THE OMAHA DAILY BEE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1891.

SWARMING OVER THE BORDER.

Pauper Immigrants Flooding North Dakota in Spite of Officials.

VIGOROUS EFFORTS NOW NECESSARY.

They Came Principally from England and Their Expenses Are Paid by a London Society-Odds and Ends.

CHICAGO BURBAU OF THE BEE, CHICAGO, Ili., Nov. 25.

"North Dakota is likely to be flooded with pauper immigrants from Europe unless vigbrous measures are taken to prevent it, said Treasury Agent S. L. Day of Port Huron, Mich., today. Mr. Day was sent to the northwest by the Treasury department about five months ago to investigate certain phases of the Chinese question and is now en route home. Mr. Day said that a large number of Russian immigrants are arriving in Winnipeg, coming from England by way of Quebec. Their fare from London had been paid by a London society for the aid of Russian refugees, and it will be necessary for the government, he said, to establish sta-tions along the border for the examination of immigrants, or many of the most objection-able classes will be sent in from Canadian citles.

Left for His Health.

A subporna was received by United States Marshal Hitchcock this morning from the federal grand jury at Omaha summoning George L. Cameron to appear and testify before that body November 30 in the cases of freight rates discriminations now under investigation. Mr. Cameron is the superin-tendent of the weighing division of the Western Traffic association and is supposed to know something about alleged fulse weights made on goods shipped by favored Neoraska shippers. The marshal went to Mr. Cameron's office in the Rookery building this morning to serve him with the sum-mons, but Mr. Cameron had gone to Leadville for his health.

Presidential Possibilities.

If the fact that Mr. H. F. Brown is from Minneapolis and that he was also one of the oelegates which helped secure the conven tion plum for the Flour City enables him to speak with authority, a good deal of importance attaches to a statement he made to portance attaches to a statement he made to me at the Grand Pacific hotel. "About the middle of December," said Mr. Brown, "Mr. Blaine will announce to some gentiemen who will visit him for that purpose his determination re-garding the nomination. If he decides to accept no other name will be before the Minnearchie convertion. Should he con-Minneapolis convention. Should be con-clude to decline, he will, in his declination, give a large meed of praise to President Harrison, indorse his administration and recommend to the republican party his renomination.

"I know that Mr. Biaine has not yet made up his mind as to what he will do. As I say, all depends on his health. He is a bright, active man now, but he is not so strong as he was eight years ago. The work of the president is enormous and fatiguing, and Mr. Blaine does not propose to sacrifice his life even to be president. The possibility of defeat does not enter into Blaine's calcula-tions. He has no doubt of his election. The best of feeling prevails between him and Mr. Harrison.

World's Fair Matters.

H. N. Higginbotham is going to Europe to boom the fair. He will be nominated as a special commissioner to Europe by Director General Davis at the meeting of the execu-tive committee today, and in a few days, perhaps as early as next week, will sail from New York. Mr. Higginbotham has agreed to make the trip, and will undoubtedly be confirmed by the executive committee and by the board of control.

R. J. Gross, special agent from the depart-ment of transportation, has just returned from a trip through England and Scotland, made to secure transportation exhibits. He says the trip was satisfactory in every way and that the railway interests of England will be well represented. Among other things the London & Northwestern railway

Joseph McCabe, Patrick Carney and Fred Hall tried to smuse themselves by cremating three other little boys. They dur a large hole in the ground, got the other little boys into it, built a fire and then shut them in with boards, reinforced with heavy stumps. The screams of the prisoners attracted a po-liceman who rescued them and took the three yellow back herces to jall. Hon, W. K. Sullivan, who was appointed consul to Bermuda today, is one of the best known newspaper men in Chicago. He has just retired from the managing editorship of the Evening Journal after having been the incumbent for a number of years. cumbent for a number of years. The jury at Peorra which has been trying the question as to whether lumpy-jaw is contagious, disagreed today and was discharged. Western People in Chicago. The following western people are in the

At the Grand Pacific-Lloyd Jones, Omeba; Mr. and Mrs. W. Musser, Sioux City, Ia.; R. Musser, Muscatine, Ia.; John F. Cook, Davenport, Ia. At the Paimer James H. Bell, Waterloo, Ia.; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel C. Westfall, Keo-kuk Ia.; C. M. Saze, Chadron. At the Leland N. N. Sears, Dubuque, Ia. General F. M. Drake of Centerville is a function the Richalian F. A. guest of the Richelieu.

A MILLION A YEAR.

Lottery and Prize Schemes Used to Sell Alum and Ammonia Baking Powders.

A New York concern, manufacturers of an ammonia baking powder, boasts that its yearly profits are over a million dollars. While, perhaps, none of the makers of alum powders individually can show so large earnngs, yet their profits are enormous. A business so profitable will always attract to itself those whose greed will cause them to

have upon the health or life of others. Alum baking powders are introduced large-ly by gifts, prizes and lottery schemes. A piece of guassware or china, a child's wagon, sied, a pewter spoon or some other article of attractive appearance, but of small intrinsic

value or cost is given with each purchase or a number is attached to the can which enities the customer to a similarly numbered article or to a prize of some kind. It is in some such way as this that the trade in alum and ammonia baking powders, which has now ottained such giant proportions and their consumption by the public which has reached an extent which is truly alarming. The highest authorities of all countries con

lemn the use of alum in bread without re servo. In America the most distinguished physicians, chemists and hygicinists have declared that the traffic in alum baking powders and France where the subject of pure food and its effect upon the system has been more fully considered and made the subject of extended experiments by the scientists, so serious a matter is the use of alum in bread or other food considered to be that most stringent laws have been enacted to prevent it These laws are rigidly enforced, and the sale of alum baking powders would not be permitted for an hour. Any one who attempted to make them for use in food, or attempted to use them for raising bread, biscuit or cake vould suffer severe penalties. The ill effects upon the system of food

raised by alum baking powders are the more dangerous because of their insidious charac-ter. It would be less dangerous to the community were it fatal at once, for then such food would be avoided; but their deleterious action because imperceptible at first is no less ertain.

The puckering effect which alum has when taken in the mouth is familiar to every one. Physicians say this same effect is produced by it upon the delicate coats of the stomach and intestines.

What housewife would take home to her family a can of alum or ammonia baking pow-der if she knew it! Such powders not only undermine the system, but it is pointed out that ammonia taken into the system in ever infinetisimal doses day after day imparts to the complexion a sallow and blotched appear

It is safe to discard all baking powders sold with a prize or gift.

What a misnomer are the words "Abso-lutely Pure," as applied to baking powders. Two of the largest selling brands, one made from alum, the other containing ammonia, and both of these drugged baking powders have stamped upon their labels and circulars these words absolutely pure; as a matter of fact they are "Absolutely Poor," as shown by official examinations.

CHRIS SPECHT'S PAST LIFE. Joseph McCabe, Patrick Carney and Fre-Omaha People Who Have Known Him Long Tell of His Good Points.

CLOSE OF THE BOODLE INVESTIGATION.

Testimony as to the Truth-Telling Powers of the Complaining Councilmen-Depositions 'from Ohio,

The city hall furniture boodle case is ended. The testimony is all in and the council inestigating committee has adjourned subject o the call of Chairman Tuttle. The last chapter was given to the public last night, and now the question of who boodied and who was boodied is entirely in the hands of the committee.

The early hours of the session were devoted to roasting the janitor. The meeting was called for 7:30 o'clock, but at that hour the council chamber was as cold as a barn,

Mr. Chaffee suggested that the janitor was paid by the city and that he wholly failed to rform his duties.

Mr. Osthoff came to the relief of the man and said that he had no keys to the build ing When the committee got down to business Attorney Wharton took hold of the matter and the rebuttal testimony was the order of the evening.

Chris Specht's Good Name.

Judge Anderson was sworn. He had known Chris Specht for nearly fifteen years. He had always found Mr. Specht honorable, and ousidered his reputation good.

Max Meyerhad been acquainted with Mr. Specht for ten years. Mr. Specht's reputation for truth and veracity was good, .He had heard a great many people speak well of Mr. Specht. The only bad thing that Mr. Meyer had heard said about Mr. Specht was that ne had associated with boodling council-

Connell was sworn, and he had known Mr. Specht something ilke twelve years. His reputation was good. The wit-ness had never heard any person question

Mr. Specht's veracity. Brad Slaughter was put upon the witness stand. He had known Mr. Specht since the fall of 1888. He had always heard Mr. Specht spoken well of and had never heard

his veracity questioned. Joseph H. Millard was acquainted with Mr. Specht. He had known him ten or twelve years. His reputation for truth and veracity, as far as the Omaha National bank, of which the witness was the president, was william Wallace, cashier of the Omaha

National bank, testified that he had known Mr. Specht for eight or ten years. His repu-tation for truth and veracity was good.

C. F. Driscoll had known Mr. Specht fif-een years. He had had business transactions with him, and had always found his reputation good. He had never heard a man say a word against Mr. Specht's character or

eputation. Colonel Champion S. Chase had been acquainted with Mr. Speent ten or twelve years. He had never heard his reputation questioned until the boodie investigation was instituted. On cross-examination Colonel Chase testi-

fied that his chief occupation was attending aventions and working for the upbuilding of Omaba. Adolph Meyer had known Mr. Specht ten or twelve years and was acquainted with his

reputation for truth and veracity. It was od. 'Are you Mr. Specht's brother!'' asked Attorney Donovan on cross-examination

Mr. Meyer replied that he was and then he members of the lobby laughed. John T. Clarke also testified to Mr. Spech's reputation for truth and veracity. It was good, "way up," repiled the witness. "How high up?" asked Councilman More-

"Way up among the stars," answered the

Henry Bolln was acquainted with Mr.

for truth and veracity had always been good. "You are a democrat, are you not?" asked Mr. Donovan. 'Yes," answered Mr. Mount. "You sometimes stratch your ticket, don't 300 'You bet I do."

"You are a white cap, are you not?" asked Councilman Morearty, "That's none of your business," promptly answered Mr. Mount, A. J. Van Alstine mot Mr. Specht some eight or ten years ago. His reputation was

Henry Lavisey had resided in Omaha for thirty-six years, and had known Specht for eleven years of that time. His reputation Specht for

R. S. Berlin swore that he had known Specht eight or ten years, and had never beard his reputation for truth and veracity

questioned. Morris Morrison had been acquainted with Specht for ten years. He had aiwsys found him a man of truth and veracity.

John Spoeri knew Speet. He had known him twenty-five years. They both resided in Cincinnati, and sparked the same girl. There Mr. Specht's reputation for truth and veracity was good. He was always known as Christian Specht. Philip Hauck had been in the employ of Mr. Specht for ten years. He knew Specht in Cincinnati, where he was known as Christian Specht. There Specht was known as a good

In His Own Fehalf.

citizen.

Mr. Specht again went upon the witness stand and was asked if he had his marriage certificate and naturalization papers with

Autorney Wharton desired to prove that he was naturalized and married as Christian Specht. The papers showed that such was the case. Specht testified that he had never told

Bierman that there was \$5,000 in it for him if he, Bierman, would look after the roofing contract on the new city hall. Witness was never in the office of the Ketcham Furniture company but twice. One

time he went alone, and the next time with the council's furniture committee. That ended the oral testimony, and for an hour the committee listened to the reading of affida-vits and depositions proving the character of ncilman Specht and Agent Billingslea. \mathbf{C}_{t} It was a stand off.

Tim La Reaux, James M. Brown, Philip Hasgezall, Frank Hurd, P. C. Boyle, V. J. Emmick, Elmer White, E. L. Shomberg and S. A. Hunter, all of Toleco, O., gave Mr. illingslea a good character. There were a lot of depositions taken in

Cincinnati. They were taken on behalf of Mr. Billingslea and sworn to by men who had known Mr. Specht while he resided in that city, E. K. Curfenfell and G. W. Chif-ferborse gave Specht a bad reputation. He did not always pay his debts. Barbara Chif-ferhorse was a sister of Mr. Specht's first wife. She thought he was a bad man.

W. T. Simpson said his reputation was ex-cellent, while Fred Fishbeire swore it was bad. H. H. Lawson swore that Specht had a bad reputation while in the Obio town, while Fred Callendorf, George F. Bramshe and C. W. Lubbert said it was good. The reading of the depositions closed the

case and the attorneys were shut off without having a chance to say a word.

25 Cents, 50 Cents and \$1.00.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is now put up in three sizes, which sell for 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.09, respectively. L can be obtained from any druggist. When a reliable remedy is wanted, give it a trial.

The new Hotel Brunswick, 16th and Jackson, with all modern improvements Now open for guests. Moderate prices

Among Mintary Men.

Major J. M. Bacon, Inspector of the De partment of the Platte, left Tuesday for Sioux City and Fort Randall upon official business. Major J. E. Waters and wife, of the com-

missary department, have taken up a resi-dence at the Hotel Brunswick for the winter. Private John Thomas of the Sixth cavalry will be discharged on December 28.

Fine as silk - T dier's German Pilts.

Competition tremptes when Hayden Bros, open prices on planos and organ. PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Paul Colson of Lincoln is at the Murray. L. W. Osborne of Blair is at the Millard. F. Wiley of Kearney is at the Paxton



Our advertising department will pay Twenty-five Dollars in Gold for Cabinet Photographs of the five handsomest boys, ages 4 to 18, received by us up to January 1st, 1892. The Twenty-five Dollars to be divided as follows: \$10 to the first, \$5 to the second, \$5 to the third, \$3 to the fourth and \$2 to the fifth. In order that you may not confound this offer with a certain style of sensational advertising frequently indulged in, we will plainly state our reasons for it. Twice each year we issue a number of thousand catalogues which we mail to our out-of-town customers. It is necessary that we illustrate these catalogues to a certain extent. We can, and so far have, used what are known as 'stock cuts," that is, ready-made cuts. Aside from the fact that these cuts never look like "real boys," anybody can buy them, and we frequently run across catalogues containing cuts exactly like ours. As our advertising department aims, in a certain degree, at originality, we desire for our next cata-

ogue a set of cuts of typical "western boys."

THE ONLY CONDITIONS

attached to this offer are these. The Photos are to be displayed in our show win lows New Years Eve. We to have the privilege of using cuts made from these five Photos in our next catalogue. All Photos will be numbered in rotation as fast as received, and those accompanied by stamps will be returned after the contest.

Messrs N. P. Feil, Business Manager "The Bee;" Frank J. Burkley, Business Manager "World-Herald;" Dan B. Honin, Proprietor "The Railway News Reporter;" Sophus F. Neble, Proprietor "Den Danske Pioneer;" Sol. Davidsohn, Proprietor "The Nebraska Tribune;" and C. A. Elmen, Proprietor "Svenska Journalen," have kindly consented to act as Judges.

Write, the name and age of the boy, and address of person sending Photograph on the back of Photo and send to



Instantly stops the most excruciating pains; never fails to give ease to the sufferat For sprains, bruises, backache, pain in the chest or sides, healache, toothache, or any external pain, a few applications, rubbed on by hand, act like magic, causing the pain to instantly stop. For congestions, influmnations, rheamatism, neu-



FUR CAPES.

OVERCOATS.

will make an interesting exhibit of its locomotives and cars,

The ways and means committee has received a model of a calque, a Turkish boat, which is the common rowboat of the Bos-phorus. It will be put upon the ornamental waters of the park by parties to whom has been granted the concession for the Turkish exhibit.

New York has had a change of heart. Up to the first day of October not half a dozen citizens of the metropolis had bought world's fair stock. Since then more than eighty names have been added to the roll from New York, making the total from that city more than \$80,000.

Odds and Ends.

The Rockford watch factory has dis-charged seventy-five men, and as this is understood to be preliminary to a notice of a cut in the wages of the 400 men employed in all, a strike is threatened.

As the result of a suggestion of the daughter of Rabbi Browne of Chicago, Edison is now at work on an adaptation of the phon-ograph for the instruction of the blind. The dea is to do away with the expense of raised letters

The building commissioner has refused the application of the Hartford Deposit company for a permit to erect a fourteen-story building at the southwest corner of Madison and Dearborn streets, due to the instructions by the council night before last. H. L. Barnett, a boy of 19 who had just re-

turned from a course at the Keeley institute at Dwight, attempted suicide in an office in the Inter-Ocean building by shooting himself in the left breast. The ball went an inch above the heart and he will probably re-

Articles of incorporation have been granted for two new companies, which say they in-tend to build elevated railway systems on the North and West sides.

Arrangements have been completed for a finish fight, within fifty miles of Streator, Friday night, between Martin Flaherty, who whipped Link Pope, and Abe Lloyd of Bra-

il, Ind. Both are featherweights. Judges Gresham and Allen are today listening to arguments on a motion made by Edwin Walker to stay the proceedings in a suit in trover begun by the Pollman Palace Car company against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. The two big corpora-tions have been at outs for a long time over a dispute as to the amounts due each in a corporation interest in twenty-seven Pullman palace cars. These cars the Pullman com-pany sold to the St. Paul road in 1882, reserv-ing a share in them, and the other parties in interest were to share in the profits, but dis-putes arose, each company charging the other with unfair dealings, nence the suit. John Sebastian said this morning that P. S. Eustis was not the only general passenger

agent of a western road paying commissions in the Central Traffic and Truck Line association. They are all doing it and have been authorized to go ahead. As soon as the Louisville & Nashville commenced everybody followed suit. The system is in operation throughout the eastern states almost as ex-tensively as before the boycott went into

'Baroness de Stuers will never be granted a divorce, the case will be fought to the bit-ter end," said J. L. Glover of Sioux Falls at the Palmer house today. Mr. Glover is the the Palmer house today. Mr. Glover is the ottorney employed by Baron de Stuers to contest the suit brought by the baroness for divorce under the laws of South Dakota.

The veterans of the Chicago police depart-ment received this morning an unwelcome Thanksgiving greeting from Chief McLaughrey in the shape of a circular letter demand ing the resignation of thirty-seven of them, the resignations to take effect December 1 The issuance of the demand for resignations is the accomplishment of the much discussed and long expected general order retiring all the members of the force who are entitled to pension and depriving the department of ome of its oldest and most familiar mem

Albert Shock of this city will go into training soon and then challenge Martin of Da-troit, who won the recent six day bycicle race in New York for the world's championship. That Shock was not in a condition for the New York race was apparent from the fact that he covered nearly eighty miles more the first day than in his great race in Minne-spolis when he first broke the world's rec

Three little dime novel students named

HIS VALOR REWARDED.

A Poorhouse Inmate Secures a Long Del-yed Pension.

The return of Thanksgiving day will bring joy to the heart of at least one man in Omaha. That man is Julius Grossgean, an nmate at the county poorfarm.

Grossgean was a soldier during the war of the rebellion and was considered one of the bravest. He was always in the thickest of the fight, and as an evidence of the many contests in which he engaged six bullet wounds bear unimpeachable testimony. After the close of the war he settled in this state and engaged in tilling the soil. Later on, having some political influence, he was appointed as a day guard at the penitentiary at Lincoln. During the revolt of the prisoners, which occurred some years ago, Grossgean was shot and became a cripple for life He presented a claim to the legislature asking for some remuneration from the state, but at each subsequent session his claim went into the hands of the commit tee and then disappeared. His earnings be

came exhausted and eight years ago he be-came a charge on Douglas county. Some months ago Senator Manderson, learning of Grossgean's war record, took up the case and laid it before the pension department. The showing was a good one, and thus when the mail was delivered at the poor farm there was a letter for Julius Grosgean, bearing the stamp of the pension office. With trembling hand he proke the seal, and upon scanning the contents learned that he

had been granted a pension of \$3,105, with a monthly pension of \$24 during life. To say that the man was happy would not begin to express his feeling. He will remain at the poor farm until he receives his money, after which he will invest the bulk in good securities and take life easy.

A Curefor Rheumatism.

Dr. P. A. Skinner, a prominent dentist of Texarkana, Arkansas, is an enthusiast in the praise of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He used it for rheumatism, and says "he found it to be a most excellent local remedy.

Wegman piano, New scale, New tuning device. Sold on installments, Hayden Bros.

Deals with Nature.

In extracting fruit flavors Dr. Price deals directly with nature and leaves the use of artificial extracts to those who have not the chemical knowledge to extract from the true fruit, and who care not what they sell so long as they can make money. Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring Extracts are conceded to have no peers in the market and thus the demand is constantly increasing. The manufacturer of cheap extracts gets all the profit there is in the dishonesty and the grocer has to shoulder all the blame,

Knew Specht's reputation and it was good. E. A. Miller of Chadron is at the Millard. Little Legal Jaugle.

At this point the two attorneys entered into a discussion over the manner of examin-ing a witness. The committee listened a few moments and then threatened to call the sergeant-at-arms and instruct him to put them both out of the room. They sub-

ided Edward Anderson was acquainted with Mr. Specht, had know him a great many years. He had always found him truthful. Wilham Hurley had known Mr. Specht more than twenty years. Witness was ac-quainted with Specht while they both resided in Cincinnati, where his reputation vas excellent. Harry Overoeck was sworn and testified.

He had known Mr. Specht in both Omaha and Cincinnati, His reputation for truth and veracity was good as far as he had heard. In Cincinnati Mr. Speecht was in the cornice business, and was known as Christian Specht. M. J. Mount had been acquainted with Mr. Specht for ten or twelve years, and had al-ways been a democrat. Specht's reputation

PURE SOLUBLE

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VANHOUTEN

URI-SOLUBIEGO

C. H. Reynolds of Norfolk is at the Millard J. C. West of Grand Island is at the Millard

ralgia, lumbage, sei tica, pains in the small of the back, more extended and re peated applications are necessary: All internal pains, diarrhea, dysentary, colic, spasms, nauser, fainting spells, nervousness, s'eeplessness, are relieved instantly, and quickly cured by taking inwardly 20 to 60 drops in half a tumbler of water, 50 cents a bottle; sold by druggists. With RADWAY'S PILLS there is ho better care or preventive of Fever and Ague.



