THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1891. NUMBER 33

ATTORNEY GREEN ACQUITTED

Kearney's Well Known Citizen Not Guilty of Suborning Witnesses.

CONCLUSION OF A CELEBRATED CASE.

Red Cloud Grand Army Veterans Enjoy a Successful Campfire—Nebraska Boy Goes Bathing. With Usual Result.

KEARNEY, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The preliminary trial of Attorney W. L. Green took place today before County Judge Cornell and after hearing the witnesses for the state the case was dismissed at the request of the county attorney because no evidence could be introduced to show that he was guilty of suborning witnesses.

PROBABLY OUT OF HIS HEAD.

Hon. John I. Nesbit Leaves Home Under Peculiar Circumstances.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Last Wednesday Hon. J. I. Nesbitt left town for the east under circumstances that lead to the belief that he is not in his right mind. Mr. Nesbitt is register of the United States land office here. The receiver, Mr. Baldwin, left for a two weeks' vacation a week ago, and is now in Chicago, and it is scarcely probable that Mr. Nesbitt would have left his office in the absence of the receiver had he been in his right mind. A telegram from the eastern part of the state received yesterday confirms the rumor, and it is said his friends have gone after him. Two or three weeks ago Mr. Nesbitt was kicked in the head by a horse, and it appears that several of his friends have noticed a flightiness in his speech and actions since. It is sincerely hoped by his many friends here that it will prove to be only a temporary aberration.

Seward Notes.

SEWARD, July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Ray's business college began its mid-summer term this morning, with a full attendance and good prospects for the future.

This summer a normal school has been added to the regular business department, under the instruction of Miss Leah Leger, assisted by Mr. Oscar Anderson. Miss Leger is a graduate of the Peru normal school. Prof. Ray began work here less than a year ago with only three pupils, but the attendance has increased to such an extent that two rooms are required to accommodate the scholars.

Besides being an able instructor, Prof. Ray is looked upon as one of the ablest ministers Seward has ever had, and has for some time filled the pulpit at the Congregational church in the absence of a regular minister. On last Friday he was ordained a regular minister and given full and complete charge of the church here. The examining board pronounced his examination as one of the most satisfactory in every respect.

In spite of the recent rains the farmers look hopeful and are unanimous in the belief that Seward county will have its share of a bountiful harvest. The hay is nearly all cut and in some localities averages from 2½ to 3 tons to the acre.

The small grain has ripened rapidly in some fields. Owing to the soft condition of the ground the grain will have to be cut by hand. The old-fashioned cradle is to be seen in front of every hardward store.

Garfield County Court Busy.

BURWELL, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The county court of Garfield county has been very busily occupied in hearing the case of Heddle Brothers of Ord against Joseph Slobodny of this place. It is alleged that Slobodny has been trying for some five or six years to evade certain judgments which were obtained against him in Valley county and for the same length of time A. M. Robbins of Ord has been trying to catch Slobodny napping.

A few weeks ago Slobodny mortgaged sixty-nine head of cattle to his brother-in-law, Joseph Toman of St. Paul and Robbins conceived the idea that the transaction was tainted with fraud and undertook to break the chattel mortgage. The jury summoned to try the rights of property returned a verdict in favor of Mr. Robbins' client. The case will go to the district court.

Killed by a Hand Car.

BLAIR, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A young man named John Hume was killed here this morning by falling off a hand car. He was a Scotchman working on the rip-raps at the river. A bucket fell off the car and the men undertook to slow up. Hume was on the front end and lost his balance, falling in front of the wheels, which ran over him, breaking his neck and crushing his skull. At the coroner's inquest held this morning a verdict was rendered exonerating Hume's companions from all blame.

Drowned at Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Roy Rosenberg, a boy about twelve years old, was drowned in a pond today about 3 p. m., one mile north of the barn of Perley Wilson. He was a son of Dr. F. J. Rosenberg, who is now in London, England.

One of his playmates, Claude Carr, after being pulled under twice trying to save him, ran about three hundred yards after help, but returned too late. The body was got out soon after the accident.

Albion Crops Are Good.

ALBION, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Crops are looking fine. Corn is a little backward, but growing rapidly. Rye is about all harvested, and oats will be ready to harvest in a few days. The hay crop will be good, and potatoes will be large and of excellent quality.

A stack of hay owned by Ling Williamson was struck by lightning and burned last night.

One of A. G. Mansfield's horses was badly cut by a mower.

Excellent Crop Prospects.

DUNBAR, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—In the history of the state the crop prospects were never better than in the vicinity of Dunbar. Fall wheat has threshed from thirty-five to forty bushels to the acre. Corn looks like sixty to seventy bushels Hay double of what it was last year. Oat and potatoes are simply enormous.

Fruit is an excellent crop and there will be plenty to ship.

Wisner's School Teachers.

WISNER, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The school board has appointed the following corps of teachers for the ensuing year. Prof. C. C. Matter, of Woodbine, Ia., principal; Prof. Edson L. Whitney, of Rochester, N. Y.; Mrs. S. S. Krabe, and Mrs. H. L. Waughop of this place, assistants. The last mentioned has been tendered a position in Fremont as principal of one of the schools.

Drowned in the Elkhorn.

WISNER, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—John Hagedorn, a young man clerking in the store of William Nicholson of this place, was drowned in the Elkhorn yesterday while bathing with about a dozen companions. The body has not yet been recovered.

Death of a Pioneer.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—On Sunday afternoon, at the home of his grandson, west of Rock Bluffs, Jerry Hutchinson, at the ripe old age of eighty-three, passed quietly away. Hutchinson was a somewhat historical personage, having been a member of the famous Rock Bluffs election board when Nebraska was admitted as a state. He thoughtlessly took the ballot box home with him when he went to dinner on election day, and that action was the basis of a noted contest. It was found that if Rock Bluffs was counted the new constitution would be defeated and Nebraska would remain a territory, a fact very much desired by the democratic party. Willet Pottenger, one of the ablest lawyers in the territory at that time, hunted up the facts and succeeded in having the Rock Bluffs returns thrown out, thus adopting the constitution, which resulted in the admission of the state.

Hutchinson was a vigorous democrat, but his carefully guarding the ballot box was for no criminal purpose. He thought he was the proper custodian and little dreamed that his zealousness would cause the defeat of his party and assist the very attainment they so stoutly fought against. Willet Pottenger, the able lawyer who conducted the case, was found drowned in the Missouri river near this city two years ago.

Catholic Parsonage Burned.

FALLS CITY, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Catholic parsonage was discovered to be on fire at an early hour this morning and a general alarm was sent in. The fire department responded, and the flames were soon under control, but not until considerable damage had been done. The building was comparatively a new one, and the new part is a complete wreck, while the main part is badly damaged from the soaking it received. The contents were also damaged by the fire and water. A low estimate of the loss is placed at $500. The building has not been occupied for a week and consequently the fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin. This view is strengthened by the fact that there has been considerable discord in the church of late over the priest's views on certain matters, which culminated recently in his removal.

Dane's Creek Victim.

ORD, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Loyd Shirley, a six years old boy, drowned in Dane creek on the outskirts of the city this forenoon. His mother missing him, followed his foot steps in the wet soil to the edge of the creek, at present swollen with the late rains, where the tracks failed. She hastened for assistance and after a search the body was found. Physicians were called and made every effort to resuscitate him but life was extinct.

The heavy rain of last evening has lodged wheat and oats. Latest reports show no material damage to crops generally.

Veterans Enjoy Themselves.

RED CLOUD, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Garfield post No. 80 of this city held a very successful camp fire here tonight. A large crowd was present from neighboring posts to listen to addresses made by O. H. Coulter, editor of the Western Veteran, Topeka, Kan.; Captain C. E. Adams of Superior, Colonel Gage and others. Ex-Congressman Lewis Hanback of Kansas was also billed to speak but was not present. A very pleasant time was realized. After the services a festival was the attraction.

Guards' Outing.

KEARNEY, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Company A, Second regiment Nebraska national guards, came in today from a two days' outing, taking field day exercises. The boys are in excellent training and they are anxious to get regulation suits.

BANK FAILURE.

Collapse of the Central at Kansas City, Kan.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., July 20.—The Central bank failed this morning, due to the failure of the First National bank Thursday. Liabilities, $350,000; assets, $65,000.

The Central bank was the old state bank under the law providing for the organization of state banks. It was organized in 1884 and was known as the Savings bank of Kansas. In 1889 the bank reorganized under the name of the Central bank of Kansas with a capital stock of $75,000. The bank was the depository of the fund of the metropolitan police department of Kansas City, Kan., the old Kansas City, Kan., bond interest fund and the old Kansas, City, Kan., bond sinking fund. The money belonging to the city is covered by a bond. The police force will probably not be paid for a month, as the police fund was deposited in the bank.

It was stated this evening that the depositors would probably be paid in full, but a complete inventory of the liabilities and assets will not be completed until tomorrow.

R. W. Hilliker, the president, has been a well known figure in business circles here for the past twenty-five years. He is president of the Kansas state bank association.

Texas Financial Crash.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 20.—A private dispatch from Fort Worth today says the Merchants' National bank of that place is closed and is in the hands of a bank examiner. Assets, $12,000; liabilities, $5,000. The trouble began six months ago, when rumors caused heavy withdrawals of deposits, $85,000 being taken out by foreign loan companies on account of the alien land law. Depositors and creditors are fully protected.

REBELLIOUS ALLIANCE JUDGES.

McKay of Kansas Will Be Arrested if the Militia is Sufficient.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A motion was filed in the supreme court this afternoon for an order for the attachment and arrest of Judge W. McKay, the alliance judge in the Twenty-fourth judicial district, who had disobeyed the orders of the supreme court by rearresting an agent, discharged by the supreme court on a habeas corpus writ. Chief Justice Horton, who made the order which McKay disobeyed, arrived in the city from Colorado tonight for the purpose of acting in the case. McKay, who is backed by the alliance, is rebellious, but the court will see that its orders are obeyed if it is necessary to call out the state militia.

Business Troubles.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., July 20.—The Bayley hat factory has assigned. Liabilities, $175,000; assets, less than $50,000. The creditors are mostly local.

HIGGANUM, Conn., July 20.—The Higganum Manufacturing company, manufacturers of farm implements made an assignment today to ex-Governor Lounsberry. State Senator Clark is president and Clinton R. Davis, chairman of the democratic state committee, secretary and treasurer. The assets and liabilities have not been learned.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 20.—A private dispatch from Fort Worth today says the Merchants National bank of that place is closed and is in the hands of bank examiner. No statement of assets and liabilities has been made.

CINCINNATI, O., July 20.—Late this afternoon the firm of Thompson, Stottart & Co., dealers in millinery at 188 West Forty-eighth street, made an assignment to Thomas McIntyre. The assets are $50,000; liabilities, $70,000.

Shipping News.

At Moville—Arrived, the Furnesia, from New York.

At London—Sighted, the Rotterdam and the Queen, from New York.

At Queenstown—Arrived, the Lord Clive, from Philadelphia.

At New York—Arrived, the Fulda, from Bremen.

Perfected Reorganization.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 20.—The eastern stock and bondholders today perfected a reorganization plan for the different companies brought into existence by the Winner investment company and arranged for the issue of new first mortgage bonds to complete railroad and other work and pay off prior liens. Second mortgage bonds will then be issued.

DIFFICULT PROBLEMS SOLVED.

Maturing Bonds to be Extended and Silver Coinage Continued.

SUBJECT THOROUGHLY CONSIDERED.

Secretary Foster Advised With the Best Financiers of the Country and Accepted the Unanimous Idea.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.

Two of the most difficult problems which Secretary Foster has had to settle since he assumed office have been in connection with the refunding of the bonds which fall due this autumn and the coinage of silver. The secretary realized, when called upon to make his plans, that he had to steer between the devil and the deep sea and that no matter how carefully he might navigate, his course would certainly bring down on him an endless amount of criticism, but in order that he might have the views of some of the best financiers of the country, he sent out a number of letters to bankers in the different states and asked for their views on the question of refunding the maturing bonds at a lower rate of interest and also for their opinions as to the silver coinage continuance, the last silver act having given him authority to use his own discretion in the matter of continuing the coinage of silver bullion after July 1.

Contrary to the usual customs of the gentlemen to whom the secretary wrote, they promptly responded and, very much to his surprise, the replies were unanimous in favor of extending the bonds, and with the exception of a few eastern bankers, there was also an almost unanimous endorsement of the continued coinage of silver. The general tenor of the replies to the latter question was, that inasmuch as there exists an impression throughout the country that the volume of the currency was too small, it could do no harm to continue the existing coinage rates.

Secretary Foster at the same time consulted a number of senators who take the greatest interest in financial affairs and they, without exception, coincided with the views of the bankers to the effect that the bonds should be continued and that silver coinage should not be stopped. Secretary Foster therefore had the endorsement of the best financial minds of the country before adopting his policy, and since it was announced that the bonds would be extended and that silver coinage would continue, he has constantly received assurances that in both of these matters he has pleased the public, and the barking of the democratic press has in consequence no terrors for him.

IMPORTANT DECISION RENDERED.

Assistant Secretary Chandler has rendered an important decision in the matter of a right of a mortgagee to lands entered, mortgaged and subsequently sold by the entryman, which will probably set a precedent in a number of other cases. Frank L. Smith made a pre-emption cash entry for a quarter section in the Huron land district July 18, 1883. He mortgaged it to G. M. McKenzie for $800 in September, 1886, and in October of the same year sold and conveyed the land to Robert F. Stewart. A special agent reported the entry illegal, and it was held for cancellation in March, 1887. The register and receiver found against the validity of the entry in November, 1888 and recommended its cancellation.

The commissioner of the general land office affirmed this recommendation. An appeal to the secretary was made by the Muscatine Mortgage company, the present mortgagees, and Mr. Chandler decides in their favor under the act of March 3, 1891, on the ground that no fraud has been found on the part of the mortgagee.

RECENT ARMY ORDERS.

The following army orders were issued today: The order directing First Lieutenant Edwin C. Bullock, Fourth cavalry, to join troop H of that regiment upon the expiration of his present leave of absence is revoked. Lieutenant Bullock, upon the expiration of his leave, will rejoin the Seventh cavalry at Fort Riley, Kan., and remain on duty with that regiment until further orders. Leave of absence for two months from September 1, is granted Second Lieutenant George B. Davis, Twenty-third infantry. Privates Scott Fitzgerald, company D, and William D. Shombrood, company G, Second infantry, Fort Omaha, are ordered discharged from the army. Sergeant James R. Steele, troop A, Sixth cavalry, now with his troop at Fort Niobrara, Neb., is transferred to the signal corps and assigned to duty in charge of the United States military telegraph office at Fort Clark, Tex. The extension of leave of absence granted Captain Charles C DeRudio, Seventh cavalry, is further extended two months.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The comptroller of the currency has approved the selection of the Fourth National bank of New York as reserve agent of the Packers' National bank of South Omaha; also the Iowa National of Des Moines for the First National bank of Odebolt.

Assistant Secretary Chandler has confirmed the judgment of the commissioner of the general land office in dismissing the contest of L. Applegate against the homestead entry of E. W. Crane for the southeast quarter of section 30, township 13, range 2, North Platte land district. P. S. H.

Ordered to Investigate.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Acting Secretary Chandler has requested the commissioner of the general land office to direct a special agent to make an investigation of the land described in the petition filed in the department requesting that certain lands in Colorado be set aside for the purpose of a national park, to be known as the "Pike's Peak National Park," and those described in a subsequent petition filed by Mr. George H. Parsons of Colorado Springs for the reservation of certain lands adjacent to those referred to in the first mentioned petition. The act repealing the timber culture laws provide that the president may from time to time set apart as public reservations any part of the public domain wholly or in part covered with timber undergrowth. The special agent will give an opportunity to persons to submit their views and will prepare lists showing the tracts of land in the proposed park to which any claim is asserted, etc., so that the department can act intelligently in the matter.

Must Appeal to the Courts.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Acting Secretary Chandler of the interior department recently received a letter from Mr. Wood McKnight at Riverside, Cal., calling attention to a report that the Southern Pacific road is about to attempt to stop the overflow of the Colorado river, which has formed a new lake in the Colorado desert, the property of the company being placed in jeopardy, and requesting that the department intervene in behalf of the interests of the people of southern California, whom it is presumed the new body of water will greatly benefit. Mr. Chandler has replied that the matters referred to are not within the jurisdiction of the department and that the remedy of the people against any actual anticipated injury from the operations of the railroad company in protecting its property lies in the courts.

Those Canadian Seizures.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Secretary Foster has referred all the correspondence regarding the Canadian seizures of American fishing vessels last Thursday to the state department. Congressman Boutelle has asked that a revenue cutter be sent there to protect American fish industries.

Insurgent Defeat Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—A telegram received today by the Chilian minister affirms the defeat of the insurgents at Huasco. The telegram says that the insurgent troops were completely defeated by the vanguard of the first division of the government troops under command of Colonel Almarsa. The insurgent cavalry, commanded by Colonel Saveda, fled, leaving 200 dead and a great number of prisoners with all their arms. It is said the defeated troops were considered to be the finest soldiers in the insurgent army.

CAPTAIN DOTY JAILED.

Proprietor of a Pleasure Craft will Test an Law Obnoxious.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Elias Doty, owner and captain of the steamer Chipax, a small pleasure boat running up the river here, is now an inmate of the county jail. He had been arrested on two charges for running a steamboat which had not been properly instructed and licensed, and of acting as a pilot without a government license.

The justice before whom he had his preliminary hearing bound him over to the grand jury in bonds of $200 on each count. He refused to furnish bond and went to jail. It is his intention to sue out a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Rothrock in chambers. He declares he will fight the case to the bitter end and take it to the supreme court if necessary. He claims the law is unconstitutional and in this he is upheld by many of the best lawyers.

Three Accidents at Creston.

CRESTON, Ia., July 20.—Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Paul Mumma, aged nine, fell from the roof of a coal shed last evening, striking his head on a stone and fracturing the skull, causing his death.

Sheriff Wray and his deputy seized a car load of liquor today stored in the basement of the Devoe block.

A serious accident happened at the ball park Sunday afternoon during the game between the Creston City and Pine Ridge Indian clubs. A foul tip struck a small boy in the face utterly ruining his right eye and causing an injury which may prove fatal.

After Suburban Additions.

LEMARS, Ia., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A land contest case was tried before the county clerk today involving the title to a piece of land in Hancock township. This land was tree claimed about eight years ago and parties filed a motion of contest on the grounds of non-compliance with the tree claim act. The evidence will be forwarded to Des Moines for decision of the general land office. This land lays within four miles of the end of the Sioux City cable line and will be very valuable.

CYCLONE IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

New Club House at Cascade Destroyed and Other Damage.

HOT SPRINGS, S. D. July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A cyclone visited Cascade, a new health resort ten miles south of the springs this afternoon. Several buildings were badly demoralized, including the new club house, built by the Cascade company.

Casey's New Hotel.

DEADWOOD, S. D., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Ground was broken today for the foundation of the mammoth hotel of James Casey's of the Casey house, Omaha. It will be built on Sherman street and, according to contract, excavations are to be completed within two weeks, when work on the walls will begin.

Received World's Fair Delegates.

LONDON, July 20.—The council of the arts to-day received the Chicago world's fair delegates. After a collation Sir Richard Webster proposed the health of the commissioners and the success of the world's fair. He said that every assistance that could be afforded would be cordially given and that all hoped that the fair would prove a great success.

Mr. Butterworth, as chairman of the commission, responded. He expressed pleasure and gratification at the warmth of their reception and at the facilities afforded them for furthering this work and concluded with a brief sketch of the magnitude and scope of what they proposed to accomplish.

Boodlers Sued by a Lobbyist.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 20.—The case of George Faylor against State Senators Banks, Maher and Broderick of San Francisco county, and twenty other state senators, came up in superior court today. He alleges that the defendants formed a combination at the last session for the furtherance of certain measures, and in April last acknowledged indebtedness to him for services as a lobbyist in the sum of $6,000, but has failed to pay. Counsel for Faylor said he proposed to show that the combine had divided $100,000.

Against the Radical Wing.

DAYTON, O., July 20.—The circuit court room was crowded today by representatives of the two wings of the United Brethren church to listen to the decision of the church case. The court briefs announced judgment for the plaintiffs or the liberal branch of the church as against the radical side. A motion for a new trial was filed and at once overruled. Exceptions were noted and forty days allowed for preparation of a bill of exceptions, preparatory to taking the case to the supreme court.

Arms for Chilian Insurgents.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 20.—The Post today prints an interview with Lewis Walker Martinz, aid de camp to General Morat, leader of the Chilian insurgents, and one of the strongest financial backers of the congressional party. He states he is advised that the steamer Myope reached Valparaiso July 2 with 10,000 small arms and 8,000,000 rounds of ammunition, which he considered sufficient for the needs of the congressional party.

Anxiety About a Vessel.

TACOMA, Wash., July 20.—Anxiety is felt in railway and shipping circles regarding the overdue ship Guy C. Goss, which sailed from Japan loaded with $500,000 worth of tea June 10. She is forty days out, while the trip is usually made in twenty-eight to thirty days. The Goss is a bark of 1,325 tons burden, and should have favorable winds coming from Japan this time of year.

Lieutenant Kingsbury on Trial.

TUCSON, Ariz., July 20.—A court martial convened today to hear charges against First Lieutenant F. W. Kingsbury of the Second cavalry. The charges are that Kingsbury misappropriated $20,000 received from auction sales at the dismantlement of Fort Lowell. He pleaded guilty to the specifications, but says he gave satisfactory reports of the shortage.

Lynching Expected.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 20.—Near Shelbyville, Ky., at noon today Sam Pulliam outraged Mrs. Thomas Glenn, the wife of a well-to-do young farmer, and made his escape into the next county. Pulliam was tonight captured and taken back to Shelbyville. He confessed and it is expected will be lynched before morning.

Six Drowned.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 20.—A sailing yacht containing seven citizens of this place capsized off Victoria last night. One was rescued unconscious, but the others were all drowned. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

Fire Record.

PARIS, Ill., July 20.—Chrisman, Ill., a small town twelve miles north of here, was partially destroyed by fire today. Loss $65,000, with $35,000 insurance.

Miner Buried Alive.

OBYRNE, Fla., July 20.—Will Davis, a phosphate miner, was buried alive yesterday by the caving in of the pit in which he was at work.

SENATOR QUAY WILL RESIGN.

Intends Retiring from the Chairmanship in the Fall.

MOVE CONTEMPLATED FOR SOME TIME.

John Sherman Arrives in Cincinnati—Foraker Interviewed—Kansas Alliance Literature—Other Political Matters.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Mr. Clarkson was today shown the dispatch in the morning papers purporting to quote Senator Quay as stating that he had decided to resign the chairmanship of the republican national committee immediately after the election. Mr. Clarkson said: "I am able to state that this is true. Immediately after the election Senator Quay stated to his colleagues on the executive committee that he desired to resign as chairman; that he did not desire to do the detail work and have the detail correspondence of a political committee, and still more that he felt that a United States senator ought not to be the chairman of a national committee or any political committee. His colleagues in the committee resisted this and persuaded him not to resign. He renewed the wish four or five months afterwards and about the time of the inauguration insisted upon it with a great deal of determination. The judgment of the committee was opposed to it, and they were unanimous in the desire that the organization, which had gone through a great struggle and which had performed a great work, maintaining absolutely harmonious relations and the members becoming endeared to each other thereby, should remain unbroken until changed by the new national committee created by the next national convention of the party. I can say distinctly that the senator was very positive in his desire to retire and was only changed from his purpose by the advice and appeal of his colleagues. His health was frail at times and he desired to be rid of the burden imposed by those details of a committee which are much larger in the intervals of a campaign than is generally supposed. In the dullest time the chairman of the national committee receives an average of 100 letters a day which he has to answer. When his health failed in the senate and he went to Florida on his fishing tour he stated to me then his unalterable determination to resign."

Mr. Clarkson in the interview spoke in the highest terms of praise regarding Senator Quay, for whom he had a high regard, affection and respect.

Senator Sherman in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., July 20.—Senator John Sherman arrived here this evening and took rooms at the Gibson house. A correspondent of the Associated press sent up his card and was soon ushered into the senator's presence. There were numerous republicans in the office of the Gibson, evidently awaiting an audience with the distinguished statesman, the senator has been in Mansfield since last May and has evidently been benefited by rest and the pure air of the country. His clean complexion shows the ruddy glow of health and his eye is clearer and brighter than that of many a much younger man. The remark that the papers of Cincinnati had been busy in conjectures that his motives in visiting here were political, he responded cheerfully: "That is the lot of all public men," said he, "to be talked about in the papers and sometimes the information is not accurate. In the present case I am here not by appointment for any meeting or conference. I have been in the habit of making annual visits to my constituents here and this is one of them. That is all there is to it. I shall be here certainly until Wednesday and possibly until Thursday."

The Commercial-Gazette will tomorrow print the following, written by General Foraker: "The only man I have had any conference with on the subject is Mr. Amoor Smith. He came to see me on General Sherman's request to know what my position was. I gave it to him and he told me that he had written the same to the senator. This talk about holding a conference for the purpose of citing me to appear before it, as though it were some august tribunal empowered to take jurisdiction of such matters and compel a man to explicitly define his position, which is only another way of saying get out of some one else's road, and all that kind of stuff is simply so much nonsense, indicating that the fool friends are again abroad in the land. The whole business if true would be simply a piece of preposterous gall and impudence with which no one would have any patience."

When the contents of ex-Governor Foraker's interview on the senatorial question were repeated to Senator Sherman he said: "Governor Foraker feels much about the matter as I do. I never requested him or desired any one to request him to withdraw from the candidacy for the senate. He has as clear and unquestioned a right to aspire to the position as I have. According to this statement he is a candidate very much as I am. I will not scramble for the support of the members of the legislature, and if I should be re-elected to the senate I would accept the trust and perform it as best I could."

The Foraker-Sherman statements above given were called out by a report printed here yesterday that Sherman was coming here today to fix matters for securing the senatorship for himself.

Kansas Alliance Literature.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 20.—P. B. Maxon, chairman of the finance committee of the farmers' alliance, is preparing a circular to be sent to every alliance lecturer in the state, fortifying him on all facts to show that the country is going to ruin at lightning speed. It is part of the educational campaign and will be operated after the same manner as the discussion of the sub-treasury plan. Mr. Maxon will attempt to show that for 382 years the annual gold product has only averaged fifty-three-hundredths of a cent per capita, and that the Liverpool market controls the world. He will also urge that the farmers are getting less each year for their products. He will also seek to show that the increase in population in the last ten years is smaller in proportion than for any ten years preceding. He argues from this that unless there is a speedy change the United States will be depopulated. This material will be given to the lecturers for publication and distribution in about two weeks.

Cleveland to Speak in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., July 20.—Governor Campbell was interviewed by the Associated press tonight concerning the rumor that ex-President Cleveland will make six speeches in Ohio during the campaign. He replied: "The state committee has not organized and no invitations have been given out for speakers to come to Ohio. I understand, however, that Mr. Cleveland and other distinguished speakers will be asked to take part in the campaign."

WEATHER FORECAST.

For Omaha and vicinity—Showers; slightly warmer.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Tuesday: For North and South Dakota—Showers; slightly cooler; winds becoming northwest.

For Nebraska—Light showers; cooler Tuesday night; winds becoming northwest.

For Iowa—Light showers; slightly warmer; south winds.

For Missouri and Kansas—Showers; stationary temperature, except slightly warmer at Wichita and Kansas City; southeast winds.

For Colorado—Fair Tuesday; cooler; northwest winds.

Betrayed Their Trusts.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 20.—A sensation was created here today by the arrest of James W. Spain and wife, charged with embezzling large sums of money belonging to Marshal lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor. Spain is at present state organizer of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. His wife is treasurer of the Knights and Ladies of Honor. The embezzlement has been going for over a year.

HEAPS OF ALL GATHERED.

Why Mr. Turland Objects to Paying a Promissory Note.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—The National Bank of the Republic of New York recently entered suit in the common pleas court here against Ephraim Turland to recover the amount due on a certain promissory note held by the bank, of which Mr. Turland was the maker, the note having been delivered to the Spring Garden National bank (now suspended). Mr. Turland today filed his affidavit of defense, in which he gives an interesting history of the making of the notes. He said that he never received any value of any kind for the note received, the paper having been obtained from him by fraud, deceit and misrepresentation on the part of Francis W. Kennedy, president of the Spring Garden bank.

Mr. Turland alleges that he was at that time one of the directors of the bank and also a stockholder and depositor therein, but had not borrowed a dollar for years; that in December last there was a notorious stringency in the money market and the banks of Philadelphia and New York adopted a system of issuing loans to each other through the clearing house association; that is to say by depositing in the clearing house association certain bank assets other than cash. Any bank could procure temporary loans in cash through the clearing house, thus enabling such banks to command sufficient currency for immediate wants without a sacrifice of their assets, these loans being paid off and renewed as emergency required by banks in a healthy condition through a period of several months from December, 1890.

Continuing, Mr. Turland alleges that Francis W. Kennedy represented to him that the Spring Garden National bank was in a sound and healthy condition, and swore to the fact that all of its loans were well secured; that the business was flourishing and profitable, and that it was earning more than 6 per cent; had declared a dividend on a capital stock of $750,000, which was unimpaired, and also that the bank had a surplus fund of $130,000; that Kennedy so represented to Mr. Turland that owing to the stringency of the money market the bank was a borrower of cash temporarily from the clearing house until their assets matured; that the loans would be repaid in the course of business, and that in view of this fact it would be wise for the bank to strengthen the loans by a deposit of special paper; that for this purpose Turland made the note by Kennedy's request with the understanding that the paper was to be protected at maturity by the Spring Garden National bank and returned to Mr. Turland. The defendant stated further that under the representations of Kennedy he was induced to executed notes for many thousands of dollars, among them the note in suit. Mr. Turland also alleges that Kennedy's allegations were false; that the loans and securities were not as represented; that there were no surplus funds; that the capital stock was heavily impaired; that the bank was fraudulently insolvent and had been for a long time, and that there had been a misappropriation of funds, Kennedy having loaned to himself $350,000 of the capital stock, and two of the directors having borrowed $200,000 and $100,000 respectively, all of which was unsecured, and in conclusion that the books of the bank were criminally falsified in order to deceive the United States bank examiner. In view of these circumstances Mr. Turland does not believe that he is responsible for the payment of the note.

BARDSLEY'S AFFAIRS.

Special Councilmanic Committee Hears Additional Testimony.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—The councilmanic committee inquiring into the affairs of ex-City Treasurer Bardsley and the wrecked Keystone bank held a meeting this afternoon in the select council chamber. The report of the committee of experts was presented. This report has already been published in these dispatches.

Committeeman Hicks offered a resolution that another meeting of the committee be held on Thursday and that the presidents and cashiers of the banks that are alleged to have paid interest to Bardsley on deposits of city and state funds be subpoenaed. The resolution also requests that the editors of the newspapers that are alleged to have paid a 40 per cent rebate for state advertising and Auditor General McCamant, who is alleged to have received a portion of the said rebate from Bardsley, be also subpoenaed.

The next witness was Samuel B. Huey, counsel for the estate of John C. Lucas, late president of the Keystone bank, who read a statement of his knowledge of Lucas' indebtedness to the Keystone bank. He produced letters that corroborated Postmaster General Wanamaker's statement of his connection with the loan of $40,000 which the latter obtained from the Girard trust company for Lucas' use, the collateral furnished being 1,000 shares of Keystone stock, which had been charged on the check book stubs to Mr. Wanamaker.

Mr. Huey's statement shows that the indebtedness of Mr. Lucas to the bank at the time of his death in 1889 was $501,000, not $1,000,000, as had been printed in the papers. This indebtedness had been, he said, settled by the widow. Mr. Huey produced letters and memorandums which corroborated Postmaster General Wanamaker's explanation of his connection with the loan of $40,000 he had obtained for Lucas from the Girard trust company, the collateral furnished being 1,000 shares of Keystone bank stock, which the certificate book showed had been issued in Wanamaker's name, but which that gentleman denied having owned. Mr. Huey said he questioned Marsh as to the manner in which the overissue occurred and the latter replied that "the certificates were all genuine in that they had been regularly taken from the certificate book and signed by the officers of the bank, but that as stock which had been sold was brought in for transfer and new certificates issued the old certificates were not always cancelled, but were sometimes thrown into a drawer and used again if occasion required and that this doubtless was the way in which these certificates held by Mr. Wanamaker had been used. Of course," he added, "Mr. Wanamaker knew knowing of this and there was nothing on the certificates to indicate any irregularity."

Mr. Huey spoke of the efforts on behalf of the Lucas estate to redeem these certificates and said that after a settlement had been made soon after Mr. Lucas' death $15,000 would have placed them in the hands of Mr. Lucas, but as time went on and the losses in Reading railroad stock increased the indebtedness of the Lucas estate to Mr. Wanamaker likewise increased.

Colonel A. K. McClure, editor of the Times, who had been mentioned in Bardsley's "statement," positively denied Bardsley's charge that he was to profit by the advocacy in his newspaper of the sale by the city of the gas works and the South mountain water scheme. Mr. McClure said the single grain of truth in Bardsley's reference to him was that he did request that Magistrate Smith be appointed as one of the collectors of the delinquent taxes in which a fee is retained. His reason was that Smith was in poor health, because of his suffering from a wound received during the war, and he wanted to help him.

An affidavit signed by Judge Finletter, who had been mentioned in the "statement" as a borrower from Bardsley, was read. Judge Finletter denies that he ever had any personal, political or other business relations with Bardsley, except that soon after Bardsley's election Mark H. Davis, Bardsley's business manager, approached him and volunteered to have his (the judge's) note discounted. He borrowed $1,000 in this way and repaid it when the note was due.

The Hicks resolution was then adopted and the hearing deferred until Friday.

CITIZEN SOLDIERS CAPTURED.

Miners and Sympathizers at Briceville, Tenn., Overpower the State Troops.

ALLOWED THEM TO KEEP THEIR ARMS.

Strikers in Possession of the Telegraph Office and only Certain Kinds of News Permitted to be Sent Out.

BRICEVILLE, Tenn., July 20.—The crisis came at Briceville today about 11 o'clock, when the miners and a crowd of sympathizers from the surrounding country gathered around the camp of the state militia, captured the troops and convicts, marched them in to the depot and put them on a train and shipped them to Knoxville.

The miners and their friends to the number of twelve or fifteen thousand were divided into four equal squads and completely surrounded the camp. The miners sent up a flag of truce and sent in a committee to the officer in command. The committee notified the officers that they had come to take the convicts peaceably if possible, by force if necessary. The officers parleyed awhile and then agreed to surrender. The troops were allowed to keep their arms and ammunition and they with the convicts were marched to the train. There they were loaded into box cars or whatever could be had and the entire lot sent to this city. They arrived here about 4 o'clock. The miners made the troops promise not to return to Coal Creek. An immense crowd met the troops at the depot.

The city is now intensely excited. Leading men of all political parties say the law must be upheld. Sympathy, which has been enlisted on the side of the miners, is now against them. Governor Buchanan's administration is that of the alliance, and some of the politicians are discussing what the alliance will do, but the great mass of citizens say the law must be observed, and that Governor Buchanan must enforce the law regardless of cost. The sentiment here is that he must send all the state troops, who are few and poorly organized, to the front at once and put experienced men and officers in charge. If he has not force enough he must call for volunteers.

The miners have appointed a committee to say what dispatches shall be sent out and what not, and this committee, or some one of it, is in the telegraph office all the time and reads all the stuff sent out by the newspaper men. The committee told the operator that if he did not let them read the messages they would cut the wires.

Growing Serious.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 20.—The situation at the Allegheny Bessemer steel works of Carnegie & Co., at Duquesne, Pa., where a strike for recognition of the amalgamated association has been going on for three weeks, is growing serious. The mill resumed last week with non-union men and the strikers are growing restive. So far no outbreak has occurred, but trouble is feared and Sheriff McCleary with fifty-