BOTH WAYS FROM THE SEVEN.

Oity Councilmen Cover the Whole Layout in Their Little Game.

LOTS OF DIRTY LINEN DRAGGED OUT.

Mr. Morearty's Political Chances-Mr. Bruner and His Boodler-Chris Specht's Joke-End of the Squires Bill.

There was fun in the council chamber yesterday afternoon. The meeting was a continuation of the investigation brought on to ascertain what councilmen, it any, received boodle from the Ketcham Furniture company. It was full of rich developments and a number of personal encounters were prevented by the sergeant-at-arms, who was always on hand when wanted.

The tawyers were given full swing and devoted much of the time in sparring for wind. At I o'clock the doors to the council champer swung in and a crowd of inquisitive spectators entered to await developments. The meeting was called for 1:30 o'clock, but it was half an hour later before Clerk

Graves called the roll. There were fourteen members present

when Mr. Bechel arose and stated that the action of the council in reconsidering the Squires matter was illegal. Mr. Bechel said he was not present Monday night when the vote was reconsidered and in view of that fact he would move to reconsider the vote of that night.

Discussing the Squires Bill. Mr. Chaffee said the meeting was not called to help contractors pull chestnuts out of the fire. Squires, he said had been in the room loboving for an hour, trying to get enough votes to again get his bill before the

Mr. Bechel still insisted that the action of the council was illegal. "Then what's the use of talking about it?"

said Mr. Chaffee. Mr. Morearty entered into a legal argument. He had no more regard for Mr. Sgires than he had for any other man. The mandamus should go on and the whole matter could be settled in two weeks. It would only be justice to have the matter settled.

Mr. Lowry stated that the Squires bill had

been railroaded through the council, and the last time only a few days ago. At that time the reading of the journal was called for, as he thought, for delay, He had seen cards passed among the members. The council did not dare to let Mr. Poppleton pass upon the bill. He had given opinions, but they had been shoveled in the waste basket. Squires should have gone into the courts if he wanted his money, "Squires is not entitled to that money, and I defy you to show that he is entitled to the Chaffee said that he would vote to

allow Mr. Squires every dollar due him, but on its validity he wanted the opinion of the city attorney Mr. Bechel stated that the trouble arose on account of a personal difficulty be-tween Chairman Birknauser and Mr.

Squires.
Mr. Morearty said that Mr. Poppleton could go before the district court on the man-damus and protect the interests of the city. If the judge was prejudiced against the city and in favor of Mr. Squires, that judge would not be fit to sit upon the bench.

Mr. Osthoff moved that the whole matter lay over until the council meeting to be held this evening. The motion prevailed and the Investigating committee started on its work O. H. Ballou was subporned but was not

present, he having gone to Lincoln. Councilmen Who Testified.

Councilman Davis was called to the stand and sworn. He knew Specht and talked with him about boodle. Specht told him that the bids had been tabulated. He was satisfled that boodle was being used the morn-ing after the vote was taken. The night before Specht was at Davis' shop and said: we are not in it. This thing is full of boodle. Davis asked why and was informe Davis asked why and was informed that Morearty was custodian of the funds-\$700, which was to be divided between him-self, Conway and Burdish. Specht said that Blumer and Bruner were in it, and it was understood that Olsen was in the deal.
On cross examination Mr. Gannon said "You only mentioned the names of Irish

"No, sir, I do not know the men as Irish men. They were grouped together, and that is why they were given in that manner." 'Did he mention my name or Mr. Don nelty's ?" asked Mr. Etsasser.

No. sir. Councilman Rechel was called to the stand and testified. He knew Mr. Specht. Had a conversation with Specht about boodle being used by the Ketcham Furniture compan Specht said that Morearty, Burdish, Conway Blumer and Bruner were getting the money Olsen was in it, but was being controlled by

On cross-evamination Mr. Rechel stated that he was in the council chamber the night that the committee on public property reported. Davis brought up the question of boodle having been used. Witness had talked with Mr. Specht, who told him that the Ketcham Furniture company had been brit ing councilmen to secure their votes. At that time Mr. Specht did not give the names of the men who had been approached, though he did say that he (Specht) had been offered \$500 if he would vote right.

Another Furniture Man.

Edward D. Weary, the manager of the Andrews company, was called and almost immediately there was a row. The witness detailed the fact of his com pany having been a competitor for the furni-ture contract. He was then asked what Colonel Teemer, the Andrews agent, had told im about money having been used by the

Ketcham people.

Mr. Gaunon objected. He said it was only hearsny.

Mr. Wharton told the committee what he expected to prove. Weary would swear that Reemer had talked with Morearty and that upon the payment of \$500 Morearty would award to the Andrews company Reemer had consulted with Weary, and Weary had told him not to pay Morearty one that if they could not get the con

tract without the use of boodie they did not Mr. Gannon insisted in strong terms Mr. Wharton was manufacturing thunder for

the press and refused to allow the testimon Mr. Wharton grew excited and said: "You

cannot stifle this investigation by shutting out testimony. 'The case will go ov, and he who is guilty let him fall."

Just a Trifle Personal. The two lawyers entered into a personal dispute for the benefit of the lobby.

Mr. Wharton stated that Gannon's rules of practice might apply in police court, but that such bulldozing would not be allowed in a

court of justice. "The first time I ever saw you," roared fr Gannon, "was in police court." The chairman cut off further debate by ruing that Weary could not testify.

Mr. Morearty stated that he had submitted

to wholesale injustice, but would stand it no longer. He did not propose to be convicted on hearsay evidence. The whole investigation was a plot to injure his political career Wharton appealed from the raling o

Osthoff and Tuttle voted to sustain the chair. Mr. Cooper was abscut. Chaffe and McLearie voted against sustaining the chair

The chairman decided that he was sus-

"Of course you are," put in Mr. Morearty.
"What right have you go to say anything about this?" demanded Mr. Chaffee.

Mr. Morearty opined that he had a perfect right to express his opinion.

Mr. Chaffee opined that he had not.

"I have, and I will show you," responded Mr. Morearty, advancing toward Mr. Chaf-"and I will show you what is what."
r. Chaffee also stood upon his feet, say"I will talk when I want to, and will not be interfered with by any outsider, a want to tell you that in your position it pomes with bad grace to say too much."

Once more Morearty denounced the investigation a political scheme, and the two men were about ready to fight.

The sergeant-at-arms ordered them to be

seated and thus prevented a knock down.

Wanted the Reemer Story. Mr. Wharton stated that Colonel Reemer, who was in New Orleans, had been tele-graphed for; that he would swear that Morearty had told him that he would vote

for the Andrews contract if he was paid \$500. and that Mr. Reemer had told the story to Mr. Weary. Mr. McLearie wanted to hear Mr. Weary.

If he were one of the accused he would want
the whole matter sifted to the bettem. Mr. Morearty insisted that it was a religious war that was being waged against him.

"It is not a question of religion, but one of podlic," replied Mr. Wharton.
Mr. Morearty withdrew all of his former objections and picaded for hasty action.

Mr. Gannon said no one would object to
Weary's testimony if it was not considered

until Colonel Reemer's was heard.

Mr. Wharton said that he understood the investigation was to vindicate the council-men, and it was due to the honest men to have the stigma removed at the sarliest possible moment. The truth should be told, that the people might be satisfied.

The chair opposed hearing hearsay testi-"Gentleman," remarked Mr. Wharton,

you can smother this right here, but can you afford to do so!" Mr. Chaffee said that it had been stated Mr. Chaffee said that it had been stated that the investigation had been instituted for political purposes, but it was faise. Let the man be Jew or Gentlie, Catholic or Protestant, if he was innocent he should be punished; if he was innocent he should go unharmed, but the case should be held open until Mr. Reemer's testimony could could be secured. Mr. Morearty insisted that if the case was held open until Charistmas it would blast his political hopes.

Messrs. Gannon and Wharton argreed to take the derosition of Mr. Reemer.

take the deposition of Mr. Reemer. Morearty Didn't Like It. This proposition threw Mr. Morearty into a rage. He said the proposition for delay was only so defeat his re-election and he would not submit to the avowed purpose to

"Mr. Chairman," said Mr. McLearie, "I will not be insulted by this thing," pointing to Morearty. "If you will not order him to cease I will resign from the committee It looked as though the investigation was at an end. Mr. McLeorie started to leave the room, and Mr. Chaffee arising said, "H outsiders are allowed to come in here.

the members of this committee, and threater to knock them down, I. too, will go." The chair promised the gentlemen protec-It was then agreed that the attorneys and the official stenographer should take Weary's deposition and retain it until the deposition

of Reemer was received. Colonel Coots' Evidence.

John F. Coots, who had been sent for during the early hours of the session, arrived and went upon the stand. He had bid on the city hall furniture, and, although the lowest bidder, had falled to secure the contract. He had talked with Specht, who told him of Billingsley's visit. Specht had told him that Billingsley was to pay Morenty \$1,000, which he was to divide with Conway and Burdish. No other names were mentioned Nothing was said about buying Specht Before the contract was awarded Specht had met him and told him that he (Coots), was not in it, as Billingsley, the agent for the Ketcham company, was using money.
On cross examination Mr. Gannon drew out the fact that Specht was in the sheet iron

business and that he had a contract on the city hall long before he was elected councilman. Mr. Coots was the general contractor and Specht had secured the contract from him. When Specht was elected he as-signed the contract. Mr. Coots had no reaon to expect Specht's support. He had not asked any councilman to vote for his plans for furniture.

Mr. Elsasser asked: "Did Mr. Specht say that Donnelly or I had received any of the Ketcham company's money?"
"No, sir," replied Mr Coots.

Mr. Wharton announced that his side of the case was closed until he could secure the testimony of O. H. Ballou, Colonel Reemer and E. D. Weary. Mr. Thompson had been telegraphed, but he had not been heard from. Mr. Gannon did not propose to open the defense until the prosecution had closed. With that understanding the committee adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

Sensation of the Afternoon The committee arose and as President Lowry called the council to order, everybody thought the trouble was at an end, for a time at least. This was a mistake, as the largest sized sensation of the season was in store for he members present.

It was sprung by Mr. Elsasser, who arose

o a question of privilege. He stated that he ad been informed by a member of the coun all that another councilman had approached the member in question, presented an envel-ope supposed to contain money and said: "This is yours if you will support a certain

'Who are the men!" asked half a score of the lawmakers, as they gathered about the tail form of Mr. Elsasser. "Brunner is the man who was approached, but he will not tell who attempted to bribe

im," answered Mr. Elsasser.
"He must and shall tell," demanded the Mr. Bruner said he knew nothing about he matter.

"He wants to keep out of this investiga-tion and shield his friend," said Mr. El-Said President Lowry: "It is Mr. Brun-

ner's duty to name this man and every memper should insist upon the name. We want a full and complete investiga-' said Mr. Bechel.

We are now moving into a new house," sagely remarked President Lowry, "and we want it swept clean before we put down the "The integrity of the entire council is at

stake," said Mr. Bechel, "and Mr. Bruner should not shield this person." Mr. Morearty demanded that Mr. Elsasser Mr. Elsasser said that he could not as he did not know whom Mr. Bruner would name, though he had heard that Bruner had told I. S. Hascall.

Bruner Refused to Talk. Mr. Specht said that he had never accused any member of taking a dollar of boodle only told what had been told to him. he smoke consumer man was in the city he

ad offered him (Specht) \$300 for his The money was refused and the agent had een compelled to apologize. hat some members were always approached As far as he was concerned no man had ever

"Nor me," remarked Mr. Morearty in an Mr. Bruner quietly rested his heels on the

top of his desk and looked the perfect picture of patience. He said again that he had never told Elsasser the story. "The newspaper accounts of boodle and boodlers always are brought about by such nen as Bruner, and it is such men that cause

the council to be pointed at as a disreputable body. Again I say that if he knows of this case it is his duty to name the man, and he all," demanded Mr. Chaffee.
"Well, I will not give his name," remarked

Mr. Bruner, as he again went to sleep.

Things were growing interesting. Mr.
Elsasser and President Lowry demanded the name of the guilty party.
Mr. Davis insisted that Bruner should

name the man or stand up and say that he ad hed. Mr. Elsasser understood that he was tryng to shield the councilman who had be nstrumental in bringing on the investiga-

Mr. Cooper said that he was convinced that there was an African in the woodnile and was in favor of smoking him out. Bruner said he would give up the names when he had positive proof that the party had attempted to boodle him.

Elsasser said Bruner was the only member of the council who could give the name.

Some Private Laundering. "If it was a councilman to whom Mr. Bruner refers, he must name him," said Mr. Chaffee, "and I move that the sergeant-at-arms be dispatched for the city attorney, that we may know how far our authority extends in this matter.' The motion prevailed and a call for the

ouse was ordered. Notwithstanding the call the council went right on washing the dirty linen.

Mr. McLearle asked President Lowry to xplain a few things. He said Specht had bjected to Donnelly and Elsassar and that their names had not been mentioned nection with the boodle deal. Mr McLearie had heard that he had been mixed up in the affair and could not understand why he had been allowed to sit on the committee. He thought it looked bad and was done for

Lowry said that he felt bad to think that

be had named Donnelly and Elsasser and ben they were slapped in the face. He did not know that Mr. McLearie was in any way connected with the booding deal.

Mr. Specht said that he presumed he was
the man to whom Bruner referred. He had met
him just before the vault fixture contract

came up and told him that if he would vote for Furay's confirmation he could have that, at the same time handing him an envelope that contained a check for \$11. The check was in payment of rent for a house, for which Bruner was the agent. 'Did you get the check?" asked Mr. Chaf-

Yes, I got the check for \$11 from Specht

"Yes, I got the check for \$11 from Special the next day," responded Bruner.
"Bruner," said Mr. Davis, "now I ttemand that you name your man. This is not the first time that you have made cracks of this kind at councilmen. I remember the time when you charged Chaffee with being a boodler. I demanded of you to prove it, and you slunk away like a whipped cur."

No Friends in Sight. Bruner looked about to discover a sympa-

thetic friend, but as no eye met his he drew his head down into his coat collar and wilted, while Mr. Davis continued by saying: 'It has reached a pass in this council when if a man votes for a proposition, such men as Bruner brand him as a boodler and a thief.' 'That is public opinion,' spoke Mr.

"In God's name, how can we prevent such public opinion as long as such men as Bruner sit in the council!" asked Mr. Chaffee. "This man Bruner even went so far as to say that he saw Chaffee receive checks in payment of his vote," said Mr. Davis. A14:30 o'clock City Attorney Poppleton arrived and President Lowry stated the case.

Attorney Poppleton's Opinion. The attorney asked Mr. Bruner why he refused to give the information. Bruner said that Eisasser was all at sea. He simply quoted what somebody else said.
President Lowry hoped that Mr. Bruner ould answer the question propounded by the city attorney. Mr. Bruner said he would, but first wanted

to consult his attorney.

Attorney Poppleton thought that Mr. Bruner could be called as a witness and could be compelled to answer as long as his testimony would not criminate himself.

Mr. Chaffee κnew there had been lots of talk about boodlers by outsiders, but could blame no outsider so long as councilmen ap-

plied the terms to one another. Mr. Bruner said he would present the name at the next meeting of the council, and would then satisfy his associates that his hands

With the Evening Shades. Mr. Bruner telling how he was offered an or. Bruner telling now he was offered an envelope with something or nothing in it to vote for somebody or something, was the attraction in one of the circus rings at the council last night while Mr. Squires' street sweeping ciaim and Major Furay's confirmation vote were in the other two.

It was late in the evening when Mr. Bruner appeared and it was not until most of

the routine business had been disposed of that Mr. Bechel called upon him to announce the name of the man who had approached him with money to vote on a certain propo-Mr. Bruner hesitated, but the members wouldn't allow him to be lost. He said ne had no charges to make, as the matter had

not assumed definite shape and that he could not make a specific charge. "That being the case," said Mr. Davis, "I ask of Mr. Bruner what right he has to go on the stand making such charges. It's time a stop was put to such talk, and it's time some man was taught a lesson. He should be taught that when he maligns a man's character he must prove his assertions or stand condemned himself."

Mr. Olson said that Mr. Bruner had made charges against a councilman and until he made his charge specific seventeen men were under suspicion.

Mr. Conway demanded the name of the

councilman who had "approached" Mr. Bruner.
Mr. Bruner did not seem disposed to divuige it and Mr. Elsasser stated that Mr. Bruner had told Mr. Sol Davidsohn of the Mr. Elsasser German Tribune his story. call upon Mr. Davidsohn for a statement.

Bruner's Direct Testimony. The call for Mr. Davidsohn was practically unanimous and in reply he said: "Gentlemen, I regret being thus called upon, but will tell just what I know about the case. On the night that Mr. Davis named the men who had been referred to by Mr. Specht in a talk about boodle, Mr. Bruner told me that there were more of them it. I asked him who they were and he replied that Chris Specht had offered him an envelope said to contain money if he would vote for a certain measure then

pending in the council.

Mr. Bruner couldn't get out of it then.
He was apparently very badly rattled. He said, in response to a call from a number of members of the council: "On the night in question I was accosted by Specht, who said could have so and so if I would do certain

Mr. Chaffee demanded that Mr. Bruner be more specific, and Mr. Bruner finally stated that one evening just as he and Mr. Specht were going into the council chamber Mr. Specht offered him an envelope and said something to him about voting for something

What was in the envelope and what did he want you to vote for!" demanded Mr

"I don't know," replied Mr. Bruner. "He said something about \$100. I didn't see the envelope. Don't know whether there was anything in it or not. I didn't lock down. He didn't hand it to me. He just said he had an envelope. I don't know whether it was the vault fixture contract or not that he wanted me to vote for. Perhaps it was for Major Fucav's confirmation.'

"How delightfully definite," murmured Mr. Chaffee, "Did Specht give you an envelope at any time after that?' "Yes," replied Mr. Bruner, "he gave me an envelope a few days afterwards containing a check for some rent due me from one of

"I just want to ask," said Mr. Chaffee, "why, if he thought Specht wanted to bribe him, he didn't come into the council at once and make his statement instead of blacken ing the character of ever member of council by mouthing indefinite insinuations on the street corners!"

Mr. Specht Explained.

Mr. Specht explained that it was all a joke, One of his bired men, named Reynolds, had given him a check for \$18 to give to Bruner or house rent. He had the check in an en for house rent. He had the check in an en-velope and as he was going into the council room said, "Here, Charler, Pil give you this if you'll vote for Major Furay's confirma-tion." Bruner didn't answer him, but a few days afterwards asked me for the rent money and I gave it to him telling him at the time that I had offered it to him the night of the council meeting. That's all there is to that story. It was only a little loke." "I want to know," asked Mr. Blumer, "if

you are accustomed to joking that way! Your jokes, sir, are proving a very serious matter to some of us, and I want you to know that you must stop such nonsense. Your jokes are not properly appreciated." Major Furay was on the floor before Mr. Specht could reply to Mr. Blumer's question. He wanted to know if Mr. Specht had ever received any money from him or had ever been authorized either directly or indirectly in any way whatever to offer any one any oney to vote for Major Furay's confirma

Mr. Specht took any number of oaths to effect that he had not and stated further that he had never even been asked to vote for Major Furay.

"No, nor has any other member of this council been asked by me to vote for my confirmation," said Major Furay. "My hands are clean, the people of this city know it and I regret exceedingly that my name has been entioned in this matter at all."
"Mr. Specht reiterated his statement that

he was only joking in the matter. "You see what your jokes have cost us," remarked President Lowry, "I do indeed, and I regret it more than any of you," said Mr. Specht, and then he con-fessed that he sometimes t alked too much of serious matters in a trivial manner, but promised he would reform and hereafter "may all joking aside.

Now About Major Furay. Mayor Furay's appointment, confirmation, rejection, reappointment and other features of his relation with the Board of Public works came up in the form of an op-from Cuy Attorney Poppleton, who been asked to pass upon the legality of the council's action in the major's case, and to detend the present relations and the means of getting out of the diffi-culty should any exist. In reply Mr. Poppleton reviewed the case. On August 25 Major Furay was appointed a the child was born. Mrs. Cummings dirmember of the Board of Public Works and ected the girl to the orphanage in Council was confirmed by a vote of 10 to 6. Subse-

quentis at the same meeting the vote by which the appointment was confirmed was reconsidered. At another meeting the journal was so amended that the action of the council in reconsidering the appointment was stricken out leaving the record showing Mr. Furay as confirmed. Mr. Poppleton held that the action of the council in reconsidering the vote on the confirmation was legal. This was in farmony with the city attorney's opinion in the case of Dr. Gapen and Sanitary Commissioner Morrissey.

Mr. Bechel moved that the opinion of the city attorney be placed on file.

Mr. Morearty moved an amendment that the opinion be made the opinion of the city council.

The amendment was lost on a tie vote as Yeas—Blumer, Cooper, Conway, Elsasser, Morearty, Osthoff and Tuttle—7. Nays—Bechel, Chaffer, Davis, McLearie, Olson, Specht and Mr. Lowry—7. Mr. Bechel's motion to place the opinion

on file then prevailed. Tough on Squires.

Then there was a round on Colonel Squires treet sweeping claim and City Attorney Poppleton uttered a very emphatic and pointed opinion as to the validity of the claim and Mr. Squires' chances of collecting it in court. The claim, amounting to \$5,000, was passed by the council and vetoed by the mayor, then passed over the mayor's veto. Then the latter vote was reconsidered and the mayor's veto sustained. The point was raised that the council had no right to reconsider the action on this veto. On this point Mr. Poppleton held that the action of the

council was regular and valid.

Questioned as to the justness of the claim
of Mr. Squires, the city attorney said: "In regard to that matter I will recommend what I have always done. When a case can be settled with a reasonable concession, I always recommend a settlement. I reported to the council that I would recommend a settlement of Mr. Squire's claim by a deduc-tion of 15 per cent from the amount, I have said to a member of the council and I repeat it here that if that bill goes into court and is properly defended, I will guarantee to cut it n the middle." Mr. Lowry wanted to know if it wouldn't

be better to present the facts in the mandamus case now pending in court and thus save the two years' delay incident to a trial of the case in the district court. Mr. Poppleton replied that there was no occasion for a delay of two years or two

months as the seven judges were rapidly dis-posing of the business of the courts, and would have the docket cleared by January 1. He further said that Mr. Squires, in a jury trial could not hope to secure a judgment for more than half of the amount of his claim and would be in great luck if he could get that much. There wasn't much comfort in the city at

torney's opinion for the members who were urging Mr. Squires' claim and the matter was dropped pending the outcome of the mandamus proceedings in the district court. To Avoid Summer Ailments. Drink Soterian Ginger Ale-Excelsion

Springs Co.'s.

Liberal Club Meeting. The Liberal club held a monster meeting n Blum's hall last evening. The procession, ,200 strong, formed at Burk's hall in the Third ward, and headed by the Forresters' band and the Finerty's drum corps, they marched through the principal streets thence to Blum's hall. City Attorney Adams called the meeting to order and stirring speeches were made by Messrs, Rush, Smythe, Gannon, Hauk and others: At the conclusion, Mr. Adams stated that the next meeting would be held next Friday evening. Many delegates from the various Liberal clubs of Omaha came down to swell the numbers.

South Omaha Notes. W. W. Cox is in Frement. Bert Anderson left for Shelby, Ia., last

Mrs. W. G. Doran of Council Bluffs is the guest of Mrs. J. L. Martin. Colonel Savage left for an extended tour of the great west yesterday.

Denna Alberry, I. M. Dawson and A. J. Caughey went to Blair yesterday. The Young Men's Republican club met at Justice Sutton's office last evening.

Mrs. S. N. Maxey, Gardiner, Mo., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. B. Berry. Mr. and Mrs. H. Switzer of Green River, Wyo., are visiting B. A. Nunn and family.

Citizens atllance No. 11 held an open meetng last evening in Knights of Pythias nall James Redden and James Wilkins of Chirago are the guests of Larry Moonan. This evening at 7:30 a meeting will be held it St. Agnes' hall to arrange for the annual

The Epworth league will give an orange festival at the First Methodist church Fri day evening. Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Griffith of Valisca, are

n the city, stopping with Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Scott. J. P. Murphy has returned from Chicago r he was called by the death of his venerable father. The King's Daughters will meet tomorrow

vening at Mrs. O. E. Walker's, Twentyourth and K streets. E. K. Weils Camp No. 72, Sons of Vet-erans, will give a social dance Monday, evenng, October 12, in McGinnis' hall. Today the ladies of the Baptist church will give a dinner from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. in the hall, Twenty-seventh and N streets. Zach Cuddington ran down to Kansas City, and rumor says that he will come back with

of Foresters, meets in their hall this evening. A fine literary programme has been ar Friday evening Alpha lodge No. 44. Daughters of Rebekah, will entertain a large num er of friends from the Omaha and Council

one of the belles from the city by the Kaw.

Court Magic City 168, Independent Order

Bluffs divisions. Mina Currier of the American Express company, accompanied by his brother J. H. Currier of Prescott, Ia., were looking over the town yesterday.

The following gentlemen 'represented South Omaha at the democratic judicial convention held in Samoset hall, Boyd's new block, Omnba: E. Conley, J. J. Breen, J. J. O'Rourke, Patrick Rowley, J. G. Irwin, A. A. Donnelly, R. Redmond, D. Loescher, Al A. Donnelly, R. Redmond, D. Loescher, Al Keenan, R. Parks, J. F. Ritchhart, J. Callahan, F. Humpert, T. Moloney.

A republican club was organized in Pivon-A republican club was organized in Pivon-ka's hall Monday evening. Following are the officers: Captain Kelley, president; Jas. Austin, vice president: A. McDougall, secre-tary; Frank Burness, treasurer. Executive committee: Fred Smith, A. J. Baidwin, Os-car Hill, Ike Snelvin, J. W. Cress. Messrs. J. H. Vandusen, A. L. Sutton, A. H. Mur-dock, A. J. Baidwin and George Brewer wars elected delegates to the indical covers. wore elected delegates to the judicial conven-tion. The club now numbers about seventy-Colonel Savage, J. D. Thomas and Delegates to the county convention will be named October 8.

Soterian Ginger Ale. Is made at Excielsor Springs, Mo.

Republican Committee Meetings. Headquarters Republican State Central,
Committee Omaha, Sopt. 28, 1891.—A meeting
of the republican state central committee is
called to meet at the beadquarters, 7:39 p. m.,
Saturday, October & A. D., 1891.
A full attendance is requested.
S. D. Mercer, Chairman,
Headquarters Republican City Central.

master got a severe slash in the shoulder. All said they were satisfied, and the man who sharpened the swords went home with an admonition "not to peach."

A full attendance is requested.

S. D. MERCER. Chairman.

Headquarters Repusifican City Central.
Committee, Omana, Nak, Sept. 28, 1891.—There
will be a meeting of the erepublican city central committee at Millard hotel. Saturday
afternoon, October 3, 1891, at 4 o'clock.

D. H. Mercen, Chairman.

The city republican bentral committee is:
D. H. Mercer, chairman. First ward, William
Umpherson, W. A. Keliay, Peter Roysen; Second ward, Morris Morrison, Frank Kasper, M.
H. Reufield: Third ward, W. F. Guriey, Lee
Hartiey, A. T. White: Fourth ward, R. D. Duncan, A. P. Nicholas, D. H. Wheeler: Fifth ward,
J. O. Redman, Henry Dunn, J. N. Phillips;
Sixth ward, Ed Cone, George Jones, Thomas
Golden: Seventh ward, M. L. Roeder, C. N.
Inskip, J. C. Thompson; Eighth ward, J. T.
Carke, M. F. Singleton, Peter Peterson; Ninth
ward, W. O. Rogers, H. L. Seward, W. A. Free,

Caligraph Writing Machine disposes of the fatigue of using the pen.

A nice looking young girl brought a fourdays'-old boy baby into the police station vesterday afternoon and asked the matron to find a home for the child. The girl declined who was her cousin, died in Sioux City when the child was born. Mrs. Cummings dir

Continental Clothing -:- House

BOY'S DEPARTMENT.

Parents, you cannot afford to buy one dollar's worth of Boys' Clothing until you have seen what we are doing this season. Boys' Clothing never so cheap before. Prices which formerly bought a medum grade will now buy the best. We call attention this week to a special line of Boys, Knee Pants Suits at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50. You have always felt doubtful of the quality when you have bought suits at this price before. No need of it. We manufacture only goods which we know to be all right and are willing to guarantee.

MEN'S FINE BUSINESS SUITS

Have you been dissatisfied with ready made clothing bought of other houses, then try the "Continental". Ready made clothing as we make it, is only equaled by custom made goods. Don't buy until you have seen our \$10, \$12, \$15 and \$18 suits. In fine fancy worsteds, three button cutaways, we have everything you can ask for. Fancy Cheviots in sack suits are the latest this season. We have them in all the latest mixtures.

FREELAND, LOOMIS & CO.,

knocked down at the end of each round.

left arm was also badly swolien.

MORE TROUBLE FOR WATCH MAKERS

Boston.

FRANCE FIXING FOR TROUBLE.

Her Government's Agents Laying in a Big

Stock of Provisions.

BUYING UP OUR GRAIN AND MEATS.

Society People Fight with Broad-

Swords Ground to a Razor's Edge,

and Sluggers Pummel Each

Other Into a Pulp.

It is learned that for the past three weeks

agents for the French government have been

grain and meats. In meats they have been

buying in Virginia, southern Ohio, Ken-

tucky, St. Louis and other points

along the border, smoked hog pro-

Chicago are but little known abroad. But

it is for flour and wheat that they have given

the largest orders, amounting to 2,000,000 bar-

rels of flour and 25,000,000 bushels of grain,

They are buying for early delivery this year

in New York, Buffalo, Toledo, Detroit,

low prices likely to prevail during the com-

of the panicky feeling in the Dakotas grow-

ing out of the prairie fires and the lack of

protection for grain there which is resulting

in such large deliveries at Lake Superior

An inquiry as to why the French govern

nent should be secretly such a heavy buyer,

brought out this explanation: The govern-

ment is in a delicate position in regard both

to grain and meat in France. Prices are high

and the demand for the removal of tariffs is

pressing, yet the government does not like to

directly let down the pars. The threaten-

ing aspect of European affairs gives it

a good excuse to provision itself strongly in

advance, preparing for war in time of peace,

and it knows as a matter of fact that those who buy later must pay much higher prices for American products. This will go free

throughout the harbor gates, and thus the

French people can be supplied at prices probably 25 per cent less than Ger-

nany will have to pay for grain, and it is hought that cheap bread for the French

people as against dear bread for the Ger-

mans will have an important political effect, making the French people enthusiastic in

support of their government and causing a

great deal of discontent in Germany from what will be deemed government obstruction

BRACE OF BLOODY DUELS.

A morning paper prints a two-column

story, lavishly decorated with pictures of men in decollete costumes savagely thrusting

at each other with Austrian broadswords

"ground to a razor edge," and declares that two duels have been fought in this American center of art and cul-ture within the past month and that the second was the outgrowth of the

first. The principals in the first fight were soldiers, a doctor and a lieutenant, both

members of the National guard. An armory

little thing about the proper orders for clos-ing in mass on the first division, and they were at odds. A strong word or two, and a

challenge passed, and a duel with foils was arranged. The encounter occurred early in September in the surgeon's handsome apart-

seconds were a prominent attorney and a Na-tional guard officer of high rank. The result

of the meeting was two ugly cuts in the lieu-tenant's shoulder, and then they shook hands

But the story got out in National guard circles and the leak was traced to the referee

in the first encounter, a professional teacher of swordsmanship. The lieutenant accused

lowed and a second affair of honor came off at noon on Sunday last in a loft in North

Clark street with Austrian broadswords

ground as aforesald and resulted like the fight n "The Banker's Daughter," where the ex-

pert swordsman lays his wound to the "cursed awkwardness" of his opponent, who had never held a foll before. The fencing

BRUTAL AND BLOODY.

best advantage.

The third, fourth and sixth rounds were

a repetition of the second. Ray came up weak for the seventh round and Hennessey's

seconds advised him to go in and finish his man. He sent his right over the heart, then

shot the left on the mouth, then a half swing with the left landed on Ray's good right eye,

which enraged him and he made a wild rus

for Hennessey, but was met with a straight

Another challenge fol

nents in a building on Maple street.

and swore everybody to secreey

him of treachery.

ow over a technical point in tactics, just a

and stupidity.

very heavily in Minneapolis

Milwaukee, St. Louis and

taking advantage of the

heavy delivery and especially

and

ducts.

Chicago,

as the salted products

quietly picking up an enormous amount of

CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE BEE,

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 29.

Omaha.

New York.

Des Moines.

knocked down at the end of each round.

When time was called for the thirteenth and last round, Ray's eyes were closed, he had a large lump over his heart, and his nose was spread all over his face. He groped around for his opponent, who easily avoided him, and swinging his right caught Ray on the point of the jaw and settled the fight. Ray had to be carried away. Hennessey was bably beaten on the left side of the head from the effects of Ray's right handers. His left arm was also badly swolen. Trussa s. Supporters, Crute's es, Syringes, War is brewing among the employes and employers of the great firms which make watches. The two leading firms are the Elgin and Waltham. They make 4,000 watches a day and all the other factories in the United States together make but 350 a Atomizers,

day. These two firms recently reduce the price of watches, the works o which are known to the trade as No. 240, the Bed Pans. largest size of men's watches, 20 per cent from former prices. It was then said the Waltham people had reduced the wages of employes has adopted resolutions declaring

that:
Whereas, The Eigin and Waltham manufactories are paying greater dividends than any other corporation or manufacturing institution of this country; and Whereas, On account of these enormous profits we consider such reduction unjust and uncalled for; therefore be it Resolved, that we call upon our brother workmen at the Waltham and other watch factories to organize so that we may be better able to resist any such outrageous reduction able to resist any such outrageous reduction in wages. The members of the union say there are

3,000 employes in the Waltham works and the cut in wages was greater than the cut in

its employes proportionately. The is that the recently organized union of

goods, and that during the last seven or eight years the reduction in wages of employes in these two great establishments had reached NEBRASKA ARTISTS' WORK. the fourth annual exhibit t the decorated ceramics, under the auspices of the Western Decorating works, which just opened at 331 Wabash avenue, Miss Mellona Butterfield of Omaha has a number of pieces which are attracting much attention, among them a Dresden tray and chocolate set. Another exhibit which

receives special mention is a figure piece by Mrs. L. Vance Phillips of Kearney. WESTERN PROPLE IN CHICAGO.

The following western people are in the At the Tremont-H. D. Brown, L. F. Weeks, Omaha. At the Sherman-H. S. Rand, Burlington, 1a.; Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Childs, Waterloo, Ia.; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Lowthan, Spear Fish, S. D.; Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Burkam, Sioux City, Ia. Sioux City, Ia.

At the Grand Pacific—J. J. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Goff, E. E. Naugle, Omaha; C. H. Mitchell, Des Moines, Ia.

At the Palmer—A. G. Karron, Ottumwa. Ia.; Mr. and Mrs. J. Storm, Preston, Ia.; Mrs. W. M. Lowe, Keokuk, Ia.; Mrs. J. C. Cowin, Miss Cowin, Henry Gibson, Omaha; Mr. Georgea A. Koeling, Council Bluffs: Mrs. Mr. George A. Keeling Council Bluffs: Mrs

W. C. Wadsworth, Mrs. W. M. Wadsworth, Davenport, Ia. At the Wellington-M. Frankel, Oskaloosa, Ia. : Miss Mand Vincent, Des Moines, Ia.

At the Leland-P. S. Walsh, Davenport, In. At the Richelieu-M. P. Putney, Oandale,

At the Auditorium—J. E. Hannegar, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; George W. Baxter, Cheyenne, Wyo.; C. W. Cowles, McGregor, Ia.; Mrs. Jacob Rich, Dubuque, Ia. R. C. Patterson of Omaha, who has been in the city several days closing some real estate deals, leaves for home tonight. He is of the opinion that prices for Chicago realty have anticipated the growth of the city for several years and considers it a good time to pull ou and invest his profits in Omaha dirt Samuel Orchard is in the city to meet his

daughter, Mabel, whom he expects here to-

norrow on her return from Europe. F. A. Information Free. Do you know that any old sore or cut can be absolutely cured by the intelligent use of Haller's Barbed Wire Liniment. Be merciful to your horse and try it.

Sient Too Long.

John O'Grady, a prohibitionist from Malvern, Ia., went to sleep Monday night in a wine room in Ed Miller's saloon at Twelfth and Douglas streets, and when he awoke four \$5 bills had disappeared from his inside pocket.

by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives a feeling

of buoyancy and strength to the whole system.

PRICE'S

Flavoring James Hennessey, white, and weighing 120 pounds, defeated Harry Ray, a 140-pound colored man, in thirteen rounds in a bare knuckle fight. The battle took place in a room on West Madison street yesterday morning. In the first round Hennessey landed a right hander on the colored man's left optic, raising a good sized lump. Ray lost his head and rushed Hennessey, who avoided cleverly. The colored man would not be denied, and forced his man against the Extracts second round. Ray's left eye was completely closed and blood was trickling from his left ear. They lost no time in getting to work, threw science to the dogs and went at it all over the room. Hennessey showed up to the

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Lemon

Vanilla .) Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Orange - Economy in their use Rose etc. and deliciously as the fresh fruit

left hander on the nose, spattering the blood on the wall. From this out it was a brutal affair, the colored man, who was game, being 114 South 15th Street. NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Medical Supplies.

OF ALL KINDS. Physicians' Prescriptions And all mediciees carefully com-

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPRIETS' SPECIFICS are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single Spe-ticity years used by the people. Every single Spe-ticity years used by the people. Every single Spe-times a special cure for the disease named. These Specifics cure without drugstime, purg-

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. Dr. Huspingers' Manual, (144 pages richly bound in cloth and gold, mailed free. HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

SPECIFICS Liebig COMPANY'S

EXTRACT OF BEEF

"in DARKEST AFRICA." "By HenryM. Stanley. "By Fighty M. Staffley.

The Liebig Company's Extract was the choicest," page 19, Vol. 1.

"Liebig and meat soups had to be prepared in sufficient quantities to serve out empfuls to each weakened man as he stargered in."—Page 28, Vol. 1.

6 "One Madt managed to crawl near my tent." 'He was at once borne to a fire and laid within a few inches of it, and with the addition of a plut of hot broth made from the Liebig Company's Extract of beef serrestored him to his senses."—Page 28, Vol. 11.

simile of J. von Liento's Jeliebig signature in blue ink Jeliebig across label thus: LeDuc's Periodical Pills. This French remedy acts directly upon the genera-tive organs and cures suppression of the meuses E2 or three for \$5, and can be mailed. Should not be used during premancy. Jobbers, druggists and a he public supplied by Goodman Drug Co., Omaha.



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