

FACTS WERE AGAINST HIM

Foynter Could Not Withstand the Arguments of McKeljohn.

WHAT THE REPUBLICAN PARTY HAS DONE

Even the Independent Orator Credits it with Having secured prosperity for the Country for a Quarter of a Century.

ALBANY, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The joint debate between McKeljohn and Foynter took place yesterday on the fair grounds. A large attendance of the participants of both were present.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

IN RED WILLOW COUNTY

Mr. Rosewater's View of Campaign Questions Given at Indianapolis.

SOME OF THE RESULTS TO BE EXPECTED

Wild Theories of Certain Elements Could Not Be Adopted Without Great Disasters in All Directions—Features of the Occasion.

INDIANOLA, Neb., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Mr. Edward Rosewater addressed the people at the fair grounds this afternoon, speaking for an hour and a half.

The speaker began by quoting the famous saying of Dean Swift, that the man who causes two blades of grass to grow where but one grew before is a public benefactor, and added that the man who accomplished that rendered his country a greater service than all the race of politicians put together.

He stated that if the public is to take the new reformers at their word, that they are a good country to emigrate from. He then proceeded to review the demand of the people's party and showed up the fallacy of promising to make all men rich by a stroke of the pen.

The speaker fully discussed the nature and use of money, and pointed out that with the present large and constantly increasing output of silver, the free coinage of silver would drive gold out of circulation, and the country would be ruined.

He spoke of the good old times of 1864, when mules sold at 40 cents per yard, spool cotton at 15 cents, lumber at \$1 a thousand, and when a man could get a good farm for a few hundred dollars.

He spoke of the present time, when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars, and when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars.

He spoke of the present time, when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars, and when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars.

He spoke of the present time, when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars, and when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars.

He spoke of the present time, when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars, and when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars.

He spoke of the present time, when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars, and when a man could not get a good farm for a few hundred dollars.

JEERED BY A GEORGIA MOB

General Weaver and Mrs. Lease Not Permitted to Speak.

NO FURTHER EFFORTS WILL BE MADE

Arrangements Completed to Leave the State Immediately by the Independent Party—Details of Their Atlanta Reception.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—General J. B. Weaver, presidential candidate of the third party, has abandoned the fight in the south.

Last night Tom Watson, candidate for congress from the Tenth district, essayed to speak at the capitol, but his voice was drowned by a mob which thronged the state building.

General Weaver and Mrs. Lease arrived here today after a stormy trip through a portion of the state, during which Mr. Weaver was taken with a rotten egg.

Mr. Watson presented a showing of the progress of the country and its growth under the thirty years of republican rule and compared it to what might have been had the contract system of the democrats, independentists and other opponents of the republican policy been carried into effect.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS NOMINATE

Victoria Woodhull Made Their Candidate for President and a Platform Adopted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 23.—The report of the proceedings of the national nominating convention of the woman suffragists, which appears to have conducted its proceedings with unusual privacy, has been furnished to the press, authenticated by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

KILLED IN A WILD STAMPEDE

False Alarm of Fire Causes a Panic in Three Synagogues.

TERROR IN A NEW YORK TENEMENT

In the Fearful Fight for Life Which Resulted Four People Were Crushed to Death and Nine Others Were Badly Injured.

New York, Sept. 23.—A false alarm of fire caused a panic in a Jewish synagogue crowded with worshippers this morning. In the rush for the stairway four people were crushed and trampled to death and a dozen seriously injured.

The panic occurred in a tenement building occupied by three synagogues, one on each floor. In the synagogue on the top floor a candle accidentally ignited some drapery. Immediately an excited individual yelled fire.

Three times as many persons were attending the synagogues on the lower floors, more than 10,000 in all. They heard the rash and crash above and heard the cries of fire, and immediately likewise made a rush for the street.

The police patrol arrived at this moment and the officers, fighting their way through the crowd, finally broke the jam. Four women lay dead and nine are seriously injured. The injured were promptly sent to the hospital.

OMAHA'S WATER WORKS CASE

Two Views of the Action of the Court at St. Paul, Minn.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The big case involving the water works of Denver and Omaha came up today before United States Judge Henry O. Caldwell.

The American Water Works company owned the water works of both of the cities named. It had been organized in 1889 for the purpose of controlling the water works of the cities of Denver and Omaha.

The case, which has already caused much discussion in various parts of the country, was over the water works of Denver and Omaha. Both plants were owned by the American Water Works company, a New Jersey corporation.

The case, which has already caused much discussion in various parts of the country, was over the water works of Denver and Omaha. Both plants were owned by the American Water Works company, a New Jersey corporation.

The case, which has already caused much discussion in various parts of the country, was over the water works of Denver and Omaha. Both plants were owned by the American Water Works company, a New Jersey corporation.

The case, which has already caused much discussion in various parts of the country, was over the water works of Denver and Omaha. Both plants were owned by the American Water Works company, a New Jersey corporation.

DEBATED BY A GEORGIA MOB

General Weaver and Mrs. Lease Not Permitted to Speak.

NO FURTHER EFFORTS WILL BE MADE

Arrangements Completed to Leave the State Immediately by the Independent Party—Details of Their Atlanta Reception.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 23.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—General J. B. Weaver, presidential candidate of the third party, has abandoned the fight in the south.

Last night Tom Watson, candidate for congress from the Tenth district, essayed to speak at the capitol, but his voice was drowned by a mob which thronged the state building.

General Weaver and Mrs. Lease arrived here today after a stormy trip through a portion of the state, during which Mr. Weaver was taken with a rotten egg.

Mr. Watson presented a showing of the progress of the country and its growth under the thirty years of republican rule and compared it to what might have been had the contract system of the democrats, independentists and other opponents of the republican policy been carried into effect.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

He compared the farmers of America with the farmers of Europe, and pointed out that the farmers of America were being ruined by the contract system of the democrats.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS NOMINATE

Victoria Woodhull Made Their Candidate for President and a Platform Adopted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 23.—The report of the proceedings of the national nominating convention of the woman suffragists, which appears to have conducted its proceedings with unusual privacy, has been furnished to the press, authenticated by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.

Resolved, That we, the women of America, ask officers in charge of election precincts throughout the country to give us an opportunity to cast our ballot on the first Tuesday in November, 1892, for our own sake.

Resolved, By the united efforts of the women, authorized by the signatures of Anna M. Parser, president, and Elizabeth Powers, secretary.