WHO DID OWN THE CREAMERY,

Island Butter Factory.

HIS STOCK WAS NEVER TRANSFERRED.

Assigned to a Bank Merely as Collateral-Story of the Steward's Dealings With the Creamery

Company.

GRAND ISLAND, June 29 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-The testimony of J. W. Liveringhouse, steward of the Hastings insanc asylum, before the state board of public lands and buildings on Friday last, has created a profound sensation among the man's acquaintances in this city. Some of the facts are so singularly at variance with the truth that people feel the only charitable construction which can be placed upon them is that the wily gentleman forgot, for the

time being, that he was under oath. There was a question put to him on the day mentioned, by Secretary-of-State Allen in effect as to whether or not he was now or had been interested in the Grand Island creamery. The answer that Liveringhouse made was that he was not, and had not been since he assigned his stock in the creamery in 1889. In order to disprove this statement a little

history must be indulged. . The Grand Island creamery was organized on March 31, 1884. Liveringhouse was president. J. Jewett secretary and manager and J. W. West treasurer. The stock was origi-nally intended to be \$7,000, but one gentleman who had agreed to take \$500 failed to pay up. The company was, therefore, capi-talized at \$6,500, of which amount Liveringhouse held one share more than a majority. Shares were valued at \$50 apiece. Liveringhouse's interest, therefore, was valued at \$3,300. In October of that year Jewett, the manager, died and Liveringhouse became manager. The following year J. W. West was elected president, Liveringhouse secretary and manager, J. H. Withers treasurer, J. H. Withers treasurer, J. H. Withers treasurer, and manager of the provident The cream J. P. Kernahan, vice president. The cream-ery was not a success. Under Livering-house's management it ran behind. The company became involved in a debt of nearly \$1,000. The institution burned down. It was rebuilt and rented to Liveringhouse. Notwithstanding that the latter had not been able to make it a success, he offered to pay for the first three years' of his lease a rental of \$1,300 a year. This caused some of the members of the company to open their eyes in surprise. They could not un-derstand how Liveringhouse, who had run the institution in debt, could pay such a rent

for it.

Their suspicions were well-founded. Liveringhouse could not pay the rent. He was constantly in arrears. He was, at the time, also engaged in the grocery business in this city, and, after having worked for three years in the creamery, failed in his private enterprise. He had berrowed money, however, from the Citizen's National bank of this place to which he assigned, as collateral, the stock he held in the Grand Island creamery company.

Island creamery company.

This is undoubtedly the assignment he referred to in his sworn statement before the board of public lands and buildings. But the assignment does not warrant the statement, viz., that since that time he has not been interested in the creamery company.

Shortly after Liveringhouse's failure he got a windfall in the stewardship of the Hast-

ings insane asylum. That was about 1889. was constantly falling behind in his rent. His duties in Hastings rendered it impossible for him to actively superintend the cream-ery, so he appointed in his stead W. N. Cutbertson, who had been his book-keeper in his grocery. Since that time, Liveringhouse has pretended that Culbertwas the lessee of the company and that he himself had nothing to do with it.

Shortly after Liveringhouse steward of the insane asylum, a contract for furnishing that institution with butter as awarded to W. N. Culbertson of this dty. A similar contract was awarded for three terms of three months each. The butter was furnished from the creamery. People here knew about it but, as a rule, paid little attention to it, although the more informed among them saw that Liveringhouse had a rake off. The bills rendered the asylum, however, read "bought of W. N. Culbertson." They

were audited and, in course of time, paid.

But the creamery continued to be unprofitable to its owners. By this time the latter had become tired, and concluded to cancel Liveringhouse's lease; because, during all the years that Culbertson's name was used, either as superintendent or proprietor, the creamery company held Liveringhouse re-sponsible for both the rent and the premises.

The wily manager saw that it was useless to longer contiaue, knowing that other people were bidding for the lease. Accordingly, in October of last year, Liveringhouse's agreement was canceled and the creamery was rented to Roeser Brothers of this city Liveringhouse left rent, drivers who had collected and farmers who had supplied cream unpaid, estimated to the extent of

\$2,000. Since his abandonment of the butter factory, as also before it, the company impor-tuned him to pay up his indebtedness for rent. This was the only income the organi-zation had. In 1890 he made the following payments: May 15, \$50; August 18, \$40; No-vember 13, \$50; November 15, \$50; Novem-ber 19, \$50; total, \$240. These, with other lay in the hands of the treasurer, amounted to \$975. With this the company declared a dividend of 15 per cent last month. The declaration should have been made on January 1, but for various reasons no meeting was held. During all this time Liveringhouse's stock had been lying in the Citizens National bank, where it lies today. When the dividend was announced the bank figured that Liveringhouse's share would be \$495 and notifies the company that it wanted \$200 of this amount as interest upon an unpaid loan furnished Liveringhouse. If the latter's stock had been assigned beyond recall the bank would have claimed all the dividend. The remaining \$295, however, it decided the company might do as it saw fit with. The latter, however, did not propose to pay it to Liveringhouse. On the contrary, it notified him again to pay up his indebtedness, and soon after, one day last month, it received from nim a check for \$844.50, with which it

These facts go to show, (1) that Livering house's alleged assignment of stock, except as collateral is untrue. (2) That as late as November, 1890, nearly two years after he became steward of the asylum, Livering-house was lessee of the creamery and used outter which he himself had made. Liveringhouse's stock still stands in his name on the books of the company.

To make this more conclusive, Tuz Bee man called on W. K. Cuibertson and asked him to explain whether or not he, as manuhim to explain whether or not he, as manufacturer or lessee, had sold Grand Island creamery butter to the Hastings asylum. The answer was unhesitatingly and frank. "I did not have a dollar," he said, "in the creamery. I was simply an employe of Mr. Liveringhouse, and was nominally superintendent of the creamery. Liveringhouse was the lessee. I had been bookkeeper for him when he was in business here. He was then also lessee of the creamery. When he became steward of the asylum he had to go there, and made me superintendent here. I put in bids for the butter contract. Sometimes I got the contract, sometimes I didn't."

put in bids for the butter contract. Sometimes I got the contract, sometimes I didn't,"
"Pid Livernghouse suggest this to you!"
"Yes, sir, he did. He told me to put in bids. I objected to it, but he told me that it was his own business whom he bought the butter of. Besides, he claimed that he had assigned his lease to his father, which was about the same thing. His father resides in Juniata, and I think has been up here only once. He has never, to my knowledge He has never, to my knowledge ahown any interest in the business.

I saw The Hee said that I was a stool pigeon for Liveringhouse. I have nothing to

conceal, however. If he had not said that he

had assigned his lease to his father, or, perhaps, if I had thought as much about the matter then as I should have thought, I would have had nothing to do with it. But Liveringhouse paid me, whoever held the lease, though I have since heard it has always Liveringhouse Was Lessee of the Grand

been in Livinghouse's name."

"Whom did you send your bids to?"

"I sent them to Liveringhouse at Hastings. I received one estimate from Dr.
Stone, I think. All the others came from Liveringhouse. What aid he do with the bids!"

"I don't know."
"From whom did you receive notification that your bid was the lowest?"
"I don't know really. From the board of public lands and buildings, I suppose, as we

"How many contracts did you receive?" "We furnished the asylum for three terms of three months each. We generally sent two tubs of sixty pounds each per week. The price raised might average 19 cents per

At this rate the butter bill for those three parters would amount to \$820.50, which iveringhouse received in bold violation of

As an accountant Liveringhouse has made his mark here. After he had been in charge of the creamery some time the company put an expert named William Frank to examine the books. But that gentleman returned them, stating that he could make nothing out

of them.
Some time afterward J. H. Withus, the treasurer, in looking over the books found Secretary Liveringhouse had him charged with between \$500 and \$600. "Whot do you mean by charging me with this amount," he inquired of the secretary, "when you know the company owes me

'Well,' replied Liveringhouse, when he "Well," replied Liveringhouse, when action of the could get out of it no other way, "the entry balances the books, doesn't it?"

Another relative discovery has been made as regards the drug bill. For the Hastings asylum the amount is at last in the neighborhood of \$1,000 for six months. In this city, until the appointment of a resident chemist at the soldiers' home, the medicines and the compounding of the same, including such drugs as are required in bulk at the home, have averaged about \$80 a month, or less than \$1,000 a year. And this is among old and feeble veterans a large number of whom daily need stimulants.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Big Baltimore Firm of Maltsters Goes to the Wall.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 29 .- Straus Brothers & Co., maltsters, assigned today for the benefit of creditors. The bond of the assignee is \$280,000. This failure is said to be the outcome of the assignment of Barth & Straus two weeks ago. The primary liabilities are \$160,000 and the contingent liabilities \$200,000, aggregating \$360,000. The assets will aggregate \$650,000. A number of banks in this city offered to help the firm over its trouble, but it was thought best to take the step which culminated in the assignment today. The trustees state that the firm was forced to take this step on account of the recent failure of Solomon Straus, son of one of the brothers, and of Samuel Barth & Co. Straus Brothers & Co. were endorsers either as a firm or individually of the paper of Solomon Straus and Barth & Co. to the ex-tent of \$200,000. The matter is really not an assignment in what is generally understood by that term, but is the only means to assist the firm in liquidating its affairs and paying

reditors in full.

London, June 29.—A receiving order was made in the bankruptcy court today against Adamsoa, Belies & Co., merchan's, with offices in China and New York. The liabilities are very heavy and one bank alone is said to be a creditor to the amount of \$450,000. New York, June 29.—A cable received today to the effect that a receiving order was made this morning in the London bankruptey court against the firm of Adamson, Belles & Co. caused some apprehension on this side. It was known that the firm did susiness for a good many New York and Chicago houses in the China trade. Inquiry revealed the fact that the London house trouble dated back to May 6, that the company has since struggled along, hoping to avoid going into bankruptcy, but was unable to do this. One of the agents here said today that the principal sufferers by the failure were eastern bankers. Adamson, Belles & Co. is an old firm, organized thirty years ago. The firm has transacted a very heavy business in teas, silks, shipping, etc., chiefly

Lordon, June 29.—A receiving order was made in the bankruptcy court today against Adamson, Beil & Co., merchants, with offices in China and New York. The liabilities are very heavy and one bank alone is said to be creditor to the amount of \$450,000.

DUEL IN A COURT HOUSE.

Witnesses in a Murder Trial Ch. Each Other Fatally.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 29. - Word has just peen received here of a fatal affray at Buffalo Valley, a post village of Putnam county about thirty miles from Lebanon. A picnic was given there recently. Among those who attended it were two men named Prentice and Carr. For some excuse or another not ascertained, they got into a quarrel which was followed by an exchange of blows. Carr, who was getting the worst of the fight, then drew a knife and stabbed his opponent. The wound was an ugly one and in a thort time proved fatal. In the meantime Carr was put under arrest. He was arraigned before a magistrate Saturday morning. While the court was in progress a dispute arose between two witnesses named Jim Mitchell and Oscar Plunket. They soon drew revolvers, creating the greatest confusion in the court

As all the parties are well known it has caused intense excitement.

room, the spectators dodging behind doors and under benches to escape injury. The men

instantly opened fire upon each other and kept it up until both had been mortally

PEOPLE'S PARTY. Revised Constitution and By-Laws Made Public by Secretary Schilling.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 29 .- The constituion and by-laws, as revised and changed by secretary Schilling of the new people's party, were made public today. The articles call for the organization and regulation of local clubs to be conducted under the auspices of the national body. Stated meetings shall be beld by every club. The president shall be elected at each meeting. Any citizen of the town or county may become a member by signing the declaration of ciples and the platform of the national and pledging him-elf angualifiedly to sup-port the principles as enunciated. Any mem-ber who makes a motion to endorse a candilate of or to enter into a fusion with any political party shall immediately cease to be a member of the club and of the new party.

Swindled by Confidence Men. LATIMOP, Mo., June 29.-A gang of confidence men last Priday robbed Stephen Trice, a wealthy farmer living near here of \$3,500 and a fine team and burgy. The swindlers after securing his money told the farmer if he said anything about it before Sunday they would gill him. Trice was so overcome with fright that he never mentioned the affair even to his wife until last evening.

West Point, Miss., June 29 .- William Gales, colored, aged twenty, was hung to a tree nine miles west of here and literally shot to pieces at midnight Sunday night by fifty citizens. His crime was attempted outrage on a sixteen year-old daughter of Mr. Gus

Minister Clark's Death Confirmed. WASHINGTON, June 29. - The state depart ment has received official notice of the death of Alexander Clark, minister to Siberia. His remains will, in accordance with the wishes of his relatives, be brought to his late resi-

PEACE IS DECLARED IN THE COUNTY.

Laying of the Corner Stone of Plattsmouth's

Court House.

Description of the Imposing Ceremonies of a Great Day in the History of Cass County-

The Building.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., June 29 .- [Special to THE BEE. |- The laying of the corner stone of the new Cass county court house, today, marks an epoch in the history of the city of Plattsmouth and the county at large. Thirty ears of bitterness and sectional strife over the location of the county seat has retarded the growth and affected the prosperity of Cass county. But that is now of the past, Plattsmouth and her old time opponents are now at peace, and have shaken hands across the bloody chasm, buried the hatchet and smoked the pipe of peace. Today's ceremony has effectually established the fact of the permanency of this city as the seat of the county government, and her citizens are jubilant over the result.

The weather today could not have been im proved upon for an open air ceremony, and the immense crowd that turned out to witness the parade and ceremonies testified to the deep interest and importance attached to the occasion. At 1 p. m. the members of the different lodges and others participating met at their several lodge rooms, and at 1:30 p. m. formed in line on Main street. The mar-shal, W. B. Murphy, headed the procession, the Burlington & Missouri band immediately following. Then came the Ancient Order of Hibernians dressed in full regalia and em-

Next in line were the lodges of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, followed by the handsomely uniformed Knights of Pythias, Then the Independent Order of Oddfellows in their green and sold uniform and regalia preceded the Mount Zion Commandery, Knights Tempiar, whose waving plumes and bright accourrements flashing in the sunsunlight presented a very line spectacle. Then came Plattsmouth lodge No. 6 Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons, with the most worshipful the grand lodge of Nebraska following. This body of splendidly bedecked men, with their mystic symbols and glittering results presented a representable general. ing regalla presented a remarkable appearance and the crowds were measurably im-

pressed. The procession then moved up Main street and through the principal streets to the building. The impressive, comprehensive and interesting ceremony according to the formula of the Free Masons & 13 111 performed. Upon the platform were Worshipful Master Brad D. Slaughter, grand master: Worshipful Master Martin Dunham, past wand master: Sample P. Davidson, deputy grand master; Samuel P. Davidson, deputy grand master; S. M. Chapman, grand senior warden; J. P. A. Black, grand junior warwarden; J. P. A. Black, grand junior warden; Chris Hartman, grand treasurer; W. R. Bowen, grand secretary; George W. Martin, D.D., grand chaplain; J. N. Wise, grand senior deacon; E. W. Cook, grand junior deacon; M. B. Murphy, grand marshall; W. B. Brown, grand tiler, and M. Archer, bearer of holy writ. Also commissioners A. B. Todd, A. C. Loder and Jacob Tritsch and County Clerk Bird Critchfield.

County Clerk Bird Critchfield. The corner stone is a block of reddish gray Tennessee marble inscribed on the side fac-ing south: "Court House, 1891. William Gray, Architect; O. J. King. Contractor," —A. B. Todd, A. C. Loder and Jacob Tritsch. Bird Critchfield, clerk," and was laid in the southwest corner of the building.

The metal box placed in the corper stone contained a miscellaneous assortment of articles and records, among which were the key of the old court house and a copy of tolay's OMAHA BEE.

The court house when finished will be an imposing looking structure, 102 feet 6 inches by 80 feet, with 41 feet to the cap sills, and to the top of the spire the height will be 139 feet from the ground floor. The first floor, or basement, is to be finished in brown stone from the quarries at Ashland, Wis., and the contract price is \$75,900. The building will have ample rooms for the conduct of all county pusiness and will contain seven vaults with 26-inch walls of solid masonry 15.8x12 feet for the safe keeping of the William Gray of Lincoln is the architect, O. J. King of Omaha the builder and Peter D. Bates of this city the superinendent of construction. The time specified for the completion of the building is January

Farm WATERLOO, Nob , Jun 18 Specia THE BEE.]—It has been learned the father of Thomas E. Garoms, the young man drowned in the Platte yesterday, lives at Streator, Ill. The body will be taken to

Omaha by Coroner Harrigan. The Cintte river is now going down, hav-ing fallen several inches in the past twenty-The Elkhorn river is still com ing up, it having risen two inches in the last twenty-four hours. It is now backing up the ditches in town. The water is higher at present than at any time for the past five The farmers slong the banks of both vears. rivers are complaining bitterly, as it is now too late to put in another crop. The seedmer will also be heavy losers, as they have all ways selected these farms as bringing a sure crop.

Death of a Militiaman. FREMONT, Neb., June 29.-[Special Tele gram to THE BEE.]-Lieutenant D. V. Hammer, Company E, Nebraska national guards, died at his home last evening at 9 o'clock of inflammation of the bowels, after an illness of a little more than a week. His physicians state that his experiences on the frontier with his company during the Indian uprising last December contributed to his death funeral will take place tomorrow, with mili half mast over the armory today as a tribute of respect to the dead comrade. He leaves a young wife, to whom he was married No-vember 24 last, only a few days before he

was called to the front with his company. To Camp at Beatrice. BEATRICE, Neb., June 29.—[Special Tele-gram to THE BEE.]—The local division of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, received word today from Adjutant General Hotchkiss of the Nebraska brigade Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias that the annual sucampment of the brigade would be held at Beatrice this year from August 17 to 22 inusive. The Beatrice knights are highly leased over the selection and promise their brother knights a royal reception and a grand good time. The most elaborate preparations good time. will be made for the event and a meeting of Pythian Knights was held tonight to arrange

for the preliminary details.

Burglars at Newport, Newport, Neb., June 29.—|Special to The BEE. |- This morning burglars infested the house of R. W. Mason, in this place, but were put to flight by Policeman F. Faith and F. P. Bushnell before anything of value was taken. About half an hour later three suspicious looking men were arrested and taken to the depot and searched but as none of the missing articles were found upon their persons they were discharged.

Sneak Thieves Captured. BEATHIOE, Nob., June 29 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - Four sneak thieves, who undertook to raid Townsend's clothing store at noon today, were captured this after-

To Welcome the Soldiers. CHRIGHTON, Neb., June 29. - [Special Telegram to THE BRE.) - Work in preparing for the old soldiers' reunion, which will be held here Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week, is progressing rapidly. The

tents are being pitched and immense arches are being constructed across the principal streets. The Fremont, Eikhorn & Missouri Valley railway will run special trains from Norfolk for the accommodation of people living on that line. Present indications point to an assemblage of 10,000 people. General Van Wyck and Judge Allen of Madison speak on Thursday. Governor Thayer, Captain W. C. Henry of Grand Island, and Coionei J. W. Tucker of Valentine, will speak on Friday, and ex-Lieutenant Governor Mikeljohn will deliver the oration on the Fourth of July. Valley railway will run special trains from

All Quarantined. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., June 29.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The cutizens of Douglas have secured the following affidavit: Dr. A. H. Hostetter, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the physician in charge of the smallpox patients in Douglas, Otoe county, Neb.; that there have been six cases in Douglas, and none others within cases in Pouglas, and none others within five miles of said village; that all of said cases have been confined to one family and are strictly quarantined; that there has been no exposure of said discase for twenty days past. All of said smallox cases are now

convalescent. Minnie Boohoo. WEEPING WATER, Neb., June 29 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- This morning about the time the train came in from the south a girl baby, about two days old, was left at the door of Tim Bull's residence. It is thought the mother came in on the train and left on the same train for Omaha. The baby looks like an Italian. He named it Minnie Boohoo.

The Blue on a Boom BEATRICE, Neb., June 20 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-The Blue river is on a big boom here and is higher than for several years. Considerable inconvenience is experienced at the Chautauqua grounds where the back water has compelled some of the tenters to move to higher ground. No damage is reported. The river is still slowly rising tonight.

Kimball Jubilant. POTTER, Neb., June 28 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-Latest advices from different points in Kimball and adjoining counties report the best crop prospects known in western Nebraska for many years. The rain fall has been more than sufficient throughout the entire season and the crop of small grain is now insured.

Hot School Election.

STUART, Neb., June 29 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The most hostly contested school election in the history of the town occurred here today. Nearly every legal voter, both male and female, in the district was at the polls. DeLance was elected over James by a vote of 53 to 71.

A Grocery Failure. FREMONT, Neb., June 29 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-P. S. Snyder, groceryman, was closed up today on a chattel mortgage, given to the Fremont national bank, for \$1,500. His assets will nearly cover the amount of the indebtedness.

Weeping Water Normal.

WEEPING WATER, Neb., June 29.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The teachers' summer normal under the management of County Superintendent Nobie and Prof. Waterhouse opened today with thirty-five teachers present.

A POOR SHOWING.

It is Made by the Defense in the Few Tails Murder Case.
STURGIS, S. D., June 29 — Special Telegram to THE BEE. — The state finished taketestimony this forenoon in the Few Talls case, except such as may be called in rebuttal,

and as One Feather could not be found on the reservation much valuable evidence is ost. This Ir dian was with the murdered chief at the time the fight occurred and would not only be able to corroborate the testimony given by Mrs. Few Tails, but add much strength to the circumstantial evidence that will be forthcoming as the trial pro-ceeds. Judge Polk opened the defense by giving a detailed statement of the facts they would be able to establish with an elaborate array of unquestionable testimony. Three of the defendants testified in their own behalf, telling substantially the same story, which was that when they dis-covered a band of 10 or 15 Indians attempting to drive off about 30 head of horses on the morning of January II, a party of six settlers, the four defendants being members of the party, armed themselves with guns, furnished by the state, and started out to round up the redskins. When within about 100 yards of the Indians they demanded the horses, but instead of securing their stock they were fired upon, one of the boys being slightly wounded on the hand. A lively skirmish fol owed and Indians, horses and whites scat-

making a der of fact, the defendants are making a star of fact, the defendants are making a beautiful of Georgian Subparased by the defendants was country was in a state of war at that the but he declined to give the transport but he declined to give testimony as to such trouble existing in ly side county. Facts were disclosed today the first of the Culbertson boys were in cited in Bon Homme, S. D., in 1882 for horse stealing, but acquitted through a technicality.

Defending Few Tails' Murderers STURGIS, S. D., June 29. - | Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The testimeny for the prosecution in the Few Tails murder trial was completed this morning except such as will be called for rebuttal. The fact of the killing of the Indian is clearly established and the defense will make no attempt to deny it, but will aim to prove by the testimony of twenty odd reputable settlers that the alleged murderers were defending their lives and property in committing the deed. The dense began their side of the case with an able argument from ex-fudge Charles C. Peck, who briefly stated what facts they would be able to set forth. But one witness for the defense will be admitted to the court room at a time.

Fillebrown Murd r trial Commenced CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 29. - The trial of Fillebrown for the murder of Foulks at Sheridan station, Wyo., last January began this morning at Cheyenne. When the court convened in the afternoon the counsel for the defense created a sensation by admitting that Fillebrown had killed Foulks. Fillebrown's confession is substantially as follows: He and Foulks were arguing over the character of a young woman whom Fille-brown declared to be irreproachable. Foulks got angry and made some insulting remarks about Fillebrown's sister and when the latter called him a liar he was knocked down by Foulks. Fillebrown then drow his revolver and shot him, leaving his pistol beside the body. It will be established that Foulks was quarrelsome to a degree.

THE WEATHER FORECAST.

For Omaha and Vicinity .- Fair; slightly

afternoon destroyed a lodging house in

Chinatown. The fire burned over an bour

and the building was completely destroyed.

is easy and in good demand.

W. SHINGTON, June 29.—Forscast till S. p. m. Tuesday: For North and South Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa, Missourrand Kunsas—Fair; cooler; northwesterly winds; warmer and fair Wednesday. For Colorado-Stationary temperature ariable winds. Six Chinese Women Cremated. San Francisco, Cal., June 29 .- Fire this

The charred remains of one Chinese woman was found in the ruins and it is stated that five other Chinese women were burned to death, but the police have not yet been Mexico is Prosperous. City of Maxico, June 20.-The rise in silver n the United States is encouraging to the mining and smelting interests here. Money

BIG MUDDY ON A BIG TEAR.

Missouri River Reaches an Alarmingly High Stage at Kansas City.

HAMLET OF HARLEM IN GREAT DANGER.

Leavenworth, Atchison and Other Points Report the Same State of Affairs-Much Valuable Farm Land Flooded.

KANSAS CITT, Mo., June 29 .- The Missouri river at this point is at a dangerously nigh stage. The water is the highest it has been since the great flood of 1881, but it still lacks several feet of the record of that year. Nevertheless, much damage has been done and much more is feared, as the different river cities above report a higher stage of water than that here.

At 6 o'clock this evening the water registered three feet above high water mark, or twenty-three feet above standard low water mark. The water is rising steadily one inch an hour and will probably rise two or three feet more in the next day or two.

The lower parts of Harlem, a hamlet just across the river from here, have aiready been submerged and about twenty-five families have been driven out of their homes. They have taken their household goods from their houses and are camping on the highlands. The people have been made very nervous by the accounts of the disastrous floods in Iowa and they are taking no chances. Many of those who at present are in no danger have moved out of their houses and sought absolute safety in various places where the flood cannot reach. All the farms along the river are supmerged and their crops ruined. The embankment of the Hannibal & St

Joseph road approaches the river at right angles across from this city. This embankment has served as a sort of levee and has protected a vast expanse of river bottom below it from the flood. Some fears are expressed that the embankment may not be able to withstand the pressure. If it should give way much valuable land will be submerged, including the grounds of the Kansas City racing association. In view of the emergency the horses which have been stabled there have been removed to places of safety. On this side of the river the high water has caused no flood, excepting as it has backed up the waters of the Kaw, which empty into the Missouri at this place. These backwaters have submerged much of the lowlands, and the hundred or more squatters living there have been obliged to abandon their homes. The water has also backed up in the sewers in Kansus City, Kan., and has run out of the manholes, flooding various parts of the town.

The Consolidated tank line company's vard is flooded from the latter source and other floods of a similar character are expected in the lower places of the town.

Very little actual damage has been done as yet and no great damage is anticipated unless the Missouri's waters should rise more than three feet above their present stage.

A dispatch from St. Joseph says: The river has risen steadily since Saturday mornmg. At noon today it was within sixteen inches of the highest point reached ten years ago. Residents of the French bottoms north of this city are in a state of alarm and many are preparing to move. If the river should overflow the French bottoms it is expected that a new channel will be cut through, leaving many farms on an island and diverting the main stream from the Kansas shore two miles west. If the present rise continues twenty-four hours the stock yards and hunireas of homes in South St. Joseph will surely be inundated. The situation is serious to the packing interests as well as to hundreds of small farmers on the lowlands The Burlington tracks on the river front in he city have been strengthened by piling and rock to prevent serious washouts.

A dispatch from Atchison, Kan., says The Missouri river is now two feet higher at this point than it has been at any other time this season. Farms on the Missouri side were submerged last night. Wheat fields will be a total loss. The water is also pouring across "Doniphan Point," a neck of land opposite Doniphan, Kan. This neck stood the test of the flood of 1881, when the river tear is this time. Soined that it will cut through alling into the stream by the attison land is Leavenworth also reports very high water, the inundation of much valuable farm land and the destruction of crops. No damage

has been done in the city.

There is some danger that the bridge of the Hannibal & St. Joe road, over which most of the trains gain entrance to this city may not be able to withstand the flood. The day strengthening the approaches and guarding the piles, so that it now appears to

At midnight the river has risen three inches since at 6 o'clock. No more damage however, is reported further than that occasioned by a small landslide on the Hauniba & St. Joe tracks near Rushville, a short dis tance above the city. It was reported at one time that a span of the Hannibal & St. Joe bridge had been washed away. The report is unfounded, and it is not believed that any damage will be done to the bridges. Archison, Kan., June 29.—The river at this

Point continues to rise and the track of the Hannibal & St. Joe between Atchison and Rushville is under water. A portion of the track is being washed away. The Missouri Pacific has also suffered and the two roads are now using the track of the Kansas City, St. Joe & Council Bluffs, which is also under water for a distance except the tops of the rails. If the river rises a foot and a half more all the railroad tracks leading into Atchison from the east will be under water.

OVERFLOW OF THE PLATTE.

The Big Bottoms Near Ashland Entirely Under Water. Ashland, Neb., June 29.-[Special to The

BEE. |-No one person can estimate with any degree of accuracy the amount of damage done by the recent rains in this section North of Ashland some three miles lies what s known as the Platto bottoms, an immense treet of land which, in a favorable season, might be called an ideal farming country. It is, however, so situated that when the Platte river rises much above its banks the fields for miles around are completely covered with water. Such has been the case this year, and for the last three days the Platte bottom has been mostly under water. The river has extended so far in some places as to reach Clear creek ordinarily about ten feet wide. Clear creek, ordinarily about ten feet wide, but now in places two hundred yards wide. The water was at its highest yesterday, when The water was at its nightest yearload, while it stood in the main road from six to twelve inches deep and by the bridges four and five feet deep. Here and there along the road are culvert bridges washed out and caught by the fences. Four of these were counted i

Six miles up the bottom the Ashland land and live stock company, of which Mr. Larkin, formerly in the dry goods business in Omaha, is president and manager, has its headquarters.

Its ranch consists of over four thousand acres of excellent pasture, farm and hay land. Here it was reported that beyond there, the country clear to the river was under water. In talking with Mr. Larkin under water. In talking with Mr. Larkin,

he said: "We have here drod head of cattle, and this water in bad condinow, but for now, but for now, but for now bunched en bunched ar corn too,

a few days all those cattle had been bunched up in a few acres as you seed the corn too, is greatly damaged and altogo our crops will suffer much; but we all all working hard. We have lost a few cattle by the river carrying them away."

John Piper, toll gatherer at the Ashland bridge, came into town yesterday afternoon for men to help him save his property. Half a mile below and across the river at the railroad bridge is the Hendricks ranch. He brought his family to town yesterday for safety.

Governor Boies' Proclamation. CHEROKEE, In., June 29. - Governor Boies arrived in this city this morning, and after surveying the flooded district, issued the following proclamation to the people of the state:

To the People of the State of Iowa: You have heard of the affliction which has fallen upon some of the towns of our state. I have made a personal examination of the facts in this city by coming here and going over the flood district, and find that at least seventy-five families have lost everything and some twenty-five more have lost most of the r household goods and much of their clothing, while their dwellings have been greatly injured by the flocis. In addition to this loss of homes and furniture and clothing, the county at large has suffered greatly in the loss of nearly every bridge both iron and woo,len, within its limits. A careful estimate places the number of families which require he p at once at 100, thus making a population of about five hundred that requires for a considerable length of time to be cared for by the charity of our people. In addition to the above many of the surrounding towns have suffered greatly and who will necessarily be compelled to appeal to the people of the state for ald. In view of this calamity is recommend that the mayor of the several cits of the state for ald. In view of the scalamity is recommend that the mayor of the several cits of the state for ald. In view of the scalamity is compelled to appeal to the people of the state for ald. In view of the scalamity is compelled to appeal to the general cits of the state and all other planting and who was a considered and all other planting the scalamity is compelled to appeal to the general cits of the state and all other planting and who was a considered and all other planting and who can be a constituted the scalamity is compelled to appeal to the general cits of the state and all other planting and who was a considered and all other planting and who can be calculated and all other planting and who was a considered and all other planting and who was a considered and all other planting and and a constant and all other planting and all other planting and a constant and all othe owing proclamation to the people of the state: ple of the state for aid. In view of this calamity I recommend that the mayor of the several cities of the state and all other sharitably disposed persons immediately take steps to or anize proper committees to solicit aid for these unfortunates and promptly forward to Davis H. Bloom, mayor of Cherokee, for distribution among those of the city who have suffered losses and such persons as may be named by the proper authorstes of the other towns which have suffered from the same calamity. All contributions so forwarded will be faithfully applied to the purpose for which they are sent. Let contributions be prompt and liberal.

Horace Boies, Governor of Iowa.

Fears of a Flood.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., June 20.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The river is steadily rising and much danger is feared. During the flood of 1881 the river was only thirteen feet above low water and tonight it is eleven feet above, which fact is causing much fear and excitement. The river has overflowed the sandbar at the head of the island and has broken through the embankment put in by the government. The east approach of the wagon bridge is under water for a distance of several hundred feet. The rise has been gradual for twenty-four hours and much damage at this point is sure to be the result.

Hail at Waterloo.

WATERLOO, Ia., June 29 .- A heavy bail storm passed over a portion of Grant township, Grand county, tifteen miles southwest of here last evening. The storm lasted only about fifteen minutes, but in that short time an immense amount of haustones doing great damage to corn and oats. The full bath of the storm was two miles wide and from three to five miles in length. Many of the stones picked up measured over three inches in ength. The ground was completely covered. Wind, Hail and Rain.

Dilisboro, Ind., June 29 .- The severest rain and wind storm ever known here occurred yesterday. Trees were uprooted and streets flooded until they were impassable. Storms of wind, ball and rain passed over different portions of southeastern Indiana and Kentucky yesterday afternoon. Great damage was done to wheat.

CENTRALIA, Ill., June 29 .- A terrible rain and hall storm visited this city last evening, doing much damage. Buildings were unroofed and chimneys blown over. The front of Charles Sewig's residence was blown in and his daughter was badly hurt.

TRAINMEN FOUND GUILTY.

Switchmen's Charges of Conspiring Against Them Sustained. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 29.- The com nittee appointed to investigate the charge of conspiracy preferred against the Brothernood of Trainmen reported to the supreme council of the federation, finding the brotherhood guilty.

The Switchmen's Mutual Aid association nad preferred the charge, alleging that the trainmen conspired with the Chicago & Northwestern officials to provide men to take the striking switchmen's places. The vote was unanimous except for the three votes of the trainmen in the council. When the vote on the penalty, moved to be expulsion, was taken, two firemen—Debs and Hannahan voted with the trainmen. The three votes each of the switchmen and Brotherhood of Conductors were in favor of expulsion. who is the per Sargent of the firemen, and did not vote. of the council,

Strikers and Scabs Fight

SEATTLE, Wash., June 29. - Since the bringng of 600 colored miners from the east few days ago to take the place of strikers of the Franklin mines the labor mions have shown great dissatisfaction. Late news from Franklin makes known that the negroes and Pinkerton gnards had a pitched battle with the white strikers at daylight Sunday morning. The whites lost two killed and several others ounded. One white woman was seriously injured. One negro was probably fatally shot. A company of militia is now on the way. A white miner named Robinson, who was working with the negroes, killed two of the strikers. He was taken to Scattle this morning by a detachment of police. Trouble is also expected at Gilman, where the home guards are drilling for the purpose of precenting non-union miners from going to work.

Iron Workers Troubles. PITTSBURG, Pa., June 29.-The conference heid between committees of the western manufacturers and the iron workers resulted in nothing but a widespread difference. The manufacturers are opposed to every new clause in the scale, but especially to that making a nine hour heat. There will be another conference tomorrow. Unless the nine-hour rule is eliminated every mill in the district will shut down. The existing scale expires tomorrow and unless some agreement is reached the mills must shut down or attempt to run without the amalgamated men.

Columnus, O., June 29.-The executive board of the Knights of Labor held a conference today with the officers of the united mine workers on matters of mutual interest Messrs. Powderly, Hayes and Dustin left for Washington, where it is understood they will hold a conference relative to the trouples in the printing bureau.

Robbed and Murdered.

VINCENNES, Ind., June 39. - The body of James Baker, sr., a well to do farmer who lived three miles south of the city, was found floating in the Wanash river yesterday morning. His upper lip was lacerated as if from a blow, his right arm was bruised and bore marks of fingers, and his pockets were turned laside out. The supposition is that he was decoyed to the river, murdered and robbed and thrown into the water.

Three Killed by a Falling Wall. JANESVILLE, Wis., June 29. - Patrick Hagency, Richard T. Bennewitz and John Flaherty were killed this morning by a falling wall walle raising a school building.

SHE WAS FATALLY BURNED.

Ellen Johnson, a Servant Girl, Receives Inuries That Will Kill Her.

SHE WAS COVERED WITH BLAZING OIL.

Lamp in Her Room Exploded-Her Injuries Fatal-Scared a Policeman-Delos Beard Badly Hurt by a Fall.

For twelve days and nights the firemen did not have a call. Last night between 9:30 and 10 o'clock three alarms were turned in.

The first call was from box 35 at Eighteenth and Clark. A policeman was passing the residence of John Adams, Sixteenth and Clark, and saw a lamp flash up. He immemediate called the fire apparatus, but there was no blaze and no damage done.

Box 27 was next rung in and called the department to the house of L. M. Anderson, 1919 Burt street. The damage to property at the Anderson residence will not amount to much, but one woman was so badly burned that she will die. The fire started by a lamp explosion in the room of Ellen Jonnson, a servant. The first the family knew of anything wrong was when they saw Miss Johnson running down the stairs with her clothing on fire. Mrs. Anderson and her two sons quickly grabbed some blankets and tried to smother the flames, while the rest of the household turned their attention to the fire. Bed clothes, curtains and the wall paper were all ablaze. Chief

Safter had his men form a bucket line and a little water soon put out the fire. The loss will be less than \$50.

Drs. Moore and Van Camp were called to attend the suffering woman. An examination showed that the body from the knees up was badle burst for the suffering woman. was badly burned, as were also the arms and hands. Everything possible under the circumstances was done, but at midnight Dr. Van Camp said that the woman would surely die, as so much of her flesh had been burned. A call at the Anderson residence by a Brie reporter failed to clicit any information about the injured woman or the manner in which the fire started. It is not manner in which the fire started. It is not known whether the dying woman had any near friends or relatives in the city or not.

While answering the Burt street alarm, Fire Reporter Beard met with quite a serions accident. On Izard street between Eighteenth and Nineteeuth his buggy ran into a rock pile. The jolt threw Mr. Beard into the air, and when he fell he dislocated his right shoulder, besides injuring him internally. As soon as possible the injured man was conveyed to his home and Dr. Davis summoned, The physician stated that his patient was seriously hurt, but just what the result would be he could not say,

ROYAL SPONSORS.

They Assist at a Christening of a Child

of the House of Fife. [Copyright 1891 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, June 29.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |-Alexandra Victoria Alberta Edwina Louise are the names with which the infant daughter of the duke and duchess of Fife was christened today. Mother and father desired a simple ceremony, but it was graced with every possible royal favor. Among those present were the queen, the prince and princess of Wales, the Princesses Victoria and Maud of Wales, the duke of Clarence and the duke and duchess of Teck and the duke of Cambridge. The marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise were not present. It is said they were not invited. Her majesty and the queen of Denmark, the infant's great-grandmothers, acted as sponsors. The princess of Wales, as proxy for the queen, handed the child to the archbishop of Canterbury, giving it a kiss heard all over the chapel. The infant was dressed in Irish lace, an heirloom of the Fife family. The christening water was brought from the river Jordan by Lord Rowton, who recently returned from the Holy land. There was a tremendous crowd in St. James street, principally of ladies. The infant was held aloft by the nurse while passing and received hand clapping and cheers. The queen wore a black silk dress, black lace shawl and white lace bonnet. The princess of Wales wore a lovely tightly fitting drab dress and a bon-

net of sky blue. Great and general regret is expressed ver the resignation of Captain Shaw, chief of the London fire brigade. He has held the position since 1861, having retired from the army in 1860 and for a year has been head of the police and fire brigade of Belfast, He was made a companion of the Bath in

1879 with a salary of £1,300 a year. WAR ON MEREDITH.

Federation of faction of the WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, Washington, D. C., June 29.

Master Workman Powderly and President Compers of the Federation of Labor are expected here within a few days to add another chapter to the hot contentions which has long been going on between the Knights of Labor and Chief Mcredith of the bureau of engraving and printing. Powderly will come to present the ultimatum of the Knights. He is said to be not in sympathy with the threat of the knights to boycott McKinley, but it is bolleved that he has been outvoted in the board. At all events all doubts on the subect will be dispelled within a few days when the ultimatum is presented. The Federa-tion of Labor, the opposition to the Knights of Labor, is to take up the matter for the good of the reputation of the labor interest. The president of that organization, Mr. Gompers, has promised to come down here about July 10 and hear the case. A new phase of the contest has come out by the protest of a num-ber of the Knights of Labor against the action of their leaders in carrying on a fight against Meredith. The protestors say the whole row is a result of an indecent conspiracy, of which three discharged employes are the ringleaders. Their names are Jordan, Kinney and Moore Jordan now keeps a saloon on Ninth street CURES begalquarters of the crowd that him. He and his a Color of the representation of the crowd that him the results of the crowd that the color of the crowd that the over 12 per cent of the 300 plate printers em-ployed in the bureau. It is said that about \$20,000 have been collected from time to time local Knights of Labor in order to carry on this war against Meredith.

White and Colored Miners Fight, SEATTLE, Wash., June 29 .- Two companies of the First regiment national guards left for the Franklin coal mines early this morning. The only news received so far is one white miner has been killed, three wounded, and one negro guard wounded. Over a hundred shot were fired during the

Slave Trading Dying Out. London, June 29.—Dispatches received

from Zanzibar state that the British officers

engaged in fighting the slave trade in east

Africa report this trade upon its last legs and that the Brussels anti-slavery act will effectually kill the whole business. Outlook at Rising.

RISING CITY, Neb., June 29,- Special to THE BEE.]-Corn is looking well but some wheat is backward and oats were lodged a good deal by the heavy rains and hall,