CHILIANS TOO HOT HEADED.

President Montt Afraid that an Apology Would Make His Countrymen Mad.

WANTS TO GIVE THEM TIME TO COOL OFF.

So He Has His Minister Request Secretary Blaine to Hold Back His Country's Ultimatum-A Rather Peculiar Condition.

New York, Jan. 18 .- A Washington dispatch to the World says: Senor Montt has within the past week received several confidential messages from the president of Chilt, in which the political complications that have arisen since the inauguration of the ew government have been set forth at some length, and the minister was urged to use every legitimate means to induce the United States to withhold the ultimatum which President Harrison is said to have been preparing.

Success Gave Them Confidence. President Montt's government was elected

to supersede the junta. The rule of the provisional government, though lacking in many qualities of statesmanship, was nevertheless immensely popular. The congressional party had withdrawn from the capital of the nation, and with nothing but such resources as the nitrate beds in northern Chill afforded, had conducted a successful military and naval campaign, which ended in the complete rout of the Balmacenists. Elated by their success, the congressionalists felt that Chili was able to cope with almost any enemy sie might encounter. Senor Matta, until lately minister of foreign affairs, penned the bellicose reply to President Harrison's diplomatic note asking reparation for the assault upon the sailors of the Baitimore. This was the first of a series of ill considered acts which have brought about the present strained relations between the two governments. Its tone was applianted in Chili and the popularity of the junta was augmented by the very indiscreet act of its hot headed foreign minister.

Senor Poreira, who succeeded Senor Matta, is much more conservative and is in hearty sympathy with President Montt in his desire to bring about a peaceful termination of the controversy. He is hampered, however, by a knowledge that his predecessor had the support of the Chilian people in his aggressive course, and the fear that any act repudiating Senor Matta's performed the support of the Chilian people in his aggressive course, and the fear that any act repudiating Senor Matta's performed the support of formances will be a signal for a general de-monstration of disapproval that might result in the breaking up of the new cabinet, if not

Why Harrison Withheld His Message. The president of Chili has pointed out the essity of acquainting Secretary Blaine with facts in some unofficial way which will neither commit the Chilian government nor Thate any of its dignity. Minister Mont has very diplomatically made these matters clear to Secretary Blaine, and it is largely on this account that the secretary has used all the influence at his command to induce the president to withhold his message to con-gress saggesting an ultimatum until such time as Chili can make a reply satisfactory to the United States without endangering the tenure of the present Chilian govern-

enor Montt has not contented himself with laying these facts before Secre-tary Blaine. He has imparted them to var ous public men with whom he has conver ed on the subject, and it is likely that President Harrison will find that a thorough understanding of the situation is already en-

AT MARE ISLAND NAVY YARD.

Every Available War Vessel Being Put in Readiness for Service.

VALLEJO, Cal., Jan. 18.-If appearances count for anything the Navy department is losing no time in fitting out vessels at Mare Island navy vard for immediate dispatch to Chili, should occasion require it. The steam angineering force worked all day Sunday and begar again this morning. Attention is being paid to work on the Baltimore and not a single hour is being lost in preparing her to get away. She caunot possibly leave the yard under a week, but is in the stream and

receiving coal supplies. A significant fact was learned today Shortly after the Baltimore arrived at the navy yard each gun was provided with sixty rounds of ammunition. This has been in creased to 100. Workmen are on board and her machinery is rapidly looked after and is being carefully looked after and her guns are being regulated for concentration of fire. The Navy after the defense of the harbor of San Fran-For the first time in years workmen have takes themselves to the Monitor Comanche, and her machinery is being over-hauled. Orders to dock the monitor have been countermanded, but it is believed she will go into dock at the earliest possible

Waiting for the San Francisco.

The orders are believed to have been cour termanded owing to the expected arrival o the Charleston from San Diego, and she will receive attention first. Officers of the yard are displeased with the reports regarding the Baltimore having been injured by going aground. She was not damaged in the least and the officers declare that the statemen that she ran on a rocky ledge is entirely without foundation.

Fixing Up Wooden Vessels.

Officials at the yard are somewhat reticen about matters pertaining to the expected war. It is not disputed that the dry dock is to be kept for the Charleston, which will arrive Wednesday. She will be floated in at once and her wants attended to. The gen eral opinion here is that the government poses to have every vessel made ready as quickly as possible, and there appears to be some foundation for the statement that steam will be gotten up on the monitor Comanche If such preves to be the case it will be the first time in nearly twenty years. The opinion is that the department means business. Forty-eight hours will be sufficient time to do all that is necessary on the Comanche. The latter is a single onlior carrying two fifteen-inch smooth bore

The wooden warship Mobican is in the stream, her repairs having been completed, and is ready to put to sea on short notice. It is understood orders have been issued for the Mobicas to proceed to Panama, but the rumor has not been confirmed.

The statement was published here today that a number of naval officers on this coast have received orders by telegraph to report admiral on the Pacific station for special duty.

A large force of men are employed in fitting

the wooden warships Adams and Ranger for

WILL LAND THEM AT CALLAO.

Chilian Refu gees Ordered to be Taken to Peru on the Yorktown. Washington, D. C., Jan. 18. Secretary Tracy sent a telegram to Commander Evans of the Yorktown ordering him to proceed to Callao, Peru, and land the Chilian refugees at that place.

Commander Evans is to use his own distion as to the time of his departure from

wiparaiso. The secretary said this afternoon that no have been sent to the Boston at called, contemplating any change in her tation. The departure of the Yorktown rom Valpar iso would leave the United States without a single naval vessel in Chilian waters. The Yorktown could hardly make the trip from Valparaiso to Callac and return in iess than a week's time

The distance between the two ports is about 1,200 miles. As Captain Evans is invested with full discretion it is not regarded as at all likely that be will leave Valuariso immediately, and in fact, not until he is redeved by another vessel or is satisfied that the condition of affairs in Chili justified him in leaving the United States minister without means of leaving that country in the event that circumstances made it desirable or necessary to do so. It is there-fore regarded as probable that unless the negotiations take a decidedly favorable turn within a week or so, that the Boston, which is the nearest ship, will be sent to Val-paraiso in order that the Yorktown can safely leave that port with the refugees. It was stated almost positively at the Navy

department this afternoon that no orders bearing on the subject have been sent to Ad-miral Walker at Montevideo. A prominent naval officer said this afternoon that the Chillan minister had no case whatever against Commander Evans on account of the sainte fired in konor of the Spanish minister who accompanied two of the refugees. In fact he said, Captain Evans would have been liable to court-martial if he had not done so, as the emission would have been a violation

f the naval regulations.
The president today denied himself to all visitors and worked on the Chilian corres-pondence. He is preparing his message to congress. It is still the belief that the message nd correspondence will be sent to congress n Wednesday,

The secretary of state was unable to leave his house today because of an attack similar to that of a week ago. He recovered from it soon, however. The Chilian minister had an interview with him lasting an hour, and a rumor was circulated to the effect that the Chilian minister had notified this govern-ment that an apology from Chili would be forthcoming. This, however, could not be

Naval Officials Active. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18 .- The Navy opartment today is still the scene of great activity. Secretary Tracy has frequent consultations with his chiefs and everyone in the department is doing an increased amount of business. Comprehensive operations are now conducted by the department largely for the purnose of ascertaining just what the naval system can accomplish in the event of

Balmaceda Ordered the Torpedoes. Washington, D. C., Jan. 18.-Asta-Bennaga, charge d' affaires of the Chilian legation here during Balmaceda's administration. isserts that the torpedoes shipped to Chili which Admirat Walker cabled from Monte-video about were ordered by Balmaceda during his supremacy. They were intended for operations against insurgents and not against the United States.

Cruiser Baltimore Ordered South. San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 18.-The Call states that the cruiser Baltimore has received orders to leave here Wednesday for the south. She will go direct to Acapulco or Collas with-

THINK GARZA HAS QUIT.

Belief Expressed That the Revolution Has Been Abandoned Temporarily. Lareno, Tex., Jan. 18.—The Garza revolution is believed here to be at an end, for the present at least. The armed men reported to be moving through the country are supposed to be Garza's forces going back home. One of his followers who lives here says the first meeting was held in New Orleans. At that meeting were Garza, Sandoval and Coupet, and the representative of a New Orleans firm. It was agreed that if a revolution was inaugurated and Sandoval was made a leader, he was to receive \$100,000. Garza at once took the field, starting with

exenty men, which force grew to about 300 or 400. No prominent leader on the other side taking hold, he was left skirmishing on this side, and thus ended his flasco. He is thought to be at present in the vicinity of Laredo and his friends say he may surrender at Corpus Christi, and fight the American law instead of two governments. This may all be a ruse, however, and he may begin again higher up the river. The longer troubles on the border continue, the more powerful do they become. Despite the futile efforts of the United States and Mexican authorities to locate the revolutionists, the fact remains that Garza has a following of

the strength of which few are aware. Troops Are Too Numerous, BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Jan. 18.-Captain

Brito, with a company of rangers, returned last night, having been thirteen days scouting on the river bank between Santa Maria Grande City. He thinks Garza's band is broken up, as so many troops are in the field and provisions are so scarce.

COVINGTON DIVES BURNED.

Notorious Variety Theater, Gambling House and Saloon Destroyed Other Fires. Covincton, Neb., Jan. 18 .- | Special Telegram to The Bee. |-The notorious variety theater known as the Fashion was totally destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, \$20,000; insurance small. The fire also destroyed the buildings occupied by McCoffin's gambling

house and Billy Leech's saloon. PALATIN, Ill., Jan. 18.—Batterman, Ost & Co.'s great planing and flux mill was destroyed by fire vesterday. The firemen saved the house of one of the proprietors, Charles Ost, whose loss with that partners, will be \$150,000 to \$180,000, there being no insurance. For a time the whole town was in danger of being destroyed. Several of the buildings near by caught fire but the blaze was extinguished before much

damago was done.
OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 18.—Fire in the postoffice building gutted the excise department, and damaged the customs and postoffice departments. The loss is estimated at \$20,000.

The Death Roll, Pontine, Itl., Jan. 18.-John A. Fellows, prominent politician who died here yesterday, was the first sataried postmaster ap pointed by President Harrison in March.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The death is announced of Henry Louis E. Montgern, the German composer. He was born in 1840.

Two Russian Americkists Killed. St. Petershung, Jan. 18.-The police of Warsaw surprised an anarchist meeting in that city yesterday. In a scuffle between the police and anarchists two of the latter were gilled. Fifteen were arrested, and the rest escaped.

Has Become a Railroad Man. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18. - General W. J. Sewell, ex-United States senator, has been appointed second vice president of the Balti-& Potomac railroad and will have

his headquarters in Washington. Didn't Try to Run Cars. PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 18 .- No attempt was made to run any of the cars on the electric

street railway today and all is quiet. The strikers' committee today presented a new proposition to the company. Found With Her Head Cut Off, LOCKHAVEN, Pa., Jan, 18 -Found dead it ed in Crawford township with her head cut

off and a razor lying on the floor, Mrs. Mc-Keague, a farmer's wife, had evidently been murdered. Socialist Lecturer Arrested. London, Jan. 18 .- Mr. Watts, secretary of the social democratic federation, has been arrested for open air lecturing in Chelsea.

A crowd tried to rescue him Senator Quay's Libel Case, BEAVER, Pa., Jan. 18 .- The Quay-Star criminal libel suit began this morning and the work of getting a jury is now in progress.

The perfume of violets, the purity of the illy, the glow of the rose and the flush of Hebe combine in Pozzoni's wondrous powder. Little Early Risors cure constipation. cause removed, the disease is gone.

WILL BE FRUITFUL OF DEBATE

World's Fair Matters Promise to Claim a Good Deal of Congress' Time.

HOLMAN GETS IN HIS USUAL OBJECTION.

Mr. Mills of Texas Returns to His Congressional Duties - Bills Introduced and Other Work of the National Legislature for Yesterday, 46

Washington, D. C., Jan. 18.—The World's fair question was the first subject to receive the stiention of the house today, and already indications point to this matter as a fruitful source of debate and controversy in the coming session.

Immediately after the reading of the journal Mr. Reilly of Pennsylvania presented a resolution requesting the secretary of the treasury to inform the house of representatives what amount of money has been appropriated and is available under the act of October 25, 1890, relating to the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago, and about what amount of the money appropriated has been already expended. The resolution called for an itemized statement, showing to whom such money bad been paid and for what purpose and upon what account, "I ask," said Mr. Reilly, "for unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of this

There was silence for a moment and many expected that some enthusiastic friend of the World's fair would object to the adoption of such a resolution without a fuller explanation of its object. But no such objection was made, and to those few members who turned inquiringly to Mr. Durborow, the chairman of the World's fair committee, he returned an affirmative nod. A moment later and the resolution was adopted by acclamation.

His Action Not Unfriendly. "My object in introducing that resolution." said Mr. Reilly to an Associated Press re-porter, "is simply to get the construction which the Treasury department places upon the act of the last congress relating to the World's fair. That act makes certain specifications for certain purposes, and also con-tains a provision that under no circumstances shall the United States government be liable for a greater sum than \$1,500,000. Now it has been generally claimed that the \$1,500,-000 has been already appropriated, and we want to understand whether the treasury department so construes the act. I, myself. hold that the act did not appropriate the \$1,500,000, but merely fixed it as the amount to be appropriated. My action is not an un-friendly one, but it is simply intended to de-fine the status of the World's fair."

"Mr. Reilly's resolution is very satisfac-tory to me," said Chairman Durborow, "and was accepted by the World's fair committee as a very proper means of settling all dis-putes and ascertaining whether the government has already appropriated the \$1,500,000 or merely mentioned it in the act as the maximum liability of the government."

Holman Objects. A moment later Chairman Durburow introluced and asked for the immediate consideration of resolutions authorizing the selection of a committee on the World's fair to have printed such documents and papers as it may

deem necessary relative to the matters re-ferred to in it. In an instant the veteran objector, Mr. Holman of Indiana, was on his feet to object, and simultaneously Mr. Oates of Alabama joined in the protest against granting to the World's fair committee such unlimited powers of incurring expense. Upon these objections the resolutions were referred to

Mr. Springer of Illinois asked for consent for the printing in the record of the memor-ial of the National League of American Institutions prohibiting national aid to sectar-

Mr. Butler of Iowa objected to the memoral appearing in the record. The following bills were introduced and re-

ferred: Chinese Immigration.

By Mr. Loud of California-To absolutely prohibit the carrying of Chinese into the United States, whether subjects of the Chinese empire or otherwise.
By Mr. Rayner of Maryland -Suspending the operation of the law governing the dis

covery of guano islands by United States By Mr. Stout of Michigan-Reducing the duty on sewing thread.
By Mr. Lewis of Mississippi—To prohibit

the secretary of the treasury from making deposits of United States funds with national or private banks. Mr. Hermann of Oregon-For the establishment of the Lake national park in

By Mr. Josephs of New Mexico—Appro-priating \$250,000 for enlarging the military post at Santa r'e, N. M. Mr. Blanchard of Louislann-To es-

tablish courts for Indians on the various Mr. Snow of Illinois-Granting lands nonorably discharged soldiers of the war of

By Mr. Clover of Kansas-To enable cities to deposit United States bonds and have issued legal tender notes, to be expended for

public improvements. The house then proceeded to the consideration of the bill relating to public printing and binding, and for the distribution of pub-

The reading of the bill (which is a very voluminous one) consumed nearly two hours But little attention was accorded to it—the first reading of a bill usually is a purely formal matter—and the members as a rule occupied the time in reading the papers, attend ing to their correspondence or chatting pleasautly in little groups, in which party lines were disregarded,

Mr. Mills Returns.

Mr. Mills of Texas entered the hall during the reading and was warmly greated by his colleagues. Speaker Protem McMillin having called Mr. Oates of Alabama to the chair, went upon the floor and bad quite*a long conference with Mr. Mills, who is lookng in much better health than before he went upon his southern trip. Mr. Richardson of Tennessee made a brief explanation of the provisions of the

dweiling especially on the feature relating to the distribution of public documents.

Mr. Turpin of Alabama introduced a bili permitting national banks to lend money on real estate. Referred. Adjourned.

IN THE SENATE.

Mr. Peffer's Bill Relating to the Election of Senators-Other Business.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18. A bill was reported and placed on the calendar to may the state of West Virginia her proportion of the amount claimed under direct tax. A memorial and petition from the national

eague for the protection of American institutions were presented asking for an amendment to the constitution to prevent the union of church and state and forbid the appropriation of public money to any society under The house bill fixing the time for holding district and circuit courts of the United

States in the northern district of lowa was passed. Bills introduced and referred: By Mr. Peffer-Proposing as amendment to the constitution so as to elect president and vice

president of the United States by a direct

vote of the people.

By Mr. Wilson-For the classification of clerks and other employes of first and second class postoffices and to fix their salaries. By Mr. Teller-A bill to admit Utah to the nuion as a state. The bill provides it shall secure a perfect toleration of religious sentiment and formds molestation of any person in the state in person or property on a code for the revernment of the nouse.

a count his mode of religious worship; all rights to public lands to be disclaimed by the state and November, 1892, is fixed as the date for the ratification of the constitution

by Mr. Allen Giving to the state of Washington 5 per cent of the proceeds of public lands in that state.

By Mr. McMillan—For the building of two revenue cutters for service on the great lakes. The build appropriates \$257,000 for the purpose; also for a national park on the battle field of Lexington, Mo.

Mr. Hale offered a resolution calling on the

Mr. Hale offered a resolution calling on the secretary of state for copies of all agreements with other countries relating to interchange of trade, and for a report as to the practical effect of such agreements. Laid on the table for the present.

La Abra Claims. The senate then took up the calendar, the first bill upon it being the one reported from the committee on foreign relations to amend the act of 1878 for the distribution of the

awards under the convention of 1868 with Mexico (referring especially to the La Abra Mr. Vest moved that the minority report made at the last session (by Mr. Brown) be

printed in the record.

Only sixteen senators voted on the action and Mr. Vest withdrew it temporarily. Mr. Dolph quoted from previous reports in congress and from rulings by the state department in proof of the fraudulent character of the La Abra claims. During most of Mr. Dolph's remarks there were but two senators scated on his own side of the cham-ber and about a dozen on the other; but there was little or no pretense on the part of more than two or three senators of feeling any interest in the matter.

Mr. Vest said all the personal interest be had in the case grew out of the fact that in the state of Missouri there were many widows and orphans whose eatire estate con-sisted of their rights under the La Abra award. They had been guilty of no perjury or subornation perjury. Sixteen years had empsed since the trial. Five years had been given to Mexico to bring in all its evidence, and it was not fair, just or right (when national honor was involved; to everturn the

rights of American citizens.
Mr. George-Have you any doubt of the fraudulent character of the ciaims! Mr. Vest-Certainly. Most unquestion ably, or I would not be here arguing as I am. I am not talking about the Weil case (which I have not examined), but about the La Abra case. I say that Mexico has no place in court after deliberately suppressing the tes-timony, Mr. Zamacona, its agent, having, when called upon as to certain evidence, said: "No, I do not propose to put in it be-cause they would disprove it if I did." Mr. Vost was still speaking to an audience f less than a dozen senators when he

business, and soon afterwards the senate adjourned until tomorrow. DEFEATED THE ROAD.

yielded to a motion to proceed to executive

Railroads Cannot Enforce the Car Service

Demurrage Charges. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.-The Intertate Commerce commission today decided the case of W. M. H. MacLeon vs the Cbi cago & Northwestern Railway company in favor of MacLeon. The Chicago & Northwestern connects at Janesville with the St. Paul road. MacLeon is a merchant at that point, having coal vards on the St. Paul road, but received shipments from points on the Northwestern road and his financial responsibility is not questioned in this proceeding. Carriers operating in that section of the country are members of a car service association which has established a rule re quiring the payment of demurrage charges when cars are retained by shippers more than forty-eight hours after securing notice that such cars are in position to unload, and the rule is set forth by the carriers in their

According to the facts in this case it is fair payment of freight charges to switch two car loads of the coal to the connecting line for delivery at the coal yards of Mac Leon on such line unless he promised for advance to pay any demurrage charges that night be made regardless of whether they were just and legally enforceable, was unreasonable, notwithstanding MacLeon had previously refused to pay demurrage charges on other cars switched to his siding, which be had failed to fully unload within the time prescribed by the rule, and the Northwestern retaining the coal in its pos session and demanding such promise from MacLeon as a condition provident to the performance of its duty as a carrier, supected MacLeon to unlawful projudice disadvantages. The commission decides that MacLeon is entitled to reparation, but the proof as to the extent of his damages being insufficient the case will be held open for the present without order, and upon notice of adjustment by the parties concerned the petition will be dismissed.

WORK OF CONGRESS

The House Wants Information on World's Fair Appropriations.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 48.—In the house

a resolution was adopted calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to what amount of money had been appropria ated and was available for the world's exposition at Chicago, and how much of it had

been expended.

A resolution was presented and referred. authorizing the select committee on the World's fair to have printed such documents and papers as it may deem necessary relative

were then introduced and referred, In the senate a memorial and etition from the national league for the pro ection of American institutions were pre ented asking for an amendment to the titution to prevent the union of church and state and forbid the appropriation of pub money to any society under sectarian cor

The house bill fixing the time for holding district and circuit courts of the United States in the northern district of lowa was After a number of bills of minor import ance had been reported from committees and placed on the calendar, the introduction of bills was resumed.

STILL HOLDING BACK THE CASE.

The Supreme Court Fails to Hand Down the Boyd Decision.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 18,- Special l'elegram to The Bes. - Few decisions were announced by the supreme court today Among them was not the Nebraska governorship case. No mention was heard of the Boyd Tuayer case from the bouch.

Western Pensions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.—[Special Telegram to Fun Ben.]—The following list of pensions granted is reported by Tan Ban and Examiner Bureau of Claims:

Nebraska: Original—David M. Warren, J. A. Mitchell, Charles S. Youngs, W. J. McKay, Stephen Gregory, William F. Kan-dall, William Osborn, Ole Jenason, John D. Jelly, W. Kreightbaum, William E. Mcftob-bin. Original widows, etc.—Julia A. Smal-ley

lowa: Original-Amos L. Evestons Philip Kuhn, Isaac Newton, George A. Webster, Cornelius Bellville, William H. Merritt George H. Packer, John C. McClarkin, Morgan P. Mulford, Dixon Alexander, William E. Lowrey, Henry C. Ballea, Benjamin S. Miller, Jeremiah Woodyard, George Frasier Miler, Jeromian Woodyard, George Plante, Kunie Hickieson, Robert Moore, James W. Best, Daniel Padmore, Increase—Ira R. Shioley. Reissuc—Angrew L. Duncan, Original widows, etc.—John W. Bryan, Sarab Orr, Ruth Will. -

Progress on House Rules. WASHINGTON, D. C. Jan. 18. Notwith standing the illness of the speaker, he has held a number of conferences with the democratic members of the committee on rule and it is thought by the committee that a report can be made this week, probably not later than Thursday, for

FEDERAL BUILDING

Ouite a Number Will Probably Pass the Present Congress

MUST PRESERVE GOVERNMENT TIMBER

senator Carey of Wyoming Regards the Question of Vital Importance to the People of the West-Other Washington Gossip.

Washington Bureau of the Bee, 513 Fourteenth Street, Washington, D. C., Jan. 18.

Senator Carey reported today from the ommittee on public buildings and grounds f the senate with favorable recommendation the Omaha public building and also all of those providing buildings for cities in Wyoming and Utah. Senator Carey says these measures will very shortly pass the senate and if there is not a blockade will get through the bouse. The fear is that quite a number of these bills will pile up in the nouse and the "economical" democrats will become scared and refuse to pass any of

At a meeting of the senate committee or public lands today a subcommittee composed of Senators Paddock, Sanders and Walthall was appointed to take under reconsideration the subject of a measure to protect the timber upon lands belonging to the government and reserved by proclamation of the president. The subcommittee will report a bill to the full committee.

For the Enlisted Men.

By order of the War department, the post traders at Fort Rooinson and Niobrara, Neb., will be deprived of their commissions on April 1, 1892, and required to close up their places of business. This is in accord-ance with the policy of General Kelton, adjutant general, to transfer to the army any profits which may have resulted from the privilege of trading on government reservations and to distribute the money thus ob-tained among the troops for the benefit of the calisted men. The establishment of the army canteen was the first step in this direc-tion. It took from the trader his most profittion. It took from the trader man the sale line of business, which was the solid interest and light wines to soldiers and of liquors to officers. By the establishment of canteens the liquor traffic on the military reservations was transferred directly to the control of commissioned officers of the army who were detailed to supervise all and to see that the

returns were properly apportioned among the various troops and companies at the various garrisons. The change has worked well under the regulations adopted, permitting credit to soldiers up to the amount of their monthly pay. The sales of the canteens have greatly xceeded those of the old post traders, whi as the business is transacted in governmen buildings and under officers already drawing pay from the government, the expenses are

very light and the profits correspondingly

larger.
Merchandise Will Be Added. The War department has therefore decided to extend the canteen system so that besides furnishing soldiers with liquors and cigars the canteen shall also carry quite a full line of general merchandise at moderate prices out upon which the profits will be reasonably large. All post traders who are not abso lutely needed by garcisons far distant from towns are to be relieved and their places filled by well equipped canteens which will be conducted by regular army officers, re-lieved from all other duty except the careful supervision of canteen business. Reports filed in the adjutant general's office shows that the operation of the canteen has been almost a uniform success and that many thousands of dollars have been turned out by

them for the benefit of the enlisted men. Must Preserve the Timber. Senator Carey of Wyoming, a member of the committee on public lands, who is interesting himself in the subject, said to The BEE correspondent this afternoon: "The government must preserve the timber upor its reservations and congress must take im mediate steps in that direction or there is no use setting aside timber or other reserva tions. I think this subject will be compre-hensively treated in a bill very soon and that it will go through both houses without

sen timent. Miscellaneous, Senator Paddock today laid before the senate the petition of the general association of Congregational churces in Nebraska, urging the adoption of the bill increasing the number of chaplains in the army, defining their duties and increasing they efficiency also praying that a moral condition govern-ing promotion be established in the army and navy to the end that no man of immora

delay as there is apparently no division o

character of any rank shall be promoted over one of pure moral character. Assistant Secretary Chandler today affirmed the decision of the general land office in the homestead contest of Alfred H. Housen against Charles Schooley from the North Platte district holding for cancella tion Schooley's entry. He also affirmed the lectsion in the homestead case of Willian Shepherd against James Watkins from Dendwood, S. D., against the claimant. He also affirmed the decision in the mineral entry case of Liberty Millett against John S. Hunt from the Halley land district of Idaho, involving the character of land, deciding that the land is mineral in character, and reject og the desert land application in favor of

C. J. Lesure of Dubuque, In., is at the ormandie. Watsou Pickrell of Beatrice is at Welcker's

James Tutor of Lincoln is at Willard's, Hon. J. J. Richardson of Davenport, Ia., i at the Ebbitt. United States Land Register Bailey of Pierre, S. D., was at the capitol this afternoon under the chaperonage of Representa-tive Pickler. Mr. Bailoy is here on business connected with the Indian land business of

E. Her and wife of Omaha are at the EuclioMatin of Omaha is at the Ebbitt.

IOWA'S LEGISLATURE.

Balance of the House Committees Named

Inauguration Plans. DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 18.-The remaining ommittees of the house were announced this morning. The report of the inauguration committee, providing for the holding of the inauguration ceremonies Wednesday

afternoon, was adopted and the plan for a military display was endorsed. A number of petitions and bills were presented and referred to appropriate committees. Among the latter were the following: Providing for an amendment to the highway laws; for finding the indebtedness of certain cities; for the taxation of mortgages; to regu late liquor license in towns and cities. In all thirty-three bills were introduced, of the majority were legalizations of amendatory of present laws.

After recess a bill was introduced to create public warehouses and regulate the storage usiness. Three other bills of minor in presented and the noise ad ourned untill tomorrow morning. Proposed Bridge for Yankton. Slovx Cirv, Ia., Jan. 18. - | Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - Captain Powell, govern-

of the upper Missouri river, today reported back to Washington favorably a bil combination wagon and railroad high bridge at Yankton. The bill had been referred to

ment engineer in charge of the improvement

Sustained the City. DES MOINES, IA., Jan. 18.—| Special Telesgram to THE BEE. | - An important decision was rendered today by Judge Conrad of the district court between the city of Des Moines and the Capital City Electric Light company | rested.

as te a contract for lighting the city, or for furnishing a certain number of lights at \$11.75 per light. The city had declared itself in favor of cheaper light by letting a second contract to the Water Power Electric gt company, and the Capital City co. asked for an injunction restraining the from fulfilling the second contract, to the city demurred. The demurrer was tained on the ground that the contract mercy an agreement to agree, and there was an agreement there could be bona fide contract.

bona fide contract. Omaha Firms Interested. CHESTON, Ia., Jan. 18. - Special Telegrato Ten Ber. | The United States Wind E gine company and the Crane Manufacturit company of Omaha have filed attachment on the stock of Abernathy & Co., the Leno dealers in buggies and agricultural implements.

GOULD IN PATIENT.

He Declares That He Prefers Harmony Above All Things, New York, Jan. 18.—The Missouri Pacific directors at a special meeting today passed a resolution in which after dwelling upon the importance of maintaining rates, a special meeting of the Western Passenger association is requested to be called and the resolutions were presented to Chairman Miller, It is definitely known that the request will be compiled with and that a meeting will accordingly be called. Missouri officials say that there was no bitterness expressed at the meeting, but it was apparent that in view of the importance of maintaining rates, speedy action should be taken on charges made against officials of the Burlington, Atchison and Southern Pacific roads. Action on these charges were deferred at presidents' meeting last week until the April meeting. This meeting is to be held in Chicago and as there is little hope of a quorum at that time and place the matter would have to go over until the October moeting in New York. Meanwhite the charges would remain undecided and harm would certainly result. The special meeting will be held in New York and the accused officials will be notified to appear and answer

the charges made against them.

Mr. Jay Gould this morning, through a Wall street paper, made these remarks about the Wostern Traffic association, episode: "I have taken no action yet and if any shall be taken, it must be by the board of directors. Nothing will be done hastily. The Western Traffic association has accomplished much good in having strengthened general confi-dence in the stability of rates, and the Missouri Pacific will do nothing uncalled for to impair the association's usefulness. We like to live, and it is for the best interests of the properties, I assist in managing to live in peace with our neighbors. If the directors should take up the matter of the advisory boarn's recent decision, they will strive to reach a concluder. ecision, they will strive to reach a conclusion if possible, and will perpetuate har-mony. Of coarse we do not want the har-

but we are willing to be patient and to forego something for the general good." When asked if this was not a difference between the Leeds case and the one recently postponed to the April meeting by the advisory board, Mr. Gould replied: "Oh, yes; there was some difference. Mr. Leeds made a rate on sugar, did not get the sugar to haul, was condemned by the advisory board and discharged by me. The recently accused officials made a rate on sugar, got it to haul. were not condemned by the advisory board, nor discharged by their roads.

mony to be too great a sacrifice on our part.

"In the meeting where Leeds was con-demned I remember particularly how earnest and forceful the Burlington's representative was. 'I would like to see,' he said, 'a Bur-lington traffic manager brought here in a case of this kind. His head would come off or I would resign from the road.' I have not heard of any officials heads coming off or of any resignations being banded in among our competitors of late."

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. Changes of Interest Occurring in the Regular Service Yesterday. Washington, D. C., Jan. 18. - [Special

Telegram to Tak B :: 1-The following army

Captain Agron H. Apple, assistant sur-

orders were issued today:

geon, is relieved from duty at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., and will report in person for duty to the commanding officer, Fort Buford, N. D., relieving First Lieutenant Julian M. Cabel, assistant surgeon, who will report in person for duty to the commanding officer at Fort D. A. Russell, Wvo. Captain Apple will report by letter to the commanding general, Department of Daxota and Lieutenant Cabel to the commanding general Depart-ment of the Platte. The resignation by Captain Constantine Chase, assistant quar-termaster, of his commission as first lieutenant. Third artillery, only has been accepted president to take effect. December 17 oy the president to take effect December 11. First Lieutenant John Conklin, jr., Second artitlery, is detailed for temporary duty at the Washington navy yard for the purpose of studying the subject of gun construction and to perform such duty in connection with ordi-nance work as may be assigned him by the proper naval authorities. He will report in erson to the secretary of the navy in this ity. Captains Joseph T. Haskell and Richard Eckridge, Twenty third infantry, are de-tailed as members of the examining poard at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., convened Octo 1891, vice Major Louis T. Norris, cavalry and George K. Sanderson,

Eighteenth infantry, relieved. WRECKED BY NATURAL GAS.

Destruction of Property and Narrow Escapes from Death. Columbus, O., Jan. 18 .- A terrific explosion of natural gas, by which a fine residence was destroyed, two churches partially demolished and about fifty houses damaged, and in which the family of Judge John T. Brasse had a narrow escape from death or serious injury. occurred this morning at Lancaster, O. The house was leveled to the ground and its occupants hurled in different directions and slightly injured. The fluancial loss will be

quite heavy. O. S. C. The following are the officers installed in Clan Gordon No. 63, O. S. C., for the year

H. Lawrie, chief; A. C. Troup, past chief; W. R. Drummond, tanist; George McKen zie, chaplain; A. Gavin, secretary; H. M. Murray, financial secretary; T. Paleoner, treasurer; A. Gray, senior hench; A. B. Rutherford, junior hench; W. F. McKenzie, seneschal; W. C. Brown, warder; R. S.

The clan is only now entering upon its third year of existence, and although comparatively young it is one of the largest and best clans in the order. The membership is ncressing very rapidly. Monday evening, the 25th inst., is being cooked forward to very cargeriy by the "Gordons." Of all the Scottish celebraions none are ranked so nigh in the sight of

Beath, sentinel.

Robert Burns, Scotland's immortal bard. Great preparations are being made by the members of the committee for a grand con-certand ball for the 133rd anniversary at Washington hal'. Swallowed by the Western Union, New York, Jan. 18.—A Montreal special says the Great Northwestern Telegraph company, which some years ago entered into a contract to operate the Montreal and Domin-

otchmen as the anniversary of the birth of

operate the two Canadian companies. Will Be No Mil tary Display. LONDON, Jan. 18. - Arrangements for the military feature of the funeral of the duke of Clarence have been abandoned be ause of the inclemency of the weather and the fear

ion Telegraph companies for ninety-nine years, will hand over all its franchises to the

Western Union company which will in future

that the exposure would result in the troops having an attack of influence. Two More Bank O licints Arrested. Lasnon, Jan. 18 -Another director and the cashler of the Banco Lisitano bave been ar-

COLDEST SNAP IN YEARS,

Sunday Night's Weather Sung All Over the Northwest.

LOSS OF LIFE REPORTED IN SOME CASES.

No Immediate Prospect of Warmer Weather -Scarcely Any Snow at St. Paul, but In Other Respects the Situa-

tion is Interesting.

St. Part, Minu, Jan. 18.—The northwest had a baptism of frigidity jast night. The mercury had little chance it took a spirit thermometer to tell the lev tale. At half a dozen points in the northward it was 600 or more below zero, while there were many points among the thirties below. All over the northwest it was the coldast night in years. A little snow has fallen in the northwest since this very cold spell came and the reports show but little wind astir. If there was snow in profusion and high winds much suffering to stock and people in the northwest would no doubt result, From the south and southwest much more snow has fallen. Away down at North Platte, Neb., last night the mercury went down to 24 below. At many southerly points it was, for these localities, intensely cold, The minimum here was 21 below. Some idea of the temperature may be obtained from a glance at the following data, all the figures. being below zero: St. Vincent, 40; Winnipeg, 44: Port Arthur, 26; Medicine, 36; Battie Ford, 44; Moorhead, 34; Fort Buford, 49; Miles City, 40; Bismarck, 34. It was 38⊃ below here this morning, the coldest since the settlement of the county except four years ago this month. There is scarcely any snow and but little wind. Farmers continue to haul grain to market and report all well supplied with fuel. This is the sixteenth day since the intense cold began and there is no prospect of an immediate let up It was 22 = below at noon today and is general all over the state. A motorman on one of the suburban electric cars, who was padiy frozen last week, has died. Storx Fails, S. D. Jan. 18.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Decidedly the coldest weather experienced for six or seven

years is now prevailing in this state. The thermometer registered at noon 22° below and at 5 o'clock this morning it was 29° below. There is no wind.
Books, Ia., Jan. 18.—A cold wave struck

this region last night and the mercury went down 25° below zero. Fors Robinson, Neb., Jan. 18.—|Special Telegram to The Bes. |—This morning the thermometer registered 23° below zero. There was four cases of frost bite among Horwegians here. Under the same conditions the troopers of the Ninth cavalry were working with not a case of frost bite re-

Gunons, Neb., Jan. 18 .- | Special to Tue Brs. | During the last ten days the ther-mometer has stood from 15° to 32° below zero. The snow has been about a foot deep all the time, and at present it is snowing agnin.

Cisston, In., Jan. 18.—[Special Telegram to The Ben.—This morning at 6 o'clock the thermometer showed 16 degrees—below zero, a change of 26 degrees in the past forty-eight hours. There was a snow storm here last night. It drifted badly.

DES MONES, In., Jan. 18.—It is intensely cold here. This morning it was 25, at noon

15 and tonight 30 degrees below. DALLAS, Tox., Jan. 18. - A regular blizzard suddenly and unexpectedly came up late last night. Yesterday a steady rain fell all day and until 3 o'clock this morning, when a burricane of rain and sleet and snow came down, the mercury dropping from 44 to 18. At this hour it is 10 above, with indications that it will get down to zero before morning. The ground is frozen us hard as a stone and is covered with sleet. Business is at a standstill, no hauling of any kind being done.
Cisco, Tex., Jan. 18.—West of here and
from the northwest of Texas a blizzard of

unprecedented severity is extending over the vast plains, and it is apprehended that cattle will be frozen by the thousands. CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Jan. 18.—[Special Telegram to The Bre.]—Last night was the coidest of the season in this portion of the Missouri valley, the thermometer dropping to 34° below zero. The total absence of wind made the weather appear fully 207

warmer than it really was. SHOUX CITY, Ia , Jan. 18 .-- [Special Telegram to The Bre. |—The thermometer at 9 o'clock s ands 22° below zero. The signal service says it will fall to 300 before morn-

Card of Thanks from Immanuel Hospital. OMAHA, Jan. 18 .- To the Editor of THE BEE: Please let us, through your paper, express our thanks for the following donations o Immanuel hospital: A. Elleason, Swedeburg, Neb., 25 pounds of butter and some apples and plums; O. Lindquist, 8 pounds butter: J. G. Cuibertson, South Auburnl Neb., peaches and apples; T. J. Rogers and Dr. J. E. Summers, Omaha, books and perlodicals; Carl Olson, quilt; Mrs. J. F. Helen, some fruit; D. M. Steele & Co., 10 pounds ten; L. M. Lesile, 1 bushel priatoes; J. H. Feilbach & Co., 1 bushel apples: Peycke Bros., 16 quarts cumberries; Bates & Co., 1 case tomatoes; Williams Fleming, 2 Christmas trees; Little & Williams, 1 dozen oranges; Hamilton Bros., 26 pounds beef; Dalkell, 3 pounds candy. Bennetts poungs candy; Bennett's, 14 sack flour, 12 burs soap, \$3 worth of sugar; Marsh, I turkey: Heimrod & Hansen, I Christmas tree; C. L. Stack, some pork; S. J. Vandebeck, ½ bushel sweet potatoes; O. Swanson, some bacon; J. P. Jerpe, 7 dozen wax candles, 1 bacon; J. P. Jerpe, 7 dozen wax candies, 1
dozen pieces tollet soap, 1 broom; S. G.
Johnson, 2 hams; Gilman, 2 sacks flour;
William Gentleman, 1 dozen oranges; Sloan,
Johnson & Co., 1/2 sack flour; Swanson &
Sellgren, 1/4 sack graham flour;
Iler & Co., 1 case of goods;
J. S. Heigren, one load of ice. C. Bross, two
turkers.

turkeys.
All of which are very thankfully acknowledged. After the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees, January 20, we may give to the public a detailed statement of the work during 1891. The cash donations since July 1, will be cknowledge below by the treasurer. Very

respectfully,
E. A. Foglethow, Manager,
OMARA, Neb., Jan. 12, 1892. From July I to December 31, 1891, the fol-owing donations in cash have been received o Immanuel hospital through the manager, Rev. E. A. Fogiestrom: Sowing society, St. Mary's, Kan., \$5; E. A. Cudahy, Omana,\$25; Martin Ittner, Omaha, \$10; McCague Bros. & Martin litner, Omaha, \$10; McCague Bros. & Charlton, \$50; Rees Printing company, \$9.25; Norman A. Kuhn, \$90; Gus Hamel, \$14; J. S. McCormick, \$120; J. A.Fuller & company, \$12; Omaha Oil and Paint company, \$15; Hanna Monson, \$2; Ida Peterson, \$2; J. P. Rosin, Oakland, \$1; J. F. Wilhelmy, Omaha, \$10; Mrs. Mary M. Reed, \$250; Abraham L. Reed, \$250; ash \$2; Mrs. Anna Millard, \$200 J. F. M. Roed, \$250; Abraham I. Reed, \$250; cash, \$2; Mrs. Anna Miliard, \$200; J. F. Helin, \$100; A lady on Farnam street, \$8; Collected by Mrs. Valien Swanson, \$10; C. N. Dietz, \$200; Mrs. Luciqda Monell, \$100; Don, cash, \$25; Mrs. Julia T. Broach, \$5; Omaha Mattress company, \$5; B. C. & M. F. company, by Fred Drexel, treasurer, \$100; Lutheran Thanksgiving collection, \$27; C. B. Havens & Co., \$10; G. A. Lindquist, \$200; E. Rosewater, \$50; Joseph Garneau & Co., in goods, \$50; Frank G. A. Lindquist, \$200; E. Rosewater, \$50; Joseph Garneau & Co., in goods, \$50; Frank E. Moores, \$25; C. W. Hamilton, \$10; Mrs. J. Hill, \$5; H. Olsen, \$2; J. Vallene, \$25; Mrs. R. W. J. Crowell, Christmas donation to patients, \$10; "The Ladies Ald Society of Windsor Place," \$16; Mrs. D's S. S. class, Rockford, Iti, for patients, \$3.60; from ads in "Immanuel Hospital Souvenir," \$60. Total, \$2,002.85.

Total, \$3,099.85. The receipt of the agove is herewith thankfully acknowledged. After the annual meeting a statement will be made showing patrons the work of the hospital during the

wr just ended.
Wm L. McGaous, treasurer,
the man January, 1893.