MORE WIERD TASCOTT TALES.

Willie Said to be Willing to Surrender for for the Reward.

A FEW OTHER MINOR CONDITIONS.

Report That Snell's Murderer Has Married a Squaw and is Living in a Wild Region in Manitoba.

CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE BEE, CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 21.

The latest person to join in the pursuit o the missing Tascott, according to a morning paper, is no less a person than the redoubtable Wiltie himself. With all the ingenious and multifarious methods which have been at various times employed to capture this evasive individual, it has never occurred to any one to suggest that he "go chase himself." However, it is vulgarism to say that this is exactly what he has done, and he wants the \$59,000 reward for discoving himself, too. It is stated on the authority of ex-Chief and now Inspector of Police Marsh, Tascott is not only alive, but that within the last year negotiations have been in progress between the Chicago police and Frank B. Tascott to surrender the long missing man under specific conditions. Frank B. Tascott is a brother of the missing

The negotiations, which promised successful results, were based on a proposition that the chief of police should use his influence to have an indictment for burgiary against Tascott nolle prossed, that the chief should turn over to him the reward offered by Mrs. A. J. Snell, to be used as a defensive fund, and that State Attorney Longnocker should guarantee Tascott a fair trial on the indictment for the murder of Snell. On these terms Frank B. Tascott was willing to surrender his brother and William B. Tascott was willing to be surrendered. The negotians was willing to be surremarked. In elegant tions fell through because a private detective agency, which evidently had a "tip," excited distrust in the mind of Frank B. Tascott, who, as Inspector Marsh expresses it, "finally got to mistrust everybody, although he had no occasion to, for that detective agency quit as soon as it found out there was

no chance of reward." The inspector says that the boy communicated regularly with his father and brother was done through the medium newspapers. I could not find where the papers were mailed. York paper sent from San Francisco or a Chicago paper from New Orleans. Certain words and letters were marked, and either the father or brother had a key which enabled him to make out a letter. I told Frank Tascott what I knew and he answered: 'I will nither affirm nor deny that your infor

mation is correct.' Being asked as to his opinion of the suffi-ciency of evidence against Tascott to convict him of the murder, the Inspector says:
"From the evidence to which I had access, I
do not think Tascott could be convicted of
the murder of Snell. There may be
evidence that would upset that opinion, but I am not aware of it.'

Following this story is a dispatch from St.
Paul, which states that Tascott is living among the Indians in a wild region at the foot of the Turtle mountains in Manitoba; that he married a squaw, and that it is from there he has been negotiating for sur-

SUICIDE OF AN EX-SOLDIER. Henry Marks, a young Hebrew who came to this city a week ago and stated that he was from Brooklyn, suicided last night, shooting himself with a revolver on the lake shore at Edgewater, a suburban town. He left two notes, one addressed to the public, in which he expressed his desire to be buried according to Jewish rites, and that his brotner, Isaac Marks of Brooklyn, be in-formed of his death. The other, which is addressed to his father, is as follows:

Dear Father: I cannot die without asking your forgiveness. As evil as my past life has been, there was no cause for our quarrel and separation, for I was guittess of the charge you made against me. Make your peace with Fanny, for I swear before my Maker, whom I am going to meet, that she is innocent, being the victim of a foul conspiracy.

Farewell, Your son,

From a letter found on his person it is

From a letter found on his person it is learned that Marks was at one time a me ber of Troop E, Fifth cavairy, U. S. A.

ANOTHER POLITICAL COMBINE. brand new political party was organized in Chicago yesterday. It is the result of a coalition between the old and well known united trade and labor party, and the Chicago branch of the citizens' industrial alliance twin combination will sail through fall elections under the title "people's trade and It will place a full ticket in the field and will wage an active campaign from now onward.

PLOATED THE TURKISH PLAG. The first flag of a foreign nation thus far raised on the world's fair grounds was floated to the preeze yesterday with interesting coremonies. It was the flag of Turkey, the oldest government of Europe, and was raised on the site on the Midway plaisance which has been given to the "street in Constantinople

ODDS AND ENDS. The tourneymen browers of Chicago are taking steps toward the establishment of a operative plan.

The filinois coal miners have issued a state

ment, signed by the officers of the union, stating that the strike of miners in the Springfield district is yet on and asking all union miners to stay away from that district. It is said that Mayor Washburn will to-night again introduce an ordinance providing for a special license to permit an all-night restaurant to sell liquor.

The steamer E. C. Pope has sailed with 125,990 bushels of corn, the largest load over

carried by a lake steamer.

Miss Helen Tiesenbrun of Atchison, Kan. who shot a burgular who was attempting to enter her room, is well known in Chicago She is described as a tall and handsome bro nette, whose genial disposition made hosts of friends for her. Yet she was full of energy and self reliance. She generally, it is said, carried a revolver, and often remarked that if any thief attempted to enter the house she uld shoot him.

A new evening paper, called the Press, with Stanley Waterloo as managing editor, is scheduled to make its first appearance here October 1. America, a weekly illustrated paper, has been sold to the Chicago Graphic company.

BIG BLOCKS OF GRAIN. Counselman & Co. chartered vessel room this morning for 700,000 bushels of corn to Buffalo. The boats for this enormous block of grain were found without trouble and other shipments made the aggregate of the other shipments made the base over 1,000,000 morning trading something over 1,000,000 bushels. It was all done on the basis of 3% bushels. It was all done on the basis of 3% and all the basis of 3% and cents for corn and 3% cents for wheat. A big slice of the iron ore fleet was turned into he grain trade today. Hattic Balknap, a servant girl 14 years old

rescued two little boys, children of her employer, from a burning house at 7104 Avenue B, in South Chicago, this morning, after vainly appealing to several men to do so. The boys were burned about the legs and the girl's clothes were nearly burned off her

WESTERN PROPLE IN CHICAGO. The following western people are in Chi-

At the Grand Pacific-E. T. Koch, Cedar At the Grand Pacific-E. T. Koch, Cedar J. Strang, J. L. Johnson, At the Grand Pacific—E. T. Koch, Cedar Rapids, Ia; A. L. Strang, J. L. Johnson, Omaha; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Finkbine, R. S. Finkbine, Des Moines, Ia. At the Auditorium—Mrs. George Douglas, W. B. Douglas, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; A. B. Cummins, Des Moines, Ia.; Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Johnson, Waterloo, Ia.; Fred Harvey, Lesveuworth, Kan.; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Megan, Schuyler; D. H. Richards, Omaha; H. P. Dillon, F. H. Williams, D. M. Man-chester, Topeka, Kan. At the Wellington—Richard C. Lake, Miss

At the Wellington-Richard C. Lake, Miss

Lake, Rapid City, S. D.; C. H. Fay, Sioux At the Sherman-A. L. Snowden, Nevada, Ia.; J. W. Murphy, Perry, Ia. At the Richelieu-B. E. Rossiter, Hil

At the Richester B. E. City.
At the Palmer Mrs. J. E. House, Miss J. House, Omaha: R. A. Davison, Waterloo, Ia.: George G. Crose and daughter, Boise City, Idaho; Mrs. J. C. Duffield, Omaha; George Begart, Shenandoab, Ja.
At the Tremont—R. D. Brown, Omaha.
F. A.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

Secret Session of the German-American Clerical Union.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 21.-Behind closed doors this afternoon there went into session in this city the twelve apostles of the "Priesten-Verein," or the German-American Clerical union. It was the first of a series of meetings of the congress of German-American Cathories. Vicar Gen eral von Muhisippon of St. Louis, president of the verein, called the meeting to order. The business was the scrutiny of documents and resolutions to be brought before the congress. All day delegates have been arriving here to take part in the congress, which meets morrow (loneral interest is centered in he torchight parade announced for this vening.

Before the censorship meeting ended the number within had greatly increased, aggregating several score. All, however, were priests and members of the Clerical union. So far as could be ascertained not a single invman put in an appearance to submit any-thing to be passed upon. Nevertheless the committee remained in session over two hours. It was explained that the laymen acted in the matter through their clerical representatives and that personal attendance on the part of lay delegates before the censors was unnecessary. It is definitely known that not all the papers passed upon were allowed to reach a further stage than the waste basket. One of the priests said that whatever appeared inharmonious with the purposes of the congress was excluded and that the priests determined to steer clear in the public proceedings of all aggressions and accusations. representatives and that personal attendance

Before the adjournment the meeting ap-pointed a committee to prepare a report of the proceedings for publication. The follow-ing is the report verbatim:

"The German Catholic congress beld its first preliminary meeting at the St. Louis Young Men's hall at 2:30 p. m. One nundred and fifty clergymen of various dioceses were present. Rev. Dr. Meissner presided. Revs. William Fairber and J. N. Euselberger acted as secretaries. Motions and resolutions were read and admitted for discussion at the regular meeting to be held at Music hall September 22, at 10 a. m."

ATTACKED BY JERSEY PIRATES.

Mosquitoes Give a Ship Load of Em grants a Lively Reception. New York, Sept. 21.—Captain Hebich of he Hamburg-American ship Normannia had

an experience with "Jersey pirates," as he calls them, that he is not likely to forget. "Early Saturday morning." said Captain Hebich, "when my ship was twenty-five miles off Sandy Hook, I saw a wedge-shaped black cloud swiftly moving in our direction. Seen through a marine glass the cloud was about ten miles long and three miles wide at its base, from whence it tapered to a point. When first seen it was about twelve miles off, and the apex of the wedge was pointed

directly at the vessel. directly at the vessel.

'This moving body obscured the sun, and, by the great tycoon," he exclaimed, "it was a cloud of mosquitoes. They enveloped the ship and attacked the passengers and crew with a blood-thirsty voracity. Three hundred steerage passengers huddled on the deek ware appalled by the thousand of deck were appalled by the thousands of victous mites that attacked every exposed but of skip. The men swore like Barbary pirates. yelled and the babics shricked. No one," he added, "ever saw such a pande monium ou shipboard. Had a vessel passed her officers would certainly have thought we

had a mutiny on board. 'The crew and passengers rushed below, but they were no better off there than on deck, for the insects were so thick in the cabin that you could only with difficulty crowd through them. We got the crew on deck, but so busy were they kept slapping and fighting their tormentors that they could not work the ship. When we reached Sandy Hook a stiff breeze came up and blow the mos

"Everybody on board," he said, "was swathed in bandages, sopping with arnica, witch hazel or ammonia. But you should have heard the emigrants' comments on country infested by such blood-sucking creatures. Many of them said they would not remain here.

STILL UNSETTLED.

Union Pacific Financial Problem Ye to Be Solved.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.-A meeting of the ereditors' committee of the Union Pacific road was held on Friday last. It was agreed to deferaction on the plan for a week. If tne company can, on Saturday or before, show that they have obtained the signatures of all the creditors to the proposition to extend the floating debt, or will provide cash to pay off the creditors who refuse to resign them, the plan will be declared operative by the committee. Several of the creditors in this city, as well as a number in Boston, have so far refrained from agreeing to the extension. It is not ex-pected that a syndicate will be formed to provide the cash necessary to pay off these reditors, but the collateral notes which are not accepted by creditors may be taken by ndividuals. One of the members of the creditors' committee said today: 'The problem is yet to be solved, but it is much nearer a solution today than it has ever been

MURDERER'S LAST RESORT.

James Burns' Slayer Appealing to Governor Mellette for Clemency. CUSTER, S. D., Sept. 21.- | Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |-John B. Leehman was today sentenced to be hung on November 4 In July, 1889, Leehman killed James H. Burns, a constable, in resisting arrest. He escaped, but was captured in September, 1889, a reward of \$500 being given by Gov-ernor Meliette. In November, 1889, he was tried and convicted of murder in the first degree. A new trial was granted. In Septem-per, 1890, he was a second time tried and convicted of murder in the first degree.

The case was appealed to the supreme court and affirmed and remanded with direct ions that judgment be executed. An appli cation will be made to Governor Mellette t have the sentence commuted to life imprison-ment, alleging that Leebman has become insane since the last conviction in 1890.

HOMEWARD BOUND.

Editor Rosewater of the Daily Bee Now Enroute for New York. SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 21:-Among the passengers on board the Hamburg-American steamer Columbia, now enroute for New York, is Mr. Edward Rosewater of THE OMARA BEE, Mr. Rosewater has been in Europe for some months and has made a special study of European telegraph systems. He thinks in many respects they are superior to the American service while in other they

are inferior. Jones Will Not Run. ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 21 .- A meeting of the itizens' alliance, a branch of the farmers' alliance, has been waiting to hear from Lieutenant Governor Jones, who promised to communicate with the meeting, giving his final answer as to whether he would be a candidate for governor this fail. Word was received at a late hour last night from him refusing to permit the use of his name for

such purpose.

SIXTY THOUSAND VISITORS.

Largest Assembly of Odd Fellows in the History of America.

GLITTERING PARADE OF UNIFORMED MEN.

Growing Popularity of Odd Fellowship as Evidenced by the Reports of the Several

Grand Officers.

Sr. Louis, Mo., Sept. 21.-St. Louis today welcomed one of the largest gatherings of Odd Fellows that has been assembled at any one time in the history of the order in this country. Every train for the past three days has brought its load of cantons, lodges and detachments, until fully 50,000 to 60,000 visiting members and their families were in the city. The occasion of the gathering is the Seventy-second grand encampment of the Sovereign grand lodge. The programme prepared for the entertainment was one of he most elaborate ever gotten up for a like

Old Sol, who had been projecting his rays upon the city for three or four days past with considerable violence, turned over a new eaf this morning and hid himself behing a huge bank of clouds, to the great relief of the thousands of Odd Feilows who had resolved to take part in the grand parade. And later a cool refreshing breeze sprang up, relieving in a great measure the oppressiveness of the atmosphere and giving new life to the swel-tering thousands who were going hither and thither in the streets seeking the best van-tage ground from which to view the pro-

Arriving delegations this morning were met at the Union depot and escorted to their assigned quarters by the reception commit-tee who had been so well drilled that not a delay occurred in the programme. The railrouds having found that the regular trains were insufficient to carry the large crowds which desired to come to St. Louis, ran which desired to come to St. Louis, rain special trains from all directions to accom-modate the heavy traffic. Probably the largest detachment came from Springfield, Ill., the railroads having made a \$1 lare for

he round trip. From early morning a more lively and animated scene could hardly be found than the down town streets. Everywhere could be seen the golden braided uniforms and the swaying purple plumes of the cantons and the regalias of the lodges. The district between Clark and Washington streets, and Fourth and Fourteenth streets, was one mass of moving humanity. The sidewalks were blocked with members of the order, many of whom were renewing old and making new acquaintances, while the majority were bent on sightseeing.

Procession of the Patriarchs. Shortly after 1 o'clock the cantons and lodges which were assigned positious in the parade began to move towards the point where the line was to be formed and took up their positions as designated in the programme. The various divisions formed on the streets running north and south across Lucas place, beginning at Seventeenth and up to Twenty-second.

Shortly after 2 o'clock the agreed upon signal for the commencement of the march was given and a platoon of mounted police emerged from Jefferson avenue and proceeded in an easterly direction on Lucas to Four-teenth. The arrangements had been so per-fect that the column was quickly formed, and as it proceeded the various divisions fell into line and swelled the procession.

At first slow progress was made owing to he great number platoon of police had great difficulty making an opening in the solid wall of hu-manity that lined the streets on each side. spectators filled every available space. many climbing trees and telegraph poles to obtain a good view of the parade. The line nany climbing trees and telegraph of march was as follows: On Lucas to Jefferson avenue, east to Fif-

teenth street, north to Washington avenue east to Broadway, south to Chostnut, east to Fourth, south to Walnut, west to Fourth, north to Market, west to Sixth, north to Olive and west to the Exposition building, where the column broke up and the marching cantons, lodges and detachments returned to their respective headquarters for

As the procession moved along the streets the maneuvers of the various cantons were received with much enthusiasm, the patriarchs militant with Lieutenant General Underwood at their head, receiving unstinted applause, as did also Grand Canton Atkins No. 1 of Paducah, Ky. The third division under Brigadier General W. H. Crocker and staff, made probably the best showing in the parade. Their maneuvers were executed with the strictest military precision and created a very favorable in pression upon the multitude.

Tomorrow will decide which canton is to carry off the prize for the best tactics, as the grand prize drill is to come of at the fair grounds in the afternoon.

Tonight the expositions grounds were opened to the Odd Fellows and a public reception was held in the music hall of that

The building was packed to the doors and locomotion was next to impossible. The main feature of the exercises at the exposition was the conferring of the decoration of the chivalry by Lieutenant General Underwood upon several grand representatives, number of distinguished members and several ladies of the order of Rebekah. Business Session Opened.

The seventy-second grand encampment the sovereign grand lodge Indedendent Order of Odd Fellows was opened by Deputy Grand Sire Dr. C. T. Campbell in Masonic hall. Grand Chaplain J. W. Venable of New York

opened the proceedings with prayer.

The report of the committee on credentials was then presented and adopted, after which the deputy grand sire made his report, which was received with tumultuous applause. The

ort referred to the sad accident that had report referred to the sad accident that had befallen the grand sire of the order, Charles M. Busby of Kentucky, and to the circumstances that surrouded his own temporary accession to that position.

Dead silence reigned when Past Grand Sire John C. Underwood arcse to speak. He referred touchingly to the sickness of Grand Sire. Rushy and introduced a resolution of

Sire Busby and introduced a resolution o condolence. The motion was carried amid cheers. The past year, the grand sire said, had been one of grace and blessing to Odd Fellowship. Friendship, love and truth had been, if possible, more closely recognized, and the close of the year found the star of Odd Fellowship in the ascendant. The standing committees were appointed Grand Secretary Theodore A. Ross, pre-sented his annual report. Grand Treasurer Isaac A. Sheppard of

Philadelphia, reported the financial status of the order. The number of initiations last year is shown to be 68,000. The net in-crease in the United States and Canada during the past twelve months is 87,000, total membership at present is 672,239, revenue for 1890-91 was \$7,244,237. The benevolent distributious were \$4,000,000. New grand lodges have been formed in Indian Territory, Cuba and Japan. He also referred to the growing popularity of the degree of Rebekah, which now numbers 132,000 ladies. some routine business the session adjourned for the day.

WEATHER FORECAST.

For Omaha and Vicinity-Fair, slight change in temperature. For Missouri and Kansas-Fair, southerly winds; no change in temperature.

For Iowa-Fair, southerly winds; station-

ary temperature. For Nebraska-Fair, cooler in western, stationary temperature in eastern portion; southerly winds, becoming variable.

For South Dakota-Fair, cooler variable winds. For North Dakota-Fair, cooler in eastern,

stationary temperature in western portion; variable winds.
For Colorado—Light local showers; cooler in southeast; stationary temperature in northeastern, warmer in western portion; variable winds.

AFTER A LONG CHASE.

Tacoma Fugitive Arrested at Cedar Rapids After Many Months. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Sept. 21.—[Special Tele gram to The Bes.]—F. P. Wilson, deputy United States marshal at Tacoma, Wash. this afternoon arrested James Durwood, alias James Greer. Durwood was arrested last winter while robbing a bonded car of canned salmon en route from Tacoma to Cacada but escaped before the grand jury met. Nearly five weeks ago Wilson started after Durwood and after training him aimost over the entire country, run outo him this afternoon and placed him under arrest.

lowa Conference Closed. DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 21.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- The work of the Des Moines conference of the Methodist Episcopal church closed today. The committee on the observance of Sunday reported against the desceration of that day in any form, in the newspapers, the railroad traffic and the World's fair particularly. The report on the using of trains on Sunday was debated by Mr. Shipman and C. W. Blodgett, who considered the report a reflection on the district. Fred Harris, who wrote the resoluion, denied that it was framed to reflect on any one. The report was amended by Drs. Blodgett and Harned to include a resolution Biodgett and Harned to include a resolution against traffic on the street cars and other trains when possibly avoidable. The effect of the resolution as stated was to relieve the presiding elders of responsibility in their line. The committee on the Freedman's Aid and Southern Education society reported several resolutions recommending the holding of district conventions of the as-sociation. The report of the Board of Church Extension was read. A new plan, that of written examinations for applicants, was adopted by the convention.

Iowa Veterans' Reunion. OAKLAND, Ia., Sept. 21 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-The first annual camp fire of the veterans of Pottawattamie county, was held at this place September 16 and 17. The neighboring towns sent large delegations. It is estimated that fully 8,000 people were present. Among those who delivered addresses were J. J. Steadman, Judge Carson, Judge Smith, E. L. Shugart of Council Bluffs, General Sheridan of New York, Judge Macy of Harian, Frank Shime of Carson, Colonel Daily, Rev. G. W. Crofts, and Mayor Hartwell.

Mangled by a Train. DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 21 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Gus Shostrom, aged 12, was struck by a train in the outskirt of the city yesterday afternoon and was terribly mangled, dying instantly. He was herding cattle and attempted fo drive a calf off the track before the approaching train.

Brakeman Frightfully Mutilated. CRESTON, Ia., Sept. 21 .- | Special Telegram o THE BEE. |-Albert A. Maiken, a Burlingon brakeman living here, was killed near Lucas last night by falling between the cars. His body was dragged a long distance and frightfully mutilated. He was unmarried.

BRUTAL PRACTICAL JOKERS.

One Lands in Jail and His Victim May Die.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Coney Island loafers played a practical ic last night which may result in the death of their victim, a paralytic. This was Dr. Thomas Godrich, aged 0, who has for years been almost helpless

from paralysis. The doctor was seated yesterday in Burk hardt's saloon when the loafers entered. A bottle of oil of mustard was standing on a table near where the doctor sat, and Stephen McGrath thought it would be a good joke to throw some of the contents down the physi-cian's back. The remaining members of the gang, among whom were several who lay claim to respectability, approved the sugges-tion, and McGrath poured the burning fluid down Dr. Godrich's back. In a few minutes the doctor began to suffer intense pain. His paralysis prevented him from helping himself and he screamed with pain. The loafers laughed. Finally an outsider! ran for Dr. J. O. F. Hill, who responded quickly. He did all in his power to alleviate the unfortunate man's sufferings and denounced the brutality of the jokers. The victim was taken to hi very serious late last night, and the fright and shock may prove fatal. McGrath

SHE MARRIED THE BEST MAN.

arrested.

A Bridegroom's Intoxication Results in His Losing His Bride.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Sept. 21 .- The marriage of Mr. Thorwald Winter and Miss Anderson now is the sequel to a sensation of two weeks ago, when Miss Anderson jilted her lover, E. W. Bingham. Winter was summoned from Paris, where he was on a tour of Europe, to act as the best man, and now he becomes the principal. The Bingham-Anderson match was declared off at the last moment on account of the alleged intoxication of the prospective bridegroom. Miss Anderson then retreated to Waycross, keeping her address secret through fear of overtures from the dis-carded one. But he succeeded in tracing her and sent a friend to the house where she was visiting to intercede for him. There he found that Mr. Winter had preceded him and was pleading the love he had long secretly therslied, but had before been too honorable to betray. Mr. Hingham's ambassador was ent away with scant courtesy, and after a little hesitation, Mr. Winter's suit was accepted and the ceremony arranged to take place without delay. The wedding is regarded as a happy but rather surprising ending of a somewhat mortifying affair.

FIFTEEN FAITHFUL OLD MAIDS. For Thirty Years They Have Held Out Against Marriage.

MILFORD, Conn., Sept. 21.-Thirty years ago and more, fifty ladies of the First church ere formed a society of old maids, every one of whom vowed they would never marry. Each member paid \$5 admission, the interest on the principal thus raised to be expended in annual dinners, while the principal itself was to go to the member who remained unmarried the longest. In the three decades which have succeeded, all but fifteen of the original fifty have married, and as the storms of sixty winters have whitened the hair of the faithful, it looks as if they would stick. It is a question who will outlive all the others and receive the reward, which now amounts to nearly \$1,000. They are now holding their annual banquet.

Westerners in New York. NEW YORK, Sept. 20 .- Special to THE BEE. |-Mr. A. L. West of Des Moines, the great flour merchant there, is at the Astor house.

Mr. E. Meller and Mrs. Heckman of Dead-

wood are at the Belvedere house. Mr. C. H. Gardner of Omaha is Osmopolitan hotel.

President L. W. Tulley of the Anglo-American Mortgage and Trust company of Omaha and Secretary J. V. McDowell of the same company are in New York to attend a directors' meeting of their company at 62 Cedar street. Mr. Tulley and his son Paul stopped a few days at Carlisle, Pa., where Master Paul enters the sophomore class of

Dickson college. The Fire Record.

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 21.-A large business block at Norwich, Chenango county, burned, Loss, \$55,000; insurance, \$27,000.

TODAY THE RUSH BEGINS.

Poomers Already Crossing the Line Into the Promised Land.

TWO SETTLERS FOR EVERY HOMESTEAD.

Coveted Indian Lands Surrounded

by Boomers-Ali Eager for the Wild Scramble for Choice

Quarter Sections.

GUTHRIE, Okl., Sept. 21 .- From early mornng the streets of this town have been blocked with wagons, horses and people, men, women, boys and girls, scrambling to get here to take part in the race for government land. Everything is wide open. Liquor is plentiful and gamblers are here with their outfits. Governor Steele will go to the county seat, named Tecumseh. His intention is to clear the town, and with a signal let the race for town lots commence. Trains continue to arrive and bring people anxious to secure homes. The men in line before the land office are still there, determined to make entries. Hotels, printing offices, stores and shops are taxed to their utmost capacity. Some establishments, espe cially those of the newspapers, are seriously crippled on account of their help leaving to oin in the race.

The land to be opened for settlement to morrow noon consists of the country of the Sac and Fox, 472,000 acres; of the Iowas 229,559 acres and of the Pottawatomies 400,-000 acres, in all 1,101,559 acres. Some of this is adapted to the raising of as fine crops as any land and some of it, fertilized with tin cans, would afford excellent pasturage for goats

The Indians do not lose all their land. Each buck gets a quarter section and not only that, but he is a lawful "sooner" and has already picked out the prize spots. He can't sell his land for twenty-five years, but during that time he does not have to pay any

After the Indian lands and the lands belo for school purposes have been deducted from the 1,101,559 acres about 800,000 acres are pened for actual settlement. This makes ,000 homesteads and about two men for every homestead are on the ground. Some are hovering around the line and some are al ready in what is until tomorrow the forbid

den country. Same Old Oklahoma Rush.

It is the old Oklahoma rush over again with some modifications. There are not as many boomers and a smaller number of them are in wagons. For the last week, however, there has been an almost continuous stream of wagons over the Santa Fe trail across the

Cherokee strip and there are wagoners all around the border.

The rush for the railroad has been just the same, The big crowds for the last three days have packed the aisles of the cars They look like the same men who came to Oklahoma at its opening. A composite pic ture of the whole "outfit" would represent a young man with a harvest-field complexion and a white felt hat drawn down so as to bend his ears. He would have a 4-year-old

bend his ears. He would have a 4-year-old yellow mustache and a 4-day-old beard. He would have blue eyes and he would sport a red cotton handkerchief just as sure as he would have a big revolver.

All the little scenes are much the same as during the rush to Oklahoma. In the crowds on the trains there is the man from Arkansas with his fiddle, and the man with the gray heard and the man with the gray beard and the man with the red nose wh dances in the aisle of the car. There is the man who shoots his gun out

of the window, the man from Missouri who consults his bottle and the tired mother with baby that cries. As the train runs through the strip the emigrants are greeted with a sight that seems to delight them. On both sides of the road the grass is burning. Cattlemen roundly to hear them cheer at the sight of the burning grass, and express the wish that every head of cattle in the strip might be

to burn well yet, but it will undoubtedly be all fired as soon as it does get dry enough The settlers are very bitter against the

burned. The grass is not quite dry enough

Lively Scenes at Guthrie. Guthrie is a lively town today. The street are crowded, the hotels are overrun, the sa oons are doing a rushing business, and at every street corner cowboys are selling ponies. They are asking big money for them, too, and getting it. The men who rushed into Okiahoma are disposing of the horses and wagons they used to excellent advantage. Every minute an outfit leaves for the line The nearest point of the new country is only little over nine miles from Guthrie, an the greatest crowd will enter from near this point, but the truth is that a great part of the crowd is not waiting to enter. The country is aiready full of "sooners." The plan is for one man to go in and "jump" a claim and then turn it over to a partner, who starts in after the legal hour. Thus, between them.

they get a good claim. There will be a great rush for town lots The new country will be divided into two counties and the government has selected the sites for the county seats, although there is now not even the shadow of a town in either county. Both towns have been named. The one that is to be the county seat of the north ern county is Chandler, named for the assist ant secretary of the interior, and the south ern town is Tecumseh. H. D. Baker of Ok lahoma City has already been appointed pos master of the coming town of Tecumsel This town will be located in the Pottawate nie country, forty-five miles from Guthrie Chandler will be in the Sac and Fox country orty miles from Guthrie.

The government surveyors are not through with their work on town sites, and Governor Steele has announced that the sites shall not be taken up until the survey is finished. attention will be paid to this, however, and he force of soldiers on the ground will not be large enough to keep them off. A crowd of Suthrie men has been organized to move on Chandler. Every one is going. The cooks have deserted the stoves, the lawyers their offices, and the merchants their stores.

Many Will be Disappointed. The town site of Chandler is said to be poor one, and those who rush there will suffer for a drink of water until wells are dug. The plan of the Guthrie men is to get a quarter section just west of the town site and throw the town over there. Men enough will rush to Chandler, however, to take lots for a city of 20,000 and it is hard to see the place can support more than 10,000 people for many years. Many are bound to be dis appointed whether they go for lots or quarter sections, for there are at least 15,000

people waiting for the hat to drop at noon omorrow. Governor Steele this morning received a telegram from J. W. Bewford, receiver the land office at Oklahoma City, calling assistance to protect his office. ffice is up two flights of stairs and the entire building is over-run with boomers. The receiver is fearful that his office will be taken possession of and states that no deputy United States marshals or local officers can be had. The governor does not desire to send troops to Oklahoma City if it can be avoided, as every blue-coat in the territory is needed at the front, but if he receives another call he will send sufficient force to protect

Couriers from Langston City, the negro colony, came in this morning and purchased twenty carbines and hastened back to the front. They report that the entire town site s covered with tents of emigrants and that is covered with tents of emigrants and that they are determined to protect themselves from any attempts on the part of the whites to keep them from the lands in the Cimma-ron valley. A squad of negroes visited the cowboys' camp last night and declared their intentions. They said that they would make the race for lands and if they got there first they would defend their rights with their layer. If the cowboys do not implie too much lives. If the cowboys do not imbibe too much

of the whisky that is bein the wason load there will trouble. But on the other trouble bloodshed is certain.

And Now a New D __er. The threatened trouble over the town site at Chandler now overshadows even the expected disturbance at Langston between the negroes and cowboys. Governor Steele has determined to suspend the president's proclamation so far as it might be construed to relate to the town sites, and will not nermit

entry upon them until after he has approved the surveys and plats. He started tonight for the site of the county seat of the lower county and will reach there tomorrow morning. By noon ne will have inspected the sur veys and plats and will probably have ap-proved them, so that the entry may be made promptly upon the minute that the president's proclamation goes into effect.
At Chandler, the county seat of the upper

bounty, the situation will be different. tovernor will be unable to reach there from he lower county until Wednesday morning, and of course can not inspect the plats and surveys until that time. In the meantime hundreds of people will have gathered around the site anxious to stake their claims. They have already threatened to enter the town site at noon tomorrow, no matter what may be the orders of the governor. They say the town site becomes the people's property at noon by order of the president of the United States, and that no governor or any one eise can keep it closed to the people On the other hand Governor Steele claims that at noon the Indian lands become a part of Oklahoma Territory, and as such pass immediately under the control of the governor. He has ordered three companies of United States roops to surround the site and allow no one o cross the line until he has arrived from the ower county and has approved the surveys

It is expected a serious conflict will ensue between the lot scekers and the troops if the former attempt to make good their threats. A courier arrived from Langston tonight. He reports that while the negroes are as de-ermined as ever to resist any opposition to their advances into the Cimarron valley the have nevertheless assumed a much more conciliatory and reasonable position. They will in no case attempt to secure claims by force, and have all signed an agreement to livide what lands they may be successful in claiming so that each one of their number can have at least forty acres.

Town Site Companies Illegal. Washington, D. C., Sept. 21.-Secretary Neble today received a telegram from Governor Steele of Oklahoma stating that two town site companies had been organized for the purpose of entering the two new county seats as town sites, to the exclusion of single

entry men. The secretary in response has directed the governor to see that this purpose of town site companies is not consummated. No such entries will be permitted and single entry men will be fully sustained. This action is taken after consultation with law officers of the department, all of whom agree that such entry by a pretended town site company would be illegal and void.

Wichita, Kan., Sept. 21.—The first victim to suffer at the hands of the boomers of the new territory is Ai Giazier, a Santa Fe conductor, who was badly cut and otherwise injured this morning by an enraged mob in his train. Some of the boomers had no tickets and Glazier demanded the extra 10 cents levied in such cases. This caused the trouble. A number of the rioters were arrested and

First Victim to Suffer.

Arkansas City Deserted. ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Sept. 21.—For the past three days it has looked as if the emigrants to the new Indian lands were going to take this city, but yesterday and today they have been leaving by hundreds. This being the main entrance to the territory from the north, everybody seems to center herehome seekers, speculators, gamblers and

HE STRUCK FITZSIMMONS.

A Trainer Who Wanted His Money

Given a Drubbing.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 21.-Nick Quilligan, the Australian trainer, a man of perhaps 45 years, who trained Ned Hantan, the oarsman, in the antipodes, and several celebrated fighters here, was hired by one of the members of the Fitzsimmons-Carroll combination to been and bill the show in Sacramento and to hire a hall and some local taient. He spent several days in the state capitol, expecting money every day from Carroll or Fitzsimmons to pay for the hall and other incidental expenses, but no money came and he was stranded. Finally, a week ago, Fitzsimmons went to Sacramento and Quilligan asked him for some money, but Fitzsimmons denied knowing anything about Quilligan being engaged, and said he had no money to spare. Quilligan was enraged, but said he thought Carroll would make the amount good. Quilligan met Fitzsimmons Saturday night in the latter's saloon and asked for his money, but the amount de-manded did not suit the champion. Some words followed and Quilligan struck Fitzsin mons a hot one on the chin with his right dazing Dempsey's conqueror. Recovering i moment, the lanky middleweight sprang a the trainer, who was intoxicated, and rained nearly a dozen sledge hammer blows on his face before he was pulled away. Quilligan.

in a few moments, came to sufficiently to be led to a doctor's and six stitches had to be put in one gash near his left eye.

GETTING IN LINE. foung Republicans Preparing for the

Coming Campaign. The Young Men's Republican club held neeting at the Millard hotel last evening President D. J. O'Donohue occupied the The annual election of officers was in rder, but was postponed until a later date. President O'Donohue stated the object o he meeting to be a sort of awakening of the republican hosts and to make arrangements attend the state convention at Lincoln on Thursday in a body.

After a short discussion the chair appointed

After a snort discussion the chair appoints the following committees to make the necessary arrangements: Finance, Messrs, Sudborough, Marple and Morrison; transportation, Sudborough, Joplin and Moores; members, Moses O'Brien, Charles Marple and D. J. O'Donohue,
These committees will work today and make what arrangements they can report at a special meeting tonight. All republicans are requested to attend the meeting at the Millard this evening, as a arge delegation to go to Lincoln is desired. It is the intention to have badges printed for the members who will make the trip, and o carry the Harrison and Morton banner at

be head of the procession. The committee on finance went to work at once before the meeting adjourned, and secured quite a sum to go towards defraying he expenses of the trip.

Freight Men on the Ragged Edge. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 21. - United States District Attorney Neal said this morning that the grand jury investigating the freight rate cutting at Kansas City was a general one. From the subposnaes issued Saturday t was thought that the fast freight lines only were implicated. Subposnaes, however have been issued for the local agents of the Missouri Pacific, the Wabash, the Santa Fo and the Rock Island. It is said that nearly every member of the grand jury is a farmer alliance member, and because of this agent of the souliess railroad corporations and fast reight lines are feeling no little trepma

Killied at a Ball Game. Canson, Nev., Sept. 21.-Ralpha B. Stan ev was killed at a base ball game yesterday by being struck on the neck by the ball. He fell on his knees, arose, tried to run. minutes. Stanley had a birthmark on his neck where the ball struck, and death was caused by the suddenness of the

t out there by ENGLISH POLITICAL GOSSIP. bably be no if they grow the liquor

Henry Labouchere on the Situation as Now Presented.

SUCCESS OF THE LIBERALS PREDICTED.

Reasons Why He Sees Nothing Inviting to Europeans in the Columbian Exposition-Future of the Canadians.

[Copyright 1891 by James Gordon Bennett.] Cadenarria, Sept. 21.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |- This morning in the garden of Hotel Bellevue I had an interesting interview with Henry Labouchere. I opened fire on the subject of the forthcoming general election in England. "Mr. Labouenere, have you seen the Gladstone article on the nineteenth century, in which he claims that the liberals will obtain a majority of 150 seats next general election," I asked.

"I do not think the majority will be so large and should rather put it at about sixty," he replied. "I think we shall lose in Ireland possibly twelve seats, four in Ulster to the conservatives and six to the Parnellites, Against this we should increase our majority considerably in Scotland. We should have all of Wales with the exception of perhaps three seats. We shall gain largely in the northern, eastern and in the southeastern counties, This, with a few seats we will pick up elsewhere, will give us a majority of at least sixty. We shall not gain largely in Lancashire, which, for some reason, is conservative, nor shall we gain many more seats in London owing to our bad organization and great difficulty in inducing workingmen to come to the polis.

You say Mr. Parnell will only gain six. Are you sure of this? "I am not sure that he will gain six. He is utterly discredited. He has with him a noisy section in Dublin and may gain all the seats there, and one in Limerick, and one in Waterford, I believe that Irish anti-Paruellites would not admit the possibility of this. The priests are against him because of what they term him adultory. He has of late played into the hands of his opponents by his rechtass mendacity and by bidding for the ultra Feman section, which, whatever it may be in Amer-

ica, has no voting strength in Ireland." "And do you justify the action of the liberals in throwing him over on account of the divorce exposurses!"

"I do not enter into the moral question, but there is no doubt that had we stood by him we should have lost the next general election, for a nonconformist conscience is a very important electoral factor. We had therefore to decide between the cause and the man and the interest of Ireland, and we were surely bound not to profer the man to

the cause.' "And if Gladstone does have a majority, will there be a bona fide home rule bill

brought in?" "Certainly, Gladstone is in earnest to settle the question once for all, with the approval of all reasonable Irishmen. His measure will be supported by his followers in the house of commons, for they will be edged by their constituents to vote for it "I suppose the house of lords will throw it

"That is probable. We shall send it up to them-not only the home rule bill, but also two or three sound radical measures, which they will also throw out. Dissolution will therefore take place, not alone on home rule issues, but upon the issue of whether the nembers of the house of lords are to be allowed to ignore the will of the nation. As it is, the house of lords is thoroughly unpopular and it will be swept off the political

chess board." "What do you think of the McKinley tariff !"

"I have never believed the principles of political economy were of universal applicaion. Free trade suits us, but if I had been an American I should have been a protectionist twenty years ago." "Do you think many English manufactur-

ers will send exhibits to the Chicago exposi-"I should fancy it is somewhat doubtful. do not see what would be gained by so doing if their goods are kept out of the

send exhibits they ought to ticket the prices in order that Americans may see at what they really might buy goods, were there no duty on them. This would be a very useful object lesson."

"What do you think of the future of Can-

country by prohibition duties. If they do

"Well, if I were a Canadian I am inclined to think that I should cut my connection with England, but being an Englishman I have no wish that Canada should do so. I would rather be master of my own house, even if it were only a cottage, than to live in it as a sort of back garden to a nobleman's mansion. The stronger and more powerful Canada besomes, the more American it will become and the more anxious she will be to cut adrift from Europe. In this connection, whether it will be an independent republic or whether it joins the United States, will depend very much on the current of popular opinion at the moment of its separation. Were I a Canadian I should

that government be not the despotism of an individual, but the deliberate will of the ILL-FATED CONSUEGRA.

nation.

be in favor of a union with the United States,

It seems to me a very grand idea, that one

continent could have one government and

A Hurricane Adds to the Horrors of the Flood. Madaid, Sept. 21 .- A burncane in the town of Consuegra, which was recently de-

vastated by floods, last evening completed the work of destruction by demolishing a large number of houses. A severe epidemic of influenza has broken out at Bidejos, the capital of the province of that name. There are already over 2,000 so-vero cases of the disease in the city and it is

feared the epidemic will spread over Spain.

THE SHOW WAS TOO TAME. Dissatisfied Spectators at a Bull Fight

Fire the Building. MARSEILLES, Sept. 21 .- At a bull fight yesterday the spectators, becoming displeased with the performance, toro up the scats and set them on fire, threatening the destruction of the whole building. A strong force of police finally cleared the circus and put out the fire, not, however, before the building had been partially destroyed.

Knocked Out by the Cars.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 21 .- A prize fight took place here yesterday between Charles Wickert, a local heavy weight, and Walter Harvey, a negro of New Orleans, known as the 'Hlack Diamond." The negro whipped Wickert from the start and knocked him oul completely in the sixth round.