THE CONDITION OF TRADE

Jobbers Can Throw No New Light on the Situation.

COUNTRY COLLECTIONS ARE GOOD

Local Conditions Somewhat Improved, While the Outlook is Decidedly Brighter —A Better Feeling Prevalent in Many Directions.

Another week has passed and still the jobbers of Omaha have nothing new to offer bearing on the state of trade. It is the same old story of "trade never better," "have all we can do," "rushed to fill orders," etc. "What THE BEE said last week regarding the jobbing trade would apply equally well at the present time," said one jobber.

The change to cooler weather, giving a hint of still colder weather to come, may be said to have helped certain lines. It has caused country merchants to put in their orders for winter goods a little more freely even than they have been doing. While the trade is exceedingly good jobbers do not look upon it as temporary, but on the contrary expect to see the present pace maintained to the end of the season.

It is needless to say that country collections are very satisfactory. The retailers are enjoying a good trade, as indicated by the size and frequency of their orders, and they are receiving cash for the goods which they are passing over their counters.

It would be impossible to imagine the condition of the jobbing trade any better than it is at the present time or the prospects any brighter.

In local retail circles conditions are somewhat brighter. The increase in the amount of building going on has given the lumbermen more to do and while there has been no rush they are busy to what they were earlier in the season. The same cause has produced a decided improvement in the hardware trade and in fact in every line connected in any way with the work of erecting buildings.

The employment of more men in building operations and in the prosecution of public improvements must help all the retail lines, even if it has not already done so. Some retailers profess to have experienced an improvement in the grocery trade, while others are only anticipating an improvement.

The coming of colder weather has put life into the coal trade, and must help the sale of winter dry goods and clothing.

While some retailers still talk about dull times, there is a general feeling that the situation is somewhat improved, and that the prospects are decidedly brighter. Business men are talking about trade having touched the low point of dullness and depression, and that from now on the tendency will be upward. Some are predicting that next year will witness great activity in local affairs. A banker remarks that while money has been plenty this year and in excess of the demand for loans, next year the building operations will require all the spare money to be had.

Parties who have made the rounds of the city express surprise at the amount of building that is going on. The building operations are not as extensive as they have been at some other periods of the city's history but they are in advance of what many people suppose. Contracts for several large buildings have been recently let which are likely to keep mechanics employed well into the winter.

AS DUN SEE IT.

Omaha's Local Trade Considered by an Expert in Business Matters.

W. H. Roberson, manager of R. G. Dun & Co.'s Omaha office, referring to local trade, says:

"Lumber dealers are crowded with orders. They find it difficult to keep up with the demand.

"Material men—dealers in paints, oils and glass, and manufacturers of sash, door, blinds and millwork—tell the same story. One of the oldest firms in this line says: 'Never in my twenty years' experience in this line have I known so much building among farmers. The prairies must be fairly dotted over with new dwellings and barns, judging from the demand for material. City trade, too, has braced up wonderfully within the last thirty days. We are behind with our orders every Saturday night and what is still more to the point we have scarcely a customer on our books who does not discount his bills.'

"Hardware trade has been large the past week in both shelf and heavy goods.

"Boots and shoes, dry goods, notions and clothing fairly satisfactory; would be better with colder weather.

"The leaf tobacco jobbers complain of dull times. This is attributed to the high price of Sumatra and other imported stock. Local manufacturers have not yet got accustomed to the advance and buy only for absolute consumption.

"Wholesale millinery is in better demand. The slightly cooler weather has stimulated trade in this line.

"The oyster fight is still on and dealers are quite willing to quit cutting prices, but none willing to take the initiatory steps looking to a compromise.

"Grocers continue very busy and the drug men have had a good week.

"The harness firms report trade very satisfactory and collections exceptionally good. The local factory in this line is crowded with work and is adding to its working force.

"Liquor men report sales not quite as good as one year ago, but collections enough better to more than make up for this.

"Crockery and queensware jobbers have only one complaint and that is the short demand for fruit jars as compared with a year ago, when the fruit crop was more satisfactory.

"Retail trade shows some improvement, but is still far from what it ought to be. Real estate continues dull locally, though reports of activity in good farm lands come from the older sections of the state. Town and city property everywhere is quiet.

"Banks generally agree that the tendency is now to stiffen rates and a better demand for money, with prospects for a heavier call upon their surplus soon after the election.

"South Omaha had a feast and a famine time of it. Part of the week there has been a good supply of stock and the remainder of the time the demand has exceeded the supply. The week shows a falling off in receipts and a stiffening of prices on cattle of the more desirable grades. Hogs have about held their own as to number received and prices continue good with eastern buyers active and local packers buying freely. On Thursday the run of hogs was the heaviest for six weeks, but not heavy enough to break the market even for that day. Sheep are not coming in fast enough to make much of a show in the market."

Traders' Talk.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 22.—Counselman & Day to Cockrell Bros. Commission company: As was expected the accumulated receipts of grain pressed heavily upon western markets and shippers were inclined to hold off until Monday. The rumored failure of a London grain house with branches in Paris and Antwerp, though not confirmed, was a disturbing element to the longs and a decline of ¾c in wheat and ½c in corn and ½c in oats was suffered. Closing prices showed but slight rallies on covering by shorts. A late estimate of 3,000,000 bu. to 3,500,000 bu. increase in the visible supply of wheat caused a weak sentiment among speculators. Provisions had no new features. The daily routine of bull manipulation by Wright and Cudahy was followed out. This is getting to be a veritable chestnut and has a decidedly stale flavor as a news item, except to the shorts, who seem to be the only parties interested outside of the bull clique.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 22.—F. G. Logan & Co to Duncan, Hollinger & Co: Wheat has been active from the opening until the close, but at lower prices than the closing of Wednesday. December opened 74⅞c, sold off to 74⅛@¼c and closed at 73⅞@74c. May selling about 5c over December. Our views expressed in our letter of the 19th inst. are unchanged and until conditions change we do not look for much if any advance. Receipts at the primary markets for three days were 3,168,000, with 817,000 exported from the seaboard. This is too much wheat with so light a demand. Another cause for the decline was the cable advices of financial difficulties of a prominent French grain firm. Estimates on the visible supply for Monday put it at 3,300,000. The weakness in wheat extended to corn. May opened at 49½c, sold off and closed at 48@48½c. The cash demand for shipment is poor and stocks are accumulating. It is going lower in the near future. Oats were also weak with a very light trade. May fluctuated from 33½c to 34c. The business in hog product is very light, the Wright following the only support to the market.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 22.—Kennett, Hopkins & Co. to S. A. McWhorter: During the holidays the outside markets declined ⅝c and today Chicago has merely got into line. There was considerable selling on a foreign grain failure, but markets where it occurred showed no weakness. Primary market receipts during the past three days have fallen off while exports have increased. Estimates for Monday indicate a continued lighter movement. Some short lines were partly covered today that were sold several days ago, but local scalpers are working mainly on the bear side. The pressure of cash grain has carried corn still lower and the market has had a firmer tone all day. Oats have done rather better. The demand from shorts has sustained prices. In provisions the big holders have added somewhat to their lines at the expense of room traders whose short lines have been thereby increased. Manipulation is still the controlling feature in the markets.

GETTING AT IT IN EARNEST.

Charges Against the Hogan Jurors Will Be Fully Investigated.

The end of the trouble in the case of James Hogan against the Omaha Railway company, in which it is alleged that while in their room Jurors Redey and Hall told their associates that Attorneys Ransom, Gurley and Marple, who appeared for the plaintiff were blankety blanked blanks, and their client should never have a judgment for damages for the loss of a leg, is not yet. In fact the end is as far in the future as it was when the matter was called to the attention of the court last week.

It is known that the jury belonged in Judge Irvine's court; that while he was absent at Tekamah Attorney Ransom happened to drop into the room adjoining the one in which the jurors were confined and that while he was there he heard the language, and besides this learned that the men were playing cards instead of considering the issues in the case. His findings were reported to Judge Ferguson, who thought that the matter should be brought before the judge who presided at the trial.

When Judge Irvine returned the matter was reported to him, and after hearing the statements the jury was discharged and the two jurors who had incurred the displeasure of the lawyers were cited to appear yesterday morning that an investigation of the facts might be had and that it might be learned whether or not there were certain men who made it their business to hang around the courts for the purpose of corrupting jurors.

When court convened most of the jurors who were in the case as well as the attorneys for both plaintiff and defendant were present. John L. Webster, who had represented the defendant, said that he had been absent from the city and knew nothing about the facts only as he had read the newspapers. If the facts were as stated a most thorough investigation should be had. He would not court such an investigation without the attorneys made formal charges and made them in writing.

Attorney Ransom replied that every man in the city knew of the charges, and that if they were true the jurors well knew that they were violating their sworn duty when they took cards into the jury room. If the charges were true the men should be discharged in disgrace if no more severe penalty was inflicted.

Mr. Webster said that his friends appeared as public complainants; they had made the charges in a public court, in the presence of the jury that had the case under consideration. It looked to him as though the charge were made for the purpose of intimidating the jury into agreeing upon a verdict. Instead of the two men being guilty, he expected to show there were other jurors who said "the instructions of the court d——d." He expected to show that five of the twelve men wanted to return a verdict for the plaintiff simply because the defendant was a corporation. These charges he wanted investigated as well as the ones made by Hogan's attorneys. In all of the cases there should be affidavits, that the accused jurors might meet them. Without the affidavits there could be no end to the investigation. Mr. Webster said that he stood as a friend to the court and was ready to assist in getting at the bottom of the whole matter, but that he had a right to insist that the investigation be thorough and not onesided. That was all he wanted, no matter who was hit.

Mr. Ransom said that he had no desire to make the investigation an inquisition, onesided or partial; all he wanted was to get at the truth and the facts as they existed.

Juror Redey insisted that he did not know what the charges were, and for that reason was not prepared to defend himself. He would not make any statement in the case until the charges were made and he knew what he had to meet.

Judge Irvine was of the opinion that charges should be filed, that the two jurors could be prepared to defend their positions.

Mr. Ransom was of the opinion that if the investigation was continued it would get beyond the jurisdiction of the court and that the whole affair would be a farce.

The judge assured Mr. Ransom that there would be no danger of that, and if the affidavits were filed he would take up the case the first thing next Monday morning.

Mr. Ransom answered that he was ready to dictate the affidavit and have the investigation proceed at once.

Juror Redey urged that he was not prepared to proceed until he had consulted an attorney. The charges against himself and Hall were too serious to go into without some preparation. He was sure of one thing, however, and that was that the statement made before Judge Ferguson was for the sole purpose of scaring the jury into returning a verdict for Hogan.

Later in the day Mr. Ransom filed his charges in the office of the clerk of the court, and Monday morning the investigation will begin. The affidavits, which are on file simply recite the statements previously published.

VIEWS OF THE INTERVIEWED.

W. S. Wright, of Rector-Wilhelmy Co.—It is strange how things will turn out sometimes. A short time ago a Chicago gentleman called on me with a letter of introduction from a friend residing in that city. During our conversation a small memorandum book, bearing our firm name and which we have to present to our friends, caught his eye. "By the way," said the Chicago man, "that book reminds me that I picked up a similar one this summer on Cushing's island, Casco bay, on the coast of Maine, and when I reach home I will send it to you." The book has been received and one of its pages bears the name of Fanny Clarke, Omaha, Neb., written in a fine, lady's hand.

Sergeant Graves—The roast which Detective Haze got in the World Herald is, in my opinion, entirely uncalled for and unjust. No one can accuse Haze of being a careless or negligent officer. He has been on this force for a long time now and there is no record of his ever having lost a prisoner before. He has captured hundreds of them, too. Any officer in the world is liable to lose a man some time, no matter how careful he may be, and he feels bad enough about it without having a newspaper writer who has only heard one side of the story jumping on him.

THE REALTY MARKET.

INSTRUMENTS placed on record Oct. 22, 1892:

WARRANTY DEEDS.

S B Shirk, trustee, to John Schumacher, lot 2, block 2, Burton's subdivy, lots 3 and 11, block 1, South Omaha View, and n 22 feet of e 95 feet, lot 4, Okahoma	2,500
Charles Corbett and wife to E H Rateikin, undiv ½ lots 1 to 24, block 1, lots 1 to 24, block 2, Godfrey's add, undiv ½ lots 1 to 24, Jewett's add	1
Henry Ambler et al to Western Investment company, lot 7, block 7, Ambler Place	400
Leavitt Burnham and wife to Kate Locker, lot 1 block 1, Burnham Place	550
G H Boggs and wife to E J Miller, lot 4, block 9, Omaha View	1,800
Same to same, lot 21, block 35, G H Boggs' add	125
A J Poppleton and wife to Lowe Avenue Building association, lot 15, block 11, lots 3 and 16, block 17, Poppleton park	5,500
Lowe Avenue Building association to Mrs F E Ames, lot 3, block 17, same	1,500

QUIT CLAIM DEEDS.

J M Hendee and husband to Louis Crombie, lots 16 to 19, Buckeye Place	5
Margaret Mattingly to J B Sutton, w 44 feet and e 22 feet lot 8, block 77, Omaha	2
G W Chambers and wife to F J Everitt, lot 4, Burr Oak	1
L C Bondo and wife to Peter Olsen, lot 18, block 6, Baker Place	150

DEEDS.

G A Bennett, sheriff, to Andrew Riley et al, lot 5, Hascall's subdiv; s 74 feet of e 8 87 feet lot 65, S E Rogers' Okahoma	1
Same to R H Henry, n 22 feet of s 44 feet of e 87 feet lot 1, block 121, Omaha	1
H B Foster, special master, to J F Flack, lot 22, block 4, Potter & Cobb's add to South Omaha	5
J O Calder, special master, to E A Benson, lot 25, Block 5, Briggs Place	5
Total amount of transfers	$12,636

THE SPECULATIVE MARKETS

Heaviness in Grain and Buoyancy in Provisions Tell the Tale.

EXPORTS FROM THE SEABOARD WERE FAIR

Corn Was Weak and Lower as a Result of the Big Receipts of the Past Three Days—Oats Were Quiet.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 22.—Heaviness in grain and buoyancy in provisions tell the tale of today's market. Wheat is from ¼c to 1c lower and corn from ½c to ⅞c. The wheat receipts were a depressing weight, the arrivals here for three days footing up 1,026 cars and there were nearly 3,000 cars in the northwest.

A reported failure of a large concern in Paris with a branch house in Antwerp made the trade here nervous and helped to weaken prices, although it did not appear to have much effect on the market which would actually be most affected if the failure had been important. But there was very little demand and holders were generally disposed to sell, so that the feeling was easy during almost the entire session. The exports from the seaboard for the past two days were fair but the movements from both coasts for the week were smaller, being only 3,275,000 bu. of wheat and flour, against 3,623,000 bu. for the week previous and 5,303,000 bu. for the corresponding week last year. The opening was from ⅛c to ¼c lower than closing figures of Wednesday and prices further declined from ⅛c to ⅞c, held steady and the closing from ½c to ¼c from the bottom.

Corn was weak and lower, dullness in trade, big receipts for three days, and sympathy with the weakness in wheat. There was not much demand and the offerings were free. The tendency to decline was slightly counteracted by the firmness of provisions. Initial trades were at about the final figures of Wednesday, but gradually sagged off from ½c to ⅞c.

Oats were quiet and lower on the big arrivals for three days and the weakness in the other pits. The close was at from ⅛c to ¼c under Wednesday in the firmness.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

ARTICLES.	OPEN.	HIGH.	LOW.	CLOSE.
WHEAT No. 2				
October	$ 72⅛	72⅛	71⅜	71⅞
December	74@74⅛	74⅝	73⅞	73⅞@74
May	79⅛@79⅛	79⅝	78⅝	78⅞
CORN No. 2—				
October	41½	41½	40¾	40¾
December	42	42	41⅛	41⅛@41¼
May	45½	45½	45	45@45⅛
OATS NO. 2—				
November	29⅝	29⅝	29	29⅛
December	30⅛	30⅛	30	30⅛
May	33⅞	34⅛	33⅞	33¾
MESS PORK—				
November	11 90	12 15	11 90	12 15
January	13 20	13 35	13 15	13 35
LARD—				
November	7 97½	8 05	7 97½	8 05
January	7 50	7 57½	7 45	7 55
SHORT RIBS—				
October	10 50	10 85	10 50	10 80
January	6 82½	6 90	6 82½	6 90

Cash quotations were as follows:

FLOUR—Weak; prices 10@25c lower than one week back.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 71¾@71⅞c; No. 3 spring, 6 @65c; No. 2 red, 71¾@71⅞c.

CORN—No. 2 cash, 40⅝c; No. 3, 39c.

OATS—No. 2, 28⅝c; No. 2 white, 29c; No. 3, white, 29¼@29c.

RYE—No. 2, 54c.

BARLEY—No. 2, 60@62c; No. 3, f. o. b., 57c.

FLAX SEED—No. 1, $1 09¾.

TIMOTHY SEED—Prime, $1.60.

PORK—Mess, per bbl., $ 2 55@12.30; lard, per 100 lbs., $8 80; short ribs, sides (loose), $6.75@6.80; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $7.45@7.50; short clear sides (boxed), $8.2 @8.25.

WHISKY—Distillers' finished goods, per gal., $1.15.

SUGARS—Unchanged; cut loaf, 5½@5¾c; granulated, 5⅜c; standard "A," 5⅛c.

Receipts and shipments today were as follows:

ARTICLES.	RECEIPTS.	SHIPMENTS.
Flour, bbls	34,000	69,000
Wheat, bu	468,000	588,000
Corn, bu	591,000	410,000
Oats, bu	574,000	500,000
Rye, bu	34,000	11,000
Barley, bu	171,000	68,000

On the Produce exchange to lay the butter market was higher; creamery, 20@27c; dairy, 18@24c. Eggs, firm at 2 @2½c.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—FLOUR—Receipts, 23,000 pkgs; exports, 3,330 bbls., 2,500 sacks; dull; weak; sales, 5,200 bbls. Low extras, $2.00@3.00; fair to fancy, $3.00@4.40; patents, $4.15@4.40; Minnesota clear, $3.00@4.50; straights, $4.40@4.75.

CORN MEAL—Quiet, steady; yellow western, $3.00@3.10.

WHEAT—Receipts, 277,000 bu.; exports, 312,000 bu.; sales, 950,000 bu. of futures, 128,000 bu. of spot. Spots, moderately active, weaker; No. 2 red, 79⅝c in store and elevator; 77⅝c afloat; 78⅛@79c f. o. b.; No. 3 red, 79; ungraded red, 66@74½c; No. 1 northern, 81⅝c; No. 2 northern, 79c; No. 2 Milwaukee, 75⅝c. Options opened irregular, partly ⅛c up; declined ⅜@¾c on reports of financial trouble in Paris and heavy receipts, reacted ⅛c and closed steady at ⅜@⅝c under Thursday. Sales included No. 2 red, November, 78⅞@79c, closing 79c; January, 80⅝@81⅛c, closing 81⅛c; May, 83⅝@83 1-16c, closing 83⅛c.

RYE—Dull, lower; western, 59@60c.

BARLEY—Quiet; western, 65@70c.

BARLEY MALT—Dull; western, 79@80c.

CORN—Receipts, 267,000 bu.; exports, 91,000 bu.; sales, 390,000 bu. of futures, 25,000 bu. of spot. Spots dull and easier; No. 2, 46⅛c in elevator; 49½@49¾c afloat. Options were dull, ⅛@½c lower and weak; November, 49⅞@49⅞c, closing at 49⅞c; December, 50⅛@50⅜c, closing at 50⅛c; May, 51½@51⅝c, closing at 51½c.

OATS—Receipts, 455,000 bu.; exports, none; sales, 10,000 bu. of futures, 31,000 bu. spot. Spots dull, firmer. Options dull, ⅛@¼c lower, weak; December, 35⅛c, closing at 34⅞c; May, 38⅛c, closing at 38¼c; No. 2 spot white, 39c; mixed western, 35@36c; white western, 35@40c; white state, 37@40c; No. 2 Chicago, 40c.

HAY—Quiet and easy; shipping, 60@65c; good to choice, 90@85c.

HOPS—Dull and weak; Pacific coast, 18@24c.

SUGAR—Raw, dull and firm; fair refining, 3c; centrifugals, 96 test, 3 7-16@3½c; refined, steady.

MOLASSES—Nominal for foreign; New Orleans, steady and quiet; common to fancy, 25 @35c.

RICE—Active and firm; domestic, fair to extra, 4½@6c; Japan, 4¾@5c.

EGGS—Firm; fair demand; western prime, 20c; receipts, 9,981 pkgs.

BUTTER—Good demand; firm; wet salted, New Orleans selected and Texas selected, 45 to 60 lbs., 5@7c.

PORK—Higher; quiet; old mess, $ 2.25@12.50; new mess, $13.25@13.50; extra prime, $12.25@12.75; cut meats steady; pickled bellies, 8½@8¾; pickled shoulders, 7c; pickled ham, 8c; quiet; short clear, November, $8.55; lard firmer, quiet; western steam, 9.10; sales, 595 tierces at 8.07½; option sales, none; October, 8.07; November, 8.55 bid; January, $7.85 bid; refined strong.

BUTTER—Firm; good demand; western dairy, 15@22c; western creamery, 19@28c; western factory, 14½@17; Elgin, 28c.

CHEESE—Weak; part skims, 3@6c.

PIG IRON—Quiet but steady; American, $13.00@15.50.

COPPER—Steady; lake, $11.65@11.85.

LEAD—Dull; domestic, $4.8 @4.00.

TIN—Easy; straights, $20.70@20.75.

St. Louis Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 22.—FLOUR—Unchanged.

WHEAT—Dull and easy, ⅛@¼c under Wednesday; cash, 66⅝c, the lowest it has reached in eight or ten years; November, 67c bid; December, 69⅛c; May, 76⅝@76½c.

CORN—Easy, closing ¼@½c below Wednesday; cash and October lower at 37c; November, 37⅛@37⅜c; May, 41⅞c.

OATS—Closed ¼c under Wednesday; cash, 28c; November, 27⅝c; May, 32⅛@32⅞c.

RYE—Nominal at 51½c.

BARLEY—Steady; Iowa, 57c.

HAY—Dull; timothy, $9.00@13.10; prairie, $6.50@9.00.

BUTTER—Steady, 23@27c; dairy, 16@21c.

EGGS—Firm, 16c.

WHISKY—Steady at $1.10.

PROVISIONS—Higher and firm. Pork, $1.75. Lard, 8.85; shoulders, $4.75; long and ribs, $7.00; shorts, $8.10; hams, $11.50@12.50.

RECEIPTS—Three days—Flour, 16,000 bbls.; wheat, 394,000 bu.; corn, 191,000 bu.; oats, 122,000 bu.; rye, 20,000 bu.; barley, 41,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 7,000 bbls.; wheat, 48,000 bu.; corn, 23,000 bu.; oats, 14,000 bu.; rye, 11,000 bu.; barley, 2,000 bu.

Kansas City Markets.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 22.—WHEAT—Dull and easy; No. 2 hard, 58@60c.

CORN—Dull but firmer; No. 2 mixed, 34½@35c.

OATS—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 25½@26c.

HAY—Very strong; timothy, $7.50@8.50; prairie, $6.50@7.50.

BUTTER—Active and scarce; creamery, 23@26c; dairy, 18@22 c.

EGGS—Firm at 17½@18c.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 90,000 bu.; corn, 15,000 bu.; oats, none.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 111,000 bu.; corn, 9,000 bu.; oats, none.

Milwaukee Grain Market.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 22.—WHEAT—Weak; December, 69c; No. 2 spring, 67@68½c.

CORN—Lower; No. 3, 40@41c.

OATS—Steady; No. 2 white, 32½@33c; No. 3 white, 30@31½c.

BARLEY—61½c.

RYE—Lower; 56½c.

Hides and Pelts.

Following are the prices paid by Omaha dealers for hides and pelts quoted subject to change without notice: No. 1 green hides, 3c; No. 1 green salted hides, 4@4½c; No. 2 green salted hides, 3@3½c; No. 1 green salted hides, 25 to 40 lbs., 4@4½c; No. 2 green salted hides, 25 to 40 lbs., 3@3½c; No. 1 veal calf, 8 to 15 lbs., 5@6c; No. 2 veal calf, 8 to 15 lbs., 3½c; No. 1 dry flint hides, 7c; No. 2 dry flint hides 5c; No. 1 dry salted hides, 3½c; part cured hides ½c per lb. less than fully cured, sheep pelts—Green salted, each, 50c@$1.25; green salted shearlings (short wooled early skins), each, 15@25c; dry shearlings (short wooled early skins), No. 1, each, 5@10c; dry shearlings (short wooled early skins), No. 2, each, 5c; dry flint Kansas and Nebraska butcher wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 12@14½c; dry flint Kansas and Nebraska Murrain wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 8@9½c; dry flint Colorado butcher wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 10@12½c; dry flint Colorado Murrain wool pelts, per lb., actual weight, 8@10c; dry fleece and bucks, actual weight, 8@9c. Have feet cut off, as it is useless to pay freight on them.

Oil Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—PETROLEUM—Steady, dull; Parker's, $3.45; Parker's in bulk, $2.95; refined, $5.90@5.90; refined in bulk, $3.40@3.50.

COTTON SEED OIL—Dull, quiet; crude, 27½c; yellow, 31½@32c.

TALLOW—Quiet; city 4½c.

ROSIN—Quiet; strained, common to good, $1.27½@1.32½.

TURPENTINE—Quiet, firm; 39½@31½c.

Omaha Fruit Market.

GRAPES—New York concords, 28@30c per 10-lb. basket.

CALIFORNIA GRAPES—Per crate: $1.50 muscats; $1.75 Tokays.

CALIFORNIA PEARS—$2.50 per box.

APPLES—Western, $3.75@4.00; New York, $4.00@4.50.

QUINCES—Per box, $1.75@2.00.

Cotton Market.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 22.—Firm, moderate; middling, 7 11-16c; low middling, 7⅝c; good ordinary, 6 1-16c; net receipts, 6,321 bales; gross receipts, 7,453 bales; exports to Great Britain, 9,861 bales; to the continent, 6,000 bales; coastwise, 4,321 bales; sales, 8,800 bales; stock, 165,932 bales.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 22.—WHEAT—Steady; demand poor; holders offer moderately.

CORN—Steady; demand fair.

BACON—Long clear 45- lbs., 43s per cwt.

Omaha Produce Market.

BUTTER—Packing stock, 13@14c; dairy, 16 @22c.

EGGS—18½@19c for fresh stock.

POULTRY—Chickens, 7½@8c; ducks, 9c.

London Financial Review.

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LONDON, Oct. 22.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—Absence of business has been very marked in the Stock exchange, for the short time it was open today. Funds are unchanged, while Indian rupee paper has given way ½ per cent. Foreign government securities are more or less depressed from the opening to the close. Argentine issues have given way from ¼ to ½ per cent, owing to the premium on gold advancing to 214 per cent, although very quiet. Owing to the absence of New York prices, American rails fail to show considerable firmness, and close at their best. Wabash debenture mark an advance of ½ per cent, Norfolk & Western preference ⅝ per cent, and most others ⅛ to ¼ per cent. Canadian lines were inclined to be dull at the opening, but later became stronger and close quiet. Grand Trunk preferences guaranteed showing an advance of ¼ to ⅜ per cent, and Canadian Pacific ¼ per cent. Money has been little wanted. With the excessive supply of floating capital rates for short loans have fallen a way to ¼ per cent. The discount market continued firm, two and three months' bills being quoted at 2⅝ per cent.

St. Louis Mining Quotations.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 22.—The following quotations were made today on call:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.	Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Nettie	25	30	Montrose	...	6
Elizabeth	..	70	Pat. Murphy	4½	6

Financial Notes.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 22.—Clearings, $3,485,316.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—Three per cent rentes, 90f 25c for the account.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Clearings, $148,981,106; balances, $5,334,267.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 22.—Clearings, $4,703,685; balances, $441,586.

OMAHA, Oct. 22.—Clearings, $1,367,763. Total for the week, $7,241,277.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 22.—Clearings, $16,846,746; balances, $2,004,551.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 22.—Clearings, $3,077,244; balances, $199,306. Money, 6 per cent.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance today, £20,000.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 22.—Clearings, $ 0,622,502; balances, $1,884,484. Money, 5 per cent. Exchange on New York, 12c discount to par.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Prime mercantile paper, 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady, with actual business at $4.84½ for bankers' sixty-day bills and $4.86 for demand.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 22.—Clearings, $15,951,679; for the week, $83,105,957; for the corresponding week last year, $95,951,987. Money strong, 5@6 per cent. New York exchange, quiet, 40@25c discount. Sterling, dull; sixty day bills, $4.84; demand, $4.86.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Prime Cattle Still Scarce—Last Week's Record—Hogs Steady.

OMAHA, Oct. 22.—Receipts the past week, the week previous and the corresponding week last year are shown in the following table:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Receipts the past week	19,610	28,335	1,372
Receipts week previous	21,771	23,558	2,274
Same week last year	23,114	24,077	4,921

During the past week there has been little change worthy of note in the general cattle trade. There has been a falling off compared with last week of over 2,000 cattle, but the offerings continue to include more common and inferior cattle than there is any call for. On the other hand there is enough prime beef steers to have been received to give a fair idea of the biz demand there is for this class of stock. Prices have shown an upward tendency all week on good to choice beef grades, and the same has been true of butchers' stock. Corafed steers have sold as high as $5.25, and cows as high as $4.35. These figures merely show how urgent the demand is for strictly prime stock. The general run of cattle, however, both steers and cows, has been very ordinary as to quality, and prices are little, if any, different from last week. In fact, there has really been very little change in the market during the past month.

The same monotony that characterizes the trade in beef and butchers' cattle prevails in the stocker and feeder trade. Supplies of fair fleshed feeders have not been excessive and with an exceedingly general demand prices have been well maintained. The market is still glutted with common light stock cattle and yearlings and these are selling at prices as low as ever prevailed on this market. Sales to the country have been large and in general a fair volume of business has been transacted.

The week closes with rather a light run of cattle. The supply was nearly 1,000 head lighter than last Saturday and the week's receipts 7,000 lighter than a week ago and 5,500 lighter than a year ago. While the offerings were limited, they included some very choice cattle. There was the usual good local demand and with some competition from shippers the market ruled active and stronger on good to choice grades. A couple of bunches of 1,462 and 1,545-lb corafed beeves sold for $5.25 and $5.35. Ordinary grassers and half fat westerns sold at from $4.00 to $4.60. Fair to good ranzers sold at full strong prices from $3.00 to $3.65. It was a fairly satisfactory market throughout and a very good and reasonably early clearance affected.

On cows and mixed stock the market was steady to strong, the bulk of the fair to good stuff selling at from $1.50 to $2.25, with extreme sales at from $1.00 to $2.35. Bulls, oxen and stags were fall strong at from $1.25 to $2.50. Common yearlings to choice veals sold at from $1.35 to $4.50.

The trade in stockers and feeders was unusually lively for the last day of the week, but there was no material change in prices. Fair to good stuff weighing 850 lbs. and upwards sold readily at from $2.75 to $3.40, while light and common stuff and yearlings were slow sellers at from $1.50 to $2.50. Representative sales:

DRESSED BEEF

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
4	1220	$1 00	13	1249	$1 35	1	1300	$1 00
3	1423	3 25	20	1199	3 00	20	1462	5 25
1	1320	3 25	75	1298	4 00	23	1545	5 35

COWS.

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
1	970	1 00	13	741	1 55	4	905	2 00
23	762	1 15	5	956	1 60	29	925	2 05
1	1000	1 25	4	1100	1 60	3	1004	2 15
1	920	1 25	2	985	1 60	2	885	2 15
1	1280	1 25	2	1140	1 70	10	1105	2 15
2	880	1 25	8	960	1 70	16	976	2 20
1	920	1 25	7	991	1 70	16	1024	2 25
4	927	1 25	17	952	1 70	1	1050	2 25
2	815	1 35	22	899	1 80	14	1040	2 25
1	810	1 35	12	1014	1 85	6	1 06	2 25
15	946	1 35	1	960	1 90	31	1010	2 25
10	960	1 50	4	955	2 00	2	1045	2 25
5	924	1 50	12	1009	2 00	18	1016	2 25
2	1145	1 50	15	943	2 00	2	1225	2 35
1	860	1 50	27	978	2 00	24	1083	2 35
1	1130	1 50	28	947	2 00	7	989	2 50
2	835	1 50						

HEIFERS.

No.	Av.	Pr.
1	920	2 07½

CALVES.

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
2	410	1 35	2	130	3 75	1	130	4 50
4	537	1 80	1	80	4 00	5	88	4 50
4	407	1 80	1	100	4 00	4	182	4 50
1	390	3 00						

BULLS.

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
3	1326	1 45	1	1370	1 65	5	1168	1 85
1	960	1 50	1	1110	1 75	4	1357	2 00
1	9 0	1 60	1	1140	1 75	1	1510	2 10
1	1000	1 60	1	1390	1 75	1	1270	2 15
2	1545	1 65	2	1295	1 80	1	1690	2 50
1	1190	1 65	1	1290	1 80			

STAGS.

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
2	1445	1 80	1	700	2 00

OXEN.

No.	Av.	Pr.
2	1575	2 75

STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
9	488	1 25	33	845	2 25	2	1065	2 80
24	612	1 50	5	940	2 35	15	1013	2 85
24	728	1 50	21	721	2 35	17	1054	2 90
1	510	1 60	1	990	2 47½	27	1113