

MR. MOREARTY MADE A SPEECH

And Then the City Council Went on and Confirmed Major Furay.

ACTION NEEDED TO CLEAR THE RECORD.

Major Furay Explains His Remarks About Monopolies—Proceedings of the Council on an Or Night.

Major Furay was confirmed again last night by the council as a member of the Board of Public Works.

The doubtful major opened the meeting by explaining that the papers had, he thought, quoted him a little too strong in the statement that the corporation had been before the board without the consent of the council.

Following the major's example several members of the council explained their positions on matters that had been before the council and Mr. Morearty made a lengthy speech in explaining that Mr. Bechel had no business to ask him, as he did at a recent meeting, if he was going to be the attorney of the Metropolitan Street Railway company.

Mr. Bechel finally agreed to acknowledge speaking if Mr. Morearty would stop talking.

Then a communication came in from the mayor naming John B. Furay as a member of the Board of Public Works.

The mayor explained that the appointment was again sent in that there might be no question as to the legality of former meetings of the council when the mayor's name was confirmed, reconsidered, referred, rejected, then confirmed again.

Mr. Osthoff promptly moved that the appointment be laid on the table. This was lost by a vote of 10 to 6.

On the motion to confirm Bechel, Blumer, Chaffee, Davis, Donnelly, Eissner, McLean and Madson had voted yes, and Bruner, Burdick and Coway in the negative, when Morearty's name was called for the same purpose.

Mr. Osthoff also made a speech, a long one, and voted no. Mr. Tuttle voted in the affirmative, confirming Major Furay by a vote of 10 to 6.

On the approval of Major Furay's bond, signed by A. A. Paxton and Frank E. Squires, there was no objection, and Mr. Morearty made a speech opposing it and was followed by Osthoff, who said he had been informed that Major Furay had used hoodlum to get democratic votes.

Instantly there were demands from Davis, Bechel and Chaffee for the name of the man who had given Mr. Osthoff his information.

Mr. Osthoff named Mr. Bruner, and a demand was made for that gentleman to explain his charges.

Mr. Bruner said that Mr. Gibbon had told him that he had heard that Major Furay was negotiating for democratic votes. He didn't know anything about it personally.

Major Furay's bond was approved, Bechel, Blumer, Chaffee, Davis, Donnelly, Eissner, McLean, Madson, McLeary, Specht and Lowry voted in the affirmative, and Bruner, Burdick, Coway, Morearty, Tuttle and Osthoff in the negative.

The committee on streets and alleys was instructed to have Eighteenth street between Furman and Duane streets and the alley there to enable the contractor grading Douglas street to proceed with his work.

The contract for grading Charles street from Twenty-fourth to Thirtieth was approved.

The bond ordinance and the September appropriation ordinance were passed.

Mr. Bechel moved that the bill of C. E. Squires, for street sweeping, amounting to \$7,944.45, be allowed and his motion prevailed. This was the bill which was previously allowed and afterwards reconsidered and reported by the council.

As a majority of the members of the council desired to attend the German day festivities at the exposition hall an adjournment was taken at 10 o'clock until this evening.

IN MEMORY OF JUDGE MASON.

Resolutions of Respect Concerning the Late Nebraska Jurist.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 6.—[Special to This Bee.]—At the meeting of the supreme court this morning the committee appointed to draft resolutions of respect concerning the late Judge O. P. Mason reported as follows:

Your committee to whom was allotted the duty of presenting resolutions of respect to the memory of our late jurist, O. P. Mason, beg leave to submit the following:

The resolution, read by the clerk, and the supreme court of Nebraska unite in the expression of profound respect on account of the death of our brother, Oliver P. Mason, his long and useful services as a lawyer, legislator, jurist, his great powers, his honest record in private and public life, his loyalty of friendship and nobility of character, and his high position in the heritage of our state and have endeavored his life and example from the earliest formative days of our state to the present day.

We know that as a public man and a jurist Judge Mason had as much to do and exceeded as any man in the history of our state in the discharge of his duties as a member of our courts and judiciary on a high footing equal with that of any states of our American Union, as any other brother.

Resolved, That in his life we recognize in his character and his public life, a power of great force of character, great kindness of heart and great integrity. As a jurist upon the district and supreme courts of this state his power was so marked and his individuality so pronounced that his name and opinion was stamped thereby, regardless of research and argument before him. He knew the law, and his opinion, nothing more than a word, was sufficient to settle the power of legal acumen and analysis equal to any member of the bar of Nebraska.

He was a rugged and picturesque figure in the pioneer days of Nebraska, and in later years left the strong impression of his individuality on the minds of his associates in the state. As a lawyer he was painstaking and conscientious, true to his convictions, and those who were entitled to the full exertion of his abilities. He rested only when the end was reached. During the contest he neither sent or received a bag of tricks. He thought for himself, and spoke what he thought. He was loyal to his own conviction. He never, in the hope of selfish gain, agreed with the mistakes of his colleagues, but regardless of consequences pointed out and attacked their errors and inconsistencies.

He was an open, honorable, manly foe, a loyal friend. He was no mask. He knew his mind and his conscience knew his mind. He was the same at all times, in all places, in all circumstances, and his integrity was never doubted. He was above corruption and all other temptations. He never sought a reward, a good name, an unblemished reputation. He never sought to console his family by desire to show every mark of respect due to the memory of a distinguished man and citizen, manifesting the high esteem he held in by all classes of our citizens, we will report these resolutions to this honorable court, now in session, and suggest that they be spread at the expense of the state.

GEORGE H. HASTINGS, MR. JAMES G. GEORGE, B. LAKE, T. M. MARQUETTE, H. L. HAYWARD, M. WOODWARD, W. WALKLEY, S. M. ORWELL, E. W. THOMAS.

HE HAS BECOME AS CLOSELY BLENDING WITH THE HISTORY OF THIS STATE...

has become as closely blended with the history of this state that to write the one is to write the other. His name, fame and reputation have left their mark upon the history of the state, and upon the mind of the citizen, and upon the pages of the constitution and the records of the legislature.

So live that when thy summons comes to join the innumerable caravan that moves to the hills and the valleys of the state, where each shall take his chamber in the silent halls of death.

By an unfeeling trust, approach the grave like one who wraps the drapery of his couch about him, and he will do so peacefully.

Speeches were made also by C. O. Whedon and Assistant Attorney General Summers and Chief Justice Cobb.

The following causes were argued and submitted: Cobbley vs Wright, Sibley vs Tarr (on motion), Star Union Lumber company vs Finney, Union Pacific Railway company vs Morris, Irish vs O'Hanlon, Klippars vs Christy, City Guarantees, etc., company, Maco vs Heath, Johnson vs Swazey, St. Felix vs Green, Hollman vs Oliver, states ex vs Gering vs Rabin, Carter vs Brown, Fletcher vs Brown, Livesey vs Brown.

The following causes were continued: Killpatrick vs Cook, Langford vs Gillis, State ex rel Bankhart vs Cushing, dismissed; Omaha Coal, Coke and Limestone company vs Fay, leave given defendant to file additional evidence; the same vs record; Shoring vs Coburn, plaintiff refused to serve and file briefs for Tuesday next and return record.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers; best little pills for dyspepsia, sour stomach, bad breath, biliousness, etc.

VIZZARD'S CLEVER JOB.

He Captured a Much Wanted, Well Educated Safe Burglar Last Night. Detective Vizzard made an arrest last night over which the chief and other members of the police force are in high feather.

The prisoner, who gave the name of John Riley, is a self-confessed professional burglar. He is a tall, thin, well educated man, and is as dangerous a criminal as has been found jail here in this county in a long time.

The arrest was made in Sam Snyder's pawnshop on South Tenth street, between Harney and Howard streets. Vizzard was in the place looking for a coat that had been stolen, when Riley came in and offered to sell a new coat.

Riley indignantly demanded to know what the officer meant by thus laying hands on him, but when Vizzard pulled aside his clothing and showed him the coat, the crowd collapsed. He was taken to the station and locked up, but shortly afterward sent for the detective and made a clean breast of it.

It was taken into the chief's office, where he repeated his story and said that he burgled the pawnshop at Ervinton, Wyo., about three weeks ago, and broke open the safe, from which he obtained the stamps and \$500 in money. He was awaiting trial at the time when he was arrested.

There was \$18 worth of stamps in the roll that he tried to dispose of at the pawnshop.

Riley told the chief that he was an educated burglar, and had received a thorough and systematic course of instruction in safe blowing from one of the most expert burglars in the country. He had a lot of puns and drills at the time of the Ervinton job that were made expressly for him, and he claimed to be able to open a safe as neatly as in an as short order as any criminal in the land.

The federal authorities at Ervinton have been notified by telegraph of his arrest. It is believed that he is the only one of the gang that robbed the postoffice at Sioux City, and several other postoffices in Iowa. It is thought that a part of his money is hidden away at the police are looking for him. A reward of \$100 was offered for the arrest of the burglars, and Detective Vizzard is feeling correspondingly happy. It is an important arrest, and one that reflects credit on the officer who made it.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy for their children. 25 cents a bottle.

DETAINED IN THE PAUPERS' PEN.

Western Union Stockholder Refused the Privilege of Lending.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Among the storage passengers on the City of Berlin, which arrived Saturday, was John Nixon from Dublin. Nixon is blind in one eye and quite old and feeble. The registry clerk, who looked at his passport, saw that he was shabbily dressed and sent him to the "detention pen," where presumable papers are held for further examination. A few hours later General O'Brien came along.

"You think I'm a pauper, do you?" declared Nixon. "Well, just look here." He fumbled in his breast pockets a few moments and produced a check for \$2,000 and a number of shares of stock of the Western Union telegraph company, made out in his name and properly attested. Not content with assuring the superintendent of immigration that he was one of Jay Gould's stockholders, he dove down into another pocket and pulled out \$500 worth of bank of Ireland notes. The total value of his stock and notes was between \$2,500 and \$3,000.

"I first came to this country fifteen years ago," said Nixon to General O'Brien. "I have been all over the states, but have lived in British Columbia most of the time. My trade is a painter, but I have done considerable speculating, and have been pretty successful at it. Four years ago I visited San Francisco. I had a few thousand dollars which I wished to invest. A broker advised me to put in in Western Union. I bought twenty-five shares. They were then quoted at \$25 a share. Last April I went home to Ireland. I have a sister living there. I decided to come home again to try my luck, and mean to dispose of my Western Union stock and invest the money in land. I'm going through British Columbia, as I have done before, buying land wherever the best investment opportunities are offered."

"Why didn't you become an American citizen?" asked General O'Brien.

"I never in the states long enough at one time to take out any papers. It would not be worth my while to become an American citizen. I never wished to settle here. As soon as you let me go which I hope will be soon, I will leave for British Columbia."

"Why didn't you become an American citizen?" asked General O'Brien.

"I never in the states long enough at one time to take out any papers. It would not be worth my while to become an American citizen. I never wished to settle here. As soon as you let me go which I hope will be soon, I will leave for British Columbia."

"That man they call the general," Nixon continued, "is a mighty queer individual. When he asked me why I did not become an American citizen, and I said because I did not wish to, he said I must go back to Ireland, never to be heard of again. I am a decent, honest man and want nothing from the general or any other man. I mean no disrespect when I said I did not wish to become an American citizen. I am as good a man any day as the general, and anyone in Dublin will tell you that John Nixon never raised a hand to injure any man in his life."

"It is true I do not intend to allow this man to land," said General O'Brien. "I am detaining him because he is blind and liable to become a pauper. It is true that he is worth nearly \$3,000, but I do not think that justifies me in allowing him to land. If some one gives a bond for him I will let him go, otherwise he will have to go back."

President O'Rourke of the Irish immigration society was at the large office yesterday afternoon to look after the interests of the detained stockholder. If General O'Brien persists in his refusal to bond, the Irish society will probably give...

De Witt's Little Early Risers, best little pills for dyspepsia, sour stomach, bad breath, biliousness, etc.

De Witt's Little Early Risers, best little pills for dyspepsia, sour stomach, bad breath, biliousness, etc.

THEY WILL BE READY WHEN NEEDED.

Nothing for the Irish National League to Do but Perfect Organizations.

WAITING FOR THE FACTIONS TO UNITE.

Minnie Hank's Blooded Husband Revisits an Officer and Nearly Spends the Night in Jail—World's Fair Matters.

CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE BEE, CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 6.

With the exception of Secretary John P. Sutton, Rev. Father Foley of St. Edward's, and one or two other delegates to the recent Irish National League convention have all returned home. Mr. Sutton has little to say about the future of the organization, but regards its existence a necessity and a guaranty that when the time comes for rendering active assistance to an Irish movement, prompt action can be taken.

The following causes were argued and submitted: Cobbley vs Wright, Sibley vs Tarr (on motion), Star Union Lumber company vs Finney, Union Pacific Railway company vs Morris, Irish vs O'Hanlon, Klippars vs Christy, City Guarantees, etc., company, Maco vs Heath, Johnson vs Swazey, St. Felix vs Green, Hollman vs Oliver, states ex vs Gering vs Rabin, Carter vs Brown, Fletcher vs Brown, Livesey vs Brown.

The following causes were continued: Killpatrick vs Cook, Langford vs Gillis, State ex rel Bankhart vs Cushing, dismissed; Omaha Coal, Coke and Limestone company vs Fay, leave given defendant to file additional evidence; the same vs record; Shoring vs Coburn, plaintiff refused to serve and file briefs for Tuesday next and return record.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers; best little pills for dyspepsia, sour stomach, bad breath, biliousness, etc.

WORLD'S FAIR MATTERS.

Hilmar Stophay of Berlin is at the Grand Pacific with a bold proposition which will be before the World's Fair officials for the erection of a Moorish palace to cost \$500,000.

James G. Ramsay, secretary of the Board of World's Fair Managers of the state of Montana, states that the exhibit from that state will consist of a Moorish palace, and that preparations are being made to build an artificial mountain to contain a vein of ore, shafts, tunnels, drifts and levels, just as in a real mine.

The exterior of the mountain will consist of native trees and grasses of Montana, and to have on one side a waterfall and on the other a miner's cabin.

The ways and means committee has recommended that the grounds and buildings committee consider the proposition of erecting a safe and safety deposit building on the grounds.

Director General Davis, some time this month, will accompany the special commission that will visit the fair officials for the erection of a Moorish palace to cost \$500,000.

George Clark of Plattsmouth is in the city. A. E. Krouse of Corydon, Ia., is in the city. H. R. Autman of the Stockman is in St. Paul, Ia.

Mr. E. G. Smith left yesterday morning for Weeping Water to visit relatives.

The Young Men's Republican club met in old Knights of Pythias hall last evening.

J. W. Newcomb has gone to Dognesse, U. T., on a business trip. He will be absent three months.

The Board of Trade met in McWilliam's office last evening and transacted some routine business.

The Fourth ward democrats were out in force last evening at their meeting at Thirty-third and L streets.

Mr. E. S. Pinney has returned from Kalamazoo, Mich. They will reside at Twenty-fourth and G streets.

The liberals met in Blum's hall last evening. Mrs. E. A. Martin was present, and Hon. E. A. Bryan addressed the meeting.

Thursday evening, October 13, Enterprise lodge, Knights of Pythias, will give a reception and entertainment at their hall.

Mr. Hegg, who has been visiting with Mrs. C. E. Morris and family, have returned to their home at Dennison, Ia.

The marriage of James Lowry and Miss Mary M. Sullivan was celebrated at the Holy Family church Monday morning.

Rev. Father Hillman tied the knot. In the afternoon the happy couple left for Denver and the west. They will return about October 20th.

THEY DECLARE THEIR INNOCENCE. Referring to the statement that the investigation into the affairs of the late Nebraska and Iowa Insular company had shown a large amount of securities were spirited away and worthless paper substituted prior to the filing of the application for receivership, J. W. Morse, formerly vice president of the company and now general agent of the Missouri Pacific here, says that the statement is not true.

"We sold out to Erving & Co. of Des Moines," said Mr. Morse, "and took good property, money and securities from the Missouri Pacific here, in exchange for our stock. This was done by agreement among people who owned the stock, and was practically all of the stock. What was done after we sold out of course I don't know."

INSPECTING ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES. Andrew Rosewater of Omaha is in the city on his way to New York to attend a meeting of the Electrical commission of the District of Columbia, of which he is president. His associates on the commission, Prof. Roland of Johns Hopkins university and Lieutenant Schunk of the Engineer corps of the army, will be there, and the commission will prepare a report on the proposed electric subways during the next three weeks. While here Mr. Rosewater will inspect the experimental line of underground electric railway now being operated here by Yerkes.

HOW PROHIBITION WORKS. Major Hoy Sherman of Des Moines, brother of the Ohio senator and of the late general, is at the Grand Pacific to attend the Grant monument unveiling ceremonies here tomorrow. "Regarding the prohibition laws in Iowa," said Mr. Sherman, "the fight is centered right around Des Moines, where there is a large number of saloons. In Polk county, men are fined \$50 for selling one glass of beer and \$100 for selling two. To enforce the law in Polk county, in which is Des Moines, a number of privies or secret places where liquor is sold abound throughout the state."

WESTERN PEOPLE IN CHICAGO. The following western people are in the city: At the Sherman—Charley L. Langley, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; At the Tremont—C. H. Kimball, Iowa City, Ia.; At the Richmond—W. D. Condit, Des Moines, Ia.; At the Wellington—D. C. Stephens, Omaha; Richard C. Lake, Rapid City, S. D.; At the Leland—Charles Stewart, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; E. J. Mason, Woodbury, Ia.; At the Grand Pacific—H. Barbours, New Sharon, Ia.; Charles E. Perkins, W. J. Jar-

RECENT ARMY ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—[Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The following army orders were issued today:

First Lieutenant Edgip P. Andrus, Fifth cavalry, assigned for duty with the National guard of Wisconsin until November 1, 1891, is directed to return to the promotion station upon the completion of the duty assigned by the governor of Wisconsin under said order. The following transfers, who are Seventh infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant John E. Taylor, from company F to company G; Second Lieutenant Robert Alexander, from company C to company I. The following transfers in the Twentieth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Frederick D. Green, from company B to company K; First Lieutenant John L. Sehon, from company K to company B; Captain Douglas M. Scott, from company B to company K; Captain John H. Toole, from company K to company B.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—[Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The following army orders were issued today:

First Lieutenant Edgip P. Andrus, Fifth cavalry, assigned for duty with the National guard of Wisconsin until November 1, 1891, is directed to return to the promotion station upon the completion of the duty assigned by the governor of Wisconsin under said order.

The following transfers, who are Seventh infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant John E. Taylor, from company F to company G; Second Lieutenant Robert Alexander, from company C to company I.

The following transfers in the Twentieth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Frederick D. Green, from company B to company K; First Lieutenant John L. Sehon, from company K to company B; Captain Douglas M. Scott, from company B to company K; Captain John H. Toole, from company K to company B.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—[Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The following army orders were issued today:

First Lieutenant Edgip P. Andrus, Fifth cavalry, assigned for duty with the National guard of Wisconsin until November 1, 1891, is directed to return to the promotion station upon the completion of the duty assigned by the governor of Wisconsin under said order.

The following transfers, who are Seventh infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant John E. Taylor, from company F to company G; Second Lieutenant Robert Alexander, from company C to company I.

The following transfers in the Twentieth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Frederick D. Green, from company B to company K; First Lieutenant John L. Sehon, from company K to company B; Captain Douglas M. Scott, from company B to company K; Captain John H. Toole, from company K to company B.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—[Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The following army orders were issued today:

First Lieutenant Edgip P. Andrus, Fifth cavalry, assigned for duty with the National guard of Wisconsin until November 1, 1891, is directed to return to the promotion station upon the completion of the duty assigned by the governor of Wisconsin under said order.

The following transfers, who are Seventh infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant John E. Taylor, from company F to company G; Second Lieutenant Robert Alexander, from company C to company I.

The following transfers in the Twentieth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Frederick D. Green, from company B to company K; First Lieutenant John L. Sehon, from company K to company B; Captain Douglas M. Scott, from company B to company K; Captain John H. Toole, from company K to company B.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—[Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The following army orders were issued today:

First Lieutenant Edgip P. Andrus, Fifth cavalry, assigned for duty with the National guard of Wisconsin until November 1, 1891, is directed to return to the promotion station upon the completion of the duty assigned by the governor of Wisconsin under said order.

The following transfers, who are Seventh infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant John E. Taylor, from company F to company G; Second Lieutenant Robert Alexander, from company C to company I.

The following transfers in the Twentieth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Frederick D. Green, from company B to company K; First Lieutenant John L. Sehon, from company K to company B; Captain Douglas M. Scott, from company B to company K; Captain John H. Toole, from company K to company B.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—[Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The following army orders were issued today:

First Lieutenant Edgip P. Andrus, Fifth cavalry, assigned for duty with the National guard of Wisconsin until November 1, 1891, is directed to return to the promotion station upon the completion of the duty assigned by the governor of Wisconsin under said order.

The following transfers, who are Seventh infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant John E. Taylor, from company F to company G; Second Lieutenant Robert Alexander, from company C to company I.

The following transfers in the Twentieth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Frederick D. Green, from company B to company K; First Lieutenant John L. Sehon, from company K to company B; Captain Douglas M. Scott, from company B to company K; Captain John H. Toole, from company K to company B.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—[Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The following army orders were issued today:

First Lieutenant Edgip P. Andrus, Fifth cavalry, assigned for duty with the National guard of Wisconsin until November 1, 1891, is directed to return to the promotion station upon the completion of the duty assigned by the governor of Wisconsin under said order.

The following transfers, who are Seventh infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant John E. Taylor, from company F to company G; Second Lieutenant Robert Alexander, from company C to company I.

The following transfers in the Twentieth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Frederick D. Green, from company B to company K; First Lieutenant John L. Sehon, from company K to company B; Captain Douglas M. Scott, from company B to company K; Captain John H. Toole, from company K to company B.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—[Special Telegram to This Bee.]—The following army orders were issued today:

First Lieutenant Edgip P. Andrus, Fifth cavalry, assigned for duty with the National guard of Wisconsin until November 1, 1891, is directed to return to the promotion station upon the completion of the duty assigned by the governor of Wisconsin under said order.

The following transfers, who are Seventh infantry are ordered: Second Lieutenant John E. Taylor, from company F to company G; Second Lieutenant Robert Alexander, from company C to company I.

The following transfers in the Twentieth infantry are ordered: First Lieutenant Frederick D. Green, from company B to company K; First Lieutenant John L. Sehon, from company K to company B; Captain Douglas M. Scott, from company B to company K; Captain John H. Toole, from company K to company B.

THE ST. CLAIR INQUEST.

Coroner Harigan began an inquest over the remains of Leon St. Clair, proprietor of the dive on Railroad avenue, who was killed Saturday evening by Officer Reardon.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning inquest was held at the coroner's office. The jury consisted of Messrs. J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair, J. B. Harigan, J. P. St. Clair.

At 1