# ACCEPTED BY THE SENATE ever able to successfully deny that proposi-

No Objection Was Made to a Ratification of the Arbitration Treaty in the Senate.

SILVERITES STILL SANGUINE OF SUCCESS

Efforts Will Be Made to Get a Final Vote on the Bland Bill-Claims of the

Third Party Men-Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.-Two hours spent in executive session by the senate this afternoon sufficed to complete the consideration of the Bering sea arbitration treaty, and it was ratified by a unanimous vote at the conclusion of the discussion.

The debate itself was without incident. Mr. Sherman, who had the treaty in charge, presented two amendments which it was be lieved to be desirable to incorporate in the document, and they were agreed to. One of them provides that the argument and proceedings before the arbitrators shall be in the English language. This amendment was suggested to Sir Julian Pauncefote a day or two ago. He said that it appeared to be proper, but that he should like to secure the formal assent of Lord Salisbury to do it. This assent came in the form of a cablegram, which was this morning shown to the president by the British minister, and was at once sent to Senator Sherman, who caused the necessary amendment to be incorporated

in the treaty.

Exactly the same proceedure was followed in the case of the second amendment, which changes article 11 of the treaty so as to require arbitrators to make their decision, if possible, within four months instead of three for the date of the close of the arguments of the counsel. This change was believed to be desirable in view of the magnitude of the subject and the enormous volume of testi-mony to be considered by the arbitrators.

Opposition Disappears. The opposition to the ratification, which that been very much weakened vesterday, completely disappeared as the result of Mr. Sherman's explanation today, and when the question was taken directly on the resolution of ratification there were no nays while the yeas numbered seventy-two, an unusual large vote in the senate.

The senate ordered the detailed vote as

well as all of the correspondence in the case to be made public. The latter has already been published in the newspapers.

The senators who voted for the ratification of the treaty were Messrs. Alien, Allison, Barbour, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Butler, Call, Cameron, Carey, Carlisle, Chandler, Cockrell, Coke, Cullom, Daniel, Dawes, Dixon, Dolph, Dubois, Felton, Frye, Gallinger, George, Gibson of Louisiana, Gibson of Maryland, Gordon, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hansbrough, Hawley, Higgins, Hiscock, Hoar, Kenna, Kyle, McMillau, McPherson, Mitchell, Morgan, Paddock, Palmer, Pasco, Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew, Platt, Power, Proctor, Pugh, Quay, Ransom, Sanders, Sawyer, Sherman, Shoup, Squire, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, Turpie, Vance, Vest, Vilas, Voorhees, Walthal, Warren. Washburn, White, Wilson and Wilcox.

After the result had been aunounced the

usual resolution notifying the president of the action of the senate was passed, and the tonsideration of the treaty was complete.

There was an air of relief about the senators as they emerged from the chamber where they had been sitting behind closed doors for so many hours during the past two weeks. All of them were glad that the troublesome treaty had been disposed of at

## THEY STILL HAVE HOPE.

Free Coinage Men Making Every Effort to Secure a Final Vote.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.-The free coinage advocates nave not yet given up the ghost in the house of representatives. The controversy between Mr. Bland and Speaker Crisp was the subject of general comment today, and the former announces that he will make no further attempt to secure a decree of cloture from the committee on rules but Mr. Pierce of Tennessee and other lead ers in the free coinage movement have again taken courage and will make one supreme attempt to force the committee on rules to report a rule fixing a day and force a vote on the passage of the bill.

There was a very light attendance at today's session of the house and it was impossible to see all the democratic members who last week voted for the Bland bill, but up to the hour of adjournment this evening between ninety and 100 names had been secured to the petitions asking the committee on rules to bring in a report for the further consideration and a final vote on the bill. Number of Signatures Required.

The total number of signatures required is 118, or a majority of the democratic members of the house, and many believe that it will be found impossible to secure more than 100 names to the petition. This seems astounding in view of the fact that 148 members of week, but it should be remembered that of these 148 members eleven republicans and nine people's party representatives voted with the free comage members. Deducting with the free coinage members. Deducting these twenty members, who would not be eligible to sign the petition, the free coinage people have 128 members from whom to obtain 118 signatures. As there were ten absent members last week, paired favorably to the bill, there are really 138 members who can reasonably be requested to sign the petition, but even this shows the free coinage people with a parrow majority of but twenty members. It narrow majority of but twenty members. It is quite positively stated by the anti-free coinage members that over twenty democratic members who last week voted for the bill, have already refused to sign the pation, but that so many positive refusals have een given is denied by the advocates of the

## Third Party Men Jubilant.

Perhaps the most jubilant members in the house just now are the nine people's party congressmen, who rejoice in the discomfiture of the democratic majority and proclaim that the failure of the democratic house to rass the free coinage bill means that the peo ple's party will carry six or eight states in the coming campaign.

Representative Watson, the leader of the coole's party, tonight said: "This action people's party, tonight said: "This action in the house on the silver bill is the death knell of the old democratic organization Hundreds of thousands of voters in the southern states have felt that financial relies could be had, and that democracy, as now organized, would give that relief if it had a chance. With a majority of 148 in the house of representatives it certainly had a chance to pass the free silver bill. It failed to do it It was only by the help of nine of the peo-ple's party members and eleven republicans that this immense democratic majority escapeda Waterloo. Consequently, the most conservative democrat in the south knows now that democratic majorities under the present organization mean absolutely nothing so far as practical legislation is concerned. No power on earth can now keep Georgia from No power on earth can now keep Georgia from going into the electoral college with the people's party convention. I confidently believe that the same is true of several other southern states. What the democrats may do with the silver bill hereafter is comparatively unimportant. They have had their epportunity. They had their majority with nineteen outside votes to nelp them. They were absolutely unable to pass such a very mild measure of reform as Mr. Bland's silver bill, which only purports to add 30 cents per rapita to the circulating medium.

"We who swung loose from the democratic party claimed that northern and eastern democrats had no real sympathy with our people, but were as much under the domination of the money power as the republicans of the north and east. After the vote of last Thursday night no man will be

FREE WOOL BILL It Will Pass the House This Week-Ellis Is-

land Investigation-Notes,

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.-The Springer free wool bill will probably be passed by the house and sent to the senate within a week. This is the program discussed at a series of consultations today be tween Speaker Crisp, Mr. McMillan and the democratic members of the ways and means committee and later approved by Chairman Springer. It will probably receive the formal endorsement of the democratic majority of the ways and means committee tomorrow, and the house will then at the proper time

be requested to give its concurrence by agreeing to a suspension of the rules for the passing of the bill. Under the program contemplated general debate will probably be closed within two or three days and the bill will then be cussed for a very brief time under the five minute rule. On Monday Chairman Springer, who is rapidly recovering from his severe illness, which is the beautiful and the severe illness. will appear in the house and himself make the decisive motion for the passage of the bill. He may make a few remarks in advocacy of the bill, but in his enfeebled condi-tion will not attempt any elaborate closing

remarks. This change in the program is due to the desire of the democratic 1 aders to ad-journ the house by June 1.

The further necessity for the prompt pas-sage of one or more tariff bills arose from the desire of the democratic leaders to give the senate simple time to discuss them before final adjournment. In the event of the house proposing adjournment by June 1, it there fore became necessary to send the tailff bills to the senate as quickly as possible in order that the republican senators might not be able to state that insufficient time had been given that body for the discussion of the everal bills before adjournment.

### Ellis Island Investigation.

The Ellis island investigation by the joint The Ellis island investigation by the joint senate and house committees on immigration today was marked by animation and tartness. There was a spirited controversy between Assistant Secretary Nettleton of the Treasury department and Chairman Chandler of the senate committee. Chairman Chandler sought to place upon Mr. Nettleton the responsibility for the policy under which the department used immigration head money for improvements at Ellis island.

head money for improvements at Eliis island. Mr. Nettleton denied that the responsibil-ity properly attached to him and accused the two chairmen of hostility toward him. Senator Chandler charged Mr. Nettleton with making a false statement, and this charge the assistant secretary resented in language as severe as that used by the sena-

A still more sensational turn was given the investigation a short time afterwards when Assistant Secretary Nettleton received a let-ter calling the attention of the secretary of the treasury and of the president to the management of the office of superintendent of im-migration by Mr. W. D. Owen. In brief, the letter said that Mr. Owen was incompetent, thoroughly untrustworthy, and slipshod in the handling of the public's money. There was also a specific allegation that Superin-

was also a specific antegration that Saperint tendent Owen had attempted to secure pay-ment of an improper voucher. Superintendent Owen explained that there was an irregularity in connection with the voucher referred to, but that he was not responsible for it. Odds and Ends of News.

John H. Baker was confirmed by the senate as one of the district judges for Indiana; and Daniel L. Hyndman agent for the Indians of Sisseton agency, South Mr. Hatch, from the committee on agri-culture, today reported to the house a bill designed to make oleomargerine manufactured in one state or territory for shipment into another state or territory subject to the laws

# and restrictions of the state and territory into which it is shipped. He also reported the Paddock pure food bill.

. In the Senate. WASHINGTON, D. Stewart gave notice that he would on Monday next move to take up the senate bill to provide for the free coinage of gold and silver. Mr. Hoar-Where is that bill now!

Mr. Stewart-It was on the calendar, reported adversely.

The resolution offered by Mr. Wolcott, raquesting the president to refrain from alloting in severalty the lands of the present res-ervation of the southern Indians, pending legislation in the present congress respecting the removal of these Indians to another res-ervation, was taken up and Mr. Wolcott addressed the senate in explanation and advocott's address the resolution was agreed to: and then the senate, on motion of Mr. Sher-man, proceeded to executive business and when the doors were reopened, adjourned.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The following list of pensions granted is reported by Tue Bee and Examiner Bureau of Claims:

Nebraska: Original—Charles A. Bagert, Martin Kelly, George W. Gibbs, A. K. Thorne, David F. Nichol, Perry E. Weston, John D. Modlin, Israel Bedell, Nathaniel M. J. Zink, Joseph Foust, Erastus W. Bennett, N. Williams. Additional-Philip Supplemental-George S. Lashley. Brickle. -Freeman Servoss.

Increase—Freeman Servoss.

Iowa: Original—Lorain Clark, John A. Charlton, David Wright, Peter Nolan, John L. Williams, Thomas Morrison, Lemon S Clothier, James P. Flick, Benjamin F. Thomas, Michael N. Sysler, George W. Hart, Charles O. Hardy, George W. Barter, Martin Fandifolde, John C. Shaw, Eimer W. Gay, Charles G. Frank, Caleb H. Lewis, Cowden A. McChesney, Miller McKee, Androw Wissinged, Henry Harsberger, Duane R. Butts, John D. Hoover, William E. Kester, Tobias Kramer, Banks B. Logan, Madison Fultou, William G. Titsworth, Additional—George W. Shoemaker, Restoration and increase—Joseph Restoration and increase—Joseph s. Renewal and increase—James R. Hills. Sprague. Increase—Thomas J. Muir, William J. Wood, Jeremiah Dunn, Theophilus Philus Gaines, Micujah B. Ousley. Original widows, etc.—Aureila S. Taylor, Elizabeth Luce. Mexican widows—Mary Jane Crane. South Dakota: Original—Roswell W. Keiler, Jacob Engelman, Luther S. Gage, L. S.

ley, Jacob Engelman, Luther S. Gaze, L. S. Hart. Additional—Barney Casey, Noah N. Davis—Mexican survivors—Joseph R. Car-Washington, D. C., March 29.-Justice Lamar's condition was much improved this

RECALLED SLAVERY DAYS. Three Negroes Sold on the Block in a Mis-

souri Town. FAYETTE, Mo., March 29. - Three negroes were sold here yesterday at public action under the vagrancy act, which provides for the sale of vagrants, possession being given to the purchaser during the term of sentence G. W. Patterson, Henry Lee and Otho Williams, all negroes, had been convicted of vagrancy and were given over to the sheriff. The latter decided to take advantage of the vagrancy act and advertise them for sale The sale took place in front of the court house steps and was attended by a great crowd of people, among it being many negroes who were highly indignant and who could scarcely be persuaded that slavery times had not returned.

G. W. Patterson was first put upon the block. He was a sturdy negro and the bidding for him was spirited. He was finally knocked down to a farmer named Hann for

Henry Lee was not so good a bargain. He Otho Williams was a weazened old negro and he was sold for a song. One dollar se-cured him to James Harne, a cat the feeder. The negroes of the town are generally ex-

ercised over the sale and threaten vengeance Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Scothing Syrup the best remedy for their children. 25 cents a bottle.

## TARIFF TALK IN THE HOUSE

Rather Uninteresting When Compared with the Debates of Last Week.

MR. DOLLIVER'S ESSAY ON FREE TRADERS

He Criticises the Mills Bill and Holds the Democratic Party Up to Ridicule-Proceedings of the Senate-Springer's Free Wool Bill.

Washington, D. C., March 29. - The tariff debate was today resumed in the house of representatives, but the discussion was rather uninteresting after the exciting scenes that have been provoked by the silver controversy during the past week. Indeed it is considered doubtful by the leading members of the house whether it will be possible to revive public interest in the tariff debates again this session, and the leaders are in favor of closing general debate on the tariff bills within a week and sending one or more of these measures to the senate without delay, as there is a concurrence of opinion among the speaker, the committee on rules and the democrats of the ways and means committee, that the house should adjourn about the 1st of June or as soon thereafter as possible, it is deemed by them but a wise precaution to send one or more tariff pills to the senate without delay in order that the republicans of that body may not be able to assert on the stump this fall that inadequate time was afforded the senate to consider the tariff bills before the summer

The speaker laid before the house the resignation of Mills of Texas. On motion of Hull of lowa the senate bill passed (with slight amendments) to establish a port of delivery at Des Moines, Ia.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the free wool bill.

Mr. Harter Opens the Debate.

Mr. Harter of Ohio, in speaking in favor of the bill, said that indirect taxation was wrong.
Mr. Funston of Kansas inquired whether the gentieman was not a manufacturer of machinery protected by a patent right. Mr. Harter replied in the affirmative. Mr. Funston inquired why the gentieman

was not in favor of taking off that protection.

Mr. Harter said that he understood the gentleman to intimate that there was a similarity existing between the protection men got under the patent laws and the protection they got under the McKinley bill. Was that the gentleman's position

Mr. Funston suggested that both were pro-Mr. Harter replied that the difference between patent protection and protection under the tariff was this: The man who se-cured protection under a patent must do one thing and that was a condition precedent. He must out of his own head, or by purchase, secure a creation that was a blessing to all about him. But protection under the tariff came to a man absolutely without any benefit to the nation coming from him. Mr. Harter then criticised the McKinley act, summing up its effect in a paraphrase of the nursery rhyme: "Ba baa, black sheep, have you any woolf Yes, kind sir, I've three bags full. One for protection, two for the same. But none for the farmer who cries in the lane." [Laughter.]

Mr. McCreary of Kentucky, made a gen-

eral attack upon the protective system all along the line.

Mr. Dolliver Comes Back at Them. Mr. Dolliver of Iowa, in passing upon the measure, criticised the Mills bill, which he said merely reduced the tariff from 47 per cent to 42 per cent. The bill proposed to make a compromise with cannibals to com-pound a felony, to associate with robbers, to accept the apology of pickpockets and to accept slavery. For what! For a reduction of 5 per cent. [Laughter.] The fact that this house, almost unanimously democratic, McKinley act and its prominent candidates McKinley act and its prominent candidates for the presidency, asking for its repeal, had not touched the McKinley bill except in a child's play, was evidence that the argument of free trade was a demagogic proclamation secretly discovered by people who were pasting it up on the barn doors of lowa and Nebraska. The pending measure would make no impression. Hising measure would make no impression. friend from Nebraska (Mr. Bryan) said that general tariff bill would not pass the senato or receive the signature of the president. Neither would those bills. Two years ago false pretences, had gone down, carrying the McKinley act on its back. This year the McKinley act carried the republican party and the gentleman who gave the meas-ure its name. From the governor's chair he looked down upon a country made

happy and prosperous under cits s provi-sions. Did the gentleman from Nebraska suppose that the republican party was going to allow a committee of stump speakers to drive it out from its position with a battery of worn and debilitated phrases! Did he suppose that a republican senate which stood against the gatling guns of 1888 was likely to capitulate before the popgun pro-

In conclusion Mr. Dolliver ridiculed the democratic party and quoted for its benefit the hymn of "Lead Kindly Light." The committee then rose and the house

## POLITICAL POINTERS.

Republican and Democratic Factional Fights and Other Party News, CINCINNATI, O., March 29.-The republicans of the Sixth Kentucky district held a convention at Newport, Ky., today, which separated into two conventions, owing to inability to agree. One faction, under the lead of Charles M. Striger, met in Summit hall and barred the doors against the other faction led by Collector Comingore. The latter assembled his forces in Phonix hall and two set of delegates were chosen to the Minneapolis convention. The Phoenix hall convention also nominated Colonel Weden of Neal for congress. Both conventions en-dorsed President Harrison's administration. New Obleans, March 29.—The committee of seven appointed under the agreement be-tween the rival factions of the democracy to canvass the vote cast at the primary election to nominate a state ticket, comme work vesterday. The day was spent in un-wrapping and assorting the packages con-taining the returns of the vote, and this morning the actual work of tabulation began. The results reached today in the canvass do not differ materially from the returns compiled by the McEnery committee. It will probably be some days before the comwill propably be some days before the committee finally concludes its labors.

CLESHFIELD, Fa., March 29.—The Clear-field county republican convention today unanimously endorsed Senator Quay and

# South Dakota Stock Wintered Well.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., March 29 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-Stockmen west of the Missouri river are making active preparation for the spring round-up, All report stock in fine condition and losses through the winter so small as not to be worth men-tioning. It is believed shipments this season will be the heariest ever made from the stock ranges from western South Dakota.

Escaped From the Guard House. The rather unusual sight of a squad of uniformed and armed soldiers patroling the down town streets and searching the saloons and resorts in the burnt district was witand resorts in the burnt district was witnessed by those who were on the streets last
evening. Uncle SaM's soldiers were out
looking for a private who escaped from the
guard house at Fort Omaha about 3:30
o'clock yesterday afternoon. The man's
name is Wilson, though he enlisted in the
Second infantry under the name of Thomas
Harrison. Not liking soldier life
he deserted, but was apprehended in Council
Bluffs March 12, and tried by court martial,

was sentenced to one year at hard labor in the Fort Leavenworth military prison. Yesterday the prisoner saw a chance and made a break for the liberty that he coveted. The sentry on duty at the guard house fired two shots at the fleeing form of the deserter, but failed to stop him. The police have been notined to look out for him.

### EAT RAGS AND DIRT.

Starving Russian Children Appease Hunger's Pangs in Most Unusual Manner, Sr. Peterssune, March 29.-The committee formed for the purpose of providing relief for the children in the famine-stricken districts has reported that in many of the districts the children are so poorly nourished that they are too feeble to undertake the long walk, which in many instances requires an hour's time to accomplish, to the schools where soup is furnished to those who make application. Being thus unable to obtain any food, the unfortunate children, made desperate by the pangs of hunger, resort to the most unusual means of securing something to stay the gnawings of their stomachs. It was stay the gnawings of their stomachs. It was found during the investigation of the committee that the children, when no food could be obtained, were in the habit of greedily eating what fell into their possession, cating even rags, and when rags failed them they actually devoured quantities of earth. Many of the teachers employed in the schools in those districts are also in a famished condition having received no salary since last tion, having received no satary since last

#### INSULTED THE EMPEROR.

Exciting Scene in a Berlin Court During the

Trial of a Workingman. Bentan, March 29 .- A very exciting scene occurred today in a court room in this city. The occasion was the trial of a workman who had been taken into custody on the charge of having spoken very insultingly of Emperor William. During the entire proceedings in the court the prisoner kept up a continuous stream of the vilest abuse, including in his tirade Emperor William, the judge before whom he was being tried and other officials who had excited his animosity. The evidence against the accused man was conclusive and the judge promptly sentenced him to

two years' imprisonment at hard labor. When the punishment for his offence had been pronounced the prisoner seemed to lose all control of himself. In spite of the watch-fulness of the officers who had him in charge, he suddenly sprang from his seat and with frightful yells made a desperate onslaught on the persons near him, hitting right and left indiscriminately. Among those attacked were a reporter and the warden of the prison, both of whom were knocked down. In the struggle that ensued one of the warden's fingers was bitten off dy the infurated man, and it was only after a hard fight that the prisoner was overcome and securely manprisoner was overcome and securely man-cled.

### NOT LIKE OMAHA'S CELEBRATION. Bohemians at Prague Had to Fight Order to Honor Comenius.

PRAGUE, Bohomia March 29.-The celebration of the birthday of the distinguished seventeenth century educational reformer, John Comenius, last night by the Czechs. despite the government interdiction, resulted in a series of stubborn fights with the police in which very many voters were badly wounded with swords and trampied under

Will Punish Dynamiters by Death. Panis, March 28.-In the Chamber of Dep uties. M. Emile Ferry pleaded urgency for a bili providing that dactage done to private property by dynamite explosions be met by the state. The premier declined to commit the government to such a course. The motion for urgency was rejected by a vote of

The chamber, without debate passed the bill relative to inflicting the death penalty on any persons convicted of having destroyed property by means of explosives.

Cologne, March 29,-The Volks Zeuiting of this city reports that a high Atghan minister, Turbey Khan, has recently been put to death for imparting political news to the British agent at Cabul. It is also reported that the ameer of Afgnanistan has forbidden his subjects to visit the British agency with-out permission and that fifty persons have een expelled from Afghanistan as British spier

Still Finding Dynamite. PARIS, March 20.-The police assert that they have obtained information in regard to the explosion in the Boulevard St. Gorgan, and that Ravaichol placed the bombs in position while accomplices kept watch. The mistress of one of the accomplices brought the bomb into Paris concealed under her clothes. A packet of explosives has been found in a house in the Rue Del Rennes, just

Fled With Half a Million. LONDON, March 29,-The depression under which the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank shares have suffered for a week past is explained by a telegram from Hong Kong say-ing that the comprador of the institution embezzled \$500,000 and decamped.

Reign of Terror in Paris, Paris, March 29 .- The authorities are taking extraordinary measures to suppress an archy. A reign of terror exists and strangers are fleeing from the city to the great oss of shops and hotel keepers.

Train Robbere in Russia. St. Penersburg, March 27 -A mail train unning between Warsaw and Kowol, a town of Potand, eighty-seven miles west of Warsaw, was robbed of 150,000 roubles. No

## WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF WRATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, March 29. The storm which has been coming down

from the extreme northwest during the past few days is tonight central in the lower Missouri valley, between Omaha and Kansas City. Generally mild, rainy weather, worth millions, prevails in the lower Missouri and millions, prevails in the lower Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys. It is now, or has been, raining at all reporting stations in the western states. The storm area involves the whole country between the Ohio and the Rocky mountains. a clearing condition without much change in temperature is following from the west, which will give us some sunshine and a temporary clear up. But another storm is evidently approaching from the extreme northwest.

For Eastern Nebraska-Clearing weather slight change in temperature; north and west winds during Wodnesday. For Omaha and Viginity—Rain, followed

by clearing; slight change in temperature.
Washixotox, D. C., March 29.—For Missouri—Rain tonight; clearing Wednesday slightly colder; westerly winds; fair Thurs For South Dakota Fair, preceded by rain tonight in east portion; west winds; station-

for Nebraska—Generally fair, preceded by rain tonight in eastern portion; west winds, slight changes in temperature.

For Kansas—Generally fair on Wednesday and probably fair Toursday; west winds colder in southeast portion; warmer in north

For lowa-Rain, followed by clearing weather during the day; fair Thursday; slightly colder in southeast portion. For North Dakota-Fair; west winds; slightly warmer in west portion. Jackson, Miss., March 29.-The governor

has issued a call for a deep water interstate convention to be held at Mississippi City Sick heatache! Beecham's pills will re-

## KIMBALL HORSES POISONED

Several Fine Animals Lost from the Effect of Strychnine.

MUCH FEELING AGAINST THE MISCREANT

Three Hundred Dollars Reward Offered by the County Commissioners for the Apprehension of the Guilty Party-Other Nebraska News Notes.

Kimball, Neb., March 29 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- A number of fine horses belonging to S. M. Smith of this city have died recently, and suspicion of poisoning was entertained. The county commissioners had the stomach of one of the animals analyzed, and brought out the fact that the animal had been poisoned by strychnine. On further investigation it was ascertained that the poison had been mixed with some sait in a trough in the stable yard, evidently by some person with malicious intent. At their meeting yesterday the commissioners offered a reward of \$390 for the apprehension of the

The feeling is very bitter against the rascal who committed the dastardly act, although there is no clue to the cause or the perpetrator of the crime.

Beatrice News Notes.

BEATRICE, Neb., March 29 .- [Special to THE BEE. !-Mr. W. O. Worssick, a local shoe merchant, a few Sundays ago unwittingly laid his purse containing \$82 in currency and \$50 in cheezs on an ordinarily unused stove in his bed room for safe keeping and until he should return from church. When he did return from church he became cognizant of the odor of burning leather, and asked his wife the cause of it. She concluded it must be something on the bedroom stove, as she had started a fire in the stove to take the chill off the room. Mr. Worssick hastened to the bedroom and then and there discovered that the purse and its contents

had been burned to a crisp. •

Mr. Worssick confided his misfortune to Mr. S. C. Smith of the First National bank. Mr. Smith kindly assured him that the chances were that he could get the burned currency redeemed by the Treasury department. So the burned book and its contents of charred treasury notes were dispatched to Washington by Mr. Smith, with a statement of the cause of their destruction. A letter was also forwarded to Senator Paddock at the same time, asking him to interest himself in the matter. Mr. Paddock at once took the matter in hand, and yesterday Mr. Worssick was rejoiced to receive a draft from the Treasury department for the \$82, in redemption for the burned currency. The checks were re-newed by all those who had given them and Mr. Worssick is not out a single penny from his mishap. It might be added, however, that he has forever forsword doing his bank-ing on top of a red hot stove.

Roy K. Nisbet of this city has been ap-

Roy K. Nisbet of this city has been appointed traveling freight agent of the Chicago & Alton road for Kansas and Nebraska.

The residence of Dr. O. O. Wells was broken into by burglars last night and a quantity of silverware and clothing taken.

The Beatrice Shee Manufacturing company filed articles of incurporation with the county clerk this afternoon. The incorporators are: James Fager, G. S. Garver, J. H. Clemmer and William Ebright. The capital stock is \$75,000 with \$39,000 paid up. The incorporation continues for fifty years.

The incorporation continues for fifty years, beginning this date.

Mrs. George V. Ayers, who died at her home in Rapid City, S. D., yesterday, was distinguished here in being the first white child born in Gage county. The remains will be heaven here for interment.

will be brought here for interment, COLUMBUS, Neb., March 29.- | Special Telegram to THE BEB. |- Last night an order of the Meridian Railway Employes club was organized here by the state organizer, H. Knobell of Omaha. R. McAllister was elected president; H. Andrews, vice president; S. McAllister, secretary: D. M. Doty, treasurer; D. S. Words, L. Wilson and L. Hohi, executive committee, and D. M. Doty, R. McAllister and H. G. Andrews, delegates to the state convention. The object of the club is to further the interests of railway em-The club is absolutely non-partisan No officer higher than agent or general forc-

#### man is eligible for membership. Fort Mobrara's Fire Record.

FORT NIOBRARA, Neb., March 29.- [Special to The Bee. |-Fire broke out in Captain Kendall's quarters vesterday at noon. The wind was blowing at the rate of forty miles an hour, and only for the energy exhibited. he new set of officers' quarters, only built last winter, would have been a mass of smouldering ashes; as it was, only a slight damage was done to the building. The nu-merous fires at this post would result in serious loss to the government and individuals were it not for the plertness of sentinels and the troops as a fire brigade.

Settling Boyd County O'NEILL, Neb., March 29 .- [Special Telegram to Tue Bee. |-Attorney Sanford Parker of Spencer, Boyd county, acting in behalf of the inhabitants of Lynch, located fifteen miles east of Spencer, in Ponca valley, filed townsite papers at the land office today. Lynch is already a flourishing town, and will be the first railroad station in Boyd county. Land in the vicinity of this place is very valuable and is being taken up rapidly Eastern parties are interested and additional capital is being invested.

Municipal Polities Warming Up. BEATRICE, Neb., March 29. - | Special to THE BEE. |-The 'ocal municipal campaign is warming up at a lively rate. The triumphant election of the city republican ticket is conceded on all hands, though the democrats are trying to delude themselves with the hope "at Harry Phillips will draw enough votes from the republican ticket to give Fogg, the independent and democratic candidates, a bare majority. The most conservative estimates piace Mr. Shultz's majority at not less

## Nebraska's Death Roll.

STROMSBURG, Neb., March 29,- | Special to THE BEE. |- News reached this city Saturday from San Antonio, Tex., that L. H. Headstrom, who went there some months ago for his health, was dead. Mr. Headstrom built the first building in Stromsburg, operated the first store, was the first postmaster, the town's first mayor and has since been iden tified with the city's progress. The body ar-rived here Monday night. The arrange-ments for the funeral are not quite complete.

Grand Island's Vocal Talent, GRAND ISLAND, Neb., March 29.- |Special to THE BEE. |-An organization to be known as the Phil Harmonic Society of Grand Island has been formed and the services of a first class vocal professor have been secured for one year, during which time the society will give concerts and entertainments. The personnel of the club includes the best vocal talent in the city.

Omaha People at Chapman. Chapman, Neb., March 20.—[Special THE BEE. |- A party consisting of M. C. Nichols, E. S. Dundee, jr., cierk of the United States supreme court, B. W. Riley, all of Omaha, and Charles M. Hampson, gen-

at the college last night were the recipients of a pleasant treat in addition to the even-ing's program in the form of a short, though

eral agent for the Wabash, from Denver, all arrived in this city tast evening and will spend a few days bunting geese and ducks on the Paste. Bellevae Students Entertained BELLEVUE, Neb., March 29 .- [Special to THE BEE. |- Those who attended the society

eloquent, address by Mr. Edwards of the MINCLED CHEERS AND HISSES medical department of the University of Omaha. In a few well chosen words Mr. Edwards extended to the students of Bellevue college a most cordial invitation to attend the commencement exercises of the medical department at Boyd's opera house

#### next Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. MUCH PROPERTY DESTROYED.

Terrible Experience of Nebraska Farmers With Prairie Fires. McCook, Neb., March 29.- | Special Tele-

gram to Tuz Bur. |-- Authentic reports of the terrible prairie fire of yesterday are coming in slowly. Instead of being one fire, there seems to have been at least a dozen. The one doing the most damage, as near as can be learned, started on the Prairie Dog about be learned, started on the Prairie Dog about sixty miles south of here, commencing Sunday night about midnight and reaching the Kansas line at 7 in the morning. By this time the wind was blowing a gale from the southeast. Messengers were started out from the Kansas border to warn the farmers of the appropriate days and the proposed in the season and proaching danger and many were able by back firing to save their homes and setock. The messenger arrived in McCook only a few moments before the fire reached the Repub-lican river and was stopped in its work of destruction.

There were many miraculous escapes by the farmers who lived along the track of the flames which covered a space of about seven tailes wide.

A man and womar started from Herndon, Kan., for McCook, thinking they could get in ahead of the flames, but when about five miles from this city were overtaken by the flames. They laid down the bottom of their buggy and the flames passed over them, scinging their hair, and it was with difficulty that they kept their clothes from getting on fire. Their team was maddened by the flames

and run until nearly exhausted.

Three farmers, A. Rogers, his son, and a man named Stone, were caught in a draw and badty scorched. J. C. Dodge, a farmer living about six miles south of here, lost his house, barn and graineries, together with six head of cattle which drifted up to a wire fence where they

were overtaken by the flames.
Four farmers named Lothers, Armstrong,
Farnsworth and Hill, have been completely burned out. There is no doubt that many farmers have lost all of their possessions. As yet no loss of life has been reported.

#### AWFULLY DELIBERATE.

Cool and Methodical Method in Which Deeming Disposed of His Victims. LIVERPOOL, March 29,-Dr. Hutchinson one of the medical men who conducted the postmortem examination on the bodies of Mrs. Deeming and her four children, which were found buried under the floor at Dinham villa, Rain Hill, has told the represent tative of the Associated press the method followed by the murderer. He said that the crime discloses a calculating wickedness, and coor, heartless savagism which is almost beyond belief. The work of the murderer was that of an expert. Only in one case was the stroke that caused death more than was the stroke that caused death more than sufficient for that purpose. Each stroke severed a vital organ and no more might have been accomplished by a surgeon or a butcher who snew his business well. The children, whose well nourished condition and well ordered clothing showed the good and careful treatment of their mother, had partaken of meat. The mother too had eaten her supper. The mother was first called from the room in which she was with the children into the room where the murderer children into the room where the murderer awaited her. This is shown from the position of the wound that killed her and the fact that one of her shoes was off and the other partly unlaced. It further appears that as she stooped to untie her shoes she was attacked from behind and died almos

without a struggle. Then the children were called, one by one, to meet their death. Bertha, the eldest, had her hands tied behind her back with a linen bandage two inches wide. A similar bandage was wound around her head so as to cover her mouth and keep her from crying. A pillow case was then placed over her head

and the murderer stranged her.

The hands of the second girl were also tied behind her back, but in the case of the other children this precaution was not thought necessary. One other significant and queer fact is that, although the throats of four out of the five victims were cut, on none bodies or clothing was there a trace of blood. which leaves a dreadful inference regarding the desperate and caim carefulness with

which the slaughter was committed. The names and ages of the children were: Bertna, 9 years; Marie, 7; Lilla, 5; Sydney,

The very terms of the lease which Deeming hired Dinham villa gave proof of the hideously cold-blooded premeditation of the butchery. Read in the light of later revela-tions, the document, which was drawn up and written by Deeming himself, shows that when he took the house the atrocities had already been planned and that he became the tenant of the villa for the purpose of carrying them into effect and ridding himself of the wife and children who stood in the way of his marriage to Miss Mather, whose unfortunate attachment for this accomplished murderer, thief and forger, resuited in her murder at Melbourne.

Benjamin Young told a reporter today how

he had been engaged by Deeming to level the coment in the sitchen floor covering the five

The versatility of this unequaled criminal s shown in another instance-his Bevery and Hull adventures, in which he passed by the name of Lowson. It was in Beverly that he married Miss Mather in 1899, and descrited her a fortnight later. He lodged at the residence of the mother of Miss Mather and married the girl shortly after he took up his sojourn there. It was at this time that he committed the fraud on Reynoldson & Co., jewelers of Hull. He pur-chased jewelry from them valued at £300 and gave in payment for it checks on a bank where he had no account. Immediately afterwards he took passage from Southamp ton to Buenos Ayres. The fraud was re ported to the police and the foreign office ordered Lowson's detention at Montevideo Lowson was arrested at the South American port, brought back to England and com-mitted for nine months' imprisonment.

Taken altogether, it is believed that no country has ever produced such a consum-mately utterly unprincipled and wholly conscientiousless villian as this flend in human form, who has silled women and children with as little compunction as an ordinary

man would kill a snake.

Methouse, March 29.—Doeming is guarded night and day aboard the Ballarat by seven watchers, it was discovered that the appearance of his shaving his mustuche is due to his plucking the hair out by the roots in order to baffle identification A detective accompanying Deeming hints that he possesses links in the chain of evi-dence showing that Deeming committed ome of the murders attributed to Jack the

Ripper.
The date of the murder of Miss Mathers has been fixed through evidence given by persons living in an adjoining house, who tes-tified to hearing noises in Deeming's house. as though some one was working on the

In England's Parliament.

LONDON, March 29 .- In the House of Commons today Dr. Charles Cameron (radical) proposed that the postoffice authorities ac quire and work the telephones in connection with the government telegraphs.

Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, chancellor of
the exchequer, declined to accede to the
proposal and the question was put to the
house, which rejected it by a vote of 25 to

Mr. Vincent asked for information regarding the reported impending wholesale exo dus of Jews from Russia.

Mr. Lowther replied that instructions has been sent to the British consuls in Russia to warn emigrants against coming to England, as work was scarce. British consuls had no power to go beyond warning the intending emigrants. Several members announced that they would ask if the government had any inten-tion to obtain powers to deal with the ques-

t Irishmen Hold a Largely At-

1 Do It, Though, Without Forag at Least Twenty Men and \* Metilynn and Corrigan

Partisans Out in Force.

New York, March 29. -- The first public meeting in this city of the Irish Federation of America, the new organization that is destined to supplant the Irish National league, was held fast night and was marked by great disorder, and the police, to preserve anything like order, had to forcibly eject at least twenty men and women. Notwithstanding, the meeting is considered to have been a success. Fully 3,000 people were present. Captain McCullough, with fifty-

mingled hisses and cheers.
"Three cheers for the archbishop," some-

There was another storm of hisses. "Put him out," yelled the crowd.

Captain McCullough and his men became alert for disturbers and several men were hustled out of the hall. Dr. Emmett next explained the objects of

their enemies, not each other.

Prof. J. B. Brophy of St. Louis college asked how could Ireland be now best served?

Mrs. Margaret Moore, a well known Irish woman, who had been in Kilmannham jail, cried out: "You can serve Ireland by following Parnell." lowing Parnell."

Captain McCullough walked up the center alsie and said that anyone who did not come to hear what the speakers had to say had better leave the hall or not inter-rupt. Mrs. Moore, however, stood up defi-antly. She was finally induced to resume her seat. Several times the friends of Dr. McGlynn called for cheers for that gentle-

hissing by the friends of Dr. McGlynn.

Captain McCullough personally ejected St.

John Gaffney, a member of the Municipal

Council of the Irish National league, who at-

hand, there were hisses, drowned by cheers. Dr. W. B. Wallace of New York, said the funds be immediately raised in order to constituency an active nationalist repre-

sentation.

Defenseless Citizens. GUANASATA, Mex., March 29 .- An organed gang of Mexican bandits has been carrying on its operations along the line of the Mexican Central railroad north of here. A few days ago six of them were discovered by a detachment of rural guards, near Loons, tearing up the track for the purpose of deone of them. This stopped the depredations of other members of this band until yesterday, when five of them rode into the town of

ate of his class in the republic. Steamship Arrivals.

At Copenhagen - Hekis, from New York, At London-Lydian Monarch, from New York; sighted, Paula Canada, from New

From Antwerp-Freisland:
At New York-The Ems. from Bremen;
Capua, from Rio Janerio; City of Washington, from Vera Cruz and Havana; The
Queen, from Liverpool; Prinz Frederick
Hendrick, from Amsterdam, via Paramaribo;
Wasternland, from Antwerp

Westernland, from Antwerp.

Charles Young, judge of probate, is dead at the age of 80 years.

New York, March 29.—Phillip St. Pierre, one of the best known engineers on the Hud-son river is dead in the fifty-sixth year of

New York, March 29.-Howell O. Burn is again in a fair way to make himself the talk of the town. He has carried out his uniquely expressed idea that he had come to this country to make some money out of Wall street. His plunging is the wonder of the street. Modest estimates of his profits make them very close to a quarter of a million. This afternoon he appeared in company with a may be introduced to one of the largest brokerage houses in New street and who ap-parently has been guiding his hand in his ventures. No one seemed to know who she prokerage houses in New street and wh

Want the Children to Participate.

CHICAGO, III., March 29.-President Bonney of the World's congress auxiliary of the Columbian exposition has issued an address regarding the celebration of the discovery of America, to be celebrated in Chicago by the dedication of the exposition of the grounds. The address asks the whole continent to participate in the celebration, and that the public schools—the most responsible American institution—be everywhere the center of local celebrations.

The Fire Record.

in a restaurant at Long Acre last night. Five occupants narrowly escaped while a sixth perished in the flames. The victim was a solicitor named Trawley. A fireman tried to rescue him from a third story window, but was driven back by the flames that

ded but Stormy Meeting.

POL HAND TO PRESERVE PEACE

five men in uniform, was on hand. Prior to the meeting being called to order some one shouted, "Three cheers for Dr. Mc-Glynn." The McGlynn people had circulated a protest against Archbishop Corrigan having anything to do with the federation, and they got up and cheered Dr. McGlynn. When Charles A. Dana, Dr. Thomas A. Emmett, Archbishop Corrigan and other prominent gentlemen appeared on the platform, there wont round the hall a storm of mingled bisses and cheere.

"Three cheers for the archbishor," some-body shouted, and the hisses were drowned with the cheers that followed.

Dr. Emmett, the president of the organiza-tion, rose to call the meeting to order, but in a moment an individual cried out, "Three cheers for Parnell."

the meeting and then Charles A. Dana ad-montshed that it was only by harmony among themselves the Irish could hope to gain home rule in the near future. They should fight

This created the wildest excitement. The Parnellites cheered themselves boarse.

When Archbishop Corrigan walked onto the platform and took a seat, the applause that greeted him drowned all attempts at

When Prof. Brophy, having resumed speaking, referred to Gladstone and said that he held the power of England in his man who allowed his personal prejudices to interfere with success in efforts for home rule was not fit to live in Ireland or America. Between \$3,000 and \$4,000 was subscribed for Ireland. Resolutions were adopted de-claring that it was the first duty of every friend of Ireland's cause to work in a final effort to hasten the coming triumph and that secure by legitimate means for every Irish

DESPERATE BAND OF ROBBERS.

Mexican Bandits Hold Up and Shoot Down

railing and robbing the express train. The militia fired upon the bandits, killing every Pedrito and held up a number of citizens in the streets at midday, securing a consider-able amount of money. One man resisted and was fatally shot. They then coolly rode out of town. The band is under the leader-ship of Jean Flento, one of the most desper-ate of his class in the republic

At Philadelphia-Belgenland, from Ant-

At Havre-Normannia, from New York. At Queenstown-Lord Clive, from Phila-

New York, March 29 .- Pat Rooney, the rish comedian, died yesterday of pneumonia, after three day's illness. He was 44 years old, and a member of the Elks and Actors Fund. He leaves a wife and six children, two of whom are on the stage. They were notified by telegraph at Fremont, Neb., of CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., March 29.-Hon.

Still a Successful Plunger

though all agreed she was not Fay

DANBURY, Conn., March 29. - The hat factory of Crufut & White has been burned. LONDON, March 29 .- A fatal fire occurred