TRAIN ROBBERS SHOT DOWN the property here was filed. The Chicago branch alone did a business aggregating \$3,000,000 iast yair and at St. Louis the house nearly doubled these figures. At the effice of the company in this city nothing could be learned as to the assot and lighting. These familiar Two Missouri Man Successfully Hold Up an Express Near Lamar. as to the assets and liabilities. Those familiar with the business say the firm was caught by a serious drop in the market and had been BUT VENGEANCE OVERTAKES THEM unable to meet all contracts. After Killing a Fort Scott Policeman, a GARZA'S REVOLUTION. Posse Surroand Them, Suddenly Ter-Two Opinions on, the Border minating the Career of One and Which Differ Widely. Badly Wounding the Other.

ment was at an end.

revoit is secretly brewing in every town.

FIGURING ON THE SURPLUS.

peared before the committee today. The

object of the inquiry was to secure official

information as to the revenue and expendi-

tures of the government as preliminary to

any possible tariff legislation, Mr.

Spaulding made a comparison

between the current fiscal year and the fiscal

estimated receipts. The secretary said it would be necessary to take \$10,000,000 out of

the apparent surplus of \$24,000,000 to provide for the sinking fund requirements. He

added that in addition to the \$24,000,000 ap-

a total of \$153,893,000.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., Jan. 23 .- Last night was a thrilling one for the crew and passengers of the southnound Missouri Pacific train. The train was held up twice, once by a lynching party that was escorting Murderer Robert Helper from Nevada, Mo., to Lamar, Mo., where they hanged hum, and a second time by train robbers who robbed the Capress car and its mmates.

The train had hardly left Nassau Junction where the lynching party took possession of it, when a danger signal induced the engineer to slow up again. When the train came to a standstill two masked men entered the express car and ordered the occupants to hold up their hands, keeping them covered with revolvers while the train traveled twolve miles to Lamar. The robbers rifled the pockets of the trainmen, taking \$75 from Baggageman Hull, and some from Express Messenger Houck and Traveling Passenger Agent Barrett, of the Missouri Pacific, who had gone to the express car to escape annovance by the mob of iynchers in the rear cars. The express messenger was compelled to reveal the combination to the Pacific Express company's safe and that was also rifled, the amount secured, however, being of an insignificant amount, less than \$75.

Killed a Policeman.

When the train arrived at Lamar, the destination of the mot, the bandits mingled in the crowd of lynchers and for a time were lost sight of. One of the trainmen, however, soon discovered them boarding a passing northbound freight train on the Memphis road and sent the following dispatch to the sheriff and city marshal at Fort Scott, Kan. : Watch for two men; no baggage; rough appearance, one somewhat taller than the other. They are wanted for robbing Pacific Express train here this morning. Are coming toward your city on a freight.

The freight train arrived at Fort Scott at 7 o'clock this morning. Policeman S. B. Mc-Lemore, colored, was on duty at the station. Two suspicious looking characters of the description of the robbers, as given in the dispatch, got off the train. He halted them, when one of the men drew his revolver and fired. The bullet pierced the policeman's head and he dropped dead. It so happened that by this time the freight train was pulling out and the robbers boarded an empty box car and looked themselves in. Shortly afterwards the passenger train from Lamar arrived and on it was Detective Ches-Per of the Missouri Pacific who was in pursuit of the bandits. He, accompanied by United States Marshal Mapes and City Marshal Abbott of Ft. Scott, boarded the passen ger train and pulled out immediately in pursuit of the freight. At Miami station the freight was overtaken, but was just pulling out for Pleasanton when the passenger train arrived. the crew of rmer train having no knowledge of the amgerous freight they were

hauling. Fought with the Robbers. Detective Cnester and his' companions, however, succeeded in boarding the moving freight and took possession of the car imme diately behind that in which the bandits had taken refuge. The latter had seen their puravers enter the car and immediately opened fire upon them. Officers returned the fire and shots were continuously exchanged tbrough the ends of cars all the way to Pleasanton, a distance of five miles.

A dispatch had been sent to Pleasanton asking that a posse meet the train, and when the freight pulled in the robbers' car was surrounded and the inmates were called upon to surrender. They answered with shots from their revolvers and the posse returned the fire.

The heacquarters are at St. Louis and the assignment is said to have been made there vesterday. This afternoon a dred covering HOW TO SECURE A PATENT. Directions to Inventors Issued by The Bee Bureau of Claims. METHODS OF THE PATENT OFFICE. The Course Follows d by the Author of an

Invention to Protect His Rights -Costs of Obtaining a Troubles Patent. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22.-General Schofield receved a telegram today from

General Stanley, commander of the Depart -To the inventor the all important question ment of Taxas, in which ne expressed the presents liseif, "How can I secure a patent?" opinion that the Garza insurrectionary moveand to this Two Bas Bureau offers the following explanation: SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 2

Inventors as a class are not familiar with I --- Harold the laws under which letters patent are Boettiger, a mechanical engineer, who has granted, the forms and practice in the patent traveled extensively in Mexico during the office at Washington and the technical past three months, says: "The biggest and most important part of the so-called Garza methods of casting specifications and claims to properly protect their inventions against revolution is quietly doing its work in the interior. It is a mistake to think that this infringers, yet the value of the patent and even its validity depend largely upon the mess is merely a piece of border advertising. There is something heavy and powerful be careful and expert preparation of the case. Specifications must be drawn to fully dishand it all. I was in Zacateens a few days close the invention, to distinguish betwee ago. Weil, that town, as you know, is far removed from the Rio Grande country. It what is new and what is old, and claims, is one of the quiet, slow, sleepy cities of Mexico, and yet on every hand, in every litupon which the value and validity of the patent depend, must be cast to fully cover tle gathering of people, in every house, one could hear whispers of the Garza revolution. The same state of affairs was manifested at the invention yet not to encroach upon patents already granted. Failure in either of San Luis Poton. In the cities of Saltillo, Monterey and the other eastern towns, the Garza revolution is a live subject. Those who have taken the trouble to post them-selves on the subject say that the skirmishes these respects often renders the patent valueless or void. The employment of counsel skilled in patent law is therefore usually a prerequisita to the proper prosecution of a case and a grant of a valuable patent. by Garza's men on the border are merely Many inventors suffer the loss of benefits made to divert the attention of the Mexican authorities. It is not the nucleus of the that should be derived from valuable invenrevolution at all, but merely a flank movement. The general impression is that the real

tions owing to insufficient protection by patets procured through incompetent or careless agents, etc. For What Granted.

Under the laws of the United States let-Secretary Spaulding Appears Before the ters patent are granted to any person who Ways and Means Committee, has invented or discovered any new and use WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23,-By request ful are, machine, manufacture or composition of the ways and means committee Assistant of matter, or has invented any new or useful Secretary of the Treasury Spaulding ap-

improvement thereon. Term of Patent. A patent is granted for seventeen years, during which time the owner has sole and exclusive right to make, use and sell the patented invention.

How to Proceed.

year ended June 30, 1890, the year before the present tariff ect went into effect. He said For economic reasons before making apthe total revenue receipts (estimated) for the plication to the patent office for a patent, current fiscal year were \$300,000,000, against \$403,079,000 for the fiscal year 1890. The actthe novelty and patentability of the invention should be ascertained, because, if the ual receipts were \$17,151,000 for the first six months of the current fiscal year, about invention is not new or not patentable an \$7,000,000 more than the expenditure for the corresponding six months. The expenditures unnecessory expense is incurred by filing an application on which a patent can never be (estimated) for the current fiscal year were granted, etc. \$338,000,000, or about \$24,000,000 less than the The first thing to be done is to find out

whether or not the invention is new patentable. For advice on the point it is necessary to send to the bureau a rough or complete sketch or a photograph of the invention, toparent surplus there was "cash in the treasury" amounting to \$130,728,800, making gether with a brief description thereof, setting forth the object of the improve-ments, the arrangement of the parts and the advantages attained. While a model is very seldom necessary, yet it is often of grout assistance. The latter can be made of

any cheap material, and will be returned if a request is made to that effect.

Upon receipt of the data mentioned suffic-

Western Pensions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The following list of pensions granted is reported by The BEE and Examiner Bureau of Claims:

ient to enable the invention to be understood Nebraska: Original-Luke Cart, Daniel our counsel will at once examine thereinto, and will advise without charge what is the best course to pursue and will express an Clemens, James A. Smith, James S. Stone, Henry C. Scott, Anthony R. Frazer, Harrison. Increase-E. Theolore Eillott, Thomas G. Bartlett, Henry Clabaugh. Iowa: Original-William Weigle, William onigion, from their knowledge of the arts and patents already geanted, as to the patent-

ability of the invention. In this connection it is recommended that Ashley, James Wildman, David Davis, Sam-uei A. Woods, Samuel S. Wood, Henry J. the best and safest course is to have a special search made in the patent office to McVoy, Thomas Fisher, Jacob Paul, Philo M. Sage, Charles E. Hardy, John M. Lanta, Lewis Ireland, John M. Bartlett, Thomas ascertain whether or not the invention has been heretofore patented. The advantage of such a search is that if noanticipating patent W. Morris, Andrew J. Russell, Philemon Paterson, William Doak. Original widows is discovered the application can be filed with etc. - Francis Carr, Louisa Antrim, Ehza Wild a greater decree of certainty, whereas if the man, minors of Moses B. Ferry man, Magda, invention is found to be old all further exman, minors of Moses B. Ferryman, Magda-lena Border. pense is avoided. The cost of a search of this nature is \$5, and with the report of the result thereof the inventor will be furnished

Fort Sheridan.

vice or symbol used to distinguish the good of a parts ular manufacture. The owner of every trademark is calified to register the same, no matter how form it has been in use The life of the certificate of registration is thirty years and may be panewed for a like period. The government fee, pavable on dling each application for registration of trademark, is \$25. The threau's charge is about \$20.

about \$20. Labore.

Labels of all kinds, disigned to be at-tached to manufactured articles or to bottlas, tached to manufactured articles or to bottlis, boxes, etc., containing them, have heretofore been received for registration in the patent office and a certificate fisued accordingly Under a very recent derived accordingly there are accordingly which have no value are attached, and which have no value are attached, and which have no value separated therefrom label to be entitled to registration must have by itself some value as a composition, at least as serving some purpose or other than as a mere designation or advertisement. Many new holding certificates of registration of la-bels are totally without any protection whatever. Many registered labels comprise sub-ject matter registerable as trademarks. Wherever this is so, or where by a slight change it can be made to come within the purview of the laws governing trademarks, registration should be sought under tols head. The government fee in a label case is \$6 and the bureau charge is \$25.

Copyrights.

can be had for books, maps, engravings, photographs, paintings, pictures, etc. The total cost thereof is about \$8, including all fees

Interferences.

An interference is a judicial proceeding in-An interference is a judicial proceeding in-stituted under the direction of the commis-sioner of patents to enable him to de-termine the question of priority of invention between rival claimants. The bureau, recognizing the fact that extraor-dinary care and skill are requisite on the part of an attorney in charge of a case in inpart of an attorney in charge of a case in in-terference, has at its command counsel prepared to conduct a case in interference from the very inception down to a final determination of the merits of the cause. Testimony will also be taken under our direction in any part of the United States. While no specific um can be set down as applicable to all in terference cases alike, yet the charges wil always be as reasonable as possible.

Infringements,

The question whether or not one patent in fringes another is the very soul of all patent litigation. The questions involved are many, and of the most intricate nature. It is al ways a matter of such great importance that no one should ever claim that another is in fringing on his rights, or, likewise, no attention should be paid to the claims of infringe-ment by others until the questions involved are carefully passed upon by a reliable at-torney. For such services the charges are aways fair and reasonable.

Foreign Patents.

In addition to the bureau's facilities for attending to the interests of its inventor-pat-rous before the United States patent office and courts, it is also enabled to procure patents for inventions in all countries of the world. In many of the foreign counin the work. In many of the foreign con-tries, notably Canada, England and Ger-many, patents for inventions previously patented in this country are looked upon with great favor, and inventors are there very frequently more likely to realize profits from their inventions than they are even in this country. The cest of foreign patents varies with different cises; out as a general rule the expenses of procuring patents, cov ering all charges, is about its follows :

Canaoa, \$50; England, \$99; Germany, \$90; France, \$5; Spain, 190; Balgium, 800. Ad-ditional information regarding the cost, etc., in any foreign country will be furnished by letter on application. "In all such requests mention having read these instructions in The Bes. Important Warning

Important Warning It seems remarkable, that in this enticht-ened age it becomes the duty of every re-liable and trust worthy fluorney in patent matters to advise his clients to beware of the many sharks who set out with the ap-parent intention of defrauding inventors immediately after the issue of their patents. When a patent appears in the Patent Office Gazette patentees are beset with innumer-able offers, solicitations, request, etc., some able offers, solicitations, requests, etc., some pretending to want to purchase their patents, while others offer to take an interest therein under promise of procuring foreign patents. The sole object of these people is to obtain money from inventors, and they never make

the slightest endeavor to carry out their groundless or worthless promises.

agent with whom they signed the exor bitan contracts whether they are satisfied with TRYING TO WIN OVER RUSSIA. im or not.

In or not. hit was the intention of congress to protect them at all points and they were left on the passage of the act free to do as they pleased and employ whom they pleased. Section 9 of the act stated: "That all sales, transfers or assignments of any such claims heretofore or hereafter made, except such as have occurred in the due administration of decedents' es-tates, and all contracts heretofore made for fees and allowances to claimants' attorneys

are hereby declared void. There could be no mistake about the meaning of this. All claimants had to make new any one they pleased. If they were pleased with the zeal and acts of their first agents they were at they were pleased with the zeal and acts of their first agent they might make their new contract with

him. If they were dissatised they might choose any other agent that they pleased. These who have not signed new contracts since the passage of the act may profit by this to secure much better terms than they could otherwise get from the agents. The fact that THE BEE BUREAU is doing the work for the bare expense involved has had a good effect in moderating the charges of all agents to those who know how to protect seives. For those who distrust their thom ability to cope with the claim agents on their own ground The Bee Bureau is always open.

FROM SUNNY ITALY.

New Guns for the Italian Army-Americans in Rome-Items.

Rome, Jan. 23 .- Signor Rudini, president of the council, speaking with an opponent of the ministry, said recently that it was intended as soon as the financial estimates were approved to reorganize the central ad ninistration, and added that the government would always pursue a liberal policy which could not alienate the support of the left.

The first lot of new guns for the army is expected soon to be ready for distribution. In the estimates for 1891-92, 4,000,000 line were included for the manufacture of new gans. Fifty thousand were to be made the first year and after that 100,000 annually, so as to equip the entire army in three or four vears.

The committee that has been organized for the Episcopal jubiles of the pope intends to issue an appeal to Italian Catholics to collect 1,000,000 lire to defray the expenses of a mass that the pope will celebrate in St. Peter's. Two general congregations of cardinals will be convoked in a few days, under the presidency of the pope himself, to consider the subject of two beatifications that will be proclaimed on the occasion of his episcopal ubiles. Quite a number of propositions for beatification and canonization are under discussion by the "congregation of rites," among which may be mentioned the venerated Remusat of Marseilles. The Naw Year's greeting to the pope from

Emperor William contained these words I pray to the eternal God that He will preserve a life so precious to the interests of re ligion and to the maintenance of friendly relations with the empire."

Among the prominent Americans who have lately arrived in Rome are Prot. Fairman Rogers and family of Newport, R. I., who expect to spend the winter at the Hotel Europa, and the wife and daughter of Senator Warner Miller of New York, who have taken rooms at the Quirinal hotel

Among those who have been attacked with influenza are the wife and son of United States Consul General Bourn. They have, however, entirely recovered from the attack.

Miss Annie Porter of Franklin county, Ala, died here a few days ago of heart failure and was buried in St. Paul's cemetery. Her mother died of same trouble a few years ago in this city.

AWFUL TALES OF SUFFERING. Russian Peasants Emigrate in Hope o

Finding Relief. ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 23 -- Fourteen hundred emigrants from the famine stricken provinces recently arrived at Tioomen m Siberia enroute to Tobolsk, which ties 120 miles to the north of Tioomen. These unfortunates are in a most desperate plight. Their money is exhausted, they lack food and clothing and many of them are suffering with different diseases. A large number of these emigrants have died while others are in such a condition that they would be far better off if they were dead.

ill will toward the prince of Wales to dis-It is impossible to walk any distance piay itseif. owing to the extreme cold and the heavy Researches for precedents enabling Prince snow, and as these poor people are entirely ant moans it is i

Mrs. J. B. Barnaby was today placed in the family tomb at Swan Point in the presence of the members of the family, it having been for four months in the receiving vault. J. H. Conrad starts for New York tomorrow morning to meet District Attorney Stevens, and says when he returns to this city he will be prepared for another chapter in the case.

PROTECTING HIS INTERESTS.

Jay Gould Continues to Assert That His Company is Observing All Contracts.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.- The following correspondence relative to the Western Traffic association was made public late this after-

"OFFICE OF UNICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY, NEW YORK, Jan. 22, -Jay [Comprighted 1892 by New York Associated Press.] Gould, Esq., President Missouri Pacific Lospon, Jan. 22.-Lord Salisbury having Railway Co .- Dear Sir: I beg to neknowlsuddenly taken an extraordinary step in edge the receipt of request of your canceling Sir R. D. Morier's appointment as company that I shall convene a meeting of ambassador to Rome, and deciding to retain the advisory board, to consider and dispose him at St. Petersburg, a foreign officer in auof appeals in the matter of vielations of the agreement of said association. Except at Morier's health is improving and he had the request of three members, the president is at liberty to convene a special meeting in Russia. This explanation was offered toonly when in his judgment it becomes necessary. The matters for which you desire a special meeting were before the board at its meeting last week, but the board adjourned with the understanding that they were disposed of until the next night, as all that could be officially given out. Sir R. D. Morler some time ago secured a leave of absence. He was in London and left as vigorous as over. The transference when arranged was not associated with regular meeting. It is very coubtful if a quorum can be had for a special meeting, and a failure to obtain such quorum would be harmful to the association. I believe that the members of the advisory board are in acreasons of health. On inquiring into the genuine cause of Lord Salisbury's action, points were elicited which indicate that the retention of Sir R. D. Morier at cord with you in the view that these cases should not be delayed unduly. cases should not be delayed unduly, and if there shall be no quorum at St. Petersburg is due to the fact that the government is co-operating with the the next regular meeting, I ishould consider it my duty to immediately call a German and Italian governments in trying to pursuade the czar to abandon the French special meeting at such time and place as likely to secure a quorum. In view of these considerations, I trust you will not insist Morier, who is a persona grata at the Russian court, being much liked by the czar, is using upon a special meating. With patience in this matter 1 am sure that the association With patience in

will be much strengthened by the outcome. Roswell, Miller, President Advisory Board, Western Traffic Association.

To this Mr. Gould replied as follows: Roswell, Miller, Esc., President Ad: visory Board, Western Traffic Association-Dear Sir-I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of this date. This association, as you know, made no charges against any one at the recent meeting of the advisory board, but urged a prompt hearing of the cases pre-sented by the commissioners. It was only to secure this that the resolutions recently adopted by our board were passed and trans-mitted to you. This company still feels that no undue delay should occur in bringing these and similar cases to a prompt hearing, and the decision not only in the interest of the strength and stability of the association, but in justice to the Missouri Pacific company which has suffered great loss in discharging its traffic managers in the desires of the association. I recognize, however, the force of the objections to a special meeting as stated by you and acquiese in them, particularly in consideration of your statement that if there shall be no quorum at the next regular meet ing of the advissry board you will consider it your duty to call a special meeting for the consideration of the cases recently postponed. JAY GOULD.

Selling Alton Tickets.

Chicago, fil., Jan. 22 .- The Baltimore & Daio resumed passenger relations with the Chicago & Alton road this morning. It was the first of the eastern lines to begin selling Aiton tickets after the presidents, at their meeting in New York, adopted resolutions declaring the povcott a failure and pemitting the boycotting roads to abandon it. The prompt action of the Baltimore & Ohio in this matter is regarded as confirmation of the general opinion that the manage-ment of that company has never been in sym-pathy with the boycott, and only went into the Trunk line agreement for the sake of harmony. It is understood this evening that all the roads except the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania have given notice that they will at once begin selling and honoring Alton tickets.

Special Agent Frank Kretchmer of the Interstate Commission was in consultation with the United States district attorney today regarding the coming trial of the cases against the Swifts trial and others, who were indicted for receiving unlawful freight rates. The defendants will be tried at the March term of court. Kretchmer says the recent decision of the supreme court in the Counselman case does not in any way affect the pending cases.

QUEER CONDUCT OF EMPEROR WILLIAM. English People Offended at the Way in Which He Received the News of Clarence's Death-Cardinal Manning's Will,

England and Germany Said to Be Making

Overtures to Her.

thority is instructed to state that Sir R. D.

expressed his willingness to remain

alliance and join the European compact leaving the French isolated, Sir R. D

his influence to arrange a conference between

the emperors of Russia and Germany, at which it is hoped the old barmony of re-

lations may be re-established. The intricacy

permanent agreement can be obtained must

Wants Them All to Be There.

addressed to the conservative peers, request-ing their presence in full force on the re-

opening of parliament on February 9. This circular will be issued on Monday. Mr.

Gladstone's circular is also expected to be is-

The prince of Wales returned to Windsor

and private of values returned to windsof castle this evening to attend the private service in St. George's chapel, at which all of the members of his family and those of the dukes of Fufe and Teck were present. After the service all proceeded to the memorial chapel, the value of the final family contained and the

It was the final family gathering around the coffin of the duke of Clarence. The duke and

duchess of Teck and their sons and daughter, Princess Mary, immediately afterwards left for Richmond by the night train. The

princess of Wales and family will return to Sandringham hall tomorrow.

Did Not Show Proper Respect.

The neglect of the German kauser to ob

serve the respect due to the duke of Clarence

is resented in the court circles here. The

emperor went on a shooting excussion to Buchsburg on the eva of the duke's death

although he had been appraised that his con-dition was desperate. Even after receiving the telegram announcing the duke's death,

he continued to sport, and had another day's shooting, returning to Berlin on Fri

day evening. And instead of immediately

hastening to express his condolence the em

peror did not call on the British ambassado

until Sunday afternoon. Finally the near-ness of relationship justified the court here

in expecting that the emperor would order

mourning for three weeks, instead of for only ten days. The ex-empress is

believed to have written to a per-sonage in the English court that she had been pained by her son's want

of consideration, and that she had also had cause to complain, as the emperor did not

call upon her as custom and duty dictated

until the third day after the duke of Clar-ence's death. The best interpretation put on the behavior of the emperor is that he had a

ft of eccentric humor, such as now and then frequently occurs, and that he allowed his

Lord Salisbury today prepared a circular

of the questions requiring solution

involve prolonged negotiations.

sued early in the week.

Finally a shot from the Winchester of one of the posse struck one of the robbers in the head and killed uim. The other bandit then surrendered. He was seriously wounded in the side. He gave his own name as Charles Myers of Kansas City, Kan., but declined to reveal that of his dead companion.

The coroner held an inquest on the body of the dead robber and returned a verdict in accordance with the facts. Myers was taken back to Fort Scott.

Identity of the Robbers.

A reporter called at the house which Myers gave as his address in Kansas City. Kan. Two women were found there, one of whom said she was Myers' wife and the other his wife's sister. When asked where he was they said that he left last night with his brother-in-law, C. S. Francis, to go to Harrisonville to trade for a farm and was expected to return tonight.

The women exhibited much nervousness In answering questions. When told of the train robbery and the wounding of Myers and the killing of his companion, they made no comment,

It is supposed that the dead robber is none other than C. S. Francis. Mrs. Myers said her husband had been running a "joint," or a Kansas saloor, but no such man is known to the police

The police of Kausas City, Kan., received the following delegram tonight: FORT SCOTT, Kan., Jun. 23.-Tell my wife it is

us. Tell her not to come. I am badly wounded. CHARLES MYERS.

The "us" evidently includes C. S. Francis. He and Myers married sisters, and were professional gamblers. Francis was a cousin of Governor Francis, whom he greatly resembled, and a nephew of Judge Cowan of St. Louis. He was herr to an estate near Baltimore held in trust for him.

CHILI HEARS THE NEWS.

Blaine's Cable Oltimatum Has Been Received at Santiago.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.-- Reliable information this afternoon from Santiago de Chili states it is announced there that the covernment has received the ultimatum from the United States that no further delay in the settle ment of the dispute between the two governments will be tolerated. The Matta telegram, the ultimatum says, must be immedistely withdrawn.

Vichua's Cold Snap.

VIENNA, Jan. 23. - Yesterday was the cold est day experienced here in many years. The thermometer registered 1 degree Fahrenheit above zero in the city and 6 degrees below zero outside. The streets were almost deseried. Persons compelled to be out found breathing difficult; their brains became benumbed and their eyes filled with tears, which froze to their eyelashes. Horses had feicles pendant from their mouths. Birds from the Prater crowded together in shall tered nooks.

Owing to the extreme cold there were very few spectators at the funeral of Archiuge Salvator. The court physician tested the temperature of the chapel before the royal family were allowed to enter.

Small in size, great in results; DeWitt's LittleEarly torsick headache, best for sour tion, best for sick headache, best for sour tormach.

Business Troubles.

CHICAGO, III., Jan. 23 .- Everett & Post, one of the largest pig lead and spelter comaission houses in the country, have assigned.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 23 .- It has been practically settled by the War department that a substantial addition to the Garrison at Fort Sheridan shall be made, and if the wishes of General Schofield and General Miles are carried out, Fort Sheridan, by the first of May, will be the largest garrisoned post in the country. By that time orders will be issued for one troop of cavalry and a battery of ar tillery to proceed to the fort in addition to the troops already there, making about 800 men. Where they will come from has not yet been decided, but they probably will be taken from western posts.

The Fire Record.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 23. - The Catholic church here burned this morning. The building, including valuable contents, was valued at \$100,000, on which there was only \$25,000 insurance. Boston, Mass., Jan. 23 .- The Ferdinand

branch of the Boston Electric Light company burned early this morning. The loss is estimated at \$200,000. The property de-stroyed consisted of twenty-four dynamos and three valuable engines. It is feared one life was lost.

Killed by a Harmless Imbecile,

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 22 -During the tem porary absence of the guard in one of the wards at Dixmont insane asylum, O. A. Wilhams, who was thought to be a harmless lunatic, cheked John McFee, an uged imbe cile to death. He gave as his reason that McFee talked too much. Autony Brounelli tried to help McFee and was also seized by the infuriated madman, but was rescued. Brounelli is seriously injured.

Argentine Officials Assassinated. London, Jan. 23 .- The Times' Valparaiso correspondent says an attack by armed men was made upon the house of Dr. Saurez at Mendoza, Argentine, where a number of members of the provincial champer wer holding a meeting. Navajos, secretary of the Chamber, and several other legislators were assassinated.

There Were No Casualties.

SAN FPANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 23.-General Superintendent Gabel of the Atlantic & Pacific railway, now in this city, received an official dispatch today stating that no one was killed in the train wreck on that road west of Albuquerque Friday. H. H. Mc-Creagle, a deadhead fireman riding on the engine, was the only one seriously injured.

Total damage to the train was slight.

SOUTH STILLWATER, Minn., Jan. 23 .- This town is inundated from a poculiar cause. During the late cold spell Perros brook was frozen solid at its mouth, but the water con tinued to now and backed up all ever the flat on which the village is located. The street railway has been obliged to suspend opera-tions and great damage has been done to private and public property.

Run 'Aground. SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 23 .- The whaleback steamer Charles W. Wetmore is aground at the mouth of Sachomish river. In attempting to cross the bar at low tide she got out of the channel and struck on a sand bar. Sound-ings show five feet of water on one side and seven on the other. It is thought there will be no trouble in getting her off

Marquette Club's Banquet.

will give its sixth annual banquet at the Audi-

who are expected to respond to constson that occasion are: Senators Cultom and Wolcott, Henry Cabot Lodge, J. J. Ingails, J. P. Dolliver, General Benjamin Butterworth Hon. J. S. Runnells.

statement shows the reserve has increased \$5,437,000. The banks now hold \$35,006,000 in excess of legal requirements.

with copies of such patents, if any, as em-brace his ideas. It is much better to have this search made in the outset before incur ring any expense whatever regarding the ap plication for patent. If it is found that he invention is new and patentable the client is advised to proceed with the filing of an application for patent, and will then be requested to remit \$15 to cover the first government fee and \$5 in payment of cost of drawing, when one is necessary. As soon as possible after the receipt of this remittance the specification of the invention will be carefully prepared and forwarded to the inventor, together with forms for application for patent ready for execution. Upon return of the latter the case

will be promptly field at the patont office and notice will be sent when action is had thereon, and also of the nature of such action The examining corps of the patent office is divided into thirty-two divisions, among which the applications are divided according classification. The condition of to the officia the work in the various divisions varies from one to five months in arrears, The Bureau Charges Consistent with the spirit with which this

conduct any branch of the business on a money making basis, but it is proposed to do the work as near the actual cost as will protect the business from loss. Although counsel are retained at heavy expense to the bureau, yet it is the wish to charge in ordinary cases only the minimum fee of \$25. However, in cases requiring extra care, time and labor the fee will be proportionately increased, but clients will always be advised in advance should such increase of fee be found necessary. In directing inquiries please mention the fact that you read these instructions in THE BEE.

Design Patents.

A patent for a design is granted to any person who last invented or procured any new and original design for the printing of woolen, silk, cotton or other fabrics; any new and original impression, ornament, pattern, print or picture to be printed, painted, cast or otherwise placed on or worked into any article of manufacture; or any now, useful and original shape or configuration of any article of manufacture, the same not having been known or used by others before his invention or production thereof, or patin invention of production thereof, of pain-ented or described in any printed publica-tion. Patents for designs are granted for the term of three and one-half years, the government fee being \$10; or for seven years, the fee being \$15; or for fourteen years, the

fee being \$30, The charge of the bureyu in such cases is usually \$25, Reissues. A patent can be reissued whenever the same is inoperative or invalid by reason of a defective or insufficient specification, or by

probable cost of completion

Caveats.

By means of a cavent au inventor secures

record evidence regarding his invention for the purpose of enabling him to complete or further experiment therewith. The life of a

caveat is one year, and it may be renewed at the end of that time. The government fee is \$10 and the bureau charge is \$15.

Trademarks.

A trademark is a fanciful or arbitrary de

The

Village Inundated.

reason of the patentee's cialming more than he had a right to claim as new, providing the error has arisen by accident, mistake or inadvertence, and without fraudulent intent The government fee for a reissue is \$30. Th cost of drawing is \$5, and the bureau charge is usually \$35. Great care must be exercised in reissuing a patent, because very often what little validity there may be in a defec-tive patent is entirely lost by procuring a ressue which is totally invalid. Rejected Cases.

There are in the natent office a great many cases which stand rejected, but which should be allowed. This condition of the case may be due either to incompetency on the part of the attorney employed or his inability, because of residence elsewhere than in Wash-Ington, to make the examiner see the inven-tion in its true light; and then, sgain, as often occurs, cases are rejected on improper or insufficient grounds. When so requested wa will have our council examine into any we will bave our counsel examine into any

such case free of charge and advise as to the prospects for success by further prosecution. The client will also be then informed of the CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 23 .- The Marquette club

torium Lotel on February 28, Among those

and Bank Reserve Still Increasing.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.-The weekty bank

Models.

As hereinbefore mentioned, models are not required in the patent office except in intri-cate or complicated cases. But at the same time when an invention can be better ex-plained by a model it is well to send the same to us. A model should always be of a size

not larger than one square foot, and in send ing the same by express the charges should be prepaid and the box addressed to THE BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS, Bee Building, Omaha, Neb.

Mention this paper.]

A NEEDED BUREAU.

The organization of the new court of law claims at Denver last month and the an nouncement that the court will hold its fina session in that city on the 17th of November tive promise that he long-vexed titles in th western territories and state will soon be in a fair way to settlement. The disputed titles under the Mexican and Spanish grants have proved especially troublesome in Arizona and New Mexico. They have delayed settlement and investment in some of the fairest lands of the southwest, and nave proved annoving in the districts farther to the north. After much agitation and complaint congress wa nduced at the last session to provide a court for the consideration of this pusiness, and will soon begin to work.

The organization of this court gives Tur BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS & chance to extend its usefulness. It will take claums under this law and prosecute them for persons who do not know whom to engage for the service.

The business entrusted to the bureau in Washington is being prosecuted with energy. The Indian depredations patent, land mining and other claims before the court and departments are being pushed as rapidly as possible, with no delays on accunt of the large amount of business which has been sent to the bureau. The large amount of claims intrusted to its care is a standing proof of the esteem and confidence in which THE BEE is held by the public which it serves. It is like-wise a demonstration, if one was required, o he need of such an organization The revelations in regard to the Loomis

agency which have been published recently go even further in the same direction. When a man sought for by the police for nearly a year on a warrant for embezzlement can set up as a claim agent, flood the western country with circulars and receive assignments for several million dollar's worth of claims, it appears that there is little protection for the claimant who sends to an unknown repre-sentative. The men who assigned their claim o Loomis would have had small chance o their sceing any of their money if the schemer had been given time to collect their claims. When such risks and run and men who are not able to go to Washington and know no one there must have their attorneys at haphazard, the need for a bureau to pro-tect the people and do their (work at reason-

able rates is apparent. The approval with which The BEE enter-prise is, received by journalists and public men is as gratifying as the response of the

THE INDIAN CARLE.

THE BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS, in dealing with the claims arising under the Indian depredations act, has been successful in prodepretations act, unit or of subscribers and others from extortion and loss. From com-pialuts that have come to it, however, it appears that many of the claimants do not derstand their position under the act. At a time when there appeared to be little chance that congress would take up the claims or make any appropriation to pay them, they signed contracts with the Washington agents, promising from one-quarter to one-half the amcunt to the agent in case the money should be collected. In view of this extertion congress inserted a provision in the act annul-ing all contracts and limiting the agent's

commission to 15 or 20 per cent. The claimants all probably understand that he agent's commission has been limited by the law, but many of them, according to their own statements, do not understand that they are free to do as the dease about employing the agent they had i ' chosen. They con algorithat they are st. Sound to employ the

proceed to Tobolsk or to return to the provinces whence they came.

Arranged for a Supply of Gold.

VIENNA, Jan. 23.-The ministers of finance of Austria and Hungary have opened negotiations with Rothschilds to arrange for a supply of gold, to be used in providing a gold currency. Gold to the amount of \$100,000,000 is required, and bankers interested in the ect deelare that it is obtainable without disturbing the money markets. The news of of St. Charles. The total amount of his available assets, £2,250 in railway shares, the negotiations caused a general advance in gees to pay a ban contracted for a charitable purpose. Any residue is to be devoted to charities. His executors will compile a work prices on the bourse here.

Catholic Churches Closed.

WARSAW, Jan. 23 .- The Polish papers announce that the government is about to close all the Catholic churches and convents in the provinces of Podolia and Volhynia. Th authorities have already closed the Francis can monastery at Dederkeda and the Car-melite convent at Dubno, dissolved the congregations of monks and nuns and conveyed all the inmates of both institutions to War saw.

HANGED HIM IN THE COURT YARD. for the championship of the bul-liard world. For the thirty-third time, Messrs. Schefer and Slosson were to meet. Each was confident of vic-tory, and much money changed hands as the Murderer Hepler Lynched by a Barton

County, Missouri, Mob. NEVADA, Mo., Jan. 23 .- When the Missouri

Pacific train arrived here last evening, a mob of 250 men from Barton county got off, proceeded to the county jail, and after breaking receipts of the house. The game was four-teen-inch balk ime, 800 points up. The ref-eree was Pincus Louck of Philadelphia. into jail, took therefrom Hepler, the man who murdered Mrs. Goadley and her little son. The mob hurried down the railroad track with their prisoner, and flagged a train to Lamar and boarded it. They took the murderer back to Lamar and hanged him in court house yard immediately on arriving there. It was the intention of the mob to L Highest run-Schaefer, 155; Slosson, 119, Average-Schaefer, 22,85 5-7; Slo 17,413-17. burn Hepler at the stake, but the plan was abandoned.

In Favor of the Church.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., Jan. 23.-The case of Bishop Foley vs. Henry Finnegan, which has been in the courts for four years. has just been decided in favor of the bishop. The case involves title to a large tract of place in a rear room of the land formerly owned by a hermit named James Finnegau. The will in effect provided that the estate should go to the Catholic church, and that "Brother" Patrick should a dozen or so invited friends were present. The ring was the size of the room less the space occupied by the few friends of the principals. Marquis of Queensberry rules have the use of the land which he lived upon. The former believing in Patrick's honesty, deemed it unnecessary to have him sign the papers deeding it to the church. Hence the

The first round went off all right with Wants a Big Fee. The first round went off all right with Welsh in the lead as to points. When time was called in the second round the participants stopped to argue a dispute and a fight without any rules ensued. Welsh chased his man all over the room, and besides putting both eyes in mourning get in several body blows. This it the row broke up the affair and the money NEW YORK, Jan. 23 .- Edward P. Cole of San Francisco has begun suit in the United States circuit court against Henry B. Slavin for \$19,500, with interest from April 1, 1891, for legal services alleged to have been rendered from March 1, 1890, to March 31, which had been put up was turned over to Weish.

FROM YESTERDAY'S SECOND EDITION. Eternal City Shaken.

(Copyrighted 1892 by James Gordon Bennett.) ROME, Jan. 22.-[New York Herald Cable Special to THE BEE. |-- A most extraordinary scare occurred at the opera tonight. There was a crowded attendance, caused by the debut of Comtesse Celani in "Traviata." The debutante had enormous success, being recalled five times. At about 11 o'clock two distinct shocks of earthquake were folt. All the occupants of the boxes quitted the house with practicitate haste. The shocks caused great consternation throughout the city. The pope, though still us, gave audience to several high dignitaries of the church this morning. His holiness is better, but retired

early this evening.

Quay Wins Another Suil,

chailenge today. He said he could pay no at-PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 22.- After being out tention to it. Maher's object was to get some three and a half hours the jury in the famous cheap advertising. He is ready to meet Stavin in August, and says when he gets to criminal liber suit of Senator M. S. Quay against the Pitsburg Post Publishing com-pany, Albert J. Barr, president and James Mills, editor, brought in a vordict this oven-ing of guilty, in manner and form as in-dicated. New York all the "mouth-lighters" will retire.

George to marry Princess Mary have dis-closed the fact that it is a rule that in the event of the death of her betrothed a royal princess must wait five years before becom ing again betrothed.

Cardinal Manning's will leaves his books

and papers in charge of his executors. Dr

Butler and Rev, Father Bayley of the oblate

on his life and letters. The cardinal letters alone fill immense files.

SCHEFER IS SURELY CHAMPION.

Wizard Jake Defeats Slosson Again in r

Hard Contest.

tive audience that filled Lenox Lyceum

in this city tonight and watched "Wizard'

Schiefer and "Student" Slosson cross cues

battle waged. Schaofer held the champion ship and Slosson wanted it. The match was

for a cup, a stake of \$1,000 a side and the net

The results follow-the winner being chal-

Shaefer - 0, 0, 27, 3, 33, 5, 0, 6, 22, 5, 73, 0, 0, 14 (55, 9, 0, 51, 25, 101, 25, 49, 0, 56, 68, 11, 6, 14, 2, 2, 25

Time of game-Three hours and 46 minutes.

There was a nice quiet prize fight between

"Jack Weish" and Billy Plimmer about 1:30

o'clock this morning. The affair took

old dismantied Pennsylvania house or

Tenth street, between Capitol avenue and

Davenport street. It was for blood and only

were to govern and the light was to be with

"Going at Guttenberg.

First race, five furlongs: Golucky won. 5 wor Mint second, Penzane third. Time: 1:0 Second race, six furlongs: O. P. B. w McKeever second. Irregular third. Time: 1 Third race, seven-eighths of a mile: Fab won, Defendant second, Vazoo third. Tim 1:33

1:45, Fourth race, five furiongs: Toano won, Bre-vier second, Lady Polsifer third. Timo: 1:032, Fifth race, five furiongs: Little Fred won, Azrael second, Hawkeye third. Time: 1:035, Sixth race, one nile and a furiong; Sir George II won, Van second, Freezer third. Timo: 2:033.

What Sullivan Says.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 22.-John L. Sul-

livan's attention was called to Peter Maher's

Burial of Mrs. Barnaby.

PROVIDENCE, R. L., Jan. 23. -- The body of

GUTTENBERG, N. J., Jan. 22. - Track bad.

Welsh Got the Money.

Slosson.

1.1

lenged by lves:

bare knuckles.

Attendance lørge.

Time: 2:03M.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22 -- It was a representa-

The result of tomorrow's polling in the PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 22.-The street car Rosendale division is awaited with strained anxiety. No bye-election was ever before strikers and their friends caused more trouble in Alleghany tonight, and the police fought with such vigor on each side. Cardinal Manning's Will.

were compelled to clear the streets, every car that left the sheds after dark being assailed, the mob throwing stones and other missiles at the employes. Nearly all the windows in the cars were broken and several passengers were slightly injured.

Riotous Strikers.

Belgium Approaching a Crisis.

[Copyrighted 1892 by James Gordon Bennett.] BRUSSELS, Jan. 22.- [New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BRE. |-It has been decided that the House of Representatives will begin discussing the revision of the conat the end of the month. With this event Belgium will enter upon the most important crisis in its history.

Will Be Raised to a Cardinal.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 22 .- A . letter received from Rome by a prominent member of the Catholic hierarchy in this city announces that Archtishop Gillow of Gaxaco will be raised to a cardinal at the next meeting of the papal consistory.

RAW AS BEEF STEAK

Baby's Fearful Suffering from Skin Disease Covering Entire Body

Cured by Cut cura.



egan growing right of, and we thought he would dways be hald-headed. There was not a spot on his whole body, face and head, only his nose and eyes, out what was as raw as beefstears so ne or there was as beefsteaks So poor there way les, and so weak he could neither Mus. FRANK BARRETT, Winfield, Mich.

Cuticura Resolvent

the new Blood and Skin Purifler, and greatest of Humor Remedies, cleanses the blood of all impuri ties and poisonous elements, and thus removes the auso, while CUTECHA, the great skin cure, and CUTTOURS SOAP, an explainte akin beautifier, clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair. Thus the CUTTOURS REMEDIES cure every species of it hing burning, scaly, pimply, and blotchy skin, scalp, and blood diseases, from pimples to scrofula, from in-fancy to are, when the best physicians fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, Sec. SOAP, Mc;

RESOLVENT, B. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND

BABY'S Skin and Scalp Burilled and beautified

IN ONE MINUTE THE CUTICURA ANTI-tain PLASTENFELOWS channable schatea hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains weakuesses. Price 2sc.

E. S. BURBANK,

Manufacturing and Watch Ro-pair Works. Have big trade adjusting watches which have been maltreated by those who adver-tise half price. Sond for for book on watches, with story of a talking watch's experience. Call or address E. S. BURBANK, 1511 DODGE STREET, GNAMA, NEL

RHEUMATIC PAINS.

CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston. #"Send for "How to Cure Blood Diseases."