KELLEY, STIGER & CO.,

DEPARTMENT.

This department shows the most extensive line of spring and summer gar-ments ever shown in this city, including all the novelties in English Top Coats, Reefer and Blazer Jackets, Capes and Newmarkets, also Blazer Suits in blue,

black, tan, gray and brown. English Tep Coats with seamless back and lap side seams, 30 to 36 inches long, lined with silk throughout, large pearl buttons and finished in the very best manner. Prices \$22 to \$35.

See our assortment of fine regular made Reefer Jackets in tan, gray, blue, and black. We offer some special values at \$5, \$6.50, \$7.75, \$9, \$10, up to

The most popular garment shown this season for dress is the long cape, 40 and and 45 inches long, in tan, black, blue and French g ay, embroidered and trimmed with fine laces. These garments are extremely stylish and pretty. We also show a very fine line of Blazer Jackets in tan, gray and black, with lace fronts, something very new and desirable for summer wear. Price from \$13.50 to \$20.

Special Sale. Genuine Bargains.

On our bargain tables this week, Ladies' Corsets, odd lots of 50c, 75c and \$1 goods, also odd lots of Children's Waists, your choice,

25c.

At 72c in white, black and gray, in all sizes, long waisted strip Corsets. These are regular \$1.25 goods.

All our Imported C. P. Corsets in white and drab. These goods are made of the finest quality of satine and have never been offered for less than \$2.50 and \$3. Your choice this week \$1.98.

ATTRACTIVE SILKS FOR EASTER. SPECIAL

GRAND DISPLAY OF EASTER SILKS.

ALMA ROYAL \$1.35. Pure Silk, very stylish. Reliable in every respect, warranted. Regular price \$1.50. During Easter \$1.35 ALMA ROYAL

FAILLE FRANCAISE \$1.15. FRANCAISE \$1,19.
A thoroughly reliable silk (warranted). Buy a rich black dress silk dress for Easter. Worth \$1.35, now \$1,15. FAILLE FRANCAISE

BLACK CRYSTAL \$1.35.
The latest fashion. Thoroughly serviceable. Regular price \$1.50. During Easter week our price \$1.35. CRYSTAL BLACK

BENGALINE CRYSTAL \$1.50. E. CRYSTAL \$1.50.
Superb quality. The latest style. In the new shades. Worth \$2.00. During this sale our price \$1.50, CRYSTAL BENGALINE. BEDFORD CREPE \$1.40.

A rich, pure silk, fashionable material. Usual price \$1.75. \$1.40. CREPE BEDFORD. ILLUMINATED TAFFETAS 95c.

S 95c.
All the new effects. A desirable material, being just in style.
95c. TAFFETA CHANGEABLE. All the latest and most desirable styles are shown in great profusion at

We display over 200 styles of the richest designs and most beautiful affects ever seen in this silk.

We are closing the balance of this superior black Japanese silk at a greatly cut price The quantity is row-very limited.

NEW EFFECTS in Rich Moire, SUPERIOR STYLES in Wash Silks, Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FRENCH NOVELTY ROBES.

The latest effects. New Crepon effects. Rich Damask weaves. Superb shades in Plisse. New effects in Cheviot ROVELTY ROBES

New attractions in plain and fancy effects of black and colored dress goods. Special display during Easter. CHALLIE 19c. Regular price 25c. Remarkably pretty styles.

CHALLIE 19c.

CHALLIE 50c. The best grade. French Challie. Superb effects, designs and colorings. This cut price being such an inducement. They are selling rapidly. CAALLIE 50c.

VIGEROUX SUITINGS 55c. They are Biege, Tan, Brown and Gray mixtures. Fine all wool French goods. Regular price 75c.

During this week

55c. VIGEROUX SUITING

LANSDOWNE \$1.35. The genuine Lansdowne, a rich, serviceable and very fashionable silk and wool dress fabric. All

the shades now in vogue are now displayed. \$1.35. LANSDOWNE CHEVIOT \$1.00. Well recommended for durability. Very stylish. As a special offer during the ensuing week our price

CHEVIOT \$1.00. Well recommended for durability. Very stylish. As a special offer during the ensuing week our price for this 50 inch Scotch suiting \$1.00.

CREPON CREPON. We display a fair representative of all the new weaves in this fashionable material. Every shade in vogue. Our prices invite purchase.

MOURNING DEPARTMENT. Easter Bargains. Black Dress Goods. Bargains.

HENRIETTA 90c. Regular \$1.00 quality. Silk finished, 46 inch, reliable Henrietta, 90c. HENRIETTA.

SERGE 85c. 46 inch fine French Serge. Regular price \$1.00. This is a great bargain, 85c. SERGE.

BEDFORD CORD 90c. Worth \$1.25. During the week this will be sold at 90c. BEDFORD CORD.

CREPON \$1.00. Rich, stylish Creton, perfect black dye, would be cheap at \$1.35. \$1.00. CREPON.

WHIPCORD \$1.00. Worth \$1.25. This superior dress fabric is highly recommended, is worth \$1.25. We offer during this sale at \$1.00.

WHIPCORD \$1.00. Worth \$1.25. This superior dress fabric is highly recommended, is worth \$1.25. We offer during this sale at \$1.00.

LADIES' CLOTH 60c. Regular price 75c. We make this as a special offer this week. 50 inches wide, 60c. LADIES' CLOTH. LANSDOWNE, is stylish and serviceable.

NEW, FANCY BEDFORD CORDS.

NUN'S VEILING. A great bargain, 65c.'

BLACK ALL WOOL CHLLIE 55c.

KID GLOVES for Easter. Gloves for Easter, you can get any shade in our glove department, any shade that is fashionable special attention is called to our Trefousse 8 button suede.

TREFOUSSE 4 button suede, \$1.50; all the new spring shades are in this line represented.

BIARRITZ, this is splendid value for one dollar, tans, grays, black, browns and white, with black stitching, at \$1, ANOTHER BARGAIN—Suede Biarritz in the new spring shades, including white, one dollar.

DEPARTMENT.

Fashion bids fair to bury us this season in "billows of lace," in fact "oceans" of the filmy trimming would better explain the present situation, for dresses, wraps, hats and even slippers our lace counter.

8, 10 and 13-inch ecru and creme Point de Genes and Point de Irlande lace flouncings (very fashionable and in great favor) at 30c, 40c, 60c, 85c, \$1 and \$1.25; edges to match.

8, 10 and 13-inch black creme and ecru all-ritk Point de Gene and Point de Olga flouncings at 50c, 75c, 85c and \$1.25 a vard.

S, 10 and 13-inch black all silk Chan-tilly face flouncings (thread effect) at \$1, \$1.50, \$1.85, \$2.25 and \$2.75. Marvels of beauty

8, 10 and 13-inch black silk Chantilly and Tosca Flouncings at 28c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c. The best values we ever

42 inch black silk Chantilly Lace Skirtings at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50, \$3.

beaded passamenteries, silk ribbon fringes, jet beaded fringes, jet and col-ored beaded girdles,

EASTER Handkerchiefs.

5-Special Bargains-5

in ladies white embroidered, scalloped finelawn handkerchiefs, at 15c, 22½c,30c,

At 25c We are showing a reg-of ladies' fast black 35c quality At 35c or 3 Pairs for \$1. We will show you 3 distinct styles of ladies' fine fast black hose, the regular value

of which is 50c per pair.

500 Monday morning we largest and finest assortment of ladies' fine hose at 50c at 50c to be found in the city. They come in plain 500 at soc to be found in the 500 city. They come in plain black cotton, plain black black cotton, plain black, lisle or cotton, all black, or with fancy colored tops and fast black boots, regular value 75c. ular value 75c.

50c 50c 50c 50c 50c

Children's extra 25c 25c Children's extra 25c heavy, fast black, 25c school hose, all sizes, 35c from 5 to 10 inches, with 25c from 5 to 10 inches, 50c double beels and toes 50c and double knees, at 25c, 35c and 50c.

Ladies' Knit

Underwear.

Our stock is now complete and comorises all the popular makes and styles in plain and jersey ribbed goods, such as cotton balbriggan, liste, wool gauze, merino and silk. The prices are the lowest, quality considered.

Children's knit underwear in plain

no sleeve, high or low neck, white or ecru, at all prices from 12½c up. Parasols, Parasols.

gauze or jersey ribbed, long or short or

Our stock is now complete and comprises all the novelties of the season. Beautiful chiffon parasols in gray,tan, red, cream, white and black.

Elegant new illuminated or changeable surah parasols in all the different shades. New illuminated or changeable taffeta silk parasols. Elegant 22-inch and 24-inch coaching shades in plain and fancy changeable silks with cases to match.

A full line of carriage shades at popular prices. Special. An all black silk par-An ali black silk par-

Department.

Spring Neckwear.

An entirely new line for spring and

summer, including many styles made especially for us.

This is the most elegant assortment we have ever had in stock at one time, and includes an immense variety of puffs, tecks, four-in-hands, large bows and Windsors, at 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.35.

Gloves, Gloves, Gloves.

We are showing a large and well selected stock of men's gloves, in fine dog skin, velvet finished Mochas, English Bucksand real kids in all the popular shades, suitable for driving and street wear, at \$1.15, \$1.40, \$1.50, \$2.35.

Balbriggan Underwaar 3 Special Leaders.

Lot 1.

75 dozen men's medium weight balbriggan underwear in cream and normal gray mixtures, long and short sleeves, all sizes, at 50c.

100 dozen men's real French balbriggan shirts and drawers, all sizes, a docided bargain, at 621c each.

Lot 3.

100 dozen men's extra fine real French balbriggan shirts and drawers (our own direct importation) in all sizes at 909 each, worth \$1.25.

Percale Shirts.

25 dozen real French percale shirts, open back and front, with two collars and one pair cuffs, in pin stripes and pelka dots, warranted fast colors and perfect in fit, at \$1.50 each. We carry all the very latest shapes in

men's collars and cuffs. A choice line of suspenders at 50c,75c, 90c, \$1, \$1.25,

Kelley, Stiger & Company, Cor. Farnam and Fifteenth Streets

Losses Sustained During the Sioux Trouble to Be Settled.

THEY WILL BE PAID EARLY THIS WEEK

Special Agent Cooper Will Act as Disbursing Officer in the Case-All Claims Reduced by Nearly One-Half-Washington News.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOUNTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.

Those friendly Sloux who assisted the gov ernment and state troops in suppressing the Sioux Indian war in South Dakota and northern Nebraska fifteen months ago are to receive their roward in a financial way at last. It will be remembered that Buffalo Bill, Major Burke and others who had an actual knowledge of the part which the friendlies took in suppressing the Sloux war came to Washington last winter and urged congress to make an appropriation of \$100,000 to pay the friendly Sioux for the property they lost and other sacrifices they made in assisting the government. Congress finally made the appropriation and the laterior depar tment sent Special Agent Cooper to Pine Ridge, Rosebud, Cheyenne, Lower Brule and Standing Rock agencies for the purpose of investigating the claims of the friendlies. The claims, as originally presented, amounted to over \$200,000, and the paper upon which they were written weighed 150 pounds when

sert to Washington two weeks ago in charge of Agent Cooper.

The latter was given the task of pruning The latter was given the task of pruning the claims down to come within the appropriation and when he had completed his work they were indersed by the commissioner of Indian affairs. To-day, Mr. Cooper was informed that the signature of Secretary Noble would be placed upon the claims on Monday, and that he would be designated to act as disbursing agent in handing the money over to the Indians. The claimants asked the deartment that Agent Cooper asked the department that Agent Cooper should be appointed to pay them their money. Mr. Cooper believes that he will receive his drafts for \$100,000 about next Tuesday. He will ask that the sub-treasury of New York be directed to ship direct to Pine Ridge the amount due the friendles in that locality, aggregating about \$100,000 and those payments will be the first made. Then he will go to the other agencies named and make payments there as rapidly as possible. The claims will be paid in silver mostly in fractions of 25 and 50 cents.

Investigating the Charges.

W. H. Rannals, an officer of the depart ment of justice, has been detailed to investi-gate the charges preferred by Assistant Secretary Nettleton against Immigration Com-missioner Owen. The investigation will be conducted in a room at the Treasury depart-ment and Mr. Rannals will be provided with a stenographer and given authority to send for persons and papers. The investigation was ordered upon the request of Mr. Owen, who did not want to rest under the imputa-tion cast upon him by his superior officer. It is the impression in Wash-ington that if the investigation results tion cast upon him by his superior officer.

It is the impression in Washington that if the investigation results
in the complete vindication of Mr. Owen
he may voluntarily resign from his official
position. Yet there is no official or authoritative ground for boileving he may resign.
It can be stated upon authority that Assistant Secretary Nettleton intends to tender
his resignation at the conclusion of this inhis resignation at the conclusion of this in York has been offered to him, a position, he says, much more to his tastes than official life and certainly more desirable financially.

the request of Colonel Colton the design is to be semi-Spanish with overhanging eves and tiled roof. In addition to the four stories there will also be a cellar and an attic story. An elevator will be provided and the build-ing will be heated by steam. All the in-terior arrangements have been carefully studied out by both the owner and architect. Miscellaneous.

Today the house committee on Indian affairs began the reconsideration of the Indian appropriation bill as amended by the senate. Representative Pickler of South Delvets is twing to savery advances appro-Dakota is trying to secure adequate appro-priations for the Chamberlain and Pierre chools and to have an artesian well sunk at the latter place

Senator Paddock was today informed by the supervising architect of the treasury that the contract for constructing the superstructure of the Beatrice public building has been awarded to John H. Dalgreen of Kansas City for \$37.800, which is exclusive of the excavation for the basement, which was done tast fall, and the heating apparatus. The contract with Dalgreen is for the entire building.

Representative Holman has presented to the house the petition of J. E. Miller and other citizens of Lincoln, against the re-moval of the Utes from Colorade and for increased appropriations for Indian educa-tion. Just why the citizens of Lincoln prosented their petition through Mr. Holman instead of Mr. Bryan is an interesting ques-E. M. Donaldson of Sioux City is at the

Riggs.

L. C. Burr of Lincoln is in the city.
C. S. Moore was today appointed postmaster at Beverly, Hitchcock county, vice
A. Bright, resigned; J. W. Beiser, at Eagle,
Cass county, Neb., vice J. M. Ray, resigned,
F. M. Peasly, at Halfway, Kootenal, Idaho,
vice W. S. Helany, resigned.

r. M. Peasiy, at Halfway, Rootenal, Idaho, vice W. S. Delanoy, resigned.

Today State Treasurer Hill, wife and two daughters, Carrolla and Winnie, Attorney General Hastings and wife, Commissioner Humphrey and wife, Secretary of State Allen and wife and son Ralph, of Nebraska, arrived in Washington. They are here to attend a conference which is to be beld with the Interstate Commerce Commission, representing lower railroad tariffs for shippers resenting lower railroad tariffs for shippers and others in Nebraska. The conference will take place on next Wednesday, 13th instant. They believe there will be some rulings favorable to their state at the con-

rulings favorable to their state at the con-clusion of the conference.

Assistant Secactary Chandler today de-cided three cases involving the Northwestern Cattle company, from the McCook land office. All were motions to dismiss the appeals and were entitled as follows: United States vs. James Slover, the Northwestern Cattle com-pany transferee and Henry Lehman; United States vs. Patrick Harrington, the North-western Cattle company and Walker B. Hampton; United States vs. Henry Nicholls, Northwestern Cattle company and Oscar A. Northwestern Cattle company and Oscar A. Williams. The assistant secretary dismissed all of the appeals, which is adverse to the

In the timber culture contest of Robert H.
Waltz against George R. Brainard, from
Chadron, Assistant Secretary Chandler has
affirmed the decision of the commissioner
against Brainard.
P. S. H.

cattle company.

NEWS FOR THE ARMY. Complete List of Changes in the Regular

Service. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9 .- | Special Felegram to THE BEE.]-The following assignments to regiments of officers recently promoted and transfers of officers are or dered:

Captain William H. Arthur, assistant surgeon, is relieved from duty at Fort Grant, Ariz., and will report to Vancouver Barracks, York has been offered to him, a position, he says, much more to his tastes than official life and certainly more desirable financially.

Colonel Colton's New Home.

Colonel Francis Colton, formerly of Omaha, who recently purchased the eligible but ding site at the intersection of Twentieth street and Connecticut avenue, this city, will seen improve it by the erection of a commodious residence in which he will make his him. The amole from are of fifty fet will afford the architect, T. F. Schrei er geers. Lieutenant Lucas will proceed to Wash., for duty as post surgeon, relieving

FAITHFUL INDIANS' REWARD an opportunity of displaying his taste on the design of an English basement house, four stories in height. The front will be of pressed brick with the exception of the first story which will be built of red stone. At story which will be built of red stone. At story which will be built of red stone. At story which will be built of red stone. At story which will be built of red stone. At story which will be built of red stone. At story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. At the restriction of the first story which will be built of red stone. ther extended ten days. The resignation by Captain Edward E. Dravo, commissary of subsistence, of his commission as first lieu-tenant of the Sixth cavalry only, has been accepted by the president to take effect April 5, 1892.

The following transfers in the First arti-

lery are made: First Lieutenant Robert H. Patterson from battery C to battery D; First Lieutenant John V. White from battery D to battery C: Captain Charles Hay, commissary of subsistence, will pro-ceed from Denver to Fort Collins, Colo., on official business connected with the sub-sistence department. First Lieutenant Charles W. Powell, Second infantry, will report in person to Colonel James Biddle, Ninth cavalry, president of the examining board, convened at the War department at such time as he may designate for examination as to fitness for promotion. Major Robert H. Montgomery, Tenth cavalry, having served more than thirty years in the army is on his own application retired from

Western Pensions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9. - Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The following list of pensions granted is reported by THE BEE and Examiner Bureau of Claims:

Nebraska: Original-Leander S. Davis,

Nebraska: Original—Leander S. Davis,
John A. Machaffie, Myers Lamkins, Wallace
Raymond, John Johnson, George W. Carter,
Thomas F. Houck, John Weck, Ninaveh
Summers. Additional—Andrew M. Law,
Philip Bridenbaugh, Asa B. Riggins. Increase—Gilman Carle, Rosalvie Griswold,
Mortimer V. Hill, George W. Milford, Original widows, etc.—Mary A. Draucker. Mexican survivors—William H. Dorris.
Iowa: Original—Willard A. Burnap,
Thompson Ridge, Hubert A. James, George
Shafer, James L. Woodburn, Gabriel P.
Tysor, Seth Hannam, Fletcher W. Nichols,
Jacob Vanderboof, Hiram E. Bosloy, Sylvester S. Nash, Lester Bennett, Allen Adams,
Andrew J. Brown, James D. Harrington,
Issac Leonard, Samuel Shoop, Additional—
George S. Witters, Ramith, Kaster,
Richard Hulet, Thomas W. Lyuch,
Increase—D. Estaing Harrington, William Issac Leonard, Samuel Shoop. Additional—
George S. Witters, Ramith, Kaster,
Richard Hulet, Thomas W. Lynch.
Increase—D. Estaing Harrington, William
H. Cashail, Albert T. Dew, Townsend R.
Jones, George Wilson, Thompson G. Moyer.
Reissue—Boswell Stuteville, John Finn,
Charles T. Woraam, Patrick McManna,
Original widows, etc.—Catherine Goff, Emma
Teiford, minor of John B. Graves.

North Dakota: Original—Ferdinand Martin, Alden M. Stafford, Additional—Edward Bianchfield.
South Dakota: Original—William McLee,

South Dakota: Original-William McLée, Ira Pingry. Additional-William R. Wilcox. Increase-Joseph Warren Randall, James Fayan

Pension Bureau Investigation. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9 .- The pension ives tigation was continued. Representative Cooper said he had seen by the papers that frequent references had been made to himself in the proceedings, and he asked permistsion to examine the testimony and certain records in the pension office. The attack made had been especially directed at himself, and there were some things needed in explanation. On the face of them they looked as if he had some knowledge of matters and was responsible for what had been done in his name, but without his knowledge. He had had no connection with anything that was irregular, and wanted to examin the records before making a statement in order that his statement might be full and com-

James W. Donohue, a pension office cierk, said he had caused the arrest of Major Barker, a dismissed chief of the record division, for failure to pay borrowed funds, and finally got the money, but Barker, who was then chief, immediately reduced him from section chief to clerk. Barker then tried to have him dismissed, and the commissioner and Assistant Robus recommanded it, but Mr. Chandler interfered and prevented it. Somebody Got a Straight Tip.

CINCINNATI, O., April 9.—The tip seems to

have come to betters on races at Covington

Ky., pool rooms that proved a bonanza for everybody but the bookkeepers. Book-keepers lost \$5,000 on Van S, who won a race at Gloucester and was a 60 to 1 shot.

Tariff Reformers Promised.

PROTECTION SUSTAINED BY FIGURES

Free Coinage of Silver and the Influences Working Against Its Adoption—Remarks and Observations by a Diplomat-Rumors and Gossip.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-"There will be some surprises for the 'tariff reformers' during the coming campaign," said a treasury official today, "and they will appear in the form of statistics gathered on the other side of the Atlantic, showing the decrease of British manufacturing interests since the tariff law went into effect a year ago, compared to what they were eight years ago, just after the old tariff law was put upon the statutes." "Have the tariff statistics been gathered

for campaign purposes?" I asked. "No," replied the official, "they have not. There is always a great demand for information on the subject of foreign manufacturing interests during a presidential campaign, and the United States consuls abroad, knowing this, have bent their energies to make reports upon the trade conditions in Europe, with especial respect to manufactures, and are making comparisons in their reports. The results of this work, as they are coming in, are most gratifying."

"Are manufacturing interests in England prosperous now!" Moving to the United States. "On the contrary they are very unprosper-

ous. Many of the leading industries in Eng-

land, and especially Ireland and Scotland, have either come over here bodily since the McKiniev bill went into effect, or have established branch factories, and intend to move over in entirety as soon as they find the law is permanent, Linen industries are sure to get out of dreland and Scotland wherever they have large trades in this country. The closing of factories in England proper and her provinces is a very embarrassing and perplexing matter to the British government just at this time. That is the secret behind the bluster of Lord Salisbury in this Bering sea controversy. The workingmen on the streets out of employment demand some retaliation upon the country which they blame for having induced their factories away for closed up many of them. Salisbury has made an effort to appease that demand for retaliation and stepped upon a tack. I make the prediction that the consular reports which are being prepared now will show that manufacturing interests in England have fallen off 20 per British government just at this time. pared now will show that manufacturing in-terests in England have fallen off 20 per-cent in the last fifteen months, white ours will show an increase of 25 per cent at least. We have secured some large German indus-tries, and Germany is kaving a little trouble with her mechanics and laborers, as you have probably noted by the demonstration of the strikers and anarchists in the streets of

the strikers and anarchists in the streets of Berlin."
"Will not the republican consuls be now charged with partisanship, as were those under Cleveland, four years ago, who wrote

"Not at all. The conditions have changed. "Not at all. The conditions have changed. In the first place our present consuls are not making arguments, one way or the other, as did the democratic officials. They are making simple figures. In the second place there is a popular demand from all parties for figures as to how the new tariff law is affecting foreign manufacturers. The republicans will not be hard by the comparisons." will not be hurt by the comparisons.'

Free Coinage Matters. Two or three facts aside from the one that free coinage of silver is inflation and sure to react upon the government which adopts it, have contributed to the great prevailing sentiment here against the proposition. It

could secure a two-third's majority. That was but a little over a year ago, and at a time when the party which stands out against it

when the party which stands out against the had control of both houses of congress. Now, when the inflation party is in power in the popular branch of congress, the bill has so few friends and it cannot even arrive at a vote. Some very strange and forceful control. ditions have been at work to change the sentiment.
To begin with the opponents of free coinage went to work with intelligence to learn what was thought of it in Europe, and very soon learned that free comage would never be attempted on an independent basis, at least, by either England, France or Germany. Neither of the three powers wanted to enter

upon a uniform basis of free coinage, either. Next it was ascertained that the principal loan companies and bankers, not only of Eu rope, doing business in this country, but those of our own country also, and some lo-cated in California and other great silver producing states, were quietly adopting notes and other papers of obligation which were payable in gold instead of the legal tender. This called attention to the fact that it was feared free coinage would become law and par, Advocates of free conage began to study the result of the agitation, and concluded that it could only be the degradation of silver on the market.

Plans of the New York Bankers. Finally, when the subject came before this congress, it was learned that the financiers of New York had arranged to list gold the very day the free comage bill was passed. whether or not the president signed it. They were positive that, after congress gave so much evidence to force free coinage, it would only be a question of time when a free coinage president would be found to sign the bill. The listing of gold meant that silver and gold would part company in the channels of commerce, and while the latter went up the former would go down. To list gold was to at once put it at a premium, be-cause there could be no such thing as listing an article which had no special value. It would be necessary for some one to offer a premium to get it upon the boards. The moment gold was listed at a premium of course all obligations payable, as now, in the "legal tender" of the country, silver would fail

below par.
These are the reasons, or some of them. short, which led the free coinage men to fail back in line and advocate a sound money, one which would keep all currency on a parity, and so free colnage is dead until the next inflation craze sweeps the country, as it does

every ten years or more. What We Escaped. "If President Harrison succeeds in permanently closing up the dispute over the Bering sea seal questions he will have accomplished enough to make for himself an important niche in history," said one of the heads of a legation here today. "The seal fishery ques-tion has undoubtedly been a menace to your tion has undoubtedly been a menace to your foreign office for many years, and until it is permanently and satisfactorily closed up it is not only likely to break out at any time in a very troublesome manner, but to be an excuse at some critical period for English interference with American rights. Why, if the United States had gone to war with Chill the Bering sea troubles would undoubtedly have been troubles would undoubtedly have been brought up by England for the purpose of embarrassing this country and forcing it to capitulate on every hand. These diplomatic differences should never be permitted to drag along. They slways come up at a time to make the most trouble, especially where they are with countries not on very friendly relations, as is true with England.
"I recall the fact that during your late war

England wanted to interfere in behalf of your confederacy. France at that moment renewed a diplomatic problem she had with England, and those two countries came near having a collision. I have not the least doubt that had England interfered to help the confederacy France would have forced her issue with England at a moment when the queen's country had her hands full. President Harrison no doubt has had these facts in mind of late, and he intends to put this dispute with England out of the way permanently."

Congress Will Accomplish Little. It is believed that there will be the small-est per cent of bills which will become laws

may be said that there has within a year been a thorough revolution against free coinage. When the bill was up in a republican congress not many months ago it was solemnly stated by statesmen of excellent judgment that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it could be passed over the president's veto, that it of the two houses say there will be about and Clears the Court. of the two houses say there will be about 14,000 bills introduced in this congress by the end of the term, March 4 next, and they estimate that there will not be 400 of them in laws when this term expires. This will be less than one-third of the lowest proportion since any one has ever attempted to keep trace of the comparative number of bills which are introduced and which become laws. There have been congresses which made taws of one fourth of the bills introduced. The one which framed the tariff bill which was superseded by that

of the last congress, ten years ago, made laws of nearly 10 per cent of all the bills intro-duced. The last congress run the per cent un to about 6 from 21/2 in the congress before. The present congress promises to pa's finally the smallest number of private person bills of any congress within fifteen years. So far not two dozen have been passed. At first the present house refused to fix Friday night in another seek. each week, as was the custom for many years, for the consideration of pension bills. Then, when that night was set aside for pension legislation, Mr. Kilgore of Texas and a number of his far south col-leagues declared that no pension bill should be passed unless a quorum of the house was present. It is almost an impossibility to get quorum of the house present for any private legislation, and the consequence has been that the Friday night sessions have

availed nothing. Adjournment Fixed for July, It has been the constant contention of the majority that this congress was elected on general issues to bring about certain reforms which would effect the entire country—a re-duction of the customs—duties, free—coluage of silver, a decrease in the general appropriations, etc.—and that private bills should not be considered so long as there were general ones for consideration. If Mr. Cleve land were in the white house these days he would find very little for his veto pen to do, and for that reason if no other would doubt-less be disgusted. An agreement has just been reached by the leaders of the house looking toward an adjournment of congress by the middle of July I possible. The few general tariff and other bills which are necessary to fill the niche of promises before the campaign are to be

cassed, then the appropriations are to be run through under the spur of general or-ders, and the responsibility of a long session will be thrown upon the senate. The latter body declares it will not be hurried, and there promises to be some fun over the fixing of a day for adjournment in July. Postmistresses in the Country.

The number of postmistresses in the coun try is 6,335. They are distributed by states and territories as follows: 1 Nevnda 29 New Hampshire 122 New Jersey 186 New Mexico skiahoma regon ennsylvanta thode Island dlan Territory outh Carolina II DOSSUO. Maryland Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Massachusetts. Michigan Minnesota.... Mississippi 184 124 Total..

The postmaster general has received a letter from a business man of Minneapolis, in which he says, speaking of the extension of the free delivery into villages and farm-

ing districts: "I want to know what success you have had as far as you have gone in this. I am getting words of encouragement from all over the country, promises of aid, if I want it. I only started out a few circulars to feel my way, and the result is beyond expecta-tions. It will win; it must, And the dreams of my boyhood, when I was sent miles after the mail, barefooted, through the country roads in the big woods of Minnesota, may yet be realized."

L'ewitt's Sarsapaunia cicanses the blood,

ALL THOUGHT HE HAD A DEADLY BOMB

More Explosions Expected in Paris-Spanlards Scared by Discovering a Lighted Bomb-Incendiary Fires Take the Place of Dynamite in Vienna.

Paris, April 9. - In an interview Rayachol's dvocate, M. Lagasse, sa'1. "I believe that Ravachol made a confession in order to shield his comrades. He is subjected to a long, stringent examination daily. Copscious that he is certain to be gullotined for murder, he admits everything, but I dou't if he was the author of the outrages. I s'yould not be surprised if fresh explosions occurred in the law courts during the trial."

Ravachol's trial has been fixed for April 25. M. Beaurprier, the public prosecutor, will personally conduct the prosecution. At the examination Rayachol played a joke on the crowd in the court room which had quite ti startling effect and created great excitement for a brief period. During the pro-ceedings the prisoner suddenly produced an article of a cylindrical shape, of which a good view could not be obtained owing to it being partially covered by his hands. It had the appearance of a dynamic cartridge and the prisoner pretended to handle it as if it was an infernal machine, and said he was tired of living and intended to blow himself into eternity. Instantly there was a great stampede and the judge and clerk of the court fled from the room in terror and sought a place of safety. The frightened officials would not return until they were assured there was no danger and were shown the article which Ravachol had in his possession and which proved to be not a dynamite cartridge but a banana.

Fire Instead of Dynamite. VIENNA, April 9.-The alarm occasioned by the frequency of incendiary fires in this city continues to grow. Last night another fire unquestionably of inconduary origin, occurred in the handsomest boulevard. It is believed that these fires are the work of anarchists who have decided to use fire instead of dyna-

mite to inaugurate their threatened reign of English Murdered by Malays. SINGAPORE, April 9.-It is reported that two British officers, Stewart and Harris, have been murdered'by command of a Malay cilef in the Pahing district. Europeans in Pekan have fortified themselves against a

threatened attack. Representatives have been sent from here. Cut the Fuse in Time. Madrid, April 9 .- While a Lenten lecture was being delivered in the court of St.

Jacques in Bilboa last night intense alarm was caused by the discovery of a bomb near to which a lighted fuse was attached. A man cut the fuse. Riot in a Church. Paris. April 9 .- Abbe Brison, while preaching at Roanne, was continually interrupted by persons in the congregation. A riot finally happened in which several were severely

It Has Cost Russ's Millions. Sr. Percessung, April 9 .- The fan ine in Russia has already cost the government 300,. 000,000 roubles for tellef and 60,000,000 in

Noble's Warning Against "Sooners." GUTHRIE, Okl., April 9 .- Governor Sery has received a message from Secretary No ble saying the military have orders to protect the county seats which are reserved as government lands, to be opened for public purposes later. Ite gives warning that any one crossing the line before the opening will forfeit all rights. He tells the governor to use the United States marshals to protect town sites and the military if necessary.