OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 2, 1892.

PERKINS SUCCEEDS PLUMB.

Kensas' Vacant Place in the United States Senate Filled.

SHORT BIOGRAPHY OF THE NEW SENATOR.

Sherman and Foraker's Forces in Ohio

Working for Their Leaders-Present Status of the Situation in the State-Both Sides Sanguine.

Topera, Kan., Jan. 1 .- The fight is ended. The new year was ushered in most auspicously for ex-Congressman Perkins. He has been appointed to the senatorial chair

ade vacant by the death of Sonator Plumb. All day the governor discussed the senatorial situation with himself. Early this morning his private secretary announced that Governor Humphrey would receive no callers, donying himself to all alike, whether on a private, public or political errand. At 10 o'clock the governor entered the executive office and began pacing up and down the floor. The Heutenants of the various candidates were on hand. They were informed by the governor that he would not receive them. His wishes served to count for little. The numerous callers proceeded to crowd in the executive reception room, declaring they would wait for a favorable opportunity, and it took considerable argument on the part of the private secretary to dislodge them from their vantage ground. This, however, was eventually accomplished and the governor for the first time in a week was left to consider the altuation alone. The lientenants migrated to the Copeland, where most of them had head

Perkins Receives His Appointment. All day long the feeling was strong that

ex-Congressman Perkins would receive the appointment and when it became known that the governor had signed his commission as senator from the state of Kansas no one, either a bitizen or a politician, evinced any very considerable surprise. The commission was signed at 5:15 o'clock and immediately taken to Mr. Perkins, who was at the Cope-

The news spread rapidly throughout the city and in a brief time a large number of citizens gathered at the hotel, irrespective of political belief, and offered Mr. Perkins their congratulations; nor were his former political contestants in the race for the appointment delinquent in that respect. They came from all portions of the town, for many of them had eaten New Year's dinner with their friends in Topeka, and they, too, offered their congratulations. Congratulatory telegrams have been pouring in from all points of the country east and

west all the evening.

The appointment gives general satisfaction and will, it is thought, have the effect of solidifying the opposing factions in the republican party in a phalanx that will present a solid front to the enemy at the next Unique Political Contest.

The contest for the appointment was an unique one even in Kansas politica. The death of Senator Plumb had scarcely been announced before the various aspirants began laying wires for the succession to his seat. Before his body reached Kansas the contest had fairly commenced, and during the funeral journey from Kansas City to the grave the war went merrily on. The day after the funeral the positical nosts, which had been in attendance upon the solemn occasion, assembled in Topeka. The various candidates went to work with a system. shed headquarters at the variou hotels, chose their lieutenants and mar-shaled their forces as if there was a whole legislature to work upon instead of one

The governor decided to give each candidate and his friends an open hearing for the presentation of their claims, and as each candidate was announced he was given a number according to the succession of his an-nouncement. Two candidates were heard each day until the list was exhausted, the x haustion of the list taking place Wednes-lay. Since that time the governor has apparently been thinking the matter over, weighing the claims of the various aspirants although it is said by some that his choice was made immediately after the death of

Senator Plumb was announced The most prominent candidates were Congressman Funston, ex-Congressman Morrili, Major J. K. Hudson, editor of the Topeka Capital, the republican newspaper organ of the state; Benjamin Simpson, United States District Attorney J. W. Ady, a host of obscure candidates and a numbe horses. George W. Peck, general solicitor of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Ferailroad, and Chief Justice Horton of the Kansas su preme court were preminently mentioned a first, but both peremptorily announced at the very outset that they could not accept the appointment.

Biography of Mr. Perkins.

Bishop W. Perkins was born in Rochester O., and was 59 years old October is last. He was educated at the public schools and at Knox college, Galesburg, Ill. After leaving college he went to Colorado and on his return. in 1862, he enlisted in company D. Eighty-third Illinois volunteer infantry. He served third litinois volunteer infantry. He served as sergeant and deutenant and in December 1863, was appointed adjutant of the Sixteenth colored infantry. Later he was assigned to duty as captain of Company C of the same regiment. He served as judge advocate on the staff of General Gillem and also in the same position on the staff of General Steadman, was mustered out at Nashville in May

\$66, returned to illinois and resumed the udy of iaw, sending with O. C. Gray at daws. After being admitted to the bar in s67 be located at Pierceton, Ind., where he remained until he came to Oswego, Kan., April, 1869. The same year he was pointed county attorney and the follow year probate judge, which office he held until of the Eleventh judicial district. He was re dected in 1874 and 1878, and in November 1882, was elected a member of congress from the Third district. He was re-elected for ago at the hands of the farmers alliquee.

OHIO'S SENATORIAL RACE.

Sherman and Foraker's Forces Hard at Work-Both Sides Claim Everything. Columbus, O., Jan. I. - Upon the wavering

uncertainty of less than a dozen men depends the solution of the Onio senatorial contest. The battle for senatorial honors which began immediately after the November election has been unremittingly waged over since by the followers of Senator Sherman and ex-Governor Foraker, until the opening of the new year finds the lines so closely drawn that nine-tenths of the republican legislators have been compelled to openly declare their prefer-erices. This leaves but a little squad of waverers, and so intense is public anxiety that they visid to the general of

soon yield to the general clame, and by their open declarations furnish the solution to the contest. There will be nucety-tures republicans in the senatorial cancus, and of this number it is conceased by the opposition sides that Sherman and Foraker each have about forty-two or forty-three votes definitely pledged. Of the eight or nine non-committal, each side makes positive chaims of having secret pledges of fully two-thirds of the doubtful, but as these gentle-men themselves refuse to give any public declaration of their intentions, and state they are waiting to hear fully from their constituents, no one can positively predict how they will ultimate'y vote. This is the situation concisely expressed, and no cool-headed politician tonight denies this situation or assumes to predict the result until thes ubiful gentlemen have made an open declaration.

Counseling with Their Followers, The opening of the day witnessed only 12-

creased activity in the headquarters of the rival candidates. Senator Sherman arose early and had several conferences with his lieutenants before he descended to an 8 o'clock breakfast, and ex-Governor Foraker was also up with the sun and equally diligent in counseling his followers to activity in the

approaching crisis. approaching crisis.

The two rivals have their headquarters on the parior floor of the same hotel, and as there is but a few steps' distance between them, each camp has excellent facilities for watching the movements of the other and checkmating the political surprises which quickly succeed each other. So far as the two candidates themselves are concerned, each seems equally conflict this graning. each seems equally confident this evening Neither cares to give figures and both refer the interviewer to some trusted lieutenant when details are demanded.

The press must excuse me from anything "The press must excuse me from anything in the way of an interview," said ex-Governor Foraker pleasantly, "as I have preferred all along to say as little as possible for publication. There is nothing in the situation today to after my hopefulness as to the outcome. My friends here can probably give you more details as to men and figures than I can."

The friends of the exeguror expressed.

The friends of the ex-governor expressed the greatest confidence in his ultimate suc-cess and insisted that they had assurances of support from more than half the members-

Claims of Foraker's Lieutenant. "We do not give names," said George Cox of Cincinnati, Foraker's Hamilton county manager, "because it would be unjust to gen-tlemen who have interests in the coming house and senate caucuses tomorrow afternoon, and whose personal interests or can-didates for house offices might suffer opposition should they now declare them-selves. Some of these gentlemen are caudidates themselves and others have caudidates for house or senate offices, and they quite naturally believe in postponing the senatorial matter until after the preliminary caucuses are held. The house caucus, to nominate a speaker and minor officials, and the senate caucus, to nominate a president pro tem, and subordinate officers, will both be held tomorrow noon and evening. After they are over the doubtful members will promotly declare themselves on the sena-torial question and the American public will know by tomorrow night who is to succeed John Sherman. We claim that it will be Joseph B. Foraker and we base this claim upon personal assurances we have received from over half the members of the general assembly.

Confident Sherman Workers. A visit to the Sherman headquarters found

his followers equally cheerful in the assurance of success.
"We are not giving figures or names, said Chairman Hahn of the state committee, who is Senator Snerman's chief lieutenant, "but we claim the nomination of John Sherman. We already have pledges enough to warrant this statement, and we expect increased strength from the few remaining

ountful members."
The doubt surrounding the position of Mr. Thomas of Stark county, whose nomination is said to have been due to the Foraker inlueuce, lends many persons to believe tant the gentleman's actions are due to the in-fluence of Major McKiniey, and that the governor-elect is taking a hand in a quiet way against Mr. Foraker. Mr. Thomas is prom-inent in labor circles, and it is claimed that he owes his seat to the personal efforts of John P. Jones, president of the state organization of United Mine workers, a man whose preference for Foraker is equally well known. However this may be, Mr. Thomas has just declared the state of himself unequivocally for Sherman, and many of the Forakers of Stark county, and not a few of the ex-governor's supporters here, declare that Major McKiniov has influ-enced the course of the representative of his county. This growing storm was promptly checked tenight by Mr. Cox, Foraker's Cincinnsti manager.

Maintained a Strict Neutrality. "This report does great injustice to Governor McKinley," said he, "and I want to say now that Mr. Foraker and his friends do not hold McKiniey responsible for Thomas' actions. We believe the governor has maintained throughout a position of strict neu-trality and he should not be hastily accused of interference. He has been fair and frank and has taken no part."

Representative Axline of Perry, who has been classed in the doubtful list, with a probable leaning towards Foraker, has declared for Sherman. Representative Allan Greene reached the city and confirms report that he will vote for Governor For Thus the day's declarations show no relative change in the situation, the eight or nine doubtful men still holding the key to the situation. The Cuyahora county, or Cleveland delegation, will be somewhat di-vided, although Senator Sherman will unjuestionably get a majority of the eleven them, but this claim is an extravagant one, Governor Foraker's friends even insisting that they will get as many as four votes from the Cuyanoga delegation. However this may be, no effort is being lost to win some of the Cleveland votes for the ex-governor,

Petition for the Ex-Governor. A second delegation of Cleveland citizen arrived today in Foraker's interest, bearing a petition to which was attached the signa tures of 1,000 representative men, represent ing particularly the shipping interests of Cleveland, who make a very strong appeal to the Cuyahoga delegation to support J. B.

Forager, This afternoon the delegation of Cleve land citizens, headed by Mr. Bradner, called upon Mr. Foraker in a body, assured him that he had many triends in Cuyahoga county and he would receive the support of at least a portion of their assemblymen. Governor Foraker responded in a brief speech, which was foundly applauded.

The farmers alliance has not proven itself a very potent political factor in Ohio, but

strenuous attempts are being exerted to se-cure the influence of the organization against he re-election of Senator Sperman. Mr. J. P. Mitchell, chairman of the legislative com-mittee of the Franklin county alliance, states this evening that he is here to oppose Sena-

tor Sherman. Senator Sherman's friends treat Mr Mitchell's statements with unfelgred levity, and insist that he represents nobody but him-self in his declarations, and that the farmers alliance, as an organization, is taking no formalaction in the contest,

Trying to Boom McKinley. Representative Weish of Knox county still maintains his peculiar position in the contest and is hilariously trying to create a McKinley boom, greatly to the embarrassment of the governor-elect. He has announced positively that he will never support Sherman and asserts that the proper solution of the ques-tion is the election of Major McKinley, who, he says, is a national character, is clean and honest and able, and has not had any part in the animosities of the present campaign, will unquestionably vote for IdeKinley, the friends of Mr. Foraker claim they receive his support on the second ballot should the centest te prolonged to a second ballot. They concede, however, that one ballot will probably settle the fight.

The legislative caucus for the nomination

of the officers of the house will be held at ; o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The United States senatorial cancus will not be held until Wednesday next, but there is no doubt that the house coutest will be practically set-tied long before that and that the cancus will

be but a mere formal affair,
It is generally conceiled that Hon, James
A. Neal of Butler county, chalman of the democratic state executive committee, will receive the democratic caucus nomination for United States sonator. The honor is merely a complimentary one, of course, and is a recognition of the gentleman's services to the party in the last campaign.

Safe in the Harbor, San Diego, Cal., Jan. 1 .- The Charleston entered the harbor today. She came direct from Honolulu to San Diego and did not call at Acapulco as exoseted. Tomorrow she will take amountion held for her by the cruiser San Francisco and will then wait for further orders from Washington.

Had a Poor Year. HAVERRELL, Mass., Jan. 1-Tho total shoe shipments for the year have been 293,035 cases, against 227,700 cases for 1890, showing a falling off of 35,700 cases in the shipments, and diminishing the amount paid for labor 2017 700.

THEY DEMOLISHED THE SAFE.

Burglars Go Through the Colfax County Treasurer's Office.

BUT NO FUNDS WERE SECURED.

Outer Doors of the Vault Opened and the Walls Penetrated by the Determined Gang-Other News

from Nebraska.

SCHUYLER, Neb., Jan. 1 .- [Special Telegram to Tag Beg.]-Burglars made an attempt to crack the safe in the county treasurer's office last night, but did not succeed in getting it open. An entrance was effected by forcing the outer door of the office and then by digging a hole through the eighteen inch brick wall which separates the vault from the office. After gaining entrance to the vault they tried to open the doors from the inside, but only succeeded in opening the inner ones by wrenching the bars and bolts

The money vault is the same as used by banks, except a time lock. The outside bolts, bars and combination timber were all wrenched and broken off. A hole was drilled in the door, but before reaching a sufficient depth the drill broke in the hole and made further attempt useless. Though the hole had been charged with powder, a quantity sufficient to epen the door could not be used. The treasurer states he had only \$150 in cash in the safe, but a large amount of valuable paper. An expert has been sent for to open the safe. The damage will amount to about \$350, providing a new door can be obtained for the safe. There is no clew to the

burglars. New Year's Greetings. FREMONT, NEB., Jan. 1.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The new year was ushered in at Fromont with more than the usual amount of din and coremony. The young people had organized several watch parties "to see the old year out and the new year in." At midnight nearly all the bells of the city rang out in a grand chorus, a cannon was fired and a number of factory whistles joined in the loud acclaim. Today has generally been observed as a holiday by the business houses. This afternoon and evening from 4 to 10 o'clock a atternoon and evening from 4 to 19 o'clock a score of popular young ladies kept open house at the Young Mon's Christian association rooms and received a host of callers. Tonight a grand leap year ball was given at Masonic hall, attended by 109 couples. The ladies were gallant in their conduct of this and made it a brilliant success.

Narrow F. Neb. Jun 1. [Special to Turk.]

Norpolis, Nob., Jan. 1.—[Special to The Bee.]—Now Year's day was observed by many of the leading society ladies of Norfolk in keeping open house from 3 to 6 o'clock p. m. All gentlemen callers were entertained in a most hospitable manner The evening of January 4 the ladies will give a grand leap year ball in the Masonic

News from Hastings. HASTINGS, Neb., Jan. 1 .- Special to THE BEE.]-Dr. F. G. Test, formerly superintendent of the state asylum for the chronic insane, located here, and Mrs, Lucila Yeazel were married last night, Rev. L. F. Britt of

Plattsmouth officiating, Wednesday, J. E. R. Folsom, the new pastor of the Baptist church, was ordained and installed in his charge, Rev. H. C. Woods of Lincoln delivering the ordination sermon. The Young Men's Christian association of the city received in their building on New Year's day.

The winter term of Hastings college com-mences January 6. Rev. W. S. Barnes of Kearney will deliver the opening lecture. Cangressman McKeighan and daughter, Miss Edith, left yesterday for Washington Miss McKeighan will act us her father's private scoretary.

Captain Lyon of Glenville is trying to work up a Keeley institute for Hastings. A meeting was held yesterday by those interested in the matter and by prospective stockholders. Nebraska's Death Roll.

Nonrolk, Nob., Jan. 1 .- Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Mrs. Charles Harding, formerly Miss Lizzie McMillan, of Wisner, died at her home here yesterday after suffer ing more than a year. Mrs. Harding was a lady of more than ordinary attainments, being a graduate of Vassar, both in classics and music. She will be buried here tomorrow.

Lyons, Neb., Jan. 1.- | Special to Tue BEE |—H. G. Boydston, an old and respected citizen, died yesterday morning of la grippe. There are a great many suffering from the disease at present and local doctors are going night and day.

McKeighan Against Bryan's Bill. HASTINGS, Neb., Jan. 1 .-- | Special Telegram to The Bee. | -In conversation here Congressman McKeignan stated that both he and Kem were strongly opposed to the pro-posed federal redistricting of the state from east to west. He would use all his efforts to see that Hastings retains the federal court. He also urged that a petition against Congressman Bryan's federal district bill be circulated and sent him. The prospects of Hasting public building were never more favorable, he said.

Beatrice Veterans Entertained. BEATRICE, Neb., Jan. 1 .- | Special Telegrain to THE BEE.]-Rawlins post, Grand Army of the Republic, held a very largely attended meeting touight. The occasion was the installation of officers-elect. The Wom-an's Relief Corps and Sons of Veterans were invited guests, and an enjoyable open camp fire was observed.

They Will Have a Mill. ALEXANDRIA, Neb., Jan. 1 .- [Special to THE BEE. |- The citizens are ngitating the question of erecting a roller mill on the banks of the Hig Sandy, just one-half mile south of town. The wealthy farmers are also taking a great interest in the enterprise. The mill is a sure thing and will be commenced some

time in the spring. Two Beatrice Men Injured. BEATRICE, Neb., Jan. 1 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- B. D. Harkrader fell in the oven way of the Auditorium building last night and received a serious injury in the eye and was otherwise bruised. F. J Kimball, sr., had his left hand badly mangled

this morning. Thrown From a Wagon TALMAGE, Neb., Jan. 1,- [Special Telegran to THE BEE. |- Lawrence Whulhuder a German citizen, was thrown from a wagon to day, sustaining a fracture of the left arm at the elbow. John Butz, who was riding with him, was completely stunned by the

in an ironing machine at the Kimball laundry

Decided to Quit Business, BEATERCE, Neb., Jan. 1 .- [Special to Buz. j-The Delicatessen restaurant in the Randall House block suddenly quit business early this morning, caused by a lack of patronage.

LEAGUE OF PRESS CLUBS.

Revised Itiaerary of Its Proposed California Excursion.

New York, Jan. 1 .-- Following is a revised tiperary of the California excursion of the International League of Press Clubs: January 6, 1803. - Leave New York Grand Central depot via New York Central & Hudson River ratiroad at 10 a. m.; leave Albany at 1:25 p. m.; Utica, 3:40 p. m.; Syracuse, 5 p. m.; Rochester, 6:50 p. m.; Buffalo, 7:48

p. m.; Erto, 9:57 p. m. January 7 .- Leave Cleveland at 12:30 a. m : Tolodo, 3:25 a. m.; arrive in Chicago at 9:45 a. m.; leave Chleage at H p. m. via the Chi-cage & Northwestern road. January S.—Arrive in Omaha at 2 p. m.;

leave Omaha via the Union Pacific at 4 p. m. January 9.—Arrive in Denver at 9:30 a. m. January 10—Leave Deaver, via the Denver

& Rio Grande road, at I a. m.

January II.—Arrive in Salt Lake City, via
the Rio Grande Western, at II:40 a. m.

January I2.—Leave Salt Lake City at 12:01
a. m.: leave Ogden, via Southern Pacific, at January 13 .- Arrive in Auburn, Cal., at 6

a. m.; leave Auburn at 10 a. m.; arrive in San Francisco at 4 p. m.

The committee has arranged with the Wagner Palace Car company for a special train to and from California on such favor-able terms that it will be enabled to return delegates a considerable portion of the assess-ment received in response to the circular of

December 26, 1891. Inability to make equally favorable terms with the Pullman Palace Car company necessitated the change from the route of the litnerary formally sent out, which is indi-

cated above. The committee has arranged for a baggage car to be attached to the special train for the car to be attached to the special train for the use of delegates. Those who propose to take the train at New York City should have their baggage sent to the Grand Central depot, Second street (New York Central & Hudson River road baggage room), plainly marked "Press Special, San Francisco." Baggage so marked will be placed in the baggage car attached to the special train.

Delegates joining the pasty along the route Delegates joining the party along the route should arrange with local baggagemen to have their baggage put in this car. Individ-

ual transportation will be issued to the delegates when they take the train by the chairman of the committee on transportation. The full names of parties intending going should be telegraphed immediately. Only delegates and their ladies will be permitted All communications should be addressed to

the committee, New York, 23 Park Row. Messrs, T. J. Keenan, jr., William R. Wor-rell and H. O. Vought are the committee on CLEANED OUT A CAR OF SCABS.

Railroad Men Drive Them Into a Swamp and

Destroy Their Beggage. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 1.—There is great excitement in railroad circles here today over the ejection of a car load of "seab" railroad employes at Argenta, who were enroute from Indianapolis and Louisville to Arkansas Pass to relieve the strike on the San Antonio & Arkansas Pass road. A telegram had been received here ordering breakfast for the party, and in this way the information was received by the railroad employes at

Argenta and Little Rock. Conductor McElroy, who had charge of the train carrying the special Southern the train carrying the special Southern Pacific sleeper in which the party was traveling, received a telegram at a point above Poplar Bluffs, Mo., signed by Yardmaster Green at Agenta, asking him to cut out the car at Poplar Bluffs. The order seemed so unaccountable that McElroy telegraphed back to Green for further orders. Green was astounded at the inquiry, being utterly ignorant of such an order and telegraphed ignorant of such an order, and telegraphed McElroy to bring the ear on to Agenta.

At 10:30 o'clock this morning a crowd of several hundred men, chiefly railroad employes, were at the Fort Smith & Iron Mountain crossing when the "Cannon Bali" from St. Louis steamed up. No sconer had the train arrived when a tall, burly man with a black slouch hat cried out to the crowd:
"Cut the hose and we will drop the car out."
A hundred men rushed to do his bidding, the hose was cut and the car with another sleeper in the rear were cut out.

When the train started for Little Rock the mob, having neglected to cut the bell cord, the engineer's bell rang and he stopped the train. By this time all the engine whisthe train. By this time all the engine whis-tles in the yard began to blow, and it seemed that bediam had broken loose. A hundred men rushed into the fated sleeper, driving the occupants, some forty telegraph operators, machinists and prakemen, now thoroughly alarmed, from the car and into the ewamps a hundred feet beyond. Most of them were driven into a pound, through which they floundered, followed by their airsuers.

The sleepers were recoupled to the of An and it crossed the river into Little Rock, where a crowd of men boarded the car and with knives cut to pieces all the baggage of the unfortunate scabs, tossing it through the car windows into the vards J. H. Littlefield, who was in charge of the

party of scabs, and several of his companions who escaped the mob, having taken refuge in the rear sleeper, took a train for Texas, while the other members of the party are hidden in the swamps awaiting an opportunity to escape. The railroad authorities are enraged at this

action of their employes.
The various labor railway unions are strong in their sympathy for their striking brothers in Texas, and it is fortunate that none of the party sent to take their places

received no serious personal injuries. DEEP SNOWS IN COLORADO.

Miners Buried by a Snowslide-Railroads Blockaded.

SILVERTON, Colo., Jan. 1 .- Mike Perrino and two other Italians have been mining near here. Yesterday afternoon Perrino started down the mountain to a stream for a supply of water.

When near the stream he was overtaken by a snowslide and buried out of sight. His two companions, becoming alarmed at his absence, started in search of him. They had not gone far before they too were overtaken by a slide, which carried them 200 feet down the mountain, but by hard work they extricated themselves. They did not push their search for Perrino any further, thinking it best to come to town and obtain assistance Perrino's body has not yet been found. No trains have reached here for the past three days, the road being snowed in be tween here and Durango.

YOUNG FIELD VERY WEAK.

He Has Starved Until He Can Hardly Get

Out of Bed. NEW YORK, Jan. 1 .- Edward M. Field's condition is steadily growing worse. Yesterday he was more quiet than usual and the doctors regard that as an alarming symptom He was not able to get up out of bed in the afternoon, and the attendants at the jail are of the opinion that he will not have strength enough left in a day or two ever to get up again. Since he has been a prisoner at Lud-low street jail he has only eaten two raw oysters, two raw eggs and a little toast. On one or two occasions he has taken a little soup. He takes no interest in what is going on and declines to have anything to say visitors. During his stay, at the jail probably has not spoken more than 100 words.

New Chlengo Paper. Curcago, Ill., Jan. 1 .- A short time ago the Chicago World company, with a capital of \$100,000, was incorporated under the laws of this state. The Evening Journal says that Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World, is back of the enterprise.

Another afternoon paper says that rumor has it that Henry Clews of New York is intorested in the new venture.

BEHLIN, Jan. 1 .- Baron von Berlepsch, minister of commerce, has received a committee of master printers and offered to nominate an arbitrator to settle the strike on condition that both the masters and the strikers accept the nominee unconditionally. Vienna Housewives Boycott Batchers, VIENNA, Jan. 1 .-- A hausfrauenverein (housewives' union) has been formed here

here today.

To Settle a Berlin Strike.

with the object of boycotting the butchers' ring, which raised prices of meat 15 per cent. Housewives are rapidly joining the organiza-Affairs in Argentine. Bunnos Ayans, Jan. 1.- The supporters of General Mitre have accepted the conclintory policy of General Roca.

There were two deaths from yellow fever

LONDON'S LATEST SCANDAL.

Prince Albert Edward and His Circle Again Exposed.

DEVELOPMENTS DISTURBED ROYALTY.

Subjects of the Accusation Make Vigorous Efforts to Obliterate the Evidence of Their Indecency-Copies of His Circular Destroyed.

[Copyrighted 1892 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, Jan. L .- [New York Herald Cable Special to THE BEE. |- There have been several serious interviews recently between Lord Salisbury, the prince of Wales and Lord Charles Beresford, with relation to a mysterious pamphlet which has been in circulation in high social circles for some time. It is a most virulent attack on the prince of Wales, Lady Brooke and others, with the names carelessly conceated. Lady Brooke, for instance, being referred to as Lady River. Only fifty-seven copies of this pamphlet were issued and they were type written, because the author could not get a printer in London to do the work.

The pamphlet has been freely canvassed, and discussed so openly, indeed, that among others the duchess of Manchester, after a luncheon varty, read it aloud to her guests. The result of the conference between the prince of Wales, Salisbury and Beresford has been that the most diligent seach has been for copies, which after being bought, were instantly destroyed. All save three of the documents have been secured, and one of these missing ones is said to be in America. It may interest people to know that the names of Lord and Lady Beresford continue to be included in the invitations that are sent out from Mariborough house. Some tall cabling has been going on lately, and it is to be hoped, for the sake of decency, its pub-

Heatlon will be squelched.

The engagement is announced of Hon Miss Mills, daughter of Lord Hillingdon, to the son of Charles Lourece of New York. Lady Somers, mother of Lady Henry Somers, now in New York, has just announced her intention to embrace Cathology, following closely on the heels of Lady Edith Curzon, who turned Roman Catholic a fortnight

WELSH MINING TROUBLES.

Differences Between the Employes and Men Amicably Settled.

London, Jan. 1 .- Some time since the mine owners in South Wales announced to the men that they had decided to do away with the scale system, and that after January 1 they would hire their men individually. This was taken by the men to mean that there would be a material reduction in wages, and there was consequently much dissatisfaction among the miners. The contracts under which the men were working expired yester-day, and today 85,000 miners in South Wales are idle. The masters' action is virtually a lock-out, and the men have appointed delegates to wait upon the coal mine owers to attempt to bring about a settlement of the trouble. The conference between the employers and the employes is now proceeding, but nothing is known as yet as to what the outcome will be The most intense excitement prevails in the neighborhood of the collieries and it is feared that there may be trouble unless some arrangement is speedily arrived at.

The South Wales mining conference today satisfactorily settled the sliding scale diffi culties, and work will be resumed immedi-

DENOUNCED THE MAYOR

Scandal Growing Out of the Purchase of Adulterated Flour in St. Petersburg. St. Petersburg, Jan. 1.—The municipa scandal arising out of the recent purchase of adulterated flour for the purpose of regulating the price of wheat in the St. Petersburg market for affording relief to famine sufferers has been the subject of a stormy debate in the municipal council. Many members demanded the resignation and prosecution of the mayor and the purchasing committee. Ultimately, in spite of the strenuous opposition of the municipality, who declared it was a measure intended to facilitate the escape of the culprits, the council decided to appoint a committee of revision. The newspapers denounce this decision and arge that a judicial inquiry be instituted.

Made Up on New Year's. Paris, Jan. 1 .- The bishop of St. Brieuc today received New Year's greetings from the municipal council, with which he has for a long time had strained relations. Cordially shaking hands with the mayor, the bishop said: "For some time past the question of the separation of church and state has been in the air; but 1 for one favor union." His remarks are considered importent, as an indication of a change of attitude on the part of the Catholic bishops.

Promulgated Its Tariff. Madrid, Jan. 1 .- The new Spanish tariff was promulgated today. It contains little not already known. The government will no longer recognize the favored nation clause and the ministry is absolutely departed from making the slightest concessions on the alcohol duties. The free traders declare that several of the new duties are prohibitive.

IN JAIL AT ST. LOUIS.

Train Robber Sly Being Kept from the

Newspaper Men. St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 1.-A. D. Sly, the Glendale train robber, arrested at Angeles, Cal., on Saturday last, arrived here this morning in charge of Detectives Whittaker and Byron, and was immediately taken to the Four Courts. No newspaper representatives were permitted to see the express robber, Chief of Police Harrigan having instructed his subordinates that Sly was not to be interviewed until he, the chief had seen him.

Prosperous St. Louis. Sr. Louis, Mo., Jan. 1 .- In the introduc tion of a review of the business and progress of St. Louis during 1891, the Globe-Democrat as the following, showing the advancement

of the city in the last decade: "There has been over \$70,000,000 invested in the last ten years, and there has been an increase of over 44,000 artisans, making the number now employed over 85,000, to whom are paid in wages the enormous sum of \$50,000,000 a year. In the year 1880 there were only 2,024 manufacturing establishments of all kinds, while now there are 5,500, and the annual value of their products is \$213,000,000, an increase of over \$100,000,000 in the last de-The total capital St. Louis vested in her manufactories is \$120,000,000. The story of a steady increase, without any boasting, is certainly wonderful. There is no doubt that in another decade St. Louis will be one of the leading manufacturing cities of the world."

Held Services in a Saloon. St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 1.-At 11:55 last night the interior of the Casino presented all the characteristics of a saloon and music hall. At 12:05 it presented all the features of a well organized prayer meeting. The transformation was us complete as it was sudden. Arrangements had been made with the saloon management by the Young-Men's Christian association to hold a watch night service in the bar. The meeting was crowded and orderly, and at the close of the service coffee and sandylphes were served. coffee and sandwiches were served.

China Will Participate, CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 1 .- The Chinese government has finally awakened to the importance of participating in the World's fair. A

special representative of the temperor is now in this city and tomorrow will call upon Director General Davis to learn what space China will be given. He promises that the Chinese exhibit will be one of the largest, most novel and picturesque of any. The envoy is Chew Yu Ling, a member of the Chinese legation at Paris. He hears a letter of introduction from Secretary Blaine.

SNOW BLOCKADE FEARED.

Severe Storm in Iowa Threatens to Interfere

with Traffic.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Jan. 1.—[Special Telegram to The Ben.]—The worst storm of the season has prevailed here all day. The rain of last night and this morning turned into snow and this evening it is bitterly cold. A high wind is blowing and blockades on the railroads are feared. Telegraph wires west of here are all down.

Result of an Explosion.

CEDAR RAPIDS, In., Jan. 1 - | Special Tele-gram to THE BEE| - The veterinary hospital of Dr. Hutchins at Tipton was destroyed by fire last night. Six head of horses were burned, among them being Montag, 2:29, and Almontraven, 2:34. The fire was started by the explosion of a lamp. Loss, \$8,000; insurance light.

Taking Strikers' Places, Cheston, Ia., Jan. 1 .- (Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- Fifteen capable engineers and firemen, who formerly served the Chicago, Burlington & Quivey railway, left here last night to take the places of striking employes on the San Antonio & Aransas Pass railway in Texas. More will follow. Iowa Masons Bangueted.

MISSOURI VALLEY, In., Jan. 1 .- Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Masonic lodge of this city installed officers this evening, after which a banquet was enjoyed at the Hotel Royer, in which over 100 guests participated. A number of visiting members were

Sawed Through the Floor. CHESTON, Ia., Jan. 1 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Burglars entered the store of H. Murphy & Son last night by sawing a hole through the floor and got away with about \$300 worth of silk goods.

FOUND AN EASY WAY.

Route for a Cable Line Between Hawali and America Established. San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 1.-The United States fishing and surveying steamship, Albatross, has arrived in port from Honolulu after a trip of nineteen days. The steamer has been engaged in surveying a line of cable from here to the Hawaiian islands, and reports a practicable route to be found. The first trip of the Albatross for the purpose of sounding for a cable line was made from Montercy and continued out to sea for 800 miles. Then the vessel came to this port and recoaled after which she again started out. Seven hundred miles from San Fran-cisco the line was taken up and 200 miles of the Monterey survey was paralleled, and soundings were con-tinued to the Hawaman Islands. The deceest soundings were 3,000 fathoms, or three miles, and the average will show a depth of about 2,500 fathoms. At Santa Monica bay, California, was found a place to land the cable on this side.

At Honolulu the finding of a landing place

was not so easy. The islands are of volcanic origin and rise abruptly out of the water, rendering gradual approach to land almost an impossibility. After the soundings, how-ever, a place was found at a suburb of Honolulu named Waikiki, about four miles south of the metropolis. The vessel, after re-coaling there, started back, surveying a route for the return cable. The coal placed aboard the vessel, however, was of inferior quality, and the work had to be given up and the vessel came here for fuel before she could complete the work. As a the survey of the return route

consequence the survey of the return route was carried on for only 700 miles.

The most difficulty was experienced in getting correct soundings, yet the officers of the Albatross are sure that more accurate ones were seldom taken before, even under

the most favorable circumstances. BALTIMORE GRAIN REVIEW.

Amount of Business Transacted at that Port During the Year. BALTIMORE, Md., Jan, 1 .- The Journal of Commerce of this week says the amount of grain in the clevators here today was 1,269, 127 bushels of wheat, 759,459 of corn, 114,100 of oats and 159,275 of rye. There are now on the list of grain charters 118 steamships, the principal part of which will carry cargoes of grain to various points of Europe. These steamers have an aggregate tounage of 182,267 which, roughly estimated, is equal to a carrying capacity for grain of about 14,-415,000 bushels. Besides these, many more steamers have been chartered, but their names have not been made public nor the

tonnage given.
The business of the corn and flour exchange for the year just closed was as follows: Iteceipts of flour amounted to 3,009,339 barrels, against 3,369,831 barrels in 1890; exports, 2,736,153 barrels, against 2,753,628 barrels in 1800; receipts of wheat in 1801 were 18,003, 304 bushels, against 6,378,638 bushels in 1890, and the exports were 16,061,203 pushels, as compared with 4,785,142 bushels in 1890. Receipts of corn were 6,928,096 bushels, against 21,903,894 bushels in 1890; exports, ,765,887 bushels, against 18,961,871 bushels in 1890. Receipts of oats were 1,687,112 bushels, against 2,556,630 bushels in 1890. Receipts of rye were 1,206,813 bushels, against 469,880 bushels in 1890, and the exports were 732,937 bushels, against 28,859 bushels in 1890. Receipts of barley and malt were 290,538 bushels, as against 772,177 in

SENSATIONAL RUMOR DENIED.

Reported Assassination of Pope Leo Proves to Be Utterly Groundless,

Rome, Jan. 1.-Some surprise has been oc casioned here by the receipt of cable dispatches from Montreal and other places in Canada and the United States, unxiously inquiring as to the truth of a rumor that the pope had been assassinated. It is unknown pope had been assasshated. It is unknown here how the runor originated, for it cer-tainly had no basis in truth. The pope is en-joying his usual health, and no attempt what-ever has been made to assassinate him or to inflict any injury upon him.

Leo's Blessing on all Mankind, LONDON, Jan. 1 .- The Rome correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that he visited the vatican last night to obtain an interview with the pope, but was not accorded that privilege. The pope, however, sent him a message saying that he bestowed his blessing on all mankind, and he would pray for continued peace and good will among men.

Suffering From Famine Pever, St. Persussumo, Jan. 1.-The hospitals of Krahkoff are filled with patients suffering from famine fever. The municipal authorities will erect a temporary hospital for cases of typhoid fever. The influx of peasants into the city, where they are badly fed and sheltered, intensifies the epidemic. *

The Death Roll. LONDON, Jan. 1 .- The death is announced of Alfred Richel, a well known French surgeon, aged 75. VENICE, Jan. 1. - Cardinal Domenico Agos tini, a patriarch of Venice, is dead. He was

orn in 18:5 and was created a cardinal on LONDON, Jan. 1 .- It is officially announced that General Sir Frederick Sleigh Roberts, Admiral Sir Arthur W. A. Hood, retired, and Sir Winiam Thomson have been raised to the

peerage. Massachusetts Foliows Nebraska's Example. Boston, Mass., Jan. 1 .- Governor Russell has issued an appeal to the people of Massachusetts asking them to come generously to the aid of the famine sufferers of Russia.

BOYD IS A CITIZEN

United to es Supreme Court Has Made Up Its Mind to This.

CHARG- BEING AN ALIEN REMOVED.

His Tel 3 al Citizenship Admitted Him to 7 l Political Privileges.

WELL'S POSITION UPHELD.

Ground of His Dissenting Opinion Endorsed by the High Court.

ELECTED AND QUALIFED GOVERNOR.

James E. Boyd Given His Rights Synopsis of a Decision Which Chief Justice Fuller Will Hand Down

Monday.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 1.-Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - Another revolution in Nebraska politics-one more turn in the gubernatorial kaleidescepe which eight months ago ousted James E. Boyd from the chair of chief executive.

The supreme court of the United States is the final arbiter, and its decision is that James E. Boyd is no alien, was not an alien at the time of his election, and was duly qualified and elected governor of Nebraska

The decision has not yet been handed down, but the result of the courts' conferences has leaked out, and at a late hour tonight your correspondent is able to give advance information of which the sleeping justices peacefully unaware.

It Was Almost Unique. The case was almost unique. The deci-

sions of the supreme court upon questions

of naturalization are few and far between. The case of Boyd against Thayer presented several unargued points. The first was whether the final construction of a contract was not simply a ratification of a contract existing and whether as such in its effect it was not retroactive. If so whether naturalization was not a contract with the prospective citizen. Both Affirmatively Decided.

The second was whether the Neoraska enabling act, peculiar in its verbiage, and unusually liberal in its terms, did not carry into the citizenship of the United States all pensions then citizens of the territory.

The court by a vote of six to three decides affirmatively on both points, two republicans and one democrat dissent, but Chief Justice Fuller will hand down the decision probably

on next Monday.

Thuyer Entered Protest, The original proceedings in the contest were instituted by Governor Thayer on his owe behalf on the ground that Governor Boyd had not, two years prior to his election, complied with the naturalization laws, and was therefore ineligible under the constitution and laws of Nebraska to hold the office of governor, The pleadings on file in the suprome court brought out the following facts:

Boyd was born in Ireland in 1834, and his father brought him to this country when a child of 8 or 9 years of age. His father, Joseph Boyd, settling in Ohio, and in due time taking out his first papers. The record does not show, though he makes the claim otherwise that he ever took out his second papers until 1890, but he continued to act and was reated as a citizen of the United States, voted for every officer both national and state, and was himself elected to several of

flees in Ohio. Followed His Father's Lead. The son grow to manhood seeing his father enjoying all the rights and privileges of a citizen of the United States without a question and naturally supposed his father possessed those rights. At the age of 22, he left home and went to Nebraska territory, where he stiled and without question was accorded the rights of citizenship in that territory, voting for territorial officers and himself

being elected to several offices. As a citizen of the United States he entered he army and served in the Indian campaigns. Later he became identified in business in Omaha and accumulated considerable money, and when the territory of Nebraska was admitted to the union as a state he was a member of the constitutional convention. Governor Boyd has long been identified with the growth and development of Omaha,

no one had denied his right to exercise all the privileges of such citizenship.

and has twice held the office of mayor of

that flourishing city. In all these years his

citizenship had never been questioned and

Took Out His Final Papers. When the question was raised in 1890, Boyd took out his final papers, which he for the first time learned his father had not done, and one of the principal points made by his counsel was this final acceptance of the government's proffer of unturalization carries the contract back to the date of the original declaration of Judge Boyd in 1849. and makes him a citizen from that time.

contracts, and as the supreme court has held that the act of naturalization is a species of contract, the same rule should apply. Was a Cifizen Already.

This is the law with regard to all kinds of

But the main point relied on by Boyd is that by the very liberal wording of the act admitting Nebraska as a state all the lubab. itants of the territory at the date of sadmission became citizens of the United States upon the instant, and as Boyd was inhab. tant as described upon the admission of Nebraska as a state, he became a citizen if he was not aircady, the same as the people of Texas became citizens by the treaty of an nexation, without the necessity of going

through the forms of naturalization proceeds The decisions makes a valuable precedent on questions of naturalization and lays down the law for the first time.