SUDDENAND TERRIBLE

Over One Hundred Men Hurried Into Eternity by an Explosion in a Coal Mine.

SAD AND AWFUL ENDING OF A DAY OF TOIL.

Mangled and Torn Victims Brought to the Surface Unrecognizable Masses of Flesh.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN INJURED.

Fearful Agony Endured by the Few Who Managed to Escape.

HEARTRENDING SCENES OF SORROW.

Frenzied Wives and Mothers Gather About the Tomb of Dear Ones-Brave Efforts to Rescue the Living and Recover the Bodies of the Dead

SOUTH MCALESTER, L. T., Jan. 8. - Twentyfour hours have elapsed since the terrible fatil explosion in the mine at Krebs, but it is still impossible to even estimate the number of victims. The number who came up alive after the explosion is still undetermined, and can be determined only by a house to house canvass, which is now being made as rapidly as possible. From the facts now at hand it is believed that the killed will be fully 100, the injured 115, about one-half of whom will probably die from the effects of their injuries.

Shaken by an Awful Explosion.

At the hour of the explosion, 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, there was, as near as can be learned, about 400 men in the mine. They were just preparing to ascend the shaft when the explosion took place. Six men, who had already been hoisted in the cage, had just stepped on to the platform at the side of the shaft. The cage was blown through the roof . of the tower, and fifty feet into the air. A tongue of flame shot up the shaft and above the ground fully 100 feet, which was followed by a terrific report which was heard for miles around, and which shook all the neighboring country so violently that the people in the surrounding mining towns thought an earthquake was rocking the ground. The men aircady above ground were prostrated by the force of the explosion, but did not recoive severe injuries.

The scenes about the mouth of the shaft Inmediately following the disaster were piliful. Weeping wives, mothers and sisters florited to the scene from the village at the sound of the explosion, their faces blanched with dread and many of them hysterical to the point of insanity. The air shaft, the only way of escape for the entombed miners, was the point where the relatives of the miners congregated. Many of the miners were able to make their way out of the tomb, and they were welcomed at the surface by their waiting friends.

Terrible Sufferings of the Wounded. The injured were quickly taken to places of

shelter and were tenderly cared for. One man with a broken leg climbed all the listance, 400 feet, through the air shaft and fell unconscious as he reached the surface Others who were terribly burned labored painfully up the ladder strips of flesh falling from their hands and arms as they grasped the ladder rungs. It is believed that fully one-half of the entombed miners escaped by the air shaft. Many of them, however, received mortal injuries, and although none of them are known to have died, at this hour (5 p. m.), it is believed that in some cases death is not far distant.

The news of the disaster spread quickly throug the villages surrounding Krebs Every physician at once volunteered his services, and hastened to Krebs ready to do his duty of mercy. Hundreds of miners from the Braidwood, Ill., and McAleston fields hurried to the scene to do what they could in assisting in the rescue of the ento need men, and the recovery of the bodies of the dead.

Rescuers Brave Death.

The work of rescue was begun at once and has continued all through the dreary hours of last night and today. The work was terribly hazardous, but the hope that some of the unfortunate men might be rescued alive, spirned the rescuers on to many deeds of bravery, and possibly self-sacrifice. The explosion had entirely changed the topog-Paphy of the mine. Many tunnels are closed entirely, and big loose boulders were bala ced peritously on shelves of rock adjoining the air shaft and the mam shaft, which a breach of air might almost hurl down upon the rescuers. Notwithstanding these dan gers the rescuers kept bravely at their work and at 5 o'clock this evening had recovered about forty bodies. The rescuers worked at both the air and the main shafts, and bodies were rescued by both routes.

Names of the Identified Dead.

Those identified were immediately claimed and were carried away by relatives or friends, so that an accurate account of the number has not yet been made. Those identifled number twenty-three and are:

GEORGE LINDSAY, SR., GEORGE LINDSAY, JR., WILLIAM RUSSELL. WIDLIAMS, RUSSELL, GEORGE RTSSELD, JOHN SEE RA. SILVA SPERRA. MICHAED JACOMO EDWARD BLONDON. JOSEPH BLONDON. JOSEPH GENNESSIO STEPHEN VERZENO. EUGENE CAMPASSI. BENNETT MOSS, JOSEPH CARONTO. ANTONIO GENESSAT. THOMAS CAIN. GRAGO ROCCO, JOHN QUINN, JAMES QUINN, MATLOCK QUINN. MICHAEL MESHANE,

EDWARD BIBBLE. At the various places used as .norgue. there were about seventeen unidentified bodies and pieces of bodies.

The search by the rescuing parties still continues. There in one disheartening fact connected with the search up to the present time, and that is that all the podies so far recovered have been found to be burned, charred and maimed, in almost every case beyond recognition. In fully half the cases identification has been made only from either the clothes or the contents of the pockets. In some cases limbs have been severed from their bodies by the force of the explosion and in others the bodies have been burned to a crisp and charred aimost beyond resemblance

Hopes That Some May Be Rescued. There are two encouraging fbets which

followed the explosion, at least there have been no signs of any, and there are known to be live men entombed in the tunnels by fallen boulders. The rescuers can hear faint knockings and far-off shoutings. They are digging in the directions whence the sounds came and hope yet to rescue some of the men alive. The wreck about the mouth of the mine and at the bottom of the hoisting shaft is so nearly complete that the work is dreadfully slow. All the bodies in plain view have been brought to the surface but there are others which can be seen partially hidden under fallen boulders and masses of debris. The work of digging these from their graves goes steadily on and frequently the cage is

hoisted containing the body of another victim. Cause of the Explosion. The cause of the explosion is still undetermined. The probability is that some miner fired a blast without orders which ignited either accumulated gas or coal dust. There is no means of learning the cause now and there may never be unless some of the survivers happen to know the facts. All who have been seen say they have no idea

how the explosion was caused. The scenes at the village of Krebs today were pathetic in the extreme. Those who did not go to the scene of the horror and who had missing relatives were nearly crazed with anxiety, while those whose relatives had returned to them safe from the jaws of death were nearly crazed with joy. Compared with those whose relatives were missing, those who had recovered their dead were almost content. All were saddened beyond measure.

The different miners' organizations meet tonight to arrange the details of the funerals of the dead.

What the Mine Owners Know. Sr. Louis, Mo., Jan. 8 .- Officials of the Osage Mining company in this city, owners of the mine at Krebs, I. T., where the terrible disaster occurred last night, have received a dispatch from McAlester stating that 143 miners have been taken out of the mine alive, but many of them are badly injured. As the press dispatches state there were 350 men in the shaft this report leaves 207 men unaccounted for, all white.

Boller Explosion Kills Five Men. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 8.—The botler of saw mill at Balling, Ala., exploded yesterday, wrecking the mili, killing the engineer and four other employes, and injuring four others, two of them fatally.

Two Killed and Six Injured,

SHAMORIN, Pa., Jan. 8 .- An explosion of gas at the Belison colliery this morning killed two men and injured six others.

GOMPERS ON LABOR PROBLEMS.

He Gives a Representative of the French Government Some Ideas, New York, Jan. 8.-M. Paul Despanel,

who has been appointed by the French government to study the labor problem in this country, cailed on President Compers of the American Federation of Labor yesterday and asked him a number of questions. M. Despanci's first inquiries were: "Are the public authorities of the United

States induced, through public opinion, to enact by law or any other means any movement toward alleviating the condition of the laboring classes, and what is the prevailing sentiment among American statesmen concerning the present and future of labor? He also asked how the disputes of employer and employe were settled and if arbitration was compulsory.

President Compers replied that the laborers relied principally upon their own organized efforts to secure favorable conditions In some instances states had regulated the hours of labor for men, and especially on state work, and the hours of females and children in factories. This was a great thing, he said, in favor of securing reason-

able wages.
Mr. Gompers criticised the French gov ernment for its action toward the striking miners, but Despanel only smiled at the ob-jections. Mr. Gompers said it was a seriou thing for any government to prevent the or-ganization of wage carners as the French government did when they sent soldiers to break up the miners' strike and to arrest and imprison the leaders. He believed trades unions were improving the condition of wage workers and doing it by evolutionary and not revolutionary methods. Every thinking man, he said, must admit that improvement for the working people must come. It essential to the progress of society, trades unions have demonstrated their abil ity to quell passions and secure a gradua improvement, and it would, in his opinion be to the benefit of employers if they would assist in organizing.

M. Despanel listened carefully to Mr. Gompers' argument and promised to call again in a few days.

POWDERLY ON THE CHINESE.

He Urges on the Knights the Necessity Further Exclusion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 8 .- General Mas ter Workman Powderly has just issued an address on the Chinese immigration question which is to be read in all district and local assemblies of the Kuights of Labor. In the address Mr. Powderly says that had not the tide of immigration been checked there would not be a white laborer now at work west of the Rocky mountains, while those east of that range would be retreating before the barbaric hordes, who would work for almost nothing. In speaking of the Chinese restriction act Mr. Powderly says:

"On May 6, 1882, that act was signed b President Arthur. It went into effect ninety days after he signed it, and after the 6th day of next May it will have expired and every barrier to the immigration and importation of Chinese and cheap labor will be swept away. Wages reduced to a level at which manbood cannot be maintained; substitution of the Mongol stave for the American free man; the abandonment of the home for the street and slum; the prostitution of men and women, talents and bodies, and the final overthrow of this republic, are among the possibilities if congress does not re-enact that or a more stringent law for the prohibition of this most service of all races.

"Some of the most powerful influences in the nation are now at work on congress inter-ceding for the Chinese. They are at work on coding for the Chinese. They are at work on congressmen and senators; their missionaries are laying plans for the conversion of the president of the United States to their theories. Standing behind them are the Christian employers of this land, who would rather import a heathen willing to work for barely enough to sustain life than retain a brother Christian at a wage sufficient to enable a man to live as becomes a Christian. able a man to live as becomes a Christian. We do not want the opium or the Chinese who grow it. Both are curses when planted

where civilization has a foothold."

Mr. Powderly makes a strong plea for the restriction of immigration "of a kind that is scarcely any better than that which flows from China.' He says: "I believe that the day has arrived for those who love humanity to protest against the further immigration of hese people. The United States and Canada should not longer constitute the safety valve of Europe. Self-preservation is the first law of nature and the time has come to state fearlessly and unequivocally that the immigration of today is a curse to those who are here, as well as to those who come.

In conclusion Mr. Powderly urges all members of the order to work for the restriction of immigration and the election of United States senators by direct vote.

The Death Roll.

FREEDONY, Hi., Jan. 8 .- Hon. Urban de Macham is dead at the age of 75 years. He was at one time one of the prominent leaders of the national greenback party and was an

ARGUMENTS OF SILVER MEN.

Address Issued by the National Executive Silver Committee.

IT IS A QUESTION THAT WILL NOT DOWN.

Pleas in Favor of Free Coinage and Bimetal lism-A Double Standard Demanded -Facts and Figures from a Silver Standpoint,

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.-The national executive silver committee tonight issued the following address:

The astional silver committee, in session at Washington, declares that continued experience demonstrates that there can be no adequate, or final solution of the money question but by re-endowing silver with the money function and making sliver coins standard money, co-equeal with gold for all

The present policy of making subsidiary money in sliver to be redeemed in gold, and of piling continually higher the fabric of credit and credit money on a constantly diminishing basis of gold, is unsound and unsafe, and must come to an end. The enormous increases in bank credits and other forms of credit currency in recent years, relatively to the volume of gold, in which they are ultimately redeemable, imperits financial stability everywhere and is a standing menace to all business enterprises; for, under this system, panies must occur more certainly and more frequently and be more disastrous when they do occur.

Want Silver and Gold Mape Equal. What is wanted is not more credit curency relatily to standard money, but more standard money relatively to credit and credit currency-a broader basis of primary money, and not a higher superstructure of credit divisions. This can be secured only by making

silver and cold co-equal as money metals with the coinage of both on equal terms.

The act of July 14, 1890, as interpreted by the Treasury department, under which 4,500,000 ounces of silver are to be bought and stored as collateral security for notes re-deemable in gold, makes no addition to standard money, while it raises higher the fabric of credit on a foundation that is growing narrower and not broader. This addition to the currency volume might as well be of greenbacks, as in the form now given to it. It requires, therefore, no extraordinary financral accumen to foresee that this condition cannot long be maintained. The plain solu-tion of the difficulty is the full monetization of the silver accumulated under this act, to the end that this and all other silver that anybody may choose to devote to monetary use, may go to swell the volume of money of final redemption for all other forms of cur-

The facts upon which bimetallists base these conclusions are undisputed and indis-putable. The arguments by which they are established are unanswered and unanswerable.

These facts are that the supply of gold i admittedly inadequated to provide for the world's needs of money; that many times more people are now made to use gold exclusively as standard money than in 1873; that that the production of gold is diminishing, while popular wealth and the commerce and the consumption of gold in the arts are rapidly increasing, the increase in demand for the arts and dentistry in the United States alone being sufficient to absorb, ac-cording to the report of the directors of the mint, in ten years more than the entire gold product of this country. That the value of gold under these influences has largely increased and must continue to increase, and

fest as to require no argument.

If since 1873 both metals had been acces ible for money uses, as for indefinite ages before, the annual addition to the metallic stock of money for the world would have been somewhat less than from 1849 to 1873. but would probably have been sufficient to have maintained reasonable stability in the value of standard money. So, now, while it s as certain as time will continue, that under existing conditions, through inadequacy o supply for money purposes, gold will con-tinue to increase in value and prices meas-ured by gold continue to fall, it is reasonably certain that the supply of both metals will b sufficient to maintain fairly stable relations between money and commodities, and thus secure to the industrial world what it has sorely lacked since 1873.

Foreign Silver No Longer Alarms.

The bugaboo of foreign silver coming here no longer alarms intelligent men. Under free coinage, silver would be \$1.29 au ounce here, it is \$1.38 in India, and with open mints union, which is the value of the coined silver

of Europe.

The requirements of England and continent for silver to pay belances to the east would not be materially changed, a profit of the difference between 95 cents and \$1.38 were made on the silver sent there or only the difference between \$1.29 and \$1.38 India absorbed quite as much silver in the years before the fall of silver here as since, and will continue to absorb both gold and silver. But whether our silver goes abroad at 95 cents or \$1.39 is quite material to this country, not only from the direct loss on the exported sliver, but in the far greater loss sustained on the price of wheat and cotton and their manafactured products, which have and will follow closely the rise and fall of sliver bullion, for reasons so often explained. If wheat at the present time is less influenced by the price of silver bullion than cotton, it is due entirely to the feature of the wheat crop in Europe. If the value of of silver here should fall to 90 cents an ounce, as it probably would if demonit ized, as gold mono-metalists would have it, while its purchasing power among two thirds of the population of the globe continues at from \$1.33 to \$1.38, then the production o silve in this country should be made a crime as its continual production and sale here a the low price, while used in other countries at the high price, would be obstructive o our agricultural and manufacturing interests The silver question, therefore, is an issue and one that vitally concerns the welfare not only of the industrial classes, but o business men generally, and it will not dow at the bidding of any party, nar can it b ignored, thrust aside or doged. It is a living issue and must be met and mettled, and th only permanent settlement of it is the restoration of free bimetallic coinage or the uitimate abandonment of the principle of automatic regulation of money through the production of precious metals. MEXICAN TROOPS FOR TEXAS.

Question of Allowing Them to Cross Di cussed by the Cabinet. Washington, D. C., Jan. 8. - The question

of allowing Mexican troops to enter United States territory in pursuit of Garza and his band has been informally presented to the secretary of state and formed one of the topics of discussion at the cabinet meeting today. It is understood that the Mexican government will soon make formal application for the privilege referred to

The matter was presented to Secretar Blaine by Senor Romero, the Mexican mini ter, a few days ago, in the course of a gener conversation in regard to the case of Garz Mr. Romero remarked that "the Mexica authorities were hampered somewhat in th operations against the insurrectionists by their habit of seeking shelter in United States tarritory whenever Mexican soldiers were in close proximity to them and on the other hand crossing the line into Mexico other hand crossing the line into stexico when necessary to avoid a meeting with United States troops. He was of the opinion that the capture of Garza might be effected without trouble, if the troops of either country were allowed to follow him into con-

Mexico would make formal application to the United States for permission for Mexican troops to enter United States territory in quesuit of Garza, in case such a course is

necessary.

The question is considered to be a most se-The question is considered to be a most serious one, involving a degree of diplomatic and international delicacy of unusual importance. The matter of damage that might be done to American life and property renders the question a difficult one to decide, particularly in view of the present friendly relations between the United States and Mexico. It is said that the secretary of state is opposed to the proposition as tending to establish a dangerous precedent in the treatment of political offenders. No action will be taken by this government however unless

taken by this government, however, unless the natter is formally presented. Under a long standing agreement troops of Mexico are permitted to cross the border in pursuit of hostile Indians and the same privloge has been accorded to the troops of both countries employed in connection with the work of making the international boundary The privilege, however, has never been asked or employed in a case like the present, involving important political consideration.

DISTINGUISHED INVALIDS.

speaker Crisp Almost Recovered from the Grip-Blaine is Better.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8. - Speaker Crisp's health continues steadily to improve. His physician, Dr. Walsh, says he expects to have the speaker out of bed and sitting up in his room within a few days.

The speaker yesterday afternoon dictated several letters and today is feeling better. The lact that it has been deemed best to keep visitors from him has led congressmen and others to think his condition more serious than it now is.

A telegram was sent, January 1, to New York to a son of Dr. Hinkle, the Americus, Ga., family physician of Dr. Crisp, asking the doctor, who was temporarily in New York, to come to Washington to see the speaker. The son was not at his place of business and the telegram was no received for several days. Yesterday a letter was received in explanation of the delay in answering the telegram. It also stated that Dr Hinkle would come over as soon as desired. The speaker's son telegraphed last night that Mr. Crisp was getting along nicely, and that he expected to sit up soon. The telegram closed with these words: "Don't come

over."

Dr. Hyatt, Mr. Biaire's physician, did no call at the house of his patient today. He said that he had not seen Mr. Blaine since last evening, when he had fully recovered from the attack of the day before. He then considered the secretary so well that he told him he would not call again unless called. The attack was brought on by indiscretion in diet and lack of exercise, and with prudence in these respects it would not occur again. Dr. Hyatt, in conclusion, said he regarded the secretary's general health as very good. The secretary's general health as very good.

The secretary spent this morning in his library at home with his private secretary.

Mr. Dent, going over a number of documents which had been transmitted from the

State Department for his examination. When a reporter saw him he was going ahead at his work with his usual zest. He anead at his work with his usual zest. It said he felt quite well, and had been able to eat a satisfactory breakfast of bouillon and toast. He discussed with the reporter the sensational reports of his illness that had been printed. "Some years ago," he said, what the papers printed about my health, but I have quite got over that. It does not disturb me in the least new." I used to be quite sensitive concerning

RECENT ARY ORDERS.

Changes of Interest Occurring in the Reguular Service Yesterday.

Washington, D. Cl. Jan. 8.—[Special Telegram to The Bes.]—The following army

orders were issued today : Brigadier General Wesley Merritt, U. S. A., and Lieutenant Colonel Jacob F. Kent, Eighteenth infantry, are detailed as members of the Army Retiring Board at St. Paul, Minn., conuened by War dated December 9, 1890, viz: respectively

Brigadier General Thomas H. Ruger and Colonel George L. Andrews, Twenty-fifth infantry, hereby relieved. Captain Frank Kidder Upham, First cavalry, will report in person to Brigadier General Wesley Merritt, president of the Army Retiring Board at St. Paul for examination by the board, and on the conclusion of his examination will return to the place of receipt by him of this order. Leave of rbsence for seven days is granted Second Lieutenant William S. Peirce, Second artillery, to take effect upon the conclusion of his examination by the board of officers appointed to meet at Watervliet arsenal, West Troy, N. Y., December S. The leave of absence granted First Lieutenant Frederick Wooley, Tenth infantry, August 13, 1891, is extended two months.

Western Pensions.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 8.—[Special Telegram to The Ber.]—The following list of pensions granted is reported by THE BEE and Examiner Bureau or Claims:

Nebraska: Original-Amos B. Sarratt, William J. Weils, James O. Culver, I. N. Shepherd, Jobes S. Tompkins, August Rhors. Additional-James M. Woodcock, Joseph C. Baird. Increase—Harrison R. Godard. Re-issue—James C. Coleman. Original widows,

otc.—Electa R. Lewis. Iowa: Original—John W. Reamer, J. Underwood, William H. Dangle, J. T. Smith, J. Becket, Isaac Brasted, Charles Kerser, Herman Cooke, J. Springer, George Bush-nell, C. J. Alling, Gardner Wright. Additional—Levis Grub, Madison Boatright, Lloyd D. Pococke, Increase—M. Mitchell John Offill. Original widows-Hannah Wil-liams, S. Malindo Henry.

Blaine Meets with the Cabinet. Washington, D. C., Jan. 8.—Secretary Blaine attended the cabinet meeting today Secretary Elkins also met with the cabinet for the first time. The session fasted nearly three hours.

HE SAVED HIS NECK. Daniel North, Once Scatenced to Hang, Given a Thirty-Three Year Term. PONTIAC, Ill., Jan. 8.-In the circuit court this morning Daniel North plead guilty to manslaughter and was sentenced to the penitentiary for thirty-three years. This was his second trial for shooting City Marshal Hodge in July, 1899. The first trial resulted in his being sentenced to hang, but just before the execution a new trial was granted on a writ of supersedeas issued by the supreme court. This morning, when the trial came up, the plan of not guilty was withdrawn and a plen of guilty of man-slaughter was entered. before the execution a new trial was

Dentes the Monte Carlo Story SAN FRANCISCO, Cat., Jan. 8 .- The reported formation of an eastern syndicate to establish a gaming resort on an island off the coast near Santa Barbara, Cal., is denied by Walter S. Maxwell of Los Angeles, so far as his connection with it is concerned, and by others interested in the island of Santa Cruz, which has been mentioned as the prob-ble location of the resert in a dispatch from Santa Barbara, states that negotiations have been pending to purchase the island of Santa Rosa for such a purpose, but as it is em-braced within the state it is subject to state and county laws relative to gaming, and the question is raised whather the project is

Working up Hill's Boom. Ngw Yong, Jan. 8.- A Washington special says that at a gathering last night of representative democrats from Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, Indiana and Jother western and southwestern states, they piedged their

sid in making Hill the party's candidate for

George and Walthall Sure of Election JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 8. - The democratic members of the legislature, in caucus last tiguous foreign territorp. In order to test the sentiment of this government on the question, he intimated that the president of the re-election of these gentlemen.

COUNTY OFFICERS ARRESTED,

Adams County's Treasurer and Deputy Charged with Embezzlement.

PART OF THE FUNDS RECOVERED.

Fen Thousand Dollars in Cash Paid Toward Settling a Portion of the Shortage-Rumors of Other Questionable Transactions,

HASTINGS, Neb., Jan. S .- [Special Tele-gram to THE BEE] -- Deputy Treasurer Emanuel Fist, who was last night arrested on warrantsworn out charging him with embezzlement and being accessory to embezzlement, remained in the charge of Deputy Sheriff Boyd last night. This morning he was taken to the court house, and toward noon was arraigned before County Judge Burton. By mutual consent his preliminary examination was postponed until January 28. Bail was fixed at \$10,000.

County Treasurer Paul was placed under arrest about 11:30, charged with embezzling \$30,000 belonging to Adams county. His oreliminary hearing was postponed until behaves 20. Bail was fixed at \$10,000. The Board of Supervisors did not refer to the matter of the deficit until near noon. Then the report of the committee, showing that \$21,770 of the deficit had been covered, was adopted after considerable discussion. The various proposals made by the bonds men for the settlement of the \$30,000 short

age confessed by Deputy Fist were not acted on at the morning session of the board, Discussing a Compromise,

At the afternoon session of the board number of the leading attorneys of the city were requested to favor the supervisors with their views. Several complied, and the at their views. Several complicit, and the st-torneys were asked whether the County Board of Supervisors had the right to pass upon matters involving an official bond. The question was fully contested pro and con by the attorneys and the leading financiers of of the city. The authorities adduced by those arguing that the board had the power were more exhaustive and convincing than were more exhaustive and convincing than those presented by the other side. The question of the advisability of making such The such compromise with the bondsmen was then discussed at length, both by members of the board and by those of Mr. Paul's

bondsmen who were present.

The first compromise proposition made by the bondsmen to give individual notes without security and interest was specifily tabled after William Korr, president of the Adams County bank, declared that neither he nor A. L. Clark, president of the First National, both bondsmen, would sign such notes. The second proposition to pay \$10,000 cash toward settling the shortage of \$31,000 confessed by Deputy Fist was considered, and after a lengthy debate was carried by a vote of 14

As this action does not release the bondsmen from further liability in general, it is quite favorably regarded. The original shortage of \$22,000 has been settled by the bondsmen. If the further deficit of \$30,777 is to be further reduced tomorrow by \$10,000, the county will have less than \$31,000 to lose or recover by litigation.

Released on Bail,

Treasurer Paul obtained ball this afternoon, George Wilkins, F. J. Benedict, H. M. Oliver and George H. Pratt becoming his

The affair has set the whole city and county agog with excitement. The wildest rumors are prevalent on the street, one of which is vouched for by city officials, is that in 1887, when Fist was city trensurer and Jay Cherry tax collector, he turned over to Fist as city treasurer some \$1,400, for which he could show receipts for but \$1,200. He was suspected of shortage, but on investigaon was honorably acquitted of the charge The \$200 was in city warrants which was found to have been paid the same day Cherry turned the tax collections over to Fist. Fist promised to settle the matter inside of ten days, but as yet he has not done so.

Buffalo County's Officials, Kearney, Neb., Jan. 8 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- The new county officials took possession of their respective places this porning and the old ones stepped down. The official roster of the county now is: H H. Seeley, clerk; Lyman Cary, treasnrer; Peter O'Brien, clerk of the court; John Nutter, Sheriff; N. P. McDonaid, superin-tendent of scnools and Thomas H. Cornett, county judge. The last two were re-elected on the republican ticket and the others are the favored ones by the independents. Three democratic clerks were retained and the others took their leave with their superiors.

State Normal School Reopened. PERU, Neb., Jan. 8 .- | Special to THE BEE. 1-Yesterday the State Normal school reopened after the holiday vacation. Many new students have arrived and the prospects for a successful term's work are good Nearly 400 students have registered this time and at least 100 more are expected. In the higher course the classes are so large that there is not room enough in the labratories to accommodate them all. There has been a great deal of sickness in in the school for several weeks past. This

morning but two of the professors were able Prof. Farnham was taken sick while in Chicago during the holidays and is unable to return to his post.

They Want a Beet Sugar Plant. MAYWOOD, Neb., Jan. 8. - | Special to THE BEE, j-The citizens of Maywood held a very enthusiastic meeting Thursday night on the beet sugar question. H. A. Edhili was elected to correspond with eastern parties for propositions to put in a sugar factory.

The farmers of this vicinity are in carnest, and will plant 3,000 acres of beets if anyone can be found to put in a plant at Maywood.

Nebraska Mortgages. KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 8 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-In December the farm mortgages filed for Buffalo county amounted to \$30,719

filed for Buffalo county amounted to \$30,719; released, \$138,237. City mortgages filed, \$89,-164; released, \$17,851; Chattels filed, \$119,-960; released, \$14,414.

Schuylen, Neb., Jan. 8.—[Special to The Bee.]—The following mortgages were filed in Colfax county last month: Farm mortgages filed, forty-ore, \$25,000. City mortgages filed, six, \$5,700; released, forty-ore, \$25,000. City mortgages filed, six, \$5,700; released, six, \$4,388,00. Chattel mort-\$5.700; released, six, \$4,348.00. Chattel mort gages filed, forty-five, \$18,059.66; released forty-eight, \$6,324,20.

Buffalo County's Bar Banqueted. KEARNER, Neb., Jan. S .- | Special to THE Brg. |- The retiring cierk of the court, Will G Nye, and Sheriff John Wilson gave the members of the Buffalo county bar a grand oyster supper last night. After court adjourned the car, with Judge Homer at the head, marched to Everson's restaurant where, amid the stories, reminiscences and speeches of the party, systers in all the various styles in which they are estable were served to the guests.

Speeches were made by F. C. Calkins, R. A. Moore, W. L. Greene, H. M. Sinclair, Judge Homer, John Dryden and others in which the retiring clerk and sheriff were publicly thanked for the many courtesies extended to the par while discharging their official duties. After thanking Mr. Warren Pratt for the reading of a poem suitable to the occasion, the bar adjourned.

Old Officers Retired. NEBRUSKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 8. - [Special to THE BEE |- The new county officers were sworn in yesterday. There were out three changes. The list is: R. M. Taggert, county clerk; J. C. Boyd, sheriff: William Young, member of the Board of County Commis-

Last evening a number of the friends of the retiring commissioner, Mr. N. P. Dakan, assembled at the court house, and after an

hour pleasantly spent in exchanging jokes and review.ng the political incidents of the past, Judge Eaton arose and in a very dignified manner presented Mr. Dakan with a very fine easy office chair. Mr. Dakan is held in the highest esteem by his official friends.

Dr. McGrew Given a Certificate. LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 8 .- | Special to THE Ben. |-The State Board of Health yesterday reopened the case of Dr. J. E. McGrew of Omaha, and after a hearing reversed the order made at a previous meeting and granted the doctor a certificate to practice.

Grocery Store Closed. GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Jan. 8 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The grocery store of George H. Rider was closed this morning by the Bank of Commerce under a chattel mortgage of \$1,400. Other claims have since been filed to the amount of \$1,100. The assets are about \$2,000.

A. O. U. W. at Hooper. FREMONT, Neb., Jan. 9. - Special to The Ber |- Deputy Grand Master J. F. Hallowell of Grand Island instituted a new lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen at Hooper tonight. The lodge starts out under favorable auspices and with a good membership.

' Narrowly Escaped Death. BEATRICE, Neb., Jan. 8 .- | Special to Tite Bss.]-J. H. Dukehart, head miller at the Holmesville flouring mills, while adjusting a belt on the upper floor of the milis, was caught yesterday morning in a pulley by the coat and was whirled around the pulley, which was revolving at the rate of 119 revolutions per minute. The shaft was a horizontal one and Mr. Dukehart was thrown completely over it, striking his head on a rafter as he was passing. He was otherwise severely braised, but none of his injuries are of a serious character.

Beatrice is just now enjoying a grand skating carnival. The ice on the river was never in better condition for skating. It has not, however, attained a sufficient thickness for commercial purposes and with the prevailing mild season the ice men are a little anxious as to the outlook for next season's

supply.

The new officers of Gage county entered upon their duties yesterday. I. J. Frantz, republican, succeeds Harry W. Davis as county treasurer; Robert Kyd. republican, succeeds W. R. Jones, democrat, as sheriff; A. A. Reed, republican, succeeds Miss Maria Upson as school superintendent; Dr. R. H. Albright, republican, succeeds Dr. O. W. Wells as coroner; A. G. Keim, clerk; W. S. Bourne, county judge, and R. D. Kennedy, surveyor, all republicans, succeed themsupply. surveyor, all republicans, succeed themselves. Treasurer Frantz has made exCounty Treasurer J. F. King his doouty,
and Will C. Dorsoy clerk. Sheriff Kyd has
appointed as his deputies ex-Marshal Ed
Wilson of Beatrice and ex-City Marshal
Frantz Acting of Wymore Palaget Kyd in Frank Acton of Wymore. Robert Kyd, jr., is made jailor.

Kansas Fugitive Caught. ALEXANDER, Neb., Jan. 8-[Special to Tur. BEE. |-Last night the constable went out in the country about three miles and arrested John Bronillette for breaking jail at Beloit, Mitchell county, Kan., on the night of November 7. He was accused of stealing grain from a farmer in that county.

Dodge Caunty's Alliance. FREMONT, Neb., Jan. 8 .- | Special to THE BEE. | - The Dodge County alliance in its annual session held at North Bend elected annual session held at North Bend elected the following officers for the ensuing year: F. A. Howe, president; J. M. Cruickshank, vice president; Hugh Robertson, secretary and treasurer; J. W. Sherwood, lecturer; Solomon Kern, doorkeeper; Joseph Dowell, assistant doorkeeper; F. C. Scott, sergoantat-arms; Frank Haynes, D. Jones, C. A. Devine, J. A. Garner, James Harvio, executive committee.

tive committee. Sent to the Industrial School.

FARMONT, Neb., Jan. 8 .-- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-A few nights since the ore of Kemp Putt & Co of this city was entered and several articles of clothing were taken. Herbert Cochran, a youth of this place, was suspected, and this morning, on hearing of his arrest at Friend for a similar offense, Mr. Kemp boarded the flyer and paid young Cochrane a visit. He was wear-ing the clothes taken from Kemp's store. At his hearing in Friend today he was sentenced to the state industrial school at Kearney.

This will be his second term at that school. KEELEY IN KANSAS.

Discoverer of the Great Gold Cure Invades

Prohibition Headquarters. LEAVENWORTH, Kan. Jan. 8 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE, |-Dr. Leslie E. Keeley of Dwight, Itl., discoverer of the bichloride of gold remedy for drunkenness, lectured before the largest audience ever assembled in Leavenworth last evening. Crawford's op-ra house was crowded, and hundreds were turned away. On the stage with him were some of the most prominent men in Kansas, with delegates from Kansas City, Atchison and Topeka. - He also addressed the Bi-chloride of Gold club at the lub rooms after the 5 o'clock "shot.

He was tendered a reception at the beautiful residence of M. H. Insier in the after noon, which was a fashionable ovation. found the Leavenworth branch of his in a most prosperous condition, and stated that it had done the largest and most successful business of any for the same length of time running.

He goes from here to Excelsior Springs,

Mo., where he will be the guest of Hon. Sam Scott until Sunday evening, and will be joined by the Kansas City By-chloride of Gold club, who will be Mr. Scott's guests on Saturday night and Sunday. In the course of two weeks he will return

and lecture before the club at Kansas City after which he will visit Omaha.

DUBLIN CASTLE DYNAMITERS. Three French Anarchists Arrested Charged

with Causing the Recent Explosion LONDON, Jan. 8.-The police assert today that they have arrested, in connection with the recent explosion at Dublin castie, a group of anarchists residing in Walsali, Staffordshire. The prisoners were Frenchmen named Cailes, Marle Pibeline, with whom Calles is living, and Frederick Charles, They have been respanded to jail for examination a week hence. Papers giving the details of the plot and the names of the persons implicated in the conspiracy have been found. The prisoners had in their possession materials used in making bombs. The police say other arrests are likely to follow.

LONDON, Jan. S. - Severe snow storms, ac companied by intensely cold weather, prevail a many parts of the United Kingdom. The snow fall is so heavy that railway traffic is greatly impeded and telegraphic communication is interrupted.

Steamer Sunk by a Collision LONDON, Jan. 8 .- The British steamer Crystai, fro a Leith for New York, collided with the steamer Ida at Shields today and sank. No lives were lost.

MESSIAH CRAZE IN MEXICO.

Indians Defeat a Detachment of Troops, But Are Later Captured, City or Maxico, Jan. 8. - Considerable ex-

itement provails over the exploits of two Indians, a man and woman, in the state of Chihuahua, who gave themselves out as messighs and succeeded in surrounding themselves with a crowd of turbulent and fanatical followers, with whom they crossed the Sierra Madre and defeated a detachment of the Eleventh federal regiment at Cabera, in Sonora, killing Captain Corribet and some of the rank and file. Subsequently they were overtaken and fefeated. Some of them were captured and the rost are wandering in the mountain fastnesses.

MILLS KILLED THE MEASURE.

Specific Ta 7 ill Program Will Be au trogram ute Failure.

THIS IS H - 2 VENGE FOR DEFEAT. It is Not at bobable That Their Will Be Any P 1 Legislation of Importa 2 t This Session

> WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. S.

+longress.

It is very generally conceded now by the principal representatives of both the Mills and Crisp wings of the democratic party in the house, that the specific tariff bill program will be an absolute failure. Since Mr. Mills has given notice that his defeat for the speakership "must be rebuked by the democratic party or a large element will abandon the party in the coming struggle." The letter of Mr. Mills from which this quotation is made was published this morning, and was the subject of general comment in both ends of the capitol today. It is regarded as conclusive evidence that Mr. Mills will not stand back and depend upon his friends in the house to avenge his defeat, but will take a hand himself, if indeed he is not the leader of the avenging wing of the party under the present condition of affairs among the majority of the house. It is not at all propable that there will be any tariff or other political bills of importance passed at this session.

Cleveland's Friends Alarmed. Considerable uneasiness is being shown by the friends of ex-President Cleveland over the alliance which has been formed between Sonators Hill of New York and Gorman of Maryland. Today it was a general topic viconment and the conclusion arrived at was that these two democratic leaders will join in naming the next presidential caudidate of their party. It is the bolief that they have in fact stready arrived at a conclusion and that neither Hill nor Cleveland is to be the nominee—that it will be either Gorman or a western man. It is stated by the senatorial friends of these two men that they have intimated an opinion that the nomination should this year go west, but the next time to be given to the east, yet the man should be so well known in public life as to forestall any objections to him from the east as to mexperione. He will not, therefore, be ex-Gov-ernor Gray of Indiana, who is not in favor with any of the prominent eastern leaders. Senator Palmer of Illinois is ruled out by age and Governor Boies of Iowa on account of his financial policy.

Declined to Be Assisted,

advertisement in the Washington papers tonight states that the landeau and horses of the late Secretary Windom will be sold at auction tomorrow. This has led to the impression that the widow of the late secretary was in straightened circumstances. When Mr. Windom died several of his intimate friends undertook to raise a fund which would place Mrs. Windom in something more than comfortable circumstances. The secre tary left a small amount of property and money, but it was not more than sufficient to allow the widow to live in the most frugal and modest way. Senators Washburn and McMillin started the ball rolling by putting down their names for \$1,000 each, and several other wealthy senators added like amounts. Then the list was taken to the Union League cinb in New York, where Mr. Mills, the father-in-law of Whitelaw Read, and Chauncey Depaw and others added \$1,000 items until the total was swelled up to about, \$25,000. It was intended that the total should not stop short of \$50,000. An effort was made to keep the subscription secret, so as not to distress the friends of Mr. Windom, and it is said that Mrs. Windon, finally con cluded not to be the beneficiary of these generous gentlemen.

Miscellaneous

Senator Sherman was welcomed back to the capital by scores of senators and members of the house, who not only warmly congrat-ulated him but filled his committee table with flowers. Even Mrs. Sherman is being congratulated upon the victory her husband won in his re-election, and at her reception today she was made to feel that the women as well as the men have an interest in the retention of John Sherman in the senate. He regards his victory as one for the present administration, as an effort was made he says, to combine his own opponent with those

of the president. Charles Gates has been recommended for appointment as postmaster at Piorce and William Erddle at Kent, Neb. The proposition to change the Star mail route from Gearing to Alliance so as to include Camp Clark. Bayard and other places, has been decided by the Postoffice depart-ment to be inexpedient, on the ground of expense and injury to the main portion of service on that route. C. D. Schwerdtman was today appointed

costmaster at Andrus, Bon Homme county Mrs, Manderson's first formal reception of were a gown of black turcoman satin, bro-caded in turquoise blue. Among the ladies of the receiving party were Mrs. Fred Stevens, in black and white brocade, and

Miss Semers of Omaha, in pink crepe. In the tea room Mrs. Stevens presided.

The comptroller of the currency has appointed Mr. Lewis L. Lostetter of Iriquois receiver of the Huron National bank at Huron, S. D. As stated some weeks ago by a Bee special, the capital stock of the riuron National bank has become so badly impaired that it cannot longer continue busi-

Waiter Butler of Iowa has entered upon his auties os a page in the house. P. S. H.

SITUATION VERY CRITICAL.

More Troops Ordered to Seward County to Prevent Prisoners Being Rescued. TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 8 .- Governor Humphrey has received a dispatch from General Roberts stating it is rumored and deheved in Arkalon that an attempt would be made to rescue the four prisoners, being held. At the suggestion of Judge Botkin Governor Humphrey at once wired General Roberts to concentrate his forces at Springfield, stating he would send additional forces. The wichita company has

been sent to Arkalon. The governor regards the situation in Seward county as very critical and did not go to bed until a late hour this morning, in order

that he might receive any communication General Roberts might send. Five More Arrests Made.

SPRINGFIELD, Kan., Jan. 8.—A special via Argaion says: There is no event worthy of note except, the arrest of five more men on warrants charging them with some connection with the attacking party. Thirty more warrants are out for such men.
A squad of soldiers accompanied
the deputy sheriffs when they made these
arrests and no resistance of any sort was
made. The men arrested were taken to Arkalon to appear before a justice there The charge against one man was dismissed as there was no evidence to back it. The bar of the district court has chosen William E. Hurchinson to act as judge protem and he will adjourn court from day to day until the trouble subsides.

Funeral of the Khedive. Carno, Jan. 8 .- The funeral of the knedive took place this afternoon at Abdin palace. The services throughout were of a simple character. Over 200,000 persons witnessed the funeral. Ex-President Porter Slowly Sinking

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 8.—Ex-President Noan Porter of Yale is gradually sinking and his death is thought to be near.

urge the rescuens on to the work. No fire | ex-mayor of the city.