LITTLE PAY FOR THEIR WORK,

Wilsonville Visited by a Gang of Eusy Burglara.

THEY RAIDED SEVERAL STORES.

Ead Case of a Young Lady Student of Hadden University-Hopelessly Insane-Extending the tulture of Beet Sugar.

Wilsonville, Neb., Nov. 25 .- Special Telegram to THE BEE !- Burgiars made a night of it in Wilsonville last night. Letson & Artz, general merchandise store, was entered and \$60 in money taken. Parker & Weamer's hardware store next received the attention of the burglars. Here they were not so successful; they secured but 45 cents in change. The safe was not locked, but the robbers thoughtlessly turned the combination and locked it. To secure tools to open the door the burgiars broke open the handcar house and Hunt's blacksmith shop. No arrests have been made, but suspicion points to a couple of strangers who have been

camping near here with apparently no object

TROUBLE OVER SLOAM'S CAPTURE. An Opened Letter to His Lady Love

Complicates Affairs, BLAIR, Neb., Nov. 25 - | Special to THE Bun. |- Perhaps there may yet be trouble resuiting from the capture of Murderer Sloan. A man from Crowell, Neb., named Long was in town today and had a long story to tell of his idea of how Sloan was tracked to Iowa and captured. He claims to be a brother-inlaw of Pulsifer. His story is that some time ago, long before the murder at Fontancile was committed. Sloan came to his place, two miles north of Crowell, and left two horses and a colt for pasturage. Nothing transpired between Sloan and his daughter, but after a short time Stoan wrote a letter to him and his daughter jointly asking for a chance to work. Long says he answered the letter, stating he did not need any more help. This was the last they heard of Stoan until the murder at Fontanelle. November 16 Long says his daughter received a letter addressed to her from Sloan in lows, which divulged his whereabouts. Where the trouble now comes in is that Long asserts that the letter was received at Crowell November 2 and delivered to him the 16th, and be says the letter had been opened and rather insinuates that Uncle Sam will look after the postmaster at Crowell. This may solve the mystery of how Harriman got on the track of Sloan. Lorg claims that there was no love for Sloan on his daughter's part and that she is now grieving because she thinks the public believes she knew where Sloan was hiding all the time. Long says he means to make it lively for the parties at fault.

SHOT AN OMAHA MAN. T. M. Evans Injured White Resisting

Arrest at Lincoln. LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 25,- [Special Telegram to Tue Bee.]-T. M. Evans, a young man about 22 and having the appearance of being an all round tough, was shot and badly wounded by a police officer while resisting arrest at 11:30 tonight. Evans came from Omaha this afternoon with two companions, one of whom claims to reside at Thirteenth and Chicago streets. The other says he is from Chicago. Evans had assaulted two farmers living near Lincoln. They made complaint at the police station and it was while the officers were trying to arrest him that he received the wound. He was shot in the back but the surgeon thinks he is not mortally wounded.

Enlarging the Beet Sugar Industry. Nonrolk, Neb., Nov. 25 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE.] - A party of thirty representative business men and agriculturallats from Aberdeen arrived in Norfolk today. their object being to investigate the workings of the Norfolk beet sugar factory. The party was agreeably surprised at the magnitude of the factory, it being much larger than the most visionary expected to see. Ab erdeen people have been negotiating with the Norfolk Beet Sugar company with view of establishing a factory in that city hence the excursion.

Beets have been raised in their vicinity for the past three years with very satisfactory results, and their principal crop being wheat, sugar beets can be raised without conflicting with the crops. The party leave for home tomorrow. Sec

retary Hamilton promises to visit Aberdeen at an early date to investigate the advisability of locating a factory.

Lady Student Hopelessly Insane.

University Place, Neb., Nov. 25.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. !- Elnora Scott, a young lady student here, became insane today. Her brother lives near Alliance, Neb., and it is claimed her stepfather lives near Shelton. Her parents are both dead. She has attended this university over a year. One week are an aberration of the mind was ob-served and a physician was summoned. He now pronounces her case hopeless, caused by softening of the brain. She was fairly studious. A mania for destroying personal property possesses her and a guard has b en ovided, awaiting intelligence from rela-

Charity Ball at Fremont. FREMONT, Neb., Nov. 25 .- | Special to The BEE. | - The fourth annual ball given by the Ladies Charity club took place last night at

Masonic Temple hail. It is conceded to have been the most elaborate social affair of the kind ever held in the city. The hall had been handsomely decorated with flags and bunting and presented a most charming appearance. About 300 persons were in attendance and something like \$250 was contributed to the charity fund. River Convention Delegates.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Nov. 25 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-At the Board of Trade meeting last night the following delegates to the river convention to be held in Kansas City next month were appointed: M. B. Murphy, C. W. Sherman and A. N. Sullivan; alternates, A. B. Todd, Henry Boeck and F. G. Fricke, President R. B. Windbam also goes as delegate-at-large. Delegates from the city will be appointed next week.

Nebraska Teachers at Beatrice. BEATRICE, Neb., Nov. 25.- [Special Telegram to Tun Bee. |- The Southeastern Nebraska Teachers' association will meet in this city tomorrow for a three days' session. Already a number of teachers have arrived and the meeting promises to be one of great interest. Leading educators from all quarters of the state are expected to be present. An interesting program of exercises has been arranged.

Burglars at Albion. ALBION, Neb., Nov. 25,-|Special to THE BEE. |- The office of F. J. Mack & Co., lumber dealers, was robbed last night. The safe was broken open and about \$65 in cash taken. The office of Montgomery & Jaycox was also entered and the outer door of the safe tampered with, but for some cause the thieves were interrupted before gaining access. This was Albion's first visit from burglars in

several years. Broke Through a Skylight. BEATEICE, Neb., Nov. 25 .- [Special Tele gram to Tue Beg. |- Dan Walch, porter of the Paddock notel, while sweeping off a glass skylight on one of the lower additions

and fell about twenty feet, striking squarely on his back. He suffered a severe concus-sion of the spine and is thought to be badly

THEY WERE ACQUITTED.

End of the Celebrated Vessey Murder Trini at Fullerton.

FULLERTON, Neb., Nov. 25 .- | Special Tele gram to Tun Bun |-The most exciting trul in the the history of Nance county has been the Vessey murder case which closed today by the arguments of Messes. Meiklejohn and Sullivan for the defense and the county attorney for the state. The case was given to the jury at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The verdict was returned at a late hour tonight, acquitting the defendants. This probably has been one of the most important poison-ing cases ever tried in the state. ing cases ever tried in the state. Great interest has been manifested in the result of this case by the public. The fact that arsenic was purchased at or about the time of the death of Vesey led a coroner's jury to give a week's thorough investigation of the case. After all the evidence that could be obtained was secured, the jury was convinced beyond all doubt of the innecessor of the defendants. Upon the the innocence of the defendants. Upon the return of the verdict the defendants called for the jurers and thanked them for their fair and dispassionate deliberation of the case. Mrs. Vessey, who is about to become a mother, has borne up well under the trying

Three Seriously Injured. Curris, Neb., Nov. 25. - | Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-A terrible fight occurred at a saloon here last night in which three tough cullies received severe cuts. Tonight it is rumored that one of them is likely to die from a fractured skull as a result of the en-

FIRE RECORD.

Destructive Conflagrations at Fremont, O., and at Other Places. FREMONT, O., Nov. 25 .- The largest manufacturing establishment in this city, the works of the Thomson-Houston Carbon company were totally destroyed by fire last night. The watchman entered the plating room with a lantern and an explosion at

once occurred, starting the flames. The fac-tory was the largest of its kind in the United States and employed 150 men. The loss is \$200,000 and the insurance \$120,000. The flames communicated to the McLean Splint works, the buildings of which are owned by General R. A. Alger of Detroit, and they were also destroyed, causing a loss of \$50,000.
They were insured for half that sum.
BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 25.—Buildings
owned by Peter Schmitz burned yesterday.

Loss, \$100,000.

BEYKKLY, Mass., Nov. 25.—"The Queen," a summer hotel, burned yesterday. Loss, \$00,000; insured partially.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 25.—The entire plant of the Dallas Dressed Beef and Packing company burned. Loss, \$200,000; insurance,

S50,000.
St. Albans, Vt., Nov. 26.—12:45 a. m.—
Fire broke out about 12 o'clock in Strand's
livery barn and is now raging fiercely.
The location is in the midst of
wooden buildings, in the rear of
business blocks on Main street, and a heavy
west wind is blowing. At the present went business blocks on Main street, and a heavy west wind is blowing. At the present writing Waugh's opera house, Richardson, Twig & Co., G. P. Twig and a long line of stores seem likely to be destroyed. Water is not plentiful, and much auxiety is feit lest the conflagration be widespread. Burlington has been asked for help.

New York, Nov. 25.—A fire broke out at 9 o'clock tonight in a five-story building at 10 Lispenard street that caused a damage of about \$42,000.

about \$42,000.

AT HIS OLD HOME.

Governor Hovey's Remains Have Been

Taken to Mount Vernon. EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 25.-Governor Hovey's remains left Indianapolis shortly before 10 o'clock this morning. The train consisted of five coaches, containing the family of the governor in President Pierce's private car, all the state officials including Governor Chase, prominent Grand Army of the Republic offi-cials, four companies of militia and other distinguished citizens in other cars, Stops were made at Greencastle, Brazil, Terre Haute, Sullivan, Vincennes and Prince-ton en route to Evansville. Large crowds of citizens were at all the depots to see the funeral train. The body was removed from the train at Terre Haute and Vincennes, where a large number of people viewed the remains. There was a great demonstration at Evansville when the local Grand Army of the Republic, Business Men's association and other organ-izations escorted the romains through the treets to the court house, where the body laid in state two hours and was viewed by 10,000 people. Later the body was taken to his old home at Mount Vernon where it will be buried tomorrow with military honors. Delegations of the Grand Army of the Republic and militia from this section will be present and a great pageant is expected.

AFTER THE FIGHT.

Minneapolis' Selection as the Convention Town Satisfies Them.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 25.-United States Senator W. D. Washburn of Minnesota, who arrived here today, said, in an interview, that the success of the Minnesota delegation in securing the convention for Minneapolis was due to the fair and honorable attitude taken by Chicago, and the fact that Minneapolis was the next pest place to hold the convention "Then, of course," continued he, 'the party in the northwest will be

greatly strengthened."

Judge John M. Thurston of Omaha, who last week asserted that it was a groundhog case that Omana would secure the conven-tion, said today that Omaha's defeat was duto the fact that that city was not as well organized as Minucapolis. "All delegations are satisfied with the result," he said, "especially the western cities, and Chicago has some out of the contest with the increased admiration of the entire country.'

FOR THEIR FATHER'S MURDER. Arrest of Two Young Men Charged

with an Awful Crime. DECATOR, Ill., Nov. 25 .- Ed. and Grant

Atterberry were arrested at Moawequa today and taken to jall. They are charged with the murder of their father, David J. Atterberry, who was Monday afternoon in the road with the top of his head blown off. The coroner's jury said the murder by the two sons was premeditated. There is, so far, only circumstantial evidence against them, but it is very strong. The two men were seen near the place of the murder and narrow guage wagon tracks were followed to Ed's house. The children have bitterly opposed the marriage of the old man with a widow that he was going to see, and there have been many quarrels. It is generally believed that this trouble caused the murder.

More About Rain Making. Archison, Kan., Nov. 25,-Reupen Jarvis, professor in the public schools at Smith Center, Kan., claims he has discovered chemicals with which he can produce rain every

CHEVENNE, Wyo., Nov. 25.—Frank Mel-bourne, the rain maker, writes a local paper deaving that he has any connection what-ever with the Goodland, Kan., company, which has been using his name. He says after demonstrating that he has a pratical invention he will endeavor to sell it to the government.

Ste mer Arrivals

At Copenhagen-Italia and Thingvalla, At Brymerhaven-Spree, from New York. At Phitadelphia - Mississippi, from Lon

At London Sighted Hermann and Normanula, from New York.
At Antwerp-Pennsylvania from New At Purtland-Egyptian Monarch, from to the building, this afternoon broke through New York,

AFTER THE RUSSIANS LEAVE

Paris Will Again Be Quiet as Regards Har Politics.

MUCH SYMPATHY FOR THE ARCHBISHOP.

Fine of the Muleted Prelate Easily Raised by Popular Subscription-Suicide of an Austrian Le-

gation Attache.

[Copyrighted 1801 by James Gordon Bennett,] Paris, Nov. 25 .- | New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |-Paris is resuming its usual political aspect. M. do Giers left on Sunday. Grand Duke and Grand Duchess Vladimir left yesterday, and tomorrow Grand Duke Alexis will follow them, and then, to borrow the words of a

able to fall among ourselves again." Despite the warm sympathy the French feel for Russia, they are anxious for quiet, and how warm their sympathy is may be judged from the fact that "Michael Strogoff," with its Russian subject, draws 8,000 francs nightly at the theater in which it is being performed.

member of the French capinet, "We shall be

As you have already heard by cable, M. de Giers halted in Berlin on his way home. No details of a reliable nature have yet been received regarding his proceedings there. All that is certain is that he had an audience of the German emperor, which lasted only twenty minutes; that after giving audience to the Russian minister the emperor attended the presentation of the colors by the recruits of the guard, and that on hearing the oath of all giance he remarked: "All justifies the belief that, with God's help, you will only be called on to prove your fidelity and courage in time of peace."

It is supposed that, with his impulsive nature, this young emperor is not wholly delighted at this tranquil prospect. But all this is mere gossip, and it is quite possible no practical results will come of M. de Giers' stay in Berlin.

Terms of the Dreibund.

According to trustworthy information, by her German and Austrian neighbors, in the event of a conflict between France and Germany, Italy would be compelled to mobilize 200,000 men without nelay in the Alps, to mobilize her fleets, to make a naval demonstration off Corsica and to bembard the Algerian seaboard. In case of war breaking out between France and Italy Germany would mass the Eighth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth army corps of Alsace and Baden and hurl them into the Vosges.

The engagements binding Austria and

Italy are less precise and of a wholly diplo-matic nature. The Austrian fleet would only go to the assistance of Italy if the status quo were disturbed in the Moditerranean.

Rights of Conscience Violated. The papers are full of the trial and con-demnation of Mgr. Gouthe-Soulard. The Pigaro has opened a subscription to cover the amount of the flue imposed on the arch-

bishop. The public at large seems indiffer-I called on Mgr. Gouthe-Soulard today. He seemed rather perturbed, and declared that the rights of conscience had been wronged in his person, and protested his person,

against what he thought the unfair pressure Despite his advanced age, the prelate is full of fire and vigor. He looks like an old peasant. The government committed a blunder when it took legal action against the

Oscar Kropf, secretary to the Austro-Hungarian legion in Washington, committed sul-cide yesterday morning in Vienna, where he was staying with his family on a leave of absence. He blew his brains out with a revolver at the hotel in which he re-sided. His wife thinks he must have been delirious at the time. The sad affair has thrown a glocm over political circles. The Kropf family held a prominent place in Viennese society, where Kropf's father had a position in the ministry of foreign affairs and was very wealthy.

M. Mounet-Suily, the favorite tracedian, is about to leave the Comedie Française. He has arranged to undertake a tour through France soon after and will then visit the United States, where you will doubtless some day or other see all our great actors. Whether he will please you is uncertain. He

pinys Hamiet in a way peculiar to himself, Jacques St. Cere. MONEY IN CUBA.

Gold and Silver at a Very High Pre-

mium There.

HAVANA, Nov. 21 .- Owing to the prevailing monetary difficulties much inconvenience and even loss, has been suffered in all trades. the workers at which have been hitherto paid in bank bills. The employers pretend to pay their hands in silver, according to the quotation for gold, reckoning each silver totlar for \$2.35 in bank bills, and employes are willing to receive it only for \$2, at which rate the treasury is refunding bills. The smaller bills are getting scarcer and scarcer, and there is general complaint about the dilatory manner In which the treasury is putting into circu-lation the silver and copper coins now being received from Spain. It is reported that planters experience increased difficulty in procuring the funds they need to complete their preparatory work. This circumstance is likely to increase considerably the cost of sugar production, as money can be obtained

now only at very high rates, even on the very best security. Up to yesterday (No-vember 20) the bills already redeemed were: 147,328 \$1 bills, 407,604 \$3 bills, 38,596 5 cent bills, 83,212 10 cent bills, 446 25 cent bills and 81 413 50 cent bills. These bills represente in the aggregate \$1,423,032. sum received by their holders was \$716,017

KILLED THE CONVERTS.

Mobs in Northern China Destroy th

Christian Mission stations. Pauls, Nov. 25,-A dispatch received here from Pekin confirms the statement that well armed bands of natives have devastated whole districts in the northern part of China and that they pillaged and burned the Beigian mission stations, in addition to the destruction of the mission stations at Tayyuen and Sanchi, where over 100 converted natives were massacred. The station at Genal was sacked and burned and the priest in charge of the Bel-gian mission was killed by the mob, and sev-

eral other Christians massacred.

The natives heretofore have been quiet and there was no sign in the district that a revolt was meditated. The local authorities, therefore, had taken no steps to suppress an outbreak, and when the natives arose they were met with no material opposition. The local governor, in his report to the kin government, attaches the responsibil-

it for the crimes to predatory bands of Mon The general government has taken steps to prevent any further outrages on foreigners and native Christians in the district, and all troops available have been dispatched to the scene af the disturbance.

Reviewed the Regiment Bestin, Nov. 25,-The town of Torzau, in Prussian Saxony, was today the scene of an elaborate military celebration, which was attended by Emperor William. The observance of the 150th anniversary of the organization of the Third pioneer battalion was the occasion for the festivities. The streets of taken possession of the Duluth Daily the town were adorned with festoons and triumphal arches, and its buildings were J. Hill.

plentifully bedecked with flags. The emperor on his arrival was received at the railroad station by Generals von Vorsen and von Haenisch. The inspection of the regiment by the emperor was the feature of the day's ceremony. After this work had been performed his majesty attended a banquet at the town hall, which consided the celebra-

SALISBURY'S SPEECH.

He Addresses the Unionists at Birmingh im, England.

BIRMINGHAM. Eng., Nov. 25 .- The conference of the National Union of Conservative Associations resumed its session this morning. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the principle of assisting local authorities in Great Britain to acquire land for the purpose of facilitating the creation of small rural holdings, which will be of great advantage to the country by checking the present drain upon the rural districts; favoring the extension of commerce upon a preferential basis throughout all parts of the British empire, and that the provisions of any treaties im-posing limitations upon the full development of trade between the United Kingdom and other parts of the British empire should be abrogated, and favoring repeal clauses in the pallot act permitting the Illiterate to vote, The unionists of Birmingham gave luncheon in honor of Lord Salisbury today. In a speech he expressed sorrow for the leath of Lord Lytton, and said that the fame of that diplomatist would long remain. Re-ferring to the tariff question, he said that on all sides there appeared constantly increasing

protective duties, which were calculated to stifle British trade. The protection theory, on which the tariffs were founded, grew like the other evil passions upon which it fed. Watching British statistics, he could not but feel anxiety lest the efforts of foreign protectionists should be partially successful. The errors of foreign statesmen might be trans-mitted to Great Britain. Undoubtedly Brit-ish trade was being hindered for the moment by foreign legislation. Continuing, he said: We have had trouble in rural districts, where no longer sound employment can be ob-tained as formerly. Men have had to seek a desperate remedy by moving into towns. The government will selze with avidity any meas-ure promising legitimately to increase em-ployment for laborers, either in towns or rural

ployment for laborers, either in towns or rural districts.

One of the most acute of the government's anxietles was the fact that people in their ignorance treed remedles which. It obtained, would plunge them into far greater misery. The government had a narrow path to tread; it must avoid dangerous repairly in attempting to care suffering by simply ignoring the causes. On the other hand, it must shun the far more dangerous course of wandering into economic errors that might plunge the whole country into irreparable disaster.

He concluded by congratulating the liberal-

He concluded by congratulating the liberal-unionists on their steady adhesion to the conservative alliance. Mr. Joseph Chamberiain referred to the widening of the gulf separating the dissi-dents from the Gladstonians. He said he once hoped for a speedy reunion, but now he neither looked for nor desired a reunion. Whatever vicissitudes protracted the strug-gle, the unionists would march shoulder to shoulder with the conservatives, until the finally defeated the conspiracy against th integrity of the empire. The joint efforts of the unionists and conservatives would both save the country from district ration and give

the people legislation based upon true demo-cratic instincts. [Cheers.] TO BENEFIT EMIGRANTS.

Meeting of a Philanthropic Commission in Paris.

[Congrighted 1891 by rames Gardon Bennett.] Paris, Nov. 25 .- [New York Herald Cable -Special to THE BEE.]-The Commission for the Protection of Emigran's met yesterday for the first time at the Hotel des Societes Savantes, rue Danton, with M. Jules Simon in the chair. On his left sat Prince Cassano and on his right Major Brackett, represent-ing the United Statos. The day was given over to a general discussion of the subjects which will occupy the commission during the

M. Simon made the opening speech, dwelling on the enormous importance of the emi-gration question and the necessity of some means being found to regulate some of the evils which had arisen in connection with it. A speech was also made by Prince Cassano. Major Brackett also said a few words n behalf of his country. He said he was no there to take an active part in the proceed but rather to obtain all information and ideas might suggest themselves to the commis-sion. He said that the United States would welcome all honest industrious emigrants who went there to establish a home ut universally condemned, and would pur ish, if possible, any person, company or asso ciation that should induce any person or per sons to emigrate under false pretenses; tha the time had come when the United State could no longer submit to the influx o said that the purpose of the committee was a noble one, trying to protect the weak and moderately intelligent emigrants from the schemes of fraudulent emigration promoters. The commission meets again tomorrow morning at 10.

FIXING FOR WAR.

Germany Increasing the Efficiency o

Her Naval Forces. Berlin, Nov. 25 .- In the navy estimates for 1893 provision is made for an annual addition to the navy of 2,218 men, exclusive of narines, the first levy to join their ships in April, 1892, and the term of service to be twelve years. Thus upwards of 20,000 men will be gradually anded to the effective strength of the navy, more than doubling the present war strength. The torpedo corps will be increased by 750 men. The estimates also provide that 1,800 officers and chief mates shall be gradually added to the navy, begin-ning in April, 1892. The warships now affoat have only about one-third their full comple ment of sailors, and there are not enough engineers to put them on a war footing. Th proposed reinforcements are considered necessary in view of the state of preparation of the French fleet, the Cherbourg division of which can be sent out fully equipped on twenty-four hours' notice, and twenty-four hours later might attack Withelmshaven.

STARFING RUSSIAN PEASANTS.

The Horrors of the Situation Have Not Been Exaggerated.

St. Petersnurg, Nov. 25.-The press of this city denounce the merchants who are holding grain for an advance, and clamor for the government to compel them to sell their grain, or that it be confiscated against youchers for future payment, as done during the Crimean war.

It may be truthfully said that the news which comes from the famine stricken districts of Russia does not in the least degree take from the horrors of the condition that now confront thousands upon thousands of the czar's subjects. Nobody can estimate the number of deaths that will result from starvation and cold during the coming win-ter. In many districts no winter sowing whatever has been done, and the inhabitants have nothing to look forward to, even should they be so fortunate as to manage to sustain life through the winter. The hunger stricke peasants are daily becoming more lawless, and acts of brigandage are occurring more and more frequently,

|Computabled 1891 by James Gordon Branstt.| Panis, Nov. 25.—[New York Herald Cable -Special to THE BER. 1-The subscription opened by the Figure to cover the fine and costs of the archbishop of Aix was covered completely in a single day. The journal this (Thursday) morning announces it has received 5,222 francs. Among the subscribers, most of whom are of the French nobility, are duchess d'Uzes, comte de Franqueville, a member of the institute, marquis de Bretoville and comte d'Haussonville.

Newspap r in Hard Luck. Deneral, Minn., Nov. 25.—The shariff has AMID NEVER MELTING ICE.

Life in the Most Northern White Settlement on the Western Hemisphere.

STORIES FROM THE STATION OF REFUGE.

Report of the Superintendent Stationed at Point Barrow-Sufferings of the Natives-A Haven for Belated Whaters.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 25,-Mr. C. B. Borden, superintendent of the United States refuge station at Point Barrow. Alaska, has made a report to the Treasury department in regard to the condition of affairs at the station and in the vicinity during the last fiscal year. The report is dated August 9, and says: "We have heard nothing from the ships this year, and as it is getting late for them and as winter is setting in, it is very doubtful if any will arrive at this place. Ice in heavy masses and very compact extends off shore from the par as far as the eye can

reach. Snow has fallen on two occasions,

have on hand forty tons of coal and stores

sufficient to carry us along comfortably, un-less some disaster befalls the ships for another year.
"During the last year there were four births at Cape Smythe village, while at the same time there were seventeen deaths, including the principal native chief, whose death was due to alcoholism. Of the births, one child was born out on the ice and died before it could be brought to land. One reason for so few births is the great dread the women have of being put into a snow house during their confinement. A limited amount of food is furnished them, but all care, attention and communication are pro hibited. In this condition they must remain for a certain number of days. Some freezo, some starve and many die from other causes. No wonder the women dread the ordeal and do all they can to avoid child-

bearing. "The winter has been mild, with much pleasant weather. At one time the sea was partly frozen over, but was broken up by a gale and the ice was piled high along the coast. The coldest weather was in January when the thermometer stood at 49.9= below zero. When the station was built there was not another house within half a mile of it Now there are half a dozen within 400 yards and the number is increasing so as to threaten the present limited water supply.

The superintendent expresses the opinion that the refuge station filled with rough sail ors of different nationalities is not the proper place for a native school, and he suggests

that other provisions be made for the educa-tion of the young natives.

He reports the wreck of the schooner Sitver Wave in October of last year, and the crew. He also tells of a conspiracy formed against him by a gang of seamen, one of whom named A. E. Larson made an attempt to kill him with a club. Larson was placed n irons and taken to a place of safety. Point Barrow station is the most northerly

point on the western hemisphere inhabited all the year round by white people.

HIS HOME WAS SAVED. Another Illustration of The Bee Bu-

reau of Claims' Success. Telegram to THE BEE.]-The Washington office of Tue Bee Bureau of Claims today was notified by the commissioner of the gen eral land office that proceedings on the part of the government against the land embraced in Henry Beacom's land cash entry No. 6934, Humboldt land district, California, had been dismissed and entry permitted to remain intact. In this case the Washingtor office of The Bee Bureau of Claims ap peared for J. McD. Moore, owner of the land, which was lots 1 and 2 and north half and northwest quarter, section 30, township 8, north, range 2. East Humboldt, Meridian, Cala. A curious history is attached to the case and the successful fight of the Washingon office of Tue Bee Bureau in so short time is another illustration of the good work of the Bureau and the beneficent results to worthy claimants. The entry was made 1880 by Henry Beacom, who sold the land to A. C. Seidel five days after final proof. About 1885 Seidel sold the land to J. McD. Moore, who bought the land in good faith for a valuable consideration. About a year later Beacon came to Moore and demanded more money. saying if the money was not paid bim he would inform the land officials that his entry was fraudulent. Moore refused and Beacom then went before Land Agent B. F. Bergen and made an affidavit that he had hired Seider to make the entry for him. The entry

was then held for cancellation.

The case was sent to the general land office by the local officers of Humboldt, May 1889. Moore could secure no action. On October 28 last he employed the Washington office of The Bee Bureau of Claims to represent him. The case was immediately called up and taken from the dusty files and pushed vigorously and an order issued today declaring Moore's entry intact and saying his home. This case had been pend-ing for thirty months and the Washington office of THE BEE Bureau of Claims secured a favorable action thereon in twenty-nine days after the case was placed with the Bureau. There are a number of land cases in which the Bureau has done good work. The Bureau is frequently in receipt of letters from claimants expressing gratitude and appre-ciation for the benefits done. The land de-partment of the Bureau has the best legal talent and exceptional facilities for the procedulion of this class of claims. Claimant McD. Moore now lives at Ticata, Humbolds county, Cal.

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Meeting of the Sub-Executive Committee at Washington.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 25 .- The sub-executive committee of the national republican league held a meeting of several hours duration at the hotel last evening. The following members of the committee were present: Hon. James S. Clarkson, president; Andrew Humphrey, secretary of the league; R. W. Austin of Alabama, A. W. Hammilli of Colorado, I. C. Edwards of Illinois, F. C. Jackson of Iowa, E. S. Little of Kansas, William P. Riley of Kentucky, T. E. Byres of Minnesota, and Horace M. Deal of Onio. The principal business before the com-mittee was the fixing of the time and place for holding the next national republican league convention. No conclusion was reached, however, and the matter was re-

ferred to a special committee consisting of President Clarkson, E. P. Allen of Michi-gan, W. W. Tracy of Illinois, Little of Kansas, and Riley of Kentucky.

The committee adopted the cane flag as the emblem for the use of republican clubs in marching. The cane was originally adopted several years ago.

POORLY PAID FOR DANGEROUS WORK Report of the General superintendent of the tile Saving Service.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 25. - The annual report of Mr. I. Kimball, general superintendent of the life saving service, shows as follows: At the close of the last fiscal year the establishment numbered 25s stations, 17s on the Atlantic, forty-eight on the lakes, cleven

on the Pacific and one at the falls on the Ohio, Louisville, Ky. The results of all the disasters within the scope of the service aggrerate as follows Total number of disasters, 491; total value o property involved, \$7,000,800; total value of property saved, \$5,783,950; total value of property lost, \$1,280,480; total number of pervessels, valued with their cargo, S70, and assisted other effort, saving seventy eight vessels, valued with goes at \$1,802,110, making the regate number of vessels which they I and

assisted in saying during the year 7, involving \$3,285,080 worth of property.

The cost of the maintenance of the vice during the year was \$140,201. The sa of imperiled property was propertic sly greater than in any former year, with a single exception.

The general superintendent invites attention to the emparators and which the

tion to the emparrassment under which the service labors, owing to the frequent resigna-tions of the trained men, who leave the scrice for better compensation outside at less hazardous vocations. He states that this exodus of experienced surfmen, shown in the last report to be more than 30 per cent, has continued during the past year, and it is obvious that unless specifity check d the efficiency of the corps will be seriously impaired. Many who would otherwise leave are retained by the hope of better wages in the future, excited by former recommendations and by the merits of the case which they think ought to be apparent.

PLANNING FOR THE CONTENTION.

Republican Committeemen Will meet in Minneapolis Next Month.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 25,-Chairman Clarkson and Secretary Passett of the Republican national committee neld a conference today with the citizens committee of and vesterday morning we had new ice nearly an inch thick. The natives say the ships cannot get here on account of ice. We Minneapolis and practically agreed upon a meeting at Minneapolis some time in Dacomber of a sub-committee of five from the national committee to confer with the citizens of Minneapolis as to the arrangement of the hall and of the preliminaries in regard to the holding of the convention. Robert C. Evans, the Minnesota member of the national com-mittee, was added to the executive committee and will act with them in all matters relating to arrangements for and the conduction of the convention.

CARLISLE'S OPINION OF MILLS.

It is Given in Response to a Letter From a New York Congressman. NEW YORK, Nov. 25 .- Under date of Norember 17, Congressman J. D. Warner wrote

as follows to John G. Carliste: as follows to John G. Carliste:

My Dear Sir—Hon. Roger Q. Mills, as you know, is a prominent candidate for the speakership on the ground of his services to his party and to the principles, to the success of which the Fifty-second congress owes its unproceedented democratic majority. I not merely recognize the strength of his claim, based on his record, but the fiet that every democratic member of congress, whom I know to be in favor of relegating tariff reform to the rear, is opposed to Mr. Mills, has added to the indications that I am right in my preference.

It is, however, asserted that Mr. Mills is un fitted by temperament to make a dignified and effective presiding officer of the house. and effective presiding officer of the house. I know of no one whose opinion on that matter would have more weight with others, as well as myself, than would your own. May I beg an expression of your opinion in such regard? While I should greatly prefer to be allowed to use such reply as you may send me. I shall of course be glac to consider it confidential to any extent you may indicate.

I appreciate also the delicacy of the subject matter involved and the possible reasons for your preferring to be silent upon this subject, whatever may be your opinion, and shall not consider it either discourteous to myself or allow it to prejudice me against Mr. Mills should you not answer this letter. I should, however, place such reliance upon your judgment that I greatly hone to have the benefit of it, and I know so well the great weight that others would give to any expression of your opinion that I cannot but hope you will permit me to use it.

Carl sle's Reply.

Carl sle's Reply.

To this letter Mr. Carlisle, writing from Washington, November 21, replied as fol-Dear Sir-Your favor of the 17th inst. just received. The charge that Hon. Roger Q. Mills is unfitted by temperament to make a dignified and effective presiding officer of the se does that gentleman very great inju. Mr. Mills is carnest and courageous tice. Mr. Mills searnest and courageous in the maintenance of his opinions, but he is just and impartial in the discharge of his public duties and always accords to his opponents the same consideration he claims for himself. Before his appointment as chairman of the committee on ways and means in the Fiftieth congress the same objection, to which you now refer, was urged against him, and there were many who expressed the fear that his views were too extreme for the position, and that he might recommend legislation upon the tariff of such a radical character that the party would be unwilling to enforse it; but the provisions of the proposed bill, and manner in which it was managed in the committee and in the house, showed conclusively that all the apprehensions were unfounded. His bill was a very conservative one, and his advents of the same and in the

In which it was managed in the committee and in the house, showed conclusively that all the apprehensions were unfounded. His bill was a very conservative one, and his advocacy of it was able and judiclous from the beginning to the close of the discussion. If elected speaker I am sure that the same spirit of moderation would characterize his administration of that office and that no one would have just cause to complain of his demeanor while presiding, or of his general course on political questions.

Having answered your inquiry, perhaps I ought to say no more; but I will venture to add a word upon another subject, to which you incidentally allude. It is unfortunately true that there is a disposition in some quarters to subordinate the question of tariff reform to others, which are, in my opinion, far less important to the people and far more dancerous to the harmony and success of the democratic party. Upon the tariff question we are practically united, while upon the silver question, and perhaps upon some others, there are wide differences of opinion among members of our own party—differences which can be reconciled only by patient deliberation and the exercise of a liberal spirit of forbearance and toleration. Why should we, on the eve of a great national test, when victory is almost within our grasp, abandon or ignore a vital issue upon which we are a unit and waste our strength in a fruitless controversy amon; ourselves over questions which can be better adjusted after it has been determined what part of their own earnings the people shall be permitted to keep? Let us do one thing at a time and all things in their preper order. The first auty of the democratic party and of all who sympaths with it is to change the laws under which the carnings of the people are taken away from them by unjust taxation for private purposes, and whoever insposes to postpone the nerforman's of this duty in order to inaugurate a war among outselves over the silver question, or any other question, is not a wise counselor and wo

MOVING IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

Immense Grain Crop Being Handled

N .w Without Trouble. Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 25 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- Chairman Charles E. McKinney of the State Railway commission reached home from Chicago today. He declared that the commission had prevented a continuance of the car famine. "We found," said Mr. McKinney, "that the roads are not discriminating against South Dakota. are very short of cars, but on hearing of the great shortage here they at once made arrangements to send 500 more empties on By tonight the famine throughout the state will be lifted. Hereafter the roads can handle all the grain presented. So much wheat is rushing into Chicago that there may be a block later, but unless that happen

Swallowed Up by the Sand. Hor Spaines, S. D., Nov. 25.- (Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Phillip Eike, a workman on the Elkhorn railroad, was in stantly killed by the caving of a sand bank

STTER ANOTHER WITNESS.

A Western Traffic Association Official Summoned to Omaha. Curexoo, Ill., Nov. 25 .- A subpoena was

served by the United States marshal this morning from the federal grand jury at Omana summoning George Z. Carman to ap pear and testify before that body November 39, in the cases of freight rate discriminations now under investigation. Carman is superintendent of the weighing division of the Western Traffic association, and is supposed to know some-thing about the alleged false weight made on sons on board, 3,491; total number of persons lost, 50.

The marshal could not find Carman, as he had gone to Leadville for his health.

CONGRESS WILL MEET AGAIN,

President Peixotto Calls on the Brazilian Delegates to Assemble at Rio.

HE IS OPPOSED TO A DICTATORSHIP

T. mperate Address to the People by

da Fonseca's Successor-Rio Janeiro Qu et-Chili Will Raise a Gunboat.

[Commighted :80] by James Gord in Beanett.] Rio Janeiro, Brazil (via Galveston, Tex.), Nov. 25. - By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE.]-President Peixotte has issued a call for the reassempling on December 18 of the congress which da Fonseca dissorved. Rodriguez Aivos, who has been appointed minister of finance, is generally considered a capable

Peixotto's manifesto is worded in the usual form, and seems to satisfy every one. He declares himself, opposed to a dictatorship and in favor of the re-establishment of the regular order of affairs. The state of siege which was announced by da Fonseea in this city and Nitheroy has been released. Rio is quiet and business has been generally resumed.

Senor Pereira will temporarily act as minister of public instruction and of the interior, as well as performing his duties as minister of instice.

Will Raise the Vessel.

[Copyright destiny James Gordon Beauett.] Valparaiso, Chili (via Galveston, Tex.), Nov. 25 - By Mexican Caple to the New York Herald - Special to THE BEE. |-The government today invites bids for raising the warship Blanco Encalde, which was sunk by Baimaceda's torpedo boats in Caldera bay. The belief of those acquainted with the matter is that the ship's guns are most valuable and can be easily made good if the proper appliances are used.

FELT THE SHOCK AT SEA.

Strange Experience of the Bark Hesper During the Japon Earthquakes. SAN PRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 25. - The Amerian bark Hesper, Captain Sodergren, twenty-seven days from Kobe, Japan, reports that her standing rigging was carried away by the force of the earthquake shock of October 28 in that harbor, and that other vessels in

the nurbor also suffered. The damage to the town was very great. On October 30, when the vessel was about twenty-five miles from Kobe on her home-ward trip another violent shock oc-curred shortly after daybreak. A rumbling as that of a submarine volcano was heard and the sea was dashed into foam, the waves breaking over the vessel. The bark was shaken and tossed about most violently and maintenant crosstrees went by the board. The deck was flooded with water of a temperature so high as to seem almost boiling hot, and the air, which was filled with a sulphurous odor, became stiffing. The strength of the vessel and her crew was taxed to the utmost for an hour and a half, but it was fully five hours before the storm ceased. Captain Sodergren then steered the vessel a the scuthward to keep out of the track of the storm. He lost four days by his course, but as fair weather was experienced for the

emainder of the voyage a quick run was WEATHER FORECASTS.

OFFICE OF WEATHER BUREAU, 1 OMAHA, Nov. 25. The low parometer area is now crossing he Lake Superior region and northwesterly winds prevail in the Missouri valley. There

Dakota and Iowa, while snow is reported from Minnesota No material change in the temperature is anticipated after the northern storm. Fair and warm weather prevails in the Rocky cuutain region.

nave been light rains in Nebraska, Kansas,

oft weather, possibly with light rains, folowed by clearing and somewhat cooler Washington, D. C., Nov. 25. - The area of low pressure Tuesday night north of Mon-tana overlies Minnesota and Iowa, as a slight epression that has brought light snows in he northwest, reaching Lake Michigan and overing lowa and Nebraska.

For Omaha and Vicinity-Continued mild,

For lowa-Warmer, with cloudiness and now; probably colder and fair Friday. For Kansas-Cloudiness and light rains; older and probably fair Priday.
For Missouri—Cloudiness and rains Thursay; nearly stationary temperature. For Nebraska and Colorado—Light rains r snows; colder and probably fair Friday. For the Dakotas—Generally fair weather, except local snows in eastern North Dakota;

colder and probably fair Friday. SAYS BLAINE WILL BE THE MAN.

Opinion of the Massachusetts Member of the National Committee.

Spaingement, Mass., Nov. 25.-Henry H Hyde, the Massachusetta member of the reublican national committee, has returned from Washington. In an interview this afternoon he said:

"The choice of Minneapolis has no signifiance in regard to the prosidential nomina-It is perfectly understood that Blaine will be the nominee, practically without op-position, if he does not positively decline be-fore the convention meets. The republican party wishes him to run, and no one but Blaine himself can prevent his nomination. If ne feels that he is not able to undertake the responsibilities of the campaign, Harrison will be renominated. At the meeting of the members of the committee the greatest confidence was expressed in republican suc-

cess next year." NATIONAL BANK FAILURE.

A North Carolina Institution Forced to Close Its Doo s.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 25 .- The First National bank of this city suspended payment this morning. Owing to a stringency n financial affairs the bank was unable to neet further demands. It is impossible now to get any statement of the condition of affairs. The capital stock of the bank is \$350,000. The last published statement shows deposits of \$405,000. An employe of the bank who is familiar with the affairs expressed the opinion to a reporter that depositors would suffer no loss. Large crowds gathered around the institution, but verything is quiet.
Lacey, comptroller of the currency, sent

bank of Wilmington, N. C., which uspended today. ESTABLISHED HEADQUARTERS.

an examiner to take charge of the First Na-

People's Party Making Preparations for Coming Elections.

Toreka, Kan., Nov. 25.-The executive committee of the central committee of the people's party, or farmers alliance, met bere today, Levi Dumbould presiding. It was decided to establish permanent political headquarters in Topeka and range for the establishment of daily newspapers to champion the cause of the third party. The secretary reported that in the last election the people's party in Kan-sas cast 113,000 out of a total of 350,000 votes, and controlled the state. To these would be and controlled the secured by the smalgama-tion of the farmers alliance with the Farmers, Mutual Benefit association and the Industrial alliance and the Knights of Labor.