

THE DAILY BEE

E. ROSEWATER, EDITOR.

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SWORN STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION: State of Nebraska, County of Douglas, ss.

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Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 25th day of April, A. D. 1891.

Notary Public. State of Nebraska, County of Douglas, ss.

George B. Tzschuck, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is secretary of the Bee Publishing Company, does solemnly swear that the actual circulation of the Daily Bee for the month of April, 1891, was 25,000 copies; for May, 1891, 25,000 copies; for June, 1891, 25,000 copies; for July, 1891, 25,000 copies; for August, 1891, 25,000 copies; for September, 1891, 25,000 copies; for October, 1891, 25,000 copies; for November, 1891, 25,000 copies; for December, 1891, 25,000 copies; for January, 1892, 25,000 copies; for February, 1892, 25,000 copies; for March, 1892, 25,000 copies.

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Notary Public.

THE stockholders of the Union Pacific at their annual meeting have annulled the bridge contract and declared it ultra vires. The stockholders and the courts may not be in accord, however.

MAYOR WASHINGTON'S first official act was an order closing the Chicago gambling saloons. This was a surprise to the gamblers, but they were still more surprised when the order was enforced.

THE king of the Chicago board of exchange, "Old Hutch," has suddenly disappeared. Whether it was a fit of mental aberration which took him from view or a desire to affect the market to his advantage by the ruse is a matter of conjecture.

ST. LOUIS reports the formation of a company of capitalists to build a wagon bridge across the Missouri river. The enthusiasm of the announcement is tempered by the information that Donald McLean of Sioux City Short Line fame is one of the incorporators.

THE suggestions that heretofore all bond elections be held at the same time with the general elections is in the interest of economy. Under the new law an election is an expensive luxury, but one of its best features is the fact that its cost reduces the frequency of elections.

BRITISH soldiers fighting Indians in Hindostan are more fortunate than American soldiers fighting Indians in Arizona or Dakota. The dispatches announce that in a battle last week 200 Manipurs were killed out of 1,000 engaged and the British casualties were one officer killed and four wounded.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN, not satisfied with his success in the arena of pugilism and his career as an actor, now announces himself as a candidate for congress from the Sixth Massachusetts district. Sullivan is a democrat and has as much gall as muscle. He and Kilgore of Texas would make a good team to suppress disorder and kick open doors under calls of the house.

REV. JOHN W. ELLIS, D. D., who has just been censured by the presbytery of San Francisco for misappropriating church funds and rendering equivocal statements concerning the expenditure of others, was formerly one of the most popular clergymen in this state. He was pastor of the Presbyterian church in Brownsville 20 years ago.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN will lecture in Omaha this evening. The people of this city will give him a large audience. In spite of his eccentricity he is a most entertaining lecturer, and those who have never seen him upon the platform should not miss the opportunity. Those who have heard him before will not. He is a sincere friend of Omaha and has done a great deal toward making her known throughout the world. No old citizen has any other feeling than friendship for this man of electric intellect and native eloquence, to whom some day this city will erect a monument.

THE late chaplain of the Nebraska house of representatives, in a moment of benevolent mental aberration, volunteered to donate \$100 of his salary to the relief fund for western settlers if elected. He failed to keep his promise after he received the money, and now Rev. Mr. Ludden of the state relief committee distinctly charges that he is a prevaricator in another particular. The chaplain stated in an Omaha newspaper that the wheat furnished to farmers in Sheridan county was bought at enormously high prices and shipped into the county, whereas the farmers of the county would gladly furnish better seed at less cost. The relief committee claims to have purchased its wheat at Rushville, the county seat of Sheridan county, and to have paid 90 cents per bushel for it, a high price, but less than the price of which the other minister complained. Chaplain Diefenbacher should now return with the detailed plans and specifications of his charges. The two reverend brethren can give the state an interesting exhibition serap if they are in dead earnest, and the best man may have the game money.

THE DEFERRED STRIKE.

The action of the executive board of the united mine workers, in deferring the strike for an eight hour working day which it had been proposed to inaugurate May 1, is to be commended. The circumstances which induced the decision appear to be a general disinclination among the state organizations to enter upon a conflict at this time, and a scarcity of funds owing to the financial assistance that has been given to the Pennsylvania coke strikers. The miners evidently saw that a long fight was probable, and as arrangements had been made with those not controlled by the organization to continue work under more favorable conditions than have hitherto prevailed, it was wisely concluded not to force the conflict at present. Time will thus be given for further reduction and discussion, and the industrial interests of the country will be relieved for a period from anxiety and the embarrassment and injury that would result from a long-maintained warfare between the mine owners and workers, while the miners and their families will be very much better off.

It would be well if all other proposed strikes for an eight hour day were postponed, for there is never likely to come a less auspicious time for such a movement than the present. The country is gradually recovering from two years or more of depression during which the supply of labor in all departments of industry has been considerably in excess of the demand, and there is favorable promise that within the next year this condition may be reversed, or at any rate for all who desire it. If this shall be the case, wages will advance without any effort to force it up, and labor will also be in a better position to secure a reduction of hours. Manifestly the present does not offer the opportunity for a successful struggle for less hours of work or more pay, and while it is possible that a few local victories might be achieved for either, a general movement which would check the tide of receiving prosperity would almost certainly end in defeat, and labor would be the severest sufferer. American labor as a whole is far more prosperous than that of any other country, and it has the further advantage of a steadily improving condition and a highly promising outlook. It rests with the intelligent workers themselves to determine whether they will realize the promise of the near future by refusing to precipitate conflicts whose inevitable effect must be to check enterprise, and by maintaining, as far as possible, friendly and harmonious relations between labor and capital.

ITALY IS NOT SATISFIED.

A dispatch from Rome states that the Italian government is not satisfied with the reasons given by Secretary Blaine for the attitude of the United States government regarding the New Orleans affair. It is said that Italy views the question as one of public rights, and that these demand protection for the subjects of friendly powers. Premier Rudini is reported to hold that a civilized nation would fall in its duties if it did not demand indemnities and the arrest of the assassins in such a case, and it is left to be inferred that the government of Italy will renew its original demands and insist upon compliance with them.

It will not be surprising if this shall prove to be the case, for there is undoubtedly a very strong home pressure upon the Italian government in favor of adopting such a policy, and it would probably prefer taking the chances of a rupture with the United States to incurring the displeasure of its own people. In the present situation of affairs in Italy the government needs to give great respect to the predominant public sentiment, and it is not questionable that the weight of this sentiment is favorable to a firm adherence to the position at first assumed by the government. It has been represented that the Italian people generally took no interest in the case, but this is undoubtedly a mistake, and there is reason to believe that the natives of Italy in this country have exerted every possible influence to induce their countrymen at home to urge the Italian government to stand by the demands for indemnity and the arrest of the persons responsible for the killing of the Italians at New Orleans. It is not difficult to understand that the government should reason that it has more to lose from disregarding the sentiment of its people than from any difficulty that may ensue with the United States. It is easy to appreciate its desire to commend itself to its own people as most earnestly disposed to secure their protection wherever they may be.

Assuming the advice from Rome to be correct, and hither to in reference to this matter they have uniformly been so, it appears that the New Orleans case is still as wide open to controversy as it has ever been, although it would seem that there is nothing further to be said regarding it, so far as the government of the United States is concerned, except in repetition of what has already been said. The last letter of Secretary Blaine stated the position of the government and the reasons for it most completely and clearly, and any further communications must necessarily be a reiteration of the principles already set forth, and from which there can be no departure under existing conditions. It is to be presumed that the Italian government understands this, and if so the only rational construction to be put upon a further insistence on its demands would be that it has determined to hazard hostilities rather than make any concession.

A valuable contribution to the discussion of the obligation and duty of the government of the United States in regard to the protection of the subjects of foreign powers resident in this country is made by ex-Secretary Bayard in the Forum for May, in which it is conclusively argued that foreigners have no right or claim to any other protection than is accorded by our laws to natives, and which must be sought by all alike through the regular channels of justice. Regarding indemnity Mr. Bayard says, "that if the government of the United States shall admit that it is liable to indemnify individuals directly,

or a foreign government acting in their behalf, for injuries inflicted upon citizens or subjects of such foreign government within the United States and in violation of its laws, and that such claimants are absolved from all efforts to obtain redress in the judicial courts, which are as open to the foreigner as to our own citizens, and where justice is administered with an equal hand to either and to both, it will create a precedent which will not merely be prolific of international dissensions, but which will impair the structure of our government, seriously disarrange the system of checks and balances under our state and federal systems, and confuse and destroy the essential boundary between executive and judicial powers which is one of the most important features in the constitution of our government." There will be no such precedent created by the present administration.

THE NEW ORGANIZATION.

Omaha has a habit of holding public meetings and appointing committees to perform certain public spirited offices. These meetings generally adjourn never to materialize again. The committee usually drops off into somnolence, the promoters of the original meeting grow weary and the whole purpose of the agitation fails.

THE BEE trusts that the latest effort to organize for the upbuilding of Omaha interests will not suffer this fate. There is great heart here for an organization with the vigor which the board of trade should have, but lacks, and the fund for business which is wanting in the otherwise active real estate exchange.

The new association should be based upon broad business principles and provide itself with executive officers and committees with both energy and staid ingenuity. It should not be a combination of real estate agents and owners of booming town lots. Its purpose should be higher than the almighty dollar. Individual interests should sink out of sight and the good of the whole city should be the ground principle of all its efforts and the occasion for the expenditure of all funds collected.

It ought to invite the attention of capitalists everywhere to Omaha and should present tangible propositions to men looking for business investments. The speculators will come of themselves. No effort is required to draw them. We must first get into this city industries which employ labor and develop commerce. An active secretary with a stenographer and typewriter in the course of a year could place himself and his association in communication with all the leading manufacturers and jobbers of America. If he has good judgment and good business qualifications he can make himself invaluable to this city, but a speculative town lot and acre property crank in such a position will only invite ridicule and failure.

AN INSULT TO TAXPAYERS.

The appointment of Garbage-master Morrissey, under the new name of sanitary inspector, after the exhibit of downright venality and overcharges, was an insult to every taxpayer. His confirmation by the council, in the face of the damaging disclosures which its own committee had made, is a disgrace to the council, if that peculiar body can ever be disgraced.

There never was a more reckless gang of pilferers than the garbage department under its present head. It has been a stench in the nostrils of decent citizens from the outset and the people have only submitted to these piratical raids in the hope that the day of retribution was not far off.

The defiance which has been shown to public sentiment and the reckless disregard of the numerous remonstrances from people who have been imposed on evidently goes for nothing with the powers that be. With the active backing of We, Us & Co., the garbage supervisor has not only been restored to power, but actually endorsed. Now he is engaged in drafting an ordinance to regulate himself. This beats the boiler and safety plug business all hollow. An ordinance by Morrissey defining the duties of the sanitary commissioner, and regulating his fees, will not interfere with the profits and methods of Morrissey or his coparceners. The question is how much longer will the citizens of Omaha tamely submit to being plundered by their own servants? How much further will the present council go in collusion with tax-eaters for whom offices have been created with the sole view of harassing and despoiling the people under pretense of protecting their health.

OUR words sometimes return to plague us from sources of irritation whence we least expected them. Ex-Senator Blair of New Hampshire's speech against the Chinese was made so many years ago that Americans had forgotten it. The inhabitants of the Celestial kingdom have remarkable memories, and when the father of the educational bill and a speech seven days long was appointed minister to China they quietly but firmly intimated to the president that no welcome to him would be extended.

CITIZENS of Omaha who believe the Salvation Army does a great deal of good in certain directions will nevertheless rejoice to hear that the drum will be muffled hereafter Sunday evenings. The exact connection between the bass drum and the grace of God has never been thoroughly understood heretofore, and it is a pleasure to be informed officially that the one is not altogether dependent upon the other.

NEBRASKA CITY is a city of the first class and a first class city. She has a population exceeding ten thousand with all the dignity involved therewith, including increased salaries for several of the city officials.

APPARENTLY the services of a political hummer are valuable, otherwise the representative of a system of outrageous garbage extortions would not be retained in office.

SOME of our democratic friends are out of patience with Governor Boyd for appointing the chairman of the republican state committee judge advocate of

the Nebraska national guards. They should comfort themselves in the thought that the governor wanted a lawyer for the place. He did not consider the position a political one.

THE meeting of property owners in the board of exchange rooms was a success and a strong committee on organization was appointed. The new association promises well. The thing to do now is to complete preliminaries without delay and get down to business. Talk is too cheap and no more is needed.

BEFORE the citizens of South Omaha vote any more bonds they should ascertain whether they can legally issue any more bonds under the 10 per cent limit. It will be of no use to vote bonds unless they can be marketed and nobody will buy bonds that are issued in violation of the law.

SOMEbody.

SOMEbody is extremely careless in the matter of drafting ordinances and concurrent resolutions. Scarcely a meeting of the council passes without a veto from the mayor on account of some irregularity, omission or other inexcusable error.

OMAHA is not doing much in the way of advertising herself. It is gratifying therefore to observe that a Pittsburg real estate broker with interests here is flooding the country with information about Omaha and her prospects.

A COUNSELLMAN makes the distinct public charge that the deputy boiler inspector is frequently too drunk to attend to business. If this be true, why is this man continued on the city payroll?

A COMPETITOR in the asphalt paving business is announced. It is to be hoped his material is better than that too frequently laid in our streets heretofore.

EMINENT domain is obsolete in Omaha under the new charter.

Our Undesirable Residents.

Europa Edition, New York Herald. We do not desire that Italy send all her ruffians and desperadoes to the United States, but she has sent by far too many, and the American people will not submit to it any longer. That is the lesson of the recent outbreak at New Orleans.

Give Poor Folks a Show.

Bishop Thomas Bonaventura in Independent. I beg to say that you may number me among those who advocate the opening of the gates of the National Columbian exposition on Sundays, from 1 o'clock p. m. to 5 p. m. I ardently desire that all mankind, if possible, should come under the beneficent and educating influences of this exposition; and as it would be a hardship for a great many to visit it except on Sundays, I am in favor of having the gates open on those days from the hour above mentioned.

Uses of Sunday.

Bishop John P. Newman in Independent. From the beginning of the republic, the American Sabbath has been esteemed a national institution—a day of rest from labor, and of worship for the pious. Of the beneficence of this institution, we have the testimony of an hundred years. It is not possible that we can surrender that day to pleasure "continental Sabbath breakers," whether foreigners or natives. The injury to private virtue and public morality would outweigh the industrial benefits of the exposition. Keep the Sabbath or abandon the national show. God commands, let the people obey. Omaha, Neb.

An Era in Indian Service.

New York Independent. We must thank President Harrison for one of the most important acts of his administration, done just before he left for his western tour—one that will remove much of the discredit that attaches to our conduct of the Indian service. President Harrison has extended the civil service rules to the Indian service, so as to include all physicians, school superintendents and assistant superintendents, teachers and matrons, covering in all between six and seven hundred persons. He took the matter under consideration more than a year ago, and has thus simply carried out a long cherished purpose. The action had the hearty endorsement and earnest recommendation of the secretary of the interior and of the commissioner of Indian affairs.

PASSING JESTS.

Atchison Globe: A man may not realize it when he is going to the devil, but he will realize it when he gets there.

New York Journal: There is a poem beginning thus: "A yellow stretch of rippled sand."

Atchison Globe: "She is so old-fashioned," said a man speaking of a girl today, "that I believe if her parents will keep her long enough, she will become the very latest style."

STUMBLER IS COMING. New York Independent. Now the balmy breezes blow, And the small boy stubs his toe, And immediately there follows A succession of bumps, Together with the colic, The measles and the mumps.

Baltimore American: A woman invented the ice-cream freezer in 1843, and woman has been keeping it pretty busy ever since.

Boston Transcript: The tramp never tugs away from any door without getting something. If he gets nothing else he gets out.

Rochester Post: A Troy preacher has been accused of heresy, and one of the first things he ought to do is to ask for an increase in salary.

Atchison Globe: Any woman can be an angel if she hasn't a telephone in her house. If the lower regions have increased in population at a startling rate the past few years, the telephone is the cause of it.

"The fat man of destiny" is the latest eulogistic designation applied to Grover Cleveland.

Harvard Lampoon: Waiter (to scientific man)—What's your order, sir? Scientific man (abstractedly)—Eh—er—Mamma, of course.

Boston Post: A Moscow letter says: "M. Prjans Kientzky is a new pianist who is making a name for himself." He needs it badly.

Harper's Magazine: "I beg pardon; are you Miss Jones or Mrs. Jones?" Old Maid—Miss Jones—by choice.

New York Journal: "Old Slowboy is pretty fast, eh?" "Yes, except when it comes to saying his bills."

Fuck: Mr. Cinch—What is that jockey and the horse owner having that tug of war about? Mr. Tipps—Oh, the jockey is only exercising for the next race.

New York Journal: "If you are not amused, merely smile," says a writer on etiquette. Perhaps that is the reason why so many men go out between the acts at the theater.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Jury in the Case of Attorney Zink Returns a Verdict of Guilty.

ARRANGING TO RECEIVE THE PRESIDENT.

Meeting of County Officials Held and a Committee Appointed by the Real Estate Exchange—Odds and Ends.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 29.—(Special to The Bee.)—The jury in the Zink case returned a verdict at 9 o'clock last night finding the defendant guilty as charged and the amount embezzled at \$180. He will be sentenced in a few days.

The entire Lancaster county bar feel disgraced over the criminal actions of Attorney Zink, but they console themselves with the fact that he is the first lawyer in the county who has proved to be a criminal.

WILL WELCOME THE PRESIDENT. A meeting of the county officials and attaches of the county offices was held in the commissioners' room this afternoon to make preparations for taking part in the reception to be tendered to President Harrison on his visit to the city. Hon. A. S. Tibbatts was elected chairman and Colonel C. Y. Long secretary. On motion the following committee on arrangements was appointed: Alba Brown, J. D. Knight and W. E. Churchill.

At the meeting of the real estate exchange the following committee was appointed to act with the council and other committees in arranging for a proper reception of President Harrison: Messrs. J. H. McClary, J. H. Hart, H. H. Barnes and D. W. Moseley. The exchange will probably send a delegation to accompany the presidential party from Denver to Nebraska's capital. The funds left over from the trades display fund of last year, amounting to about \$800, will probably be used for the reception preparations.

POLICE APPOINTMENTS. Commissions have been issued to the following men as patrolmen on the police force: W. H. Palmer, J. E. Kinney, W. J. Belmont, William McElroy, John Keane, Thomas Carnahan, W. T. B. Ireland. These men have, with one exception, been connected with the force for several years, Belmont having been for about eight months.

REFUSES A DIVORCE. Judge Field this morning finished the case of Rehemonia Rasmussen vs. George Rasmussen, an action for divorce and recovery of property claimed by plaintiff in her petition for marriage. The court handed down the following decision: First, that plaintiff is not entitled to a divorce. Second, that the Rasmussens, children by her first husband, have no right title to the premises in controversy. Third, that George Rasmussen is to have all the personal property and farm machinery, except what was owned by plaintiff before her marriage to defendant. Fourth, that the 100-acre farm, subject to liens, the defendant to convey the same by deed within ten days, otherwise this decree shall be a conveyance. Fifth, that each shall pay their own fees and George all other costs. To this finding and decree both parties except, and an appeal bond of \$500 was filed.

THE SHERIFF'S WRITERS CASE. The defense in the case of the State vs. Mary Sheedy and Monday McFarland has filed a motion in district court to compel the cor-

ner to file his report of the inquisition on the body of John Sheedy and to file his list of witnesses, he having failed to do so. It is understood that the state has made a proposition to McFarland's attorney, Colonel Phillips, to grant immunity to his client if he will come forward and tell the whole story before the jury, or, in other words, turn state's evidence. Mr. Phillips asked for time to consider the proposal, but it is thought that it is not likely that it will be accepted, as it is felt among attorneys talked with that Monday will be made to stand the brunt of the fight, or, in other words, he will be punished for the crime, while Mrs. Sheedy will go free.

LUSCHER IS A CONVICT. E. M. Luscher, charged with stealing \$57 from Clark & Son, grocers, and who has all along maintained his innocence, notwithstanding he returned the money to Detective Malone, changed his mind, and this morning pleaded guilty. Judge Hall gave him a year in the penitentiary at hard labor.

PERSONS WHO KNOW WHAT HE WAS A COMMON SNEAK THIEF. DIVORCED FROM THE ACTRESS. Word has been received in the city that Ed Gerrits, formerly a well known telegraph operator of this city, but now located at Chocoma, had applied for a divorce on the ground of desertion. The wife was formerly Mattie Cooper of Plattsmouth, and also an operator. She was an attractive woman, inclined to be giddy, and is now on the dramatic stage.

REVEREND MARTIN J. CORBETT, the newly-appointed chaplain for the penitentiary, feels highly honored over his new position, as he was the first Catholic priest ever appointed to such a place in the United States. Rev. Corbett is a young man of only twenty-eight years and has for the last two or three years been studying for the priesthood at the seminary at Palmyra. He took high rank in his theological studies. Father Corbett graduated from Boston college less than five years ago.

DEPARTURE OF THE PASSENGERS. The passengers on the afternoon Union Pacific train were the reluctant spectators of the death of a child two years old. The father and mother were just from Denmark and had nearly all of their money for transportation. The passengers, touched to the heart by the sorrow of the parents, contributed sufficient to bury the child here.

ODDS AND ENDS. Tomorrow the Sioux City corn huskers will cross bats with the farmers. A Plattsmouth barber asks the police to look for some of his late employees who hit out with some of the writer's tools. He doesn't appear anxious to get the man, but asks that the razors be taken from him. By way of description he adds that the fellow is wearing a pair of brown pants.

J. T. Stebbins, manager of the Lincoln office of the Whitebread coat company, has resigned account of ill health and will be succeeded by John T. Dungan.

A. M. Goldsberry, who created considerable excitement yesterday by calling while drunk at his divorced wife's house, was released last night on payment of a \$50 fine by his brother.

Judge Hall and a jury are engaged today in trying on the case of Louis Wagner, who is accused of entering J. M. Tates' house at Tenth and M streets and robbing him at the point of a pistol. Wagner is the son of a drayman at South Bend and an alibi is the main defense.

Billingsley & Woodward were appointed counsel to defend W. H. Edwards, charged with forgery, and secured a continuance of ten days after the state had entered a vigorous kick.

In the case of the Sultan Car and Carriage company vs. McCoy, noted yesterday, a jury returned a sealed verdict, which, on being opened this morning was found to be in plaintiff's favor, fixing the rights of possession in him and his damages at 1 cent.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE TO-NIGHT. BOYD'S OPERA HOUSE. THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 30. GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN. (THE FOUNDER OF OMAHA.)

Brilliant Orator and Statesman, Learned Sage and Prophet, Fifty Years Ahead of His Time.

Will lecture on the uppermost topics of the day by special invitation of the Mayor and many prominent citizens.

Secretary Blaine and Minister Rudini. Italy's Wrongs Must be Righted. What Omaha Has Had to Contend With. A Glimpse at the Future. Mr. Train will Pass Judgment on the UNION -- DEPOY -- QUESTION.

The Milwaukee and Rock Island Roads Must and Will Come Into Omaha. Jay Gould Must Stand From Under. Come and hear the man who Founded the Union Pacific Railway, the Credit Mobilier and the Credit Foncier.

Mr. Train is just starting on his fourth tour around the world, and stops long enough to speak to his thousands of Omaha friends and gather some fresh facts for the purpose of booming the city during his great trip.

IT WILL BE A TREAT. DON'T MISS IT. Bring the ladies and children to hear one of the most intellectual men of the age. PRICES—Reserved seats in parquet and parquet circle, 5c each. Reserved seats in balcony, 25c each. Gallery, 10c.

THERE WILL BE GOOD MUSIC. The following telegram was sent to Mr. Train yesterday: Omaha, April 29, 1891.—George Francis Train, Auditorium, Chicago, Ill.: Omaha sends greeting to you on your fourth journey around the world. Our citizens would like to see you and have you lecture at Boyd's opera house tomorrow (Thursday) evening. W. C. Usher, Mayor. GEORGE L. MILLER, Editor. J. H. HARRIS, Editor. MAX MEYER, Editor. WILLIAM H. STANTON, Editor. E. ROSEWATER.

Boils and Pimples. Are nature's efforts to eliminate poison from the blood. This result may be accomplished much more effectually, as well as agreeably, through the proper excretory channels, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"For several years I was troubled with boils and carbuncles. In seeking about for a remedy, it occurred to me that Ayer's Sarsaparilla had been used in my father's family, with excellent success, and I thought that what was good for the father would also be good for the son. Three or four bottles of this medicine entirely cured me, and I have not since—in more than two years—had a boil, pimple, or any other eruptive trouble. I can conscientiously speak in the highest terms of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and many years' experience in the drug business enables me to speak intelligently."—C. W. Hatfield, Farmland, Ind.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla. PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Price 25c a bottle, \$2.00 a box.

GAIN ONE POUND A Day. A GAIN OF A POUND A DAY IN THE CASE OF A MAN WHO HAS BECOME "MILL RUN DOWN," AND HAS BEGUN TO TAKE THAT REMARKABLE FLESH PRODUCER, SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda IS NOTHING UNUSUAL. THIS FAT HAS BEEN PERFORMED OVER AND OVER AGAIN. PALATABLE AS MILK. ENTIRELY FREE FROM OIL. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. AVOID SUBSTITUTES AND IMITATIONS.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda IS NOTHING UNUSUAL. THIS FAT HAS BEEN PERFORMED OVER AND OVER AGAIN. PALATABLE AS MILK. ENTIRELY FREE FROM OIL. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. AVOID SUBSTITUTES AND IMITATIONS.

TUTT'S Hair Dye. Gray hair or whiskers changed to a glossy black by the application of this dye. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously and contains nothing injurious to the hair. Sold by all druggists, or sent by express on receipt of price, \$1.00. Omaha, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS. BOYD'S. THREE NIGHTS and SATURDAY MATINEE. Friday, Saturday, Sunday, May 1, 2 & 3. America's Representative German Dialect Comedians.

Mr. Geo. C. Staley. In his Successful Comedy-Drama. A ROYAL PASS. See the Great Locomotive Race. 2-Real Working Engineers—2. Hear Mr. Staley Sing His Latest Songs. Box sheets open Thursday morning at usual prices.

OMAHA vs. MINNEAPOLIS, Thursday. Game called at 3:30 o'clock p. m. Sundays at 1 o'clock.

THE GRAND NIGHT. THIRD WEEK. A GROWING POPULAR SUCCESS. The Laughing Event of the Season. A brilliant programme each evening (changed nightly). Two hours of uproarious laughter. Orchestra, 35; balcony, 25c.

BOYD'S OPERA HOUSE. Commencing Monday Night, May 4th, For 3 Nights and Wednesday Matinee. RETURN OF THE FAVORITE LITTLE TYCOON. WILLARD SPENSER'S American Japanese Comic Opera With Miss Tellula Evans as Violet.

The sale of seats will commence Saturday morning at regular prices. DIME EDEN MUSEE. WEEK APRIL 29. L. E. PERRY FRIDREH, the Great Child Character Artist. PHETTY JENNIE QUINLEY, the Midget Southerner. Full of grace and beauty. THE CONVERTED CANNIBALS. NEW FACES. NEW SONGS. ONE DIME ADMITS TO ALL.

Young Mothers! We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child. "MOTHER'S FRIEND" Robs Consumption of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend" I feel my little pain, and feel the experience that every mother should have. Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free. BRADFIELD'S REGULAR LAXATIVE CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.