THE DAILY BEE.

E. ROSEWATER, EDITOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING

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The Bee Publishing Company, Proprietors
THE BEE BUILDING.

SWORN STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION

State of Nebraska, County of Douglas, } ss.

George B. Tzschuck, secretary of THE BEE Publishing company, does solemnly swear that the actual circulation of THE DAILY BEE for the week ending October 31, 1891, was as follows:

Sunday, Oct. 25	28,205
Monday, Oct. 26	23,789
Tuesday, Oct. 27	23,579
Wednesday, Oct. 28	23,754
Thursday, Oct. 29	23,731
Friday, Oct. 30	23,823
Saturday, Oct. 31	24,029
Average	24,432

GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 31st day of October, A. D., 1891.

SEAL. N. P. FEIL, Notary Public.

The growth of the average daily circulation of THE BEE for six years is shown in the following table:

	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891
January	10,378	16,206	15,206	18,574	19,555	28,440
February	10,305	14,198	15,993	18,096	18,791	25,312
March	11,537	14,400	19,080	18,851	20,815	24,005
April	12,101	14,316	18,744	18,550	20,564	23,928
May	12,439	14,227	17,181	18,099	20,180	26,849
June	12,208	14,147	19,243	18,858	20,301	26,917
July	12,314	14,093	18,033	18,788	20,002	27,021
August	12,464	14,151	18,183	18,651	20,759	27,368
September	13,030	14,349	18,154	18,710	20,870	25,587
October	12,989	14,333	18,084	18,997	20,762	.....
November	13,548	15,926	18,966	19,510	22,180	.....
December	13,237	15,041	18,223	20,048	23,471	.....

Jay Burrows, the independent dictator, in his speech at Minden, October 6, said:

"Three-fourths of the democrats in Nebraska will vote for Joe Edgerton; then after election they will claim that they elected him. They have gall enough to say it. We will know we elected him ourselves, and could have done it if not a single democrat in the state had voted for him."

DENOUNCING THE OLD PARTIES.

[World-Herald, October 27.]

LEXINGTON, Neb., Oct. 26.—[Special.]—The Independent party of this county had a grand meeting today at the James opera house. Rev. J. L. Atkinson of Cozad presided and the Overton cornet band was on hand in full force with its soul stirring music. The first speaker was Hon. J. H. Powers, who for two solid hours fired broadsides of HOT SHOT INTO BOTH THE OLD PARTIES.

AFTER today we shall all turn from politics to business.

NOBODY should be elected to the city council or school board who has building material to sell to city contractors.

THE interest in Nebraska's political contest is very great, but it hardly creates a ripple on the national surface in view of the greater consequences depending upon New York, Ohio and Iowa.

SAN FRANCISCO is a little late about it but nevertheless earnest in making an attempt to secure one of the national conventions. Omaha has, of course, the lead for the republican meeting, but we are for San Francisco for one of the others.

TENNESSEE'S governor is out with a proclamation offering a reward of $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the leaders of the Briceville mob which liberated the state prison convicts employed in the mines. A reward of this magnitude is dangerous to the integrity of detectives and witnesses, but it is very difficult to fix leadership where 3,000 men are either leaders or followers.

DEADWOOD is by all odds the best mining camp in this country at the present time. It is growing in wealth and population. New ore strikes are announced nearly every day. Smelters and reducing plants are growing up on all sides and the wonderfully rich mineral regions of the Black Hills are being developed as never before. Omaha and Nebraska are interested in the growth and prosperity of this fine region and everything possible should be done to unite the commercial interests of the two sections.

KANSAS CITY not being able to attract the large interstate conventions which meet at stated times gets up meetings of her own. Her commercial congress last spring was interesting enough to stimulate her desire for these meetings and she has now called a convention for December 15 and 16 to urge upon congress the systematic improvement of the Missouri and lower Mississippi rivers. The delegates are to come from the Missouri river and lower Mississippi states. A democratic house however, can not be expected to favor the improvement of waterways. It costs money and this democratic house will make its usual spasmodic effort at economy by cutting off necessary appropriations.

THE interest that is being manifested in the World's fair by the countries of Central and South America is regarded as highly encouraging for the reciprocity policy. It is stated that every country and colony south of the Gulf of Mexico and the Rio Grande has accepted the invitation and appointed committees in the exposition, and the appropriations by these countries far exceed those made by the states of the United States for the same purpose, with the exception of Illinois. The sums already appropriated range in amount from $20,000 to $100,000, and Brazil contemplates expending on her exhibit over half a million dollars. The outlay by these countries will amount to several million dollars, and their contribution to the fair will be among its most interesting features.

BY FAIR MEANS OR FOUL.

The combine of contractors and boodlers that have had control of our city and county affairs for the last two years are determined to hold their grip upon the city and county by fair means or foul.

Nothing short of a cyclone of ballots will dislodge them. They have succeeded in capturing the democratic conventions and foisting upon the democratic party men who are willing to do their bidding. Now they are plotting to encompass the rape of the ballot box. By the aid of Mayor Cushing they have packed the election boards and taken possession of the machinery of the election. When the hundred special policemen were called for Acting Mayor Tom Lowry capped the climax by selecting as defenders of the purity of the ballot box a job lot of democratic ward heelers. When called on to fill vacancies on the election boards caused by the disability of some twenty of the 600 judges and clerks appointed by Cushing, Mr. Lowry filled them solid with Osthoff and Slavin strikers.

What does this portend? It is as plain as the nose on a man's face that the desperadoes and boodling conspirators propose to resort to every device that will prevent a fair election and an honest count of the ballots. It means that the objects for which the Australian ballot reform was inaugurated are to be set at naught. It means that the ballots of men who cannot read will be fraudulently marked and the ballots of intelligent voters are to be purposely miscounted. It means a conspiracy to steal the election by deception and fraud.

That the men at the head of this foul conspiracy are determined to resort to every means at their command will scarcely be called in question. Such things have been done by Tammanyites in New York and by contractors' and boodlers' rings in Chicago, Cincinnati, San Francisco and other cities. The only way that such plots against the popular will can be thwarted is by a firm and determined stand on the part of taxpayers and citizens who believe in the honest rule of majorities. Let it be proclaimed from the housetops that election officers detected in tampering with ballots or counting out men who are elected will be given a very short shift.

Let every good citizen act as a detective for himself and for all honest voters and denounce on the spot every attempt to cheat voters out of their honest choice.

Let every citizen keep a duplicate of his ballot so that he can go before any court and testify how he voted in case an attempt is made to count out men who have received a majority or plurality of the votes of this city or county.

A RECORD OF SPLENDID SERVICE.

Every farmer in the United States owes a generous measure of gratitude to the administration of President Harrison for its signal success in obtaining concessions from European governments in the interest of the products of the farm. After nearly ten years of exclusion the pork products of this country now have free entrance into Germany, and there is favorable promise that the German government will be induced to reduce if not to remove the duty on corn, in order to encourage the use of that cereal by its people as a substitute for rye. France has kept our hog products out of her markets for a number of years, but she, also, has removed the prohibition, and while retaining a tariff duty will make such a reduction in it as will enable the American products to compete with the home products in the French markets. Italy for years maintained a like policy, and that government voluntarily abandoned it, thereby manifesting an unexpected friendliness. All of these concessions have been secured without impairing in the slightest degree the cordial relations between the United States and the European countries, and they are properly to be regarded as evidences of a higher respect for this country and a greater desire to cultivate our friendship. They mean an expansion of our foreign commerce to the extent of many millions of dollars annually, and considered in connection with the benefits to be derived from the reciprocity agreements already effected, make a record of valuable service to the agricultural interests and the commerce of the country surpassing that of any other administration in our history. Such achievements deserve the hearty approval of the American people, and particularly of that class most directly benefited, and faith in the popular appreciation of wise, conscientious and successful efforts to advance the general welfare will be weakened if the elections of tomorrow, at least in the naturally republican states, shall fail to attest the popular approval of the immensely valuable work of the national administration.

A WORD OF CAUTION.

The liquor dealers of Omaha had better do a little thinking on their own account. It is natural that they should feel friendly to Henry Osthoff who has himself been a saloon keeper for many years and a liberal patron. But their friendship for Osthoff should not carry them away with the idea that his election for mayor would be of any benefit to them. Quite the contrary.

Osthoff's election will rouse the fanatical and even the more temperate element into an anti-saloon crusade. Instead of assuring the liquor dealers a free and easy policy, the election of Osthoff would be followed by agitation to rigidly enforce the Sunday laws and midnight closing ordinance. It would inevitably result in a shower of protests when the liquor dealers file their notices of application for licenses next month, and the commission would be compelled to take notice of these protests and carry out the exact letter of the law.

AS TO THE BONDS.

Vote for the school bonds.
Vote for the park bonds.
Vote for the city hall bonds.
Vote for the paving and sewer bonds.
Vote against the library bonds.

A LARGER NAVY NEEDED.

Whatever may be the outcome of the Chilian imbroglio, the affair will not fail to suggest to all thoughtful Americans that the time has come when the United States must have a navy strong enough to defend its seaports and to command for its just demands the respectful consideration of other nations. The fact must be recognized that this country is no longer in that state of isolation which has hitherto been relied upon to give it security against attack, and to protect it from those dangers of international controversy which may result in hostilities. We are a great commercial nation whose lines of commerce extend to every quarter of the globe. American interests are widely scattered in two hemispheres and are constantly expanding. We are reaching out with greater energy and zeal than ever before for the world's trade, and especially for the consummation of closer relations with the countries of the western hemisphere. The tendency of all this is to induce us to guard with increasing jealousy what we claim to be our prerogatives in this quarter of the globe, and to assert with greater earnestness the doctrine proclaimed three-quarters of a century ago respecting European interference and influence in this hemisphere. It is inevitable that as we advance along the lines now being pursued we shall encounter the dangers that have been met by every progressive nation. Our growing greatness and power is already regarded with envy by European nations. Within a year it has been seriously proposed to form a commercial alliance antagonistic to the United States. As we make progress in wresting from Europe the trade of this hemisphere it is by no means improbable that at some time the nations of the old world may form a political compact having for its object the arrest of our advance toward the ultimate complete domination of this hemisphere. But if it be deemed not worth while to prepare for so remote an exigency, it is well to bear in mind that our government is liable at any time to be involved in an international issue of a serious nature. Illustrations are supplied by the controversy with Italy arising out of the New Orleans affair and by the unlooked for Chilian difficulty. The chances of such troubles will increase with the extension and growing importance of our international relations.

A good beginning has been made in the creation of a navy, and the judicious policy should be adhered to until the country has a naval establishment adequate for defense and which will insure for our just demands the respectful consideration of the strongest nations. It should never be the policy of the United States to invite or provoke hostilities with any country, small or great, but we should be prepared to enforce our rights wherever and by whomsoever assailed.

THE progress of civil service reform under the present administration has not met with the unqualified approval of the radical reformers, and that was not to have been expected, but there is every reason to believe that before the term of the administration ends it will have made a record in this direction far surpassing that of any preceding administration, if indeed such credit does not already belong to it. It is announced that the president has decided to reform the character of competitive examinations. He has come to the conclusion, and it is unquestionably a wise one, that the examinations are too academic, and not sufficiently practical, and he proposes to remove this defect by such a change of the character of examinations as will give to them a more business-like application, candidates being examined with as much regard for the practical knowledge of the business with which they will have to do as with the scholarship. This is common sense, and its application will remove one of the chief objections to the civil service reform policy, as well as secure to the government service a more useful class of employes.

HENRY EHRENPFORT, assessor of the First ward, wants to be re-elected. Last winter he spent most of his time as a lobbyist at Lincoln to defeat the assessor bill and succeeded in imposing upon the independents who were made to believe that he was a true anti-monopolist, when in fact he had annual and trip passes on the railroads and had made himself solid with the franchised corporations who have property in the First ward. The Electric Lighting company was assessed at $1,300 when the concern is capitalized at $400,000, while the small property holders are assessed at about one-fourth of the market value of their little houses and lots. Ehrenpfort has no claim upon anybody except the millionaires and corporations for re-election.

THE man with the hair-trigger jaw, Assistant City Attorney Shoemaker, "ordered" the election officers of the Eighth precinct, Fourth ward, to register a dozen graders temporarily abiding in tents and working for Contractor O'Keeffe. Upon what meat does this great Shoemaker feed that he should arrogate to himself the authority to issue orders to election officers in the city? When the graders offer their votes they should be challenged and compelled to sign affidavits of residence. They will probably hesitate to brave the dangers of fine and imprisonment for illegal voting.

IN voting upon the various bond propositions it should be remembered that two-thirds of all the votes cast upon any one of the propositions is required to make the bonds legal.

THE impression has gone forth that there is a job in the proposed purchase of park grounds. Reports are out that as high as $2,000 an acre has been agreed upon for a large portion of the lands. This is not true. The highest price allowed for any tract is $1,000 per acre and most of the land ranges in price from $500 up to $900 per acre. It is doubtful whether we shall ever be able to buy land for parks cheaper. If we are ever to have a chain of parks and boulevards the land should be acquired now.

COUNTY AUDITOR EVANS' statement of receipts and expenditures of the bridge bond sinking fund would have been far more valuable to the public if it had not been so long in incubation. The $12,000 deficit is still unexplained notwithstanding the balancing of the books by the auditor. The details are needed to make it clear that the bridge bond sinking fund has been honestly and legally expended.

DO NOT fail to vote against the library bonds. It is not safe or prudent to accept a gift with a string tied to it. The conditions on which the lot on the corner of Nineteenth and Harney is to be donated cannot be complied with by the city. Any one of the heirs may contest the title and compel the city to pay for the lot.

THE Omaha free kindergarten association is an organized charity deserving of the substantial support of the community. Its public meeting at Young Men's Christian association hall Thursday evening should attract a very large attendance of persons interested in benevolent enterprises and kindergarten instruction.

ANY judge or clerk of election who changes the marks made by any voter upon any ballot or deceives any voter who is not able to read or who fraudulently counts votes given for one candidate for his opponent commits a penitentiary offense and should be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

THE BEE cheerfully admits that Police Judge Patrick King of South Omaha has credentials as a lawyer from Iowa, but he has no record as a practioner in our courts while J. W. Eller, his opponent, is qualified for the position of county judge by long years of practice in Nebraska.

IT is to be hoped that the still hunt being made against Henry Bolln, republican candidate for city treasurer, will not succeed. Mr. Bolln is a very capable man and his integrity has never been called in question. There is no reason why any republican should bolt his nomination.

EVERY voter should keep a duplicate of his ballot with the names of each candidate marked exactly as he votes it. This precaution is absolutely essential to prevent the counting out of men who are honestly elected.

EVERY voter should see to it that at least two of the judges of election place their names on the back of his ballot. A failure of the judges to do this makes the ballot void under the Australian law.

A WRONG impression has gone out concerning the competency of Theo. Olsen to fill the office of comptroller. Mr. Olsen is a first class accountant and thoroughly qualified for the place.

A REWARD of $50 for the arrest of any election officer guilty of violating the election laws is offered by the republican committees. This will have a wholesome and restraining effect.

NOVEMBER is here and the contract for excavating on the postoffice site is not yet awarded. It will be 1892 before a shovelful of earth is lifted.

CHALLENGERS should see to it that at least two judges place their names on the back of every ballot deposited.

Sure Thing.

Chicago Mail.

Ander the Australian system every voter is bound to make his mark in politics.

Liberal but Not Wholesale.

Lincoln Journal.

Kansas has a newspaper called the Liberal Lyre. It is supposed to occupy in a limited way the field covered in this state by the Omaha World-Herald.

The Situation in New York.

New York Morning Advertiser.

Looking at the matter from a strictly non-partisan standpoint we are enabled to summarize the situation in this state as foflows:

Registration-Anticipation. { Jollification. / Humiliation.

A Common Complaint.

Baltimore American.

The announcement is made that Spain is in need of money. It may be a sort of consolation to this ancient monarchy to know that there are lots of citizens in this great and glorious commonwealth in precisely the same fix.

It Hit Him Hard.

Kearney Hub.

Judge Post's open letter to G. M. Hitchcock, editor of the World-Herald, charging him with criminal conspiracy, is a cutting and just arraignment of the loudest smelling fraud that disgraces western newspaperdom. Let the gailed jade wince.

Grain and Gold.

Kansas City Star.

New York has exported $75,513,351 in gold during the year, and imported $21,982,700. Of the imports $20,180,000 have been received since September 12, which conveys some idea of the demand for the surplus wheat crop of the United States. The year will close with the imports not many millions behind the exports.

In Event of War.

Globe-Democrat.

If war with Chili should take place it will be fought on the Pacific and not on the Atlantic. If the Chilians get a chance to take the offensive their attacks would be against the California or Oregon ports and not against those of New York, Massachusetts or the Carolinas. The place for our warships now is the Pacific ocean, in the neighborhood of Chili, and not in the Brooklyn navy yard.

Campaign Oratory.

Philadelphia Press.

The campaign of this year is demonstrating that the old method of addressing voters from the stump has lost none of its charm and influence. The four states where contests have been waged with earnestness probably never heard more campaign oratory in the same length of time than they have during the past six weeks. The speaking has been continuous and, judging from the large audiences that have attended the meetings, the popular taste for this style of campaigning has not abated in the least.

Reducing the Load.

Philadelphia Record.

It is estimated that as a result of this year's business in the western states there will be a liquidation of not less than $300,000,000 of mortgage indebtedness. A consequent gorge of money may be expected in the hands of savings institutions, insurance companies and other holders of this form of security. "Money makes the mare go," says the old proverb; and corn makes money caper.

In Union is Strength.

Kansas City Journal.

There is not room for both the Transmissisippi Congress and the Western Commercial Congress to both flourish with precisely the same objects and nearly the same component constituency. The resolution looking to a consolidation of the two bodies was the most sensible action taken by the Omaha congress.

The Age of Gold.

New York World.

Chloride of gold for consumption, bichloride of gold for dipsomania, and just plain, simple gold for almost all the other ills that flesh is heir to, doesn't make this the golden age, however it may be the age of gold.

Chili's Popular Party.

Globe-Democrat.

The liberal party has won the election in Chili, and will have full control of the government. The result implies the adoption of progressive doctrines and methods, and the protection of the rights of the people.

A SPECK OF WAR.

New York Herald: The offence is aggravated by the fact that the victims wore the uniform of the United States. That gives to the affair the aspect of a deliberate insult to the authority of the United States, a premeditated purpose to mob these men because they were Americans.

Cincinnati Commercial: Forty unarmed United States man-of-wars men were attacked in Valparaiso by 300 armed Chilians. The disparity in numbers and power will be reversed should Uncle Sam, representing 63,000,000 people, conclude to punish the little Chilian nation of 3,000,000.

Philadelphia Press: The demand for reparation made on the Chilian government for the assault made on American sailors in Valparaiso is inevitable under all the circumstances. It will undoubtedly receive from Chili the prompt offer to make amends which would be made by this country in an analogous case.

New York Recorder: There is no parallel whatever, as the London Times endeavors to make out, between the murderous attacks on our sailors in Chili and the Italian lynchings in New Orleans. The Italians were nearly all naturalized citizens. Our sailors were not Chilian citizens and they wore the uniform of the United States.

PASSING JESTS.

Washington Star: "That was a safe bit," remarked the burglar who had made his entry to the cash repository.

Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly: Miss Fannie Inswim (to Uncle Jay, from the country, who has been asked to carve, in the absence of the host)—Uncle Jay, I'd like some more dressing.

Uncle Jay (glaring critically at Miss Fanny's decollete dinner costume)—Well, b' Gosh! I sh'd think you would. You need it bad enuff, Lord knows.

New York Sun: "Can you tell me where I can go to hear some good singing?" an eager-looking guest asked of the hotel clerk. "I haven't heard any in ten years."

"You haven't?" exclaimed the clerk. "Where've you been? Travelling in Africa?"

"No: I've been on the road with a comic opera troupe."

Clothier and Furnisher: Briggs—Did you hear about Miss Grosgrain? She has married a dry goods clerk. They met, he woo'd and won her, and so they were married.

Griggs—Why, when did this all happen?

Briggs—While she was waiting for the change.

She said "Good night;" she said it o'er,
As maids oft have to do;
She said it twenty times or mere,
And still she wasn't through.

'Tis strange how different people are;
Her father, big and gruff,
Exclaimed it once—'twas heard afar,
And that proved quite enough.

Chicago Tribune: Mr. Ardup (who has just told the bill collector to call again)—I had a presentiment you were coming this morning. Do you believe in presentiments, young man?

Bill Collector (putting the bill back in his pocket)—I do, sir. I had a presentiment before I came that I wasn't going to get a darned cent out of you.

Cincinnati Commercial: Tramp—Madame, will that dog bite a man?

Lady—No; but he'll jerk the daylights out of a tramp. Here, Bowser!

BEWARE THERE, CHILI.

New York Herald.

Now, Chili, beware how you monkey and mutter,
For old Uncle Sam is a bad man to beat;
You'll learn, when they've carried you off on a shutter,
That the best Chili sauce he's accustomed to eat.

Detroit Free Press: "Home again," said the postmaster to the returning stump clerk.

"Yes, back to my old stamping ground," and he took his place at the window.

Puck: Desdemonia Davis (bursting into tears—It's too bad of him—he knows that I love him—and yet—and yet—

Emilia Emerson—Yet what?

Desdemonia Davis—He lets me flirt with any one I wish to, and doesn't say a word.

Drake's Magazine: Slangy—Jones—Hello, old man, I hear you've been sick. What was the matter?

Adams—Diphtheria.

Jones—Where did you get it?

Adams—In the neck.

Kate Field's Washington: "Do you believe in theosopy?"

"No, but I believe in the ossified man at the dime museum."

N. Y. Herald: Smile and the world smiles with you; swear off and you, er—smile alone.

Washington Star: "What are you doing there?" asked the house dog of the hens, who were scratching in the garden.

"Nothing much," was the reply; "just having our measure taken for a pair of shoes."

"Charley's on a regular tear today," said one dry goods clerk to another.

"You don't mean it!"

"Yes, he lost his scissors, you know."

Boston Gazette: The story that corn husks are thicker this year doesn't go down with the occupant of a hotel mattress.

"What are you going to call your new son, conductor?" "Oscar, of course, in honor of a departing institution."

Smith, Gray & Co.'s Weekly: "I have secured a new man to work on uppers," observed the foreman of a shoe factory.

"That's good," replied the proprietor; "it is not often the employers get the upper hand."

Yonker's Statesman: The young graduate who takes up medicine find it pleasanter than taking it down.

Binghamton Republican: Advice is valuable chiefly when it makes a man mad enough to follow his own ideas.

THE CAMPAIGN CIGAR.

Chicago Tribune.

Behold the campaign cigar!
Inhale its rich poetic fragrance.
Get onto its bouquet.
Observe the mellow autumn hues that v
Its wrapper made of best Connecticut
Home grown, hand painted native leaf,
Its graceful whaleback curve.
Get onto its curve.
Mark how in pale green coils and rings its smoke
Appals the atmosphere.
And desolation, grim, fell, horrid,
Follows in its train!
Campaign cigar! Blossom and fruitage of
The tree of Liberty!
Nay! Rather doth it seem a very
Pillar of cloud by day and fire by night
To lead the trustful candidate
To the fool's Canaan.
Matchless weed—yet no, alas! it is not matchless.
Else 'twere harmless quite.
Nosegay politicial!
In thyself a who e Calamity
Party without whiskers!
Incomparable vegetable! Thou art—
Phew! Raise the windows!

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.

As a whole there is much doubt here as to the result of the various state elections tomorrow. Interest is, however, intensified by the doubt. The republicans feel sure that McKinley will be the next governor of Ohio. It must be admitted, however, that democratic confidence in Campbell's re-election has been somewhat strengthened by reports of his efforts during the past few days, and the rumors of deals affecting the legislature, which is even more important than the governorship. Democratic confidence has been also strengthened by reports that the war against their candidate has been patched up to a degree at Cincinnati. Ohio is regarded as the only state which has, to a very large degree, waged a campaign on national issues. For some days the impression has been gaining that Flower would beat Fassett in New York and the sporting men have been offering odds of $100 to $75 in favor of the democratic candidate. Flower's wonderful generosity in the distribution of ante-election ducats is what has invigorated confidence in him together with the belief that Tammany and the County democracy are working together once more. It is believed that Flower has spent $500,000 in his campaign. Republicans concede that the outlook in Pennsylvania is doubtful as the issues there are purely local and so complicated as to be highly personal. The presence of Mr. Cleveland at Boston today is taken, here or there, as an indication that Russell, the democratic candidate, needs outside assistance, and has sent for him. Republican confidence in the ability of Wheeler to defeat Boies in Iowa has been strengthened by telegrams from Senator Allison and other distinguished republicans on the stump there, all of whom declare that prohibition is not the absorbing question and the farmers are in line again for their first love, although so general is the doubt in the minds of men here that very little money has been wagered on the result, and there has been much talk of anticipated surprises. The president will receive the returns over his executive mansion wire tomorrow night, when Washington will be awake nearly all night to hear the result.

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No surprise will be expressed if Secretary Blaine announces one of these days that he has successfully negotiated for the purchase of an island in the South Pacific as a naval coaling station, handy to Chili and other obstreperous South American countries. We have no coaling point anywhere near Chili now. Correspondence looking towards such a purchase has been in progress for some time and the secretary is now reviewing the entire subject with a view to seeing what island is available in case of emergency. The Falkland islands give Great Britain a coaling station within four days of Chili and Great Britain has other islands not much farther off but the United States is entirely without coaling stations in the Pacific waters. This has the practical effect of shutting out United States vessels from South American waters. In the correspondence which the State department has had the desire has been to secure an island in the Gulf of Panama or at some point about equal distant between North and South America. The little island at Tobega in the Gulf of Panama can be secured for almost nothing.

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Quite a flutter of excitement ran through the State, War and Navy departments today when it was learned that Senor Montt, the Chilian minister, was in conference with Secretary Tracy. These departments are all under one great roof and the three secretaries are located on one floor. The conference to excitable individuals looked like war. After the conference the Chilian minister went over to the State department with Secretary Tracy and the three were together for a time. It was learned later that Senor Montt was about leaving the city for a week at New Orleans and that he was simply inquiring about the details of the report of Captain Schley of the Baltimore who investigated the attack upon our seamen in the streets of Valparaiso, and that he wished to ask for further time in which the authorities at the Chilian port may make further inquiries and report upon the affair in question. The departure of Senor Montt for a week's absence indicates that there will be no developments of importance during that time, and as stated some days ago in these dispatches, further steps in the direction of peace or war will not be taken soon. There is much indignation in official circles over the outrages upon our seamen by the officers at Valparaiso as described by Captain Schley, and President Harrison and Secretary Blaine will be strongly supported by public opinion here in the position they have assumed.

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Assistant Secretary Chandler today reversed his decision of the general land office in the relinquishment case of Asa Buttman against Erastus Barrister, from the North Platte land office, and Buttman's right is recognized as superior.

He affirmed the decision oelow in the preemption claims in the contest of Albert Dippert against Josiah Berger from Chadron in favor of Dippert.

He overruled the motion in the case of George B. Frary against Mark Frary and the Edenburg American Investment company from the Watertown, S. D., office.

Iowa postmasters were appointed today as follows: Reno, Cass county, R. Reed, vice J. Archer, removed; Stennett, Montgomery county, H. D. Lamb, vice H. P. Light, removed; Washta, Cherokee county, J. W. Brackney, vice J. R. Mowrer, resigned.

P. S. H.

KILLED BY SOUTH SEA NATIVES.

Missionaries and Traders Murdered for the Purpose of Robbery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 2.—Sydney advices state that the English ship, Lord of the Isles, has arrived there with important news from the south seas. Reports reached New Britain before the Lord of the Isles sailed for Sydney that three missionaries in German New Guinea, had been murdered by natives. No particulars were obtained, and the steamer that brought the news to New Britain gave the intelligence as a rumor in circulation at Frederick Wilhelm Haven before she left.

Another white trader has been murdered by blacks on the north coast of New Ireland. The man's name is given as Alexander Gunderson. He was in charge of stores. The natives made a raid on the place, killed Gunderson and set fire to the building. The magistrate at New Britain had gone to investigate affairs and punish the murderers if possible.

Two of the crew of a schooner were murdered by natives at New Hanover. While trading at New Hanover, a boat was sent ashore, but was seized by the natives and run on a reef. All the goods in the boat were looted and two of the crew, both Solomon Islanders, were killed.

Train Wreckers Foiled.

GREEN BAY, Wis., Nov. 2.—At a point about a mile south of Oconto an attempt was made to wreck the southbound passenger train on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad. A farmer on his way home from Oconto saw three men engaged in removing the spikes and fish-plates holding one of the rails. Hurrying back, he signaled the approaching passenger train, which stopped just as the front trucks left the track where the rails had been spread. At the point which the wreckers had selected for their work the road runs along a high embankment.

Fatal Sunday Boat Ride.

MIDLAND, Ont., Nov. 2.—Four boys between 12 and 15 years of age were drowned yesterday through the upsetting of a sail boat in a squall.

LOADED WITH MORTGAGES.

George Bosselman of Lincoln Financially Forced to the Wall.

BUT HE IS OTHERWISE INVOLVED.

He is Charged by Miss Lillie Hart With a Serious Offense—Story of a Man Who Married for Money.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 2.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Right on the heels of the scandal in which George Bosselman was involved follows a number of calamities for that gentleman.

Today a warrant was sworn out for his arrest on the charge of criminal intimacy with Miss Lillie Hart.

Bosselman's grocery store at 143 South Eleventh street was closed this morning under a load of chattel mortgages. The first one was filed by the First National bank for $2,612.12 at 8:55, the second one by Albertine Bosselman, his wife, for $353.73, the third by Plumer, Perry & Co. for $645.20, the fourth by H. P. Lau for $2,741.44, all covering the stock of goods in his place of business. Shortly before noon another chattel mortgage for $82, covering his delivery wagons, was filed in favor of Eldredge & Co., commission men.

Soon after the news had been bruited abroad Margreaves Bros., who hold a claim of $1,400 for goods sold and delivered, filed a petition in the district court, claiming that Bosselman was about to abscond for the purpose of defrauding his creditors. The attachment was given the sheriff and served.

HE MARRIED FOR MONEY.

An answer was filed in a divorce suit in the district court today that has caused considerable amusement. It was the affidavit sworn to by Frank Raphael in the suit brought by his wife Emma against him. In his answer Mr. Raphael goes through the usual form of denying each and every allegation made by his wife against him. He then intimates that she induced him to marry her under the representation that she had money enough to support both and he would not have to work. Since being married he has learned that she has no means whatever scarcely and he has been forced to work.

FORGER HAMMOND SENTENCED.

Fred S. Hammond, who forged J. D. Parish's name to a number of checks which he had cashed and then skipped out, but who was afterwards arrested in Denver and brought back for trial, was arraigned in the district court this morning. He plead guilty to the first count of making forged checks, and the county attorney nolle prossed the second. E. H. Woolley made a plea on behalf of the prisoner, after which the court sentenced him to two years in the state penitentiary at hard labor, and pay the costs of prosecution.

There are twelve other charges of forgery against Hammond and if the persons on whom he passed the same wish to have him arrested on serving his sentence and have him again convicted, it can be done and he can receive twelve more sentences or an aggregate of twenty-six years, which, with an allowance for good time substracted and time spent in jail awaiting trial each time added, would aggregate about thirty year's incarceration. And yet the thirteen crimes brought him only $210.

DEATH OF A BURGLAR.

Calvin Hall, the burglar, died at the penitentiary yesterday. Poverty and not choice he claims drove him to the crime he committed. He was in a bad condition, physically, when sent up, and about three or four days ago he grew so bad that his wife was sent for. Arriving at the institution she was at once taken to the bedside of her husband. On returning to the city, she at once sought the governor's office to ask for a pardon, but the executive was out of the city. She heard no more until yesterday, when the news of his death was broken to her. She asked the prison officials for the body, but she says they declined to give it to her unless she paid all expenses before. This she was unable to do, and this morning paid her last respects to the remains before burial.

URGING POST'S ELECTION.

What a view eastern capitalists take of the present contest between Post and Edgerton is shown by the following communication:

EDITOR OMAHA BEE: Within the past week I have had visiting me here in Lincoln six gentlemen, residents of the eastern states, who are wealthy, influential and widely known. They have assured me that in the event that Judge Post is elected and a rebuke thereby administered to those who would repudiate honest indebtedness they will place in my hands ample funds for the development of other enterprises which will be as important to the citizens of Lincoln as the reconstruction of the Lincoln street railway, which is now near completion.

P. W. LITTLE,
President, Lincoln Street Railway company.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS.

Detail of Changes in the Regular Service Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The following army orders were issued today: The general court-martial appointed to meet at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., October 13, 1891, is dissolved. A general court-martial is appointed to meet at Jefferson Barracks at 11 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday, November 4, 1891, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it. Details for the court: Major Daniel G. Caldwell, surgeon; First Lieutenant Hoel S. Bishop, Fifth cavalry; First Lieutenant John N. Glass, Sixth cavalry; First Lieutenant Thomas J. Lewis, Second cavalry; First Lieutenant Parker W. West, Third cavalry; First Lieutenant John H. Gardner, Ninth cavalry; First Lieutenant Charles J. Stevens, Ninth cavalry; First Lieutenant Robert D. Walsh, Fourth cavalry; First Lieutenant James N. Allison, Second cavalry, judge advocate. Captain John E. Gree, Ordinance department, will proceed from Providence, R. I., to Bridgeport, Conn., on public business in connection with the inspection of projectiles and ammunition being furnished to the ordinance department and will, upon the completion thereof, return to his station. The following transfers in the Twelfth infantry are ordered: Captain Augustus G. Tassin, from company B to company I; Captain Frederick A. Smith, from company I to company B.

Western Pensions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The following list of pensions granted is reported by THE BEE and Examiner Bureau of Claims:

Nebraska: Original—William A. Joy, George H. Plumb, William H. Orr, Joel H. Davenport, Gilbert L. Butterfield, Milton McCandlars, William W. Armstrong, Christian Buenjer, Thomas Fay. Additional—James I. Brown, Robert T. Hamilton, John L. Caywood. Increase—Jacob M. Witters, Elliott R. Burnett, Edward Cleary, Ira S. Nickerson. Widows—Mary J. Sullivan, Duranda A. Anderson.

Iowa: Original—Bailey Brook, S. Alonzo Williams, George W. Bean, Amasa Chapman, Samuel F. Hansell, William Hobden, Robert Thorpe, Daniel Whipple, Warner H. Alysworth, Thomas G. Cowgill. Additional—James McKee. Increase—Archibald Roberts, Andrew Harris, Joseph C. Couch, Samuel Edgerton. Original, widows, etc.—Margaret Gorsuch, Matilda J. Wells, Joseph McClard, father; Delilah B. Osburn, Ann Dickens, mother; Mary Martuny, Martha A. Crowder, Anna McGinty, minors of Jonathan Walls.

South Dakota: Original—Sylvanus R. Meigs. Additional—William Greggart.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE