HAYDEN BROTHERS,

Our Low Prices are Drawing Crowds of Economical Buyers to Our Sale of New Spring Goods. Which is now Going on. New Goods Coming Daily.

Colored Dress Goods.

40-inch all wool silk finish German henrietta, 65c. 46-inch all wool silk finish German

colors, finished on both sides, only 50c.
40-inch all woot surah twill in all of the new shades, Monday, only 55c.

40-inch all wool German plaids, beau-tiful patterns, Monday, only 49c. 54-inch very fine broadcloths in all shades, Monday, only \$1.25. 38-inch all wool Bedford cords, all new shades; these goods are cheap for 95c; Monday, only 78c.

36-inch beautiful patterns in chevron uitings, Monday, only 25c.

Black Dress Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR MONDAY.

We have just received a large invoice of black and white fabrics in very choice patterns consisting of novelties in plaids and stripes which we have on sale Monday at 39c, 45c and 65c, also shepherds plaids at 39c, 45c and 65c. No one can afford to overlook these goods, as every one of them is a genuine bargain.

Also a special line of pure angora wool suitings at 55c. These goods are absolutely worth 85c a yard and should be seen in order to fully appreciate the great values we shall offer. Malara's very best satin finished hen-

rietta 88c, worth \$1.25. A very beautiful satin finish henrietta 65c, worth 85c.

Fine Shetland wool suitings in several different weaves at 55c, would be cheap

Special in Silks for Monday.

Just received, 20 pieces China dress silks, will offer them Monday at 49c. 35 pieces China silks in plain, 45c. 5 pieces brocades in blacks, nice for spring, cheap at \$1.50, Monday \$1.25. 5 pieces mora at \$1, \$1.10, \$1.25.

5 pieces brocade in pongees worth \$1, Monday, 80c. 5 pieces gros grain at 80c, \$1, worth \$1.15, \$1.35.

5 pieces polka dot and black worth \$1, Double warp surahs worth 80c, Mon-

henrietta, the finest finished cloth made, Monday, only 75c. 40-inch all wool fine indigo twill in all

A JOB LOT.

Handkerchiefs.

500 dozen fine embroidered ladies' nandkerchiefs for Monday only loc each;

egular price 25c. School handkerchiefs only le each. 100 dozen ladies' good 5c handker-

hiefs for Sc. 200 dozen fine and fancy bordered and emstitched handkerchiefs only 5c, vorth 10c. 100 dozen fine scalloped and fancy bor-

dered ladies' handkerchiefs only 10c to

Art Department. Linen Department.

58 inch half bleached damask 45c yard. 60 inch half bleached damask 55c yard. 62 inch half bleached damask 65c yard. 72 inch bleached damask 65c yard. Red bordered damask 25c yard. Turkey red damask 15c yard. dinner napkins \$1.00 dozen.

Special bargain in German fronting inen 40, 45, 50, 55 and 60c yard. Embroidering crosh, cream bleached momio crash by the yard. and

Canned Fruit.

3 pound can California apricots, 15c. 3 pound can California apricots, 121c. 3 pound can California egg plums,

3 pound can California green gage plums, 12½c. 3 pound can California peaches, 17½c 3 pound can all yellow domestic

peaches, 12½c. 1 gallon can apples, 17½c. Picnic hams, 5½c. Sugar cured hams, 91c. Boneless hams, 7c. Dried beef, 74c. Bologna sausage, 5c. Frankfort sausage, 71c. Head cheese, 5c. Potted ham, per can 5c. Deviled ham, per can 5c.

House Furnishing Ladies' and Children's. Goods.

The Rochester jr., night lamps, 75c, regular price \$1.25. A solid steel at 50c, regular price \$1.50.

Whitewash brushes, 10c. 21 inch bristle floor brooms, \$1.50, regular price \$3,25.

The Western washer, \$3.50. The Peerless wringer, \$2.15. 14 ounce solid copper boiler, \$2.23, egular price \$3.50.

Decorated cups and saucers in all colors, 63c per set. Decorated toilet sets, \$2.25, worth \$5.

We carry the largest and finest line of cutlery in the west, knives from 25c up; butcher knives from 16c up; bread knives from 10c up; paring knives from 5c up; also a full line of cook knives, both domestic and imported. Steels, whetstones, razor strops, etc. We have on exhibition the finest burner you ever saw. The Sunbeam center draft burner gives more light than six ordinary burners. Come in and see it burn.

German bleached napkins \$1.00 Special for Monday.

25 dozen 72x18 stamped linen dresser scarfs only 23c. 25 dozen stamped linen splashers only 10e each. 25 dozen pair stamped pillow shams, to

lose 'em out, only 8c per pair. 10 dozen pretty silk drapes, hand-psinted, Monday 49c each. 100 dozen 8x8 linen table mats only 3c

Wash Dress Goods.

We lead all as for styles and varieties; selection is the largest; prices, as al-Stock open for inspection. If you can't come, send for samples.

Outing Flannel.

The demand is great for outing this season, our stock is large, 5, 8, 10, 12

Department.

Hood's sarsaparilla, 75c. Primely's sarsaparilla, 60c. Wright's sarsaparilla, 59c. Cuticura resolvent, 75c. Carter's L. L. pills, 18c. Garfield tea, 20c. Lane's family medicine, 40c to 20c.

Brown's iron bitters, 75c. Harter's iron tonic, 75c. Jayne's vermifuge, 30c. Castoria, 25c. Reter Miller C. L. oil, 65 c. Scott's emulsion, 75c.

Fig sirup, 29c. Sirup of tar and wild cherry, 29c. Mellin's food, large, 65c. Liebig's beef, iron and wine, 43c.

Beef extract, 32c. Kirk's Shandon bells scap,45c per box. Castile soap, 3 lbs. in a bar, 29c. Perfume at 19c and 29c per ounce. It will pay you to visit the drug de

One more lot of opaque shades for 25c each, with best spring fixtures.

We have a fine line of room mouldngs and prices are very low. 3d floor. We are still selling those fine Smyrna ugs at one-half price. A few fur rugs are to be closed out egardless of cost.

Chenille portieres are now cheaper than ever seen in this city. We are headquarters for lace curtains

of all grades from 50c per pair to the Some odd curtains very cheap. Spring house cleaning is about to com mence and we are prepared to show the greatest variety of carpets of any house west of Chicago. We have them in all grades from the cheapest to the best and prices are very low.

Muslins and S heetings

Our sale of Muslin and double-width sheeting the past week was the largest since we are in the business. Prices continue until stock is still farther re-Best 5c bleached muslin in Omaha.

We carry all leading brands and you will experience no trouble in being

Watches, Watches, Watches.

The greatest bargains ever offered in watches. No need to be without a watch at these prices.

Gents' silverine stem wind and se watches, \$1.75, jewelers' prices \$5. Gents' American stem wind and set

watches in dust proof cases, \$3.25, jew-elers' prices \$8 to \$10. Gents' gold filled American watches,

hunting case, stem wind and set, \$5.95. Gents' solid gold hunting case stem wind watch with Elgin spring or Wal-tham movement, \$18.65, jewelers' prices

Ladies' solid silver hunting case stem wind and set watches, \$4.45, jewelers' prices \$10 to \$15.

Ladies' gold filled hunting case stem wind and set watches \$9.75, jewelers prices \$15 to \$25.

Ladies' boss filled satin finished hunting case watches, set with jewels, Elgin, Springfield or Waltham movements, \$18.50, jewelers prices \$65 to \$40,

Solid gold baby rings 9c. 14-karat solid gold wedding rings 95c. Solid silver thimbles 13c.

Nickel alarm clock 55c. Rogers' knives or forks \$1.25 per set Regers' A. A. tea spoons 85c. All goods warranted as represented. Why pay fancy prices to jewelers?

White Flannel.

Our stock of spring flannel is in; they come mostly all cream white; 25c, 30c 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c, 65c and 75c a yard. Silk warp flannel, \$1 yard; a full line

of silk embroidered flaunel. Cream white twilled flannel, 30c, 35c 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c and 65c a yard.

White Bed Spreads.

2,500 white spreads to select from, from 50e upwards. We carry the largest stock of white spreads in Omaha. Hotels supplied at less than wholesale

We are making special efforts in dining room furniture and can now show 28 different styles in extension tables, all first-class finish and new styles. prices are low for tables such as we offer: 6-foot tables, \$3.45 and \$4.25; 8foot tables at \$5.50, \$6.50, \$8.50, \$9.50, \$10.50, \$11.00, \$12.50, \$13.00, \$15.00. The tables are made by the following relia-ble and first-class houses: St. Johns Table Co., St. Anthony Table Co., Han-sen Furniture Co., Barnard Bros. & Cope, Banfield Furniture Co. The name alone is a guarantee of A1 goods.

DINING ROOM CHAIRS 85c, 95c, \$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.45, \$1.50. These prices are 20 per cent lower than is generally asked for oak goods, late styles and good finish.

SIDEBOARDS at \$15.00, \$16.00, \$17.50, \$20.00, \$21.00, \$23.00, \$28.00 and \$30.00. The best of their kind.

BEDROOM SUITS \$10.50, \$14.50, \$15.50, \$18.50, \$19.00, maple and ash suits; oak suits \$18.50, \$23.00, \$26.00, \$29.00. All well finished in antique or sixteenth century finish.

Dried Fruit,

Raisins, 24c, 34c. Best imported English currants, 5c. California penches, 7c, 8½c, 12½c, California apricots, 7c, 12½c. Evaporated blackberries, 5c. Evaporated raspberries, 17tc. California pitted plums, 10c. California pitted cherries, 121c. Prunes, 5c, 6c, 71c.

Books and Stationery.

Special for this week.1,000 paper covered novels, publishers' price 25c, our price 10c this week.

50000 pounds fine note paper, 19c

599 pounds pure Irish linen note paper, 23c per pound.

Good envelopes at 3c per package. Better grades at 5c, 10c, 12fc, 15c, 20c. Get our prices on office supplies before

either in the harbor or in Central park. statue is of the purest white marble. C

bus, over 100 feet high, with a colossal figure of

golius on one side and an eagle on the other. The design is marvelously beautiful and

strong and the execution wonderful. In this same studio are several very fine things that are going to the Columbian exposition.

Great preparations are going on for the

carnival which opens on the 20th. Rome is very gay this winter and fine equipages are

constantly dasning through the streets filled with the beauty and elite of the city on their road to teas, kettle-draws, etc. F., who goes

to some of the teas, etc., says when she gets

into the rooms she almost feels as if she were in New York or Washington—the same old story in a different language. The American colony holds its own and entertains and is entertained. All the American

cans who care to go in society were at the queen's ball. The Bryans from Chicago, who are bere in the interest of the Colum-

bian exposition, receive a great deal of atten-tion. Mrs. Sanderson and ner daughter from Milwankee, who live in the Borghese palace,

gave a ball last week that was one of the nuest ever given in Rome. Miss Sanderson

who has spent two winters in Rome, speak

talian fluently and is a great favorite in

Roman society.

Aside from the novelty of the sight of old

cities with their antiquities, their palaces, pictures and sculptures, there is a great charm in studying the manners, customs and

every-day life of the people. There is something peculiarly attractive in these simplemined Italians, who greet you always with smiles, except when they are begging; then they whine, but the attempt at tears soon

turns to a smile, whether you give them o

eyed little boys who gather around the

the beautiful fountain in front of our hotel with baskets of sweet, dewy violets, lilies

roses, and all the sweet flowers that usher in

spring, who greet us with smiles and follow us around the plazza laughing with and chat

tering to us, the we rarely patronize them. The family affection among the humbler class is most touching. As the church bells

ring out the midday hour you may see the workingmen and women skurrying along the streets; the women with mysterious looking

packages, containing the dinners of their husbands. Instead of eating it at home

sione, or allowing the husbands to carry it

with them, in the unpractical and unpalat-able way our own workingmen do, in tin pails; they take it steaming hot to the os-

teria (wine shop) where the men are at work, sit down to the little tables, order their litre of wine, discuss their wine and

dinner with as much sangfroid as if they were in their own homes. We often enter their little shops at noon, not so much for the

delicious Frascati, the wine of the people, which costs less than 10 cents a quart, as to study this phase of Italian life and these gentle people, recognizing us as strangers, try to make us feel at home by drinking our

health, always saying: "To the dear sig-

children just from schools, books in hand, taking the'-dinners at the same place. One day I saw a woman dressed in pure peasant

not, if you only smile as you refuse, is always a crowd of handsome,

Furniture Department. | Harness Department.

NUMBER 276.

We call special attention to some o the numerous bargains found in this de partment for this week. We have just received a fine line of ladies' saddles, some of the very best makes, and will sell them at prices that will surprise you, for we are leaders in low prices. Also a full line of single and double harness, bridles, whips, blankets, currycombs, brushes, halters, breast straps, tie-straps, pole straps, hame straps, sureingles, snaps of all kinds, buggy cushions, neck vokes, harness oil, etc. Special-a light double harness, \$20; a good farm harness, \$20.50.

Capes and Ulsters

Special For Monday.

LADIES' TOP COATS IN BLACK AND TAN. Top coats at \$5, good value \$8 Top coats at \$7, good value \$10. Top coats at \$9, good value \$12.50. Top coats at \$12.50, good value \$18.

32 and 34 inch es tong. LADIES' CAPES. Ladies' spring capes for street or evening ware in bedford cord, tan, black and in all the latest colors of imported cheviot with jet and embroidery edged with ostrich feathers to match. These

capes are 40 inches long. Ladies' spring capes, \$4.25, good value

Ladies' spring capes, \$6.50, good value Ladies' spring capes, \$8, good value

Ladies' spring capes, \$10, good value Ladies' spring capes, \$12.50, good value \$18.

LADIES' MILITARY CAPE

ULSTERS, 80 inches long, cape detachable.

\$13.50 ulster tomorrow \$8. \$15 ulster tomorrow \$10. \$20 ulster tomorrow \$15.

work and she to her home, he called back to

CHARMS OF TROPICAL LIFE

A Riot of Luxuriance in Climate, Scenery

The Progress of Modern Civilization Strangely Blended With the Ideas of

the Middle Ages-Experience of an Omaha Man in Guatemala. GUATEMALA, C. A., Feb. 20, 1892 .- [Special Correspondence of THE BEE. |-The republies of Central America are places toward which travel has never turned to any large degree, and which, as a consequence, are comparatively unknown to the general public. During the last few months consid-

erable matter has been published in the

United States regarding the political situa-

tion in Guatemala and Salvador, but up to

the present date the writer has not seen a single article that contained any semplance

of truth, and most of which were ridiculous in their fundamental statements. Telegraphic communication between the United States and Spanish Americans yet in Its infancy and few messages ever reach their destination without having been almost entirely distorted. Guatemala has to rely on the Salvadorian cable for connection with the rest of the world, and as there is always some sort of dissention between the two countries, it is rare for any authentic news to be received here except by means of the

The Election for President

of this republic has recently been decided and it is now definitely known that General Reyna Barrios, the candidate of the liberal party, is elected. Although there is considerable talk yet of insurrection and revolution, everything remains quiet at the capital and the inauguration of Barrios will take place without trouble.

The process of election in Guatemala is

one that would probably meet with great favor by the peliticians of our country, for they have not only a long campaign, but eighteen election days. There is no regular caucus nominations, but any man who thinks he has a chance of election, cau de-clare himself a conditate. clare himself a candidate. The declaration is usually made by means of thousands of posters which are distributed throughout the country and hung in prominent places. These posters generally describe the candidate as a most worthy individual—a defender of the people and of liberty, and request all persons desirious of good government to vote persons desirious of good government to the for him. During the days on which voting is in progress, no one is allowed to appear on the street carrying arms. The riots which the street carrying arms. The riots which sult very seriously were weapons of any kind tolerated. Even the foreigners are obliged to comply with the law, and I know of two gentlemen who were arrested and fixed for innocently appearing on the street armed with walking sticks. Since the election, however, one may appear openly with weapons of any kind. To go armed is the universal custom of the country, and travellors on the highways are invariably armed to the teeth. Everyone seems to take it for granted that danger is constantly at hand, and the impression which foreigner receives at the sight is not ex-

Native Characteristics.

The people of Guatemala distinguish between two classes of natives—the native Indians and the ladinos. The latter are a half-breed race descending from the original spaniards and the Indians, and seem to be

ingly scarce, but as a rule the women wear a dress of two garments—a skirt and a jacket. The skirt is merely a long sheet of native cloth, which is wrapped tightly around the body and fastened at the waist with a sash. The upper garment is a loose fitting sack which generally does not make connection at the waist, and which is invar-GEORGE MERCER GIVES HIS IMPRESSIONS iably cut decollette. Beads are decorations which are worn in great numbers at feasts and carrivals and they seem to complete the costume. All the garments are gorgeously dyed in brilliant colors, and taken as a whole the costume is decidedly pretty.

The Indians and ladinos do the entire

manual work of the country. They work the coffee and sugar plantations, are employed as house servants and make the best mules' that can be found anywhere.
One Mozo or Indian lad will
travel all day over the roughest
mountain roads carrying 100 pounds, and
will make a greater distance than any mule in the country. The pay of these Mozos varies from 18 cents to 60 cents per day, accord ing to his civilization.

Office the Road to Wealth,

Guatemala has been settled largely by a wealthy class of fereigners. Germans in par-ticular, who have located here to engage in coffee and sugar raising. It is mostly due to the industry and energy of these foreigners that Guatemala has been so greatly developed in the last few years and that she is now by far the leading country of Central America. Her exports and imports exceed those of all the other republics together, and the customs collected at two scaports are sufficient to run the entire government, be sides making the president and cabinet independently wealthy in one term of office. It is estimated by authorities of good repute that the executive casir in this republic is worth from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000 a year When the present incumbent was elected six years ago he was supposed to be worth probably \$200,000. At the present time he is known to have credit at European banks for several million, and last year he sold the coffee crop of his plantations for \$1.750,000.

Almost the entire hysiness of Con-Almost the entire business of Cen-tral America is transacted with European houses and it is difficult to obtain any articles of American manufacture in the stores of these countries. On account of geographical position aione, Central America certainly belongs to the domain of the com-merce of the United States, and it is to be hoped that our great merchant houses will take advantage of the new reciprocity treaties and secure to the United States the vast and growing trade of Spanish America Coffee and sugar are the products of mosimportance in Guatemala, and these are cultivated on a scale which is enormous. In Guatemala the land is principally held by large land owners, some of whose plantations or "fulcas" cover an area of twenty miles square. One year's crop sold to good ad-vantage is enough to make the owner indeendently wealthy, and there are many men in this republic who are multi-millionaires.

The Capital City.

As a usual thing the wealthy men of the country do not live on their fulcas, but re-side at the copital, which is a delightful lit-tic city of about 75,000 inhabitants, and it is veritably the Paris of Central America. It is situated about seventy five miles inland at an altitude of over 5,000 feet, and its climate is the marvel of the tropics. The days are always warm and balmy and the ments cool and refreshing. The entire city is built after the Spanish custom and the houses are of Spanish architecture. The court or "patio" of each house is a veritable tropical garden, filled with splendin bananas and cocoanuts, palms, orchids of innumerable varieties and ferns without number. Every room of the house fronts on this patio and the whole arrangement is so delightful that few Americans can enter one of these houses without regretting that the elements houses without regretting that the elements of our country prevent a similar style of architecture. One of the most interesting features of this city is the plaza, which, although it is nothing more than an ordinary market, is exceedingly interesting in the fact that here congregate all the green benefits more civilized than the Indians proper, The | fact that here congregate all the merchan

costume of the Indians is strikingly characteristic, and is as unique as it is picturesque.

The garments of the entire race are exceed
of Guatemala is the finest and largest in Central America, containing probably stails. In it a person can purchase, if he speaks Spanish, almost any conceivable arti-cle of every-day use, and the variety of fruits and vegetables for sale there is some-

thing bewildering.
The city of Gurtemala does not boast of many fine public buildings, but the magnifi cence of its church edifices is remarkable. Most of the great cathedrals were built by the ancient Spaniards and it is difficult for the visitor to believe himself in the new world as he wanders through the vast corridors or subterranean passages of some of the

Much attention is paid to the amusement and pleasure of the people in Spanish Amer-ica, and the parks and promenages of some of the cities would do credit to the greatest cities of the United States.

In Guatemaia a magnificent theater has been erected by the government, and al-though the opera companies which come here are not of the best, the place is well patron-

ized and is the scene of many brilliant assem-blies. The amusement, however, which is nearest to a Spaniard's heart is the bull fight, Plaza del Toros at Guatemala is one of the fines. Every Sunday afternoon the entire town turns out and headed by several bands proceed to the building. The performance last Sunday being the first I had ever wit-nessed was of particular interest to me, but it commenced in a way that would be shock-ing to any Christian. Last Sunday was a carnival day, and the management had determined to give the crowd an ex-traordinary performance. A new mata-der had been imported from Mexico; Jesus Hernandez by name, and he was sup-posed to be an unusually good bull-fighter. Although he received a great ovation on his appearance in the ring, he did not meet the expectations of the crowd, as it only took the first bull about five seconds to send red flag sword, Jesus and all flying over the paling with a velocity equal to one of Clark's outcurves. The crowd did not wait to see whether Jesus would rise again, but immediately set up a clamor for another matador,

Magnificent Scenery. The city of Guatemaia is connected with the Pacific port of San Jose by a railroad which is the finest south of the United States, and one which is a marvel of civil engineering. It makes an ascent of more than 5,100 feet in less than forty miles, and the grandeur of its scenery would attract attention even in Colorado.

and the sport proceeded with better results.

After a long trip on the sweltering decks of a Pacific ocean steamer it is a most de-lightful change for the traveler to take this ride through most magnificent tropical scenery and find himself in a few hours in a lovely Spanish city and in an atmosphere as bracieg as that of Denver. A person new to the tropics is bewildered by the brilliance of the foliage and trees. Magnificent walks of foliage and trees. Magnificent walks of ecceanut palms, a hundreed feet in height ine the railroad for miles and miles; vast banana plantations and orange groves are in sight everywhere; fruits of countless va-rieties, many of them entirely unknown to the north, occur on all sides, while the whole mountain tops seem to be covered with coffee trees, whose white flowers gives one tne idea of snow covered ridges. If the Northern Guatemala railroad is ever completed it will lessen the time from New Orleans to the city of Guatemala to four days and will give the people of the United States a convenient winter resort, such as it has never seen before; where the progress of modern civilization is strangely blended with the ideas of the middle ages, and in the midst of one of the most varied and delightful spots on the Western hemisphere, George W. Mercer.

"I bave in my employ a man who has been a victim of periodic headaches for years, has tried all kinds of treatment, and I have tried various remedies on him. Your Bradycrotine helps him more than anything ever did." O. D. Kingsley, M.D., White Plaius, N. Y.

Mrs. General Crook's Interesting Letter

Churches Adorned with Masterpleces of Art-A Love Scene in Lowly Life-The American Colony Well Re-

Rome, Feb. 26.-{Correspondence of Tan

some time drops into the Eternal city. Yesterday while standing at the top of the Scala Regia at the vatican a gentleman at the fort of the stairs waved his bat, and know you will be glad to know he is well and enjoying his leave. He and his wife and mother are making a short excursion to the south of Italy before they go to England to say good-bye to their daughter, who goes to India with her husband. With the Hughes and some other and terraced galleries. A vision of the past whirled by us of slaughtered saints and mar-tyrs of the thousands of captives who were brought by Titus from Jerusalem to build the largest amphitheater in the world, and whose cries went up to heaven for vengeance on

of art, that it would take years to see all t contains and I am told that the cellars of the vatican are still full of a wealth of beauty that has never been shown. It was from there the second greatest picture in the world, "The Baptism of St. Jerome," by Domenchins was rescued. There is a mosaic of it in St. Peter's. We have not visited all of the Bai churches of Rome, but when we do go we know before just what we wish to see, and do not waste time. Even we wish to see, and ac not waste time. Even with this precaution it would take years to see all the works of art in the churches alone. We have been many times to that immenso mass of grandeur. St. Peter's, seen the cardinals and monsimori in their red, the canonici in their purple, at their orisons and the grotesque Swiss guards. We have visited the church, where twenty popes are entombed; the St. Isnaalo, where on the feast days of the saints the altar is covered with days of the saints the altar is covered with flowers, and where may be seen a pile of letters, written by young men and maidens, addressed to the saint in heaven; the church of St. Augustine, where the Madonna is said to have been the statute of Nero's mother to have been the statute of Nero's mother and the child in her arms to have been one of Nero's. Now she is covered with jewels that would be a prince's ransom. The last gift to this Madonna is a magnificent emerald ring, presented by the Spanish minister in thankfulness for recovery for allows.

IN THE CITY OF ROMULUS

from Italy's Capital.

BEAUTY AND GRANDEUR OF THE VATICAN

ceived in Society.

BEE. II have heard it said that if you would remain long enough in New York you would meet everyone you knew between Union square and Fifty-third street. I am sure there is no place where you so unexpectedly run against your friends as in Rome. Everyone who comes to Europe

when he came close enough to be recognized I found my old friend Major Hughes. Only a short time since he was among you all. I husband. With the Hughes and some other friends we went to see the coliseum by moon-light. The moon being full and in the south we were particularly favored. Ever since Byron wrote his poem it has been the "fad" to see these grand rivers by the light of the meen. Last night this "monumental mel anchely" rose majestically beautiful in the argent light, which brought out in mystic shadows mysterious vistas, an interminable succession of arches, mouldering colouades

their cruel task masters.

If Rome "balanges Europe," as my frierd says, certainly the Vatican balances Rome. It is so filled with the wealth and beauty

In the Colonus palace is the most beautiful room I have ever seen. The cannon ball that was shot through the window in the time of the revolution still lies on the marble step it broke as a "memento mort." In this gallery is the picture of Vittoria Colonus, In the Colonus palace is the most beauti-

nainted by Michael Angelo, the likeness of of the beautiful woman he loved, and that he regretted after her death he had never kissed. In the Rispigniso we saw the Fornirina, the sweetheart of Raphael, whose face shines out in all her bewitching leveliness in many of his pictures.

We had a most levely drive to the Deria
Pamphila villa, and from the top of the

mountain as we enter the villa, embossed in clay and bay, the view is enchantingly lovely, the whole panorama of Rome with her yellow tiled roofs, towers and domes her yellow tiled roofs, towers and domes, portices and palaces, he beneath us. Tivoli, Frascati, Roca di Papa lying in a circle of beauty at the foot of the Sabine hills, the snow peaked Appennines towering behind forming a center of enchanting loveliness, "Father Tiber," to whom the Romans pray, sweeping the foot of the hill where we stand; the Campagna stretching far away, until it the Campagna stretching far away, until i meets the purple mountains with their wan dering shadows of opaline lights. Beneatt our feet we see the convent heights of San Onofrio, where Tasso died; the solemn old pine tree where he sat, and the gray olives (said to have paled into this sad tint because our Lord once wept under them). Tasso's tomb in the church of San Ornofrio is an humble, pitiful affair. He seems to be as much neglected in death as in life. And on the other side of the Tiber, opposite the bridge which Michael Angelo designed, with the angels of Bernini poising on each turrer as if ready for flight, is the castle of St.

To write the history of St. Angelo would be to write the history of Rome. From the days of imperial Rome to now, when the flag of united Italy floats from its towers and armed soldiers walk along its bastions, in its secret cells beauty and youth, old age, the powerful, the intellectual, alike have peristed. Groans and cries have gone up to heaven from noble souls for deliverance from wrong and tyrany. It has been the silent witness in the history of the church in its darkest hour, as in the zenith of its power. Neither time, wars, earthquakes, floods or climate have succeeded in demolishing this wonderful piece of masonry. Ah! what a theater of secret and terrible crimes it has been. It was here the beautiful Beatrice Cenci (whose pathetic, tearful face haunts you so long after you have gazed into the sad eyes of the original, and wish there could never be any copies, they fall so far short of Guido's sub lime head), was imprisoned and led to death, and where Galileo was imprisoned.

To me the most interesting building in Rome is the Pantheon, once a heathen tem ple, now a church, and the temb of Victor

It must have been from this grand, imnense, imposing dome that Kaphael drew his inspiration. Another place that draws me and fills me with the ulmost awe, is the Via appla with its ruins, tombs and the baths of Caracalla. hardly less colossal than the Collseum, where 16,000 persons could bathe, and the ruins of the tomb of Cacele Melotta, that Roman lady whose memory was so revered by her husband, from the ruins of which the beautiful fountain of Treve was built. It was along this road Paul must have had his first glimpse of Rome, but how changed is the Rome of today, the Rome of christendom. Along that worn way, passing into the city, under the Porta Copena, what legions of victorious soldiers, emperors, courtiers, representatives of every heathen nation, from the remotest period, Greeks, Asiatics, Jows, Christians. What a sight, Asiatics, Jows, Christians. What a sight, Paul under the walls of Noro's golden palace, preaching. In the neighborhood of the sights of military life, perhans bound to a soldier, Paul wrote the Epistle to the Ephesians, so full of imagery. There must have been many others in the heathen palaces who confessed Christ. Lately there has been found a carleature, well preserved, of a man on a cruciffx, with an ass's head, and underon a crucifix, with an ass's head, and under-neath is written, evidently by some of the military household, "Alexanmem worships The weather at Rome has been desightful.

dress meet at noon a man, who I am sure was her husband, at the entrance of one of one of the parks; they clasped hands, walked into the park, toor seats on a mar-ble bench, a relic of antique Rome, under a tree whose trunk was entirely en veloped in ivy. She took from a bundle on her arm, two loves of bread, which had sand-wiched between some kind of steaming hot vegetables—it looked like cabbage and smelt like garlic—which they ate with that best of

These wrans and cloaks are all of the newest and latest styles and of the best manufacturers and importers. We are also showing the largest line of ladies' waists and wrappers at the lowest

sea gods and dragons, angels and fawns. One might fill a book with descriptions of these classical fountains, made by men who have her as he waved his hand and gave utterance to some loving Italian word and she set a ripple of light laughter back as she shook her flager. Such little bits of nature fill one's eyes with tears; one's heart with envy. "written their names in water," that is as I have just seen the colossal statue of Columbus, a very line work by Andrioni. It is to be a gift from the Italians in New York to If we have love and the loved one, what mat-ters poverty? And there is poverty here. There are so many souls crowded into such a the city of New York, and will be placed little space! Today we have been to the church of Santa

Today we have been to the church of Santa Maria, the oldest church in Rome. The handsome padre who showed us around and displayed the treasures of the church told us that it was on this spot the marvelous fountains of oil welled up at the time Christ was born. There is a very fine portrait of Cardinal Gibbons in the Sacrista, and the good padre, pointing to it, said he will be our American pope. Perhaps. Why should we not have a pope, we haps. Why should we not have a pope, we give enough to support the church and Catholicism is spreading in America.

How touchingly pathetically the worn steps in the churches and houses appeal to one.

Such crowds of witnesses that have gone before which have gone before the churches. fore, who have worn out soul and body, let us hope, not in vain prayers. In a few days we leave Rome, but before we go, like Corinne, we will go stealthily by right and throw a coin into the Treve, for the legend tells us that will assure our return to this

the more you are bewitched.
M. D. CBOOK. melancholy, but the longer you linger

WORKMEN AND WORKSHOP. Our mills employ 1,000,000 children.

bewitching Rome, that at first seems auster-

India rubber makes good pavements. California has 10,000 Chinese shoemakers A bill forbidding the employment of women as barkeepers is before the New York legislature.

A Boston device will enable manufacturers make five times the rope now made in a given time. Two bundred and twenty-four wine growers from the Rhine region will exhibit

Niagara Tunnel will have the biggest paper plant. In twenty-four hours a steel manufactory in Pennsylvania recently turned out 1,990

tons of rails.

Mexican bricklayers can only tay 500 bricks in a day of eleven hours, while an American can lay 2,500 in a day of nine hours. Chicago has a "Woman's Canning and Pre-serving company," with a capital of serving company," with a capital of \$1,000,000. The stock can be sold only to

The average length of life of miners is 31 years. Machinists are outlived by printers, the average of the former being but its years, white that of the latter is 39.

A rifle which will throw a stream of vitriol o the distance of seventy meters has been offered by a French officer to the minister of war. It is designed for use against savages only, to prevent their frenzied assaults.

A miniature photographic camera attached to the barrel of a gun is the invention of Mr. Lechner of Vienna. By an automatic shutter, working in union with the trigger of the gun, the sportsman is able to obtain a perfect photograph of the bird or animal immediately. before the shot or bullet has

The largest dividing belt in the world has just been manufactured in Paris. It is 120 feet long, 7 feet wide, and nearly an inch thick, the weight being a ton and a half, and is to run over a fly wheel 2214 feet in diameter. Its speed under ordinary conditions will be 67 feet per second, and it will transmit 1,000 horse power.

A remarkable piece of engineering work is the tunnel of the Parana Oroya callroad through an Andean mountain peak at Galera, Peru. It is at an elevation of 600 feet above the perpetual snow line, and is to be 3,847 feet long. It is the highest railroad tunnel n the world, and is located in the highest inhabited region in the world. The town of Galera is 15,635 feet above the sea level, nearly 1,500 feet higher than the hotel on the top of Pike's Peak.