DAILY BEE THE

E. ROSEWATER, EDITOR. PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

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BUSINESS LETTERS.

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SWORN STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION.

County of Douglas, N. P. Fell, business manager of TRE BUE Pul Hahing company, does solemnly swear that the sciuni circulation of THE DAILY BEE for the week ending September 17, 1822, was as follows: enoting reptember 1., 182, was as follows Funday, September 11. Tursday, September 13. Wednesday, September 14. Thursday, September 14. Friday, September 16. Friday, September 16. Saturday, September 17. 23,614 24,700

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my pressnoe this lith day of September, 1892. E. P. ROGGEN, Notary Public.

Average Circulation for August 24,430

The day is dawning surely upon which Dr. Jenkins will consent to come off his dump-throne.

THE Methodist Episcopal conference has held its lottery and Omaha is well pleased with her assignments.

FOR the benefit of people not living in Nebraska we wish to announce that Harrison and Reid will carry this state by a comfortable plurality.

MORE garbage carts should be pro-

vided at once. There is a constant and increasing demand for these carts which the present supply is incapable of filling.

SEVERAL sections of the backbone of Governor Flower might be shipped to Gray Gables with no harm to the governor and to the great advantage of the

man of density.

IT is quite safe to assume that Anarchist Bergmann is raging more violently because of that year at the workhouse than because of those twenty-one years in the pententiary.

As USUAL that overdue steamer Carroll, which was thought to be playing hide and seek with the Atlantic cable and sword fishes, has arrived at Boston all right. They always due.

RICHARD MANSFIELD has married his "leading lady," who has been a divorced woman. Mr. Mansfield will now have better opportunities of studying the Mr. Hyde phase of existence.

A SOUTH OMAHA councilman has gone the rounds of the gambling holes and is going to denounce them at the council meeting. The sudden attack of virtue was very likely caused by a possible "bunco" experience.

VOLUBLE Oriole Strickler is telling great tales of alliance conversions in Nebraska, but the returns from populist. meetings show a steady lack of interest and attendance, and a tide turning to had the power, unless the declaration reason and republicanism.

DAVE MERCER'S CANDIDACE. A majority of the delegates chosen by the republican convention of Douglas have not seriously impaired the general county have expressed their preference for Dave Mercer as the candidate for congress in this district. To pit a man of Dave Morcer's callbre against Judge Doane is not merely a reflection upon the moral standing of our party, but an insult to the self respect of an intelligent community. What claim has Dave Mercer upon the people or party for a sent in congress? His career in Omaha

began in Union Pacific headquarters as as a third-rate clerk, from which he was promoted to the railroad oil-room lobby. The work of this lobby was to debauch and corrupt the legislature into voting down measures in the interest of the people and promoting the interests of the corporations and jobbers. The means used to bring about this end were cards, liquor and lewd women. Once in the meshes of the oil-room lobby the people's representatives became the

pliant tools and creatures of their seducers. This is the only line of businees which Dave Mercer has pursued with some degree of success. His efforts at the practice of law were a flat failure. The position he holds as deputy marshal and bailiff can hardly be considered as the proper stepping stone for the national

legislature. And what claim has Dave Mercer upon the party for services as a political worker? As chairman of the city committee that conducted the campaign three years ago he permitted the campaign fund to go into the hands of treacherous and thieving members of the committee who had formed a conspiracy to defeat the head of the ticket for democratic boodle. Instead of warning the candidates, he deliberately closed his ears and eyes and led the ticket to Slaughter. The result was the

election of Cushing and the formation of the boodle combine in the council. For two years Dave Mercer has used his position as chairman of the county committee to lay his pipes and pack the caucuses and conventions. By the help of certain federal officials who ought to be interested in building up the party

his point. If the convention that meets today is reckless enough to nominate Morcer for congress, it must take the responsibility of inevitable disaster. This paper cannot, and will not, stultify itself by endorsing or supporting a man whose name appears in the tell-tale

Capital hotel ledger now on deposit in this office, by the side of Vandervoort, Crawford and other cappers, whose whisky bills, wine and eigar bills mounted up to over \$2,500 during one legislative session and were paid by the chief of the lobby of one of the great

railroads. We repeat once more, and for the last time, that we have no candidate to foist upon the party, but simply desire that the party shall present for the people's suffrages clean and reputable candidates.

A POLICY OF REVERSAL

Mr. Whitelaw Reid pointedly states the case in saying that what the democratic party now proposes is not a modification of existing conditions, but a reversal. Hitherto that party has been content to propose changes while maintaining the principle which is at the business of all local firms has been foundation of national progress and greatly increased and a feeling of mu-

country shall have the privilege of saystruction to business. The fact that the radical threats of the democratic party confidence or slackened the activities of business is because the business interests of the country have such faith in the common sense of the American people as to believe that there is to be no

A YEAR OF SUCCESSFUL WORK. The annual address of President Page of the Manufacturers and Consumers association of Nebraska, which was presented at the meeting of the board of directors held yesterday afternoon, contained much interesting information concerning the progress of the work of the association during the past year and some valuable suggestions as to its continuance and enlargement during the year upon which it has now entered. The Manufacturers and Consumers association was organized in September

of last year. Its object was to secure the co-operation of manufacturers, dealors and consumers in an effort to promote the various industrial and commercial enterprises of this state upon the basis of home patronage. Eeginning with a comparatively small membership made up chiefly of Omaha business men it has grown with great rapidity during the first year of its existence and now embraces a membership

change.

of 177 firms representing all of the important towns in Nebraska. As a result of the house to house canvass made in every city of the state, 10,964 families were pledged to home patronage, and counting five persons to the family it is estimated that 54,800 people in this state are thus committed to the support of the industries and enterprises represented by this association. Thus far those who have joined this army of home patrons have lived up to their agreement, and as a result great progress has been achieved in the building up of the various industries of the state. Hundreds of men and women are now employed in consequence of this movement and the number will be greatly in-

creased before the close of another year. The firms who are members of the Manufacturers association employ at least 10,000 people, and it is estimated that instead of wrecking it, he has carried the members of the association and their families and employes together aggregate 33,920 persons. The total number of consumers who are practically pledged to sustain the work of the organization is placed at 82,700.

The exposition held by the Manufacturers association in Omaha last June was a great success in every way. The display of Nebraska-made goods surprised all visitors by its extent, variety and excellence. The exhibition was seen by about 20,000 people from all parts of this state and neighboring states, and in addition no less than 14,000 school children were admitted. The exposition served its purpose admirably, affording the public an opportunity to see what the manufacturers of Nebraska can do, and at the same time proving very successful from a finan-

cial point of view. A largely increased number of employes in the factories of the state is one of the most important results achieved by the first year's work of the Manufacturers association. It is estimated that no less than 550 have been added to our wage-earning class by this means. The

ing who shall fill those offices, which of course amounts to permitting Tammanyites to take possession of them. It was a disgraceful surrender for Mr. Cleveland to make, but it serves to show his inordinate mbition to be again president. It ought to alienate from him thousands of the better class of

democrats in New York and elsewhere who are familiar with Tammany and know that any alliance with that organization cannot be in the interest of the public good. As to the element in New York which, white calling themselves independents, have with great uniformity supported the democratic party and been especially loyal to Mr. Cleveland, it would seem that this action of the expresident must disillusionize them. "The mugwump." exclaims Mr. Dana, "is plainly seen as having lost his place in politics," but Mr. Cleveland may find that he has not therefore entirely lost his potency. The democratic party in the Empire state cannot afford to lose this element. It is evident that Mr. Cleveland and

his managers are extremely anxious about the situation in New York. The position of the party regarding the tariff and its demand for a restoration of state bank currency has driven many business men from its support, and in the state at large there is reason to believe it is steadily losing ground. The outlook for republican success in New York is better now than it was at this stage of the campaign four years ago.

A POLITICAL INQUISITION.

The history of political campaigns in this country affords no parallel to the case of Charles F. Peck, commissioner of labor statistics in the state of New York. A committee representing the managers of the Cleveland campaign has undertaken to investigate Mr. Peck's report and prove that it is not truthful. With this end in view the committee called upon Mr. Peck the other day and demanded access to the original reports from the 6,600 manufacturers in the state upon which the recent report of the commissioner was based. The latter refused to comply, and it appears that he has destroyed the original papers containing the reports of the manufacturers. For this the democratic managers are now trying to convict him of a misdemeanor.

It happens that the law creating the office which Commissioner Peck holds explicitly provides that he shall not compel anyone to answer questions as to his private business. The sources of information upon which his recent report is founded are theresore of a confidential nature. It was expressly stipulated in the blanks which he sent out that the answers would be so regarded. Justice and honor are on his side when he maintains that he has no right to violate the pledges which he made to those who gave him the information which he sought. The democratic national committee is enleavoring to compel him to recede from a position in which he is amply supported by the law that created his office.

When Mr. Peck was interviewed by the investigating committee-a committee invested with no legal authority whatever-he asked: "If my report had been diametrically different would you have come here to question my figures?" The answer was: "No, not

personally. Then the republicans would

ing industries was larger in 1891 than in 1890, and there was a higher average of wages in the former than in the latter year. The facts given bear evidence to the stimulating effect of the tariff act of 1890 upon the investment of capital in industries. The showing made is quite as satisfactory as that of the report of the bureau of labor statistics of New York. It is not to be doubted that what is true of these two states is equally true of the other manufacturing states of the east, and it is obvious that the credit for this improved condition must be given to the present tariff law. The growth of most industries in 1891 was undoubtedly maintained, and in many cases increased, during the current year, and there is every reason to expect that the labor statistics of 1892 will show a general advance over last year. All the evidence shows a steady industrial development, and if the republican party is successful next November it can be safely predicted that the ensuing two years will witness a remarkable growth of American industries.

Now that the Transcontinental Traffic association has practically gone to pieces and freight rates are in a somewhat demoralized condition, it is the manifest duty of Omaha to take steps at once to revive, reorganize and equip the freight bureau. This is very likely to be the supreme opportunity and upon the action of Omaha at this important time will depend our treatment for the future by the freight managers. That there are unjust discriminations against Omaha no one at all acquainted with the facts can deny, and it is patent to all that the very best remedy for correcting this evil at any time is a freight bureau. And at this time tardiness and slothfulness can only be interpreted as disloyalty to this city's interests and very efficient means toward attaining commercial suicide.

THE approach of fall has considerably increased the number of building permits issued in Omuha, and although there are few building enterprises of importance on foot, it is evident that there is increased activity in that line. It is said that contractors in all lines of work have difficulty in finding all the workmen they want, which proves that if any are idle they are so from choice and not from necessity. But no public or private building enterprise need be abandoned on that account, for there are always workmen out of employment somewhere, and supply will always gravitate toward the source of demand when the demand becomes known. If a thousand more workmen were needed in Omaha they would find their way here

THE democrats of Iowa and elsewhere are shouting gleefully over "the desertion by Judge Day of the republican party." This is very stale news, indeed. The judge came out openly for Boies last year and has been a sulker for about eight years, ever since he failed of renomination by the republicans for the supreme bench. He is an able and upright man, and his retirement was not right, but it is to be regretted that he allowed this personal injustice to lead him away from his honest convictions.

shortly.

bonanza.

majority.

currency.

systems

to make an effect.

THE proposed air line railroad across

SOUTH OMAHA has temporarily aban-

doned the city hall scheme and is now

talking of securing rooms for the vari-

ous departments of the city government

so that they can be concentrated in one

THERE is a very lively split in the

lemocratic party of the Council Bluffs

Are You Ready for the Question?

Purring for Provender,

In His Element.

Globe-Democrat.

Senator Stewart of Nevada has done the

republican party a kindness by coming out for Weaver. It has been desirous of getting rid of him for some time on account of his

auti-republican vagaries with regard to the

Sugar Trust Rapacity.

New York Telegram

would not them, it is estimated, a total

Treason in the Camp.

Cincinnati Commercial.

upon to discipline the Connecticut democrats, who in their state platform have repudiated

manufacturers and farmers of the Nutmes

state, irrespective of party, appear to appre-ciate the benefits of sound tariff and banking

Louder, Louder.

Collapse of the Bainbow Chase.

That rainbow-chasing campaign in the west has suffered an aiarming shrinkage in dimensions. At first it was the intention of

New York Tribune.

the democrats to undertake to carry Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota, not to mention a few outlying jobs like Ne-

"Dissipated" is one of the mildest words

Philadelphia Press

Mr. Cleveland and his managers are called

The

yearly profit of over \$14,000,000.

the free trade and wildcat curren

of the national platform of their party.

New York Recorde

Stop immigration, and stop it now!

hall project can wait indefinitely.

Yonkers Statesman: There is a great differ-ence between military engagements and love encagements. In one there is a good deal of failing in, and in the other there is a good deal of failing out. the continent from New York to San Francisco, for which it is claimed sur-



MR. STEVENSON'S PATRIOTIC SERVICES. [From the New York Press.]

Stevenson said he was glad Lincoln had been shot and that he should have been killed carlier, —Affidavit of WII ham B. Whiffen, editor of the Metamora Sentinel, where Stevenson resided in Is62. Stevenson was throughout the war a friend of the Copperheads.—Affidavit of Rev. G. B. Snedeker, pastor of the Meth-odist church in Mr. Stevenson's home in 1862.

Bloomington during the war.

Stevenson sold revolvers to traitors. -Affidavit of Parker Gardner, Wabash. Stevenson's name appeared on the record of membership of the Knights of the Golden Circle, which I captured.— Statement of Major J. Olmstead, now of Ind., Aug. 6, 1892. If "General" Stevenson could produce Los Angeles, Cal.

ABOUT THE BIG FAIR,

The government of Havin asks for 977 quare feet in the mines building.

Seats for 125,000 people are to be provided in the great manufacturers' building at the World's fair for the dedication exercises on October 21.

Forty-two thousand members of civic so-cictles in Chicago have signified their intention to join the narade on dedication day General Miles will be in command.

Sweden's building at the World's fair has been designed on the lines of the old Norse Stave churches, but with more solidity The building is being constructed in Sweden and will be sent to Chicago in sections.

The main railway station within the World's fair grounds, where all excursion trains will discharge their passengers, will be a handsome structure, costing \$225,000, and will accommodate 25,000 persons at one time.

It is the intention of the Peruvian government to select the most creditable specimens of the exhibits displayed at the exposition at Lima and send them to Chicago. They ask for 10,000 square feet at the fair for this collection.

Persons in Bombay, India, are persuaded that there will be considerable profit in making a varied display at the World's fair. They propose to send over twelve elephants so that visitors can take rides "in bowdah with mahout;" to give exhibitions of suttee, cremation, jugglory, nautch, wrestling, etc., and to sell tea at 10 cents a cup. They ex-pect to sell 1,000,000 cups.

Puck: "Hustler was all broken down when he went on his vacation. How did he return?" "Broken up." Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, will send for exhibition in the woman's building at the Cloak Review: Witherby-How do you man-age to keep your sidewalk so nice and fresh? Plankington-My wife puts on her tailor-made gown, and every morning she walks up and down in front of the house. World's fair an elaborately carved table of extraordinary historical interest. It will be composed of woods taken from the yoke of the famous "Liberty Bell," from the house in which the first American flag was made, from Washington's headquarters at Valley Forge, from the old ship Constitution, and from a pillar in Independence hall. The ace will he inlaid with upper st

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1892.

WEHAVE now passed the middle of September, but the celebration of the completion of the city hall does not appear to be in sight. At the rate of progress made within the past sixty days the celebration will not take place before spring.

MONDAY morning's BEE published four "Situations Wanted" advertisements and forty "Help Wanted" advertisements, the latter in many cases referring to more than one. Now this is a fair indication of the condition of work in Omana. How many cities can show so good a record?

IF DOUGLAS street and the cross

streets between Farnam and Dodge west of Sixteenth are to be paved this fall the grading contractor's work should be pushed and the property owners in the new paving districts should be requested to designate the materials for paving. There certainly is no time to be lost.

THE Grand Army veterans are meeting in Washington and are enjoying their reunion as only union veterans can. Yet they cannot help remarking with tearful regret the absence of that man most dear to their hearts, William Tecumseh Sherman, as they gather at their second reunion since his departure.

NO HONEST or earnest republican is sneering at the honest or earnest member of the people's party. But every republican should be willing to try to explain the real issues of this campaign to his befogged "populist" neighbor. And this should be done cheerfully, patiently and honestly. Then there will be no question about the result.

THE Fake Factory makes an insulting attack on the class of entertainments presented at Omaha theaters. This is certainly in the worst spirit of the egotist and pharisee. Omaha has every year as clean and stimulating as well as refined a class of theatrical attractions as any city in the west. And our people are quick to appreciate plays of a high g ade, such as have been presented here in the past and will be presented this

year. UNLESS winter sets in very early Omaha will make a very creditable showing in the matter of public improvements this year. The city engineer estimates the total outlay for pavements, sewors, grading and other work at over half a million dollars. The trouble at the present time is that the contractors are unable to secure competent men for the work in hand. This is largely due to the delay on public works which forced hundreds of working people to seek employment elsewhere.

prosperity, but now it is pledged to sweep away the principle, on the ground that there is no constitutional authority for maintaining it. Thus it would, if it of the Chicago platform was intended to be meaningless, abandon the system of protection that has prevailed for thirty years and to which the business of the country is adjusted, though doing this would produce a commercial convulsion more disastrous than any the country

has ever experienced. Of course democrats will say that their party has no such purpose, but it is to be remembered that the platform utterance regarding protection was not made thoughtlessiy, but after deliberate consideration, and while it did not receive the unanimous endorsement of the con vention it had the support of nearly two-thirds of the delegates, so that it must be regarded as expressing the set-

tled conviction of a very large majority of the party. If it was not intended to execute the proposed policy, what must be thought, in the language of President Harrison, of a party that is capable of thus trilling with great interests, for the threat of such legislation would only be less hurtful than the fact. This is a matter that appeals with

great force to the business, the producing and the labor interests of the coun-Manufacturers association is sure to justry. Does any one of these find the existing conditions so unsatisfactory as to warrant a desire for a sudden and complete reversal at the risk of a general convulsion?

Can any rational man have a doubt as to what would be the consequences of sweeping away at once a policy under which the industries and business of the country have been growing for the last thirty years? Even the apprehension of a modification of that policy has invariably produced more or less business disturbance, and it is inevitable that its reversal would result in financial and commercial chaos. Enterprise would halt, canital would not seek investment, labor would be thrown out of e mployment and stagnation would take the place of prosperous activity. No man can say how long this state of affairs would continue, but it would certainly last long enough to cost the American people an enormous loss of wealth, to check the material progress of the country for many years, and to

pince the people of the United States where they were before protection became the national policy, at the mercy of British manufacturers. As was said by Mr. Roid, every business man, whatover his party convictions or his political prejudices, knows, as a cold business proposition, that the complete reversal of the existing order of things demanded by the democratic party in its present platform, as to the tariff, as to reciprocity and as to the currency. would necessarily unsettle business for the next eighteen months or two years. The uncertainties which must exist pending such a change, as to its possibility or its scope, would be, throughout their duration, the worst possible ob-

tual interest and sympathy has been created that is certain to produce good results in the future. A friendly sentiment of mutual interest and dependence has also arisen between the various cities of the state, and the importance of promoting and fostering the interests of Nebraska has come to be thoroughly understood and appreciated by all. President Page's report laid much stress upon the advantage to be gained by cultivating a feeling of mutual sym-

pathy and common interest between employer and employe. It is worthy of note that this very result has been one of the conspicuous fruits of the work of the Manufacturers association. It has been brought about by the recognition of the fundamental principle of mutual helpfulness upon which the association is founded, and it is safe to say that nowhere in the country does a better feeling prevail between capital and labor than in the state of Nebraska,

The association has done very wisely in re-electing W. A. Page as its president for another year. He has devoted a great deal of intelligent thought and labor to the work and the success that has crowned his efforts proves that he is the right man for the place. Under the wise direction of its president, and those who share the work with him, the

> tify the highest hopes and expectations of its friends.

> MR. CLEVELAND'S SURRENDER. There can be no further doubt as to Mr. Cleveland having made a close alliance with Tammany, and thereby surrendered whatever independence he heretofore enjoyed as the leader of his party. The authority of Mr. Charles A. Dana in this matter is conclusive, for few men have so close an intimacy with the Tammany managers as the editor of the New York Sun. Referring to the conference some ten days ago between Mr. Cleveland and Murphy, Croker and Sheehan, Mr. Dana states that it "involved no less a question than whether Mr. Cleveland was to be hereafter esteemed as for or against the party; whether he was henceforth to be counted with the democrats or with the peculiar partisans

who have persistently and venomously made war upon them in his name." reference being had to the mugwumps. According to Mr. Dana, Mr. Cleveland on this memorable occasion "gave a full and emphatic assurance that he appreciated the nature of the . situation, and that in case of his election he would be a democrat and not a mugwump. He promised that in the future his influence should invariable be exerted on the side of the democrats and against their enomies." The meaning of this is that if the people of the United States give Mr. Cleveland the power to again dispense public patronage he agrees that Tammany shall control , the federal offices in the city of New York-that

the most corrupt and rapacious and un-

have been hunting you.'

There could be no plainer proof than this that the democratic inquisitors are actuated by the meanest motives. They do not even make a pretense of acting in behalf of any public interest. It is openly avowed that the investigation has no other object than to destroy the force of the commissioner's report which conclusively shows the advantages of the protective tariff. By what right does the democratic national committee assume to sit in judgment upon an official report because it happens to be unfavorable to free trade? In with holding the original reports the commis sioner exercises an undoubted moral right, and in so doing he is also protected by the plain letter of the law. Whether he had a legal right to destroy the originals or not is another question, but it does not affect the real merits of the case in any event. He could not have been compelled to make them public at the demand of a committee of political inquisitors, so it matters little whether they are destroyed or not.

THE union in Alabama of the people's party and the Kolb faction of the democ racy is causing the regular democratic organization some uneasiness. It is said to be entirely satisfactory to the leading republicans of the state. This combina tion was defeated at the state election in

August by high-handed fraud, but the managers propose that this shall not be repeated in November. They intend to take every possible precaution against being again defrauded and will call upon the United States authorities for whatever protection to voters they can give. Kolb predicts the defeat of the regular democrats by 40,000, in which event the electoral vote will go to Weaver. The movement will be supported by republicans generally, the more prominent of whom think it has the best kind of a chance to win. The progress of the contest will be watched with general interest.

Now it is the sugar trust which is making itself offensive. That band of commercial conspirators has taken advantage of the cutting off of European competition to put up the prices of refined sugar to a point that THE Burlington is rapidly pushing its line toward Sheridan, Wyo., and will be running trains into that town by November 1. This will place Omaha in communication with another flourishing town whose trade will naturally flow this way. Sheridan already has a population of 1,000 and is growing rapidly. The agricultural and mineral resources of the region in which it is situated will make it a thriving city in a few years.

A VERY pertinent question at this time is: Where did Dave Morcer and in Boles' campaign vocabulary when refer-ring the so-called disappearance of the treashis ex-partner, Eller, get the \$675 which ury surplus. Let us hear the strongest, for the suspense might be a killing one. Iowa's red hot orator oughn't to let a little thing like truth stand in his way when he wishes they deposited in one of our national banks immediately on the heels of Lininger's defeat and Cushing's election as mayor?

MASSACHUSETTS furnishes statistics which refute the assertions of the demcrats and the calamity people. The report of the bureau of labor statistics of that state shows that the average numscrupulous political organization in the ber of persons employed in manufactur-

veys have been made and charters se-

Philadelphia Ledger: Those who would read cured in several states, looks remarkature's open book in meadow and woods we an extra facility at present. She is herably well on paper. It is to cost only self turning the leaves. \$700,000,000, and that trifing sum is to be furnished by English capitalists. As

Binghamton Republican: The corn-saive that is not a sure preventive of cholera is made by a man who doesn't understand the the road is expected to pay for itself art of advertising. within six years it will be seen that the

braska, Kansas and the Dakotas. But in

spite of the establishment of branch head-

quarters in Chicago this high-stepping scheme has been abandoned. The ostensible

reason therefor is lack of sufficient money to

carry on an aggressive campaign in so many localities at the same time.

A General Conspiracy.

Rochester Democrat.

The gross carnings of 132 railroads in Au g

ust increased 7.26 per cent compared with those of the same month last year, while mileage increased only 1.7 per cent; and the

gross earnings of 130 roads for eight months ending August 31 were \$321,260,970, or an in-

crease of \$20,560,000 compared with those of

the same period last year. Have the rall-roads also entered into a conspiracy to de-

PENSIVE REMARKS.

There's many Islip twixt the threat and the

A Boston tradesman advortises. "Human hair at less than manufacturers' prices." and the proprietor of a dychouse, in advertising for a boy, specifies that he must be colored. Over another miscellaneous store is a solitary sign on which are the words, "Molassis and Stockins."

Indianapolis Journal: "Aren't you going to kiss me?" she asked as they parted at the

rate. "I-I cannot, dear," he sadly sizhed. "You have not been boiled."

feat Cleveland ?

New Orleans Pleayune: Soft gloves are worn by puglists to prevent hard feelings in a friendly fight. English capitalists have a great

PUMPKIN PIE.

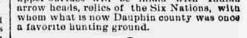
Brandon Banner.

When "melancholy days" come round and leaves get brown and red, When corn is shocked, and when you add a blanket to your bed, When apples, pured and quartered, are set in the sun to dry. This is the time you smack your lips and think of pumpkin pie.

building instead of being scattered as they are now. The thing of prime imof pumpkin pie. portance is a safe place for the public This pumpkin ple's a tempting dish to almost

records. If this can be secured the city any fellow, So sweet and tender, luscious (yum) and then withal so yellow. You stir up eggs and milk and spice and sugar O, my eve

And then you add the pumpkin and that makes the pumpkin ple.



THE FELLOW WHO AGREES,

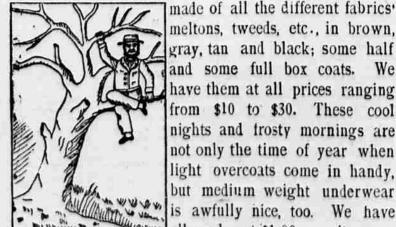
Nixon Waterman. On, there are sorry scores and scores Of quite exasperating bores: The one whose presence will beget "That tired feeling" you regret. But of the foes that greet manking The very sorriest you'll find Is that obliging mortal who In everything agrees with you.

No matter what you chance to say He swears you're right in every way. Fate can't a joy or sorrow bring But he hus felt the self-same thing. You mention you've an ache or pain-Ho's had it, too, time and again. He knows your being through and through This fellow who agrees with you.

In thought and deed, in mind and hears He is your perfect counterpart; Say what you will you'll find that he In every statement will agree. He coincides with you until It taxes all your strength of will To keep from beating black and blue The follow who agrees with you.



And see our stacks upon stacks of light overcoats.



and some full box coats. We have them at all prices ranging from \$10 to \$30. These cool nights and trosty mornings are not only the time of year when light overcoats come in handy, but medium weight underwear is awfully nice, too. We have all grades at \$1.00 a suit up as

X

high as you want. Our overcoats are made up by us after the leading tailoring designs for the season of '92 and '93, and when you buy of us you can rely upon having the latest proper styles. Anyway, come down.

