Dixon's Gallows May Be the First Government Structure on Block 86.

COUNTY PRIVILEGES WERE REFUSED

Commissioners Decline to Allow the Execution to Occur on Court House Square -How the Condemned Man Is Passing His Last Days,

The county and federal authorities held a meeting yesterday afternoon and discussed the selection of a place for the execution of Dixon. It was conceded that the hanging could not take place on the court house square if the commissioners objected. It was also decided that Fort Omaha would not do, as the man had been condemned in the state courts and could not be legally hanged on a military reservation. The advisability of having the execution take place on the postoffice square, block 86, was discussed. The federal officials considered the matter favorably and will finally decide

upon it today. Late Saturday night a wooden box some eighteen inches square was spirited into the county jail by one of Slaughter's men, and when opened it was found to contain a fine hemp rope, twenty feet long and five-eighths of an inch in diameter. At one end there is the regulation bangman's noose. The opinion prevails that this rope is intended to help Dixon on his trip to the hereafter.

Dixon Faring Well.

In addition to this, Marshal Slaughter restorday issued an order to Sheriff Ben nett instructing him to furnish Dixon with anything he wanted in the line of entables and charge the expense to Uncle Sam. Dixon was highly pleased when Jailer Miller called on him yesterday morning and told him to make out his order for dinner. He said that he could not under-stand why Slaughter had opened his heart, as heretofore Slaughter's orders had been for simply jail fare.

After thinking matters over for a few mo-

After thinking matters over for a few mo-ments Dixon remarked that as he had but four more dinners to eathe might as well live upon the fat of the land, and thereupon ordered veal cutlets breaded, fried cysters, eggs over, a loaf of sponge cake and a quart of coffee.

When the dinner was served he ate with a hearty relish, remarking that it was the best meal that he had eaten in five years. In order to remain in the good graces of the county commissioners, Slaughter must declare himself before many more hours clapse and state whether or not he intends to hang Dixon on the court house grounds. The commissioners are all opposed to the hanging taking place there, but rather than cross swords with the United States government they will let it go on, provid-ing Slauguter will station a row of guards around the court house square to keep the morbid sightseers off the grass. If this is not done, there seems to be a feeling that Slaughter will be informed that he must kill his man on some other spot than county territory. Kick From the County.

At the session of the Board of County Com missioners held vesterday afternoon the members took the bull by the horns and officially declared against the hanging of Dixon on

the court house grounds next Friday. The following resolution was introduced by Majer Paddock and unanimously adopted:

by Majer Paddock and unanimously adopted:

Whereas. The execution of the United States prisoner, Clinton E. Dixon, now in the jail of the county, having been ordered to take place on Friday, the 224 lost; and
Whereas, Said 22d lost; and
Whiteas, Said 22d lost, occurring on a legal holicay of our state, viz. Arbor Day, one in which all classes of our people take deep interest, and especially one memorable to the school children and youth of the state, and which is growing year by year of greater importance and of dearer recollection to such, and ought not to be clouded by a memory of the event contemplated; now, therefore be it Resolved: That this board recommend to his honer, Elmer's Dundy, judge of the circuit court of the United States for the district of Nebraska, to lay these facts before the president of the United States and advise a respite in the case.

Resolved: That notification be given the

Resolved, That notification be given the United States marshal that this board will not consider the said execution taking p e within the predicts of the court houselne fall on the said (2d day of April, 1892. Not Enthusiastically Received.

United States Prosecuting Attorney Baker was just leaving his office at the noon hour when Major Paddock rushed up and ex-claimed with much earnestness, "Hold on a minute, I want to see you," and at once began to tell why the county commissioners had decided not to allow the execution to take piece on the court house grounds next Friday. He was telling about the dreadful effect it would have on generations yet unborn, when Major Furay, who was also a listener, broke in with an offer of the use of his 160 acre farm for the purpose of carrying out the court's decree, and remarking that justice should not be interfered with on account of serile sentiment.

Mr. Baker subsequently stated that the commissioners undoubtedly had the right to decide as they had done regarding the court house grounds, poor farm and any other property over which they had exclusive control, but that they did not own the earth, thanks to a Divine Providence, just laws and popular sentiment. He said that they had no con-trol whatever over the balance of the county so far as carrying out the imposed sentence is concerned and their protests would amount to nothing. He listened patiently to the suggestion of Major Paddock that he telegraph President

Harrison asking for a postponement of the execution, and then politely declined to do anything of the kind. The commissioners also waited on General Brooke and asked him to interfere, but he declared that he knew nothing about the matter and furthermore didn't want to. He said that it was entirely out of his jurisdic-

DeWitt's Sarsaparitia cleanses the blood, increases the appetite and tones up the sys-tem. It has benefitted many people who have suffered from blood disorders. It wil

Card from N. B. Falconer. On Wednesday morning, we will place on sale the greatest bargains in ribbons that we have ever had the

pleasure of offering our friends. We purchased them last week at one of the great forced sales in New York, made to realize on a manufacturer's In this sale we will be able to offer silk ribbons as low as 3 cents a yard. Particulars in the evening papers. N. B. FALCONER.

INCREASING THEIR CAPACITY.

Manufacturers Find Their Trade Growing

Rapidly-Notes About the State. Manufacturers are commenting on the rush of business which is forcing them into increasing the capacity of their plants and enlarging their working force. As there is no other apparent cause they are giving the credit to the home patronage movement,

A writer in the United States investor asserts that there is a bright future before the manufacturers of paving brick. The rich soil of the west, so productive of corn, is also unrivaled in the production of mud. Hence comes the demand for better roads and streets and as the country develops this deatreets and as the country develops this de-mand will be ever on the increase. At the present time there appears to be good rea-son for believing that brick is rapidly gain-ing in public favor and that it is the coming pavement. Nebraska brick men must not fail to take advantage of the opportunities presented to them and make Nebraska one of the greatest if not the greatest paving brick manufacturing states in the union. manufacturing states in the union

According to a recent consus buildin giv-ing statistics of manufacture in St. Louis there are in that gity 6,148 manufacturing establishments having a combined capital of \$140,775,392 and giving employment to 23,610 people. The total sum of wages paid per year is \$53,165,942 or an average of \$568 for each man, woman or child employed. The factories consumed material, during the year, valued at \$122,010,805, while the output of the factories amounted to \$238,714,317. At the same time St. Louis is not recognized inthe commercial world as being a manufac turing city of any great importance. Carriage manufacturers report business

picking up somewhat but not at all rushing.
Why is it that so many retail dealers in the
city send out goods of foreign make even to people who ask for something of Nebraska manufacture? Almost every day well known citizens complain that they ordered certain articles from retail merchants, especially re-questing that the articles be of Nebraska manufacture, and that the order would be filled, but they would discover later that the goods were not of Nebraska manufacture. The manufacturers' association ought to take notice of these cases and ask an explanation

of the matter from the dealers.

Manufacturers in the state should make greater efforts to so mark their goods that they can be identified readily by the purchasers.

A prominent citizen recently asked at a dry goods house in the city for Omaha made pearl buttons and was shown only two cards of very poorly made buttons. They were chipped on the edges and were evidently culls. In view of the fact that the pearl butcuits. In view of the fact that the pear outtons made in Omaha are pronounced by the
jobbers to be equal in every respect to the
imported buttons it seems vory strange that
an Omaha house should attempt to discredit
an industry new to the city, by any such
method. The dry goods house in question
has frequently complained about the habit of
some Onesha meaning a sending out of the city some Omaha people in sending out of the city for their dry goods, arguing that the local dry goods houses should be patronized.

dry goods houses should be patronized.

The Omaha pearl butten manufacturers have the opportunity of building up the finest manufacturing business in the city, but they cannot unless they wake up. While nearly all the space for the June exposition has been taken, neither butten factory has engaged space. They can make an exhibit with less expense than most any other manufacturer in the city, and it would do them an incalculable amount af good. Every lady visiting the exposition and seeing pearl buttons made would be a purchaser of Omaha buttons from that time on.

At the present there are twelve concerns engaged in the manufacture of pearl buttons

At the present there are twelve concerns engaged in the manufacture of pearl buttons in Newark, N. J., employing all the way from twenty hands to 100 each. Wages of the button turners range from \$18 to \$23 per week, and boys and girls employed in finishing the goods are paid from \$6 to \$10 per week. Over 600 persons are obtaining a livelihood in the city of Newark, N. J. from this industry. The same or similar results have been secured in other cities of the United States. Providence, R.I., Springfield, Mass., Philadelphia, New York, Brooklyn, Chicago and several other cities now have their factories for the manufacture of pearl buttons furnishing work for upward of 5,000 people at wages on which they can live decently and in comfort.

The Kearney Hub says: Manufacturers of Kearney do not appear to appreciate the value and importance of perfecting the organizaand importance of perfecting the organiza-tion which will give them a closer connection with the Manufacturers and Consumers association of Nebrasia. The Hub has on several occasions endeavored to outline the plan and scope of the association and to im-press upon the manufacturers of this city the importance of adopting this system of co-operation and mutual protection. It simply means that with the solid backing of a loyal home support, coupled with the influence home support, coupled with the influence and prestige of the state association, nearly every one of our manufacturers would be able to expand his business and place it on a better footing than has ever before been possible. The plan of this association goes so far that it organizes the consumers into a separate branch and educates them to ask for and demand the home manufactured product in preference to the foreign, with the result that the public is soon disabused of the old notion that a superior article can

be procured away from home.
The Kearney public should not only be educated to ask for Kearney canned goods, Kearney vinegar and pickles, Kearney oat meal and Kearney flour, Kearney baking powder and flavoring extracts, Kearney foundry and machine work, Kearney print-ing and blank books, Kearney cigars, coffees, etc., etc., but to insist next on having goods manufactured in the state—say Omaha soaps, South Omaha meats, Nepraska City cereals, Fremost twine, etc. In this manner we build up each other, we husband our resources, and enrich the whole state. Kearney manufacturers are so scattered that it is apparently unable to bring them together even though their own interests are at stake. But they ought to do it, and right away at that, so as to be prepared to take part in the home industry exhibit that will be made in Omaha in June.

Allen Forman in the Denver News says
the tenement house cigar evil, though frequently attacked, has never been stamped

out. Owners of small factories send out "piece work" to the dwellers of the recking enements, and the goods are boxed and in beled as the output of a regular factory. The system pursued is worthy of notice, and has been brought again before the public through the work of the physicians in charge of the plague stricken section. In these great tenements on the east side of town families of poor Russian Jews are huddled like bees in a hive. It is no unfrequent thing for a family of five or six to occupy one room. Proper sanitation is impossible, and it is among poor creatures like these, badly nourished, insufficiently clothel and never washed, that an epidemic like typhus finds its victims. A bundle of 100 pounds of leaf tobacco is furnished by the "manufac-turer," and for this the cigarmaker is obliged to return 165 pounds of cigars.

The moisture required for rolling the leaf is supposed to make up the extra five pounds. He is paid a few dellars a thousand for his work of making the cigars, but if he can turn in 120 or 130 pounds of cigars for his 100 pounds of to-bacco he is paid extra, and is asked no quesions as to where the tobacco comes Here is the only source of profit, and the wily Russian is not slow to avail himself of it. Cigar stumps are gathered from the gut-ters and the cuspiders of the saloons, are taken to the tenement houses, carefully un-rolled and used for "filers," It has devel-oped into a regular industry, and in the gray of the morning you will see squalld men sweeping our bar rooms and cleaning the spittoons. It is the duty of the bartender on "early watch," as it is called, to clean out the place, but he finds dezens of these huntthe place, but he finds dozens of these hunters after stumps who are willing and anxious to sweep out the bar rooms for the stumps which are lying on the floor, and to wash out the cuspidors for the partly smoked cigars which float in them. The floor and cuspidors of a fairly popular bar room will often yield a couple of pounds of stumps and about forty pounds of this vile "filter" can be used to every 100 pounds of tobacco.

W. A. Hutchings of Paoria ill has agreed.

W. A. Hutchings of Peoria, III. has agreed to erect an ice factory at Des Moines to cost \$50,000, provided he can be assured of patronage. He agrees to deliver ice at 35c per 100 pounds, or 50 cents per week, daily deliveries of lifteen pounds. The plant will be ready by June 1 if erected.

be ready by June 1 if erected. A traveling man is the authority for the statement that a committee representing the traveling men who "Sunday" at Hastings called upon the business men of that city and made this threat: "There are seventy travel-ing men living in Hastings and unless you let up on the home patronage movement we will every one of us move out." The same traveling man also declares that similar prossure was brought to bear in Kearney, and that that is the reason for the lack of en-thusiasm on the home patronage question in that city. The traveling men representing newses outside of Nebraska are fighting the movement and are claiming that it will drive them out of the state, and that hotels and towns will lose their patronage. It will not drive them out of the state; it will give them the opportunity of obtaining situations with Nebraska houses. The business of the state can support a certain number of traveling men and it can be no detriment if these traveling men are employed by Nebraska houses instead of eastern houses.

Dewitt's Sarsaparma cleanses the blood,

Woodruff Found Not Guilty. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 18.-The jury in the case of W. E. Woodruff, ex-state treasurer, charged with embezzling \$64,000 in state funds, this morning returned a verdict of not guilty. The shortage was made good by his bondsmen last February.

The Company Asserts Its Ownership in the Disputed Bottom Lands.

INJUNCTION ISSUED BY JUDGE DUNDY

City Restrained from Interfering with the Company's Use of the Property or the Removal of the Feace From the Land,

The Union Pacific has at last shown its hand in the controversy regarding the ownership of the north bottoms real estate that was recently fenced in by the city under a slight protest from the railway company. That cornoration has now jumped into the federal court with its grievance.

It will be remember 1 that the company made no move to prayent the city from fenc ing in the property in dispute, but waited until the return of Judge Dundy from his Florida trip, whereupon General Solici-tor Thurston, by his next best friend, As-sistant Solicitor Kelley, filed a petition in the United States circuit court setting forth the alleged ownership of the land by the railway company and the city's attempt to take possession of it, and praying for the issuance of an injunction to not only restrain the city from interfering with the company in its use of the property but to also restrain the municipality from in any way interfering with the removal of any obstructions now there or hereafter to be placed there—notably the fence erected by the city. The injunction was granted by Judge Dundy as desired and the restraining order issued. t The bond was fixed at \$2,000, and this wa

The city of Omaha, George P. Bemis, mayor, and James H. Winspear, street commissioner, are made defendants, and a copy of the restraining order was served on the last of the defendants yesterday morning The hearing of the case is set for June 6, before the judges of the circuit court. Pending the hearing, the policemen who have been guarding the fence up to this time will

be removed. City Attorney [Connell stated yesterday action taken in the federal court, but had been informed of the issuance of the re-straining order. Until he had seen the petition, he said that he could make no state ment as to the legal points raised. From the scope of the restraining order, however, he was puzzled to understand why the court had not settled the case then and there.

That Tired Feeling Is often the forerunner of serious illness which may be broken up if a good tonic like Hood's Sarsaparilla is taken in good season This medicine invigorates the kidneys and liver to remove the waste from the system, purifies the blood and builds up the strength Constipation is caused by loss of the peristalic action of the bowers. Hood's pills re-store this action and invigorate the liver.

Dr. Cullimore, oculist, Bee building Drunk enness.

A disease, treated as such and permanently cured. No publicity. No infirm-ary. Home treatment. Harmless and ffectual, Refer by permission to Burlington Hawkeye. Send 2c stamp for pamphlet Shokoquon Chemical Co., Burlington, Ia.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY TICKETS. Candidates Named to be Voted for Next

Thursday Afternoon. Republican primaries will be held in the various wards in Omaha and South Omaha Thursday afternoon. Following is a list of the candidates selected at the republican

First Ward-Hanchett, Stunt, Cornish, Elgutter, Henderson, Barston, Hensen, Back

caucuses last Friday night:

Second Ward-E. M. Stenberg, M. H. Red-field, John Tideman, S. E. Bachelor, W. C. Kelley, Charles Hoye, A. C. Hart, Frank Swoboda and W. C. Cloud. W. B. Peyton, A. D. White, Nate Brown, Charles Branch, Howard Watson, Seth Cole

and B. Silloway.
Fourth Ward-N. B. Hussey, Frank Haller,
T. W. Blackburn, F. Swartzlander, A. Lockner, C. R. Turney, J. T. Lucas, R. D. Duncan and A. C. Troup.

Fifth Ward—Henry Boiln, Charles Saun-ders, John H. Kyner, George F. Munro, Harry G. Counsman, George Heimrod, John

J. James, C. B. Coon and John Wallace.
Sixth Ward—Chris Speent, W. H. Stephens, John McLearie, John Elek. Dorsey
Houck, B. C. Smith, R. C. Williams, P. O.
Hanson and Carr Axferd. Seventh Ward Samuel McLeod, George Sabine, Charles Howes, Andrew Stonedani, C. N. Powell, James C. Ish, James W. Carr, C. N. Powell, James C. 18h, James W. Carr, F. W. Zatzmann and J. J. Nobes. Eighth Ward—Cadet Taylor, J. W. Nich-ols, J. H. Jacobson, J. W. Furnas, James Hendrickson, Thomas Fitzgerald, Charles Soulenberg, S. L. Barnett and T. S.

Crocker.

Ninth Ward—H. C. Aiken, C. J. Jonhson,
Chares Unitt, N. H. Tunnichff, L. Blickensderfer, J. F. Wilcox, J. L. Carr, C. D. Hutchinson and E. P. Davis. In addition to the above the following canfidates have been placed on the field by pe-

tition:
Third ward—H. A. Eastman.
Fourth Ward—John L. Webster, W. F.
Bechel, W. F. Gurdey, N. A. Kuhn, C. A.
Gross, P. L. Perine, A. H. Briggs, J. W.
Lyile, Pat O. Hawes.
Fifth Ward—H. W. Barnum, W. H. Butler, C. M. Bachmann.
Seventh Ward—H. H. Baldridge, John G.
Saleshur, John Norborg, Lon Vates, T. W. Salesbury, John Norberg, Lee Yates, T. W. Smith, Henry Rand, Charles Beindorff, Dr. Ewing Brown, E. M. Bartlett.

Eighth Ward-J. W. Hotchkiss.

Mr. M. A. Murry, Wilmington, Del., writes: "I had one of my severe headaches and was persuaded to try your valuable (Bradycrotine) medicine. I never had anything to do me so much good.

METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE

At Omaha, May, 1892. For the accommodation of those desiring to visit at points east of, in the vicinity of or at Omaha, during May, the

fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale April 28 to 30 inclusive, limited to June For tickets or additional information apply to your nearest agent Union Pa-

Union Pacific will sell tickets at one

CAPTURED A BOLD THIEF.

Three Bundred Dollars of Stolen Money Recovered by Officer Brady.

Officer Brady saw a coarsely clad man and boy going in and out of the pawnshops on lower Farnam street about 6 o'clock Sunday evening and not liking their style asked them to give an account of themselves. Their story proved unsatisfactory to the policeman and he sent them to the jail as suspicious characters. Brady didn't know it at the time, but he made a very good capture which will probably add a few shining shekels to his already large bank account. At head-quarters the bey gave his name as Robert Meyer and the man as John Klaiss. When Jailer Bebout commenced to search the lad he was astounded, for the first thing he found was a new wallet containing \$300 in

Highest of all in Leavening Power .-- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

cific system.



PLEA OF THE UNION PACIFIC

bills. Further mearch revealed some \$26 more, besides are volver and cartridge belt.

The boy said he was 16 years old and had saved the monewin four years out of a salary of \$\mathbb{R}\$ a week. Chief Seavey happened to be in his office and put the boy on the rack at once. Not being satisfied with the answers he got, the chief ordered the youngster locked in the dark cell until such time as he

was willing to give a truthful account of himself. It didn't take long to bring the lad to terms for he broke down and made a confession. He said he came from Pittsburg, Pa., and had stolen \$400 from a baker named Joe who worked for W. F. Rich on

named Joe who worked for W. F. Rich on Carson street. A statchel belonging to "Joe" was dut open, the money stolen and the thief skipped. He left Pittsburg on April 10 and arrived in the dity Friday. Since then he has been collecting an outfit is order to go up in Wyoming and kill Indians.

From the boy's statement Klaiss was merely an acquaintance he had picked up and who was willing to travel with the youngster as long as his money lasted. The chief of police sent a telegram to the Pittsburg officials notifying them of the capture.

A telegram was received at the police station from the chief of police of Pittsburg asking that the boy be held as an Pittsourg asking that the boy be held as an officer had started for Omaha.

WEEPING WATER, Nob., Oct. 28, '90.—Dr. Moore: My Dear Sir—I have just bought the third bottle of your Tree of Life. It is indeed a "Tree of Life." Doctor, when you so kindly gave me that first bottle my right side was so lame and sore and my liver en-larged so much that I could not lie upon my larged so much that I could not lie upon my right side at all. There was a soreness over my kidneys all of the time, but now that trouble is all over. I sleep just as well on one side as on the other, and my sleep resis and refreshes me, and I feel the best I've feit in fifteen years, and I know that it is all due to your Tree of Life. Yours very truly,

For sale by all druggists.

For sale by all druggists. OMAHA AND RETURN.

One Fare for the Round Trip. For the accommodation of those desiring to visit at points east of, in the vicinity of, or at Omaha in May during the session of the Methodist General Conference, the Union Pacific will sell tickets to Omaha and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale April 28 to 30 inclusive, limited to June

For any additional information apply to your nearest agent U. P. system.

WYOMING'S CATTLE INDUSTRY. What a Resident of the State Thinks of the Situation.

Mr. John H. Barron, president of the New Hampshire Cattle company, and a general morchant of Lusk, Wyo., arrived in the city Sunday night. The cattle company of which Mr. Barron is at the head, owns and con trols 15,000 cattle which are now on the range of eastern Converse county.

In reply to inquiries regarding the trouble in Johnson county, Mr. Barron said be knew nothing more than what had appeared in the telegraphic columns of Tire Bee, as he had never been in Johnson county. He is about 250 miles from where the trouble exists. He anticipates no trouble the coming summer in gathering and marketing cattle from the ranges occupied by the cattle in which he is interested. So far as the eastern end of Converse county is concerned, Mr. Barron claims that rustling of cattle from the companies has cut no great figure, and that none of the rustlers

number of cattle. "Have the large companies refused to

who have the reputation of being such, have succeeded in accumulating any considerable

round up cattle for the smaller ranchmen as claimed!"
"No, sir," replied Mr. Barrcu. "Speaking for my own company it has always gathered the cattle belonging to the farmers and smaller ranchmen and shipped and marketed them. So far as my knowledge extends other companies have done likewise. It is quite expensive to make a round-up of cattle and a ranchman with only a few head of stock can better afford to have the large companies gather in their cattle when the round-up is being made than to do it themselves. It is much cheaper for them. I am personally acquainted with all the farmers and ranchmen in our section, and have never felt that any great projudice existed against large companies. All farmers and are not rustions the range are mutually interested in having the business honestly conducted.
"Wyoming is essentially a stock raising

state, and the cattle business is the one great business of the state. The destruction or crippling of this business would be the most serious blow that could be struck at the prosperity of the state. The cattlemen always pay their taxes promptly and large sums are disbursed throughout the state by them. Although they have made money very little of it has gone east to stockholders in the shape of dividends the past four years. "No man not a resident of Wyoming can appreciate the situation. The evidence thas appreciate the situation. The excitement has been intense throughout the state." "Is there any likelihood of the rustlers at

acking the government troops at Fort Mc

"To that inquiry I am unable to state. I know nothing more about that than I see in the newspapers." In regard to the talk of cattle owners with drawing their stock from Wyoming, Mr Barron said that such action on the part of Saron said that such action on the part of stockmen would rum any county in the state. This question did not come about, he says, on account of any trouble with rustlers, but has been talked of by some because they think the feeding in Montana is better. Mr. Barron is a large purchaser of sup-plies and owns a mercantile establishment at

Death of Mrs. Flagg. Mrs. Ada E. Flagg, wife of E. S. Flagg died Sunday afternoon at the house of her mother, corner of Eleventh and Jackson streets, of consumption of the boweis. The deceased had been ill for several months. Mrs. Flagg, whose husband is a member of the fire department, was 29 years of age and a memoer of Golden Link, Rebekah lodge. She was a warm favorite with a large circle of friends who sympathize with the bereaved husband. The remains will be sent to Van Meter, Ia., on Wednesday. Funeral services will be held at 9 o'clock.

BIRTHS. Notices of five lines or less under this head, Afty cents; each additional line ten cents. SABINE-To Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Sabine, o April 18th, 1892, a boy.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX." ECHAMS COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING. For SICK HEADACHE.

Dizziness, or Swimming in the Head, Winds-Pain, and Spassas at the Stomach, Pains in the Back, Grayel, and flying Pains in the Body, liheumatism, etc.

Take four, five or even six of Beecham's Pills, and in was cause out of ten, they will goe relief intessay sansules; for the pill will go direct to and remove the cause. De cause being no more nor less than wind, together with poisonous and noxions vapours, and sometimes unwholesoms food.

Of aif druggistic Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

wholesome whiskey produced in America. It is distilled from Rye a grain, containing more nutrition than any other, vastly superior to corn (from which Bourbon whiskies are distilled.) You may know it by its exquisite flavor and the proprietary bottle in which it is served. For sale at all first-class drinking places and drug stores. Call for "Cream Pure Rye" and

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The money is refunded if they fail to benefit or cure. Being sold on this peculiar plan of "value received or no pay," the prices of the genuine guaranteed medicines always have been, are,

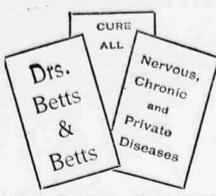
guaranteed medicines area; and always will be, as follows: Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, \$1.00 per bottle. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

1.00 per bottle.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, 25c, per vial.

Suspicion naturally and rightfully attaches to any medicines purporting to be Dr. Pierce's, when offered at any other prices than those above given.

A Winning Hand



In that great and exciting game which is ever being played between Health and Life on one side, and Disease and Death on the other, Ability is the Joker, Experience the Right Bower, and Skill the Left. And these are all held by America's unrivated Specialists,



Whose marvelous success in effecting speedy and permanent cures in all diseases of a private or delicate nature is the wonder of the age. Syphilis,

Gonorrhœa, Spermatorrhœa, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Piles, Lost Manhood. Seminal Weakness, Female Weakness, Sexual Diseases, Kldney Troubles,

Bladder and Urinary Difficulties All scientifically, safely, speedily and permanently cured.

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This is the Johet Light Roadster which sells at \$125.00. We will sell them for sixty days at \$05.00. It has 154 inch cushion tires, is full ball bearing and all drop forgings. Sent C. O. D. on receipt of \$10. We also sell the Columbia, Hartford and Victor. Catalogue free. A. H. PERRIGO & CO.,

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is via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y, as represented on this map. CHICACO

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Our guarantee on this shoe is this: If after you wear a pair of these shoes, you find them unsatisfactory in any way -- if the stitches rip, or the hanger pulls out, or the stock proves defective; if you don't get the amount of wear out of them that you should, you may return them to us and you'll either get new shoes free or your money back.

We will also put on sale this week a handsome NEW PAT-ENT LEATHER SHOE IN ALL STYLES AT \$2 50 A PAIR.

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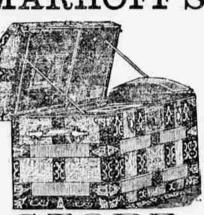


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