COUNCIL BLUFFS.

OFFICE: - NO. 12 PEARL STREET.

Derivered by Carrier to any part of the City

H. W. TILTON, - MANAGER.

MINOR MENTION.

N. Y. Plumbing Co. Council Bluffs Lumber Co., cost.

Craft's chattel loans, 204 Sapp block. The Red Mon will give a social this even ing in their hall.

A horse belonging to Officer O'Connell of the detective force ran away yesterday after on with a sleigh attached, and fell down, breaking its lag.

The funeral of Eva Montgomery will occur this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence parents, Dr. and Mrs. Montgomery, 215 Fourth street.

The funeral of C. B. Stacy will occur this morning at 10:30 o'clock from the Congregachurch, instead of this afternoon as beretofore announced.

John Freese and Josie Heope of Dunlap were married by Rev. C. W. Brewer at his residence, corner of Twenty first street and Fifth avenue, on the 13th.

Harmony chapter Order of Eastern Star, No. 25, meets in regular session Thursday evening. Visiting members cordially in-vited. By order of W. M. The Modern Woodmen of America wil

give n ball and banquet at Masonic temple on the evening of February 5. The supper will be provided by the Indies of the order. Rev. J. W. Levick, the singing evangelist. who has lately become pastor of the Bethany Baptist church of this city, will speak and sing at the People's Union mission, 714

Broadway, this evening. Rev. C. W. Brewer performed the cere-mony Tuesday evening that united in mar-riage C. H. Wagner and Miss Lou Stonestreet, both of this city. The wedding took place at the residence of the brides parents, corner of Eighteenth street and Avenue A. Four cases of diphtheria were reported

yesterday, the following being the names and addresses of the victims: Francis Kutherford, 628 Fourth street: Rodefer, 726 ourth street; Mrs. A. B. Walker, 705 Sixth avenue; Peter Jacobson, 2315 South Ninth Earle A. Fauble died at 12:30 o'clock

yesteroay morning at the residence of bi-413 Little Curtis street, aged 4 parents. years, of rheumatism of the heart. The fun-eral will occur tomorrow afternoon at o'clock, the remains being interred in Walnut Hill cemetery. Mrs. Elizabeth C. Almy died yesterday morning at 7 o'clock of dropsy, at the age of

52 years. She leaves a husband and four children. The funeral exercises will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence of a sister of the deceased, Mrs. Judge James, 620 Third avenue. The funeral services of John Barker took place yesterday morning at Estep's under-

taking rooms, Rev. Stephen Pheips of the First Presbyterian church officiating. The service was very simple, and was witnessed by about a dozen friends of the dead man, among them being the woman who claimed to be his wife.

Officer Murphy denies the statement that he arrested the two passengerson Conductor Enrhart's motor in spite of the protests of Ebrhart. He claims that Ehrhart had them locked in the car and refused to let them leave until he found a police office to whom he could turn them over. He refused to arrest them until Ehrhart should file an information against them, but they finally agreed to allow him to take them to the station and search them without an information being

How many cards ought one to leave at a reception? This and other all absorbing social questions are answered in an elegant little booklet being distributed by L. C. Brackett, proprietor of the Corner Book Store. The booklet also contains sample sheets of the very latest and finest society stationery.

Dr. F. T Sevbert has removed to the Grand hotel. Telephone 35.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

James McCabe is attending court in F. W. Phillips of Des Moines is registered at the Ogden house.

Mrs. Frank Vicroy has returned from a month's visit in Chicago. Mrs. Ohio Knox, who has been ill for some

time, is recovering rapidly. W. H. Stacy arrived in the city last evening from Milwaukee to attend the funeral of his brother, C. B. Stacy. Mrs. J. W. Rapalje is confined to her home,

corner of Seventh street and Eighth avenue by an attack of la grippe. H. B. Sewing and his two daughters are in the guests of his father-in-law. Henry Paschel, on Willow avenue.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Bunker was considered somewhat better yesterday, and hopes are now entertained for her recovery.

John S. Cahoon of Tacoma, who has been visiting friends for some time, left yesterday for a business visit to Washington, New York and other eastern points.

Mr. A. C. Lavender, special treasury agent Seal Island, Alaska, is stopping at the Ogden nouse, where he will make his headquarters while in the city till spring.

Jarvis 1877 brandy, purest, safest, best.

There are still a large quantity of those beautiful Jap goods at the Japanese store, 317 Broadway, and to save freight back to the coast all will be sold at importers' cost for the next seven Ladies of this city and Omaha will find this the best opportunity of their lives to get these goods at San Francisco wholesale prices.

Leading drugstore and news stand, Davis.

Looking for His Wife,

A man named Shipley, whose home is in Florence, Neb., was in the city yesterday looking for his wife, who disappeared the latter part of last week, and has not been seen since. She is a victim of the morphine habit and he had been doling out the stuff to her in small quantities from time to time trying to break her of the habit gradually. some way she got hold of a large bottle o her favorite drug last Saturday and during the afternoon she disappeared. No trace could be found of her and all day yesterday was put in by the anxious husband looking for her in this city and in Omahs. She left a note saying she was going to Dwight, Ill. to take treatment in the Keeley institute, but that is regarded as a blind to keep her husband from knowing where she really has

We have our own vineyards in Califor Jarvis Wine company, Co. Bluffs

Reiter, the tailor, 310 Broadway, has all the latest styles and new winter goods. Satisfaction guaranteed.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will entertain a Kensington tea in the church parlors on Friday afternoon, January 22, from 2 till 6 o'clock. All adies invited.

Ross-Boarman.

Cards have been received announcing the marriage of Charles M. Ross, formerly of this city, and Miss A. Leontena Boarman, which took place on the 13th at the residence of the bride in Mobile, Ala. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. R. Burgett, pastor the Government Street Presbyterian urch. The wedding was a very quiet church. affair, and the newly married couple left at once for their new nome in Scranton, Miss., where the groom is engaged as cashier of the Jackson County bank, a newly organized institution which commenced business De-

Drs. Woodbury,dentists,next to Grand hotel; fine work a specialty. Tele. 14%

Swanson Music Co., Masonic temple

THE OMAHA BEE. NEWS FROM COUNCIL BLUFFS.

Rumors Concerning the Grand Jury Create Something of a Sensation.

FOUNDATION FOR THE REPORT.

Said to Have Been Undaly Influenced in the Interest of Several Persons Whose Acts Must Be Investigated at the Present Term.

Judge Thornell sprung quite a sensation in the district court yesterday morning summoning the members of the grand jury before him for an examination as to the rumor

that had reached him to the effect that someone had been tampering with them. The move was made upon information furnished the court by County Attorney Organ and J. N. Baldwin. According to their statement the day the grand jury was empaneled and set to work they were called into the office of the county auditor, where they found Auditor Hendricks and Supervisor Graham awaiting them. The two gentlemen named told them that the county fund had been reduced from \$92,000 to \$55,000, and that the county finances were consequently not in a very flourishing condition. They requested the grand jury to be very careful in examining criminal cases, and to sook at both sides before returning in-

dictments, so that the county should not be put to the expense of criminal prosecutions where there was not good ground for the belief that a conviction would be the result. This, the prosecuting attorney thought, was directly intended to influence the grand jury in considering the cases against J. F. Kimin considering the cases against J. F. Kimball and G. H. Champ, and he and Baldwin accordingly had the jury brought before the court for an examination to find out just what had been said to them by the county

The examination of Foreman Axtell brought out the fact that he had been anproached by Hendricks, who said he wanted to see the members of the board in his office. Axtell replied that if he had anything to say to the members of the board he ought to come before it when it was in sossion. Hendricks replied that it was nothing connected with the regular work of the jury, but he simply had something to say to them as citizens of Pottawattamie county. The board met and went into the office as requested, and there found Graham. The two officials then proceeded with the remarks as above stated, pointing out now the legislature had reduced their levy from 6 to 4 mills, and that economy was therefore necessary in all departments of the county work.

After the examination had been completed Judge Thornell gave the jury some additional instructions, in which he warned them to be more careful in the communications they had with outside parties. It would be a sad state of affairs, he said, if the question of economy were considered in bringing criminals to justice. The grand jury could no doubt de-crease expenses by falling to have any in-dictments brought in at all, but such a thing would hardly be advisable. The jury must guard against bringing in indictments in cases where there is not a reasonable ground for believing that a codviction will result; but at the same time it must not let the question of expense enter into its deliber-ations. He exhorted them not to allow any remarks that might have been made influence them in any way, either for or against Kim-ball and Champ. He then sent them back to their work.

The affair created a big breeze in the court room, as well as upon the street outside. Rumors were set in circulation by some one that the court would have Hendricks and Graham brought up for an examination on the charge of contempt in the afternoon at 2 'clock, but the afternoon wore away and no move of this kind was made, and County Attorney Organ states that it is hardly likely that anything further will come

Hendricks and Graham were asked for their version of the affair. They admitted that the conversation had passed between them and the jury pretty much as had been charged, and stated that they had merely acted in accordance with a request made by the Board of Supervisors at its last meeting. They denied, however, that they had any onal interest in making the request and said they had only been carrying out the intructions of the board.

They both talked freely, and stated their willingness to tell Judge Thornell just what they had said, regardless of consequences. Finley Burke, attorney for Kimball & Champ, thought this movement had been made by Baldwin mainly for the purpose of intimidating the jury into returning an in-dictment against Kimball and Champ. "After an uproar of this kind," said he, "it 'After an uproar of this kind." said he, s easy to see that the jury will be a little backward about dismissing the two men, even if the evidence against them was some what light, on account of a dread of being accused of corruption. Nothing is easier to make, and nothing is barder to disprove, than a charge of corruption, and the best of juries would be more or less alarmed at having a Damocles' sword of this kind hanging over their heads."

Some color is given to this theory by the fact that before the jury had left their seats at the close of the examination certain parties were on the streets industriously spreading the rumor that Hendricks and Graham had been bribling the grand jury to discharge Kimball and Champ. It is believed, also, by some that Mr. Graham's aspirations for the office of mayor played some part in the scheme, it being a well known fact that there has been but little love lost between Baldwin and Graham since the question of the reduction of the taxes of the Union Pacific Railway company came before the Board of Supervisors and was settled unsatisfactorily to Mr. Baldwin, who was at torney for the company.

Walnut block and Wyoming coal, fresh mined, received daily Thatcher,

Robbed of His Riches. A young man wandered disconsolately up

Main and down Pearl street yesterday morning, looking in vain for a man that failed to come to light. After he had spent some time in this way he cornered a bystander and confided to him the story of a brand new woe that had entered his life and made it for the time being a nightmare with steel shoes on He came in from Neola yesterday morning and on the way happened to meet a smooth looking gentleman with red whiskers and a fur cao, who introduced himself to him as the representative of the firm of J. M. Mor-gan & Son of Walaut, but failed to give his name. The general tenor of his conversation was that he had been wandering up and down the earth in search of just such a young man as Mr. Redinbaugh, and nothing would suit him any better than to engage h mright then and there to work for bim. A bargain was quickly entered into and soon the two men arrived at the local depot, where they boarded a Main street car for up town. At the Merriam block they alighted, and then it was that the bewhiskered found that be was in pressing need of funds. Redinbaugh was nly too glad to accommodate him with \$20 which was the extent of his pile, and the loance went up into the Merriam block to his oce, telling his benefactor that he would be down at once. Minutes fled, but he did not return, and it was not until a man to whom he told his story informed him that he had been played for a sucker that the whole truth burst in upon his rustic mind. The con-fidence man had simply left the Merriam block on the Main street side, leaving his new found friend \$200 worth of experience in return for the \$30 which he took with him. Redinbaugh is not satisfied with the trade, however, in spite of the apparent margin in his favor, and he promises to show the man, if he can get hold of him a minute, what sort of fists Neola soil can grow. The last one to see the confidence man was the janitor of the Merriam block, who saw him climb the stairs, anxiously looking behind him to see if he was followed, and then go down on the other side of the building.

Congratulating the Girls.

The following letter was received yesterday by one of the young radies who is interested in the Lean Year party which is to be given in the Royal Arcanum pariors next Wednesday

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Jan. 20.—Miss May Bryont-Dear Friend: I have just read in The Daily Bee of today, under the head of "Leap Year Party," that the young ladies in charge will set as de the punch how. It is with such pleasure that I read this

that I cannot resist the temptation to tell you so, and congratulate you, in the name of our Women's Christian Temperance union ladies, on your brave act and your courage, not only to decide to do so, but to be brave enough to come out and say so to the public. I hope you may each one carry this sentiment with you through life, and that you may always be brave enough to take the same stand in regard to intoxicants that you have taken this time.

same stand in regard to intoxicants that you have taken this time.

I hope nothing will mar the pleasure of your party, for with it you are sowing seeds of virtue that I am sure will spring up and yield you double p ensure. I address this to you because I do not know to whom e se to send it. Please extend my congratulations and best wishes to the other girs in behalf of the ladies of the Women's Christian Temperance union. Yours respectfully,

MRS. STODDARD, President.

WOOL GOODS FOR ALMOST A SONG,

The Great Semi-Annual Clearing Sale at the Boston Store, Council Bluffs, In., Opened Wednesday morning. The store was closed all day Tuesday to mark down goods and make preparations for this great event, which is looked forward to with deep interest by almost every housewife in Council Bluffs and sur-

rounding country. Below is only a partial list of the thousands of bargains that are offered at this sale. For a better list of prices see Council Bluffs daily Nonpareil and Globe:

40-inch brilliantine, former price, 50c; for this sale, 25c. 36-inch all wool plaids and plain flannels, 50c goods, for 33c. 54-inch alt wool ladies' cloth, worth

75c, for 40‡c. 50c, 75c and 95c novelties in polka dots. camel's hair stripe and plaids, all in at one price for this sale, 471c.

46-inch all wool henriettas, former

50 pieces all wool red shaker flannel worth 33c, sale price 201c. 25c all wool red twilled flannel, 19c for sale only. 6e heavy unbleached flannel cotton

price 95c, sale price 59c.

flannel, 3%c.
All our fur capes and muffs at just one-half the original price. \$6.50 capes for \$3.25, \$10.00 capes for \$5.00, \$12.00 capes for \$6.00, \$17.00 capes for \$8.50. Juffs-33c muff for 17c, 75c muff for 38c, \$1.00 muff for 50c, \$2,00 muff for \$1.00, \$4.00 muff for \$2.00, \$9.00 muff for \$4.50. All our stock of muffs the same way.

Toys and Fancy Goods-We must have room for our immense stock of wall paper which is now on the way. All our toys, dolls, baskets, clocks and brickabrack at just half price for this sale. 18e Bannock Burn suitings 12e.

All our stock of prints, including best blues, silver grays, black and whites, heavy twilled serges, all usual sold for 7c and 8c, for this sale 5c. 34-inch wide suitings, former price 15c, for this sale 6tc.

36-inch wide Armenian serges, in black and white, former price 15c, for this sale 10c. 12½c and 15c outing flannels for 10c.

Best apron ginghams 6%. Coats' and Clark's best 200-yard spool Belding's 100-yard spool silk for 5c. Belding's 100-yard spool twist for 1c.

All our children's coats in two lots, \$2.75 and \$3.25. All our newmarkets, that sold for \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00, all in one lot for \$1.98; a chance that should not be

lost sight of. Ladies' short coats-\$5.00 coats for \$2.75; \$8.00, \$9.00 and \$10.00 coats for Novelty garments, embroidered sleeves and revered front, \$14.00 gar-

ments for \$7.60. BOSTON STORE. FOTHERINGHAM, WHITELAW & CO.,

Council Bluffs, Ia. Two apprentice nurses wanted at the W. C. A. hospital, corner 9th street and

Jarvis wild blackberry is the best

6th avenue.

A NEEDED BUREAU.

The organization of the new court of law claims at Denver last month and the an nouncement that the court will hold its fina session in that city on the 17th of November tive promise that he long-vexed titles in th western territories and state will soon be in a fair way to settlement. The disputed titles under the Mexican and Spanish grants have proved especially troublesome in Arizona and New Mexico. They have delayed settlement and investment in some of the fairest lands of the southwest, and have proved annoying in the districts farther to the north. After much seitstich and complaint congress wa nduced at the last session to provide a court for the consideration of this business, and rill soon begin to work.

The organization of this court gives The

BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS A chance to extend its asefulness. It will take claims under this law and prosecute them for persons who do not know whom to engage for the service. The business entrusted to the bureau in Washington is being prosected with energy. The Indian depredations patent, land mining and other claims before the courts and departments are being pushed as rapidly as possible, with no delays on accunt of the large amount of business which has been sent to the bureau. The large amount of claims intrusted to its care is a standing proof of the esteem and confidence in which The Bee is held by the public which it serves. It is likevise a demonstration, if one was required, o

he need of such an organizati on

The revelations in regard to the Loomis
agency which have been published recently
go even further in the same direction. When a man sought for by the police for nearly a year on a warrant for embezzlement can set up as a claim agent, flood the western country with circulars and receive assignments for several million dollar's worth of claims, it appears that there is little protection for the claimant who sends to an unknown repre sentative. The men who assigned their claim Loomis would have had small chance o their seeing any of their money if tha schemer had been given time to collect their claims. When such risks are run and men who are not able to go to Washington and know no one there must hire their attorneys at haphazard, the need for a bureau to pro tect the people and do their work at reasonable rates is apparent.

The approval with which THE BEE enter-prise is received by journalists and public nen is as gratifying as the response of the

SOUTH SIDE AFFAIRS.

Citizens Club Preparing for an Improvement Campaign. A regular meeting of the South Side Citiens association was held at Mueller's ball, Eighteenth and Vinton streets, last night The following resolution was introduced and passed unanimously:

Whereas. We consider it absolutely necessary for the development of this part of the city to obtain a good and direct outlet to Sheely crossing and Hanscom park. Martha street, by reason of its locality, would furnish the best outlet.

Resolved, That the South Side Citizens association appoint a committee of three to sociation appoint a committee of three to wait on the Byron Reed company for the purase of inducing sail company to donate he city a strip of land sufficient to open M

tha street from Twenty-first to Twenty-fourth

Messrs. Donovan, Bruning and Eisele were

named as the committee.
Councilman Lowry was then called upon to say something about south side hydrants and sewers. The ex-president of the council stated that there was at present a proposition pefore that honorable body to relocate 10) hydrants and he thought the association hould labor with its representative in

the council for results in that matter. He

advised everybody living south of Farnam street to pull together for sewer improvements. A committee of fifteen was then appointed to whit upon the sewer committee of he council and present the south side We are determined," said one of the principal south side property owners after the meeting was over, "to have a better sewerage system in this part of the city and will do everything possible to prevent all of the money recently voted for sever bonds being expended in north Omaha work. This part

HOW TO SECURE A PATENT.

Directions to Inventors Issued by The Bee Bureau of Claims.

METHODS OF THE PATENT OFFICE. The Course Followed by the Author of an Invention to Protect His Rights

-Costs of Obtaining a Patent.

To the inventor the all important question presents itself, "How can I secure a patent?" and to this THE BES Bureau offers the folowing explanation:

Inventors as a class are not familiar with the laws under which letters patent are granted, the forms and practice in the patent office at Washington and the technical methods of casting specifications and claims to properly protect their inventions against infringers, yet the value of the patent and even its validity depend largely upon the careful and expert preparation of the case. Specifications must be drawn to fully disdose the invention, to distinguish betwee what is now and what is old, and claims, upon which the value and validity of the patent depend, must be cast to fully cover the invention yet not to encroach upon patents already granted. Failure in either of these respects often renders the patent valueless or void. The employment of counsel skilled in patent law is therefore usually a prerequisite to the proper prosecution of a case and a grant of a valuable patent.

Many inventors suffer the loss of benefits that should be derived from valuable inventions owing to insufficient protection by patets procured through incompetent or careless agents, etc.

For What Granted,

Under the laws of the United States letters natent are granted to any person who has invented or discovered any new and use ful ars, machine, manufacture or composition of matter, or has invented any new or useful improvement thereon.

Term of Patent. A patent is granted for seventeen years, during which time the owner has sole and exclusive right to make, use and sell the

patented invention. How to Proceed,

For economic reasons before making application to the patent office for a patent, the novelty and patentability of the invention should be ascertained, because, if the invention is not new or not patentable an unnecessary expense is incurred by filing an application on which a patent can never be granted, etc.
The first thing to be done is to find out

whether or not the invention is new and patentable. For advice on the point it is necessary to send to the bureau a rough or complete sketch or a photograph of the invention, to-gether with a brief description thereof, setting forth the object of the improve-ments, the arrangement of the parts and the advantages attained. While a model is very seldom necessary, yet it is often of great assistance. The latter can be made of

any cheap material, and will be returned if a request is made to that effect. Upon receipt of the data mentioned sufficient to enable the invention to be understood our counsel will at once examine thereinto, and will advise without charge what is the best course to pursue and will express an opinion, from their knowledge of the arts

and ratents already geanted, as to the patent-ability of the invention.

In this connection it is recommended that the best and safest course is to have a special search made in the patent office to ascertain whether or not the invention has been heretofore patented. The advantage of such a search is that if no anticipating patent is discovered the application can be filed with a greater decree of certainty, whereas if the invention is found to be old all further expense is avoided. The cost of a search of this nature is \$5, and with the report of the result thereof the inventor will be furnished with copies of such patents, if any, as em-brace his ideas. It is much better to have this search made in the outset before incu r ring any expense whatever regarding the a p

If it is found that he invention is new and patentable the client is advised to proceed with the filing of an application for patent, and will then be requested to remit \$15 to cover the first government fee and \$5 in payment of cost of drawing, when one is necessary. As soon as possible after the receipt of this remittance the specification of the invention will be carefully prepared and forwarded to the inventor, together with forms for application for patent ready for execution. Upon return of the latter the case will be promptly filed at the patent office and notice will be sent when action is had thereon, and also of the nature of such action. The examining corps of the patent office is divided into thirty-two divisions, among which the applications are divided according

to the official classification. The condition of the work in the various divisions varies from one to five months in arrears. The Bureau Charges. Consistent with the spirit with which this bureau was formed, it is not intended to conduct any branch of the business on a noney making basis, but it is proposed to do the work as near the actual cost as will protect the business from loss. Although counsel are retained at heavy expense to the bureau, yet it is the wish to charge in ordinary cases only the minimum fee of \$25. However, in cases requiring extra care, time and labor the fee will be proportionately increased, but citents will always be advised in advance should such increase of fee be found necessary. In direction inquiries please mention the fact that you read these instructions in

THE BEE. Design Patents. A patent for a design is granted to any person who has invented or procured any new and original design for the printing of woolen, silk, cotton or other fabrics; any new and original impression, ornament, pattern, print or picture to be printed, painted, cast or otherwise placed on or worked into any article of manufacture; or any new, useful and original shape or configuration of any article of manufacture, the same not having been known or used by others before his invention or production thereof, or pat-ented or described in any printed publica-tion. Patents for designs, are granted for the term of three and one-half years, the government fee being \$10; or for seven years, the fee being \$15; or for fourteen years, the fee being \$30. The charge of the bureye in such cases is usually \$25

Reissus A patent can be reissued whenever the same is inoperative or navalid by reason of a defective or insufficient specification, or by reason of the patentee's claiming more than he had a right to claim as new, providing the error has arisen by accident, mistake or in-advertence, and without fraudulent intent. The government fee for a reissue is \$30. The cost of drawing is \$5, and the bureau charge is usually \$15. Great care must be exercised in reissuing a patent, because very often what little validity there may be in a defec-tive patent is entirely lost by procuring a re-

ssue which is totally invalid. Rejected Cases.

There are in the patent office a great many cases which stand rejected, but which should be allowed. This condition of the case may be due either to incompetency on the part of the attorney employed or his inability, no cause of residence elsewhere than in Washington, to make the examiner see the invention in its true light; and then, again, as often occurs, cases are rejected on improper or insufficient grounds. When so requested we will have our counsel examine into any such case free of charge and advise as to the prospects for success by further prosecution The client will also be then informed of the probable cost of completion Caveats.

further experiment therewith. The life of a caveat is one year, and it may be renewed at the end of that time. The government fee is \$10 and the bureau charge is \$15.

By means of a caveat an inventor secures

cord evidence regarding his invention for

the purpose of enabling him to complete or

of particular manufacture. The owner of every trademark is entitled to register the no matter how long it has been in use The life of the certificate of registration is thirty years and may be renewed for a like eriod. The government fee, payable on ling each application for registration of trademark, is \$25. The bureau's charge is

Labels of all kinds, designed to be attached to manufactured articles or to bottles, poxes, etc., containing them, have heretofore been received for registration in the patent office and a certificate issued accordingly. Under a very recent decision of the supreme court of the United States it is held that there is no authority in law for granting certificates of registration of labels which simply designate or describe the ar-ticles to which they are attached, and which have no value separated therefrom. A label to be entitled to registration must have by itself some value as a composition, at least serving some purpose or other than mere designation or advertisement. Many now holding certificates of registration of la-bels are totally without any protection what-ever. Many registered labels comprise sub-

ect matter registerable as trademarks. Wherever this is so, or where by a slight change it can be made to come within the purview of the laws governing trademarks, registration should be sought under this head. The government fee in a label case is \$6 and the bureau charge is \$15. Copyrights.

can be had for books, maps, engravings, photographs, paintings, pictures, etc. The total cost thereof is about \$6, including all

Interferences.

An interference is a judicial proceeding in stituted under the direction of the commisstituted under the direction of the commis-sioner of patents to enable him to de-termine the question of priority of invention between rival claimants. The bureau, recognizing the fact that extraor-dinary care and skill are requisite on the priority of part of an attorney in charge of a case in in terference, has at its command counsel pre-pared to conduct a case in interference from the very inception down to a final determination of the merits of the cause. Testimony will also be taken under our direction in any part of the United States. While no specific sum can be set down as applicable to all interference cases alike, yet the charges will always be as reasonable as possible,

Infringements, The question whether or not one patent in fringes another is the very soul of all patent litigation. The questions involved are many and of the most intricate nature. It is al-ways a matter of such great importance that no one should ever claim that another is infringing on his rights, or, likewise, no attention should be paid to the claims of infringe ment by others until the questions involved are carefully passed upon by a reliable at-torney. For such services the charges are aways fair and reasonable.

Foreign Patents.

In addition to the bureau's facilities for attending to the interests of its inventor-patrons before the United States patent office and courts, it is also enabled to procure patents for inventions in all countries of the world. In many of the foreign cour tries, notably Canada, England and Germany, patents for inventions previously patented in this country are looked upon with great favor, and inventors are there very frequently more likely to realize profits from their inventions than they are even in this country. The cost of foreign patents varies with different cases, but as a general rule the expenses of procuring patents, covering all charges, is about as follows: Canada, \$50; England, \$90; Germany, \$90;

France, \$85; Spain, \$90; Belgium, \$90. ditional information regarding the cost, etc. in any foreign country will be furnished by letter on application. In all such requests mention having read these instructions in Important Warning It seems remarkable that in this enlight-ened age it becomes the duty of every re-liable and trust vorthy attorney in patent matters to advise his clients to beware of the many sharks who set out with the ap-parent intention of defrauding inventors

immediately after the issue of their patents When a patent appears in the Patent Office Gazette patentees are beset with innumer able offers, solicitations, requests, etc., some pretending to want to purchase their patents, while others offer to take an interest therein under promise of procuring foreign patents. The sole object of these people is to obtain money from inventors, and they never make the slightest endeavor to carry out their groundless or worthless promises.

Models. As hereinbefore mentioned, models are not required in the patent office except in intri-cate or complicated cases. But at the same time when an invention can be better explained by a model it is well to send the same to us. A model should always be of a size not larger than one square foot, and in send ing the same by express the charges should be prepaid and the box addressed to

THE BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS Bee Building, Omaha, Neb. Mention this paper.]

THE INDIAN CLASTIC. THE BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS, in dealing with the claims arising under the Indian depredations act, has been successful in protecting a large number of subscribers and others from extortion and loss. From complaints that have come to it, however, it ap pears that many of the claimants do not un derstand their position under the act. At a time when there appeared to be little chance that congress would take up the claims or make any appropriation to pay them, they signed contracts with the Washington agents, promising from one-quarter to one-half the amount to the agent in case the money should be collected. In view of this extortion congress inserted a provision in the act annul

ing all contracts and limiting the agent's commission to 15 or 20 per cent. The claimants an probably understand that he agent's commission has been limited by the law, but many of them, according to their own statements, do not understand that they re free to do as they please about employing the agent they had first chosen. They con sider that they are still bound to employ the agent with whom they signed the exer bitan contracts whether they are satisfied with

It was the incention of congress to prote them at all points and they were left on the passage of the act free to do as they pleased and employ whom they pleased. Section 9 of the act stated: "That all sales, transfers or assignments of any such claims heretofore or hereafter made, except such as have occurred in the due administration of decedents' estates, and all contracts heretofore made for fees and allowances to claimants' attorneys are hereby declared void.

There could be no mistake about the meaning of this. All claimants had to make new

contracts with agents after the passage of the act, and they were at liberty to employ any one they pleased. If they were pleased with the zeal and acts of their first agent they might make their new contract with him. If they were dissatised they might choose any other agent that they pleased. Those who have not signed new contracts since the passage of the act may profit by this to secure much better terms than they could otherwise get from the agents. The fact that THE BEE BUREAU is doing the v for the bare expense involved has had a good effect in moderating the charges of all agents to those who know how to protect themselves. For those who distrust their ability to cope with the claim agents on their ow ground The Bes Bureau is always open.

AN ECCENTRIC MILLIONAIRE. He Planned a Sham Funeral and Kept an Eye on His Heir's Administration.

From Austria, the land of eccentric

oblemen, comes a story without a paralel in the recent record of human idio syncrasies. The Galician millionaire. asimir von Mionezynski, was removed from his vast estates near Lemberg to an asylum for the insane in Dobling, at his own instance about eight years ago. About five months later nnounced. It was said that he died in the night, and the properly drawn cer-tificate of the physician was to the effect hat death was caused by heart disease. In the morning after the night when the death was reported other *physicians saw that closed coffin was carried to the family burying ground and there interred, without having been opened in the presnce of the millionaire's friends. heir of the Mionezynski property, Count Nicodem Potocki, took possession of the

The departed nobleman left neither wife nor children.

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After 10 years close confinement, I am compelled through the aivice of Physicians to change my business, as my health is gradually giving away. Knowing and believing that it will only be a short period when I will be unable to shoulder the responsibilities of an indoor occupa

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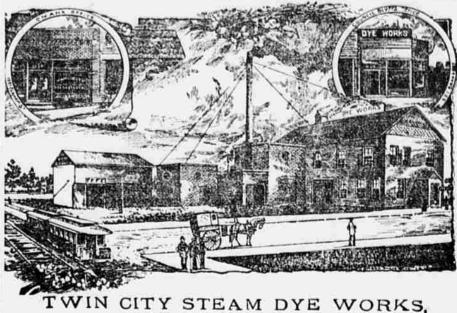
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nd most approved machinery, atest at less cost than you ever paid before. SPECIAL NOTICES.

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WANTED-A good, honest boy at once. Mrs. J. Lyman, 629 Willow ave. FOR RENT-7-room house, with bath room, corner 4th ave, and 9th st. Inquire next WANTED-To rent a furnished hotel: will trade for furniture. Address, J. Ed-ward, 1929 8th ave., Council Bluffs.

ward, 1920 8th ave., Council Bluffs.

I OFFER the following choice bargains in Irruit and vegetable lands: 57 acres 80 rods north of the Chautanoua grounds, eastern slope, fine spring s and fine spring-brook, land very rich and weil adapted to fruit.

23 acres on Grand avenue, fine orchard, windmill and fine grove; situated on Mynster proposed motor line, one and one-half miles from Council Bluffs postoffice.

9 acres of very choice plowed land on Grand avenue, 1% miles from postoffice.

110 acres 3% miles from city limits; good house, barn and outbuildings; fine orchard; a great bargain at \$5.50. Easy terms.

28 acres, choice fruit trees, 3,000 grape vines. House, barn and outbuildings. A very choice bargain, only 2% miles east of postoffice in Council Bluffs. W. C. Staey, Room 4, Opera House block, Council Bluffs, Inc.

TOWA farms; fine 210 acre farm, \$30 per acre.

IOWA farms; fine 210 acre farm, \$30 per acre. \$1,00 cash, balance on long time; 15) acre farm, \$900 down, balance easy; farms of all sizes. Send for list. Johnston & Van Patten, Council Bluffs.

I WANT to buy stock of groceries or boots and shoes; will pay part cash and part by a 5 room house and lot in Omaha. G 18 Bec. Council Bluffs.

COMPLETE outfit bar fixtures and two pool tubles for sale and building for rent. Good location. E. H. Sheafe, over Officer & Pusey's bank.

FARMS, garden lands, houses, lots and business blocks for sale or rent. Day & Hess, 19 Pearl street, Council Bluffs. tenants of the count were astounded at midday to see the bent figure of a man exactly resembling Casimir von Mionczynski pass along the road. The old man spoke to all in a voice that recalled visions of their former landlord, and most of the peasants fled in superstitious fright from the sound. Hardly fright was caused at the castle when the old man sent in a card bearing the words, "Casimir von Mionszynski." When Count Potocki met him the old man explained that he had given the physician who gave out his death certificate at the asylum and conducted the mock funeral \$5,000 for his part in the plan and a promise not to reveal the fraud until after the physician's death. That event had been announced, he said, and he, therefore, had returned to his estate. The old man said he had taken securities for about \$50,000 abroad with him and had lived on the interest. His object in all this remarkable performance was to discover, he said, how his heir would administer his property after his death. That story was treated rather gingerly at Arst by Count Potocki, but the discovery by disinterment that the coffin from the asylum had been buried empty increased the suspicion of truth aroused by the old

man's personal appearance. The old man's story of his wander ings abroad is under investigation, and meantime he is inquiring into the management of the property, which he laims as his own. The editor of the Dziennik Polski is sure that the old man is Casimir von Mionezynski, and many Lembergers believe so, too, but Count Potocki says that he will concede nothing until his tracing of the old man's wanderings is completed.

SETTLING A SHORTAGE.

Suit to Be Instituted Against General Banks for \$4,000. Bostos, Mass., Jan. 20. | Special Telegram

to Tun Ban. | -District Attorney Allen has been instructed by the department at Washington to bring suit against General Banks for the recovery of about \$4,000, which, on a settlement of accounts as United States marshal, appears to be due the government. It is understood that General Banks claims that the shortage represents the amount which he lost through the alleged defalcation of William D. Pool, was was for many years deputy United States marshal in charge of the accounts. Mr. Pool was charged with embezziing the money several years ago, and he was subsequently indicted by the grand jury. The indictment is still pending, and it is said that it is possible that the pressing of the suit against General Banks may result in something being done in the matter of the indictment, although nothing has yet been determined upon by

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W. C. ESTEP,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

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Of Council Bluffs.

TOTAL CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$225,000

Directors—I. A. Miller, F. O. Gleason, E. L. Shugart, E. E. Hart, J. D. Edmundson, Charles R. Hannan, Transact general banking business. Largest capital and surplus of any bank in Southwestern lowa.

PATENTS For Inventions

INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

Bee Bureau of Claims

OMAHA, NEB. Equal with the interest of those having claim against the government is that of INVENTORS, who often lose the benefit of valuable inventions because of the incompetency or instantion of the storing's employed to obtain their patents. Too much care employed to obtain their patents. Too much eare cannot be excretised in employing characteristic of the value of a patent depends greatly, if not entirely, upon the care and skill of the attorney.

With the view of protecting inventors from worth less or careless attorneys, and of secting that inven-tions are well protected by valid patent. Talk BEB BULKEAL has retained coursel expert in patent practice; and is therefore prepared to

obtain patents. Conduct Interferences, Make special examinations,

Prosecute rejected cases. Register trade marks and copyrights. Render opinions as to scope and valid. ity of palents.

Prosecute and defend infrings us the suits, etc., elc. If you have an invention on band sent FIER BER BUILEAU a sketch or photograph thereof, together with a brief description of the important features, and you will be once advised as to the best course to pursue. Models are not necessary unless the town-ton is of a complicated nature. If others are in-fringing on your rights, out from are coursed with infringement by others, salends the matter to THE BUREAU for a ruliable OPINION before acting on

THE BEE BUREAU OF CLAIMS 220 Bee Building, Omaha, Neb.

This Bureau is guaranteed by the Dunahaltee, the Pioneer Press and the San Omaha Ree, the Pio Francisco Examiner

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of the city deserves some recognition and we intend getting our share of it if hustling will do any good," A trademark is a fanciful or arbitrary da About the middle of December the vice or symbol used to distinguish the good