THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR.

OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1892.

Passage of the Congressional Measure After a Warm Debate. ALLEGED TIPPLERS MAKE TROUBLE Funston of Kansas Takes Occasion to Denounce a Correspondent in Unmeasured

IN FAVOR OF FREE WOOL

Terms-He Desired to See Some Official Action Taken.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7 .- Tariff and internal revenue consumed the time of the bouse today. Tariff had the right of way, and after a fine speech from Mr. Wilson of West Virginia, who won his spurs and reputation as one of the clearest headed men in the house when he advocated the Mills bill, the free wool bill was dispatched on its journey toward the senate.

Mr. Wilson said that it was not his purpose to review in detail the already much debated provision for this bill. Neither was it his purpose to make a comparison of the conflicting systems of taxation that were now struggling for a mastery in the land. He could attempt only to use the pending measure as a text for some criticism of the existing laws. Mr. Wilson criticised the McKinley bill and ridicaled the manner in which it was formulated.

In conclusion he said: "There is a great exaggeration, here and everywhere, as to the character of foreign labor. I read a few days ago a statement made by Mr. Butter-worth of Ohio that he diligently looked for this pauper labor of Europe wherever he was in Europe last summer. In Germany, in Belgium and in Holland he looked for it and did not find it. If he had looked for it in the fields of the farmers, if he had looked for it in the fields of the planters, if he had looked for it in the fields of wheat growers, if he had gone further and looked in the fields of cotton growers, he would have fields of cotton growers, he would have found that pauper labor.

Mr. Wilson's Comparisons,

"Gentlemen, compare the condition of the recentered is a compare the condition of the people of England with the condition of the people of this country; a country that until a few years ago, almost in the days of our fathers, was bidden from the knowledge of the people of those older worlds. Here, while they were exhausting their fields, the model in our section truth raileys was demonmold in our agricultural valleys was deepen ing. Here, while they were exhausting their mines, ours were lying undisturbed in their mines, ours were lying undisturbed in the mountains. Here, while they were ex-nausting forests, not the sound of an ax broke the stillness of the woods. And now, when there is let into this country but a handful of people, so to mere the mere entermines and best odu speak, the most enterprising and best edu cated people of the world; a people who have brought with them to this country all the knowledge of the science, all the inventions, all the tools, all the capacity for self govern-ment and the plessing of the Christian rement and the olessing of the Christian re-ligion, when they are jet loose in this great country, extending from sea to sea, rich, un-touched unexhausted, unexplored, and say that we owe our greater prosperity, our better opportunities for useful-ness, our higher wages, our better conditions in every respect, not to the bounty of Almighty God in giving us such a country and the the widdow and sacrifice a country, not to the wisdom and sacrifice of the fathers in giving us free institutions and equal laws, not to the enterprise and in-telligence of our people, but to a poor little 9 by 6 law of congress made by yourselves

in the way I have indicated." At the conclusion of Mr. Wilson's remarks he was heartily applauded and received the warm congratulations of his party colleagues. Detailed Vote on the Measure.

The vote was then taken on the passage of

despite Mr. Funston's protest this motion despite Mr. Funston's protest this motion was carried. Then Mr. Funston, rising to a question of privilege, said that this action of the bouse left his remarks without anything to rest upon. In unneasurable terms and in lan guage more forcible than polite, he de-nounced the correspondent of the Voice, and called upon decent correspondents to kick him out of town. Mr. Lewis of Mississippi suggested that the correspondent was a woman. Mr. Funston-It makes no difference whether she is a lady or a street walker. I am standing here in my own defense. [Hissos in the gallery.] Mr. Weeeler of Alabama made the point of order that the gentleman should not use SPRUNG A BIG SENSATION Mr. Wheeler of Alabama made the point of order that the gentleman should not use such language on the floor of the house. Mr. Funston said that he was informed that the correspondent was not a woman. He had been told the name of the man who wrote the article. Funston then took his seat amid more hisses. The house then went into committee of the whole with Mr. Blount of Georgia in the chair, on the Turner cotton bagging bill.

Sustained Their Dignity.

Mr. Wheeler of Alabama rising to a ques-Mr. Wheeler of Alabama rising to a ques-tion of privilego offered a resolution declar-ing that it was due to the dignity and good name of the house of representatives that the remark made by Mr. Funston today rel-ative to a woman should be expunged from the record. Mr. Burrows asked the gentle-man to withhold his resolution. Ho was assured by the gentleman from Kansas that anything that could be articled would be anything that could be criticised would be eliminated from the record. Mr. Wheeler said that with that assurance he would allow the resolution to lie upon the table. The house then adjourned.

IN THE SENATE.

Stewart Makes an Explanation-District Ap-

	propriation Bill,
l	WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7Dawes pre-
l	sented a memorial from the citizens of Mass-
l	achusetts praying for the naturalization of
1	Chinamen who came to the United States
	prior to the passage of the first exclusion act. The senate resolution, offered by Teller, was agreed to, calling on the secretary of the
	treasury for a statement of the amount of
	silver offered the government each month since the passage of the act of July 14, 1890, by whom and at what prices, amounts pur- chased each month, from whom and at what prices, and the number of days given the seller in which to deliver the silver.
	The senate then proceeded to consider the

District of Columbia appropriation bill. Must Pay Him in Gold,

Stewart made a personal explanation on the subject of an article published yesterday showing a list of mortgages made to him in Alameda county, California, wherein was an obligation that payment should be in gold. He said the mortgages resulted from the said of property at auction through San Francisco brokers. He never saw the mortgages, but supposed they contained the gold pay-ment obligation under what was known as the Pacific contract law. He was opposed to the law and would be glad to be paid in any kind of money.

Mr. McMillan offered an amendment to the Mr. McMillan offered an amendment to the District of Columbia bill appropriating \$75,-000 for the reception and entertainment of the next encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Washington, one-half to be paid from the treasury and the other from the revenues from the district of Columbia, providing no part shall be available until \$6,000 shall have been raised by popular sub-scriptions and expended. Mr. McMillan offered (for himself) a sub-stitute appropriating \$100,000 for the same

stitute appropriating \$100,000 for the same purpose.

Opposed by Harris and Vest.

Mr. Harris and Mr. Vest opposed the proposition. Congress, they said, had nothing to do with the matter. The citizens of the district had invited the Grand Army of the Republic here and should pay the bills. Mr. Peffer understood that the people of this city had invited the old soldiers to come

Representative Cooper of Indiana Mixed Up in the Pension Scandal. RAUM IS MAKING A TELLING DEFENSE Democratic Congressmen's Names Used to Further the Interests of Pension Sharks -Mr. Enloe Has Stirred Up a Fretty Mess-Senatorial Developments. stamp. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7,-The first

questions asked Commissioner Raum today by Mr. Enloe in the pension office investigation related to matters connected with the endorsement of a note by George E. Lemon. The commissioner refused to answer the questions and Mr. Enlos then, over the objection of Counsel Payson, put in evidence part of the testimony on the subject, Mr. Enloe asked if the completed files order had not resulted in the passage of 10,000 of Mr. Lemon's cases. Mr. Euloe also asked if Mr. Lemon had not left Washington for Europe immediately after this investigation was ordered.

Mr. Raum said he had no personal knowledge as to when Mr. Lemon went abroad, but had heard that since the investigation had begun he had gene to Europe. Mr. Enloe asked if Mr. Lemon had not

gone without any other notice to his employes than a note announcing that he was going to Europe. Mr. Raum replied that be knew nothing

about the matter. Mr. Enloe next asked if Raum had yet

paid the note indorsed by Mr. Lemon. It Was Private Business. The commissioner said that was private

business and declined to answer. A decided sensation was sprung when Mr. Enloe asked if the secretaries of congress-

men ever sold information of the status of claims to pension attorneys. Mr. Raum had a bundle of papers and was

evidently prepared for just this sort of thing for he produced them and read letters in which the charge was made that Samuel R. Hersey, private secretary of Representative Cooper of Indiana, had, through Rogan & Co., of Kenton, O., and H. C. Petis of Columbin, carried on quite a business of this sort, charging \$8 for each claim. It was then shown that Hersey had called up these cases shown that Hersey had called up these cases on congressional slips signed by Representa-tive Cooper, one of the prosecutors in the Raum case. Hersey also worked for Mr, Brookshire of Indiana and Mr, Gantz of Ohio, but it was not shown that Hersey's connection with them had been the same as with Connect with Cooper. There were, the commissioner said, a

There were, the commissioner said, a thousand pensions all over the northwest, in which Hersey was involved. It was on this matter that Mr. Lineweaver, whose absence has been frequently inquired about, had been engaged. The papers relating to the affair were offered in evidence by Mr. Raum, but have not yet been admitted in evidence, the com-mittee desiring to examine Hersey on the matter. In effect the subtance of them is matter. In effect the substance of them is covered in a letter from the commissioner to the secretary of the interior, dated April 5. recommending Hersey's discharge.

Information Offered for Money,

Information Offered for Money. The letter shows that on February 23 a re-port was received from J. G. Greene, a supervising special examiner of the pension office, with reference to a complaint received from John R. Whittinghill of Indiana, for-merly of the Ninth K-sutucky volunteers. In this complaint Wittinghill said he had re, ceived a letter from Rogan & Co. of Kenton-O. saving that for \$30 he would furnish saving that for \$30 be would furnish ttinghill the exact status of his claim and the testimony necessary to it. Whittinghill asked if it was a fraud, if Rogan could fur-nish the information why could not he (Wittinghill) get it from the pen-sion office witbout expense. The papers show that on September 16, of last year, the commissioner wrote Whittinghill, saying that he was advised upon what method Rogan & Co. were working and the position of affairs, and asked him to forward \$3 to them, for which the pension office would reimburse him. This was done and on November 9 Whitting-hill received a reply giving him as full and accurate a statement of his claim as if the man lind held the papers before him. Meanwhile the case had been put aside to ascertain what would come of it, and it turned out that on November 11 the papers in the case were called for by Hersey upon a congressional slip of Representative Cooper of Indiana. The commissioner's letter sa'd that he did not know that it was any more than a coincidence and could not determine whether there was any connection between Rogan and the Cooper slip. So on Novem-ber 28 Whittinghill was requested to corre-spond with Rozan & Co. relative to the claim of Henry Bebrens of the Ninth Ohio m-funter the claim being show splexied at fantry, the claim having been selected at On December 22 the claim was called up by

Hersey's letter he wrote to Cooper and re-mitted. March 5 Morgan received a letter from Hersey for a settlement and closed by saying that he desired to impress on him the fact that the information was to be treated as confidential. Mr. Morgan testified that on March 11 Mr. Cooper wrote him, retorning the 25 and TRIED TO KILL HIS FATHER Sur, Morgan teached that on March 11 MP. Cooper wrote him, roturning the \$25 and said: "From your letter it seems you have sent the money to pay him (Hersey) for call-ing up cases. Of course, Jim, I cannot allow you to pay Hersey for that kind of work. He

is in my service, and it is only as my secre-tary that the work can be done for you. I have never received nor knowingly silowed any one connected with me to charge a cent for that kind of work-not even a postage

Before closing the letter be called atten-Before closing the letter be called atten-tion to another matter, namely, a letter re-ceived some months are from Henry Holt of Indiana, stating that Marring, Slusher & Co., early in 1889, had printed about 20,000 concarly in 1880, had printed about 20,000 con-gressional call slips on which was a fac simile of the signature of Mr. Cooper, printed with his consent and approval. The letter also said that in 1880, those calls from Marring & Slushing on Mr. Cooper's slips became so numerous that General Black directed that they be thrown in the waste basket. Under commis-sioner Tanner about 3,000 of them were re-ceived, and Tanner directed that they be de-stroyed and that Marring & Slusher be re-strained from issuing the slips.

strained from issuing the slips. Attention is called to a communication from C. E. Fote of Kalamazoo, Mich., of March 5 last, stating that for \$15 he secured a com-plete status of five pension claims from Charles T. Rogan & Co., which Peel and Harson called up on congressional slips Hersey called up on congressional slips, Fote corresponding with them to expose them. On March 10 Fote received a letter from Rogan & Co announcing their retire-ment from the pension business.

NEWS FOR THE ARMY.

List of the Orders of a Day in the Regular Service,

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.-|Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The following army orders were issued today :

The operation of so much of special orders of March 30 as relieves First Lieutenant Cassius E. Gillette, corps of engineers, from duty under the orders of Major Amos Stickney, corps of engineers, and directs him to report to the commanding general, Depart-ment of the Missouri, is suspended for two weeks. A board of officers is appointed to meet at the call of the president thereof at Fort Douglas, U. T., for the examination of such officers as may be ordered before it to determine their fitness for promotion. Detail for the board: Colone promotion. Detail for the board: Colonej Matthew M. Biunt, Sixteenth infantry; Major Charles L. Heizmann, surgeon; Cap-tain William H. Clapp, Sixteenth infantry; Captain Henry C. Ward, Sixteenth infantry; Caotain William P. Kendall, assistant sur-geon; First Lieutenant Warren H. Cowles, producted constant warren H. Cowles,

regimental quartermaster, Eighteenth in fantry, recorder. The following named officers will report in person to Colonel Matthew M. Blunt at Fort Douglas at such time as he may designate for examination by the board as to their fit-ness for promotion: First Lieutenant Charles R. Tyler, adjutant Sixteenth in-fantry; Second Lieutenant E. W. McKas-key, Twe.ty-first Infantry. On the conclu-sion of his examination Lieutenant McKas-key will roture to his proper station

key will return to his proper station. A board of officers is appointed to meet at the call of the president,

A board of officers is appointed to meet at the call of the president, thereof, at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., for the examination of such officers as may be ordered before it to determine their fitness for promotion. Detail for the board: Major H. C. Exbert, Seventeenth infantry; Major Valery Harvard, surgeon; Captain Cyrus Roberts, Seventeenth infantry; Captain Lyster M. O'Brien, Seventeenth infantry; Captain Freenan V. Walker, assistant sur-geon; First Lieutenant James T. Kerr, adju-tant Seventeenth infantry, recorder. First Lieutenant George H. Roche, regimental quartermaster, as to hajor H. C. Egbert at Fort D. A. Russell for examination by the board as to his fitzess for promotion. First Lieutenant William W. Gibson, ordnance Lieutenant William W. Gibson, ordnance department, is relieved from duty at Sandy Hook proving ground and will report for duty as assistant to the inspector of ord duty as assistant to the inspector of ord-nance, United States army with station at Providence, R. I. The resig-nation by Major Stephen W. Gross-beck, judge advocate, of his commis-sion, as captain, Sixth infantry only, has been accepted by the president, to take ef-fect April 12. Leave of absence until June 1, 1892, is granted Post Chaplain James C. Kerr, U. S. A. The unexecuted part of the sentence of a general court-martial in the case of First Lieutenant J. A. Smith, Ninth cavalry, is remitted. Second Lieutenant F. W. Kobbe, Twenty second infantry, is transferred to the Twenty-third infantry company A, and will join the company to which he has been transferred. So much of special orders of March 30 as relates to Captain James H. Gageby, Third infantry, is revoked and he will report in person to Colonel Robert E. A. Crofton, president of the examining board at For: Sheridan, Ill., at such time as he may designate, for examination as to his fit-ness for promotion. It having been represented to the War department that a necessity exists for offer-ing prompt and safe facilities to persons who desire to make contributions for the in tellectual and moral welfare of the enlisted men of the army, the secretary of war has Hersey on a congressional slip of Mr. Cooper and was carefully examined February 18 authorized the adjutant general to receive free of expense to the senders of such con-tributions of books, periodicais, pamphlets Rogan, writing from Chicago, forand papers as muy be sent to him by philan-thropic persons for distribution to the army, specially to troops in the far west.

Francis Moore of Beaver City Was Anxious to Secure Money. HE WAS ARRESTED IN THE VERY ACT

Gage County Republicans Endorse President Harrison for a Second Term-Convention Delegates Selected-Fort Robinson Swept by a Snow Storm,

BEAVER CITY, Net., April 7. [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Francis Meore, a deaf mute, was put in jail here today. He lives near Holbrook, this county, and yesterday attempted to murder his father. Young Moore is about 24 years old and of a mean and morose disposition. His reason for the

crime was to gain possession of the old gentleman's property. His murderous plans would have been successful but for the timely interference of others. He was frustrated just in time to prevent the killing.

The following are the officers: Mrs. John W. Perry, matron; H. N. Leach, patron; Mrs. John L. McDonough, associate matron, and Mrs. William D. Ogdon, secretary. GAGE COUNTY REPUBLICANS MEET.

President Harrison Endorsed for a Second Term-List of Delegates.

BEATRICE, Neb., April 7.-|Special Telegram to THE BEE.] - The Gage county republican convention met in this city today with Hugh J. Dobbs as chairman and Carson V. Cole secretary. The purpose of the convention was to name delegates to the republican state and congressional conventions. Resolutions endorsing the * nomination of President Harrison were unanimously adopted, as

were a series of resolutions highly common datory of Senator A. S. Paddock and strongly commending his re-election to the senate.

commending his re-election to the senate. Following are the delegates to the state convention: John Wardlaw, H. J. Merrick, E. J. Roderick, W. H. Wilson, Jacob Band, R. J. Cully, A. H. Brubaker, John A. Dobbs, James Kerr, G. T. Kenyon, Andrew Kerr, G. E. Emery, R. L. Gumaer, L. E. Wheeler, William Retchless, R. Littlejohn and A. L. Cook, sr. The delegation to the state con-vention was instructed to do all in its nower crat. Melville Bull, republican, is elected vention was instructed to do all in its power to secure the election of L. E. Wilker as a treasurer, Samuel Clark, republican, lacking 147 of a majority. Robert W. Burbank, re-publican, lacks 607 of a majority for attorney delegate to the national republican conver

The following were elected delegates to the general. The total vote cast was 54,736. The following were elected delegates to the congressional convention: J. E. Cobby, P. H. James, George Canfield, W. W. Wright, M. Joseph, Amos Quinn, M. Weaverling, J. C. Burch, J. D. White, A. J. Conlee, J. H. Fuller, J. E. Hays, T. L. Fiske, H. H. Nor-cross, John Foster, James Stower, H. J. Dobbs, Carson Cole and R. W. Lafin. A full list of alternates were elected to each dele-gation. The legislature has a republican majority of fourteen on a joint ballot, not counting the lieutenant governor, who votes in the senate. The senate stands twenty-three republicans, ten democrats, three yet to be chosen. The house thirty-seven republicans, nineteen democrats, sixteen yet to be chosen. gation.

Many Students at Peru.

state convention completed its labora by PERU, Neb., April 7 .- [Special to THE nominating F. A. Moore of St. Helens for BEE.]-Yesterday the spring term of the judge of the supreme court and L. P. Webster of Jacksonville for attorney general. A. L. Boise of Portland was elected chairman state normal opened with pleasing prospects. Over 350 students assembled in the chapel of the state central committee. the first morning. This number will be A dispatch from Providence was read that Brown (rep.) was elected governor of Rhode

greatly increased during the week. The strong winds of the past week did not Brown (rep.) was elected governor of Rhode Island. The convention arose in a body and cheered for several minutes. It was voted to send the following dispatch to Governor-elect Brown: "Republicans of Oregon in convention assembled send cordial greeting to Rhode Island for victory of yesterday—a victory for American policies and princi-ples. Oregon will declare for the same pol-icy on the 6th of June next." The convention then adjourned sing die. neglect to give the normal buildings and grounds a passing touch, as is attested by several broken flues and dilapidated fences. Wednesday evening, April 13, ex-Superin-tendent of Public Instruction Sabin of Iowa will lecture before the faculty and students of the normal. This is the first of a series of lectures that will be delivered here during the term. The course will be completed on commencement day by Robert McIntyre of Denver. He will deliver a fecture before the senior class in the forenoon and one before the school in the evening.

Robbed the Ticket Office.

Kansas Will Send a Cleveland Delegation. BEATRICE, Neb., April 7.-[Special Tele

the past week being rat severe storms have amount of suffering am larly the range cattle in AFTER THE RUSTLERS oned a gree n Wroming, diy, much of Nebraska on ence. Conwhich drifted and scatter it traveling some distance account of a defective state siderable loss is also said Wyoming Ranges Invaded by a Band of re occurred from exposure and starvation Terribie Storm at Chadron. CHADRON, Neb., April 7.- [Special Tele-gram to THE BEE.] -This section is experi-LEFT CHEYENNE ON A SPECIAL TRAIN encing one of the worst storms ever seen in this country. The storm started on the isl Several Cars Loaded with Men and Munibut cleared up somewhat Saturday. Saturday night it started with renewed vigor and is still raging. It has been accompanied with considerable wind but no damage of my extent has resulted from that source. Considerable loss of stock is reported but no lives have been lost in this vicinity as yet. Only one mail train has reached here in the past three days. The wires have not been in working order half the time. RUSTLERS HAD BEGUN THEIR ROUNDUP Johnson County the Chosen Ground and Ord Masons Organize.

thawed. The

Onn, Neb., April 7.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.] -W. N. Nason, grand patron of

Chadron Election Results.

Returns-Political News.

lieutenant governor by 1,031 majority; George

Utter has 237 majority and is re-elected sec-

retary of state. There was no election for

Oregon Favors Harrison.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 7.- The republican

The convention then adjourned sine die. Delegates to the national convention are

not instructed, but all have expressed a pref-

rence for the renomination of President

Elected a Democratic City Ticket.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., April 7.- The first

election in the state under the new Aus-

tralian election law resulted in an over-

whelming victory for the democrats. Last year the republicans elected the mayor, chief of police and about half of the council.

Today the democrats elected their entire ticket, including nine councilmen, by from

Want a Tariff for Revenue Only.

today the democrats of the Eighteenth II

tinois congressional district renominated W

Arkansas Republicans for Harrison.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 7.-The republi

LANDS IN DEMAND.

Hundreds of Deputies Required to Take

Charge of the Sisseton Reservation.

Lamp.

Latter Day Saints,

PIERRE, S. D., April 7.-Governor Meilette

The presi-

ALTON, Ill., April 7 .- In convention here

Harrison.

cess.

Omaha, assisted by a delegation from Scotia, organized Blazing Star chapter of the Order Many of the Wealthiest Citizens of the of the Eastern Star hero tonight. The chap-ter opens with thirty-four charter members. State Marching with Their Men

on the Hunt for the Big Horn Cattle Thieves.

NUMBER 295.

Fully Armed Regulators.

tions of Modern Warfare.

Telegraphic Communication Cut Off.

WAR OF EXTERMINATION IS EXPECTED

CASPAN, Wyo., April 7.-|Special Telegram to THE BEE, |-Tuesday night a special CHADRON, Neb., April 7.- Special Tele Union Pacific train came in here from the gram to THE BEE.]-A very bitter fight on south loaded with armed mon and stock mayor resulted in F. M. Morritt, the reform growers' representatives. The rustlers had candidate, being elected by the narrow marstarted a round-up with the intention of gin of two votes. The other city officers elected were: Benjamin Laementhal, treas-urer; L. J. F. Cleger, clerk, and D. Y. Mears, police judge. rounding up all the cattle north of here and in the Big Horn basin, and it is supposed the men that starried from here yesterday are to starta regular round up. GLORY ENOUGH FOR ONE DAY. Upwards of 100 men left here yesterday, and along their line of march they compelled Rhode Island Safely Republican-Latest men to travel with them. Bert Lambert and PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 7 .-- Complete re-Oscar Liman, sheep men of this place, were held as prisoners for six hours. No one can turns of the state election give Brown, reguess the outcome, but it is generally thought publican, 196 majority over Ward-vell, demo

that blood will flow and there will be a cleanup of one side or the other. The regulators are led by some of the wealthiest citizens of the state, and the men are armed with improved weapons and ride fine horses. Never was there greater excitement than prevails here today, as no one knows what such a powerful force will do or whom they are after.

EXCITEMENT IN CHEVENNE.

Details of a Battle in the Cattle Country

Hourly Expected. CHEVENNE, Wyo., April 7.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-This city is in a condition of suppressed excitement over a mysterious excursion which started a few days ago for Johnson county. It is now being generally talked of. One train left this city about 5:30 o'clock on Tuesday evening, It consisted of a chair car, baggage car, caboose, three stock cars filled with cattle and horses and one flat car, on which some wagons were loaded. In the car were probably thirty five Pinkerton men, as nearly as can be ascertained, each armed with a Winchester and a pair of sixshooters. Each was likewise provided with a saddle and blankets for bedding. The train a saddle and blankets for bedding. The train was stopped in the east end of the Union Pacific yards. To that point a fresh engine was sent, no one being al-lowed in the meantime to visit the cars, not even the olders. At various points in the city some fifteen or twenty prominent stock-men, it is said, were picked up and the party then steamed for Caspar, which is on the Northwestern road in National county and

the bill. The bill was passed-yeas, 193 nays, 60--as follows: Yeas-Messrs, Abbett, Alexander, Aller

Amerman, Andrew, Arnold, Bacon, Balley Baker, Bankhead, Barwig, Beeman, Beltz heover, Bentley, Binnchard, Bland, Blount Bowman, Branch, Breckenridge of Ken tucky, Bretz, Brickner, Brookshire, Brown, Brunner, Bryan, Buchanan of Virginia, Bullock, Bunting, Bussey, Bushnell, Butler, Bynum, Byrnes, Cable, Cadmus, Caminotti, Caruth, Castle, Catchings, Cale, Causey Chipman, Clancy, Clarke of Alabama, Clover Cobb of Alabama, Cobb of Missouri, Coburn Cockburn, Cockram, Coolidge, Coonibs Cockburn, Cockram, Coolidge, Coonibs Cowles, Cox of Tennessee, Craig Crain, Crawford, Crosby, Culberson Cummings, Davis, Dearmond, Deforest Dickerson, Dixon, Donovan, Dungan, Dun phy, Durburrow, Edmunds, Elliott, Ellis, English, Enloe, Eppes, Everett, Fellows, Fitch, Fithian, Forney, Fowler, Fyan, Gantz, Geary, Geissenheimer, Goodnight, Gorman Grady, Greenleaf, Hall, Hallowell, Haivor Son, Hamilton, Harr, Hall, Marker, Hallowen, Halvor-son, Hamilton, Hare, Harries, Harter, Hateh, Hayes, Havnes, Heard, Hemphill, Hender-son of North Carolina; Herbert, Hoar, Hoi-man, Hooker of Mississippi; Houck of Ohio; Johnsonstone of South Carolina; Kem, Kii-gore, Kribles, Kyle, Lane, Lanaban, Lawson of Virginia; Lester of Georgia; Lewis, Liv-ingston Lockwood Long, Lymeh Mallory. of Virginia; Lester of Georgia; Lewis, Liv ingston, Lockwood, Long, Lynch, Mallory Martin, McAleer, McCellan, McCreary McGallan, McKaig, McKeighan, McKinney McMillan, McRae, Mcridith, Meyer, Mitch elt, Montgomery, Mutchler, Norton, O'Neil of Massachusetts; O'Neill of Missouri; Outh of Massachusetts; O Neif of Missouri, Outh waite, Paige, Parett, Patterson of Tennessee Patton, Paynter, Pearson, Pcel, Pendie ton, Price, Reilly, Richardson, Robertson Rockwell, Rusk, Suvers, Scarley, Shell Shively, Simpson, Snow, Sperry, Stevens, Shively, Simpson, Snow, Sperry, Stevens, Steward of Illinois, Stewart of Toxas, Stone of Kentucky, Stout, Stump, Tarsney, Terry, Tillman, Tracy, Tucker, Turney, Vanhorn, Warner, Washington, Watson, Weadock, Wheeler of Alabama, Wheeler of Michigan, White, Williams, North Carolina, Williams of Illinois, Wilson of Missouri, Wilson of West Virginia, Wise, Youmans-194, Nays-Messrs, Babbitt, Bartine, Belden, Beigen, Bergen, Boutelle, Bowers, Brosius,

Belknap, Bergen, Boutelle, Bowers, Broslu Buchanan of New Jersey, Clark of Wyon ing, Curtis, Cutting, Dingley, Filek, Fun ston, Grout, Harmer, Haughen, Henderso of Illinois, Herriman, Hitt, Haukins of Ponn sylvania, Hopkins of Illinois, Huff, Hull Johnston of Indiana, Johnson of North Da Johnston of Huland, Johnson of North Di-kota, Jolley, Ketcham, Lodge, Loud, Miller, Milliken, O'Donnell, O'Neill of Pennsyl-vania, Otis, Perkins, Post, Powerz, Quack-enbos, Ray, Reyburn, Rife, Robinson, Scull, Shank, Smith, Stephenson, C. W. Stone, W. A. Stene, Storer, Sweet, J. D. Taylor, Town-send, Wadsworth, Walker, Weaver, Wilson of Washington, Wright-460. of Washington, Wright- 60,

Funston's Fund of Fun

Mr. Funston of Kansas, rising to a ques tion of privilege, sent to the clork's desk and bad read an article published in the New York Voice, which for ten minutes kept the house in a whiriwind of laughter and merri-The article, which is headed "A Few of the Congressional Tipplers," goes on to mention the names of a dozen or more senawho at the senale and house restaurants have been seen induiging in intoxicating liquors. Itis (Mr. Funston's) name was one of those mentioned, and he believed that the article was intended to affect the primaries in his district. [Laugnter.] He denied that he had over drank intexicants within the capitol, produced the afildavits of the propri-ctor of the house restaurant to that effect and denounced the correspondent of the

Mr. Cummings of New York, whose name was also published, said that the time the article was written he was sick in his room. udoubtedly at some time the correspondent had seen him dricking a decotion known as "cold tea" to which he had been introduced by Senator Edmunds. Mr. Scott of Illinois, whose name was on

Mr. Scott of Illinois, whose name was on the blacklist, denounced the author of the article as an unmitigated and malicious har. Mr. Fellows of New York-1 wish to say on behalf of the correspondent that he is right in one instance-for I am guilty. [Laughter]

They Corrected the Record.

Mr. Fitch -I declare myself with Mr. Fel-Mr. Milliken-So far as I am concerned it

is ansolutery false. Mr. Burrows of Michigan moved to ex-punce the whole matter from the record, and

and hold their national encampment here, and promised to entertain them. But the citizens of Washington were not authorized by congress to say that the people of the whole nation would pay their expense. He would, however, take one night to consider what his old soldier friends of Kansas might ask him to do in the matter. He would take time to think about it, and if in the end his yote should be in favor of the appropriation it would be under his own personal protest and in obedience to the wishes of those who stood behind him. The matter went over, therefore, without

action after Mr. Hawley had given notice o an amendment placing the expenditure under the control of the secretary of war.

During the discussion the bill to place wool on the free list and to reduce the auty on woolen goods was received from the commit-tee, and after the district cill was laid aside the wool bill was taken up and brought be fore the senate and referred to the finance committee. The senate, after a short executive session

adjourned.

PRACTICAL FREE TRADE,

Free Ports Will Solve the Problem and

Stop the Tariff Reform Cry. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-It is very probable that either Senator Sherman or Senator Chandler will introduce is the senate a proposition which will, if it becomes a law, revolutionize manufacturing interests in this country. The suggestion was first made to Secretary Fos ter, last fall, by Mr. E. Rosewater, editor of THE BEE. It is the free port privileges which pertain at Hamburg, Germany,

Germany has the same protective laws hat the United States has. By a special act of the Relebstag a portion of Hamburg was set apart from the city proper, into which ships might come and go at will, bringing raw materials to be manufactured and carrying out the manufactured articles, into which machinery could also come at free will, all free of duty, and the commer-cial interests of the city in general, or that part of it set aside as a free port, would be as free from import duties and commercial laws of the country as if they were con-ducted on the banks of England's Clyde. A canal marked the line upon one side of which the customs, duties, etc., were effective, while upon the other they were as free as could be imagined. The ope ration of Hamburg's free port has been very satisfactory. The city has grown immensely. A very large foreign trade has been culti-vated. The raw materials come in free, and also machinery for the manufacture. The work is done by natives, who spend most of their money for articles which pay duties. The operatives and proprietors live mostly in the protective part of the city, pay taxes and are subject to the laws of Germany. The eivil authorities control the free port portion of Hamburg the same as the other portion. Whenever it is desired to sell any of the articles manufactured at the free port they go through the hands of the customs officers the same as if they had been imported. A wall or canal surrounds all of that portion of the free port not exposed to navigation, so

that it is no easier to smuggle than it would be at any other port.

How It Would Work Here.

It is proposed to pass a law by congress which will establish certain conditions pre-cedent to the location of a free port at any point in this country. At first the provision in the federal constitution which provides that no privilege in commerce shall be given one city, state or section which is denied other cities or sections would bar out this scheme, for it was thought to be becessary to name the cities in the law which should be free ports if they wished. But it has been decided that a general law may be bassed as they up general conditions may be passed, setting up general conditions and requirements which any city-probably only those having navigation leading to the ocean —can comply with and become a free port for manufacturing purposes. It would, of course, cost a good deal of money to make preparations for a free port, and only a few cities would take advantage of the oppor-

tunity. It may be asked why, if a single free port would be good for a city or the country, it would not be good to make all cities free ports or make the entire country a free port? The proposition to make a few cities free

[CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.]

warded a "status" of the claim. How the Cases Were Called Up,

In the meantime the commissioner had re-ceived a letter dated December 22, 1891, from ex-Representative Williams of Ohio calling attention to the fact that certain Ohio pen-sion attorneys were having all their cases called up for status and reported upon by Horsey on Mr. Cooper's congressionsi slips. The matter was placed in Greenwalt's hands and he obtained from the office in which Rogan had formerly worked a letter presumably containing thirteen copies of letters re lating to claims. One letter gave a complete status of the claims of Mrs. Elizabeth Moffett of Elizabethtown, Ind., called up Octo ber 17, 1891, on Mr. Cooper's congressional

At Greenwalt's request Linewcaer was appointed to assist him. In Ohio be took the depositions of J. C. Canfield, John Arm strong and D. F. Darst. He also took those of John F. Morgan of Bioomington, Ind. These papers, the commissioner's letter said, showed that Hersey had secured information on pension claims through A. M. Peel and that Hersey and he were brought together that Hersey and he were brought together by Cooper, who had been acting under Mr. Compton when the latter was postmaster at Columbus. He was related to Cooper by marriage and was a confidential man and chief cierk of Marriag & Slusher, pension attorneys. Peel furnished Greenwalt with several original letters received from Hersey giving reports of the status of the cases. The plan was the commissioner said that

The plan was, the commissioner said, that Rogan wrote to pension attorneys and claim-ants and secured their business and forwarded it to Peel who, in turn, corresponded with Hersey, who used the slips of certain members of concress whom he represented

members of contress whom he represented as their clera. Hersey drew the cases and ascertained their status, and the fees were divided between Hersey, Peel and Rogan. The deposition of James P. Morgan of Bloomington, Ind., shows that he was taken to Hersey's office by Mr. Cooper, and intro-duced to Hersey, and informed that "if he had anything worth paying for Hersey will attend to it for you." Morgan testified that after his return home he wrote to Mr. Cooper, forwarding a list of twenty-five cases, in which he desired their status, the cases, in which he desired their status, the icter closing: "I will pay such compensa-tion as is proper for the status of these claims. Would have written to Hersey, but

The letter, the commissioner says, was turned over to Hersey, who acknowledged its receipt, and on February 18, 1892, for-warded a statement of the status of a number of claims and added, "state what you consider a reasonable amount for compensation. I shall be glad to correspond with you further with a view to our mutual interest. For these statements I send you remit what you think a fair compensation for the labor involved."

Ten Dollars a Claim.

Washington News Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7 .- The presi lent has sent the following nominations to the senate, Postmasters-Wisconsin: Wilham L. Batchelder, Durand. Jowa: Mary F. Trumph, Maquoketa; David Vail, New Sharon; William F. Judiesch, Holstein, Illi-nois: John W. Hallenbeck, Auburn Park. The house committee on buildings and grounds has acted favorably on the bill appropriating \$50,000 for a public building at Clinton, Ia

The president will probably leave Wash ington tonight for a few days' snipe shooting

The president has approved the act estab-lishing a port of delivery at Des Moines, ia., and the act to protect foreign exhibitors at the World's Columbian fair from prosecution for exhibiting wares protocted by American patents and trade marks.

The president has recognized the right of Spain to object to the establishment of a United States consul at Ponape in the Caroine islands and accordingly has recalled

line islands and accordingly has recalled Rand, recently appointed consul at that place. The house committee on railways and canals today ordered a favorable report on the bill authorizing the secretary of war to cause a survey to be made and an estimate to be furnished on the cost of construction of a ship canal from the great lakes to the nav-igable waters of the Hudson of sufficient ca-nacity to transport the tonnave of the lakes pacity to transport the tonnage of the lakes to the sea. The bill arpropriates \$10,000 to defray the expenses of the survey and esti-

mates. The president today directed the removal of Charles M. Leavey, appraiser of merchan-dise at San Francisco, for complicity in the recent frauds at that port in connection with the undervaluation of silk goods, imported by Newberger, Reiss & Co. This action is the result of an investigation conducted by Solicitor Hebburn and Special Agent Tingle. The case of Mr. Leavey is in the hands of the United States attorney at San Francisco. The supervisor of immigration has been

transferred from Assistant Secretary Nettle ton to Assistant Secretary Spaulding. The change was made at the request of Mr. Nettleton.

Iowa's Russian Contribution.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.-B. F. Tilinghast, editor of the Davenport Democrat and secretary of the Iowa Russian Famine Relief association, is in the city and will go to New York tomorrow to make arrangements for the shipment of the stores contrib-uted. Tillinghast was told by the Russian minister that the needs of Russia were real Subsequently \$10 per claim was agreed upon. Morgan states that after receiving

gram to THE BEE. - During the temporary absence of the clerk and agent of the Rock Island passenger depot at noon today, burgars succeeded in effecting an entrance to the ticket office and robbed the cash drawer of Entrance was effected by prying open \$110, the ticket office window from the ladies walting room and wrenching off the brass guard grating. All the money was taken from the cash drawer excepting a few per nies. The robbery was discovered by the clerk on his return from dinner at noon and must have occurred between 11:40 and that hour.

Randall-Stewart.

RANDOLPH, Neb., April 7.-[Special to THE BEE.]-The marriage of Mr. Charles H. Randall and Miss Mary Stewart was solemnized at the residence of J. C. Stewart near this city Wednesday by Rev. G. A. Luce of the First Methodist Episcopal church. The cou-ple are well known and have a wide circle of acquaintances both at Randolph and other parts of the state. After a journey of some wears with relatives and friends in the cast 300 to 400 majority. weeks with relatives and friends in the east in which a portion will be spent in viewing

points of interest, they will return and tablish permanent residence in Randolph. "Yank's" Costly Experiment.

S. Forman on the first ballot. Resolutions GRAND ISLAND, Neb., April 7.- |Special t were adopted endorsing Cleveland, condemn ing the McKinley act, endorsing the presen THE BEE.]--"Yank" Robinson, who came so near being poisoned by morphine yesterday. congress and demanding a tariff for revenue will recover. He states that the woman, Mrs. Dudley, is not to blame, and that he administered the morphine himself. This is at variance with a statement incidentally made before he fell asleep and it is believed he is trying to shield the woman. No further arrest will be made. When asked why he can state convention met at noon. Delegates to the national convention will be chosen and perhaps a state ticket nominated. The presidential preferences are for Harrison.

took the morphine he stated that he just wanted to take it to see how it felt.

Jailed in Default of Bonds,

GERING, Neb., April 7 .-- [Special to THE BEE.]-Sheriff Walker returned Saturday from Hastings, where he nabbed one C. M. Coe, who was wanted here to answer to the Coe, who was wanted here to under talse pre-charges of obtaining property under talse pretenses and selling mortgaged property. fore Judge Gardner, and in default of \$300 bail he will be compelled to languish in jail until the May term of court.

Arrested an Iowa Man.

regular soldiers to keep order in that neigh-borhood. The crowds continue to gather around the boundaries of the reservation in BEATRICE, Neb., April 7.- [Special to THE BEE.]-A man by the name of Goodie was arrested at the Randall house this city last anticipation of the rush for lands. The reported crooked dealings of the land evening by Chief Dinges of Lincoln and Marshai Dodds of this city on a charge of seduction filed against him in Winterset, Ia. agents causo indignation. It is generally understood that the government will issue a general order defeating the aims of sharpers. Goodie was taken to Lincoln later in the vening by Chief Dinges to await the action of the lows authorities.

Convicted the Entire Gang.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., April 7 .- |Special to THE BEE. |-The jury in the burglary case against Samuel Smith in the district court brought in a verdict of guilty, but recommended leniency in fixing sentence. He will probably get only one or two years in the pen. He is the last of the gang. They were all completed all convicted.

Newman Grove Citizen Hurt.

NEWMAN GROVE, Neb., April 7.-[Special to THE BEE.]-G. W. Webb, a resident of this place, employed as engineer at the Creston flouring mills, yesterday fell a dis tance of twelve feet while olling a shaft. He is badly bruised and it is feared his spine is injured. He was brought home vesterday.

Gering's Municipal Election

GERING, Neb., April 7 .- Special to THE BEE.]-The village election Tuesday resulted in the election of a republican board of trustees entire. The day was bad and a light vote polled.

Snowstorm at Fort Robinson

FORT ROBINSON, Neb., April 7 .- |Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-A heavy snowstorm accompanied by a high wind from the north commenced at 2:30 and promises to continue all night. It is drifting badiy at present.

Work of the Storm,

GERING, Neb., April 7.-|Special to THE BEE.|-The roads in this section are almost impassable on account of mud, the snows of taken.

TOPEKA; Kan., April 7.-With the approach of the date for holding the democratic stat convention, at which will be nominated dele gates to the Chicago convention, it become apparent that there will be but an insignificant attempt to oppose the election of a Cleveland delegation. All of the county con-ventions held up to date have instructed for Cleveland, and the only one in which an effort will be made to oppose the Cleveland seuti-

about twenty miles north of here Had Guides in Waiting.

The stock yards, which are about one mile this side of Casper, were reached in the middle of the night. Several guides who had been in waiting there met th incoming train. Arrangements seem to have been complete, for in a very short time and before daylight, Wednesday morning, all the teams were hooked up, the horses saddled and the party had disappeared in a westerly ment is the Shawnee county. Here Judge John Martin and C. K. Holliday, jr., editor of the Kansas Domocrat, have made a hard direction. The train steamed back to Orin Junction, and after a short stop there, re-turned to Cheyenne last night. fight for Hill, but apparently without suc-

In the meantime some indefinite rumors had begun to float about, but these were, for the time being, set at rest at Casper, and later in Douglas by the information that a railroad surveying party had invaded the country for work, the main object being the capture of certain mountain passes along the proposed transconti-nental line. This afternoon the infortowns to the effect that an armed force had entered Johnson county with the expressed intention of cleaning out the rustlers and that this is but one of three expeditions which are operating in the state and such points as seems most necessary. The excitement in that section is intense, but as to whether or not any intention of the move-ment has reached Johnson county nobody can yet discover.

Telegraph Lines Cut,

Telegraphic communication to Buffalo, the county sent of Johnson county, is secured by way of Douglas. The line north of the lat-ter point is down or has been cut for the past ter point is down or has been cut for the past twenty-four hours, consequently nothing can be heard except runnors, which when traced down, appear to have no substantial foundation. It is under-stood here that spotters have been at work in Johnson county for some time past. The object has been to definitely locate all rustlers. The invading party was to ren-dezvons tast night at a ranch on Powder dezvous last night at a ranch on Powder river, some sixty or seventy miles from Cas-

of South Dakota has directed the sheriffs of There the reports of the spatters were to be received and the plan of the campaign prepared. In a general way the counties near the Sisseton reservation lands to be opened next week, to summor 100 men each for a posse and take charge of the Sisseton reservation when the govern the intention appears to be to swoop down on the various rustlers' ranch, kill them off singly or in pairs as they may be found, and by ascries of rapid marches put them out of the way before the people have ment opens it on the 15th. They will be backed by the entire state military and there are already at Brown's Valley, Minn., 200 or 300 an inking of what is going on, or the rust-lers and their friends have a chance to get together and make a defense.

HEIR TO A MILLION.

Luck That Has Fallen to a Poor Chicago Carpenter.

TWO CHILDREN BURNED TO A CRISP CHICAGO, Ill., April 7.-Sir George Northedge, the baronet who fell heir to over \$1,000,-Left Alone in the House They Upset a 000 left by his grandfather, and who is now in Chicago, is wanted at the Chicago post-Sr. Louis, Mo., April 7.-At an early hour

office. Before the windfall Sir George was a this morning the house of Mat Williams on poor carpenter residing on State street in the Clayton and Manchester roads was this city. Tiring of manual labor, Northedge burned. Two of his children, Margaret, went to the postoffice and took a civil service examination as a letter carrier. This was two months ago. Today the postoffice officials looked over the list of those who had passed aged 9, and Nettie, aged 8, perished in the flames. Williams was absent from home at the time, and it is supposed the children upset a lamp and, suffocated by smore, Were burned to a crisp. Missoura, Mont., April 7.- The Northern Pacific hospital burned last night. All of the examination and the very first name at the top was none other than that of North-edge. He passed a high average and stood near the top. In addition, he is an old soldier the patients were saved. Loss about \$50,000. and entitled to preference when carriers are selected. Northeage was unofficially notified INDEPENDENCE, Mo., April 7.-Today's

today that he had passed a successful exam-ination and that he was entitled to be put on the eligible list. The baronet, however, morning session of the Re-organized Church laughingly declined. of Latter Day Saints was given up to religious services conducted by Elders Hill-

Chicago, Ill., April 7.-Alexander Meyers, who was arrested yesterday on complaint of Gus Burns, charged with murdering his wife (Burn's sister) in Davenport, Ia., two years are, was released today, the charge against him proving utterly unfounded. Myers is a law abiding citizen and has been deing business on the West side for fifteen or twenty years. It is thought Burns is trymade reports of their work during the year which were without exception of a very flat

tering nature. A committee was appointed to attend the World's fair at Chicago for the purpose of advertising to the world the principles and

plans of the church. Adjournment until tomorrow was then

Trying to Become Notorious yard of Illinois and Blakesly of Michigan The former in his sermon denounced the ger eral disobedience of the revelation of 1887 which forbids the use of tobacco by Latter Day Saints, and urged its obedience. The afternoon session was devoted to busi ness. The quorum of twelve, the quorum of the seventy, the high priests and teachers all

ing to get a little cheap notoriety.

Steamor Arrivals

At New York-Wisconsin from Liverpool. Northland from Antwerp, Spaaradam from Rotterdam, Cearcans from Paris,