

THE O'SHEA DIVORCE CASE.

All Other Topics Cast in the Shade by the Interest Taken in This Cause Celebre.

THE DEFENDANTS DECLINE TO TAKE PART.

Captain O'Shea's Story at Yesterday's Hearing—Testimony of Other Witnesses for the Prosecution—The Case Continued Monday.

[Copyright 1890 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, Nov. 15.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to The Bee.]—The impending panic on the stock exchange and among great commercial houses, the horrible controversy of Bartlett and Jameson, the approaching session and all other topics are cast in the shade by the interest taken in the divorce suit of Captain O'Shea.

It will be remembered that O'Shea was the medium employed by the Gladstone government in 1882 to communicate with Parnell, then in prison at Kilmainham. His negotiations resulted in the celebrated Kilmainham treaty, under which Parnell and his fellow-prisoners were liberated and promised to give general support to the liberal party. At that time and for long afterwards O'Shea was on most confidential terms with Parnell, greatly to the disgust of many Parnellites, who always distrusted him. Tim Healy, especially, followed him up with an exceedingly sharp stick, and although Parnell insisted on returning him to the house of commons a second time, he did not long remain there. What happened afterwards to bring about a total breach in the relations between Parnell and O'Shea must be largely a matter of conjecture. It would not have been a new development in domestic affairs, but all at once O'Shea took an attitude towards the Irish leader, which has culminated in the present suit.

Bearing in mind that upon the result depends Parnell's future position in public life, the interest attaching to the proceedings need cause no surprise. Should judgment go against Parnell it is not doubted that he must practically retire from the leadership of his party, and I have reason to believe that this is the opinion in which he holds himself in a very decided manner, and it will stand or fall by the verdict of the jury.

Understand that O'Shea is confident of the result of the trial being in his favor, and has brought together a mass of evidence calculated to damage the defendant. It would not be difficult, considering the very close relations which have existed between all the parties, to do as much as this. Mrs. O'Shea is thought to have made a false move in endeavoring to procure a postponement of the trial, and it is no secret that she regards the proceedings with a much less interest, as she might well do in any case. Parnell himself is silent, and, indeed, has been invisible for weeks past. Even his lawyers have not always known where to find him. It may be mentioned that there are children in the O'Shea household, and one of the most painful features in the case will turn upon the custody of these.

While the trial cannot but give rise to most painful charges or suspensions, and the home rule party generally, including Gladstonians, will watch it with breathless attention, no little surprise was manifested when it was called today before Justice Butt. The court was crowded, of course, but the spectators were not of the variety expected at such a trial. Ladies were scarce and thousands of the fair sex will gnash their teeth to think of the chance they have missed.

When the announcement was made by Lockwood, who represented Mrs. O'Shea, that he would take no part in the case, everybody gasped. They gasped again when the judge asked if anyone appeared for the respondent and the only reply was a deep silence. On every side the question asked was "What does it mean?" On every side the answer was a shrug of shoulders. The general impression may be wrong, but it is that Parnell has thrown up his hands.

His action recalls a little story I heard some time ago. Mrs. O'Shea lived at Eltham, Colney, North of London. One morning she said, lived there also. One morning a half-walked into the garden—Captain O'Shea's garden. In his hand was a writ. He saw a man in the garden and presented the man with the writ. The man said: "What the devil do you mean?" The bailiff said: "You are Captain O'Shea?" The man said: "I am not." The man told the truth. He was Parnell. Not a few people at Eltham thought Parnell was O'Shea.

Stories like this might have an effect on the jury. At any rate Parnell lies perdu, and Mrs. O'Shea, after an unsuccessful effort to drag her sister, Mrs. Steele, into the case, as guilty of adultery with O'Shea, follows the example of the leader of the home party. It is curious how the only witness for the prosecution is a man who has been a witness in this kind of trial to drag in others. Lady Colin Campbell tried to shift her sins on her sister's shoulders. In her case the sister was dead and could make no defense; Mrs. O'Shea's sister, however, is alive and vigorously objects to playing the victim.

WALL STREET AGAIN WILD.

A Regular Panic, Especially Among Holders of Railroad Stocks.

BIG LONDON BANKING FIRM SHORT.

Baring Brothers Find Themselves in a Tight Place and Are Forced to Squeal—The Rothschilds to the Rescue.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The stock market today during two hours of the session was the liveliest since the great stampede of December 15, 1889, and for the space of an hour or more there existed a perfect panic among holders of securities, especially railroad stocks, and the declines established during that time were greater than ever before seen at the same time. The only cause of excitement was the announcement from London that the firm of Baring Bros. had been forced to seek assistance to tide them over the present financial crisis, and holders of stocks became panic-stricken over the news without reflecting that the dangers had really passed when the Bank of England and Rothschild came to the rescue.

Early advices from London were reassuring, and the crisis was represented as over there and continuing the improvement began yesterday. First prices were generally fractionally higher than yesterday's figures. The announcement about the Barings was thrown at the market immediately, however, and the good feeling disappeared in an instant, and from prospective buyers the whole room became sellers at the best prices obtainable. The force of the decline may be gathered from the fact that in a short space of an hour Lachawanna had dropped away 9 1/2, Jersey Central 7 1/2, Atchafalpa 5 1/2, Pullman 5 1/2, Canada Southern 6 1/2, Burlington 7 1/2, Rock Island 5 1/2 and others from 2 to 5 per cent. The drop, however, soon brought into the market a class of buyers who are paying outright for their securities, and the market was again buoyant. The early selling was due to the fact that there were large selling orders in the market and the trading and professional element soon took the market away from the sellers and the market advanced to the level of the previous day.

The rally which obtained in the first hour extended to 4 per cent and over in some of the most prominent cases, but the upward movement was not sustained for long. A thing like the losses incurred, and there was an extremely feverish and unsettled condition of the market in the afternoon. The close was very active and strong for the moment at material losses for the day. The final losses were very material and Lachawanna lost 10 1/2, Jersey Central 7 1/2, Rock Island 4, Missouri Pacific 3 1/2, Atchafalpa 3, Burlington 3 1/2, Silver Certificates 2, and North Carolina 1 per cent.

Private cables received before the opening of the stock exchange announcing the troubles of Baring Brothers and stating that the Bank of England had taken up the accounts of Baring Bros. amounting to \$15,000,000. The trustees of the Bank of England had a conference and decided to bid an advance at the opening in every stock that could be handled, so as to prevent a further decline. The result, prices for nearly all active stocks opened 1/2 to 3 per cent above last night's closing. The extreme panic being met by Northern Pacific, which opened on a bid of 10 1/2, and in all directions. Atchafalpa fell 3 per cent, Sugar 2 1/2, Lachawanna 3, Western Union 1 1/2, and Four 2 1/2 per cent in the first fifteen minutes.

Kidder, Peabody & Co., who are the agents here for Baring Bros. & Co., say they have private advices from London that the trouble there may have been completely arranged. The trouble was doubtless caused by the representatives of the Bank of England. In an interview this afternoon Thomas Baring said: "It is true that the Bank of England, the Rothschilds and other large English banks have taken up the accounts of the Barings to the extent of \$15,000,000. The condition of the market in Wall Street, said he, presumed that if within a reasonable time the market takes a favorable turn here and abroad the Barings will take up the entire amount of the loan. 'No one can say this is the beginning of the end of the Barings, for the simple reason that no one knows anything about it.' The Evening Post, which is generally correct, says when the Argentine revolution first began to cripple the resources of houses of finance in London, the administration of the affairs of the Barings showed a clear balance of \$15,000,000 over and above all liabilities. The shrinkage of \$11,000,000 or so has been the result of the Argentine revolution, and what a tremendous strain London finances have been subjected to. The prospect of a successful Argentine revolution, and the securities is good. It is reported that the meeting of the bank presidents of New York is to be held between now and Monday morning next at the Hotel de Ville, and it is believed that it should justify or necessitate joint intervention in that direction."

The Barings May Yet Fail.

[Copyright 1890 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, Nov. 15.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to The Bee.]—It is reported that the Barings have been bailed over only until Wednesday. The bank refuses absolutely to have anything to do with their South American stocks. It is believed that if it cannot get some other assistance it will fail Wednesday, together with Martin.

The Cause of the Panic.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The Evening Sun says the facts in regard to the extraordinary monetary situation which has prevailed in London for the past ten days may be summed up authoritatively as follows: Owing to the extent of their operations in railroads and financial in South America Messrs. Baring Bros. have been more or less embarrassed for over six months. Last Thursday week the Messrs. Baring at the conclusion of the day decided that it was impossible for them to continue, and on Friday morning, November 7, they notified the directors of the bank of England, and immediately thereafter they started the whole financial world by raising the rate of discount. The proceeding was most unexpected and called for a halt of speculation at every money center in the world. The present week has been one of the most painful suspense in banking circles since the late panic of 1889, and in a minor degree in New York, where only a few of the more important houses having European connections have been aware of the real nature of the difficulty in London.

THE SITUATION IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—[Special Cablegram to The Bee.]—The Times, referring to the financial situation, says: "The city has passed through a very trying period. Such a time has not been known since the suspension of Overend, Gurney & Co. We retrace the steps which have brought us to the worst is over. The Bank of England has added to its historic services to the state and the commercial community by its prompt action in averting what would have been a lamentable catastrophe. The administration of the bank has not only provided a vast re-employment of its stock of gold to meet exceptional demands in the event of a panic, but also has stepped out of the ordinary routine of business to prevent the downfall of the one of the greatest and most respected English financial houses, Baring Brothers & Co., which had for some days been in peril, and which, if it had fallen, would have brought down with it a widespread ruin a large number of smaller but important firms."

London Change.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The stock market opened buoyant on the news that a large firm was reported yesterday in trouble had arranged its difficulties. The market afterwards moved steadily upwards. The day showed but fractional changes from the opening.

Villard Coming Home.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Assignee Cromwell of Dexter, Howell & Co., received a cablegram from Henry Villard today stating that he would return to New York on the 20th. Cromwell says Villard had been in the enterprises with which he is connected.

Made an Assignment.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 15.—The Kansas City packing and refrigerator company of Boston has assigned. The liabilities are about \$1,000,000.

THE INDIAN TROUBLES.

Serious Disturbances Apprehended by the Pine Ridge Agent.

FORT ROBINSON, Neb., Nov. 15.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The agent at Pine Ridge agency, S. D., (Mr. Rayer) reached this post yesterday and reported that serious trouble is anticipated from the raising of the ghost dance which is being held by the Indians. They openly defy the Indian police and threaten defiance to any small body of soldiers. Transportation here is being overhauled and the proceeds of the Indian sale for Omaha to receive horses to replenish the troops.

General Miles' Denies.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—General Miles today denied the reports of the popular magazines that the law this winter which cannot be resisted, and that among the things they will advocate will be free trading in raw materials which will be subject to the control of the government in sufficient quantities to meet the demands. It is not believed that there will be many changes in the tariff.

No Troops Ordered Out.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Inquiry at the headquarters of the division of the Missouri regarding the orders said to have been issued by General Miles about the massing of troops at Standing Rock and Pine Ridge agencies elicited the fact that no troops have been ordered out against the Indians in any part of the country. The ordering of Colonel Sumner to Chicago and the massing of troops at Fort Meade and had nothing to do with the Indian troubles. General Miles is now in the city.

A Passenger Train Ditched Near Evanston, Wyo.

EVANSTON, Wyo., Nov. 15.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The consolidated telegraph to The Bee. The passenger train bound passenger train was derailed near this place at noon by a broken truck. The train consisted of two coaches, a Pullman and baggage car, and was drawn by two engines. When near Leroy Station the trucks of the tender of the head engine broke and precipitated the train. The passengers were saved, but a few light bruises and a severe shaking up, escaped unhurt. Engineer Lethbridge and the fireman, who were engaged in the train, were injured. The train was turned upside down.

Big Fireworks Enterprise.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 15.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The consolidated telegraph to The Bee. The works company of Albany has been incorporated, with a capital of \$2,500,000. It is formed for manufacturing and selling fireworks. The principal business office of the company will be at Northfield, Richmond county, but it will also have branches in Boston, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis. The trustees are George W. Street, New York City, George H. Pringle, St. Charles A. Johnson of Brooklyn, Joseph A. Palmer and James Palmer, jr., of Rochester, and the president is Cincinnati and John W. Bond of Baltimore.

A Chicago Democrat Indicted.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—A Chicago Democrat, democratic representative from the Grindstone district, was indicted by the federal grand jury today and admitted to bail in \$7,500. The indictment was for conspiracy to obtain citizens' papers for persons not entitled and subordination of perjury.

A SCRAMBLE AFTER SEATS.

Good Positions on the Floor of the National Senate Much Desired.

PROSPECTIVE PLANS OF THE THREE P'S.

Belief That at the Coming Session of Congress They Will Lead a Move for Changes in the Tariff.

WASHINGTON HERALD THE OMAHA BEAVER, 319 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 15.—It is amazing what anxiety exists to secure the best seats on the floor of the senate. No sooner does a senator die than there is a rush for the chair he makes vacant, and before the returns are all in from an election and it appears there will be changes, then a scramble is made for any change there may be in the composition of the floor of the senate. The rule of the senate provides that whenever it appears that there is to be a change in a seat on the floor by reason of death, resignation, election or otherwise the chair to be vacated shall go to the senator who first requests it of the doorkeeper. In less than forty-eight hours after the recent election, or as soon as it appeared that Wisconsin had gone democratic, Wolcott of Colorado, who occupied a seat on the extreme outside wing of the republican side of the senate, wired Captain Bassett, the doorkeeper, saying that he wanted Spooner's seat. He was promised the chair by return telegraph. So Senator Spooner's chair is disposed of long before the time when the legislature which will elect his successor convenes. Mr. Stewart of Nevada and Senator Cleveland for Spooner's seat, but their applications came too late. Of course the chair will not be vacated until March 4 next. Even Senator Ingalls' chair is being fought for by republicans who are not so well located, and it is by no means sure that the senator will not succeed himself. Senator Washburn of Minnesota wired his application for Ingalls' chair as soon as it began to look as if Cleveland would succeed to the chair. He cured a control of the Kansas delegation. Learning that this application had been made, Cleveland has since then been making application for the seat to be vacated by the Minnesota senator in the event Ingalls is not re-elected and the change of seats indicated occurs. If it were not that Senator Chandler has one of the most undesirable seats on the floor there would doubtless be applications for his chair.

PLANS OF THE THREE P'S.

It is believed that the three republican P's in the senate who voted for strongholds in the tariff—Plumb, Paddock and Postreiser—will make no effort to change their positions in the law this winter which cannot be resisted, and that among the things they will advocate will be free trading in raw materials which will be subject to the control of the government in sufficient quantities to meet the demands. It is not believed that there will be many changes in the tariff.

Wanamaker's Wall Street.

Postmaster General Wanamaker, who is being pestered by Gould and his followers on account of his advocacy of the postal telegraph scheme, is suffering a severe strain upon his financial credit for this work, when asked by a gentleman today whether he believed there was any danger of a panic and if it was so he would advise him to get out of the country as soon as possible. He replied that he would not leave the country until he was able to enter any business venture on account of the heavy investments he has made in the country. He said he would not leave the country until he was able to enter any business venture on account of the heavy investments he has made in the country.

Must Be Bribed.

The Sioux Indians who are connected with the wild horse show and who were given a hearing today by the commissioner of the interior to the United States senatorship to succeed Evans, preferring to support Smith. Mr. Cleveland has his own views on the presidential nomination, the trouble thicken. The preference of belief is, however, that Cleveland will be nominated. Cleveland is so unpopular in congress that the chances are thought that Representative Springer of Illinois has ruined his chances for the speakership of the Fifty-third congress by placing the ex-president in nomination at the Thurman banquet at Columbus. With the masses of the party he is regarded stronger now than ever before.

NEBRASKA LAND DECISION.

Assistant Secretary Chandler today affirmed the decision of Commissioner Groff in rejecting the new proof of Hans Olson, supposed to be the true owner of the land in the west 1/4 of section 14, township 15S, range 55W, Mitchell, S. D. Commissioner Groff was supported by the evidence of the title in the filing.

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ARMY NEWS.

Captain George E. Pond, assistant quartermaster, has been assigned to duty as post quartermaster at Fort Riley, Kan. The following transfers have been made in the Ninth cavalry: Captain A. B. Hughes, from troop 1 to troop 2; Captain T. B. Taylor, from troop M to troop I.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Tomorrow the barber shops of Washington which are run under the direction of hotel proprietors will be open for regular business for the first time in several years. First the barbers' union closed the shops on Sunday morning last, and the proprietors were ordered to close them. The hotel proprietors have resolved to take the commissioners' order in hand and to open their shops on Monday. A demand is being made by the ministers here for a better law regulating the issuance of marriage licenses and the performance of marriage ceremonies. They say that any one with \$1 can get a license and be married. An appeal will be made to congress. William E. Annin of Omaha was today elected a member of the Grindstone club, which is composed of forty of the leading Washington newspaper correspondents. The postoffice at Earling, Preston county, South Dakota, has been discontinued. The mail will go to Lower Butte. W. W. Douglas of Omaha is at the Sherman. PERRY S. HEATH.

The K. of L. Convention.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 15.—The Knights of Labor at the morning session adopted a resolution appointing a committee of three to inquire exhaustively into the matter of the New York Central strike. It is found that the company replaced the knights with incompetent men it will draft a bill for presentation to the next general assembly of New York forfeiting the charter of the railroad company.

THE REVOLUTION ENDED.

Capture of the Rebels and the Execution of Sanchez.

THE REVOLUTION ENDED.

[Copyright 1890 by James Gordon Bennett.] SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to The Bee.]—General Longinos Sanchez, who headed the recent attempt to overthrow the government of President Bogran, and who, with his forces, held this the capital city, for the brief period of one week, has been captured, and with the principal leaders of his army has been shot.

The revolution is at an end. After yesterday's fighting it was a foregone conclusion, as was stated in the Herald, that this would be the end. His troops had been defeated in a series of bloody engagements, and the principal leaders of his army had been captured. So, surrounded by a vigilant force flushed with victory, President Bogran last night had stationed a number of cannon upon the barracks, and early this morning he opened fire. Sanchez and his imprisoned comrades, knowing that death awaited them if they were not released, made a desperate struggle for freedom, but it was a hopeless struggle from the start. After a brief cannonading the walls of the barracks were almost completely battered down.

Then there was a determined charge of Bogran's soldiers, a brief but desperate hand-to-hand fight, and then all that remained alive of the rebels were prisoners. Without the firing of a shot, Sanchez and several of the principal officers engaged in the revolt were taken to one of the principal squares in the city, blindfolded, and stood in line in the presence of hundreds of the citizens. A firing party was told off. The doomed men were given a brief time for prayer. Then the word was given. There was a crash of muskets, and the revolution of Longinos Sanchez passed into history.

Sanchez and his men met their fate without flinching. The bodies of the dead rebels were exposed to the public gaze all day, as a warning to future aspirants to the presidential chair who desire to get supreme power by force of arms. Sanchez was not popular with the citizens of Tegucigalpa, and the sympathies of the people were altogether with Bogran. Hence, though nearly everybody was grieving over the death or wounding of some relative or friend, there was general rejoicing over the signal victory of the government troops. General Sanchez, during his brief term of power, caused two of the members of President Bogran's cabinet to be shot. One of the executed ministers was Simeon Martinez.

IN LONDON TOWN.

Topics that Work Upon the Interest of Our London Cousins.

[Copyright 1890 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, Nov. 15.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to The Bee.]—The next parliament is asked to pass an act to incorporate the National Trust for the preservation of Shakespeare's Birthplace. It is the intention to transfer to this body the property now vested in the corporation of Stratford-on-Avon, including the Shakespearean library and museum and the funds held by its trustees. The new body has authorized the purchase of Anna Hathaway's cottage and Mary Arden's house at Warwick.

Florence St. John has just secured a verdict of \$300 and costs against the sporting paper, Truth, for printing a harrowing account of her diamonds. Where a pretty woman is concerned the average British jury is the prize idiot. The English libel law is so out-of-date the most conservative favor modification.

Wilson Barrett will inaugurate cheap prices in his new theater. The stalls are at cost six shillings. The present prices are ridiculously high, being over two and a half dollars for what costs one and a half in New York.

All Europe is still discussing Koch's consumption cure. So far as known the treatment consists in carrying out the diet of the patient in a clear brownish liquid. The place for the injection is between the shoulder blades in the region of the loins. The liquid soon produces constitutional disturbance such as nausea, shivering and a rise in temperature, but the first effects soon pass and if the patient is in ordinary health nothing further will ensue. Koch's body stated "Twenty-two cases take the patient in suffering from scrofula and secondary action begins, it fixes upon the diseased spots and proceeds to cure. It has not been shown to do this in a demonstrable way in consumption. The process is hidden from observation. Koch says the curative action with the eye of faith. He says: "Nevertheless we are justified in assuming that the success of the cure is due to the fact that the patient is in a state of health which is not a mere case of consumption. He says the remedy does not kill tubercular bacilli but tuberculous tissue. Koch's statements regarding the cure of pulmonary consumption are carefully guarded and one of his claims is that it will in the future form an indispensable aid in diagnosis. The English medical body stated "Twenty-two cases take the patient in suffering from scrofula and secondary action begins, it fixes upon the diseased spots and proceeds to cure. It has not been shown to do this in a demonstrable way in consumption. The process is hidden from observation. Koch says the curative action with the eye of faith. He says: "Nevertheless we are justified in assuming that the success of the cure is due to the fact that the patient is in a state of health which is not a mere case of consumption. He says the remedy does not kill tubercular bacilli but tuberculous tissue. 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