, Alabama and Virginia. Instructions have been sent out from democratic headquarters to the chairmen of the state committees in all these states warning them to be on the alert and not to relax their vigilance anywhere for a moment, until the votes are counted next Tuesday night. The chairmen of the five states are in daily, almost hourly, communication with the national headquarters by telegraph. Hourly communication is had with the democratic leaders in Connecticut by long distace telephone.

Sentenced for False Registration.

Judge Martine devoted today to election and false registration cases. Five men, who had been arrested by Chief Inspector McLaughlin, were stood before him at the bar of general sessions. Two of them were George C. Holland and William Green, colored, from Hartley. In police court both plead not guilty. Holland said he was a minister and Green a porter and both declared their arrest an outrage. But yesterday when State Detective Jackson presented himself before them they willed, and said they wanted to change their plea to guilty in order to gain the mercy of the court. This afternoon Judge Martine sentenced Holland and Green to two years in the penitentiary. The judge scored them, but declared the man who had induced them to violate the law was more deserving of punishment.

The trial of John Kearney and John H. Griffin, the alleged lieutenants of "Narty" and "The" Allen in the business of colonizing voters in the new Eighth assembly districts, was next called by Judge Martine. The men were shown to have been implicated, Kearney admitting the charge. Griffin was arraigned at the bar for sentence, and Judge Martine sentenced him to three years and ten months imprisonment at hard labor in Sing Sing. Kearney was remanded for sentence until Monday, when he will probably be discharged as a reward for testifying against Griffin and Kearney.

"The dwellers of Randall's island," about forty in number, for alleged false registration, were admitted to bail in the sum of $1,000 each.

William F. Brown was arraigned before Commissioner Shields today charged with colonizing voters at the house No. 35 East Twelfth street. He was admitted to bail.

Want the Arrest Made Before Election.

The committee of democratic lawyers just appointed at a meeting of Tammany leaders to look after the interests of democrats arrested by federal officers before and on election day has sent a communication to Supervisor Davenport. The gist of the letter is in this paragraph: "As you can as well execute your warrants for illegal registration now as on election day, we have to request that you will forthwith issue and execute any warrants you may intend to issue for illegal registration in order that the elector, if entitled to his discharge, shall receive the same in time to cast his vote."

From Newburg, on the Hudson, comes intelligence that in the First ward of that city eighteen paupers have been registered. They are inmates of the almshouse, which is situated in that district. Application has been made to Judge Brown to have their names stricken from the registry list. He has ordered the names of all but four, who are residents of the district, to be taken off.

Further Instructions.

Charles M. Dennison, supervisor of elections of the northern district of New York, has issued final instructions to supervisors of elections appointed to serve at the coming election. He says Mr. Sheehan's pronunciamento is revolutionary, and that it seems hardly possible that any sane person will attempt to follow Mr. Sheehan's direction, "but fearing such attempts may be made, I again instruct supervisors of elections that they are to go inside the guard rail on election day and remain there before and behind the ballot boxes, as they may deem best, until the voting is done, the ballots counted, the returns made and the Board of Inspectors of Election adjourns. The supervisors are to perform the duties required of them by law, 'to personally scrutinize each count and canvass each ballot in the election district or voting precinct.'"

Will Appoint Deputies.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 4.—United States Marshal Spellman, for the eastern district of Arkansas, today issued instructions to deputy marshals. He has decided to appoint deputies throughout the district, and declares that under Attorney General Miller's opinion their service need not be confined to cities containing 20,000 inhabitants, as is held by the democratic state committee.

RED HOT RALLY.

Third Ward Colored Republican Club Has a Rousing Time.

A rousing rally was held last evening at the old Olympic theater under the auspices of the Colored Republican club of the Third ward, and there was not only a large attendance, but an abundance of enthusiasm. It was not for the purpose of hearing long political speeches, but rather to give the voters of the ward an opportunity to see and size up the various candidates on the party ticket, and from the reception accorded each and all of them it was evident that their appearance as well as what they had to say was eminently satisfactory.

Chairman Hubbard of the ward club, presided, and assured the candidates that when the members of the club were for a man they were for him, and that when they were against him they would come pretty near dumping him.

W. N. Nason, who was on a sick bed in a Chicago hospital a week ago and hardly able to be out, was present because of a promise made some time ago to that effect, and spoke for a few minutes.

T. K. Sudborough, president of the Fourth Ward club, was given an opportunity to make a statement regarding the charges that had been made to the effect that he had discriminated against the colored club in the distribution of tickets for the rally at Boyd's theater Thursday evening. He said that he had given the chairman of the colored club sixty-five tickets, as against thirty-five for the Sixth Ward club, and said that the individual who charged that he had kept the tickets for sale was a contemptible liar.

Five minute speeches were delivered by Hon. D. H. Mercer, Dr. M. O. Ricketts, C. A. Goss, A. S. Churchill, Charles Stevens, Henry Livesey, T. D. Crane, P. O. Hawes, A. D. White, Sol Prince and J. L. Kaley.

Mr. Kaley took occasion to answer the charge made by the World-Herald that he was a prohibitionist. He said that when he was in the legislature in 1885, he represented the counties of Webster and Franklin, and he was petioned by both counties to work for and vote for the bill providing for the submission to the people of the question of prohibition. He was a representative of the people of those two counties and not of himself, and he did not think that he would have been true to the trust reposed in him if he had not acted in accordance with the wishes of the people who elected him, and more especially as the state convention had committed the party to submission. Personally, he was opposed to prohibition, and on the floor of the house he stated that while he would support the bill because his people wanted it, he did not think that a prohibitory law was for the best interests of the state, and if it was submitted he would work and vote against the passage of such a law. He thought it very unfair for the World-Herald to say anything against him for supporting the submission measure, when that paper was also supporting it at the time and was urging the legislature to pass it. That paper had also charged that he was unfriendly to the workingman because he had opposed Turkle's bill, which provided that all convicts in the penitentiary should be kept locked in their cells during their full terms of sentence. Turkle had urged that convict labor was injuring the mechanics in the towns and cities of the state. At that time the speaker was a resident of the western part of the state, and when he looked out on the broad acres he felt that there was room and work enough for every man who wanted it, and that inasmuch as it was the report of the penitentiary officials in all the older states that it was the tendency of a large percentage of the convicts to become insane under that plan because of the want of anything to occupy their minds, he had been opposed to keeping them locked up in their cells.

VALLEY'S LARGEST RALLY.

Great Crowds of People from the Surrounding Country Present.

VALLEY, Neb., Nov. 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The largest rally of this campaign was held in the opera house this evening. Great crowds of people from the country and from neighboring towns swarmed to the meeting until the house was overflowing. A number of candidates in the persons of Messrs. Isaac Noyes, C. O. Lobeck, A. Lockner and G. R. Williams were present and made short speeches. But Mr. E. Rosewater of THE BEE was the speaker of the evening. He said: "I am surprised to come into your town and find such a commodious opera house and think that it is filled with such an audience. We are now on the eve of a great combat which will be settled next Tuesday. Yet the people are not concerned as they should be. The present administration has been a good one and it is the general feeling that the same should be continued. The republican party has carried this great nation to victory, yet it is constantly accused of robbing the people. But the accusations were never substantiated. A nation must defend her industries as well as her people, and the tariff is that defender. The Omaha bag factory, which employs 100 men, could not live but for the tariff, and so with many American manufactories. The increase of Omaha's population is due to her manufactories. The tariff is a big fence around the United States which compels the people to patronize home industries."

The speaker dwelt at length on the free coinage of silver and public finances and closed by showing up the records of the independent party in the last session of the legislature. He said the independents deal too much in futures. In closing he said: "Go to the ballot box and vote your honest convictions. Harrison has made a clean president; elect him again. Put men in office to represent your principles that have a character."

The attention of the large audience was held nearly two hours.

Dunlap's Democratic Rally.

DUNLAP, Ia., Nov. 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Hon. W. H. Ware of Council Bluffs spoke here this evening, discussing the political issues from a democratic standpoint. There was no demonstration. The attendance was fair and the speech ordinary.

AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

Republicans Turn Out in Large Numbers and Enthusiastic Spirits.

FACTS FOR THE GREAT THINKING PUBLIC

Judge Crounse Preaches the Doctrine of Protection and Patriotism to an Appreciative Audience—His Remarks Loudly Applauded.

The closing rally of the campaign in South Omaha was held last evening. Republican enthusiasm was on tap in quantities unmeasured and as free as the air. The announcement that Judge Crounse would be present and deliver an address brought out a large number of professors of other political faiths, who regard Judge Crounse as the best equipped and most trustworthy of the candidates for governor, and will vote for him on Tuesday.

Previous to the meeting at Blum's hall, Colonel Lott's Uniformed Marching club paraded the streets to the music of the South Omaha band. The boys made a fine appearance and a large crowd followed the procession to the hall. The hall was filled to overflowing, a large number of ladies being present.

Will Gurley Talks.

C. C. Stanley was introduced as chairman of the meeting. He presented Will F. Gurley, who delivered an address abounding with sound republican doctrine. He reviewed the history of the country from the time the republican party took the reins of government until the present. He called attention to the unparalleled prosperity of the country under thirty years of republican rule and predicted that the people were appreciative of the fact and were inclined to leave well enough alone. He paid a high compliment to President Harrison and his administration and predicted his election.

The mention of President Harrison's name brought out enthusiastic cheers, as did the speaker's reference to Judge Crounse, to whom he paid a very high compliment.

Mr. Gurley urged the republicans to not be forgetful of their duties on election day, and see to it that the prosperity of the nation is not hampered by the ascendancy to power of the democratic party.

Judge Crounse was introduced by the chairman, and he was enthusiastically cheered, the applause and cheers lasting for several minutes. Judge Crounse's address was not a lengthy one, but was bristling with logic and argument and he made many friends by his masterly presentation of the issues now before the people. He said in part:

Judge Crounse's Speech.

"The democratic party, for the first time within its history, has presented a fair issue, although it has skulked in times past and its position was all along undefinable on the tariff question. Its policy was at all times anything that was in opposition to the principles of the republican party. Now they are for a tariff for revenue only. We all know what a tariff for revenue only is. It is an assessment upon articles of import which we do not and cannot product such as tea, coffee, sugar and other commodities. The doctrine of a tariff for revenue only is that the poor shall pay as much as the rich, the farmer as much as a Gould or Vanderbilt. The doctrine of republicanism and protection is grander and broader than that. The republican party favors a tariff which will support the government, protect the American laborer, and foster and build up the American manufactories. It is a grand privilege to be a citizen of America and also Nebraska. Her progress and march of prosperity is a source of great pride to each of us. This state was born out of republican legislation which dedicated this territory to freedom, and has since then been carrying out the grand principles of the republican party. The farmer is the most interested in the great policy of protection, as are incidentally those who depend upon him. We are all interested in building up the grandest market of the world, and the policy of the republican party is doing that. The democratic party favors buying where it can purchase the cheapest and selling where it can secure the highest prices. The republican party has clearly proven by the carrying out of its policies that we can sell more at home at better prices than elsewhere. The protective policy of the republican party and reciprocity have enabled us to introduce our products into other countries. The United States said to Germany, you raise the embargo upon American pork and we will let your sugar come in free. It was done and $30,000,000 worth of the product of America's packing houses went there last year. Similar trade relations were made with other countries and we are enjoying their benefits.

"The currency question is one of great importance. I maintain that we must encourage and keep up the best system of currency. We want a currency that is good here and abroad, good today and tomorrow. Those who have had experience with wildcat currency appreciate its character. It is insufficient as a medium of exchange. It might pass current here but would not elsewhere. A national currency is the only sound one."

Judge Crounse then reviewed the history of the wildcat currency and spoke of the fight he made in congress in 1879 to have a national currency with the credit of the government behind it established. He urged the people to "stand up for Nebraska" and elect the entire republican ticket.

Judge Crounse was followed by E. J. Cornish, Hon. D. H. Mercer and Eugene Moore in short speeches. The meeting adjourned with three cheers for the republican ticket.

Ignorance of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune. These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache, dyspepsia, bad breath, constipation and biliousness.

Board of Public Works.

The Board of Public Works held the regular weekly session yesterday afternoon and after allowing James Stevenson an estimate of $3,015, ordered the street sweeping to be discontinued after November 15.

The contract for grading Thirty-fifth avenue, from Leavenworth street to the south line of Ellis Place, was awarded to Katz & Callahan at 19 9-10 cents per cubic yard.

The contract for grading Twenty-second street, from Nicholas to Clark, was awarded to Lamarough Bros. at 13 cents per yard.

H. Langstadter has removed his cigar store to the McCague building, northwest corner 16th and Dodge streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

In the hands of actors capable of bringing out its merits fully "The Colonel" would be an irresistibly funny play. As presented by the company which began an engagement at the Boyd last evening it is moderately amusing. A husband who has an adventure with a pretty woman he meets at night on the streets tries to lie out of the affair when the young woman calls at his home, and of course he gets tangled in a web of falsehood. The woman gets mixed up with the man's niece, just arrived from America, and a suspicious mother-in-law complicates matters by insisting on explanations at the most inopportune times. The old lady is the widow of a colonel and is known in the family by that title, hence the name of the play. "The Colonel" is a comedy of the farcial type, but with very few specialties.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

At Liverpool—Arrived—Rossmore, from Baltimore.

At Kinsale—Passed—Lancaster, from Boston.

At Copenhagen—Arrived—Thingvalla, from New York.

At London—Arrived—Michigan, from New York.

At Philadelphia—Arrived—Westhall, from Antwerp.

At Boston—Arrived—Roman, from Liverpool.

At New York—Arrived—Africa, from Bremerhaven.

Iams Case Gone to the Jury.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 4.—Final arguments in the Iams case were heard this morning and Judge Porter delivered his charge to the jury. The charge was strongly favorable to the accused, the court holding that the jury could not find Colonels Hawkins and Streator guilty of assault if they acted under orders of a superior officer, nor under any circumstances unless Iams' punishment was inflicted unlawfully and maliciously.

The "No. 9" Wheeler & Wilson makes a perfect stitch with all kinds of thread on all classes of material. It is always ready. Sold by Geo. W. Lancaster & Co., 514 S. 16th street.

Emperors at a Funeral.

STUTTGART, Nov. 4.—The funeral of the dowager queen of Wurtemburg, who died October 30, occurred today. In the procession to the church Emperor William of Germany walked beside King William of Wurtemburg.

Frescoing and interior decorating; designs and estimates furnished. Henry Lehmann, 1508 Douglas street.

Can't Stand American Competition.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 4.—During the past week eight firms, mostly in the grain trade have failed. Another large house, finding the export of grain profitless in the face of American competition, decided to abandon business.

LOCAL WHEEZILES.

The First Ward Republican and Flambeau clubs will meet at their hall, Sixteenth and Clark streets, this evening at 7 o'clock, to attend the rally in North Omaha.

Fire on the roof of a shed in the rear of a tin shop at 412 South Tenth street called out the fire department at 7 o'clock last night. A bucket of water put out the blaze. Loss nothing but a half dozen shingles.

George Adgate, superintendent of Soovsmith & Co., contractors for the piers of the new East Omaha bridge, has arrived in the city to take charge of the work. The machinery and outfit left Sioux City Thursday morning and is coming down the river on barges, and will probably be here Wednesday.

Mr. L. B. Hamlen,

Of Augusta, Me., says: "I do not remember when I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla; it was several years ago, and I have found it does me a great deal of good in my declining years.

I am 91 Years

2 months and 26 days old, and my health is perfectly good. I have no aches or pains about me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

regulates my bowels, stimulates my appetite, and **helps me to sleep well.** I doubt if a preparation ever was made so well suited to the wants of **old people.**" L. B. HAMLEN, Elm Street, Augusta, Me., Sept. 26, 1891.

HOOD'S PILLS are a mild, gentle, painless, safe and efficient cathartic. Always reliable.

PERMANENT SIDEWALK RESOLUTION.

Council Chamber, Omaha, Neb., 1892.

Be it resolved by the city council of the city of Omaha, the Mayor concurring:

That permanent sidewalks be constructed in the city of Omaha as designated below, within five days after the publication of this resolution, or the personal service thereof, as by ordinance is authorized and required; such sidewalks to be laid to the permanent grade as established on the paved streets specified herein, and to be constructed of stone, artificial stone, brick or tiling, according to specifications on file in the office of the Board of Public Works, and under its supervision, to-wit:

East side of 24th street, lot 10, block 7, Kountze Place, 10 feet wide, permanent grade.

West side of 29th avenue, lots 6, 7 and 8, block 11, Hanscom Place, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

South side of Hickory street, lot 1, block 18, Hanscom Place, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

West side of 32nd street, lots 1 to 12 inclusive, block 7, Hanscom Place, 5 feet wide, permanent grade.

East side of 32nd street, lots 13 to 24 inclusive, block 6, Hanscom Place, 5 feet wide, permanent grade.

West side of 32nd street, lots 1 to 6 inclusive, block 2, Euclid Place, 5 feet wide, permanent grade.

East side of 32nd street, lots 7 to 12 inclusive, block 1, Euclid Place, 5 feet wide, permanent grade.

South side of Leavenworth street, lots 1 to 7 inclusive, block 12, Billings' subdiv in West Omaha, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

South side of Leavenworth street, lots 1 to 7 inclusive, block 11, Stanton's subdiv in West Omaha, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

East side of 29th street, lots 9 to 18 inclusive, block 3, subdiv of J. J. Redick's, 6 feet wide, permanent grade.

And, be it further resolved:

That the Board of Public Works be, and is hereby authorized and directed to cause a copy of this resolution to be published in the official paper of the city for one week, or be served on the owners of said lots, and that unless such owners shall within five days after the publication or service of such copy construct said sidewalks as herein required, that the Board of Public Works cause the same to be done, the cost of constructing said sidewalks respectively to be assessed against the real estate, lot or part of lot in front of and abutting such sidewalks.

Passed October 11th, 18th, 25th, 1892.

E. P. DAVIS,
President of the City Council.

Attest: JOHN GROVES,
City Clerk.

Approved: GEO. P. BEMIS,
Mayor.

NOTICE TO CONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS.

To the owners of the lots, parts of lots and real estate described in the above resolution—

You and each of you are hereby notified to construct permanent sidewalks as required by a resolution of the city council and mayor of the city of Omaha, of which the above is a copy.

P. W. BIRKHAUSER,
Chairman Board of Public Works.

Omaha, Neb., November 1st, 1892. n1d7t

CONTINENTAL CLOTHING HOUSE.

Great Special Sale of

Overcoats and Ulsters

Bought at the great auction sale from the stock of Beirman, Heidelberg & Co., New York, on sale

SATURDAY

$12 Elegant light kerseys, wool lined, worth $18, at this sale for twelve dollars.

$16 Handsome American Mills kerseys in seal brown, a garment which retails regularly for $25, at this sale for sixteen dollars.

$10 Drab imported kerseys, worth $18, at this sale for ten dollars.

$15 Elegant tan kerseys, regular $22 goods, at this sale for fifteen dollars.

$10 Elegant blue Eleysian overcoats, worth $15, at this sale for ten dollars.

$8 Handsome wool diagonal overcoats, in two shades, cheap at $12, at this sale for eight dollars.

$6 Eleysian and Chinchilla overcoats, worth $12, at this sale for six dollars

Come Early SATURDAY

TO THE

CONTINENTAL

Corner Douglas and 15th Sts.

33 per ct. difference.

Royal Baking Powder,

Strongest, Purest, Most Economical.

Certain baking powder makers are publishing falsified extracts from the Government reports, with pretended analyses and certificates, wherein an attempt is made to compare their baking powders with the "Royal," or making bogus tests from house to house, their obvious purpose being to counteract the recent exposures of the inferiority of their own goods arising from their impurity, low strength, and lack of keeping qualities as shown by the Government chemists and others.

As to whether any of these baking powders are equal to the "Royal," the official tests clearly determine. When samples of various baking powders were purchased from the grocers, and analyzed by the United States Government Chemists and the Chemists of State and City Boards of Health, the reports revealed the fact that the "Royal" contained from 28 per cent. to 60 per cent. more leavening strength than any other cream of tartar baking powder and also that it was more perfectly made, of purer ingredients, and altogether wholesome.

As these powders are sold to consumers at the same price, by the use of the Royal Baking Powder there is an average saving of over one third, besides the advantage of assured purity and wholesomeness of food, and of bread, biscuit and cake made perfectly light, sweet, and palatable—advantages not to be had in the use of the low grade, cheaply made baking powders that contain lime, alum, and other impurities.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S NEW THEATER. **A HIT.**

TODAY — TWO TIMES.

That Charming Comedy,

THE COLONEL.

Matinee This Afternoon at 2:30.

Prices—First floor, 75c; balcony, 50c.

Evening Performance at 8.

Usual prices.

Note—Between the first and second acts Mr. William Devere, the "Tramp Poet," will recite "The First Piano in Camp."

Closing performance of "The Colonel" Sunday night.

Farnam Street Theater | POPULAR PRICES.

TONIGHT.

DORE DAVIDSON

—AND—

MISS RAMIE AUSTEN

—IN—

GUILTY WITHOUT CRIME.

A dramatization of M. E. Braddon's "AURORA FLOYD."

Saturday Matinee.

Farnam Street Theater. | POPULAR PRICES.

One solid week commencing Sunday matinee Nov. 6.

The Big Comedy Event

— **OUR IRISH VISITORS** —

(All Laughter)

Sam. J. Ryan, Lottie Gilson and a great cast.

Pretty Girls, Original Specialties, Sparkling Music.

Election returns will be read from the stage Tuesday evening November 8th.

WONDERLAND

AND BIJOU THEATER

All This Week.

Rice & Wall's Comedy Company in

THE LIGHTNING AGENT

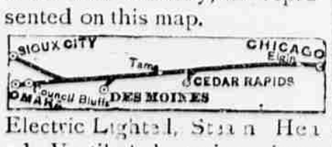
And a Grand Specialty Bill, Including

VIOLET MASCOTTE World's greatest serpentine dancer

20c GENERAL ADMISSION NO HIGHER. 20c

THE SHORTEST LINE TO CHICAGO

is via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, as represented on this map.



Electric Lighted, Steam Heated Vestibuled trains leave Omaha daily at 7:05 p. m., arriving at Chicago at 9:30 a. m. City Ticket Office, 1501 Farnam St., Omaha.

F. A. NASH, Gen'l Agent.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE AMERICAN Water Works Company, a corporation of New Jersey.

The undersigned was appointed receiver of said corporation by the court of chancery of New Jersey on July 20, 1892.

By an order of said court, made on the date of the date of this notice, you are required to prove your claims and demands before me to my satisfaction, within four months from the date hereof, or be excluded from the benefit of such dividends as may thereafter be made of the proceeds of the effects of said corporation.

Claims should be itemized and sworn to, and may be forwarded by mail to Collins & Corbin, solicitors of the receiver, 243 Washington street, Jersey City, N. J. They will be promptly acknowledged.

E. RYDE RUST, Receiver.
243 Washington Street, Jersey City, N. J.
Dated September 12, 1892.

DEAFNESS CURED.

BY ELECTRICITY.

Send 10 CENTS for 100-pp. 8vo. page "ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT AND PROOFS CURES."

B. B. BLISS, IOWA FALLS, IOWA.

PAVING BONDS.

Proclamation and notice of submission to the electors and legal voters of the city of Omaha of the question of issuing the bonds of the city of Omaha in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) to pay for the cost of paving, repaving or macadamizing the intersections of streets and spaces opposite alleys in said city, and to pay the cost of paving in front of real estate not subject to assessment of special taxes for paving purposes.

To the electors and legal voters of the city of Omaha:

I, George P. Bemis, mayor of the city of Omaha, do issue this, my proclamation, and by the authority vested in me as such mayor do hereby give public notice to the electors and legal voters of the city of Omaha that a general election will be held in said city on Tuesday, the eighth day of November, 1892, for the purpose of submitting to said electors and legal voters the question and proposition, following, to-wit:

"Shall bonds of the city of Omaha in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) be issued for the purpose of paying the cost of paving, repaving or macadamizing the intersections of streets and spaces opposite alleys in said city, or paving the cost of paving in front of real estate not subject to assessment of special taxes for paving purposes, said bonds to run not more than twenty (20) years and to bear interest payable semi-annually at a rate not exceeding five per cent per annum, with coupons attached, to be called "Paving bonds," and not to be sold for less than par, the proceeds of which shall be used for no other purpose than paying the cost of paving, repaving or macadamizing the intersections of streets and spaces opposite alleys in said city, or in front of real estate not subject to assessment of special taxes for paving purposes?"

The said question and proposition shall be submitted to said electors entire in the proper form provided by law for official ballots, with the words "Yes" "No" printed thereon. All of said ballots having an "X" mark following the word "Yes" shall be counted in favor of issuing said bonds, and all of said ballots having an "X" mark following the word "No" shall be counted and considered as against the issuing of said bonds.

The polls shall be open the day of said election at eight o'clock in the morning and shall continue open until six o'clock in the evening of the same day at the respective voting places, as follows:

FIRST WARD.

1st District—S E corner 7th and Marcy streets.
2nd District—N W corner 8th and Leavenworth streets.
3rd District—N E corner 12th and Jones streets.
4th District—S E corner 13th and first alley south of Pierce street.
5th District—North side of Pacific street between 6th and 7th streets.
6th District—East side of 6th street near south of Pacific street.
7th District—S E corner of Park Wild avenue and William street.
8th District—S W corner 10th and Hickory streets.
9th District—S W corner 6th and Center streets.
10th District—N W corner 9th and Bancroft streets.
11th District—N E corner 13th and Vinton streets.

SECOND WARD.

1st District—N W corner 14th and Jones streets.
2nd District—N W corner 13th and Pacific streets.
3rd District—S W corner 18th and Leavenworth streets.
4th District—S W corner 20th and Leavenworth streets.
5th District—S E corner 23d and Leavenworth streets.
6th District—East side of South 20th street, opposite Poppleton ave.
7th District—S E corner 16th and Pierce streets.
8th District—S E corner 14th and William streets.
9th District—N E corner Sixteenth and Center streets.
10th District—N W corner 24th and Dorcas streets.
11th District—S E corner 20th and Bancroft streets.
12th District—N E corner 15th and Vinton streets.
13th District—S W corner 13th and Valley streets.
14th District—N E corner 20th and Boulevard avenue.

THIRD WARD.

1st District—S W corner 12th and Chicago streets.
2d District—N W corner 14th and Davenport streets.
3d District—South side of Capitol avenue near (west of) 13th street.
4th District—West side of 12th street, between Douglas and Dodge streets.
5th District—N E corner 19th and Capitol avenue.
6th District—N E corner 9th and Harney streets.
7th District—S E corner 11th and Douglas streets.
8th District—N E corner 15th and Jackson streets.
9th District—S E corner 16th and Howard streets.

FOURTH WARD.

1st District—N W corner 17th and Davenport streets.
2nd District—N W corner 22nd and Davenport streets.
3rd District—N W corner 25th and Dodge streets.
4th District—N E corner 17th and Dodge streets.
5th District—N E corner 17th and Harney streets.
6th District—N W corner 20th and Douglas streets.
7th District—N W corner 26th street and St. Mary's avenue.
8th District—S W corner 20th street and St. Mary's avenue.
9th District—East side of South 19th street, between Harney street and St. Mary's avenue.
10th District—N W corner 18th and Leavenworth streets.
11th District—S W corner 17th street and St. Mary's avenue.

FIFTH WARD.

1st District—East side of Sherman avenue opposite Manderson street.
2nd District—S E corner Sherman avenue and Wirt street.
3rd District—S W corner Sherman avenue and Lake street.
4th District—N W corner Sherman avenue and Grace street.
5th District—S W corner 17th and Charles streets.
6th District—East side of Sherman avenue about 300 feet north of Nicholas street.
7th District—S E corner 16th and Izard streets.
8th District—N W corner 16th and Burt streets.
9th District—N E corner 15th and Cass streets.
10th District—East side North 17th street between California and Cass streets.
11th District—S E corner 18th and Cass streets.

SIXTH WARD.

1st District—S E corner 24th street and Ames avenue.
2nd District—S W corner 36th street and Grand avenue.
3rd District—N E corner 45th and Grant streets.
4th District—S W corner 24th and Manderson streets.
5th District—S E corner 24th and Wirt streets.
6th District—S W corner 33rd and Parker streets.
7th District—N W corner 24th and Corby streets.
8th District—N E corner 27th and Burdette streets.
9th District—N E corner 22nd and Grant streets.
10th District—N W corner 24th and Franklin streets.
11th District—S W corner 24th and Franklin streets.
12th District—S W corner 22nd and Clark streets.

SEVENTH WARD.

1st District—S W corner 28th and Mason streets.
2nd District—N E corner 29th avenue and Popplelon avenue.
3rd District—S W corner 29th street and Woolworth avenue.
4th District—N W corner 29th street and Arbor street.
5th District—South side of Vinton street near (east of) south 32d avenue.
6th District—S E corner 33th avenue and Poppleton avenue.
7th District—N W corner 34th and Francis streets.

EIGHTH WARD.

1st District—East side of 26th street near (south of) Charles street.
2nd District—West side of 23d street near (south of) Paul street.
3rd District—N W corner 29th and Nicholas streets.
4th District—N E corner 29th and Cuming streets.
5th District—West side of North 25th street near (north of) Cuming street.
6th District—S E corner 22d and Burt streets.
7th District—S W corner 29th and Cass streets.

NINTH WARD.

1st District—S W corner 32d and Cuming streets.
2d District—N W corner 40th and Cuming streets.
3d District—N E corner 40th and Farnam streets.
4th District—North side of Davenport street near (west of) North 32d avenue.
5th District—S E corner 31st avenue and Dodge street.
6th District—S W corner 29th avenue and Jackson street.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand as mayor of said city of Omaha, this 17th day of October, 1892.

GEO. P. BEMIS, Mayor.

Attest: JOHN GROVES, City Clerk. o23d21t

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