### TO TEST AMERICAN TIMBER

Senator Paddock's Idea of Preventing Waste of Material.

IT WILL ALSO AVOID MANY ACCIDENTS

He Seeks to Appropriate Sufficient Funds to Have the Subject Thoroughly Investigated by the Forestry Division of the Department.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.

Senator Paddeck has introduced a bill which is intended to be a great advantage to builders everywhere. It appropriates \$40,000 for the purpose of making investigations and tests of American timber under the direction of the forestry division of the Agricultural department. The senator says that there is an enormous waste of valuable material and incalculable loss of life and property every year from an ignorance of the true value and strength of our American timber, and that a thorough examination and elaborate tests of timber have been introduced in the forestry division of the Department of Agriculture, but they have proceeded very slowly and have been entirely discontinued on account of deficient appropriations. He thinks his

bill will pass.

In the timber culture contest of Eddie Johnson against Edward R. Still from Chadron, the assistant secretary of the interior today affirmed the decision of the Commissioner and the contest is dismissed. E. R. Hutchins of Des Moines is at the

Willard, Hon, E. Rosewater of Omaha is at the Shoreham for a day or two on his way to

Shorebam for a day or two on his way to New York.

M. M. Kline was today appointed postmaster at Colton, Cheyenne county, Neb., vice George Banta, resigned, also C. H. Taiton at Fairbank, Sully county, S. D., vice D. C. Nichol, reneved; B. W. Henderson at Rodney, Monona county, Ia.; H. T. Swain at Willow Creek, Clay county, Ia., and R. A. Gallagher at Goldburg, Custer county, Idaho. Dr. Rankin has been recommended for appointment on the pension board at Rushville, Sheridan county.

The commissioner of Indian affairs has determined to build a new school house for the Winnebago Indians to take the place of the one recently burned.

Winnebago Indians to take the place of the one recently burned.

Senator l'addock called upon the president again today and urged the immediate issuance of the proclamation granting amnesty to the Mormons in Utah. Tomorrow is the Jubilee day for the Mormons and the senator thought that the occasion should be embraced for the granting of the promised amnesty.

J. G. Nickerson has been recommended for

J. G. Nickerson has been recommended for postmanter at Berwin, Custer county.

Through the intercession of Senator Manderson today the United States marshal will be allowed the money necessary for court expenses at Omaha during the months of April and May.

Representative Pickler cailed upon the secretary of the interior this marning with

Representative Pickler called upon the secretary of the interior this morning with reference to the appointment of agent at the Cheyenno agency and the registership of the land office at Watertown, but accomplished nothing. The South Dakota delegation have decided upon Mr. Lilabeydge as the agent, but the register at the Watertown office has not yet been recommended.

General Berdan, a well known lowan.

General Berdan, a well known lowan whose claim for an extension of his patents will come up before the commissioner of patents on Manday, will in Mr. Hamilton's opinion not have much chance of getting a favorable report.

Mrs. Butter, wife of the congressman, who has been sick for several days past is con-

valescent.

The Indian appropriation bill has gone over until Monday, when it comes up again. Much of interest in connection with the discussion of the bill in the senate revolved around the position taken by the Nebraska and Dakota senators upon the question of the detailing of army officers as Indian agents. Senator Manderson advocated the house amondment to the officer and Senators. Paddock and Pettigrew opposed it. The scrate finally adopted an amendment pro-posed by Senator Hawley, making civilian appointments optional with the president. Assistant Secretary Chandler today affirmed the decision of the commissioner in timber culture entry contest of Thomas M. Freeman against Peter Nesland, from North Platte, dismissing the contest. Also in the timber culture entry of William R.

in the timber culture entry of William R.
Morrow against Henry Johnson, from Sidney, dismissing the contest.
Senator Paddock called vesterday and again today at the supervising architect's office to hurry up the Fremont public building matter. The sketch and plans are promised by next Wednesday sure. Immediately thereafter the proposal will be advertised for and contract let as soon as possible for exand contract let as soon as possible for ex-cavation. The supervising architect promises the best special efforts of the office in pushing the construction to completion at the earliest possible day.

The explanation of greater expedition in the case of Beatrice is that Fremont used up a good deal of time in determining what site a good deal of time in determining what site to offer and in perfecting the title. The Beatrice site and title were presented without any delay whatever, and in this way got ahead of all other buildings.

Harry F. Clark of Omaha was today appointed special agent on the internal revenue force with headquarters at Bellevue, Sarpy county, upon the recommendation of Nebraska senators.

The assistant secretary of the interior has

The assistant secretary of the interior has affirmed the commissioner's decision in the desert land entry of Mary A. R. Jenkinson from Biackfoot, Idaho, cancelling the entry. He also affirmed the decision in the desert land entry of Charlotte B. Rea from Blackfoot, receiving a pure has a search in the desert land entry of Charlotte B. Rea from Blackfoot cancelling as pure has a search in the desert land entry of the search in the desert land entry of the search in the searc foot, cancelling so much as exceeds 320 acres.
Assistant Secretary Chardler has reversed
the decision of the commissioner in the preemption contest of George A. VønDyke against John Kubee, from Mitchell, S. D., and directs in favor of the claimant. P. S. H.

NEWS FOR THE ARMY, List of the Orders of a Day in the Regular

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.—[Special Telegram to The Bet.]—The following army

orders were issued teday:

Telegram to The Bee. ]—The following army orders were issued teday:

The leave of absence granted First Lieutenant Arthur L. Wagner, Sixth infantry, March 24, Fort Leavenworth, is extended seven days. First Lieutenant William E. Purviance, assistant surgeon recently appointed, will proceed from Rossville, Ill., to Fort Riley, Kas., and report in person to the commanding officer for duty at that station. The general court martial appointed to meet at West Point February 24, is dissolved, and another is appointed to meet at West Point, New York, at 11 o'clock a. m. on Tuesday, April 5, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it. Detail for the court—Captain William F. Spurgin, Twenty-first infantry; Captain George McC. Derby, corps of engineers; Captain William H. Miller, assistant quartermaster; Captain James S. Pettit, First infantry; First Lieutenant John A. Lundeen, Fourth artillery; First Lieutenant John A. Lundeen, Fourth artillery; First Lieutenant Wright P. Edgerton, Second artillery; First Lieutenant Wright P. Edgerton, Second artillery; First Lieutenant Samuel W. Dunning, Sixteenth infantry; First Lieutenant Samuel W. Dunning, Sixteenth infantry; First Lieutenant Trank S. Harlow, First artillery; First Lieutenant Samuel D. Freeman, Tenth cavalry; First Lieutenant Daniel L. Tate, Third cavalry; First Lieutenant Daniel L. Tate, Third cavalry; First Lieutenant Daniel L. Tate, Third cavalry; First Lieutenant Charles R. Noyes, Ninth infantry judge advocate. Leave of absence for two months is granted Major John S. Witcher, paymaster.

The following transfers in the Third cavalry are ordered: Captain Charles Morton, from troop M to troop A; Second Lieutenant Charles A. Herndon, from troop M to troop A. Lieutenant Colonel John T. Wilcox, First cavalry, will proceed to his home, where he is authorized to await retirement at his own request.

Massungton D. C. April 2 Special

Western Pensions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.— Special Telegram to THE BEE. |—The following list of pensions granted is reported by Tur Baz

and Examiner Bureau of Claims: Nebraska: Original—George W. Burnap, George Ditzel, William Akers, John Hepper-len, Abraham Reeve, Albert H. Brundage,

### MORSE DRY GOOI

It is becoming better known EVERY day that OUR prices are the lowest and OUR qualities the best.

MONDAY.

3,000 yards fine cashmere suitings, all dark, plain and 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c. The best dyes and the best cloths serviceable colorings,

5c Yard Worth 15c. Second floor.

5,000 yards light and dark CHALLIES, copies of the French printings, 5c yard. The new spring styles; worth 10c.

New outing cloth, full width, new spring colorings 8 I-3c yard.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

RARE AND

ductions.

MATTINGS LINOLEUMS. ORIENTAL RUGS.

Nanon edges, 5c, 8c, 10c, worth 15c.

TRIMMINGS.

bullion and cord designed, under the taste of the best French artistes and modestes, are gath-

ered here in profusion and attractive assortment at very low prices. All new. Come and see.

Band and bead and braid, tinsel and jet and van colored heads, feather and silk moss,

Wider Edges, 12c, 15c, 20c, worth 25c,

UNIQUE Fourth floor. Ask about the prices from those who have bought from us. Come and see the carpets, rugs, etc.

SPRING CURTAIN MATERIAL.

Dotted Swiss, 36 inches wide, 22c. Dotted Swiss, 50 inches wide, 37 1-2c. Tamboured Swiss, 27 inches wide, 45c, Nottingham lace curtains, 68c pair. Nottingham lace curtains, 78c pair. Nottingham lace curtains, 95c pair,

GHINA SILKS 35c.

silks, light and cool, only 35c.

that you see elsewhere for \$1 yard.

g ood service. They are worth \$1.35.

inches wide,

25 pieces only, new figures, stylish China

CHINA SILKS 75c.

CHINA SILKS \$1.

Full 27 inches wide, stylish figures on the

Plain colors genuine Shanghai silks, 27

85G YARD.

best Shanghai silks, that will wear and give

They come in all the high colored figures

All Worth a Third More.

FAST BLACK SATINES.

Second floor, we BOY'S WAISTS--PERCALES.

36 inches wide Worth 18c yard.

PERSIAN MULLS.

Beautiful assortment, Worth 25c. Second floor. ISC yard..

Send for our beautifully illustrated Spring Fashion Catalogue. Mailed free. Send mail orders. Send for samples.

IMITATION CHINA SILKS.

36 inches wide, 101/2c and 15c. New spring designs. Fourth floor.

FOR 25c EACH.

New Holland Shades, 6 feet long, 36 inches wide, spring rollers, all complete

For 25 Cents Each Fourth floor.

NEW PORTIER CURTAINS.

31/2 yards long, 50 inches wide, all colors,

\$1.50 Pair Come and see these wonderful BARGAINS

MAIL ORDERS .-- ALL ORDERS TEIS WEEK BILLED THE DAY RECEIVED.

EASELS AT HALF COST.

All Bamboo Easels, brass tipped, chain stay, new styles 75G. worth \$1.50. Fourth floor,

We have a dozen other styles of Ease's. All go at les, than half the cost. This week mail orders filled day received.

### CARPETINGS.

SPRING STYLES.

New Scotch and American

Foreign and Domestic

Foreigh and Domestic

15c a card of 2 dozen to 5oc a dozen buttons.

The Cheapest and

exclusive designs in carpets Axminsters. Wiltons. Brussels.

House in the west that shows

PRICES FOR BUTTONS. mbroideries for Spring Rich and beautiful settings in Pearl, Ivory, Horn, Metal, Gilt, Steel, Shell and Jet. We open a specially new and beautiful line of Embroideries for this week at great re-

### We Will Continue

The sale of Silks and Dress Goods announced during the bad weather of last week, Many of you could not breast the storms and get the bargains. THEN FOR MONDAY, APRIL 4TH,

TUESDAY APRIL BTH,

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6TH WE WILL SELL OUR OPENING OF



PRICES LOW. WORKMANSHIP BEST. MATERIALS the NEWEST

This week will be characterized by an ex-

traordinary exhibit of the latest Parisian designs in Bonnets, Reception and Carriage Hats, English Round Hats and Toques ever brought to the west.

Send Mail Orders for

## Hats.

## AND MOST STYLISH.

### FOR POLITICAL EFFECT ONLY

Why the Democrats Desire an Early Vote on Springer's Free Wool Bill.

ANOTHER ANTI-OPTION BILL REPORTED

t is a Substitute for the Hatch Measure-Causes for Outbreaks on the Mexican Border-An Important Decision by Secretary Noble.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2 .- The general liscussion on the tariff bills closed today. If the programe, as agreed upon by the leaders is carried out the consideration of the free wool bill under the five minutes rule, will begin Monday. It is generally believed that it will be passed later in the week. It is desired to pass Mr. Springer's bill before the Rhode Island election on Wednesday for the political effect that it may have in that state, and unless the republicans make a vigorous opposition and insist upon the consideration of the various amendments under the five minutes rule, the final vote on the passage of the measure will probably be taken not later han Tuesday.

The first speaker today was Mr. McKinney of New Hampshire, who favored the bill and attacked the protective tariff system.

Mr. Wilson of Missouri had a few minutes accorded him, and la those few minutes he made an interesting, speech in favor of the bill.

Mr. Cummings advocated the bill.
Mr. Burrows of Michigan, a member of the Mr. Bryan of Wisconsin and Mr. De Armond of Missouri favored the bill.
The house then adjourned.

FUTURES AND OPTIONS. Another Bill to Regulate Dealings Thereit

Reported from Committee.

Washington, D. C., April 2.—A bill was reported from the committee on agriculture as a substitute for the Hatch bill and other neasures before the committee defining futures and options and imposing special taxes on dealers therein. The bill is a voluminous document, comprising fifteen sections. Its provisions may be briefly stated as follows: The word "options" is to be understood to mean any contract under which a party acquires the right or privilege, but is not thereby obligated, to deliver at a future time or within a designated period, raw or unmanufactured cotton, hops, wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, grass seed, flax seed, pork, lard, bacon and other edible products of swine.

The word "futures" is understood to mean a contract whereby a party agrees to sell or deliver at a future time or within a designated period any of the above named articles when he is not the owner of the articles or has not acquired by purchase the right of their future possession, provided that this is not to apply to a government, state or muni-cipal contract, nor to a contract made by a

farmer for future delivery of articles belonging to him or in course of growth.

The difference between this bill and the
Washburn bill, already described, up to this
point is to be found in the inclusion in the

present bill of cotton and hops among the articles which may not be dealt in through futures and options. The remainder of this bill is substantially similar to the Wassburn measure. It provides for the same tax upon dealers in futures and options, of a \$1,000 fee and 5 cents per pound, or 20 cents per bushel, upon each of the articles dealt in, and also

provides the necessary machinery for the collection of the taxes, the publicity of the records of transactions, and the enforcement of the law in other respects in even greater in detail than the Washburn bill. The report submitted recites the well known objects sought by the proposed legislation, attacks "short sellers," bucket shops and dealers in puts and calls, and asserts that the bill, if made a law, will add to the general

prosperity. ON THE MEXICAN BORDER.

General Stanley's Estimate of a Portion of the Population There. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.-Genera Stanley in forwarding to the War depart ment the report of Captain Chase in regard to the Garza campaign, says: "It must be remembered that a very large percentage of the population along the Texas border is made up of escaped convicts and murderers from Mexico and of Mexican citizens, who have no regard for law and order, and who readily join in any excitement in opposition to the government. A singular feature is that the rich Mexicans who own and control large ranches in southern Texas and claim every protection of the American laws, give their influence and furnish means to support almost any measure against our government or that of Mexico." In conclusion General Stanley says: "All

bands or organized forces in violation of the neutrality laws have been wholly discipated. The supporters who reside in the district af-The supporters who reside in the district affected by the revolutionary movements have been ferreted out and they are now under bond to answer charges made against them for aiding and abetting the revolution. The work that remains is wholly in the province of sheriffs and marshals in their various counties and districts, but the presence of as many troops as possible along the Rio Grande frontier is very essential and will be for some time to come."

Raum's Investigation. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2 .- In the pen sion office investigation today Commissioner Raum said that he knew of one case, and there might by more, in which relatives of pension attorneys were employed in the pension office. Wherever he knew of such relationship he would keep the claims of the at torney from his relative, though this kinship might perhaps cause inside information, which should not reach an attorney. The commissioner said the record showed that he had been absent from the office 187 days in the last two years and four months. four months.
Mr. Enloc having asking a question imply

ing that the pension office had at one time last year slowed up on account of the condi-tion of the public treasury, the commissioner replied that he had nover feit any embarrass-ment as to the state of the treasury; that Secretary Poster had made him no sugges-tion on the subject and that he had never held back a single possion case, and did not intend to do so. While he was commissioner

he intended to allow just as many certificates as could be properly adjudicated with the force of the office.

SIMPSOM SAT DOWN ON. peaker Crisp Refuses to Recognize the

Kansas Statesman. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2. - During filiustering tactics which occupied the attention of the house during the morning hours, Simpson of Kansas arose and "desired to introduce the following resolution for immediate consideration." The resolution which the farmer's alliance gentleman desired to present was the verbal petard formulated some days ago by Representative Watson, leader of the people's party in the nouse and which has served as the bete noir of the speaker and democratic members of the committee on indictary ever since. It is but for more in judiciary ever since. It is but few words in length, but it curtly directs the committee on judiciar, to report Watson's anti-Pinkerton resolution, which has been slumbering in that committee for the past three months. "The chair will not recognize the gentle-man for that purpose," was the response of Crisp, who probably divined the character

of the resolution and which could be only considered by unanimous consent. Rendered an Important Decision. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2 .- Secretary Noble has decided the case of the New Orleans Pacific railway against Alice Sancer, and also the New Orleans Pacific case, both uvolving the same questions. The secretary holds, in effect, that the act of July 14, 1890, holds, in effect, that the act of July 14, 1800, forfeiting the grant of 1876 to Louisiana for the benefit of the New Orleans, Opelousas & Great Western railway, operated to reinvest the title to the lands effected in the United States. He also holds that no suit is necessary to set aside the certification made under the original granting act. The effect of this decision is to transfer the title to the lands involved to the New Orleans Pacific under the act of March 3, 1871. This decision is regarded as important, as it directly affects the title to many thousand acres of land in Alabama, and practically decides a large number of and practically decides a large number of similar cases originating in other sections of

Mills' Place in the Senate. Washington, D. C., April 2.—Senator Mills of Texas fairly entered upon his senatorial duties today and recepted as his committee assignment the places vacated by the mittee assignment the places vacated by the retirement of his predecessor. Senator Unil ten. He will thus be a member of the committees on coast defenses, mines and mining, patents and postoffices and postroads. Senator Milis also appointed as his private secretary O'Brien Moore, the head of the Washington bureau of the St. Louis Republic. Mr. Moore was one of Mr. Mills' earnest supporters during the speakership contest. Recognized by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2. The presilent has recognized Peter Bering Nelson as vice consul of Denmark at Racine, for the state of Wisconsin.

Lynched Because He Was a Vagrant. MILLERSBURG, O., April 2.-A mob lynched an unknown negro yesterday, hanging him to a tree. He had been about the town a few weeks and had been ordered to loave. He had lingered about people's doorsteps and annoyed them in various ways.

Mr. Smith Tried the Missouri for a Winding

Sheet, but Weakened. DESIRE FOR ANGELIC HONORS COOLED

After Leaping Into the Cold Embrace of Death as Represented by the Dark Waters, He Quickly Swam

Ashore.

H. E. Smith, a young man well known in police circles, attempted to commit suicide about 8 o'clock last evening by jumping from the center of the Douglas street bridge into the river.

About fifteen minutes before 8 Smith apeared at the watchman's house, and after talking a moment, coolly remarked that he was going to jump into the river in order to end his life.

The guards on duty merely laughed at the remark and paid no attention to it, as they saw that Smith was considerably under the influence of liquor. After a few moments? conversation on other subjects Smith started across the big bridge, and sure enough when the center span was reached he quickly cast aside his coat and hat and climbed upon the iron railing.

Just a moment did he hesitate, and then, clasping his hands above his head, be gave a leap into the air and shot straight downward into the siuggish waters of the muddy Missouri.

It was quite warm enough for comfort, and when Smith arose to the surface he struck

out good and hard for the shore. The watchmen in the lumber yards near the bridge heard the splash and assisted the

would-be self-murderer to the shore. He was taken into a shanty near the foot of Howard street and the police station notified. The patrol wagon went down and conveyed the young man and his dripping garneuts to the city jail.

When asked the cause for such an attempt on his life, Smith said that tuck was against him and he wanted to go up with the angels and help push clouds.

After being registered and charged with being drunk and attempting to commit suicide, Smith laid down on a beach, wrapped himself in blankets and went to sleep as if nothing had happened. District Convention Tuesday.

Girls Mational Home and Employment association will meet at 9:30 Tuesday morning at the Union Christian mission in Council Bluffs. The pastors of Council Bluffs churches are urged to appoint two ladies and two gentlemen to act with each pastor as

A district convention of the Boys and

delegates to the convention.

Colonel Alexander Hongland, president of the association, will address a meeting to be held this evening at the First Methodist church in Council Bluffs.

# Nathan O. Calkins, Aaron V. Mencing, John Patterson, John W. Paddock, John Larson, Warner E. Burdick, Jasper C. Woodworth, Alfred L. Morse, Calvin W. Green, Henry S. Wentworth, William Burnett, Erastus E. Laud, Ell H. Kisser, Additional—Albert A. B. Crandall, Frederick A. Gerber, Ezra H. Little. Increase—James L. Adlett, Jacob Zimmerman, W. T. Russell. Reissue—Daniel J. O'Harra. Supplemental—James P. Cumming. Iowa: Original—Joseph Morris, James M. Beiler, James T. Smith. Nathan Hackley, Aloazo Ring, Ellisha F. Tobey, Noah B. Hisson, James A. Stonebraker, Robert Swartz, Lunford Fisher, Benjamin W. Stevens, George S. Williams, James E. Kent, William C. Cathrey, John Tomlinson, James C. Ervin, Charies H. Fernaid, John B. Roberts, Daniel H. Elisworth, Oliver B. Blodgett, George W. Newman, Edw. C. H. Hydor, Samuel Boyer, Robert N. White, Robert S. Cross, John Shaid, Gottfried Wals, Abel G. Newman, John A. Wiederholt, Samuel B. Halmer, Ira S. Dotv, Levi McDonaldson. Additional—Harcoy K. Spott, William Lemon, Shepherd Shaw, John Marcland, Joss Speve, Joel H. Dyer, Ira S. Carr, Alfred L. Frantz, Joel P. Osborne. Increase—O'Wald Bruce, William Fitch, William Bryant, John A. Spileman, John Gresman, John C. Miller, Jefferson Utterbuck, John Kolb, David F. Ellis, Josso Weridesh, James McDonald. Original Widows, stc.—John Griffith, father. Merideth, James McDonald. Original widows, etc.—John Griffith, father. South Dakota: Original—Preston Sharp, Ransom Watter, Georgo W. L. Shrigley, Supplemental—Milton M. Price. Increase— Nathan C. Caihoon.

the production and manufacture of beet

sugar in Minnesots, North and South Dakota,

Montana and Idaho. Senator Dubois stated

Nebraska shouldnot have the extended advertisement which had been given Nebraska through the establishment and successful operation of its two great beet sugar factories at Grand Island and Norfolk.

The debates in congress the discussion in

The debates in congress, the discussion in the agricultural papers, the interviews in the press, and the notoriety given to Nebraska's

beet sugar factories through the bulletins of the Agricultural department have been worth, in the opinion of Senators Dubois, Sanders

and Washburn, hundreds of thousands of dellars to the state of Nebraska in advertis-

ing its resources and bringing it prominently

before capitalists of the east as a rich field

for diversified agriculture.

Senator Sanders said, this afternoon, that Montana was anxious for a chance to show that she was the equal of Nebraska as a field for save the same to show that she was the equal of Nebraska as

show that she was the equal of Nebraska as a field for sugar manufacture and that he had no doubt she would gladly offer extraordinary inducements for the introduction of the industry within her limits. He added that the value to the state as a puromatter of advertisement of the operation of the two great factories which were almost

the two great factories which were almost daily kept before the public could scarcely be computed in dollars and cents.

"You were very lucky," he said, "to get the plants, and are luckier still to keep them under a tariff discussion in which their value is almost daily referred to in the public prints as an evidence of Nebraska's agricultural resources."

Charge the Police with Corruption

which has been sitting during the March

term and investigating the evidence pre-sented by Rev. Dr. Parkhurt and his

agents as to the existence of gamb-

ling and disorderly houses, as well

as the general violation of the excise laws without interference by the police, brought in a presentment at 3 o'clock this afternoon which scores the pelice officials most severely, and in plain words charges them with corruption. Recorder Smythe said he would call the attention of the proper authorities to the presentments without delay.

New Youk, April 1. - The grand jury,

EXONERATING CAPTAIN BOURKE. His Accusers Must Stand Trial Before Court-Martial is Convened, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.- |Special Telegram to THE BEE.] - The predicted court-martial for Captain John G. Bourke of the I hird cavalry on charges of oppression of citizens of the United States in Texas during his recent vigorous suppression of the Garza insurrection, is not likely to be summoned for some time to come. General Stanley, commanding the Department of Texas, has made a report to General Schofield, from which it appears the charges against Bourke were preferred by Mexican citizens who have aided by Mexican citizens who have aided and abetted Garza's band in violating the neutrality laws of the United States. Every statement made by Captain Bourke has been borne out by the investigation of General Stanley. The men who preferred the charges against Captain Bourke are now being tried by the civil authorities of Texas for violation of the neutrality laws. In consequence of General Stanley's statement, General Schoffel's submitted the matter to Secretary of War Elkins with the recommendation that no action be taken by the military authorities with regard to these trumped up charges against Captain Bourke until after the conclusion of the civil proceedings against his accusers.

Will Not Disturb the Service. Washington, D. C., April 2 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ] - It was said today, by one who has talked to the president upon the subject, that the chief executive does not intend to take advantage of the extra authority cited him by the provision in the Indian appropriation bill authorizing the president to detail army officers to act as Indian agents, except in cases where there is good reasons why an army officer would be better for the place than a civilian. In point

against his accusers.

Wedgewale chevrons, tans, grays, browns, modes, etc., all new spring \ \ \frac{556}{v.mb} shades, worth 75c to 85c yard..... YARD.

French plaids, new effects, fresh styles, 50c.

New all wool cheviots, tans, modes browns; grays, etc., beautiful mix-

tures..... YARD.

wool, new spring colorings, soft and lustrous, 85c Yard;

New and beautiful henriettas, all pure

Worth \$1.25 elsewhere. Send for new spring fashion catalogue.